

PHE Syndromic Surveillance Summary

Produced by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team

31 March 2015	Year: 2015 Week: 13
Syndromic surveillance national summary:	Reporting week: 23 to 29 March 2015 GP consultations for scarlet fever remain elevated and have risen in the 5- 14 years age band during week 13.
Remote Health Advice:	There were small increases in diarrhoea calls, which were predominantly in the 1-4 years age group (figures 8 & 8a). The proportion of sore throat calls has increased during week 13 (figure 6).
	Click to access the Remote Health Advice bulletin [intranet] [internet]
GP In Hours:	GP consultations for scarlet fever remain elevated (figure 4) and have risen in the 5-14 years age band (figure 4a) during week 13.
	Click to access the GP In Hours bulletin [intranet] [internet]
Emergency Department:	There was an increase in gastroenteritis attendances during week 13.
	Click to access the EDSSS bulletin [intranet] [internet]
GP Out of Hours:	Nothing new to report for week 13.
	Click to access the GPOOHSS bulletin [intranet] [internet]
RCGP Weekly Returns Service:	Click here to access reports from the RCGP website [external link]

www. Public Health England

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Syndromic surveillance summary notes	Key messages are provided from each individual system.
	• The different syndromic surveillance systems in operation within PHE access data from different areas of the national health care system.
	• Each system is able to monitor a different selection of syndromic indicators based upon different case mix of patients.
	 Access to the full version of each syndromic surveillance bulletin is available through the Syndromic Surveillance website found at: (<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/</u> <u>syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses</u>); reports will be made available on Thursday afternoons.
	Further weekly and annual reports are available from the RCGP Research and Surveillance web pages http://www.rcgp.org.uk/clinical-and-research/research-and-surveillance-centre.aspx
Syndromic surveillance systems	Remote Health Advice
	A remote health advice syndromic surveillance system that monitors syndromic calls from remote health advice services e.g. NHS 111 each day across England
	GP In-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System
	A large UK-based general practitioner surveillance system monitoring daily consultations for a range of clinical syndromic indicators
	Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System (EDSSS)
	A sentinel ED network across England monitoring daily attendances and presenting symptoms/diagnoses
	GP Out-of-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System (GPOOHS)
	A syndromic surveillance system monitoring daily GP out-of hours activity and unscheduled care across England using a range of clinical syndromic indicators
	RCGP Weekly Returns Service (RCGP WRS)
	A sentinel GP surveillance network covering England and Wales monitoring weekly consultations for a range of clinical indicators. This surveillance system is coordinated by the RCGP Research and Surveillance Centre
Acknowledgements:	We thank and acknowledge the contribution of all data providers including:
	NHS 111 and HSCIC.
	Participating EDSSS emergency departments
	College of Emergency Medicine
	Advanced Health & Care and the participating OOH service providers
	 QSurveillance[®]; University of Nottingham; EMIS/EMIS practices; ClinRisk®
	 TPP, ResearchOne and participating SystmOne GP practices
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syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses