

# **GP In Hours**

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

### Key messages

Data to: 22 February 2015

There were further small increases in GP consultations for scarlet fever during week 8 (figure 4).

Respiratory indicators remained stable during week 8.

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period.

Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 1- Winter preparedness http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/

### **Diagnostic indicators at a glance:**

Indicator	Trend	Level
Upper respiratory tract infection	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Influenza-like illness	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Pharyngitis	decreasing	above baseline levels
Scarlet fever	increasing	above baseline levels
Lower respiratory tract infection	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Pneumonia	decreasing	above baseline levels
Gastroenteritis	no trend	below baseline levels
Vomiting	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Diarrhoea	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Severe asthma	no trend	above baseline levels
Wheeze	no trend	above baseline levels
Allergic rhinitis	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Conjuctivitis	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Mumps	no trend	below baseline levels
Measles	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Rubella	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Pertussis	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Chickenpox	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Herpes zoster	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Cellulitis	no trend	above baseline levels
Impetigo	decreasing	similar to baseline levels

### GP practices and denominator population:

Year	Week	GP Practices Reporting**	Population size**
2015	8	4822	35.3 million

\*\*based on the average number of practices and denominator population in the reporting working week.

### In This Issue:

Key messages.

**Diagnostic indicators** at a glance.

GP practices and denominator population.

National syndromic indicators.

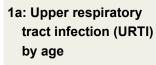
Notes and further information.

Appendix.

### 1: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI)

120

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

8

6

4

2

0

23/02/14 23/03/14

20/04/14

weekend

18/05/14

15/06/14

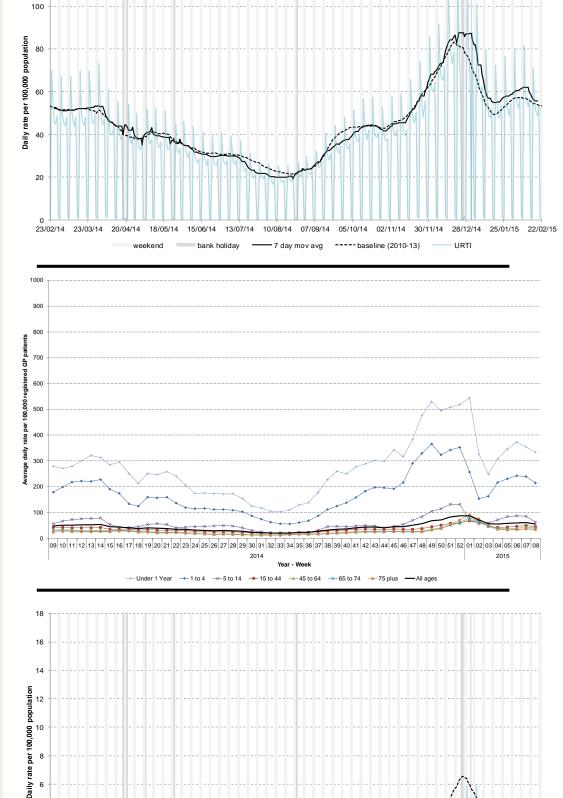
bank holidav

13/07/14 10/08/14 07/09/14 05/10/14 02/11/14 30/11/14

7 day mov avg

----- baseline (2010-13)

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



## **GP In Hours**

28/12/14 25/01/15 22/02/15

Influenza-like illness

### 2a: Influenza-like illness (ILI) by age

18

16

12

rate per 100,000 registered GP patients

daily Average

0

25

-Under 1 Year

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)

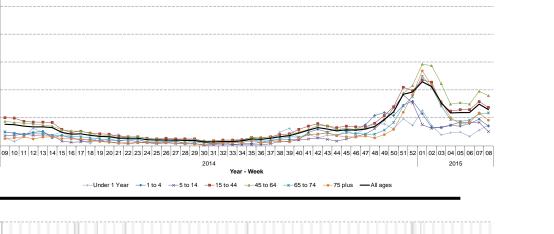
#### 3: Pharyngitis or scarlet fever

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

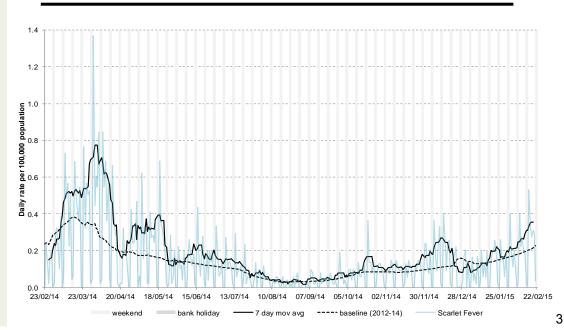


Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages, based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.







## **GP In Hours**

### 24 February 2015

戀

Public Health England

age

## 4a: Scarlet fever by

10

9

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England, based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).

