

PBS sponsor licensing: Tier 4 basic compliance assessment

About this guidance

Basic compliance assessment: general information Basic compliance assessment: fees Basic compliance assessment: qualifying criteria Basic compliance assessment: core requirements Basic compliance assessment: requesting a compliance visit Basic compliance assessment: discretionary assessment Basic compliance assessment: decision making Basic compliance assessment: renewal applications Basic compliance assessment: revocation action Basic compliance assessment: primary, secondary and

This guidance explains how to consider an application for a basic compliance assessment under Tier 4 of the points-based system (PBS).

'Highly trusted sponsor' status

On 6 April 2015 The 'highly trusted sponsor' and 'A-rated' statuses were abolished and replaced by 'Tier 4 sponsor status' and 'probationary sponsor' status. The basic compliance assessment replaces the highly trusted sponsor status assessment.

A sponsor must apply for a basic compliance assessment every 12 months by selecting 'apply for Tier 4 sponsor status' using their sponsorship management system (SMS).

For information about the PBS sponsor requirements and policy see: Sponsor guidance.

<u>Changes to this guidance</u> – This page tells you what has changed since the previous versions of this guidance.

<u>Contact</u> – This page tells you who to contact for help if your line manager can't answer your question.

Information owner – This page tells you about this version of the guidance and who owns it.

Related links

Links to staff intranet removed

External links

authorisation	
Tier 4 legacy sponsors	

PBS sponsor licensing: Tier 4 basic compliance assessment: Changes to this guidance

•			ce assessment: Changes to this gi		T = 1
About this guidance	This page lists changes to the Points-based system sponsor licensing: Tier 4 basic			ier 4 basic	Related links
Basic compliance	compliance assessment guidance, with the most recent at the top.				
assessment: general					See also
<u>information</u>	Date o	f the change	Details of the change		Contact
Basic compliance	20 Oct	ober 2015	Change request:		
assessment: fees					Information owner
Basic compliance			 change made to the name of the 		
assessment: qualifying			document (was previously called		Links to staff intranet
criteria			Points-based system sponsor lice		removed
Basic compliance			highly trusted sponsors (HTS))		
assessment: core			 changes made to guidance to ref 	flect 6	
requirements			April 2015 policy changes made		
Basic compliance			Tier 4 guidance for sponsors	10 1110	
assessment: requesting			Tier i galaanee ter epeneere		
a compliance visit	19 Ma	rch 2015	Change request:		
Basic compliance			3.13.19		
assessment:			Changes made to the following pages:	:	
discretionary					
assessment			 Highly trusted sponsor: casework 	ker	
Basic compliance			checks		
assessment: decision			 Highly trusted sponsor status: co 	re	
making			requirements		
Basic compliance			Highly trusted sponsor: discretion	narv	
assessment: renewal			assessment		
<u>applications</u>			 Highly trusted sponsor decision r 	making	
Basic compliance			g,actod openicor accidion i		
assessment: revocation			Applications from independent schools	s that	
action			do not meet the requirements for HTS		
Basic compliance			assessed on a discretionary basis.		
assessment: primary,	19 Feb	ruary 2015	Change request:		

secondary and authorisation Tier 4 legacy sponsors	guidance completely revised by temporary migration change team.	
	For previous changes to this guidance you will find all earlier versions in the archive. See related link: PBS sponsor licensing highly trusted sponsor - Archive	

Basic compliance assessment: General information

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This page explains when sponsors are required to apply for a basic compliance assessment, and what happens if a sponsor fails to apply.

Probationary sponsors

Once a sponsor is licensed in Tier 4, they appear on the Tier 4 register of sponsors as a 'probationary sponsor'. A probationary sponsor must apply for a basic compliance assessment a year after being issued with a probationary sponsor licence. The application must be made using the sponsorship management system (SMS) no earlier than 11 months and no later than 12 months after the date the probationary sponsor licence was issued.

Tier 4 sponsor status

Once a probationary sponsor has passed the basic compliance assessment they will be given 'Tier 4 Sponsor' status. Sponsors with Tier 4 Sponsor status must apply for a basic compliance assessment every 12 months.

Failing to apply for a basic compliance assessment

You must begin revocation action if a sponsor fails to:

- apply for a basic compliance assessment within 12 months of the date they were initially granted a probationary sponsor licence
- fails to apply for a basic compliance assessment to renew their Tier 4 sponsor status every 12 months

You must remove them from the Tier 4 register of sponsors and give them 20 working days to make representations against the revocation decision.

You must use this guidance as well as the sponsor guidance, to complete the validation and evaluation checks and record the outcome in Metastorm 'Perform actions'.

