Public Health England

Eye problems.

Introduction to charts.

Notes and further information. Acknowledgements.

Remote Health Advice

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

17 February 2015	Year: 2015 Week: 7	
In This Issue:	Key messages Data to: 15/02/2015	
Key messages.		
Syndromic indicators at a glance.	NHS 111 calls for diarrhoea and vomiting continued to increase (figures 8 and 9) but remained within or below seasonally expected levels.	
Data summary.		
Indicators by syndrome.		
Cold/flu.		
Fever.		
Cough.		
Difficulty Breathing.	A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health	
Sore throat.	England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the in of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period.	
Diarrhoea.	Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 1 - Winter preparedness and Action	
Vomiting.	http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/	

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level *
Cold/flu	No trend	Above baseline levels
Fever	No trend	Below baseline levels
Cough	No trend	Above baseline levels
Difficulty breathing	No trend	Above baseline levels
Sore throat	Increasing	
Diarrhoea	Increasing	Similar to baseline levels
Vomiting	Increasing	Below baseline levels
Eye problems	Increasing	Above baseline levels

*Since week 47 2014 new baselines have been introduced for comparison with previous years. Baselines use historical data from the NHS Direct surveillance system to estimate seasonal trend but with levels adjusted to reflect changes since the switch to using NHS 111 data in September 2013.

Data summary:

Year	Week	Total calls
2015	7	215,018

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17 February 2015

1: Total calls.

The total number of syndromic calls recorded each day by NHS 111.

100000

90000

80000

70000

50000

40000

20000

10000

Percentage of total calls (%)

16/02/14

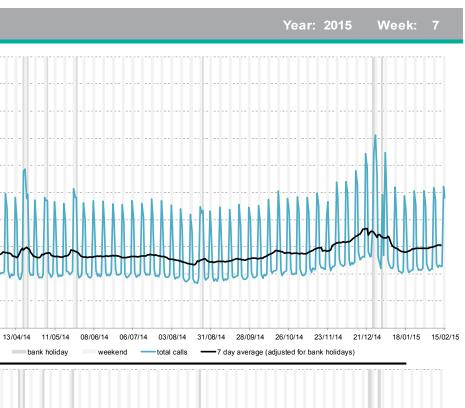
16/03/14

2: Cold/flu

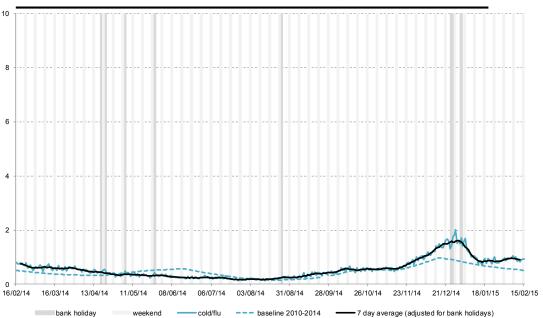
Daily 'cold/flu' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS111 and NHS Direct.

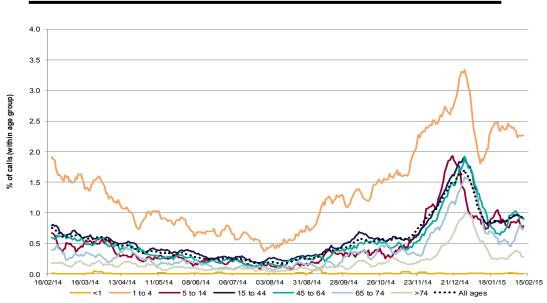


Cold/flu calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average.



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2

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17 February 2015

3: Fever

Daily 'fever' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS111 and NHS Direct.

Daily 'cough' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data

since 2010, including

data from NHS111 and

4: Cough

NHS Direct.

4a: Cough by age group

Cough calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average.

