2014 Commercial Victimisation Survey

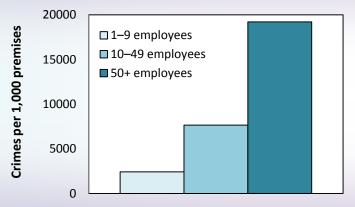


Accommodation and Food Sector

Crime against the sector has fallen since 2012:

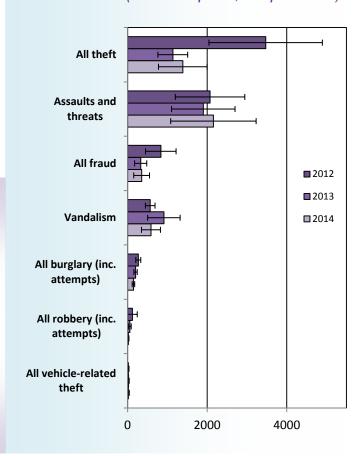
- The overall crime rate has fallen significantly, from 7,361 incidents per 1,000 premises to 4,677.
- Crime and victimisation rates for theft are down, driven by large significant falls in employee theft.
- Theft and vandalism were the most widespread crimes, each experienced by 13% of premises. 12% of premises experienced assaults and threats.

In 2014, the number of crimes per 1,000 premises was significantly higher for premises with more employees:



This pattern was also observed for most crime types.

Crime rates (incidents per 1,000 premises)



Experiences of crime (2014 CVS) and changes (compared to 2012 CVS)

Crime type	Number of incidents (000s)	Number of incidents of crime per 1,000 premises		Number of victims (000s of premises)	Proportion of premises that experienced a crime		Average number of crimes experienced by each victim (premises)	
All burglary (inc. attempts)	18	148	(-122*)	12	10%	(-5%*)	2	(0*)
Vandalism	71	588	(+ 19)	16	13%	(-4%*)	4	(+1)
All vehicle-related theft	3	22	(+ 2)	1	1%	(0%)	3	-
All robbery (inc. attempts)	2	19	(-104)	1	1%	(-1%)	2	-
Assaults and threats	260	2,158	(+85)	14	12%	(-3%*)	18	(+4)
All theft	168	1,389	(-2,082*)	16	13%	(-3%*)	10	(-10*)
Thefts by customers	111	922	(-269)	9	7%	(+1%)	13	(-5)
Thefts by employees	23	188	(-1,185*)	4	3%	(- 3 %*)	6	(-18*)
Thefts by others	7	61	(+26)	2	1%	(0%)	5	-
Thefts by unknown persons	26	218	(-655)	5	5%	(-2 %*)	5	(-8*)
All fraud	43	354	<i>(-482*)</i>	10	8%	(-2%)	4	(-4)
ALL A&F CRIME	565	4,677	(-2,684*)	45	37%	(-6%*)	13	(-4*)

Unweighted base: 1,052 premises

Table notes: Statistically significant changes are highlighted in red bold italics with asterisks (*). Other changes are not significant. A hyphen (-) indicates that a figure is not shown due to a small sample size (fewer than 50 respondents). **Source:** Home Office, 2014 CVS headline tables.