

GP In Hours

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

Data to: 18 January 2015

21 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

In This Issue:

Key messages.

Diagnostic indicators at a glance.

GP practices and denominator population.

National syndromic indicators.

Notes and further information.

Appendix.

Key messages

Consultation rates for respiratory indicators including influenza-like illness, lower respiratory tract infection and pneumonia (figures 2, 5 & 6) decreased during week 3 except in the 1-4 years age group.

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period.

Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Levels 2/3 — Alert and readiness/Cold weather action http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level
Upper respiratory tract infection	decreasing	above baseline levels
Influenza-like illness	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Pharyngitis	decreasing	above baseline levels
Scarlet fever	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Lower respiratory tract infection	decreasing	above baseline levels
Pneumonia	decreasing	above baseline levels
Gastroenteritis	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Vomiting	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Diarrhoea	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Severe asthma	decreasing	above baseline levels
Wheeze	decreasing	above baseline levels
Allergic rhinitis	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Conjuctivitis	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Mumps	no trend	below baseline levels
Measles	no trend	below baseline levels
Rubella	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Pertussis	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Chickenpox	decreasing	below baseline levels
Herpes zoster	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Cellulitis	no trend	above baseline levels
Impetigo	no trend	similar to baseline levels

GP practices and denominator population:

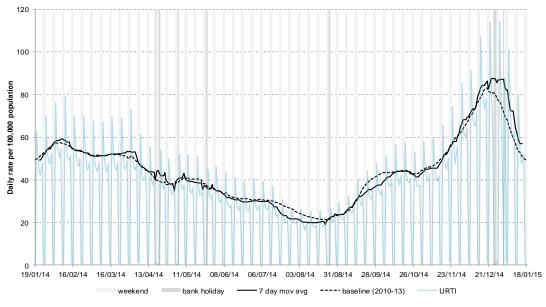
Year	Week	GP Practices Reporting**	Population size**
2015	3	4816	35.3 million

^{**}based on the average number of practices and denominator population in the reporting working week.



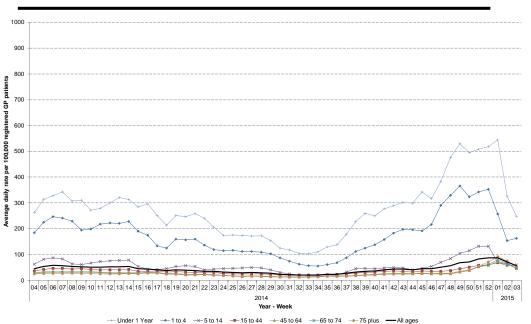
1: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



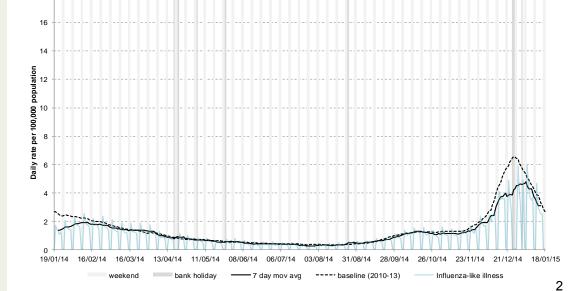
1a: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



2: Influenza-like illness (ILI)

Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

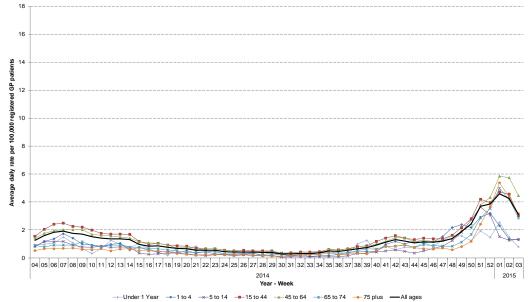


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



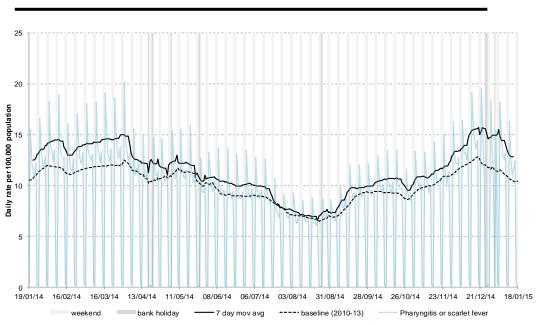
2a: Influenza-like illness (ILI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



3: Pharyngitis or scarlet fever

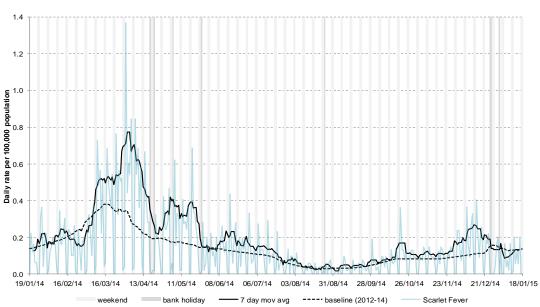
Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



4: Scarlet fever

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages, based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).