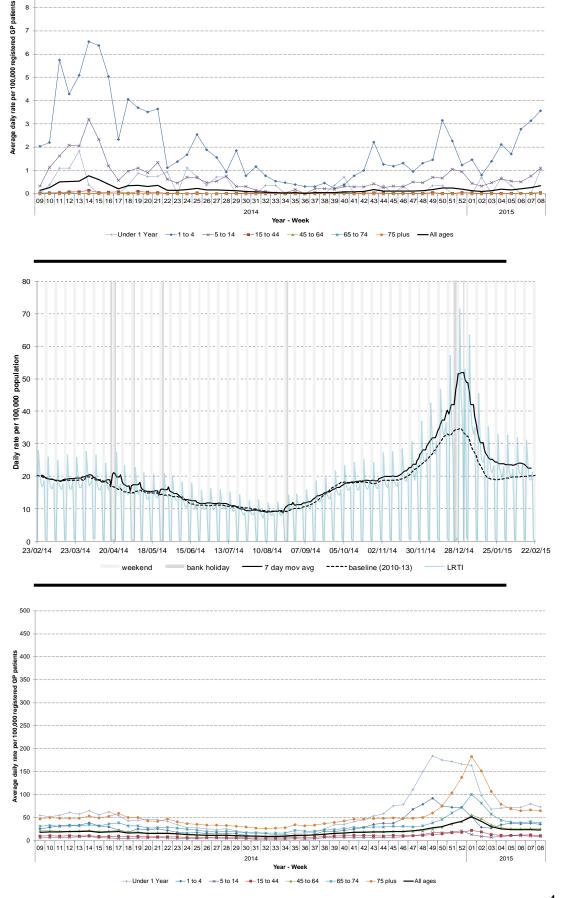
### 5: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

#### 5a: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



### **GP In Hours**

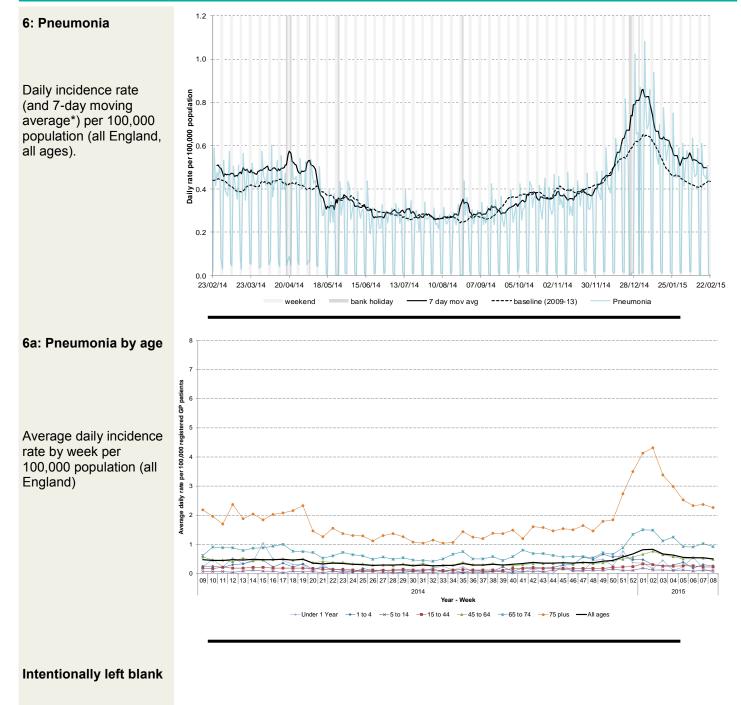
/ear: 2015 Week:

## **GP In Hours**

5

### Year: 2015 Week: 8





### 24 February 2015

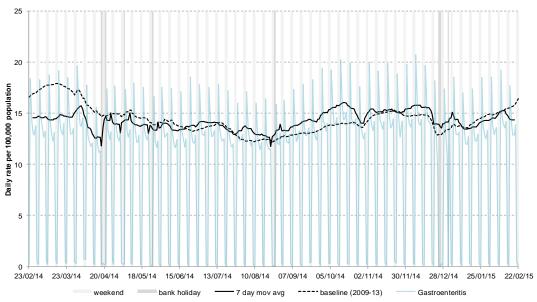
### 24 February 2015

### 7: Gastroenteritis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

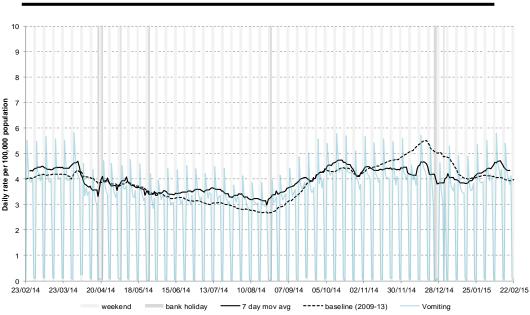
## **GP In Hours**

Year: 2015 Week: 8



### 8: Vomiting

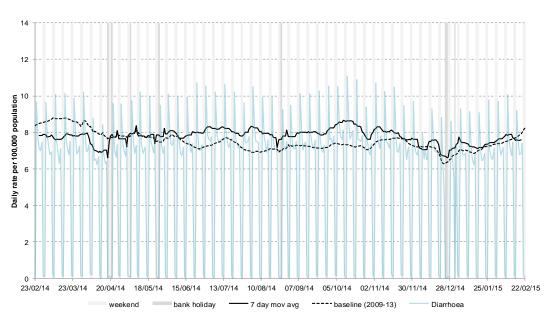
Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



