MARINE GUIDANCE NOTE



MGN 284 (M+F)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SHIPS CARRYING FUMIGATED BULK CARGOES

Notice to operators, shipowners, charterers, masters, agents, port and harbour authorities, shippers, bulk terminal operators, fumigators, fumigators manufacturers and all persons responsible for fumigating bulk cargos.

This MGN should be read in conjunction with MSN 1718, MGN 86 and the Merchant Shipping (Carriage of Cargoes) Regulations 1997 (as amended)

Summary

This guidance note advises on:

- (1) the importance of safe and proper procedures when fumigants are used in bulk cargoes on board ships;
- (2) the appropriate application of the IMO Recommendations on the Safe Use of Pesticides in ships carrying fumigated bulk cargoes; and
- (3) the likely application of other related requirements or guidance that would be applicable to ships carrying fumigated bulk cargoes.

1.0 Introduction/ Background

1.1 This MGN has been produced to bring to the attention of ship's masters, owners, agents and port or terminal operators the dangers involved it the transportation and discharged of fumigated solid bulk cargoes.

2.0 Main points

IMO at DSC/Circ11 (available at the IMO website: <u>http://www.imo.org</u>) highlights the following points:

- 2.1 There may be an incorrect assumption that the concentration of the toxic fumigant in the holds and access ways of the ship is sufficiently low to avoid safety and health risks to ship and shore personnel or enforcement officers when the ship arrives in the port of discharge;
- 2.2 There are reported incidents where employees have been exposed to the fumigant, usually phosphine, causing health problems; and
- 2.3 Ships containing bulk cargo under fumigation, unlike in container transport units (CTUs), have no requirement to be labelled as such, and therefore may not be visibly recognised as a potential

health and safety risk. It should be noted that there is a requirement in the 'Code of Safe Practice for Merchant Seamen' to ensure that fumigation warning signs are conspicuously displayed on cargo units or spaces under fumigation.

3.0 The safe use of pesticides on ships

- 3.1. The International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) regulation VI/4, requires that appropriate precautions are taken in the use of pesticides in ships, in particular for the purposes of fumigation.
- 3.2 The Merchant Shipping (Carriage of Cargoes) Regulations 1997 require that where pesticides are used in the cargo spaces of ships prior to, or following a voyage, the IMO publication *Recommendations on the Safe Use of Pesticides in Ships* (2002 Edition) must be complied with. These regulations define 'the use of pesticides' to include the fumigation of cargo spaces and of cargo, in port, or in transit, and in any part of the ship or cargo so affected as a consequence of their application or use, as referred to in the 'Recommendations'.
- 3.3 To ensure compliance with the *Recommendations* detailed in 3.2 above all ships proceeding to a port within the United Kingdom, carrying solid bulk cargoes under fumigation, even if ventilation of the cargo has taken place during the voyage, must prior to arrival and in general not less than 24 hours in advance, inform either the port authority or terminal operator of the port or bulk terminal of destination that the bulk cargo has been fumigated. This information must be provided by either the ship's master, owner or the agent.
- 3.4 In cases where the presence of personnel in cargo spaces is required to ensure that fumigation tablets have fully decomposed before arrival at the discharge port, it is important that the Ship's master ensures that adequate respiratory protection (e.g. self contained compressed air breathing apparatus) is worn until all fumigation residues have been removed and the spaces have been thoroughly ventilated.
- 3.5 On arrival at any port within the United Kingdom where fumigated bulk cargo is to be discharged the master must establish the requirements of the port or bulk terminal regarding the handling of fumigated cargoes before any cargo is discharged. Before entry of fumigated cargo spaces, trained personnel from a fumigation company or other competent persons, wearing respiratory protection, must carry out careful monitoring of the spaces to ensure the safety of personnel. The monitoring values must be entered in the ships log book. The fumigation is not complete until the holds and cargo have been ventilated and tested and a certificate issued by a competent person stating that the cargo and holds are free from harmful concentrations of gas,
- 3.6 When the ship is found to be free of fumigants and certified as such, all warning signs should be removed. Any action in this respect should be recorded in the ship's log book
- 3.7 The precautions and procedures detailed in the 'Code of Safe Working Practises for Merchant Seamen' with regard to the entering of enclosed spaces should be taken in account.
- 3.8 The Merchant Shipping (International Safety Management (ISM) Code) Regulations 1998 require ships to develop plans for key shipboard operations concerning the safety of the ship and the prevention of pollution. These plans must include safety procedures for fumigation if the ship is likely to carry solid bulk cargo that may require fumigation.

4.0 Further Information

Further information on the contents of this MGN can be obtained from colin.thomas@mcga.gov.uk

(or the address at the end of this Notice)

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