

GP In Hours

Data to: 08 May 2016

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

10 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

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Key messages

Respiratory indicators remained slightly above baseline levels during week 18.

Scarlet fever consultations were stable during week 18 but remain above seasonally expected levels (figure 4).

Consultations for allergic rhinitis increased during week 18 but are within levels expected for the time of year; rates are highest in the 5-14 years age group (figure 21-21a).

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level
Upper respiratory tract infection	increasing	above baseline levels
Influenza-like illness	decreasing	above baseline levels
Pharyngitis	increasing	above baseline levels
Scarlet fever	no trend	above baseline levels
Lower respiratory tract infection	increasing	above baseline levels
Pneumonia	decreasing	above baseline levels
Gastroenteritis	increasing	below baseline levels
Vomiting	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Diarrhoea	increasing	below baseline levels
Severe asthma	increasing	above baseline levels
Wheeze	no trend	above baseline levels
Conjunctivitis	increasing	below baseline levels
Mumps	no trend	below baseline levels
Measles	no trend	below baseline levels
Rubella	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Pertussis	increasing	above baseline levels
Chickenpox	no trend	below baseline levels
Herpes zoster	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Cellulitis	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Impetigo	increasing	above baseline levels
Allergic rhinitis	increasing	similar to baseline levels

GP practices and denominator population:

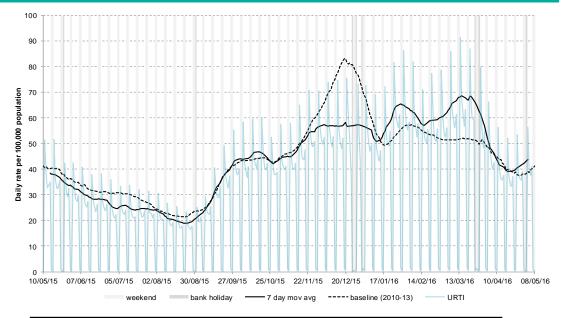
Year	Week	GP Practices Reporting**	Population size**
2016	18	4726	36.1 million

^{**}based on the average number of practices and denominator population in the reporting working week.



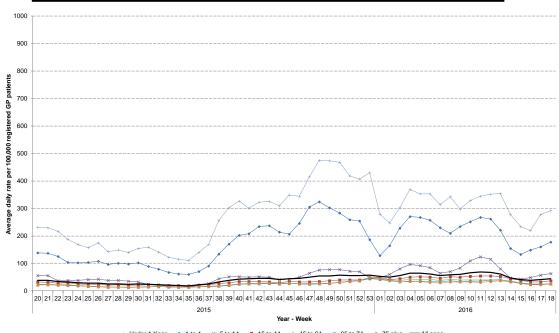
1: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



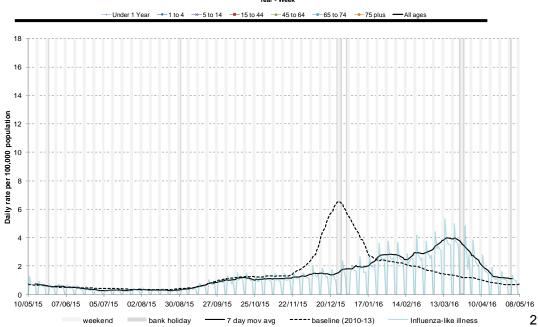
1a: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



2: Influenza-like illness (ILI)

Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

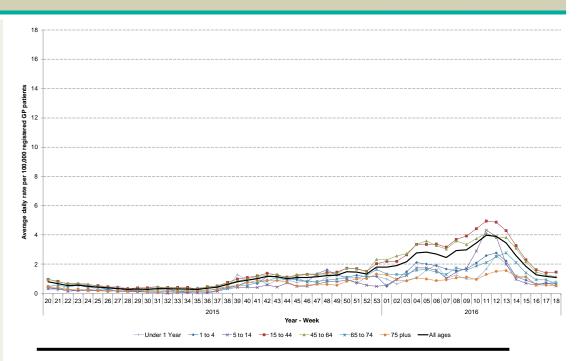






2a: Influenza-like illness (ILI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



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3: Pharyngitis or scarlet fever

Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



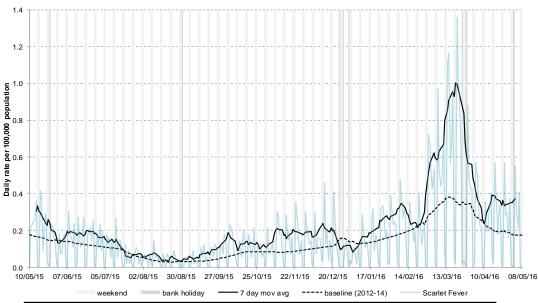


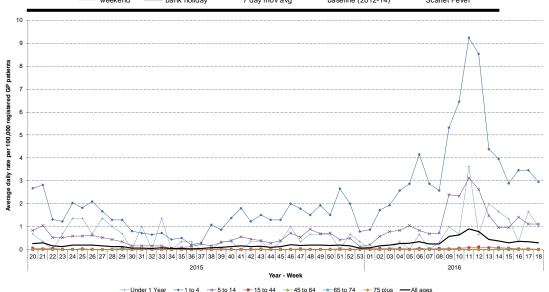
4: Scarlet fever

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).

4a: Scarlet fever by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England) based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).

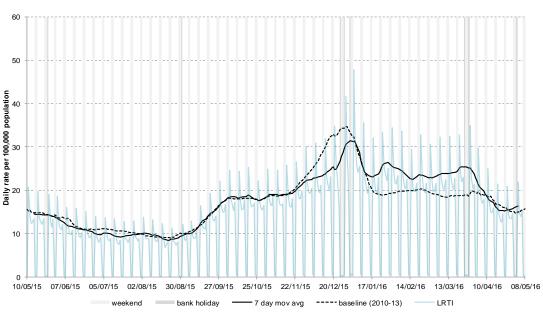




5: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI)

Daily incidence rate

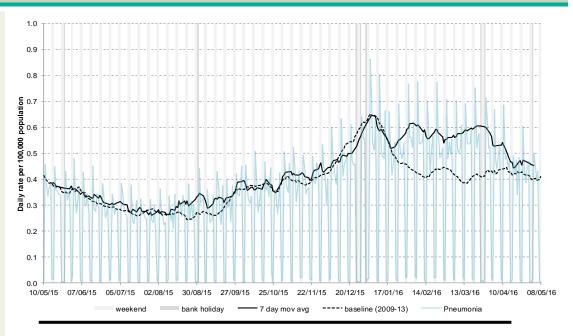
(and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England,