See: Metastorm perform actions: HTS

Related links

Links to staff intranet removed

Tier 4 legacy sponsors

Basic Compliance
Assessment:
caseworker checks

Downloads

Links to staff intranet removed

External links

<u>Tier 4 guidance for sponsors</u>

secondary and	You should also consider reviewing customer service standards where applicable	
<u>authorisation</u>	throughout the guidance process and updating Metastorm appropriately. For further	
Tier 4 legacy sponsors	information, see:	
	Sponsorship: customer service standards	
	Metastorm user guide: service standards	

Basic compliance assessment: Fees

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This page tells you about fees for basic compliance assessment applications.

Fees

There is a single fee of £536 for basic compliance assessment applications.

There is no fee if the sponsor is a Tier 4 premium sponsor applying for a basic compliance assessment to maintain their Tier 4 Sponsor status.

As the sponsor cannot make an application using the sponsorship management system (SMS) without paying the appropriate fee, no further payment checks are required.

For further information on the perform actions on Metastorm to record payments, see: Metastorm perform actions: HTS.

Tier 4 legacy sponsors	

Basic compliance assessment: Qualifying criteria

basic compliance as	sessifierit. Qualifyirig criteria		
About this guidance	This section explains the checks you must do	Related links	
Basic compliance	qualifying criteria when applying for a basic compliance assessment.		Links to staff intranet
assessment: general		removed	
<u>information</u>	Caseworkers should use the following table to		
Basic compliance	criteria:		Basic compliance
assessment: fees			assessment:
Basic compliance	If	Then	caseworker checks
assessment: core	The sponsor has no compliance issues and	You must:	
<u>requirements</u>	falls into one of the following categories:		
Basic compliance		 continue to casework the application 	Downloads
assessment: requesting	has a valid Tier 4 probationary		Links to staff intranet
a compliance visit	sponsor licence and has applied for a		removed
Basic compliance	basic compliance assessment to gain		
assessment:	Tier 4 sponsor status within the		External links
discretionary	application window		Tier 4 sponsor guidance
assessment	already holds Tier 4 Sponsor status		
Basic compliance	and is applying to renew their status		
assessment: decision	within their renewal window,		
making	There is any outstanding compliance action.	You must:	
Basic compliance			
assessment: renewal		email the Tier 4 sponsor compliance	
<u>applications</u>		team to establish the appropriate	
Basic compliance		action to take	
assessment: revocation			
<u>action</u>	A special marker is set.	You must:	
Basic compliance	Toposial Mainter to con-		
assessment: primary,		contact the appropriate team	
secondary and		 bring forward (b/f) the case and await 	
authorisation		further instruction if required	
Tier 4 legacy sponsors		continue caseworking when the	
		- continuo odoomonting mion tilo	

	relevant team confirm you can progress the case	
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Basic compliance assessment: Caseworker checks

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This page explains the checks you must make when considering a basic compliance assessment.

You must record the outcome of each check and complete the decision summary in Metastorm 'Perform actions' See: Metastorm perform actions: HTS.

You must make the checks below before you do the core requirement caseworking checks. For information on mandatory checks see:

- · key personnel checks
- · criminality and immigration history checks
- legacy and current systems checks
- business rules checks
- risk checks
- links to staff intranet removed
- insolvency checks
- · civil penalty checks

Accrediting and educational oversight body checks

Tier 4 sponsors applying for a basic compliance assessment must have educational oversight with one of the following educational oversight bodies:

- Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education (QAA)
- Ofsted (England)
- Education Scotland (Scotland)
- Estyn (Wales)
- Education and Training Inspectorate (Northern Ireland)
- Independent Schools Inspectorate (ISI) (England and Wales)
- Bridge Schools Inspectorate
- School Inspection Service

In this section

Related links Links to staff intranet

removed

secondary and authorisation Tier 4 legacy sponsors

Exempt organisations

The following organisations are not subject to the educational oversight criteria, and can apply for a basic compliance assessment without it:

- the UK Foundation Programme Office
- Health Education Yorkshire and the Humber and Health Education South London
- overseas providers who offer short-term 'study abroad' programmes on their own premises in the UK

Making the checks

Sponsors with educational oversight from an appropriate educational oversight body are detailed on the Tier 4 tab on Metastorm. As this information may be out of date you must also check the sponsor's educational oversight by looking at the relevant educational oversight body's website to confirm that the sponsor and any related sites and teaching partnerships have achieved the required rating.

