

Coverage: United Kingdom

Theme: Business and Energy

-

Released: 24 September 2015

Next Release: September 2016

Frequency of release: Annually

Media contact: HMRC Press Office 020 7147 2318

**General enquiries:** 

Customer Services
Tel: 03000 594250
uktradeinfo@hmrc.gsi.gov.uk

Customs Trade Statistics HM Revenue & Customs 21 Victoria Avenue Southend-on-Sea SS99 1AA

Website:

http://www.uktradeinfo.com

# UK Non-EU Trade by declared Currency of Invoice (2014)

### **Summary**

- US dollar was the most popular currency of invoice for imports, accounting for 66.6 per cent of value.
- Pound sterling accounted for 22.7 per cent of invoiced imports, with the Euro and Canadian dollar accounting for 5.6 per cent and 2.0 per cent respectively.
- Pound sterling was the most popular currency of invoice for exports, accounting for 57.5 per cent of value.
- US dollar accounted for 35.6 per cent of invoiced exports, with the Euro and Japanese yen accounting for 3.3 per cent and 0.4 per cent respectively.

An Official Statistics release

Published on 30 September 2015

© Crown copyright 2015

### What does this publication tell me?

The Currency of Invoice for UK trade with countries outside the EU has been collected under EU legislation since 2010. As a result of consulting with our data users, we now publish a Currency of Invoicing dataset annually. This current release is based on 2014 data.

It provides information about the percentage of trade declared in the four top currencies for each flow (Imports and Exports), as well as an aggregated group of 'all others'.

- Pound sterling (£GBP)
- US dollar (\$US)
- Euro (€)
- Canadian dollar (CAD) Imports only
- Japanese yen (¥) Exports only
- All others

Only data received through the administrative Customs data collection will have a currency of invoice declared. All percentages quoted in figures 1 and 2 and tables 1 and 2 are representative of trade only where a currency of invoice was declared. Trade recorded under 'all others' does not include trade where there is no currency declared.

### Who should read this publication?

Any users of Trade Statistics products who are interested in an analysis of UK trade with countries outside the EU broken down by the declared invoice currency (Currency of Invoice).

# Non-EU Trade by declared Currency of Invoice statistics and statistical commentary

### Non-EU Imports - 2014

Customs declarations for UK imports from countries outside the EU were invoiced in US dollars for 66.6 per cent of the trade by value. Across Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) sections this varies between 92.5 per cent (Section 4 – Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes) and 21.4 per cent (Section 1 – Beverages and tobacco). This is displayed in figure 1, with further details in table 1.

Figure 1: Percentage of currency of invoice for Non-EU Imports 2014

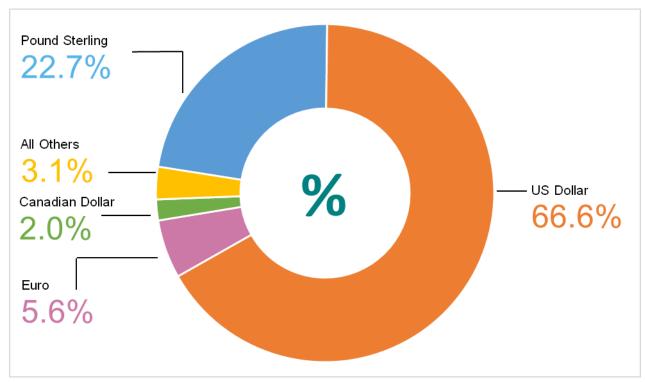


Table 1: Percentage of currency of invoice by SITC section for Non-EU Imports 2014

SITC Sections		US Dollar (%)	Pound Sterling (%)	Euro (%)	Canadian Dollar (%)	All others (%)	Total trade (£m)
0	Food and live animals	53.6	33.4	9.8	0.9	2.3	9,704
1	Beverages and tobacco	21.4	56.4	4.0	0.2	18.1	1,396
2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	62.3	28.0	4.2	3.5	1.9	5,016
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	90.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37,835
4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	92.5	3.8	2.1	0.4	1.2	358
5	Chemicals and related products, not elsewhere specified	57.3	27.9	9.1	1.3	4.5	12,412
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	66.2	24.3	5.3	0.1	4.1	19,078
7	Machinery and transport equipment	60.0	24.9	10.0	0.5	4.5	59,129
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	58.9	32.7	4.9	0.2	3.4	39,492
9	Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	75.6	1.1	0.1	21.7	1.5	14,696
Total		66.6	22.7	5.6	2.0	3.1	199,115

- Pound sterling accounted for 22.7 per cent of the trade, and at SITC sections this ranged between 56.4 per cent (Section 1) and 1.1 per cent (Section 9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC).
- Only 5.6 per cent and 2.0 per cent by value of transactions were invoiced in Euro and Canadian dollars respectively.
- All other currencies were less than 1.0 per cent individually and accounted for 3.1 per cent when aggregated together.

