

## **GP OOHSS**

GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System: England

Data to: 04 January 2015

07 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 01

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## Key messages

Consultations for acute respiratory infections decreased across all age groups during week 1 (figures 2 & 2a). Influenza-like illness consultations also decreased slightly (figure 3), however ILI consultations increased in the 45-64 years age group (figure 3a).

Difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma increased in the 65+ years age group during week 1 whilst decreasing across other age groups (figure 5a).

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period.

Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Levels 3/1 – Cold weather action / Winter preparedness and action <a href="http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/">http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/</a>

#### Syndromic indicators at a glance:

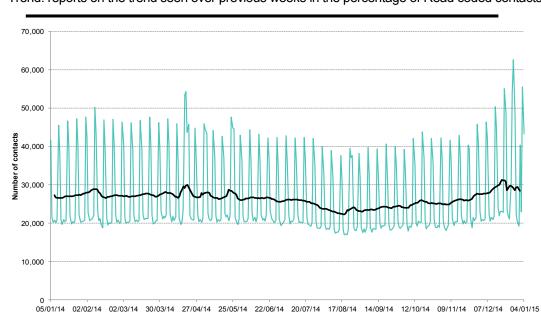
Number of contacts and percentage of Read coded contacts.

Key indicator	No. of contacts	% Week 01	% Week 52	Trend*
All OOH contacts, all causes	223,800			
Acute respiratory infection	30,356	24.98	28.77	$oldsymbol{\Psi}$
Influenza-like illness	827	0.68	0.71	<b>←→</b>
Bronchitis/bronchiolitis	624	0.51	0.71	$lack \Psi$
Difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma	4,138	3.41	3.82	<b>←→</b>
Pharyngitis	161	0.13	0.14	ullet
Gastroenteritis	5,335	4.39	4.16	<b>←→</b>
Diarrhoea	1,367	1.12	1.06	<b>←→</b>
Vomiting	1,866	1.54	1.37	<b>←→</b>
Myocardial infarction	1,201	0.99	0.80	<b>←→</b>

\*Trend: reports on the trend seen over previous weeks in the percentage of Read coded contacts.

#### 1: Total out-of-hours contacts:

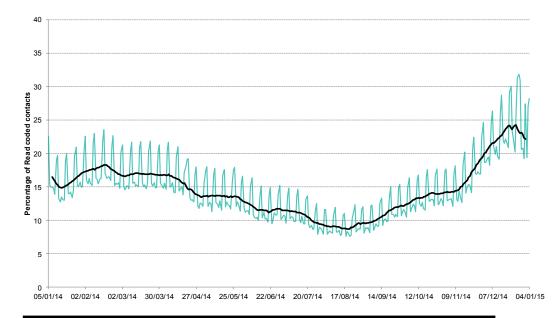
Daily total number of out-of-hours and unscheduled contacts and 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays).