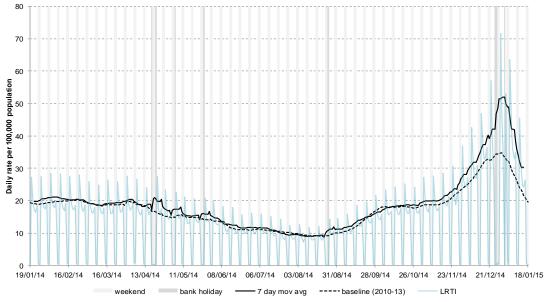
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





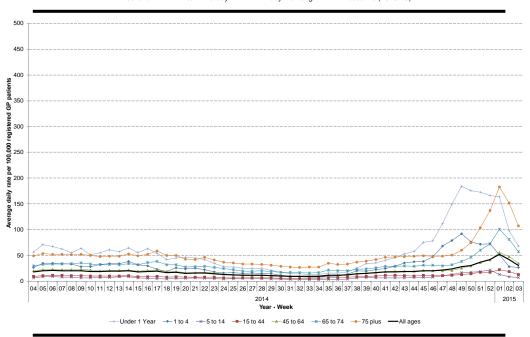
5: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



5a: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



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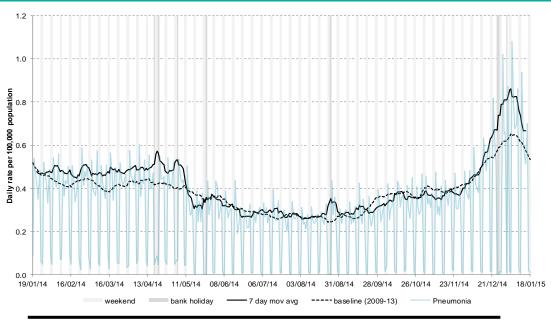
^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

GP In Hours

21 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

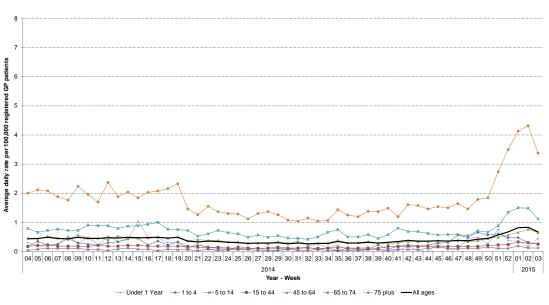
6: Pneumonia

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



6a: Pneumonia by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



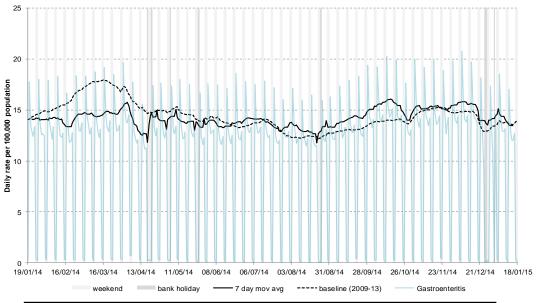
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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



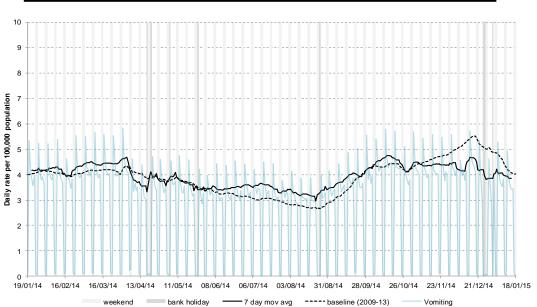
7: Gastroenteritis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



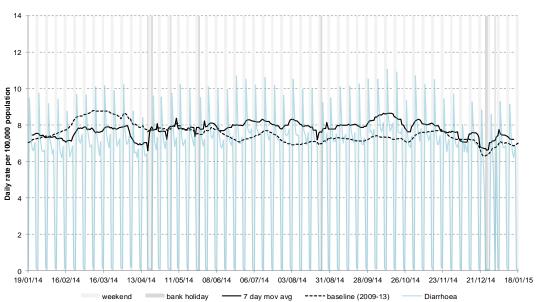
8: Vomiting

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



9: Diarrhoea

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



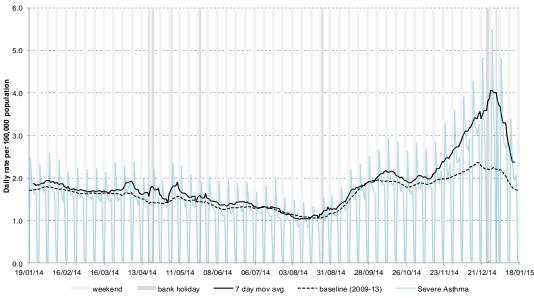
^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





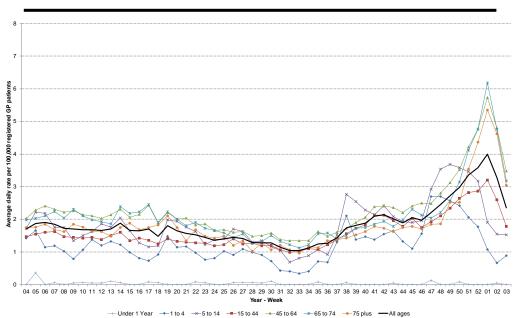
10: Severe asthma

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



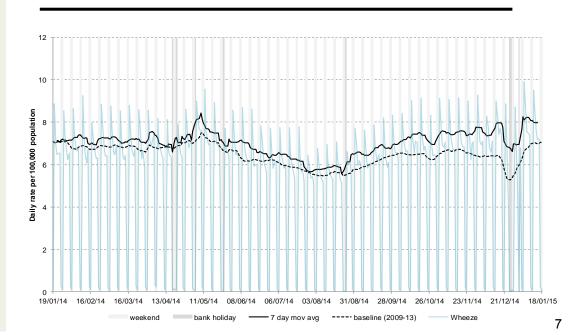
10a: Severe asthma by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



