

Quarterly Bus Statistics: Great Britain Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2014



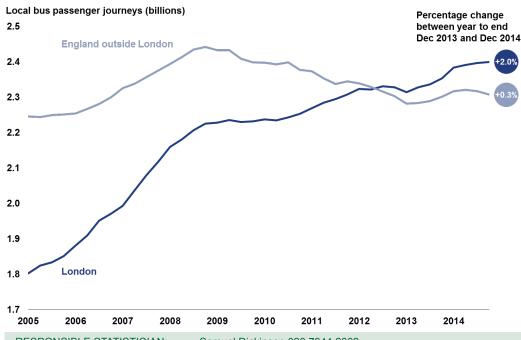
Comparing the year to end December 2014 with a year earlier, the number of local bus passenger journeys in England increased by 1.1%.

An estimated 4.71 billion local bus passenger journeys were made in England in the year to end December 2014, around 53 million more bus journeys when compared with the previous year.

Bus use in London continued to increase. Chart 1 shows that the number of bus journeys in London increased by 2.0% between the year to end December 2013 and December 2014. Overall, bus use in London has increased by 33% since the year to end March 2005.

In England outside of London, the number of bus journeys increased by 0.3% when compared with the previous year. For the previous two years, bus journeys outside of London have remained flat and overall have decreased by 5% since the year to end December 2008.

Chart 1: Local bus passenger journeys in England outside London and London, year to end March 2005 to December 2014





About this release

This quarterly release covers local bus passenger journeys and fares. It provides the most upto-date statistics for monitoring trends in the local bus sector.

This release relates largely to England, in line with the coverage of DfT bus policy. Statistical tables which cover the whole of Great Britain, are available online.

Quarterly passenger journey figures are based on data collected from a panel survey of the largest bus operators, and are seasonally adjusted. The bus fares index is compiled from data provided by a representative sample of around 100 operators and Transport for London (TfL).

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Summary

Table 1 summarises the latest quarterly and year to end annual figures. Figures for England are broken down into London, metropolitan areas (which are the six former metropolitan counties of Greater Manchester, Merseyside, South Yorkshire, Tyne and Wear, West Midlands and West Yorkshire) and non-metropolitan areas (the rest, covering shire counties and unitary authorities).

Table 1: Summary of latest quarterly and year to end local bus passenger journeys in England and bus fares index

_	Local bus passenger journeys		Bus Fares index
	Year to end Dec 2014	Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2014	Dec 2014
	(compared with	(compared with	(compared with
	previous year)	Q4 2013)	Dec 2013)
London	2.40 billion: • 2.0%	0.60 billion: 0 0.5%	O 3.1%
English metropolitan areas	1.01 billion: ● 0.3%	0.25 billion: ∪ 2.3%	O 2.5%
English non-metropolitan areas	1.30 billion: • 0.7%	0.32 billion: () 0.9%	O 3.7%
England	4.71 billion: 1.1%	1.17 billion: 0 0.5%	O 3.2%
England outside London	2.31 billion: () 0.3%	0.57 billion: U 1.5%	O 3.2%
Scotland	0.42 billion: 0 0.3%	0.10 billion: 0 2.0%	0 2.7%
Wales	0.10 billion: U 2.5%	0.03 billion: U 2.7%	O 3.6%
Great Britain	5.24 billion: 1.0%	1.30 billion: () 0.6%	O 3.2%

Statistical tables

Additional tables are available online as part of the bus statistics series.

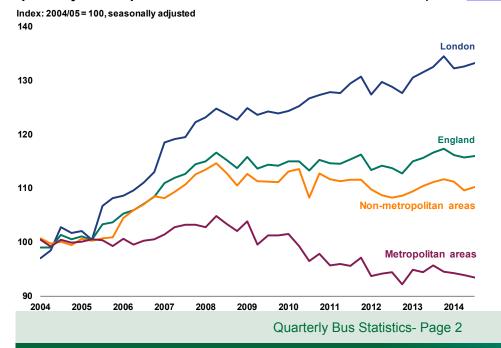
Passenger numbers can be found in table <u>BUS0103</u> (annual) and <u>BUS0106</u> (quarterly).

Bus fares index can be found in tables <u>BUS0405</u> (annual) and <u>BUS0415</u> (quarterly).

Local bus passenger journeys

Since 2008/09, bus passenger journeys in England have remained broadly stable with growth in London offsetting a gradual decline outside of London (see Chart 2). In October to December 2014, bus passenger journeys increased in London and decreased in metropolitan areas and non-metropolitan areas when compared with the same quarter in 2013/14.

Chart 2: Local bus passenger journeys by metropolitan area status: England, quarterly from April-June 2004 to October-December 2014 (table <u>BUS0106b</u>)



Bus usage

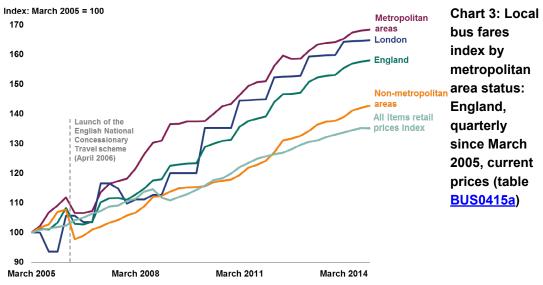
The number of bus passenger journeys (with each boarding of a bus counted as one journey) is the key measure of bus demand.