### 9: Diarrhoea

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



### 戀 Public Health England

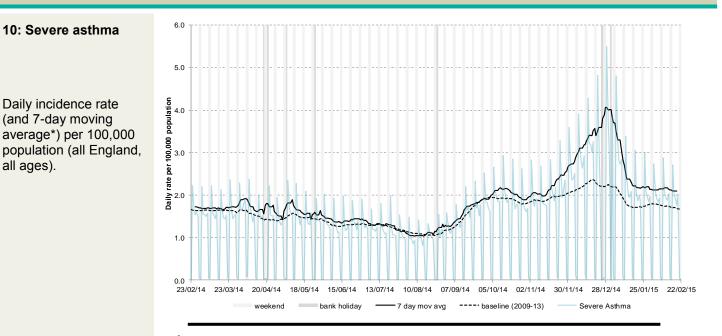
#### 10: Severe asthma

Daily incidence rate

(and 7-day moving

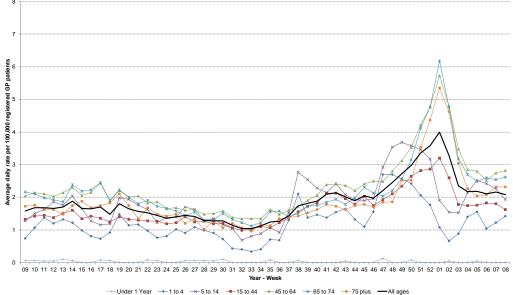
all ages).





### 10a: Severe asthma by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



### 11: Wheeze

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



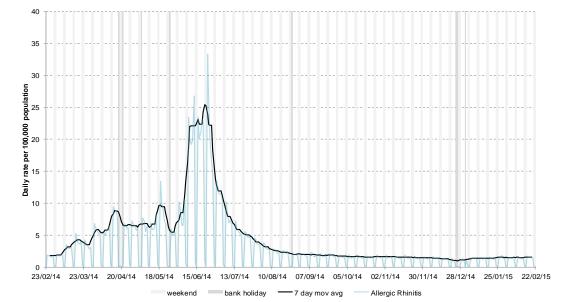
### 24 February 2015

戀

Public Health England

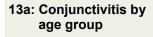
### 12: Allergic rhinitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



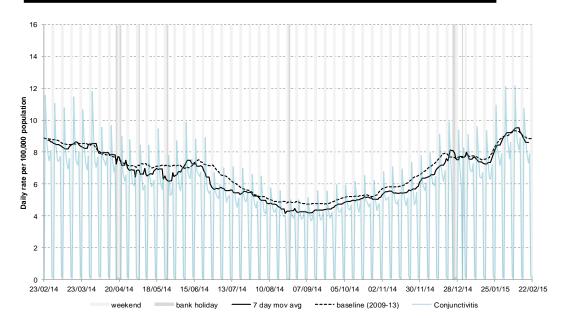
#### 13: Conjunctivitis

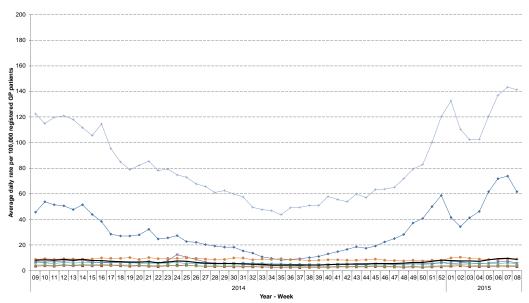
Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





## **GP In Hours**

# Dublic Health England

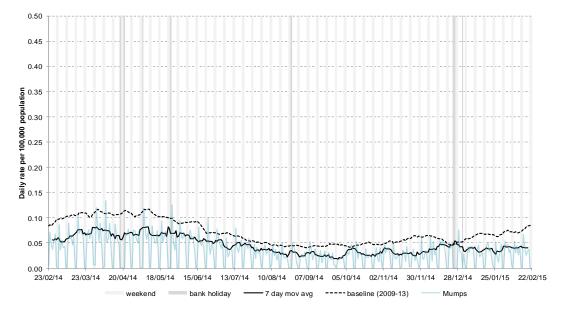
### 24 February 2015

## **GP In Hours**

#### Year: 2015 Week: 8

#### 14: Mumps

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



### 15: Measles

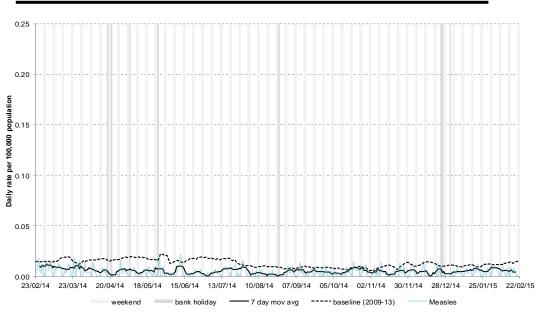
Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