11: Wheeze

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

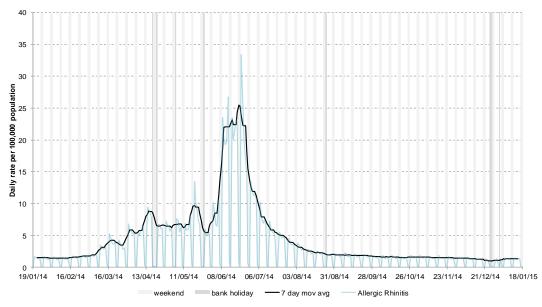


* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



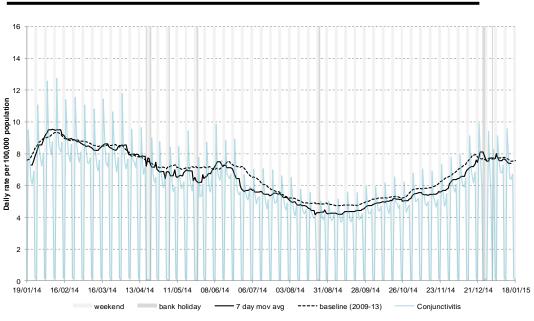
12: Allergic rhinitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



13: Conjunctivitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



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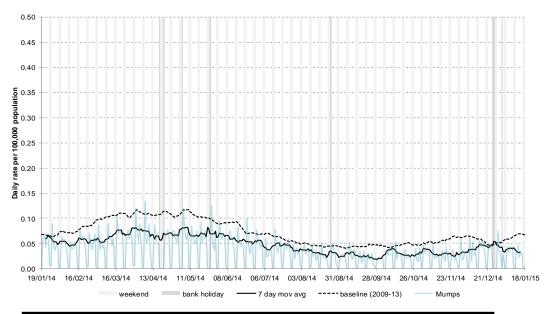
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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



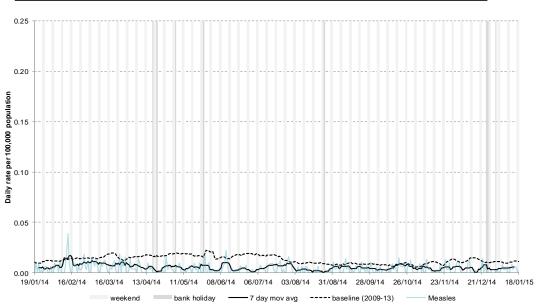
15: Mumps

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



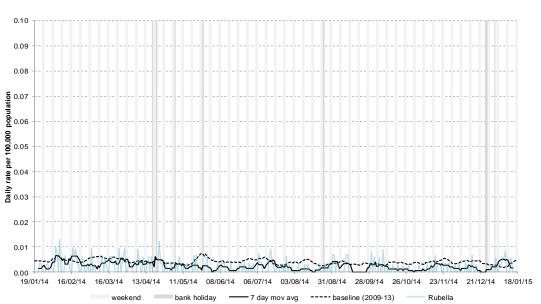
16: Measles

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



17: Rubella

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

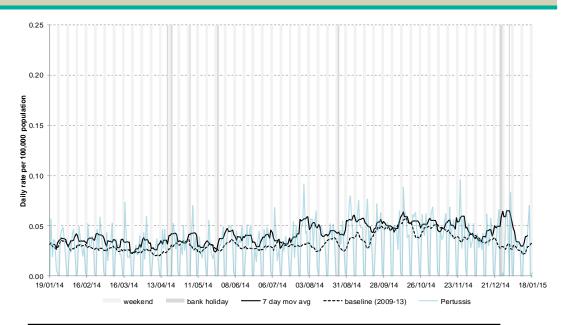


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



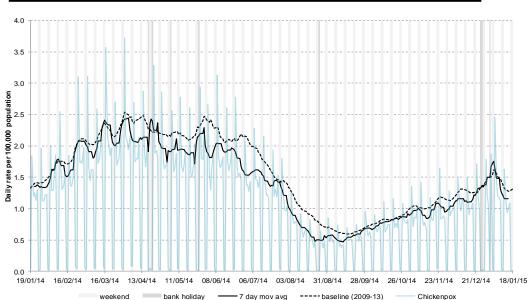
18: Pertussis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



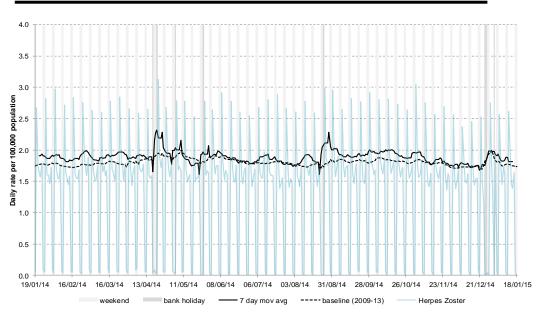
19: Chickenpox

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



20: Herpes zoster

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

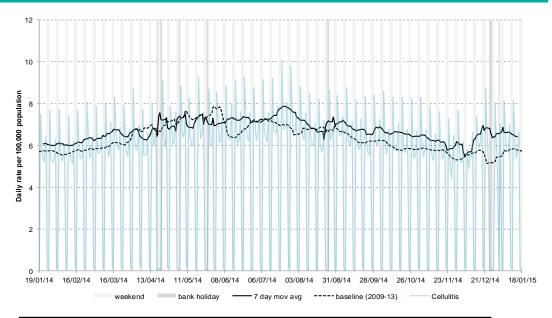


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



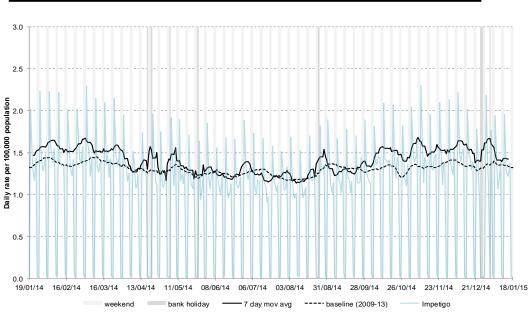
21: Cellulitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