If	Then
The sponsor has the required educational oversight or is exempt.	You must:
The sponsor has the required educational oversight but the details on the 'Tier 4' tab on Metastorm are incorrect.	update the sponsor record by making the appropriate changes using the maintain sponsor tab on Metastorm
The sponsor does not have the required educational oversight or exemption and is listed as a legacy sponsor on the 'Notes' tab in Metastorm.	You must:

The sponsor is a: • private provider, overseas HEI, or publicly funded college with Tier 4 sponsor status and has not achieved the required rating following a full inspection	legacy sponsors must apply for a basic compliance assessment to maintain their Tier 4 legacy sponsor status to continue to sponsor their existing migrants For more information, see: Tier 4 Legacy sponsors. You must: continue to casework even though the sponsor does not meet the criteria for the following reasons: • the sponsor may fall for refusal if they do not meet all other requirements and their licence may be revoked • the sponsor may meet all other requirements and will be made a legacy sponsor	
The sponsor is a:	You must:	
 private provider or overseas HEI with Tier 4 Sponsor status and requires a full inspection following a monitoring visit or interim health check 	 continue to casework even though the sponsor does not meet the criteria for the following reasons: the sponsor may fall for refusal if they do not meet all other requirements and their licence may be revoked. 	

	 the sponsor may meet all other requirements and they will be removed from the Tier 4 register of sponsors unable to assign confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) pending the outcome of the inspection
HEI or independent school with Tier 4 sponsor status and has not achieved the required rating following a statutory education inspection	 You must: continue to casework even though the sponsor does not meet the criteria for the following reasons: the sponsor may fall for refusal if they do not meet all other requirements and their licence may be revoked. the sponsor may meet all other requirements but their CAS allocation will be set at zero until they achieve the required rating in a new statutory education inspection
is a probationary sponsor and has not achieved the required rating in a Tier 4 educational oversight inspection or a statutory education inspection	You must: • revoke the sponsor's licence

Basic compliance assessment: Core requirements

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This page explains the core requirements to be met when the sponsor applies for a basic compliance assessment.

The application must be considered against the core requirements (in the table below) which the sponsor must meet for the application to be considered further.

All basic compliance assessment applications must be considered against the core requirements detailed in the table below:

Basic compliance assessment: Core requirement checks

Mandatory criteria Requirements How to measure Minimum qualifying period. 12 months. The sponsor cannot submit an application on the sponsorship management system (SMS) unless they have held a licence for 11 months. No civil penalties. Three years or more. See: Civil penalty checks. Less than 10%. Refusal rate transitional Transitional arrangements – arrangement – 1 November for applications made on or after 1 November 2014 to 2014 - 31 July 2015. 31 July 2015 use confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) data from 1 August 2014 when assessing refusal rate. For more information see transitional arrangements section below.

In this section

Related links

Links to staff intranet removed

Tier 4 sponsor guidance

Downloads

Enrolment rate.	At least 90%.	CAS data from SMS and MIDA Information.
Course completion rate.	At least 85%.	CAS data from SMS and MIDA Information.

Transitional arrangements

Transitional arrangements will apply to all applications received on or after 1 November 2014 until 31 July 2015.

For all applications received during this transitional period you must only measure the refusal rate using 'CAS used' data from 1 August 2014 onwards. All refusals before this date must be discounted and do not include any students with live appeals or administrative reviews against our decision to refuse their Tier 4 application.

Sponsors will revert to the annual cycle of CAS data assessment for the core requirements once they have completed 12 months.

All applications received after 31 July 2015 will have their refusal rate assessed using the CAS data from SMS for the previous 12 month period.

Sponsors who do not meet one or more of the core requirements

Sponsors must be given a discretionary assessment by a senior manager where they are applying for a basic compliance assessment and:

- have not used any CAS within the assessment period
- have used fewer than 50 CAS within the assessment period and fail to meet the core requirements
- are an independent school which has not passed the core requirements

For further information, see:

- Refusing and revoking a Tier 4 licence
- Discretionary assessment

Basic compliance assessment: Requesting a compliance visit

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This page explains what to consider before requesting a visit from the sponsorship compliance network.

A compliance visit referral will depend on whether:

- you identify any concerns when you consider the application
- there are any intelligence packages relating to the sponsor

If	Then
the sponsor has been visited in the previous	You must check if the previous visit also
12 months and is licensed in multiple tiers	included Tier 4.
 the sponsor has not had a compliance 	You must consider whether your concerns
visit for their Tier 4 licence in the	and/or the intelligence package mean you
previous 12 months	must refer the sponsor for a compliance
you identify concerns or there is an	visit before you casework the application to
intelligence package	the decision stage.

Before submitting the referral you must have considered all of the confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) and management information and sponsorship management system (SMS) data analysis information so you can detail any specific migrant information which you want the compliance officer to investigate during the visit.