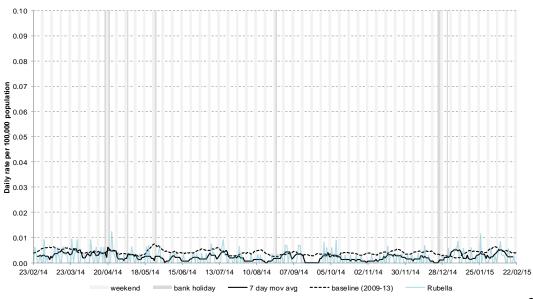




Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



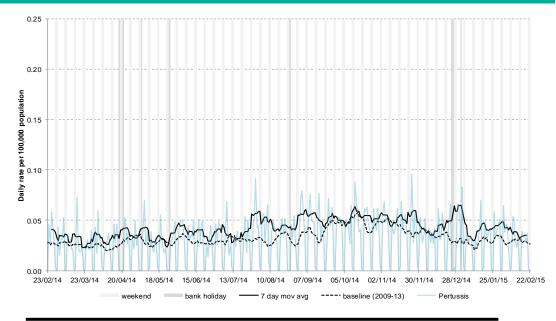


# Dublic Health England

### 24 February 2015

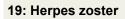
### 17: Pertussis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



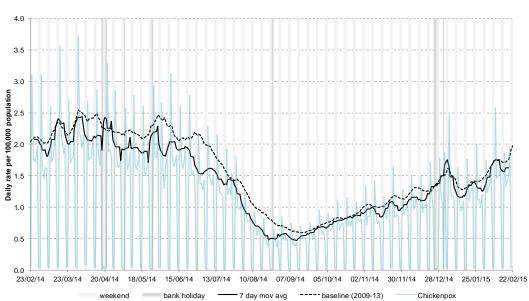
### 18: Chickenpox

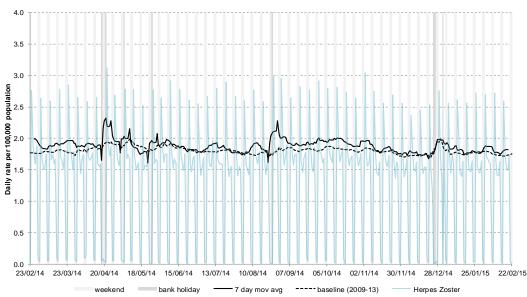
Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





## **GP In Hours**

### 24 February 2015

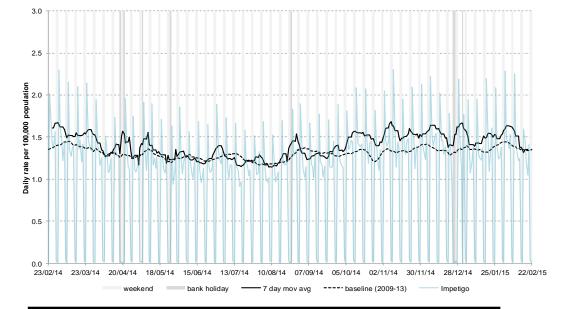
### 20: Cellulitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages). 12

### 

### 21: Impetigo

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average\*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



## 22: Intentionally left blank

Intentionally left blank.

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

## **GP In Hours**

11

24 February 2015	Year: 2015 Week: 8
Notes and further information	<ul> <li>The Public Health England GP in hours surveillance system is a syndromic surveillance system monitoring community-based morbidity recorded by GP practices.</li> <li>This system captures anonymised GP morbidity data from two GP clinical software systems, EMIS, from version 1 of the QSurveillance® database, and TPP SystmOne.</li> <li>Historic baselines are smoothed to remove bank holiday effects. Data from 2009 has been excluded for selected indicators which were affected by the H1N1 influenza pandemic. No baseline is currently included for allergic rhinitis.</li> <li>The appendix illustrates weekly GP in hours consultation data for influenza-like illness (ILI). Each PHE Centre is represented by a thematic map showing its constituent local authorities (LA) coloured according to the weekly consultation rate of ILI per 100,000 population. LAs where less than 5 cases of ILI have been reported are supressed and illustrated as no data.</li> <li>The maps on the following pages contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2014.</li> </ul>
Acknowledgements:	We thank and acknowledge the University of Nottingham, ClinRisk® and the contribution of EMIS and EMIS practices. Data source: version 1 of the QSurveillance® database.         We thank TPP, ResearchOne and the SystmOne GP practices contributing to this surveillance system.