22: Impetigo

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



23: Intentionally left blank

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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



Notes and further information

- The Public Health England GP in hours surveillance system is a syndromic surveillance system monitoring community-based morbidity recorded by GP practices.
- This system captures anonymised GP morbidity data from two GP clinical software systems, EMIS, from version 1 of the QSurveillance® database, and TPP SystmOne.
- Historic baselines are smoothed to remove bank holiday effects. Data from 2009 has been
 excluded for selected indicators which were affected by the H1N1 influenza pandemic. No
 baseline is currently included for allergic rhinitis.
- The appendix illustrates weekly GP in hours consultation data for influenza-like illness (ILI).
 Each PHE Centre is represented by a thematic map showing its constituent local authorities (LA) coloured according to the weekly consultation rate of ILI per 100,000 population. LAs where less than 5 cases of ILI have been reported are supressed and illustrated as no data.
- The maps on the following pages contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data © Crown copyright and database right 2014.

Acknowledgements:

We thank and acknowledge the University of Nottingham, ClinRisk® and the contribution of EMIS and EMIS practices. Data source: version 1 of the QSurveillance® database.

We thank TPP, ResearchOne and the SystmOne GP practices contributing to this surveillance system.

GP In Hours Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.

Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6th Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and <u>-analyses</u>

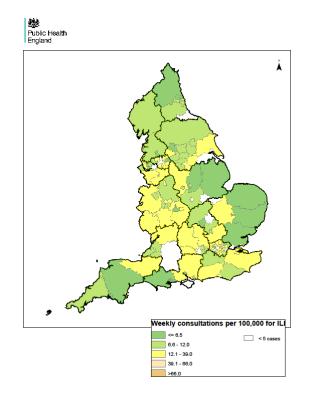
Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk

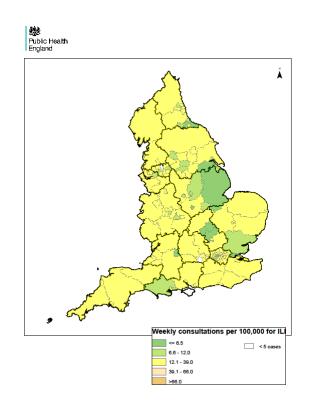
19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

England

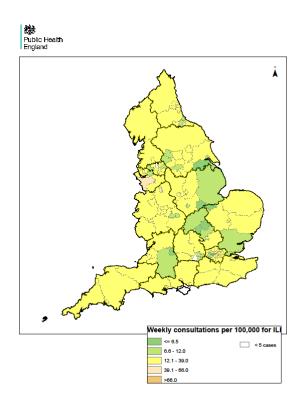
Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for England



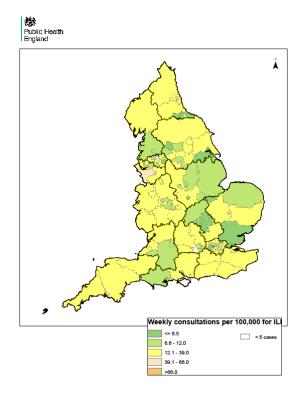




Week 2



Week 3

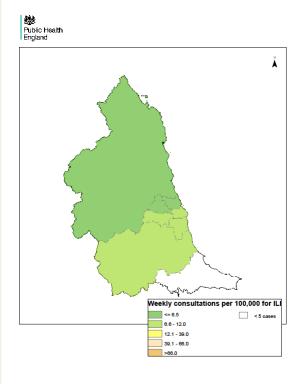


9 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

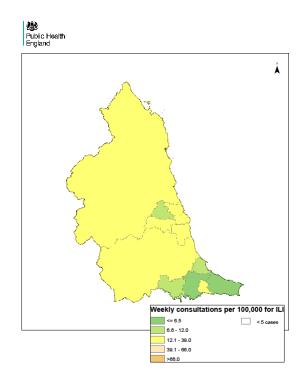
North East

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for North East PHE Centre

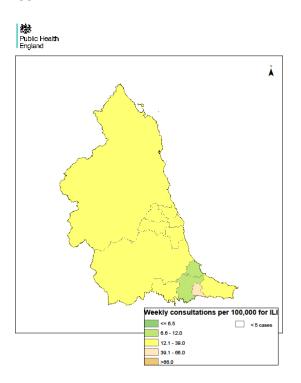




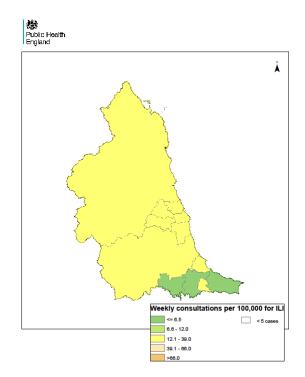
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

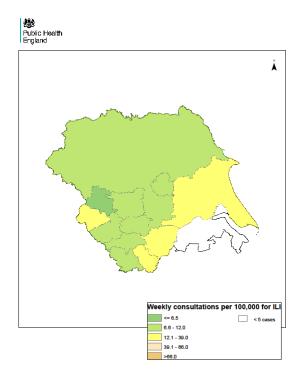


19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

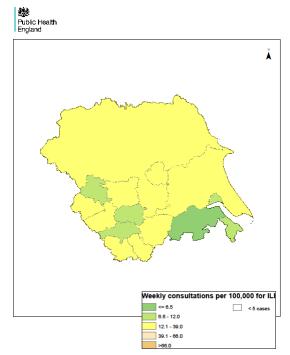
Yorkshire & Humber

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Yorkshire & Humber PHE Centre