For information on how to make a referral, see: Compliance visits.

Points-based system sponsor licensing: Tier 4 Basic Compliance Assessment v1.0

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Basic compliance assessment: Discretionary assessment

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This page tells you about a discretionary assessment for sponsors applying for a basic compliance assessment.

Sponsors must be given a discretionary assessment by a senior manager where they:

- have not used any confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) within the assessment period before the basic compliance assessment application
- have used fewer than 50 CAS within the assessment period before making their basic compliance assessment application and they fail to meet the core requirements
- are an independent school that has not passed the core requirements

Discretionary assessments are conducted on a case-by-case basis. The factors a senior manager can consider include, but are not limited to:

- the reasons why visa applications were refused
- the reasons why students did not enrol and/or complete their course
- whether the sponsor is complying with their general sponsor duties
- whether the sponsor is still suitable and eligible to hold a Tier 4 sponsor licence
- the sponsor's history and compliance record with the Home Office
- whether the sponsor poses any threat to immigration control

You must complete the decision based on the senior manager's recommendation to either refuse or approve a discretionary grant of Tier 4 sponsor status.

For further information, see: <u>Basic Compliance Assessment: decision making</u>.

Related link

External Link

Tier 4 policy guidance

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Basic compliance assessment: Decision making

About this guidance
Basic compliance
assessment: general
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Basic compliance
assessment:
discretionary
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Basic compliance
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<u>applications</u>
Basic compliance
assessment: revocation
action
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assessment: primary,
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Tier 4 legacy sponsors

This page explains the decision making requirements to pass or fail a basic compliance assessment.

You must use the tables below to make the correct decision on a basic compliance assessment application.

See: Tier 4 policy guidance.

Manager authorisation

The following outcomes are automatically sent for authorisation to a senior manager, immediately after the decision recommendation has been entered on the case:

- refuse
- remove (when used in a manually created case)

You can complete the decision recommendation once authorised.

For further information, see: Metastorm user guide: HTS applications and renewals.

When referring to the actions listed below in the table, please refer to the authorisation grid for information on clearance levels required. See related link: Authorisation grid

lf	Then
The sponsor has passed their basic	You must:
compliance assessment, has the requi	red
educational oversight, and has been	 complete the Tier 4 Sponsor status
assessed against the core requirement	
	outcome - the sponsor rating is
	automatically changed to Tier 4
	Sponsor status for a first application or

Downloads

The sponsor has passed their basic	maintained as Tier 4 sponsor status for a renewal application • amend the sponsor's allocation if required on Metastorm • issue the Tier 4 sponsor status grant decision notification letter by email - see related link You must discuss the application with your	
compliance assessment for a first, or renewal application, has the required educational oversight, and has been assessed against the core requirements. However, you still have concerns about the type and/or nature of the application.	line manager before taking any further action.	
The sponsor has used 50 or more confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) in the assessment period and has not met one or more of the core requirements. The sponsor has not provided the evidence requested within the given time limit.	You must: complete the Tier 4 sponsor status case in Metastorm with a 'refuse' outcome await authorisation before taking further revocation action See: Basic compliance assessment: Revocation action.	
The sponsor has used fewer than 50 CAS in the assessment period and has not met one or more of the core requirements.	You must: • refer the case to a senior manager for a discretionary assessment by completing the Tier 4 sponsor status case in Metastorm with an initial 'refuse' outcome • a senior manager must then consider	

	whether the sponsor should be given Tier 4 sponsor status or refused Tier 4 sponsor status, based on a discretionary assessment, and taking into account the factors listed in the basic compliance assessment (discretionary assessment section) of the Tier 4 guidance for sponsors • await decision from senior manager before taking further action	
The sponsor cannot be assessed against the refusal, enrolment and course completion rate criteria as they have used zero CAS in the assessment period.	 refer the case to a senior manager for a discretionary assessment by completing the Tier 4 sponsor status case in Metastorm with an initial 'refuse' outcome a senior manager must then consider whether the sponsor should pass the basic compliance assessment following a discretionary assessment await decision from senior manager before taking further action 	
The sponsor is an independent school and has not passed the core requirements.	refer the case to a senior manager for a discretionary assessment by completing the Tier 4 Sponsor status case in Metastorm with an initial 'refuse' outcome a senior manager must then consider whether the sponsor should pass the	