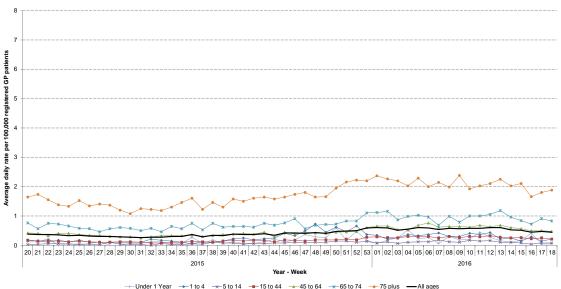
6: Pneumonia

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

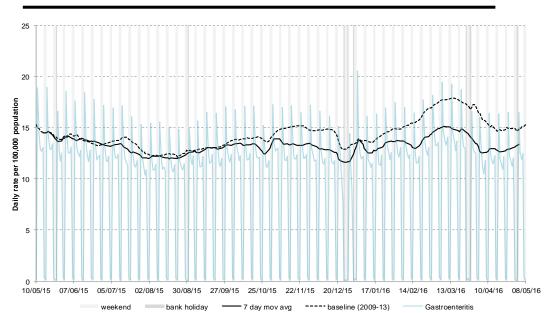


6a: Pneumonia by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



7: Gastroenteritis

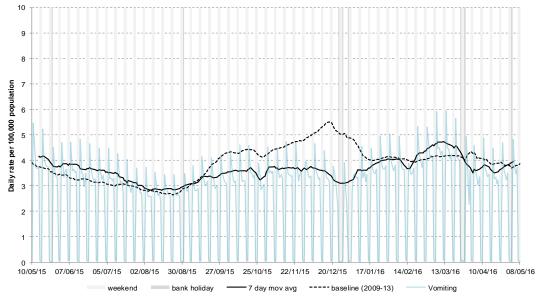


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



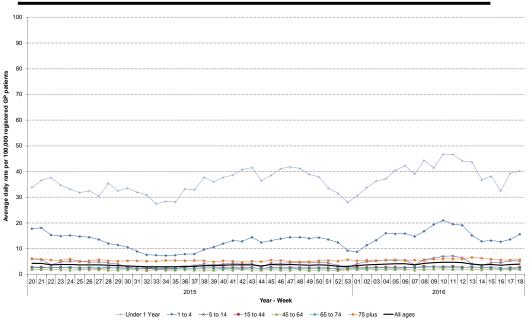
8: Vomiting

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

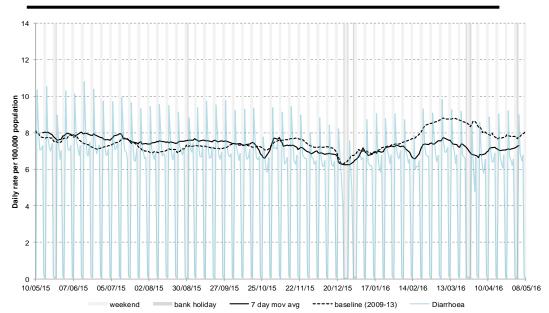


8a: Vomiting by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



9: Diarrhoea

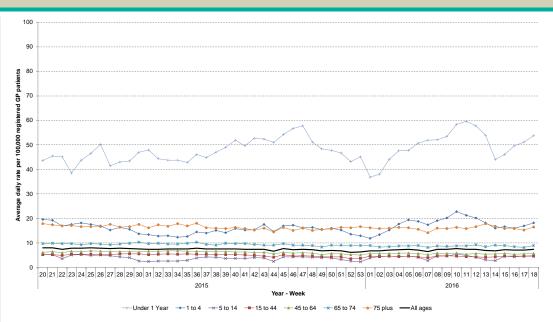


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



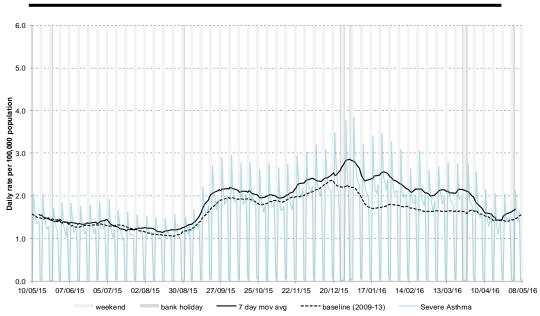
9a. Diarrhoea by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



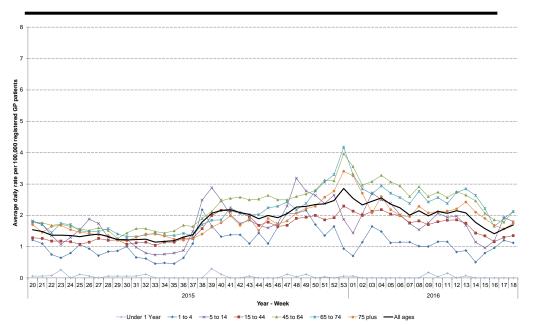
10: Severe asthma

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



10a: Severe asthma by age

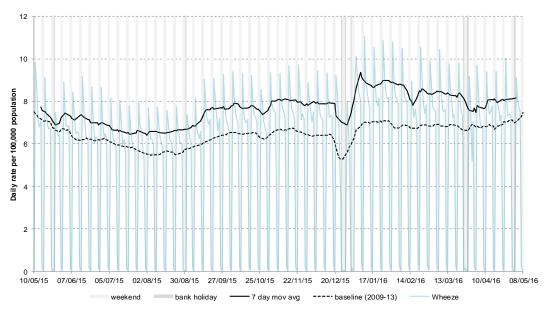
Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)