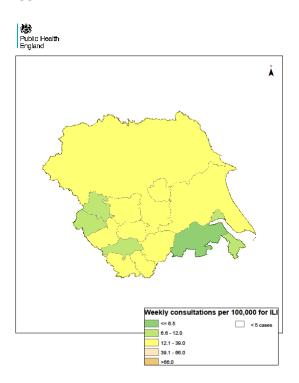
Week 52



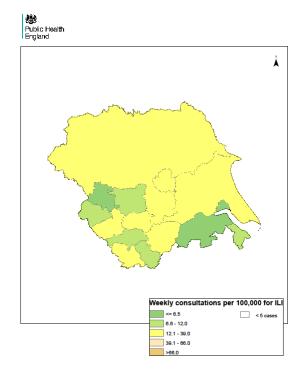
Week 1



Week 2



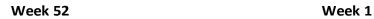
Week 3

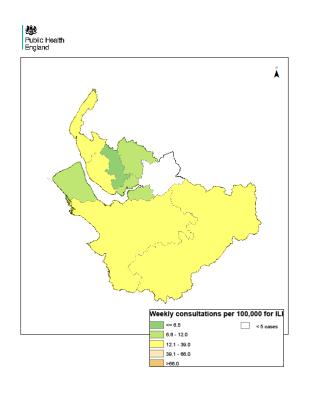


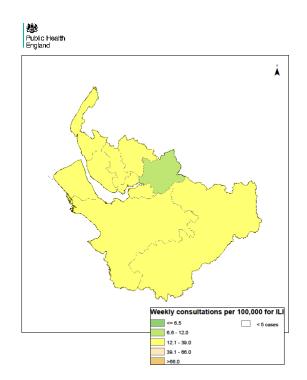
9 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

Cheshire & Merseyside

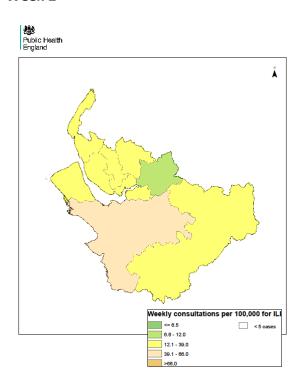
Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Cheshire & Merseyside PHE Centre



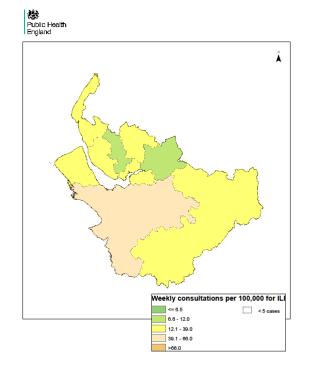




Week 2



Week 3

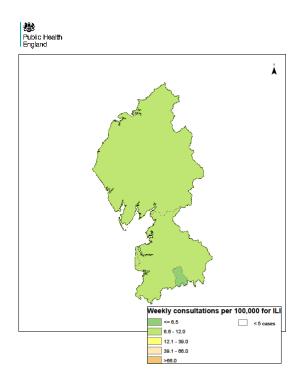


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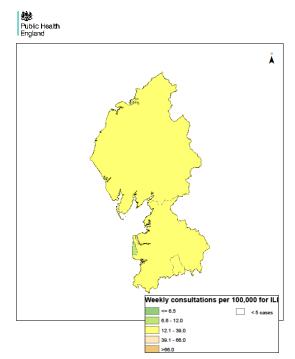
Cumbria & Lancashire

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Cumbria & Lancashire PHE Centre

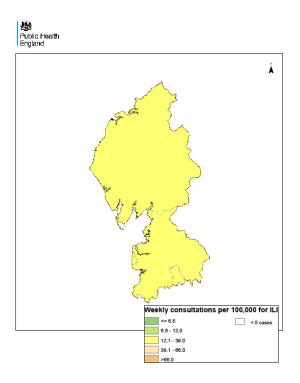
Week 52



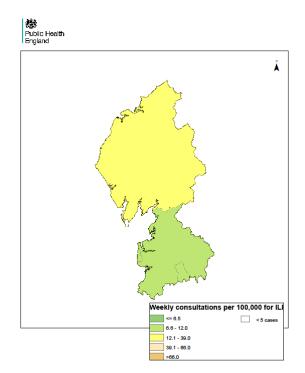
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

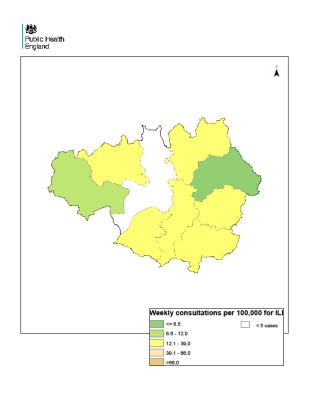


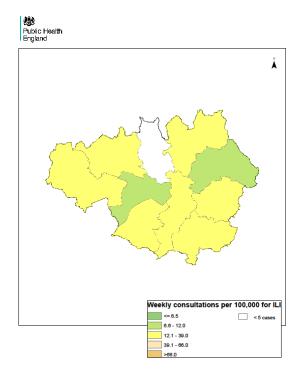
19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