**Contact ReSST:** syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk 

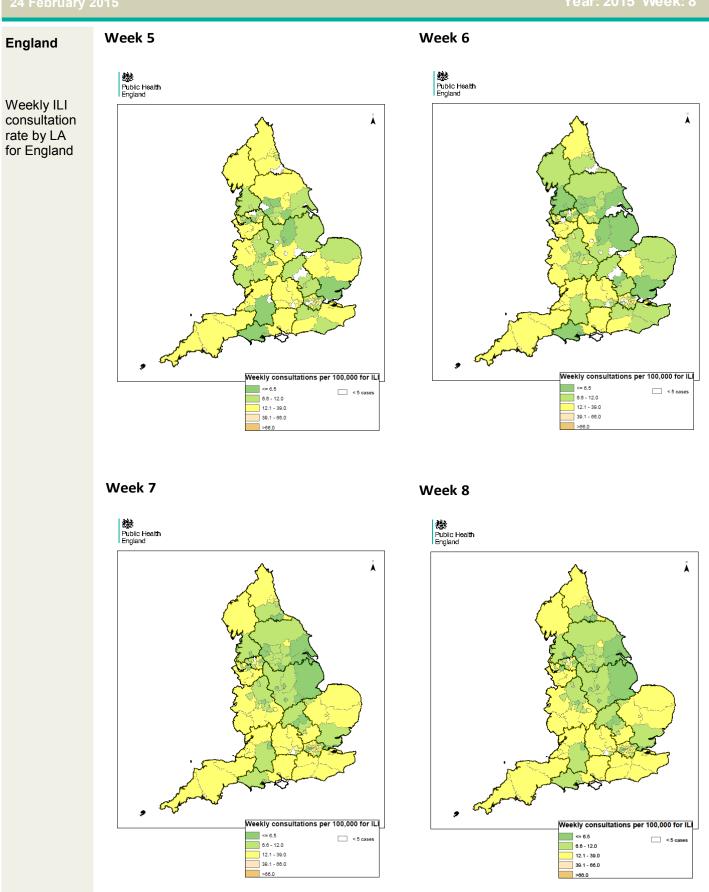
 Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team

 6" Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

 Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2

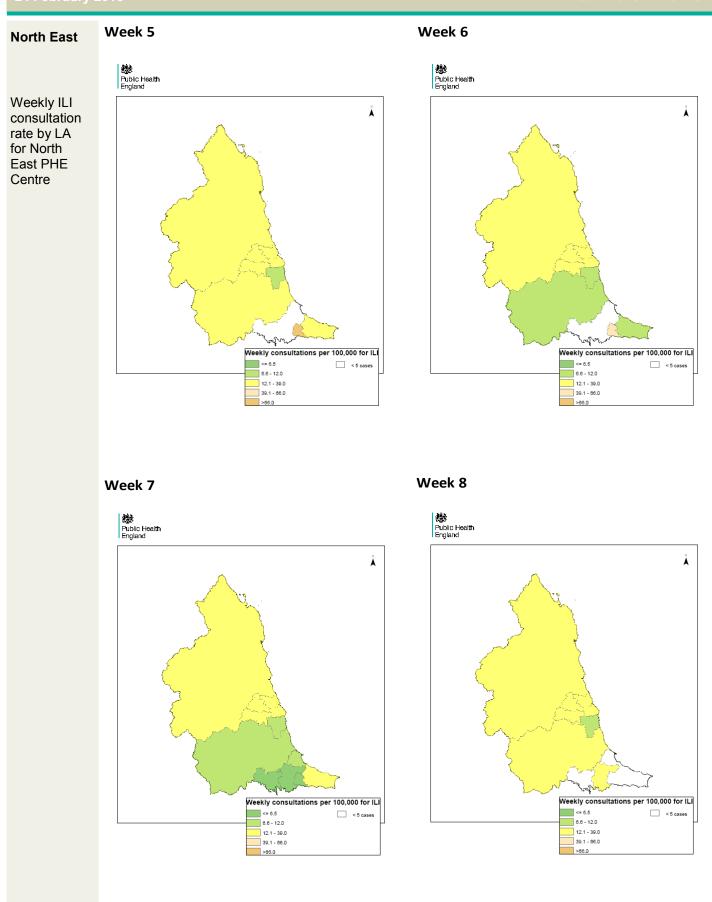
 Fax: 0121 236 2215

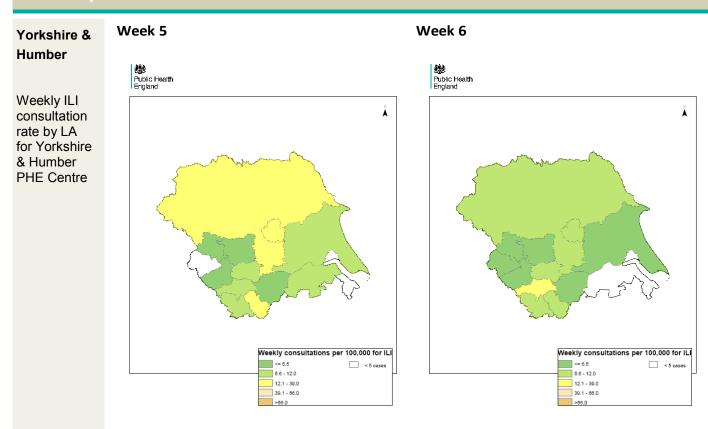
 Web: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses">https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses</a>



