Public Health England

GP OOHSS

GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System: England

09 August 2016

Year: 2016 Week: 31

In This Issue:

Key Messages. Weekly summary. Total contacts. Syndromic indicators. Notes and caveats. Further information. Acknowledgements.

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Number of contacts and percentage of Read coded contacts.

1: Total out-of-hours contacts:

Daily total number of out-of-hours and unscheduled contacts and 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays).

Key messages

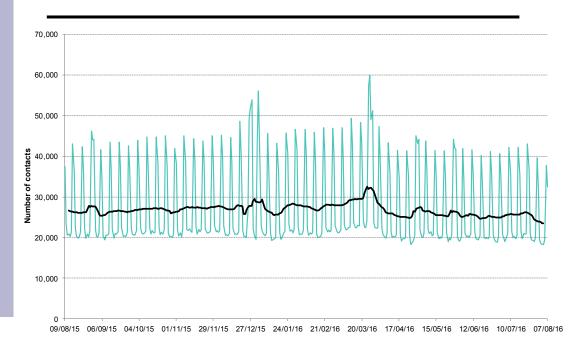
Data to: 07 August 2016

Gastroenteritis, diarrhoea and vomiting calls increased slightly in week 31, mainly in the under 1 year age group (figures 7 & 7a, 8 & 8a, and 9 & 9a).

A Heat-Health Watch system operates in England from 1 June to 15 September each year. As part of the Heatwave Plan for England, the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be routinely monitoring the public health impact of hot weather using syndromic surveillance data during this period. Heat-health watch level (current reporting week): Level 1 Summer preparedness http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/public/weather/heat-health/

Key indicator	No. of contacts	% Week 31	% Week 30	Trend*
All OOH contacts, all causes	164,332			
Acute respiratory infection	7,815	10.53	11.05	$\mathbf{+}$
Influenza-like illness	69	0.09	0.07	←→
Bronchitis/bronchiolitis	81	0.11	0.10	←→
Difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma	1,287	1.73	1.67	←→
Pharyngitis	60	0.08	0.09	←→
Gastroenteritis	3,022	4.07	4.10	1
Diarrhoea	826	1.11	1.09	^
Vomiting	1,063	1.43	1.36	^
Myocardial infarction	738	0.99	0.91	↑
Heatstroke	2	0.00	0.00	←→

*Trend: reports on the trend seen over previous weeks in the percentage of Read coded contacts.



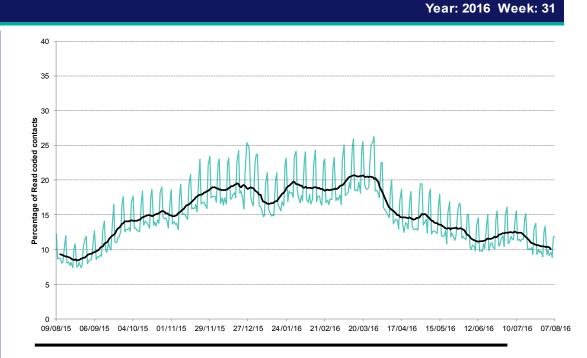
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2: Acute Respiratory Infection daily contacts.

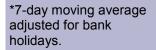
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

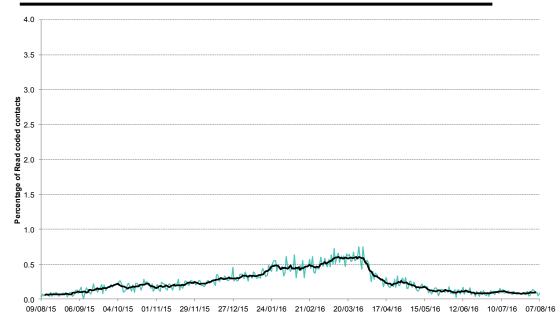


Intentionally left blank.

3: Influenza-like illness daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.





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4: Bronchitis/ bronchiolitis daily contacts.