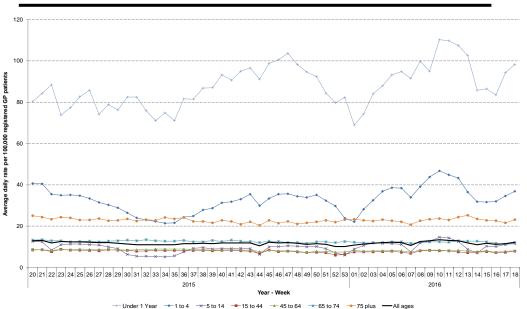
11: Wheeze

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

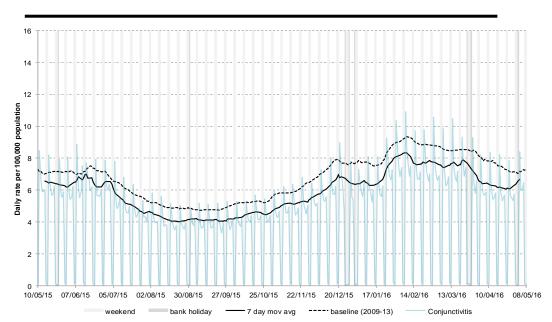


11a: Wheeze by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



12: Conjunctivitis

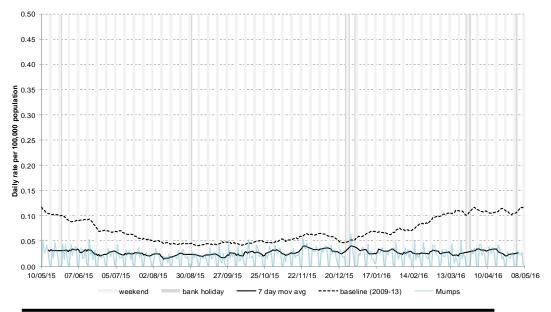


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



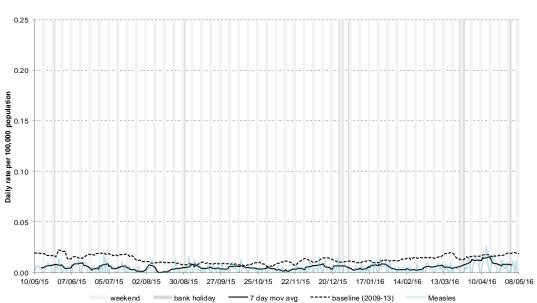
13: Mumps

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

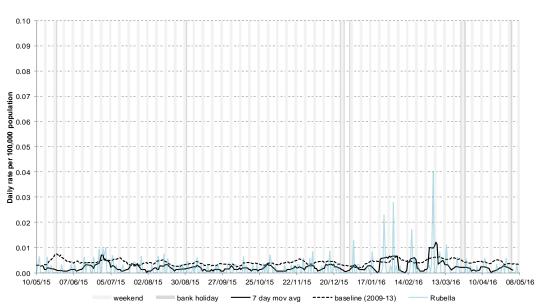


14: Measles

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



15: Rubella

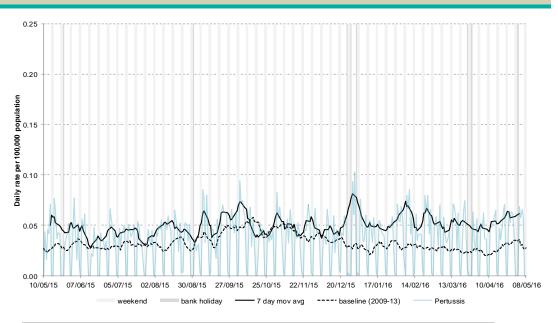


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



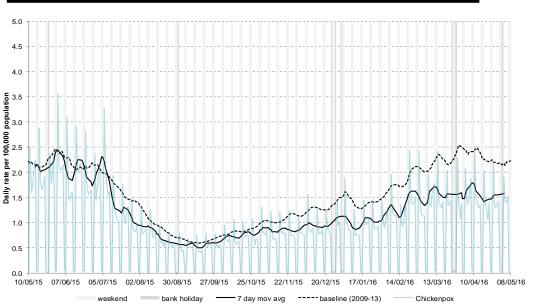
16: Pertussis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

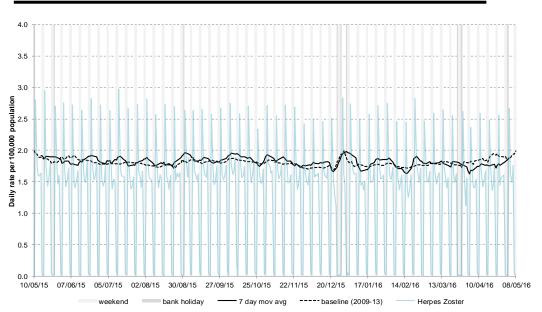


17: Chickenpox

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



18: Herpes zoster

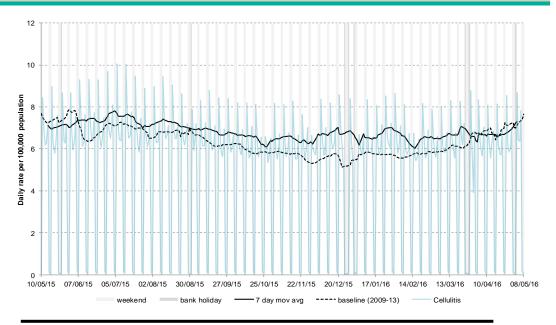


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



19: Cellulitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



20: Impetigo

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



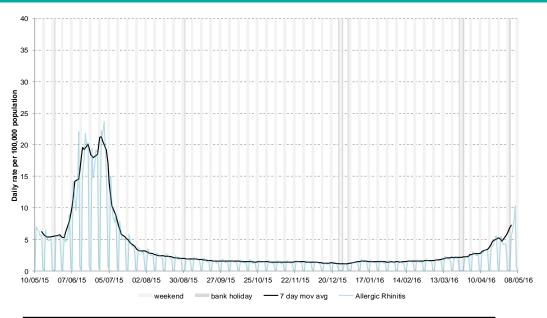
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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