Seasonal adjustment

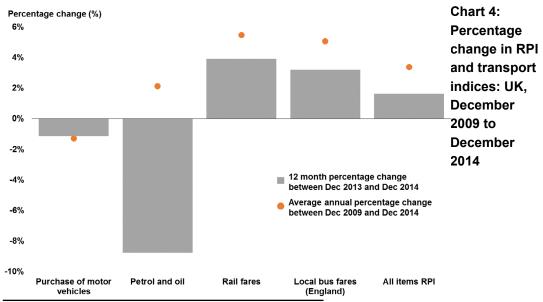
Estimates of the number of bus passenger journeys are seasonally adjusted. This removes the effects of seasonal factors and the arrangement of the calender so that quarterely comparisons can be made.

Local bus fares

Local bus fares in England increased by 58% on average between March 2005 and December 2014¹. Chart 3 shows that bus fares have risen at a faster rate in metropolitan areas (68%) than in non-metropolitan areas (43%). The all items Retail Prices Index has risen by 35% over the same period, which means that bus fares have risen in real terms.



The average annual percentage change in bus fares was 5.1% between December 2009 and December 2014, a slightly slower average annual rate when compared with rail fares (5.5%), as shown in Chart 4. In the past year to December 2014, local bus fares and rail fares have increased, 3.2% and 3.9% respectively and both above the rate of inflation (1.6%). Both bus and rail fares have increased at a higher rate than the price of motoring over the past year to December 2014. The price of purchasing a motor vehicle decreased by 1.1% and the price of petrol and oil dropped by 8.8%.



¹ The launch of the English National Concessionary Travel Scheme (ENCTS) in April 2006 resulted in some passengers who had previously paid fares being able to travel for free. As the Bus fares index reflects changes in the average costs of bus travel across all users of bus services, the ENCTS launch resulted in a one-off downward step-change in the index between March 2006 and June 2006.

Local bus fares index

The local bus fares index measures the percentage change in bus operator receipts from passengers as a result of any fare changes. These figures provide an estimate of the change in the average cost of bus travel to the passenger but not the actual fare levels paid.

Bus fares in London are set by Transport for London.

Outside London, fare changes will largely reflect the commercial decisions of bus operators, which in turn may reflect changes in public funding. For example, Bus Service Operators Grant, a central government subsidy to bus operators based on fuel consumption, was cut by 20% in England in April 2012.

Related information

A longer time series of annual figures is available in table BUS0405

Monthly inflation figures are published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS), with a detailed breakdown by category including bus/coach fares, rail fares and motoring costs.

An annual summary of the ONS transport indices is available in table_ TSGB1308.

Background information

Data sources, strengths and weaknesses

Estimates of local bus passenger journeys are based on a quarterly panel of the 18 largest non-metropolitan operators, Passenger Transport Executives (for metropolitan areas) and Transport for London (TfL). Data from the quarterly panel is scaled to annual figures from the department's main annual survey of over 500 PSV operators, and figures are then seasonally adjusted. For October to December 2014, responses were received from all of the 18 panel members, covering over 90% of the bus journeys made in Great Britain.

Quarterly figures are subject to revision due to the nature of the seasonal adjustment, and scaling to annual figures. However, these will typically be minor and not affect overall patterns shown.

The quarterly local bus fares index is based on a sample survey of around 100 bus operators and TfL, who supply data each quarter. The index measures change in the 'gross yield'. This is the change in passenger receipts (excluding concessionary fare reimbursement and subsidies from government), which would result from a fares change, assuming no change in passenger numbers. In total the operators selected cover around 85% of passenger receipts in Great Britain, and the sample design ensures operators in each type of area are adequately represented. The survey response rate is high, almost 100% for the last four quarters.

Data on actual fare levels are not collected. The index assumes no change in passenger behaviour and therefore may not reflect changes in the average fare actually paid (for example if passengers switch to a different ticket type, or choose not to travel, as a result of fare changes).

Users and uses of these statistics

Within DfT, quarterly bus statistics are used to inform bus policy decisions, for ministerial briefing and to answer public enquiries. Outside DfT, passenger journeys figures are used as a measure of the overall health of the industry, for example by private research organisations, and are often reported in the trade press. Bus fares data are used by the Office for National Statistics in calculating the Retail and Consumer Price Indices and in the National Accounts.

Further details

The notes and definitions document is available at: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-transport/series/bus-statistics

National statistics

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure they meet customer needs.

Details of Ministers and officials who receive prerelease access to these statistics up to 24 hours before release can be found here: www.gov.uk/transport-statistics-notes-and-guidance-buses

Feedback

We welcome user feedback on any aspects of the department's bus statistics including content, timing and format, by email to bus.statistics@dft.gsi.gov.uk

Next update

Statistics for January to March 2015 are due to be published on 16 June 2015.