FORM 5

**Landlord's or Licensor's Notice proposing a new rent or licence fee under an Assured Agricultural Occupancy of premises situated in England**

Housing Act 1988 section 13(2), as amended by the Regulatory Reform (Assured Periodic Tenancies) (Rent Increases) Order 2003

**The notes over the page give guidance to both landlords and tenants about this notice.**

This notice may also be used by licensors to give notice proposing a new licence fee. In that case, references in this form and in the notes over the page to landlords, tenants, tenancy and rent should be read as references to licensors, licensees, licence and licence fees, respectively.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | To: |   | [*Tenant(s)*] |  |
|  | of: |     | [*Address of the premises subject to the tenancy*] |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | From: |       | [*Landlord(s)*][*Landlord's Agent*]\**\*delete as appropriate*[*Address for correspondence*][*Contact telephone number*] |  |

1 **This notice affects the amount of rent you pay.** Please read it carefully.

2 The landlord is proposing a new rent of **£ per[week][month][year]\***, in place of the existing one of £ per [week][month][year]\*

*\*delete as appropriate*

3 The starting date for the new rent will be

(see notes 13 to 17 over the page)

4 Certain charges may be included and separately identified in your rent. (See note 11 over the page.) The amounts of the charges (if any) are:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Charges | Amount included and separately identified |  |
|  |  | *(enter "nil" if appropriate)* |  |
|  |  | In the existing rent | In the proposed new rent |  |
|  | Council tax | £ | £ |  |
|  | Water charges | £ | £ |  |
|  | Fixed service charges | £ | £ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

5 If you accept the proposed new rent, you should make arrangements to pay it. If you do not accept it, there are steps you should take before the starting date in paragraph 3 above. **Please see the notes over the page for what to do next.**

Signed: [Landlord(s)][Landlord's Agent]\* (see note 12 over the page)

*\*delete as appropriate*

Date:

**Please read these notes carefully.**

**Guidance notes for agricultural occupants**

***What you must do now***

1. This notice proposes that you should pay a new rent from the date in paragraph 3 of the notice. **If you are in any doubt or need advice about any aspect of this notice, you should immediately either discuss it with your landlord or take it to a citizens' advice bureau, a housing advice centre, a law centre or a solicitor.**
2. If you accept the proposed new rent, please make arrangements to pay it. If you pay by standing order through your bank, you should inform them that the amount has changed. You should also notify your Housing Benefit office in your local authority if you are claiming a Benefit or the Department for Work and Pensions if you are claiming Universal Credit. The Gov.uk website provides further advice: http:\\www.gov.uk. If you are worried that you might not be able to pay your rent, you should seek advice from a citizens' advice bureau or housing advice centre.
3. If you do **not** accept the proposed new rent, and do not wish to discuss it with your landlord, you can refer this notice to the tribunal. **You must do this before the starting date of the proposed new rent in paragraph 3 of the notice.** You should notify your landlord that you are doing so, otherwise he or she may assume that you have agreed to pay the proposed new rent.
4. To refer the notice to the tribunal, you must use the form A*pplication referring a notice proposing a new rent under the Assured Periodic Tenancy or Agricultural Occupancy to a Tribunal (form 6)*. You can obtain this from the tribunal or a legal stationer.
5. The tribunal will consider your application and decide what the maximum rent for your home should be. In setting a rent, the tribunal must decide what rent the landlord could reasonably expect for the property if it were let on the open market under a new tenancy on the same terms. The tribunal may therefore set a rent that is higher, lower or the same as the proposed new rent.
6. In these Guidance notes for agricultural occupants, the "tribunal" means the First-tier Tribunal or the Upper Tribunal.

**Guidance notes for landlords on how to complete the notice**

1. You can complete this notice in ink or arrange for it to be printed.
2. This notice should be used when proposing a new rent or licence fee for an **assured agricultural occupancy of premises situated in England.** There is a different notice (Form No 4--*Landlord's Notice proposing a new rent under an Assured Periodic Tenancy of premises situated in England)* for proposing a new rent for an assured periodic tenancy (including an assured shorthold periodic tenancy) of premises situated in England.
3. Do not use this notice if the tenancy agreement contains a term allowing rent increases, or there is some other basis such as a separate agreement with the tenant for raising the rent. Any provision you rely on needs to be binding on the tenant. Legal advice should be sought if there is any doubt on this score.
4. You need to use a different notice to propose a rent increase for a statutory periodic tenancy (the first exception mentioned in note 16) if you are seeking to adjust rent solely because of a proposed change of terms under section 6(2) of the Housing Act 1988. Seek legal advice if you think this may apply to you. You can obtain the form headed *Notice proposing different terms for a Statutory Periodic Tenancy* from the First-tier Tribunal or a legal stationer.
5. You should enter in each of the boxes in the second and third columns of the table in paragraph 4 either "nil" or the amount of the existing or proposed charge. You should only enter amounts for council tax and water charges where the tenant does not pay these charges directly. You should only enter fixed service charges which are payable by the tenant in accordance with a term or condition which specifies that these charges will be included in the rent for the tenancy. Only enter an amount for service charges where the tenant has agreed to pay a **fixed** sum. Do **not** include in the table any **variable** service charge, ie a service charge within the meaning of section 18 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1985, where the whole or part of the sum payable by the tenant varies or may vary according to **costs.**
6. You or your agent (someone acting on your behalf) must sign and date this notice. If there are joint landlords, each landlord must sign unless one signs on behalf of the rest with their agreement. The signature does not have to be hand-written if, for instance, the form is being printed or if you wish to use a laser or autosignature.

**When the proposed new rent can start**

1. The date in paragraph 3 of the notice must comply with the three requirements of section 13(2) of the Housing Act 1988, ignoring the amendments made by the Regulatory Reform (Assured Periodic Tenancies) (Rent Increases) Order 2003.
2. The **first requirement**, which applies in **all** cases, is that a minimum period of notice must be given before the proposed new rent can take effect. That period is:
* one month for a tenancy which is monthly or for a lesser period, for instance weekly or fortnightly;
* six months for a yearly tenancy;
* in all other cases, a period equal to the length of the period of the tenancy - for example, three months in the case of a quarterly tenancy.
1. The **second requirement** applies in **most** cases (but see note 16 for two exceptions). The starting date for the proposed new rent must not be earlier than the first anniversary of the date on which the rent was last increased using this statutory notice procedure or, if the tenancy is new, the date on which it started.
2. The two exceptions, which apply where a statutory tenancy has followed on from an earlier tenancy, are:
* where the tenancy was originally for a fixed term (for instance, 6 months), but continues on a periodic (for instance, monthly) basis after the term ends; and
* where the tenancy came into existence on the death of the previous tenant who had a regulated tenancy under the Rent Act 1977.

In these cases the landlord may propose a new rent at once. However, the first and third requirements referred to in notes 14 and 17 must still be observed.

1. The **third requirement**, which applies in **all** cases, is that the proposed new rent must start at the beginning of a period of the tenancy. For instance, if the tenancy is monthly, and started on the 20th of the month, rent will be payable on that day of the month, and a new rent must begin then, not on any other day of the month. If the tenancy is weekly, and started, for instance, on a Monday, the new rent must begin on a Monday.