# Public Health England

# **GP OOHSS**

#### GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System: England

#### 29 December 2015

#### Year: 2015 Week: 52

#### In This Issue:

Key Messages. Weekly summary. Total contacts. Syndromic indicators. Notes and caveats. Further information. Acknowledgements.

### Key messages

Data to: 28 December 2015

%

Week 52

21.95

0.34

0.55

3.05

0.13

4.06

1.04

1.41

0.86

%

Week 51

20.51

0.29

0.50

2.75

0.09

3.88

0.92

1.45

0.99

Trend\*

个

4-

44

44

GP out of hours consultations for bronchitis/bronchiolitis continued to fall in the under 1 year group during week 52 (figure 4a). Consultations for influenza-like illness remain below seasonally expected levels.

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period. Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 1- Winter preparedness http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/

No. of

contacts

209,626

21,971

339

553

133

3.057

4.063

1.036

1,416

863

Syndromic indicators
at a glance:

Number of contacts and percentage of Read coded contacts.

1: Total out-of-hours

Daily total number of out-of-hours and

unscheduled contacts and 7 day average

(adjusted for bank

holidays).

contacts:

Synd	romi	ic i	nd	icat	tors
at	a gla	and	ce:		

Filarynyllis
Gastroenteritis
Diarrhoea
Vomiting
Myocardial infarction
*Trend: reports on the trend seen over previou

All OOH contacts, all causes

Difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma

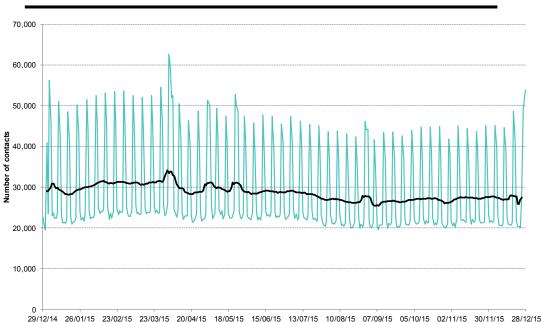
Acute respiratory infection

Influenza-like illness

Bronchitis/bronchiolitis

**Key indicator** 

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ous weeks in the percentage of Read coded contacts.

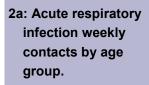
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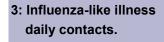
Public Health England