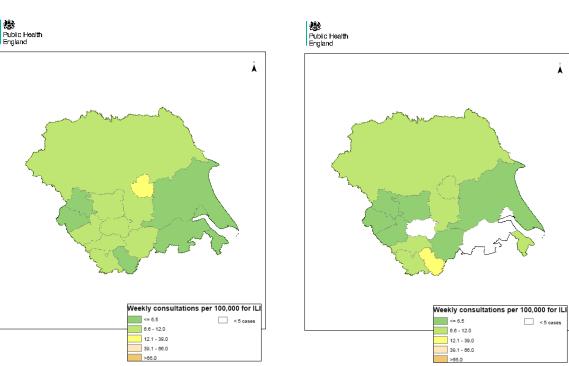
### 24 February 2015

#### Year: 2015 Week: 8







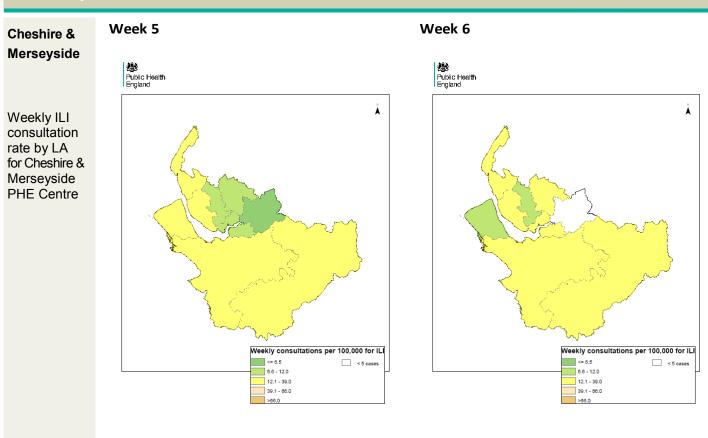


Week 8

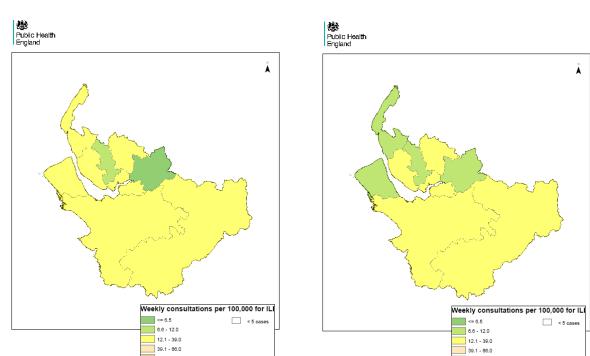
Contains Ordnance Survey data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014.

Å

### Year: 2015 Week: 8







Week 8

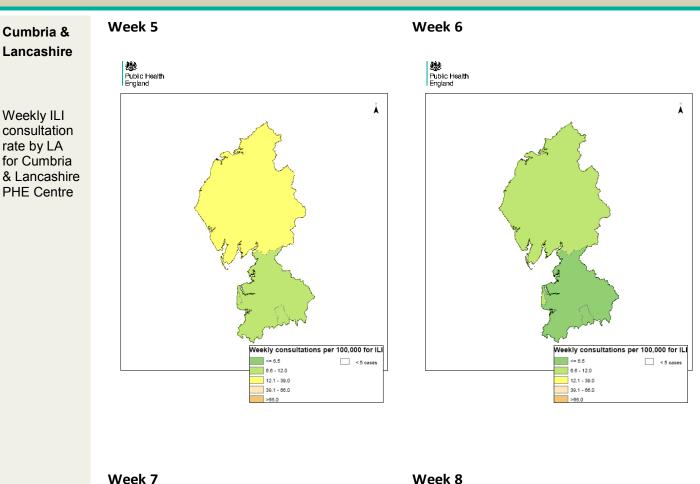
Contains Ordnance Survey data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014.