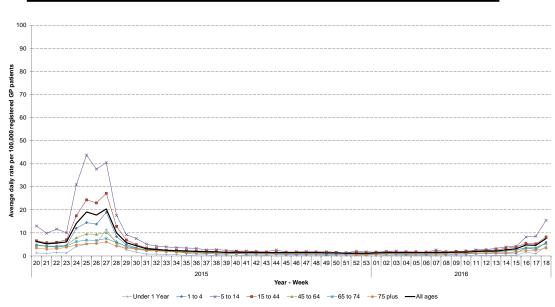
21: Allergic rhinitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



21a: Allergic rhinitis by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



Notes and further information

- The Public Health England GP in hours surveillance system is a syndromic surveillance system monitoring community-based morbidity recorded by GP practices.
- GP consultation data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.
- This system captures anonymised GP morbidity data from two GP clinical software systems, EMIS, from version 1 of the QSurveillance® database, and TPP SystmOne.
- Historic baselines are smoothed to remove bank holiday effects. Data from 2009 has been excluded for selected indicators which were affected by the H1N1 influenza pandemic. No baseline is currently included for allergic rhinitis.

Maps:

- From week 40 2015 the influenza-like illness thresholds illustrated in the bulletin appendix maps are calculated using the "Moving Epidemic Method" (MEM).¹ MEM is used as a standard methodology for setting influenza surveillance thresholds across Europe.²
- The ILI thresholds have been calculated separately for each of the nine PHE Centres to allow for structural differences between areas e.g. background rates are historically higher in London than other areas of England.
- The current ILI thresholds are based on six previous influenza seasons (excluding the 2009/10 H1N1 pandemic). In future, thresholds will be recalculated each year incorporating the latest season's data.
- The maps on the following pages contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data © Crown copyright and database right 2014.

Acknowledgements:

We thank and acknowledge the University of Nottingham, ClinRisk® and the contribution of EMIS and EMIS practices. Data source: version 1 of the QSurveillance® database.

We thank TPP, ResearchOne and the SystmOne GP practices contributing to this surveillance system.

GP In Hours Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.

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Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses

Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk

¹ Vega T et al. Influenza Other Respir Viruses. 2013;7(4):546-58.

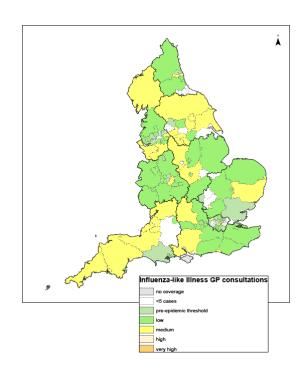
² Green HK et al. Epidemiol Infect. 2015;143(1):1-12.

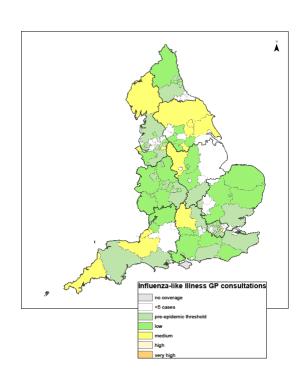
09 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

England

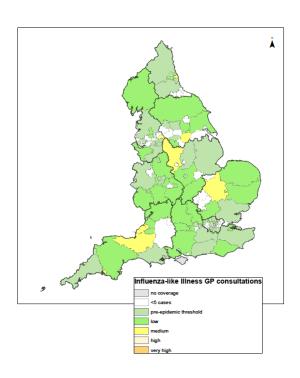
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (England)