#### 2: Acute Respiratory Infection daily contacts.

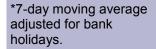
40

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



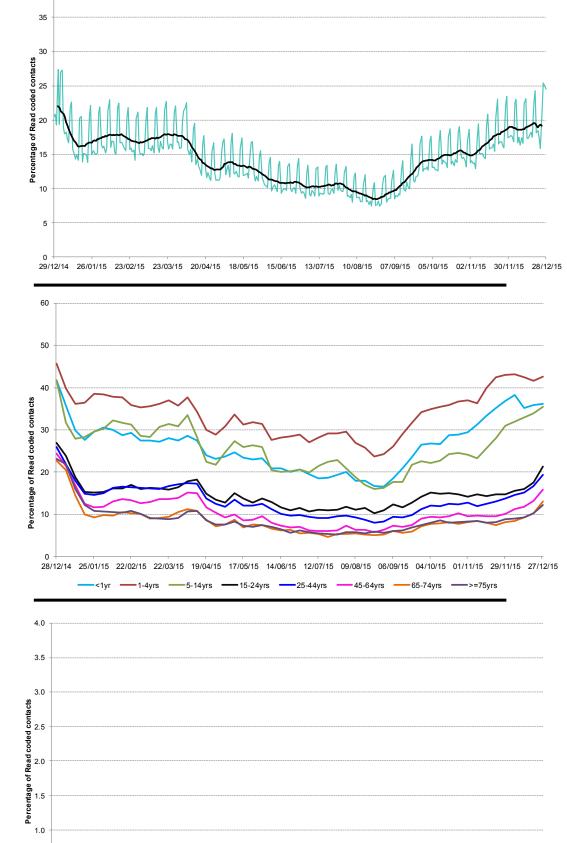


Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



0.5

0.0

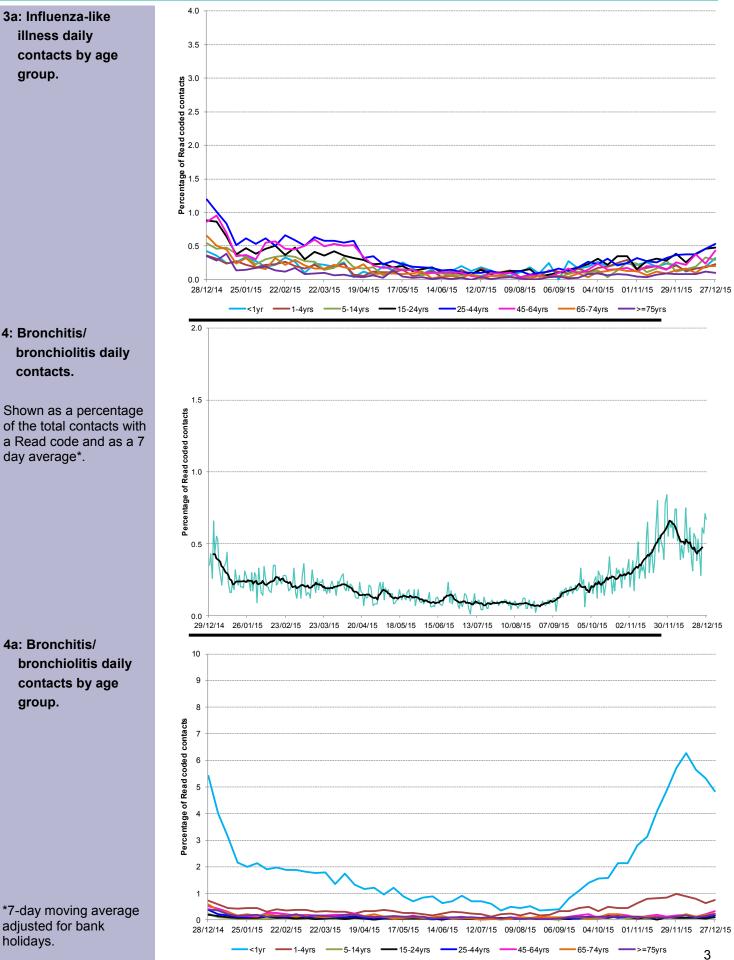


29/12/14 26/01/15 23/02/15 23/03/15 20/04/15 18/05/15 15/06/15 13/07/15 10/08/15 07/09/15 05/10/15 02/11/15 30/11/15 28/12/15

## **GP OOHSS**

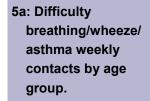


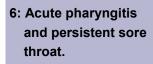
## **GP OOHSS**



#### 5: Difficulty breathing/ wheeze/asthma daily contacts.

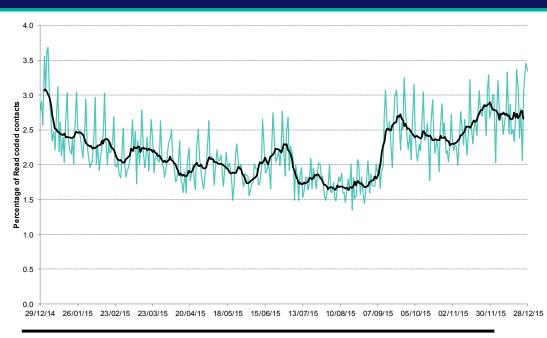
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

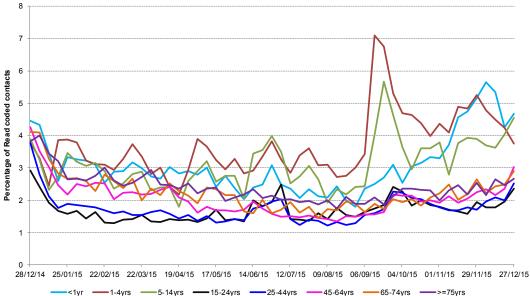


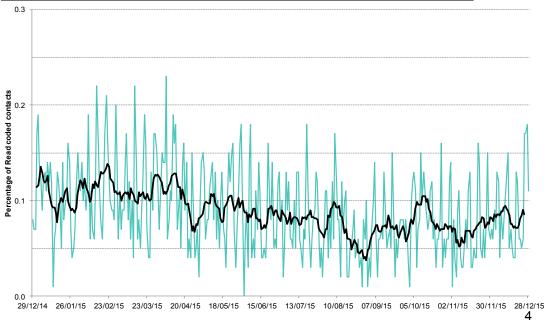


Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

\*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.