>66.0

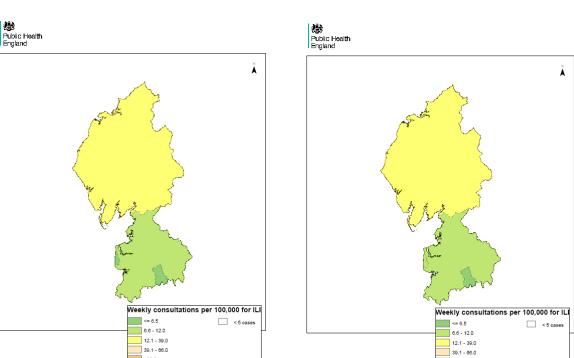
>66.0

# www. Public Health England

### **GP In Hours Appendix**





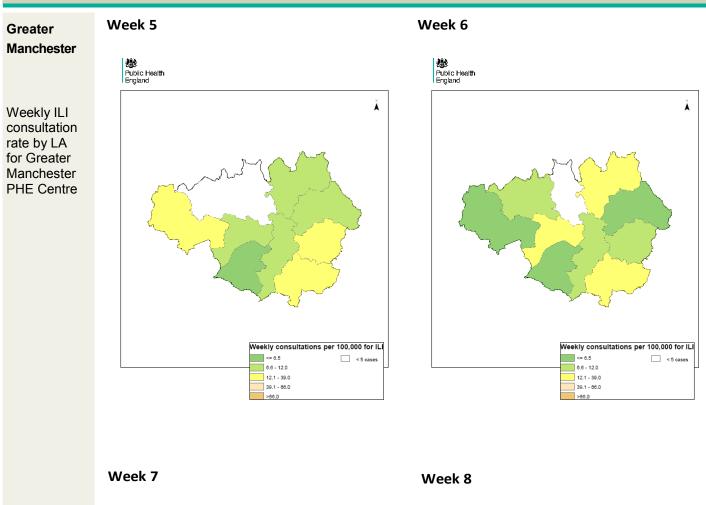


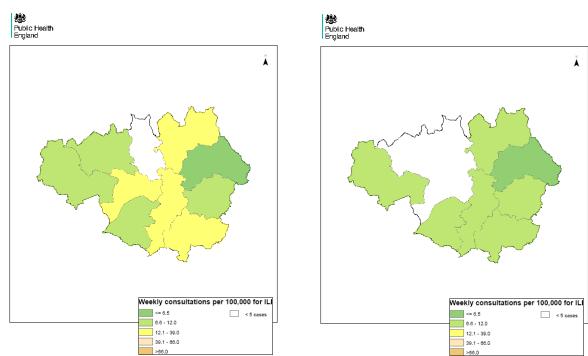
Contains Ordnance Survey data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014.