The sponsor has not met the core requirements, and following a discretionary assessment the senior manager is not satisfied that the sponsor should pass the basic compliance assessment. The refusal decision on Metastorm has not been authorised and the senior manager has recommended that the sponsor should	basic compliance assessment following a discretionary assessment await decision from senior manager before taking further action You must: complete the Tier 4 sponsor status case in Metastorm with a 'refuse' outcome begin revocation action See: Basic assessment compliance: Revocation action. You must: complete the Tier 4 sponsor status	
be given Tier 4 sponsor status after applying a discretionary assessment.	case in Metastorm with an 'approve' outcome - the sponsor rating is automatically changed to Tier 4 sponsor status for a first application or maintained as Tier 4 sponsor status for a renewal application amend the sponsor's allocation if required on Metastorm issue the 'Tier 4 sponsor status grant decision notification' letter by email.	
The sponsor has a valid Tier 4 probationary sponsor licence and either:	You must:	
 has not submitted an application for a basic compliance assessment within 12 months of the date their Tier 4 	 refer to your line manager before taking further action continue the revocation action if your 	

probationary sponsor licence was granted (a case will be created automatically to begin revocation action) • has declined to apply for a basic compliance assessment (a case will be created automatically to begin revocation action) The sponsor has a valid Tier 4 sponsor licence and either: • has not submitted an application for a basic compliance assessment to renew their Tier 4 sponsor status (a case will be created automatically to	line manager approves • in exceptional circumstances, where your line manager does not agree revocation action, you will need to take intervention action to extend the application or renewal window See: Basic compliance assessment: Revocation action.	
 begin revocation) has declined to apply for a basic compliance assessment to renew Tier 4 sponsor status (a case will be created automatically to begin revocation) 		
The sponsor:	You must:	
 is a legacy sponsor and has passed the basic compliance assessment 	 maintain legacy status issue the Tier 4 sponsor status grant decision notification letter 	
During the basic compliance assessment consideration:	You must: • reject the application	
 the sponsor licence has expired a licence surrender request has been received 	 issue the Tier 4 sponsor status reject decision notification letter refund the fee 	

	 the sponsor licence has been revoked 		
	·	For more information see: Refunding fees.	

Basic compliance assessment: Renewal applications

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This page explains what to do when Tier 4 sponsor status is due for renewal and the sponsor has submitted an application for a basic compliance assessment.

Sponsors must apply for a basic compliance assessment every 12 months to renew their Tier 4 sponsor status.

Tier 4 sponsor status is valid for 12 months and runs for one calendar year from the date the initial basic compliance assessment was passed and Tier 4 sponsor status given. For example, if a sponsor was granted Tier 4 sponsor status on 1 June 2012, the date of expiry would be 31 May 2013.

Tier 4 sponsor status renewals, where granted, are automatically aligned with the original grant date in the sponsorship management system (SMS), even if the date of decision is later. For example, the:

- original application was granted on 1 June 2012 until 31 May 2013
- renewal application was granted on 1 September 2013
- period granted must be 1 June 2013 to 31 May 2014

Application deadline

Renewal applications can only be submitted by sponsors using SMS before their Tier 4 sponsor status end date and no more than one month before the end date. The renewal opening date and Tier 4 sponsor status end date can be viewed by the sponsor in SMS.

When considering the basic compliance assessment application for renewal of Tier 4 sponsor status refer to:

- Basic compliance assessment: Caseworker checks
- Basic compliance assessment: Core requirements
- Basic compliance assessment: Requesting a compliance visit

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Basic compliance assessment: Revocation action

Basic compliance assessment: Revocation action

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This page explains the circumstances when you must remove a sponsor from the Tier 4 register of sponsors pending representations or revoke a Tier 4 licence when the sponsor has failed a basic compliance assessment.

You must begin revocation action to remove them from the Tier 4 register of sponsors when:

- the sponsor has failed a basic compliance assessment
- the sponsor has failed to apply for a basic compliance assessment within 12 months of their Tier 4 probationary sponsor licence being granted
- the sponsor has failed to apply for a basic compliance assessment to renew their Tier 4 sponsor status
- the sponsor has declined to apply for a basic compliance assessment
- the sponsor has been given a discretionary assessment but this has not been successful and therefore they have failed the basic compliance assessment

When revoking the sponsor's licence the institution and/or the company that owns it can be banned from the Tier 4 register of sponsors for a period of up to 2 years.

The ban may also apply to the sponsor's key personnel and/or others involved in the day to day running of the sponsor depending on their role in the matter.

Caseworkers should discuss the length of the ban to be applied with their managers before completing revocation action.

The first stage of the revocation action is to remove the sponsor from the Tier 4 register of sponsors. You must give the sponsor 20 working days to submit written representations against the revocation decision.

If... Then...