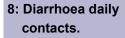
## **GP OOHSS**

## With Public Health England

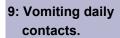
#### 29 December 2015

#### 7: Gastroenteritis daily contacts

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

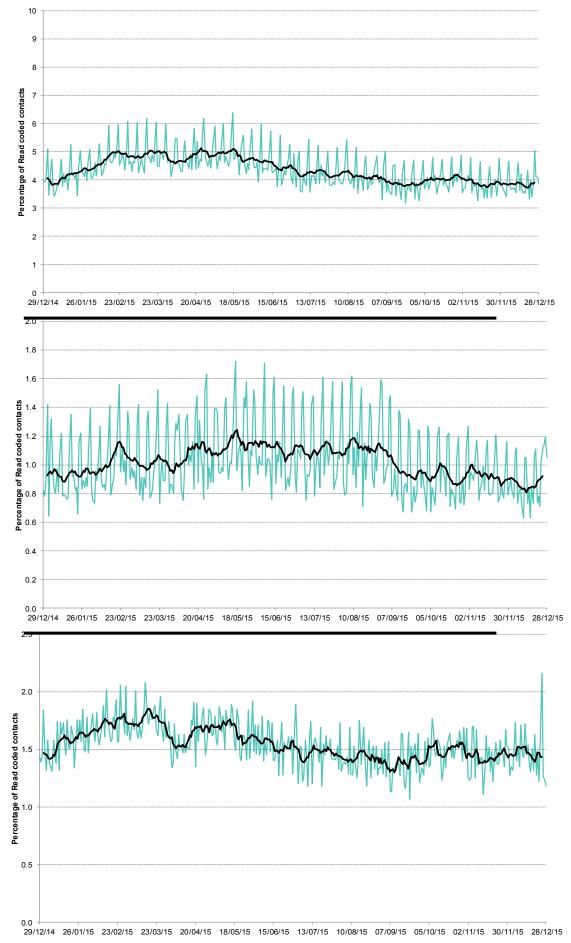


Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



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\*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

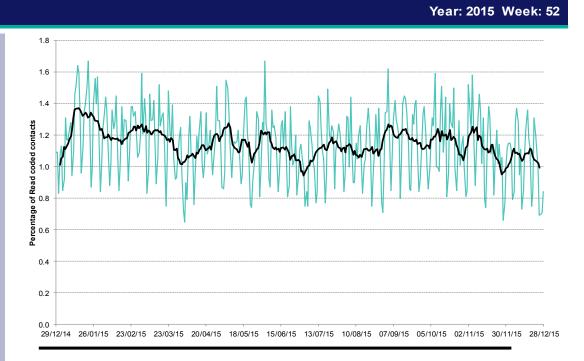


## **GP OOHSS**

## **GP OOHSS**

10: Myocardial Infarction daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



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\*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

## **GP OOHSS**

29 December 2015	Year: 2015 Week: 53
Notes and caveats:	<ul> <li>This bulletin presents data from the Public Health England (PHE) GP Out-of- hours\Unscheduled Care Surveillance System (GP OOHSS).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fully anonymised data from GP out-of-hours (OOH) and unscheduled care service providers in England are being transferred to the PHE for analysis and interpretation by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>This new system supplements existing PHE syndromic surveillance systems by monitoring data on general practitioner consultations outside of routine surgery opening times (evenings, weekends and bank holidays) and unplanned contacts within NHS primary care.</li> </ul>
	• The key indicators presented within this bulletin are derived by grouping selected Read coded consultations.
	• GP OOH consultation data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.
Further information:	The GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System Bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:
	https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to Advanced Health and Care and the GP out-of-hours and unscheduled
Acknowledgements.	care service providers who have kindly agreed to participate in this system.
	PHE Out-of-Hours/Unscheduled Care Surveillance
Contact ReSST:	Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6 <sup>th</sup> Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW Tel: 0244 225 2560 > Option 4 > Option 2
syndromic.surveillance	Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2 Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and

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