>66.0

>66.0

### /ear: 2015 Week: 8

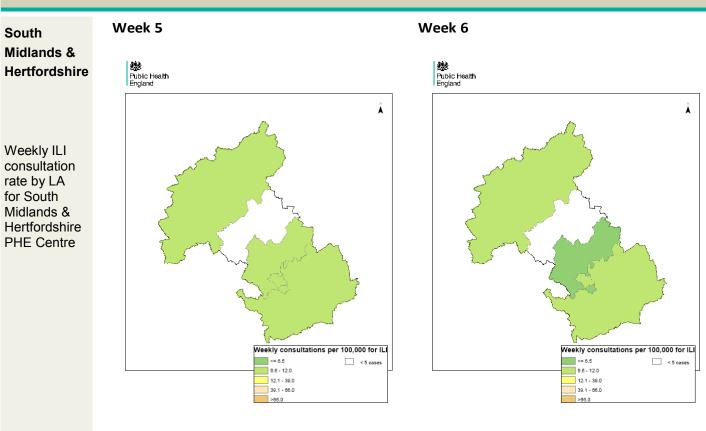


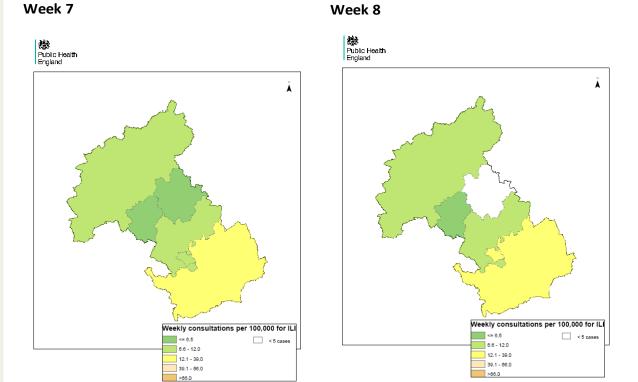


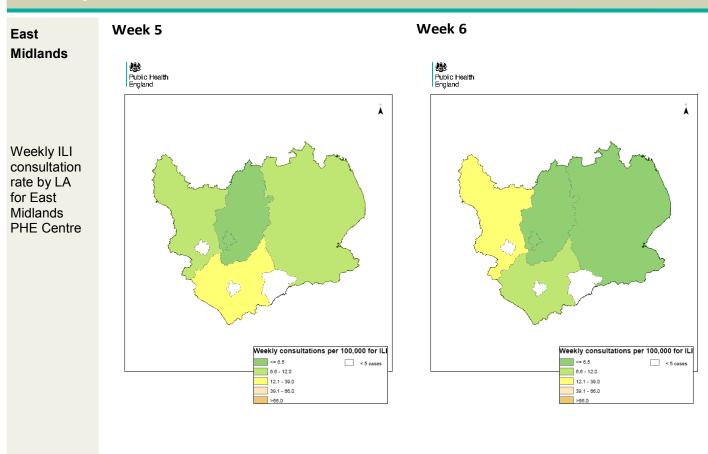
#### www. Public Health England

## **GP In Hours Appendix**

### 24 February 2015

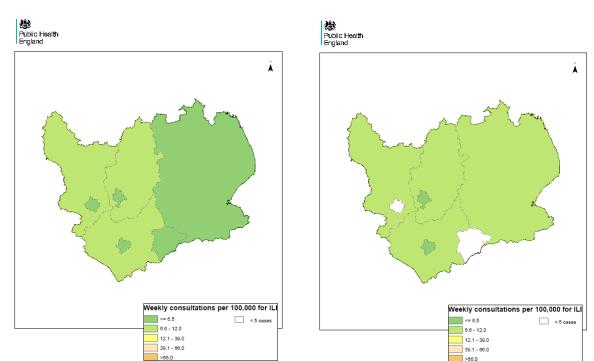






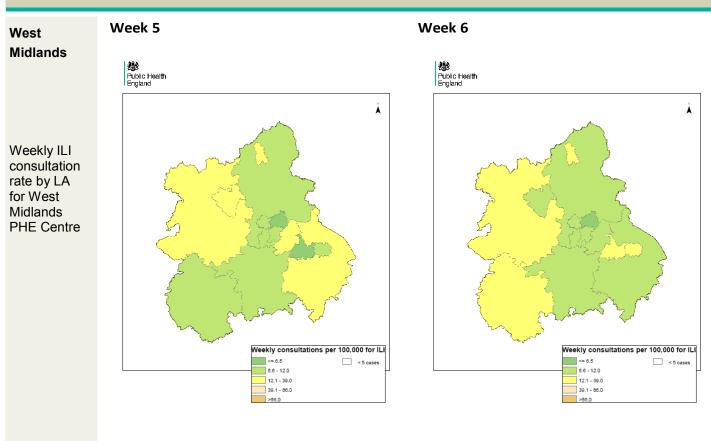




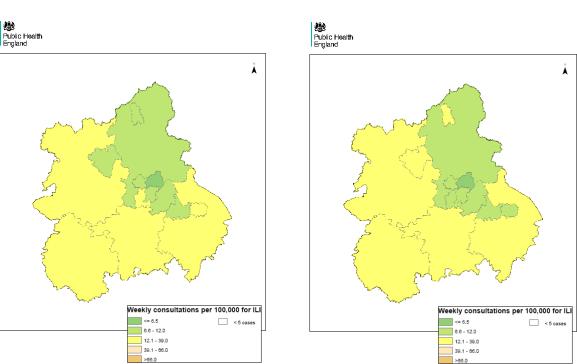


Contains Ordnance Survey data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014.

>66.0



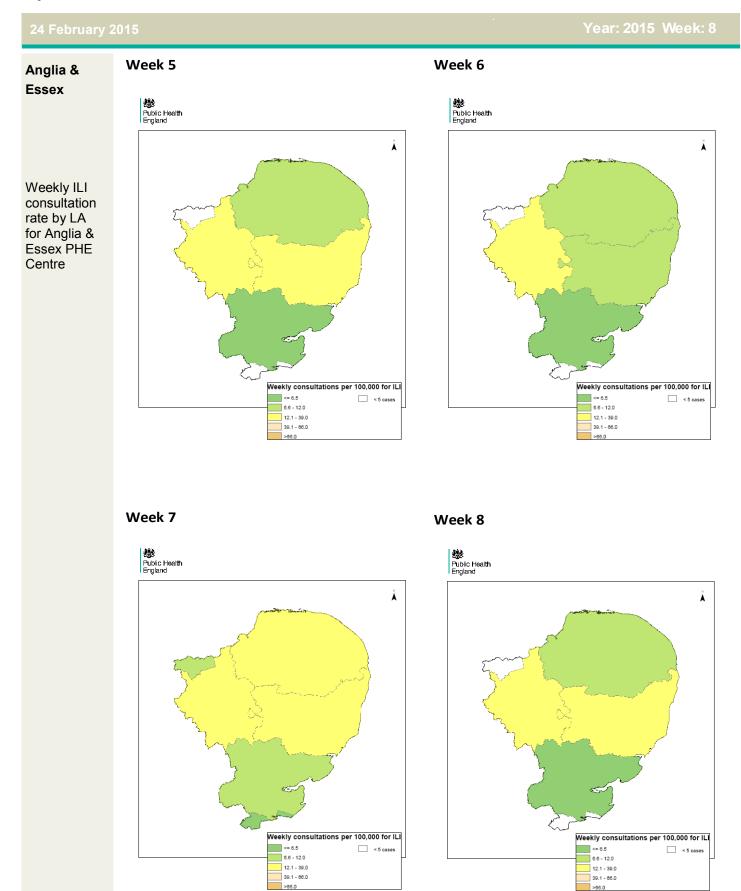




Week 8

Contains Ordnance Survey data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data ©Crown copyright and database right 2014.

>66.0



London

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for London PHE Centre

### **GP In Hours Appendix**

Weekly consultations per 100,000 for ILI

< 5 cases

<= 6.5 6.6 - 12.0

>66.0

12.1 - 39.0

39.1 - 66.0

### Yea

#### Week 5 Wight Health England Veek 6 Wight Health England Veek 6 Viole Health England Veek 6 Ve

Weekly consultations per 100,000 for ILI

< 5 cases

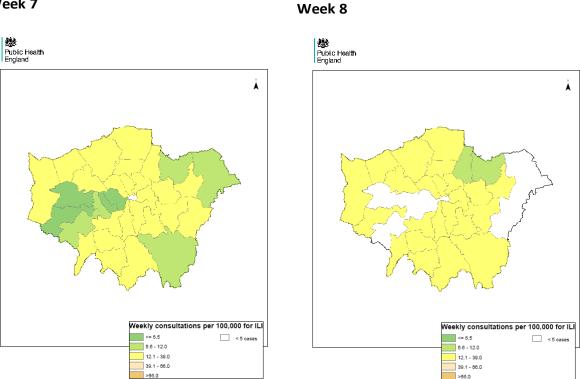
<= 6.5

6.6 - 12.0 12.1 - 39.0

39.1 - 66.0

>66.0





#### WW Public Health England

## **GP In Hours Appendix**