Related links

 	1	
The sponsor's application for a basic compliance assessment has been unsuccessful (a suspend or revoke case has been generated in Metastorm). The sponsor has failed to submit a first basic compliance assessment application or a basic compliance assessment application to renew Tier 4 sponsor status. Their Tier 4 sponsor status has expired (a suspend or revoke case has been automatically generated in Metastorm).	 You must: issue the Tier 4 sponsor status refuse decision notification letter by email and second class recorded delivery issue the stakeholder email The case is automatically brought forward (b/f) for 20 working days to allow the sponsor to provide representations 	
The sponsor has provided representations within the 20 working day period.	You must consider the representations and any documentary evidence supplied when reconsidering the original decision.	
The sponsor has provided additional representations after the 20 working day period.	You must base your consideration on the representations received within the 20 working day period only.	
No representation has been received from the sponsor within 20 working days.	You must:	
Representation is received from the sponsor after the 20 working days.	 revoke the sponsor's Tier 4 licence decide the length of the ban from the Tier 4 register of sponsors decide whether the ban also applies to key personnel and/or others and apply sanctions the length of the ban can be for a period of up to 2 years 	
	 inform the sponsor of your decision by issuing the Tier 4 sponsor status licence revocation notification letter by email and 2nd class recorded delivery complete the Tier 4 spreadsheet 	

For further detail caseworkers should refer to the <u>Tier 4 Guidance for Sponsors</u>

Considering representation

If the sponsor submits a request to reconsider the decision to revoke their Tier 4 licence they must both:

- provide representation
- justify the reasons they are challenging the decision this may include documentary evidence to support their request

You must only reconsider if the sponsor is challenging the facts on which the Home Office based the decision to fail their basic compliance assessment application. You must not reconsider a decision if the sponsor challenges only either:

- the validity of sponsorship policy
- the Immigration Rules

If	Then
The sponsor's representation confirms that	You must:
they meet the core requirements.	
	lift the suspension
	 close the 'suspend/revoke' case in
	Metastorm
	 consult your line manager to open a
	manual Tier 4 sponsor status
	application
	inform the sponsor of the decision by
	emailng the Tier 4 sponsor status
	licence grant decision notification
	letter
The sponsor's representation does not	You must:

demonstrate that they meet the core requirements.	 uphold the decision for failing the sponsor's basic compliance assessment complete the Metastorm actions and revoke the sponsors Tier 4 licence decide the length of the ban to apply decide whether the ban will also apply to key personnel and/or others involved in the day to day running of the sponsor and apply sanctions inform the sponsor of your decision by issuing the Tier 4 sponsor status licence revocation notification letter by 	
	email and 2 nd class recorded delivery	

Basic compliance assessment: Primary, secondary and authorisation

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This page explains the management checks specific to basic compliance assessment and Tier 4 sponsor status.

Management checking levels can be set for Tier 4 sponsor casework and compliance caseworkers at both the validation and recommendation stages. The checking levels can also be set at different levels according to the outcomes selected, for example 10 per cent for the accept outcome at validation and 20 per cent for the reject outcome at validation.

In addition, the following outcomes are automatically sent for authorisation immediately after the outcome has been entered on the case (at the recommendation stage only):

- refuse
- remove (when used in a manually created case)

Higher executive officer (HEO) and executive officer (EO) managers must check to make sure:

- the correct decision has been made against the criteria for Tier 4
- the length of the ban from the Tier 4 register of sponsors has been agreed
- the length of the ban applied to key personnel and/or others involved in the day to day running of the sponsor has been agreed
- the educational oversight criteria has been applied correctly
- basic compliance assessment applications have been made by the required deadline depending on the sponsors previous rating
- the discretionary assessment recommendation has been correctly recorded and actioned
- For more information on management checks, see: Metastorm user guide: Management checks.

Related links

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Tier 4 legacy sponsors

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This section explains the process for identifying when a sponsor must be given legacy status.

Legacy sponsor status is given to sponsors who currently hold Tier 4 sponsor status, or who pass a basic compliance assessment to gain Tier 4 sponsor status when:

- a sponsor fails to apply for a Tier 4 educational oversight inspection in time
- an educational oversight body informs the Home Office that the sponsor has failed a statutory education inspection or Tier 4 educational oversight inspection (with the exception of HEIs and independent schools)

If	Then
You are notified that the sponsor has failed to maintain educational oversight but retained their Tier 4 sponsor status.	You must email the educational oversight body to confirm that no appeals or objections have been received regarding the sponsor's failure to apply for an inspection, or failed inspection.
	You must then follow the actions listed in the granting legacy status to a sponsor section.

Legacy sponsors must continue to report on their existing migrant students, but will be unable to assign confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) for new students either entering the UK for study or switching from a UK educational institution.

Legacy sponsors may apply for CAS to assign to existing students already studying at the time the sponsor becomes a legacy sponsor to allow the students to complete their course.