5

0 +----16/02/14

16/03/14

13/04/14

11/05/14 08/06/14

1 to 4

5 to 14

06/07/14

• 15 to 44

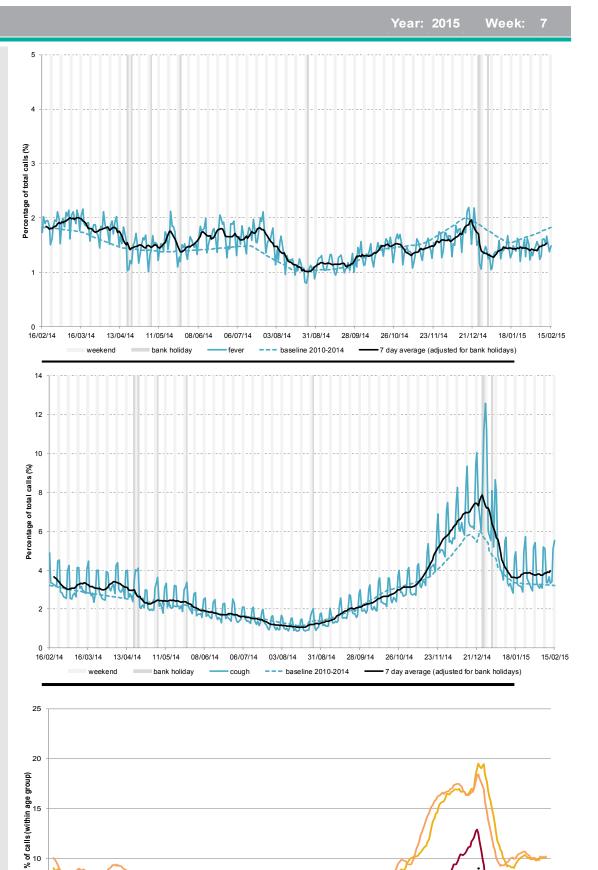
03/08/14 31/08/14

45 to 64

28/09/14

65 to 74







15/02/15

18/01/15

••••• All ages

26/10/14 23/11/14 21/12/14

>74

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17 February 2015

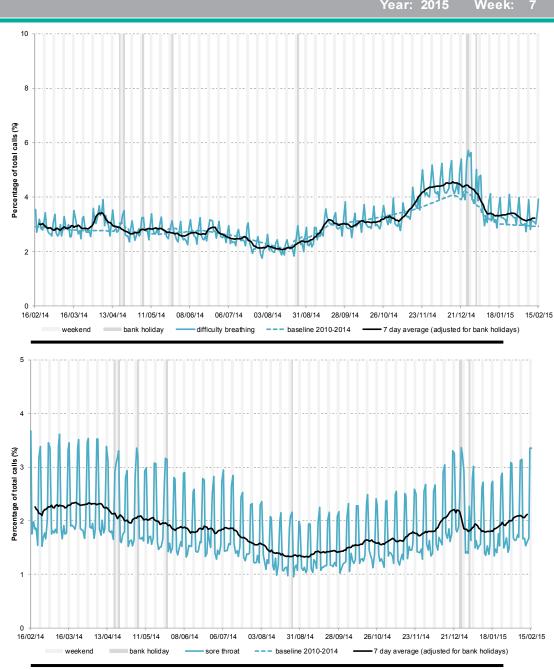
Daily 'difficulty breathing' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS111 and NHS Direct.

6: Sore throat

Daily 'sore throat' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines, constructed from historical data since 2010 and including data from NHS Direct and NHS111, are under construction and will be included for this indicator shortly.

7: Intentionally left blank

Intentionally left blank.



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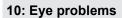
17 February 2015

8: Diarrhoea

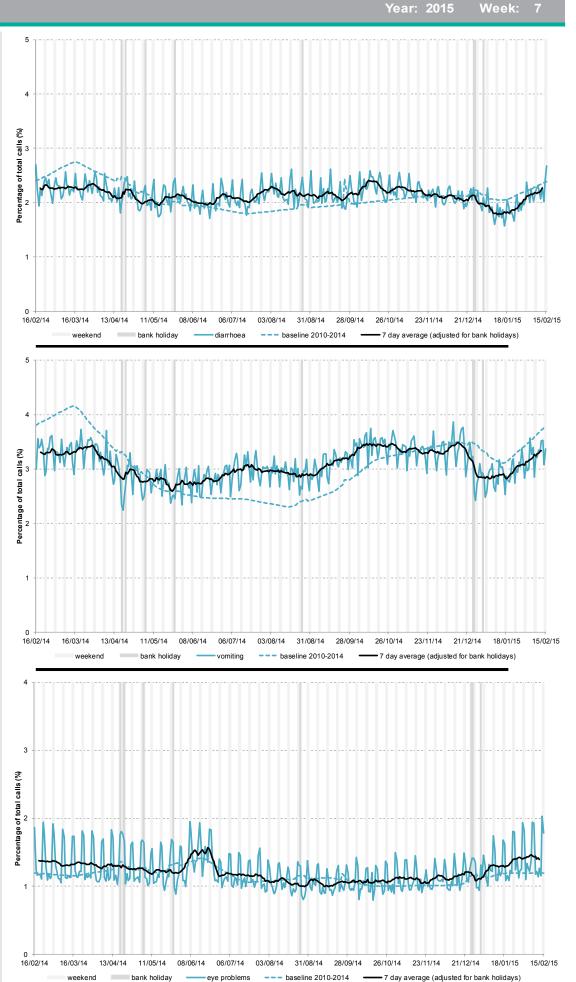
Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS111 and NHS Direct.

9: Vomiting

Daily 'vomiting' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS111 and NHS Direct.



Daily 'eye problems' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS111 and NHS Direct.



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Remote Health Advice

17 February 2015 Year: 2015 Wea	
Introduction to charts:	 Weekends and bank holidays are marked by vertical grey lines (bank holidays darker grey). A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified. Baselines are constructed using historical data, including data from both NHS111 and the NHS Direct syndromic system (which was replaced by NHS 111 data in September 2013). Seasonal trends reflect the average over past years, with levels adjusted to reflect differences between NHS 111 and NHS Direct data. This new syndromic surveillance system is still under development and further analyses at PHE Centre level will be included in future bulletins.
Notes and further information:	Further information about NHS 111 can be found at: http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/AboutNHSservices/ Emergencyandurgentcareservices/Pages/NHS-111.aspx The Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems- and-analyses
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to NHS 111 and to HSCIC for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised call data that underpin the Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System.
Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk	Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin. Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6 [™] Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2 Fax: 0121 236 2215 Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-sea