5: Greater Manchester

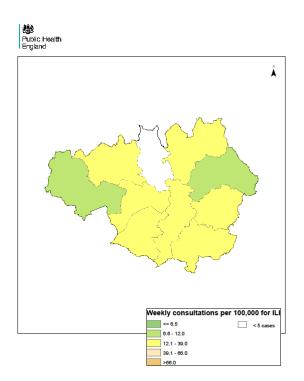
Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Greater Manchester PHE Centre



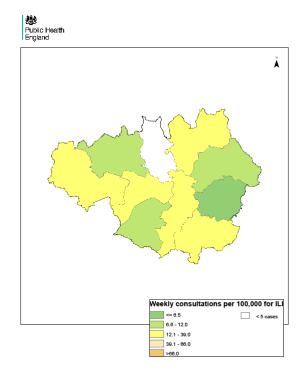




Week 2



Week 3

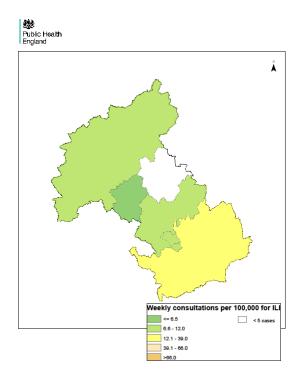


19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

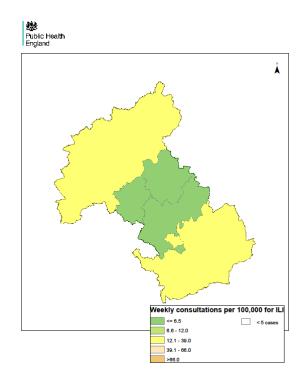
South Midlands & Hertfordshire

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for South Midlands & Hertfordshire PHE Centre

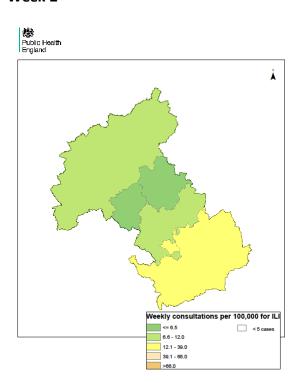




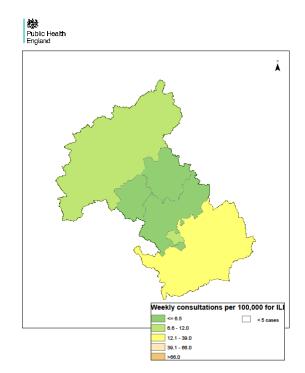
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

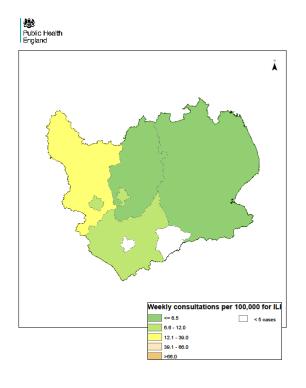


9 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

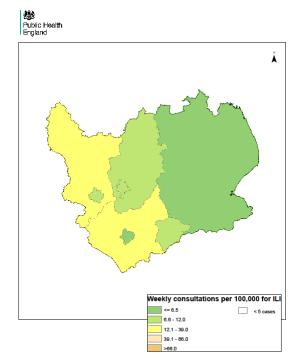
East Midlands

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for East Midlands PHE Centre

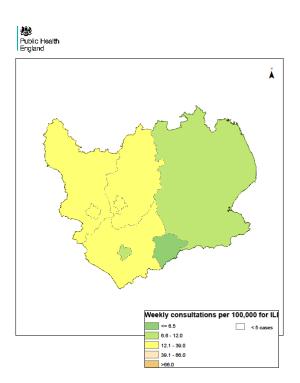




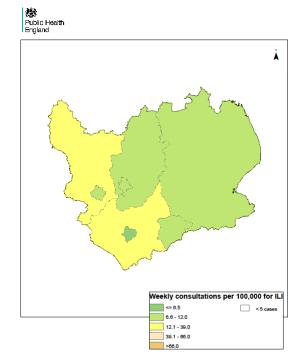
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

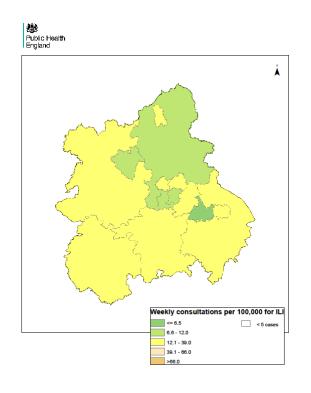


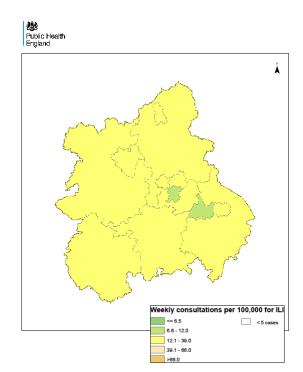
19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

West Midlands

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for West Midlands PHE Centre



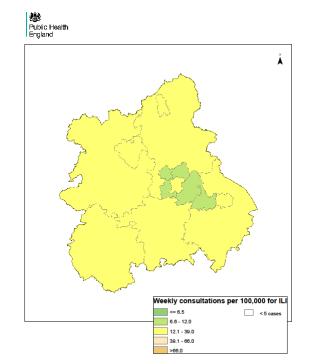




Week 2

Public Health England Weekly consultations per 100,000 for ILI = 6.5 = 6.5 = 6.120 = 12.1 39.0 = 99.1 - 69.0 = 99.1 - 69.0 = 99.1 - 69.0