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Granting legacy status
to a sponsor
Considering 'in-year'
and 'follow on' requests
for legacy sponsors

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External links

Tier 4 sponsor guidance

Once legacy status is given, the sponsor will remain a legacy sponsor until their Tier 4 licence: • expires • is revoked • the sponsor surrenders their licence For further information, see: • Tier 4 sponsor licences • Basic compliance assessment: Caseworker checks

Granting legacy status to a sponsor

About this guidance Basic compliance assessment: general information Basic compliance assessment: fees Basic compliance assessment: qualifying criteria Basic compliance assessment: core requirements Basic compliance assessment: requesting a compliance visit Basic compliance assessment: discretionary assessment Basic compliance assessment: decision making Basic compliance assessment: renewal applications Basic compliance assessment: revocation action Basic compliance assessment: primary,

This page explains what to do when you have confirmed that the sponsor has not applied for a Tier 4 educational oversight inspection in time or has failed to pass a statutory education inspection or Tier 4 educational oversight inspection.

If a sponsor has:

- not achieved the required rating following a statutory educational inspection or educational inspection with their approved body
- withdrawn their application for educational oversight
- failed to pay for their application or failed to continue to pay the inspection fees resulting in their withdrawal from the inspection cycle
- not applied for a Tier 4 educational oversight inspection in time

You must:

- reduce their confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) allocation to zero
- re-rate the sponsor to 'Legacy'
- email a confirmation letter to the sponsor

If	Then
The 'allocation history' tab in Metastorm	You must check 'cases linked to sponsor' in
indicates the sponsor has an allocation of	Metastorm to check if there is an
one or more CAS.	outstanding 'in-year' or 'follow on' request
	that relates to Tier 4
The sponsor has an outstanding 'in-year' or	You must:
follow on' request.	
	 assign the 'in-year' or 'follow on'
	allocation request from the workstack
	to your 'to-do list' - if the request is
	currently being considered by another
	caseworker you must reassign the
	request to yourself

Related links

Considering 'in-year' and 'follow on' requests for legacy sponsors

Downloads

secondary and authorisation Tier 4 legacy sponsors	The sponsor does not have an 'in-year' or 'follow on' request under consideration or outstanding.	 reduce the CAS allocation to zero and email the LS confirmation and application of legacy status letter to the sponsor re-rate the sponsor to 'Legacy' if educational oversight has not been gained update the legacy sponsor master spreadsheet with details of the action you have taken To set the CAS allocation to zero, you must amend the CAS limit to the same number of CAS the sponsor has used. For example, if the sponsor has an allocation of 5 CAS and has used two, the limit must be set at two. This means the sponsor cannot assign any further CAS. You must: open an 'additional CoS allocation' action on Metastorm reduce the CAS allocation to zero (see above for information) email an 'LS confirmation and application of legacy status' letter to the sponsor - for the letter, see related links re-rate the sponsor to 'Legacy' if educational oversight has not been gained update the legacy sponsor master spreadsheet with the balance of CAS 	
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	remaining from the current allocation – this will make sure the correct numbers of CAS are granted if the Home Office reinstates the sponsor allocation
The balance of CAS is zero.	Pou must: email an LS confirmation and application of legacy status letter to the sponsor using 'standalone letters' in Metastorm re-rate the sponsor to 'Legacy' if educational oversight has not been gained update the legacy sponsor spreadsheet with details of the action taken
When a sponsor is granted legacy status they The sponsor must submit a request to surrence managing a surrender see: Managing a licence	er their licence, For further information on

Considering 'in-year' and 'follow on' requests for legacy sponsors

About this guidance Basic compliance assessment: general information Basic compliance assessment: fees Basic compliance assessment: qualifying criteria Basic compliance assessment: core requirements Basic compliance assessment: requesting a compliance visit Basic compliance assessment: discretionary assessment Basic compliance assessment: decision making Basic compliance assessment: renewal applications Basic compliance assessment: revocation action Basic compliance assessment: primary,

This page explains what you must do when considering an 'in-year' request (a request for additional confirmation of acceptance for studies (CAS) within the allocation year) and a 'follow on' request (a request to renew the annual CAS allocation) from a legacy sponsor.

Legacy sponsors can only request CAS to extend the leave of current students to complete their current course of studies. Legacy sponsors have their CAS allocation set to zero when legacy status is granted and must only apply for CAS when the need to extend a student's leave arises. Legacy sponsors must provide the following information in support of their request. The:

- student's current CAS reference number
- student's full name, date of birth and passport number
- date leave was granted and the date to which the leave is valid
- name and duration of the course
- duration of the extension of the course
- reasons for the extension of the course

Legacy sponsors must apply to renew their allocation even if they are granted zero CAS at this point. This makes sure the allocation remains active and that the sponsor can make a request for CAS if they require them in the future.