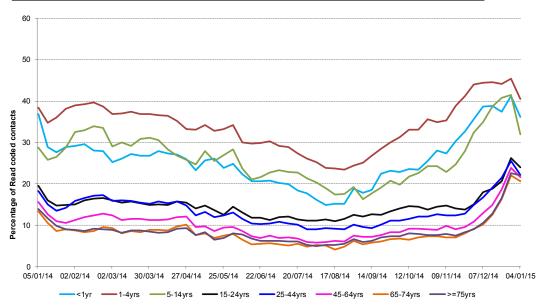


## 2: Acute Respiratory Infection daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

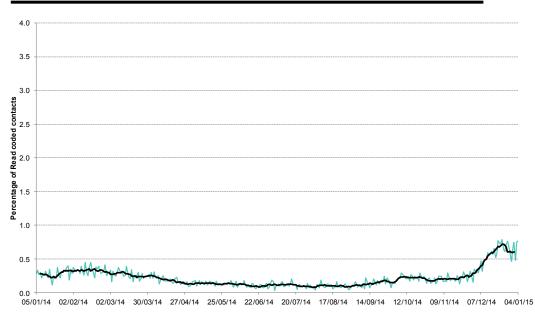


# 2a: Acute respiratory infection daily contacts by age group.



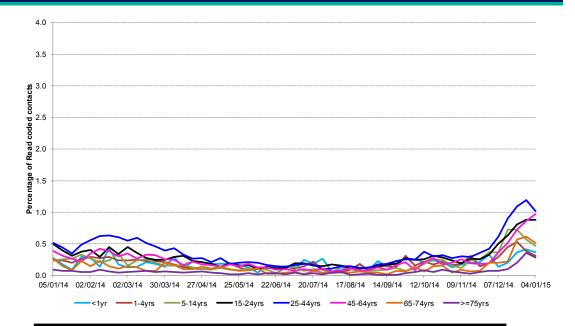
## 3: Influenza-like illness daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



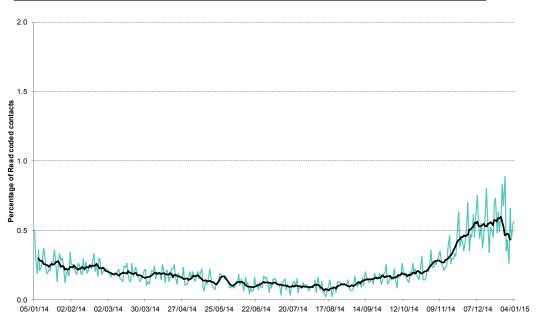


3a: Influenza-like illness weekly contacts by age group.

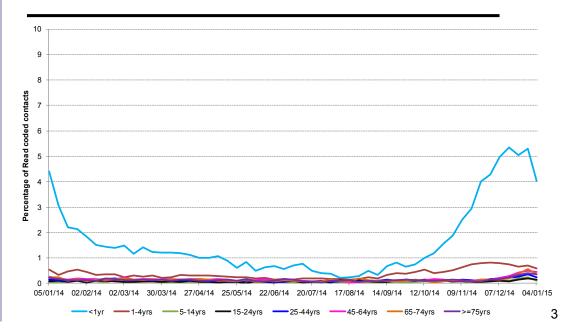


4: Bronchitis/ bronchiolitis daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



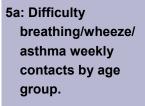
4a: Bronchitis/ bronchiolitis weekly contacts by age group.

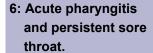




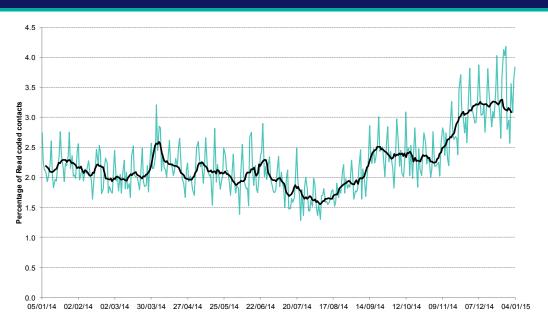
5: Difficulty breathing/ wheeze/asthma daily contacts.

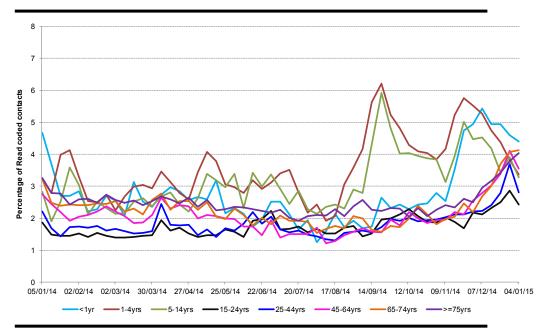
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

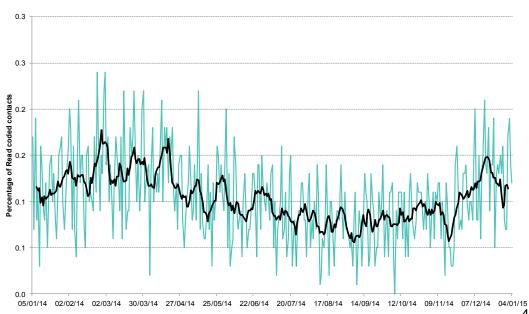




Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.