Week 3

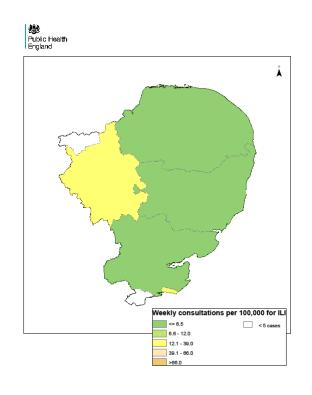


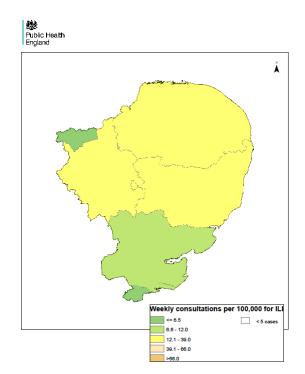
9 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

Anglia & Essex

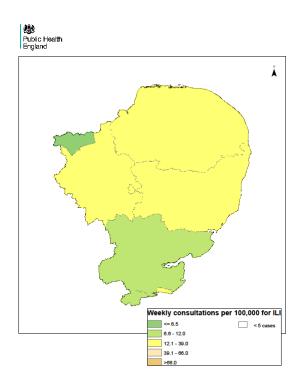
Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Anglia & Essex PHE Centre



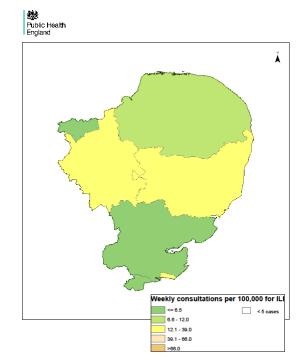




Week 2



Week 3



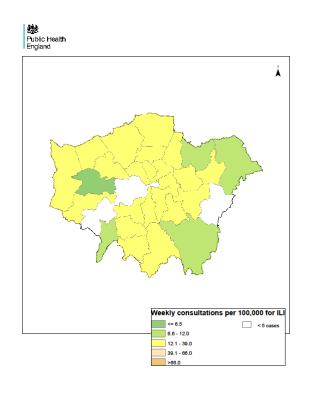
19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

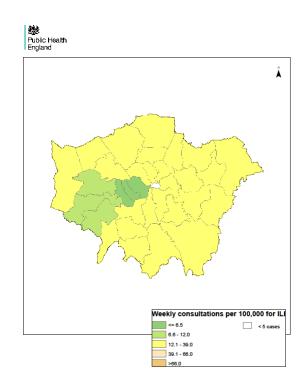
Week 1

London

Week 52

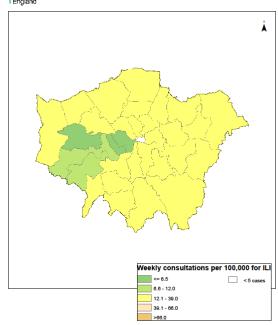
Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for London PHE Centre





Week 2

Public Health England



Week 3

Public Health England

Weekly consultations per 100,000 for ILL

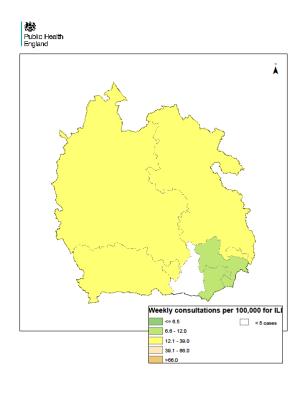
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- 39.1 - 96.0
- 39.1 - 96.0

19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

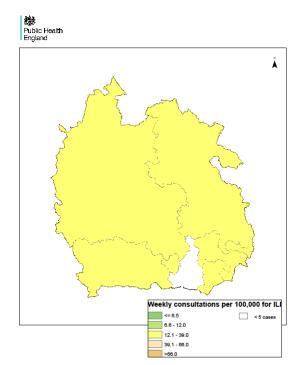
Thames Valley

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Thames Valley PHE Centre

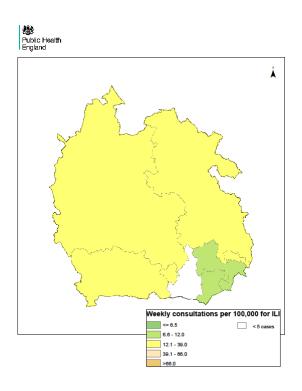




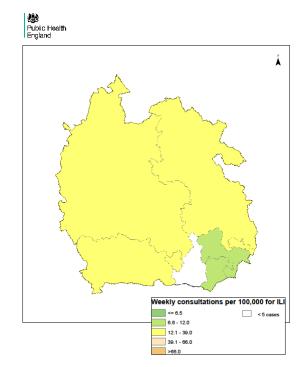
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

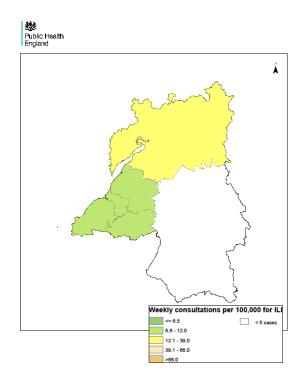


19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

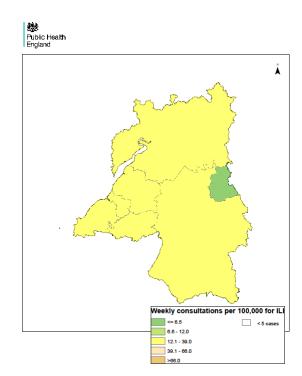
Avon, Gloucestershire & Wiltshire

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Avon, Gloucestershire & Wiltshire PHE Centre

