Results of Competition: IB Catalyst 2 stage awards Round 4

Competition Code: 1505\_CRD2\_HVM\_IBCAT4

Total available funding for this competition was £4.5M from Innovate UK

Note: These proposals have succeeded in the assessment stage of this competition. All are subject to grant offer and conditions being met.

Participant organisation names	Project title	Proposed project costs	Proposed project grant
	Enhancing the yield of industrial	£1,550,193	£1,122,193
University of Strathclyde	Actinomycete fermentations		

#### Project description - provided by applicants

Clavulanic acid (CA) is a beta-lactamase inhibitor able to potentiate the antibacterial activity ofpenicillins against otherwise resistant bacteria. It is the product of complex biological factories foundnaturally in Streptomyces clavuligerus, and is currently made industrially via fermentation using a strainthat has been through successive rounds of natural selection. Fermentation conditions and media arecarefully controlled and optimised to ensure maximum cell growth and CA production. A key condition ispH, which despite being controlled to ensure maximum cell productivity is conversely a major influenceon degradation kinetics of the unstable CA molecule once produced. The proposed work aims tocombine recent biological advances with industrial technologies to develop a strain and fermentationprocess designed to optimise yield while significantly reducing degradation. This project will provide abenchmark against which to judge the success of such an approach in an industrial environment.

Note: you can see all Innovate UK-funded projects here

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/innovate-uk-funded-projects Use the Competition Code given above to search for this competition's results

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Silversity of North	Translation of Step-changing Bioprocesses and Expression System Technologies for Next Generation Protein Biologics Production in CHO Cells	£1,675,281	£1,209,967

#### Project description - provided by applicants

Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells are the main production host for >US\$145billion/yr of proteinbiologics used as medicines for a range of diseases. The CHO platform is mature when considering production of monoclonal antibodies, but new format non-native molecules such as fusion proteins, antibody fragments and other exotic molecules remain difficult to express (DTE) in this, or any otherhost. This project builds upon proof of concept work demonstrating that engineering the CHO chassis, together with growth media manipulation, increases both the yield and quality of a number of DTE proteins that are in development for application to unmet clinical needs and diseases with no currenttreatments. The project will advance the technology readiness level of our preliminary findings beyond proof-of-concept to deliver the commercialization of new CHO cell systems for DTE proteins and associated bioprocesses ready for industrial application to produce these important new medicines.

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Participant organisation names	Project title	Proposed project costs	Proposed project grant
University of York University of Liverpool	Enzymic polymerisation, characterisation and market evaluation of a set of novel bioplastic co-polymers derived from renewable resources	£875,752	£740,450

#### Project description - provided by applicants

The environmental and social concerns surrounding the use of fossil fuels and food crops makelignocellulose a challenging but compelling target source of high value chemicals. Previous and ongoing IB Catalyst studies undertaken by Biome, the Centre for Process Innovation and the Universities of Leeds, Liverpool and Warwick have demonstrated the feasibility of a bioprocessfrom lignocellulose to polyester pre-cursors. This project will seek to use industrial biotechnology (namely catalysis using enzymes) to convert these precursors into a suite of highly functional polyesters and understand their properties and lifecycle benefits. It will be undertaken by aconsortium of Biome Technologies Ltd, the Universities of Liverpool and York. The project has the potential to advance the UK's knowledge and commercial position in the field of advanced bio-based materials.

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23 February 2016 3

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Participant organisation names	Project title	Proposed project costs	Proposed project grant
Pall Europe Ltd	UK Continuous, Integrated	£2,163,869	£1,437,419
Centre for Process Innovation Ltd	Biologics Manufacturing Project		
Allergan Biologics Ltd			
Fujifilm Diosynth Biotechnologies UK Ltd			
Medimmune Ltd			
GlaxoSmithKline PLC			

#### Project description - provided by applicants

As biopharma moves to the business mainstream, the industry will increasingly need to find new waysto maintain competitiveness by ensuring affordability, quality, and delivery performance. Continuous processes have been proposed as a solution as they are scalable, offer higher productivity with reducedrunning times and materials usage, and require smaller footprint and less capital intense facilities. The project brings together five leading biopharmaceutical companies with UK Operations, processtechnology suppliers and a Catapult centre to develop an automated continuous biologics purification unit for more efficient manufacture of a wide range of biologic drugs. The new unit will consist of integrated, multiple operations running concurrently.

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23 February 2016