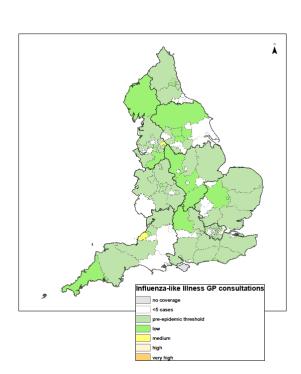






Week 17





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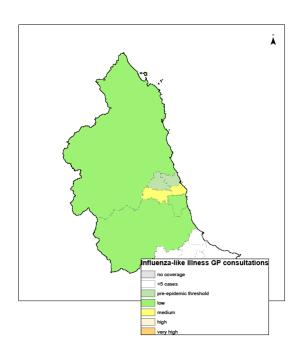
Week 18

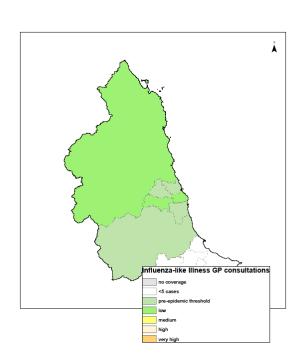
09 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

North East

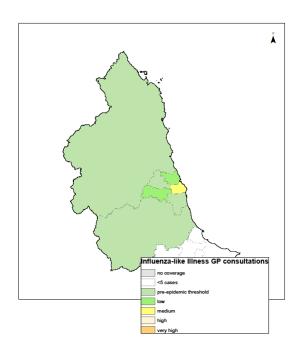
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (North East PHE Centre)

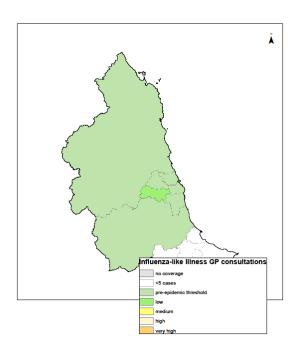
Week 15 Week 16





Week 17 Week 18



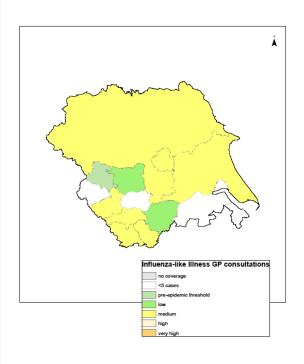


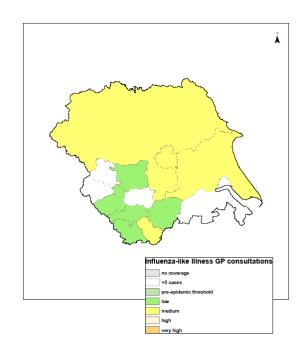
09 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

Yorkshire & Humber

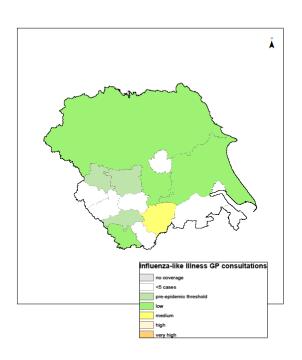
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (Yorkshire & Humber PHE Centre)

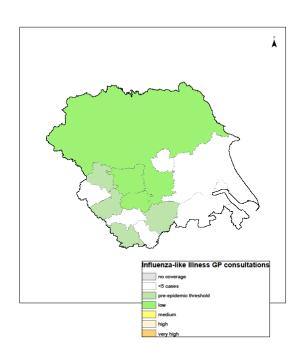
Week 15 Week 16





Week 17 Week 18



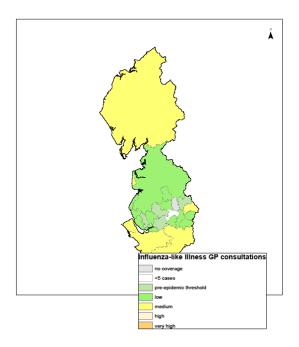


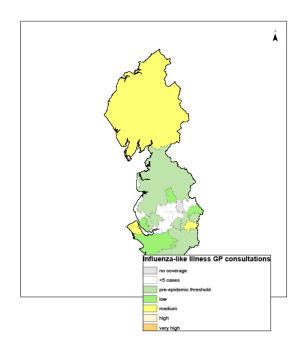
09 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

North West

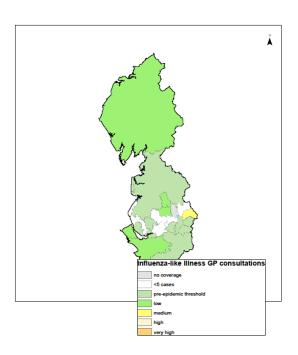
Week 15 Week 16

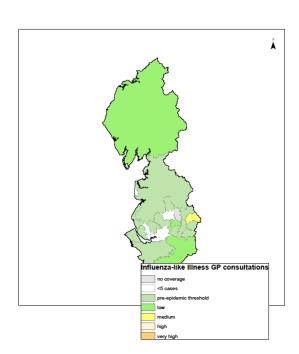
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (North West PHE Centre)