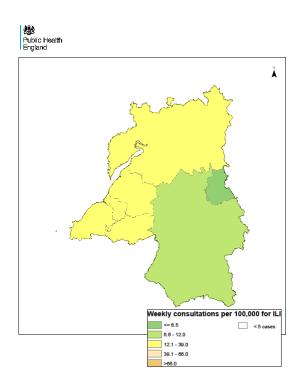




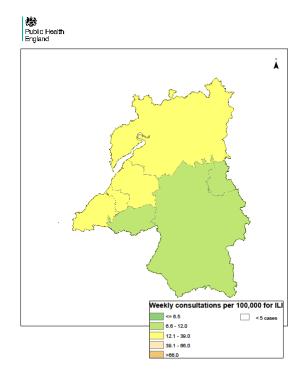
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

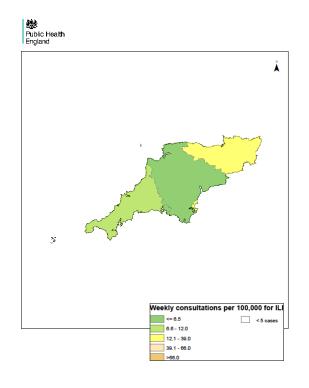


19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

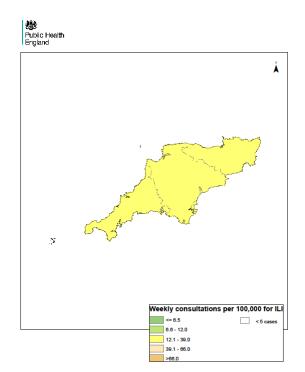
Devon, Cornwall & Somerset

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Devon, Cornwall & Somerset PHE Centre

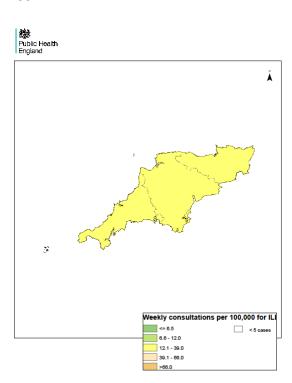
Week 52



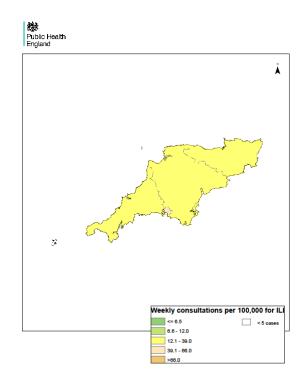
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

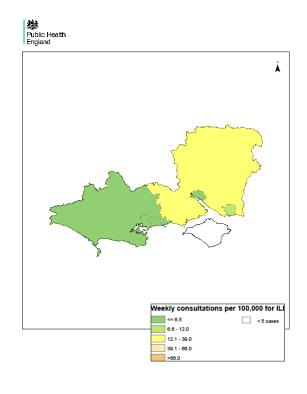


19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

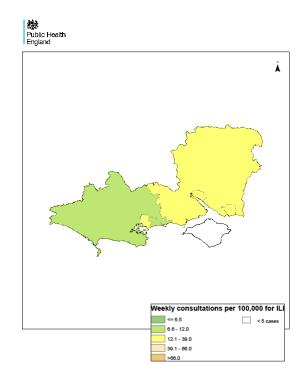
Wessex

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Wessex PHE Centre

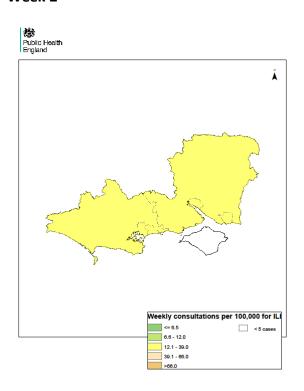




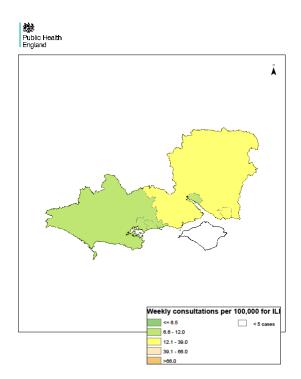
Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

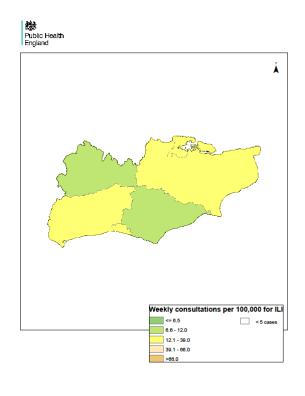


19 January 2015 Year: 2015 Week: 3

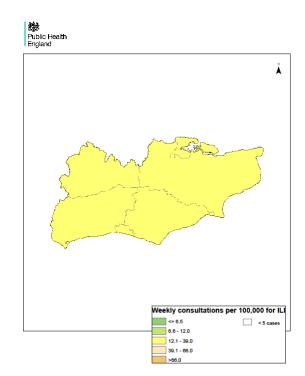
Kent, Surrey & Sussex

Weekly ILI consultation rate by LA for Kent, Surrey & Sussex PHE Centre

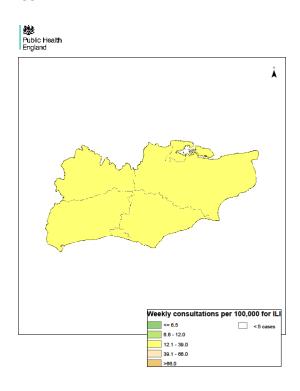




Week 1



Week 2



Week 3