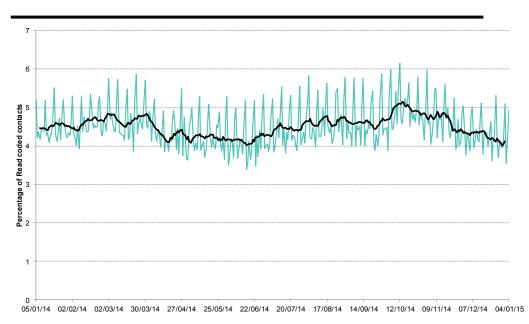
### 7: Intentionally left blank.

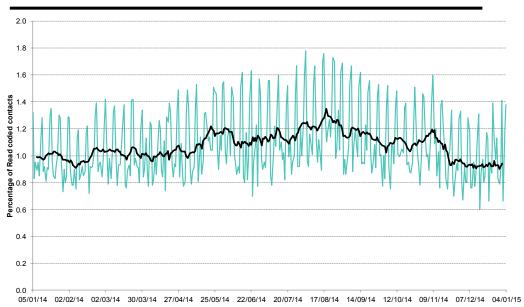
### 8: Gastroenteritis daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

#### 9: Diarrhoea daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

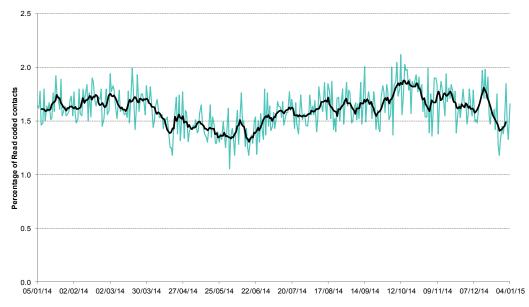






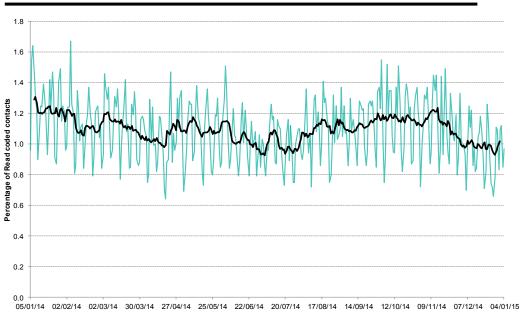
### 10: Vomiting daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



## 11: Myocardial Infarction daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



#### 12: Intentionally left blank.



#### Notes and caveats:

- This bulletin presents data from the Public Health England (PHE) GP Out-of-hours\Unscheduled Care Surveillance System (GP OOHSS).
- Fully anonymised data from GP out-of-hours (OOH) and unscheduled care service providers in England are being transferred to the PHE for analysis and interpretation by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST).
- This new system supplements existing PHE syndromic surveillance systems by
  monitoring data on general practitioner consultations outside of routine surgery opening
  times (evenings, weekends and bank holidays) and unplanned contacts within NHS
  primary care.
- The key indicators presented within this bulletin are derived by grouping selected Read coded consultations.

#### **Further information:**

The GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System Bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses

#### **Acknowledgements:**

We are grateful to Advanced Health and Care and the GP out-of-hours and unscheduled care service providers who have kindly agreed to participate in this system.

#### PHE Out-of-Hours/Unscheduled Care Surveillance

**Produced by:** PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6<sup>th</sup> Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and

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