Week 17 Week 18



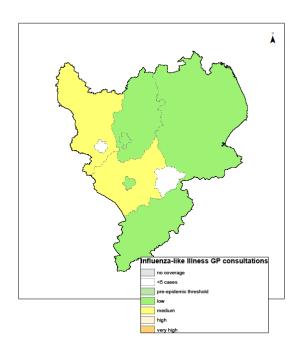


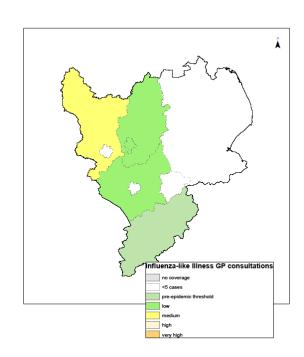
09 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

East Midlands

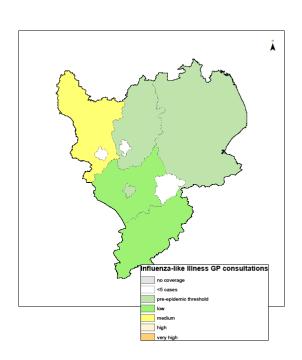
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (East Midlands PHE Centre)

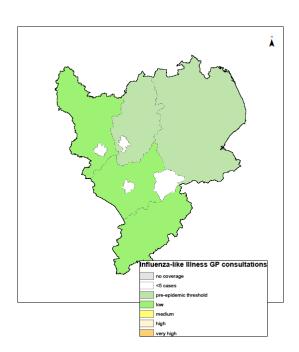






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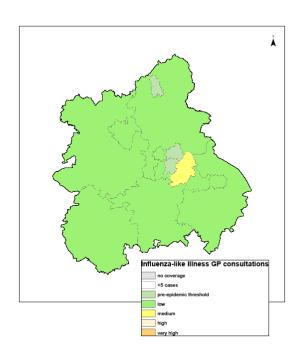


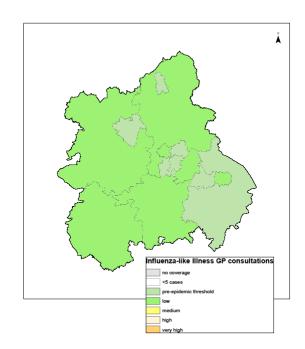
09 May 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 18

West Midlands

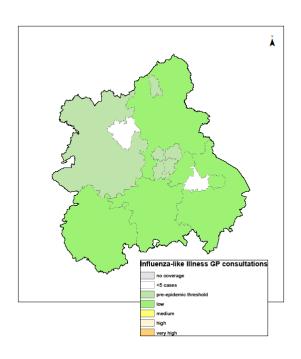
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (West Midlands PHE Centre)

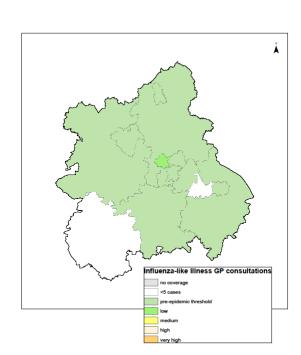






Week 17 Week 18



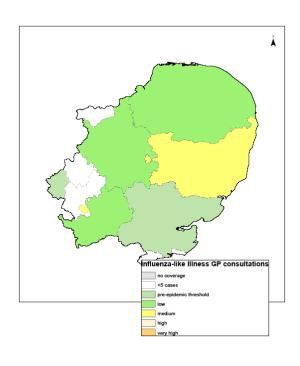


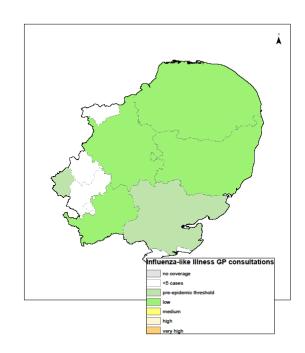
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East of England

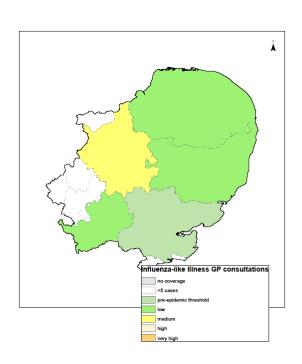
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (East of England PHE Centre)