You must take the following action when considering requests to renew or increase CAS allocations for legacy sponsors.

If	Then
The sponsor submits an 'in-year' request to	You must check that the required
increase their allocation of CASs.	information (see above) has been provided
	in support of the request.
The sponsor has not provided the required	You must refuse the request and email the
information in support of the request or has	LS in-year/follow on allocation decision

Related links

Granting legacy status to a sponsor

secondary and	only provided some of the information.	notification letter to the sponsor - the	
<u>authorisation</u>		sponsor can re-submit the request at any	
Tier 4 legacy sponsors		time.	
	The sponsor has provided the required	You must determine if the CAS requested is	
	information in support of the request.	to allow a student to complete their current	
		course of study. You must:	
		use CAS checker to search for the	
		current CAS and compare the student	
		·	
		and course details provided by the	
		sponsor in support of the request	
		use CRS and/or CID to compare the	
		student's leave details with those	
		provided by the sponsor in support of	
		the request	
	The details provided by the sponsor are	You must:	
	inconsistent with the details recorded on the		
	CAS checker and/or CRS or CID, for	 refuse the request and email the LS 	
	example the:	in-year/follow on allocation decision	
	· ·	notification letter to the sponsor - the	
	 migrant's personal details do not 	sponsor can re-submit the request at	
	match or there is no trace of the	any time	
	migrant	 refer details of the discrepancy to the 	
	course details do not match	· · ·	
		sponsor investigations team mailbox	
	leave dates do not match	for further investigation	
	The details provided by the sponsor are	You must:	
	consistent with the details recorded on the		
	CAS checker and/or CRS or CID, but the	 refuse the request and email the <u>LS</u> 	
	reason for the extension, or the length of	in-year/follow on allocation decision	
	the extension are not acceptable.	notification letter to the sponsor - the	
		sponsor can re-submit the request at	
	For example the:	any time	
		refer details of the issue or	
		TOTAL GOLDING OF THE 1990C OF	

discrepancy to the sponsor investigations team mailbox for further investigation must grant the request and email the n-year/follow on allocation decision fication letter to the sponsor. must check if the sponsor is requesting allocation of CAS to extend leave must perform the same actions as you ld for considering an 'in-year' request must: grant zero CAS email the LS in-year/follow on allocation decision notification to the sponsor	length of the extension is more than 90 days sponsor has not fully justified the reason for the extension The details provided by the sponsor are consistent with the details recorded on the CAS checker and/or CRS or CID and the length of the extension is acceptable and reasons are fully justified. The sponsor submits a 'follow-on' request to renew their allocation of CAS. The sponsor is requesting an allocation of CAS to extend a migrant's leave. The sponsor is not requesting an allocation of CAS.
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PBS sponsor licensing: Tier 4 basic compliance assessment: Contact

About this guidance Basic compliance assessment: general information Basic compliance assessment: fees Basic compliance assessment: qualifying criteria Basic compliance assessment: core requirements Basic compliance assessment: requesting a compliance visit Basic compliance assessment: discretionary assessment Basic compliance assessment: decision making Basic compliance assessment: renewal applications Basic compliance assessment: revocation action Basic compliance assessment: primary,

This page explains who to contact for more help with basic compliance assessment applications.

If you have read this guidance and still need more help with this category, you must first ask your line manager.

If the question can't be answered at that level, you may email the sponsor operational support team for guidance on the policy.

Changes to this guidance can only be made by the guidance, rules and forms team (GRaFT). If you think the policy content needs amending you must email the sponsor operational support team, who will ask the GRaFT to update the guidance, if appropriate.

The GRaFT will accept direct feedback on broken links, missing information or the format, style and navigability of this guidance. You can send these using the link: Email: guidance rules and forms team.

Related links
Changes to this
quidance

Information owner

secondary and	
<u>authorisation</u>	
Tier 4 legacy sponsors	

PBS sponsor licensing: Tier 4 basic compliance assessment: Information owner

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This page tells you about this version of the 'Points-based system sponsor licensing: Tier 4 basic compliance assessment' guidance, and who owns it.

Version	V1.0
Published for Home Office	20 October 2015
staff on	
Policy owner	Official – sensitive: information removed
Cleared by director	Official – sensitive: information removed
Director's role	Official – sensitive: information removed
Clearance date	17 September 2015

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Related links Changes to this quidance

Contact

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<u>authorisation</u> Tier 4 legacy sponsors	
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