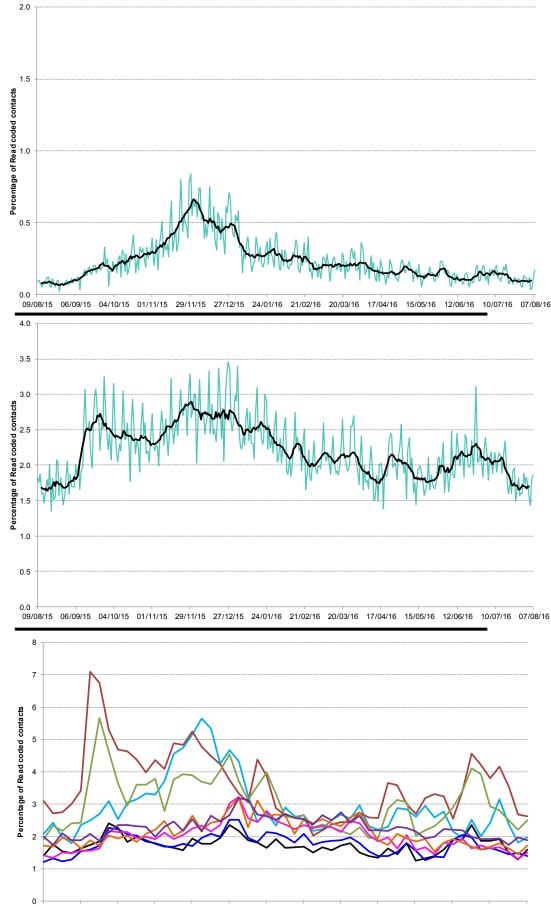
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

5: Difficulty breathing/ wheeze/asthma daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

5a: Difficulty breathing/wheeze/ asthma weekly contacts by age group.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



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6: Acute pharyngitis and persistent sore throat.

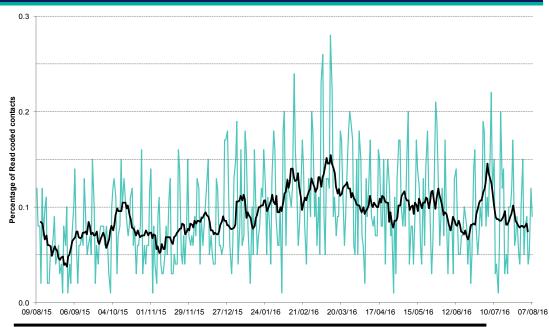
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

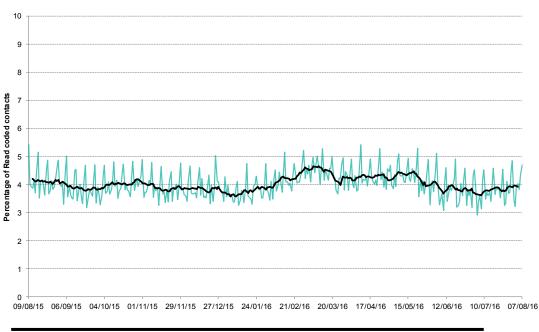
7: Gastroenteritis daily contacts

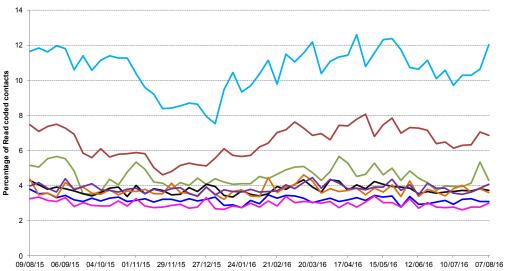
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

7a: Gastroenteritis weekly contacts by age group.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.







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8: Diarrhoea daily contacts.