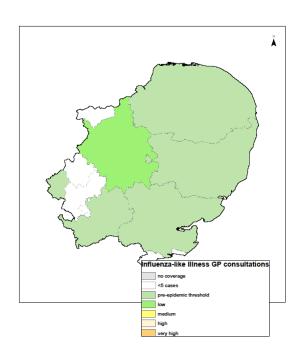






Week 17 Week 18





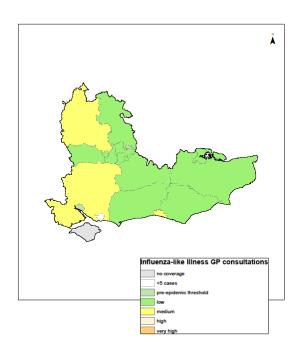
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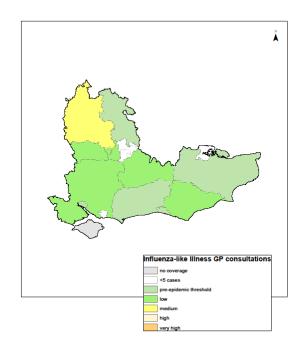
South East

Week 15

Week 16

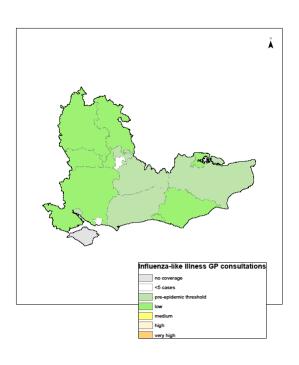
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (South East PHE Centre)

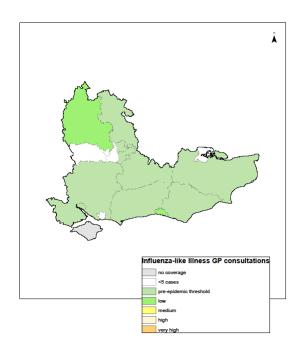




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Week 18



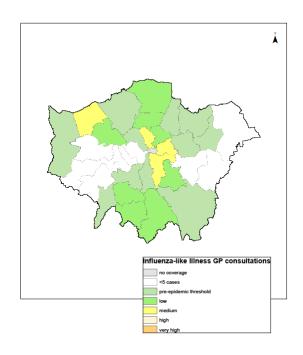


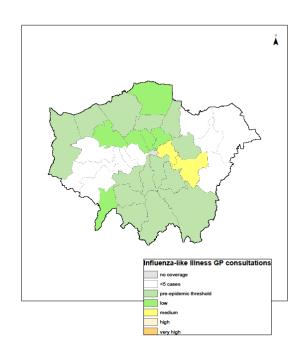
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London

Week 15 Week 16

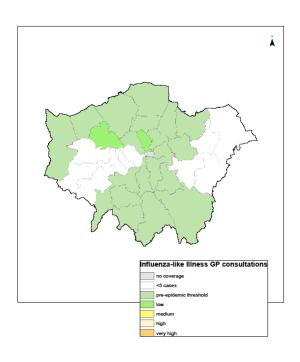
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (London PHE Centre)

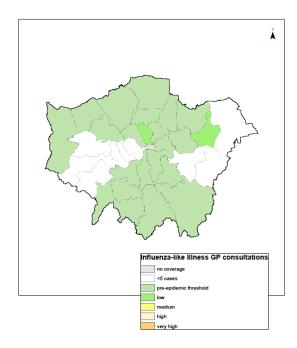




Week 17

Week 18





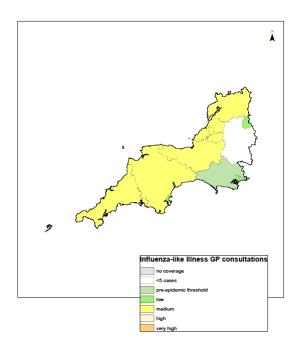
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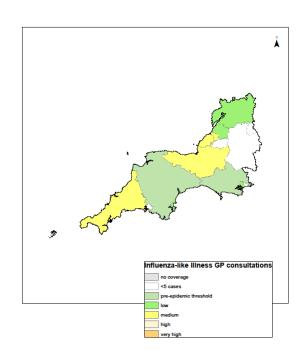
South West

Week 15

Week 16

Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (South West PHE Centre)





Week 17

Week 18