## Non-EU Exports - 2014

Customs declarations for UK exports to countries outside the EU show Pound sterling accounted for 57.5 per cent of the trade by value. Across SITC sections, trade declared in sterling ranges between 76.0 per cent (Section 3 – Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials) and 43.7 per cent (Section 5 – Chemicals and related products, not elsewhere specified). This is shown in figure 2 with further details in table 2.

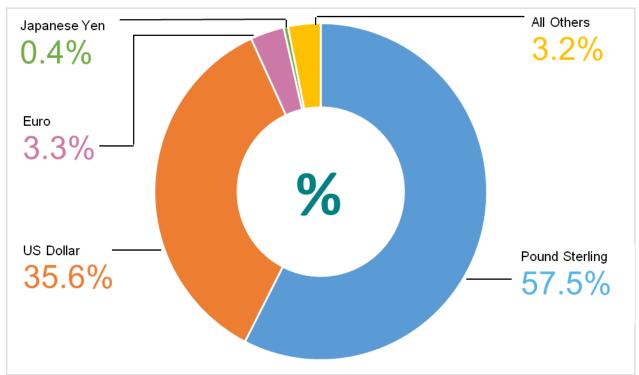


Figure 2: Percentage of currency of invoice for Non-EU Exports 2014

Table 2: Percentage of currency of invoice by SITC section for Non-EU Exports 2014

	SITC Sections	Pound Sterling (%)	US Dollar (%)	Euro (%)	Japanese Yen (%)	AII others (%)	Total trade (£m)
0	Food and live animals	66.2	18.2	11.3	0.1	4.2	3,421
1	Beverages and tobacco	49.5	33.8	2.5	0.7	13.6	4,069
2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	58.1	40.2	1.6	0.0	0.1	3,654
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	76.0	23.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	7,662
4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	70.6	14.8	13.2	0.0	1.5	59
5	Chemicals and related products, not elsewhere specified	43.7	42.3	4.5	0.9	8.7	20,657
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	57.2	35.5	5.9	0.2	1.2	13,492
7	Machinery and transport equipment	56.7	36.2	4.1	0.4	2.7	63,623
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	64.2	28.4	2.4	1.0	3.9	20,602
9	Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	59.9	40.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	26,339
Total		57.5	35.6	3.3	0.4	3.2	163,579

- US dollars account for 35.6 per cent of the trade, and at SITC sections this ranged between 42.3 per cent (Section 5 Chemicals and related products, not elsewhere specified) and 14.8 per cent (Section 4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes).
- The value of trade invoiced in Euro and Japanese yen accounted for 3.3 per cent and 0.4 per cent respectively. All other currencies accounted for less than 0.4 per cent individually, and when aggregated together represented 3.2 per cent in total.

### **Notes**

- 1. Only data received through the administrative Customs data collection will have a currency of invoice declared. All percentages quoted in figures 1 & 2 and tables 1 & 2 are representative of trade only where a currency of invoice was declared. Trade recorded under 'all others' does not include trade where there is no currency declared.
- 2. For Non-EU import trade, businesses must submit the invoice currency when providing customs declarations. However, 5.2 per cent of Non-EU import trade value does not have a currency, as shown in table 3. This is accounted for by trade reported through separate systems, such as parcel post and some mineral fuels.
- 3. For Non-EU export trade, businesses are only required to declare invoice currency for declarations with a value greater than £100,000. As a result of this threshold and trade collected separately (reasons outlined in note 2) 10.3 per cent of Non-EU export trade is declared without a currency, as shown in table 3.

Table 3: Percentage of Currency of Invoice of UK trade with Non-EU, 2014

Currency declared	Imports from Non-EU	Exports to Non-EU
Pound sterling	22.2	51.6
US dollar	62.1	32.0
Euro	5.6	2.9
Canadian dollar	1.7	N/A
Japanese yen	N/A	0.4
All others	3.1	2.8
None declared	5.2	10.3

Source: HM Revenue & Customs Overseas Trade Statistics

Note: Data is published on a general trade basis

4. HMRC only holds currency of invoice information for UK trade with Non-EU countries from January 2010 onwards. Businesses are not required to declare currency of invoicing information for EU trade, via the Intrastat survey. No currency of invoice information is available for trade with EU Member States. Data is published on a General Trade basis and so may differ from data used by Eurostat which is based on Special Trade reporting. The figures here will be consistent with the published Overseas Trade Statistics totals.

5. The goods in tables 1 and 2 are displayed using the SITC section headings.

### Full descriptions of the SITC sections are shown below:

- 0 Food and live animals
- 1 Beverages and tobacco
- 2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels
- 3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials
- 4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes
- 5 Chemicals and related products, not elsewhere specified.
- 6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material
- 7 Machinery and transport equipment
- 8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles
- 9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC

For general enquiries please contact:

### uktradeinfo Customer Services,

HM Revenue & Customs: Trade Statistics

3rd Floor Central,

Alexander House,

21 Victoria Avenue,

Southend-on-Sea.

SS99 1AA

Telephone: 03000 594250

E-mail: <u>uktradeinfo@hmrc.gsi.gov.uk</u>

Next release: September 2016

© Crown copyright 2015.

If using specific facts contained in this release please check the information is still current.