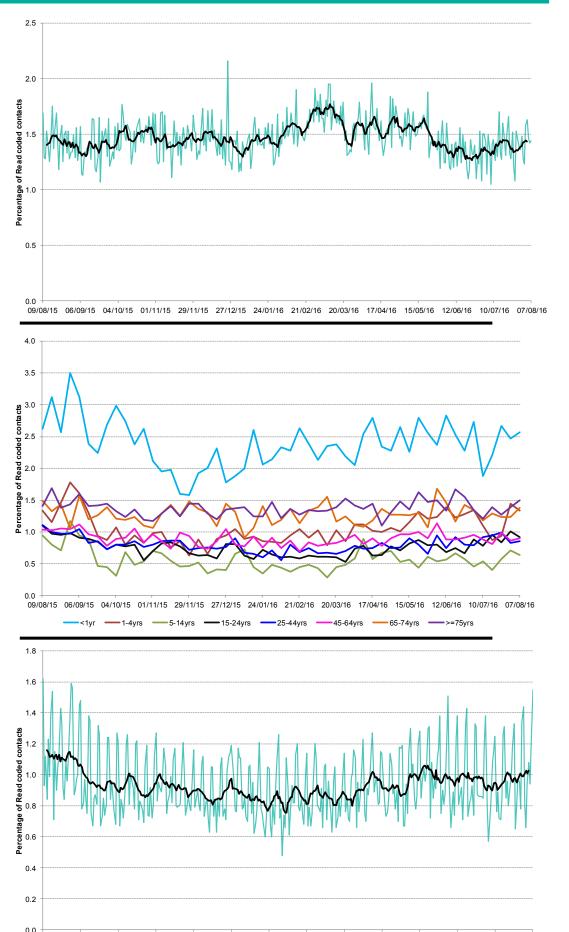
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

8a: Diarrhoea weekly contacts by age group.

9: Vomiting daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



09/08/15 06/09/15 04/10/15 01/11/15 29/11/15 27/12/15 24/01/16 21/02/16 20/03/16 17/04/16 15/05/16 12/06/16 10/07/16 07/08/16

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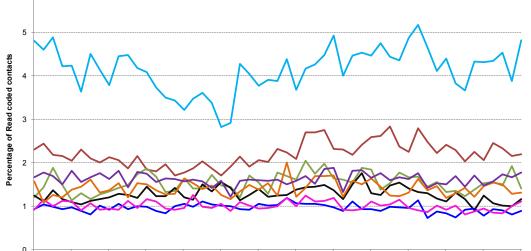
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9a: Vomiting weekly contacts by age group.

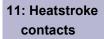
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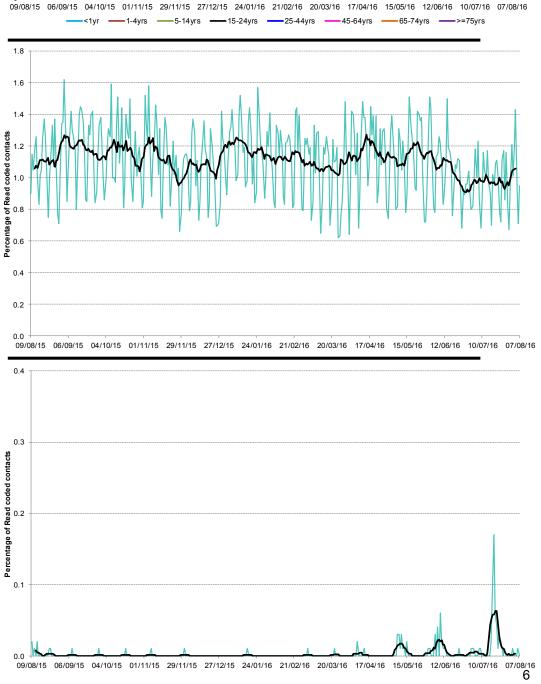
10: Myocardial Infarction daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.



Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



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Notes and caveats:	 This bulletin presents data from the Public Health England (PHE) GP Out-of- hours\Unscheduled Care Surveillance System (GP OOHSS).
	 Fully anonymised data from GP out-of-hours (OOH) and unscheduled care service providers in England are being transferred to the PHE for analysis and interpretation by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST).
	 This new system supplements existing PHE syndromic surveillance systems by monitoring data on general practitioner consultations outside of routine surgery opening times (evenings, weekends and bank holidays) and unplanned contacts within NHS primary care.
	• The key indicators presented within this bulletin are derived by grouping selected Read coded consultations.
	• GP OOH consultation data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.
Further information:	The GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System Bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:
	https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to Advanced Health and Care and the GP out-of-hours and unscheduled care service providers who have kindly agreed to participate in this system.
	PHE Out-of-Hours/Unscheduled Care Surveillance
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