

# Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

## The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010

---

Viridor Waste (Greater Manchester) Limited

Bredbury Parkway Household Waste Recycling Centre, Transfer Loading Station, In-Vessel Composting  
Facility and Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility  
Bredbury Parkway  
Bredbury  
Stockport  
Greater Manchester  
SK6 2QN

### **Variation application number**

EPR/DP3793LP/V009

### **Permit number**

EPR/DP3793LP

# **Bredbury Parkway Household Waste Recycling Centre, Transfer Loading Station, In-Vessel Composting Facility and Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility**

## **Permit number EPR/DP3793LP**

### **Introductory note**

#### **This introductory note does not form a part of the notice.**

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise of a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) was transposed in England and Wales by the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales)(Amendment) Regulations 2013 on 27 February 2013. This variation implements the changes brought about by the IED for “existing facilities operating newly prescribed activities” and completes the transition of this facility from a waste operation to an IED Installation.

The Environmental Permit authorises the holder to operate a Household Waste Recycling Centre, Transfer Loading Station, In-Vessel Composting Facility, Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility at Bredbury Parkway, Bredbury, Stockport.

The following activities at the facility were previously permitted as installation activities:

- Section 5.5 Part A(1)(a) – making solid fuel (other than charcoal) from waste by any process involving the use of heat.
- Section 5.4 Part A(1)(a)(i) – disposal of non-hazardous waste by biological treatment with a capacity exceeding 50 tonnes per day.
- Section 5.4 Part A(1)(a)(ii) – disposal of non-hazardous waste by physico-chemical treatment exceeding 50 tonnes per day.

This permit replaces all previous variations and brings the In-Vessel Composting Facility which can currently accept up to 72,000 tonnes of biodegradable waste a year, in line with the IED by permitting it as an installation:

- Section S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) - Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving biological treatment.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

<b>Status log of the permit</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Waste Disposal Licence No RD/LIC/258/82 issued EAWML 53937	05/04/83	Original permit issued to Waste Treatment Limited
RD/LIC/258/82/M1 Modified	15/03/85	
RD/LIC/258/82/M2 Modified	20/04/88	.
RD/LIC/258/82/M3 Modified	04/01/89	
RD/LIC/258/82/M4 Modified	20/04/90	
WML/0258/M05/T01 Modified	04/08/97	Modification and transfer of Licence to Greater Manchester Waste Limited
Variation issued EPR/DP3793LP/V003 EAWML 53937	20/05/09	Change of permit holders name to Viridor Waste (Greater Manchester) Limited
Variation issued EPR/DP3793LP/V004	11/01/10	
Variation issued EPR/DP3793LP/V002	18/06/10	
Variation issued EPR/DP3793LP/V005	21/06/11	
Variation application EPR/DP3739LP/V006	Duly Made 14/06/12  26/06/12	Application to increase the annual maximum quantity of waste permitted for treatment via the IVC facility to 72,000 tonnes and to add biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste to the list of permitted wastes. Administrative variation to add ewc 19 12 12 - other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of waste other than those mentioned in 19 12 11 - to schedule 2, Tables S2.2 and S2.5
Variation determined EPR/DP3739LP/V006	12/07/12	Variation issued to Viridor Waste (Greater Manchester) Limited
Agency variation determined EPR/DP3739LP/V007	29/05/13	Agency variation to implement the changes introduced by IED
Variation application EPR/DP3739LP/V008	Duly made 12/07/13	Administrative variation to add 3 EWCs to table S2.2.
Variation determined EPR/DP3739LP/V008	29/08/13	Varied permit issued.
Application EPR/ DP3739LP/V009 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 15/09/14	Application to vary and update the permit to modern conditions.
Variation determined EPR/DP3739LP /V009 EAWML 53937 (Billing ref: KP3136WX)	25/05/16	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern condition format.

End of introductory note

# Notice of variation and consolidation

## The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 varies and consolidates

### Permit number

EPR/DP3793LP

### Issued to

**Viridor Waste (Greater Manchester) Limited** (“the operator”)

whose registered office is

**Peninsula House**

**Rydon Lane**

**Exeter**

**Devon**

**EX2 7HR**

company registration number 02705057

to operate a regulated facility at

**Bredbury Parkway Household Waste Recycling Centre, Transfer Loading Station, In-Vessel Composting Facility and Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility**

**Bredbury Parkway**

**Bredbury**

**Stockport**

**Greater Manchester**

**SK6 2QN**

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 25/05/2016

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	25/05/2016

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

## **Schedule 1**

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of the application made by the operator.

## **Schedule 2 – consolidated permit**

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

# Permit

## The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

### Permit number

**EPR/DP3793LP**

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/DP3793LP/V009 authorising,

**Viridor Waste (Greater Manchester) Limited** (“the operator”),

whose registered office is

**Peninsula House  
Rydon Lane  
Exeter  
Devon  
EX2 7HR**

company registration number 02705057

to operate an installation at

**Bredbury Parkway Household Waste Recycling Centre, Transfer Loading Station, In-Vessel Composting Facility and Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility  
Bredbury Parkway  
Bredbury  
Stockport  
Greater Manchester  
SK6 2QN**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	25/05/2016

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

# Conditions

## 1 Management

### 1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
  - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

### 1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A16) the operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
  - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
  - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

### 1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A16) the operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
  - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
  - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
  - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

### 1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
  - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
  - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

- 1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

## **2 Operations**

### **2.1 Permitted activities**

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the “activities”).
- 2.1.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A16) waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

### **2.2 The site**

- 2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

### **2.3 Operating techniques**

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation (“plan”) specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
- (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 tables S2.2, S2.3, S2.4 and S2.5; and
  - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
- 2.3.5 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
- (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
  - (b) the composition of the waste;
  - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
  - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
  - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.

### **2.4 Improvement programme**

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.



- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

### **3 Emissions and monitoring**

#### **3.1 Emissions to water, air or land**

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

#### **3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits**

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
  - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

#### **3.3 Odour**

- 3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
  - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

#### **3.4 Noise and vibration**

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any

approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.

3.4.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
- (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.5 Monitoring**

3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:

- (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1 and S3.2;
- (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.3;
- (c) bioaerosols monitoring specified in table S3.4

3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.

3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1 and S3.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.6 Pests**

3.6.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.

3.6.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
- (b) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.7 Fire prevention**

3.7.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.

3.7.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
- (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

## **4 Information**

### **4.1 Records**

4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:

- (a) be legible;
- (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
- (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
- (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
  - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
  - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.

4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **4.2 Reporting**

4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A16) a report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:

- (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
- (b) the annual production/treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
- (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.

4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:

- (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
- (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
- (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.

4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report

assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.

- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.

### 4.3 Notifications

- 4.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A16), in the event:
- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
    - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
    - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
    - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
  - (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
    - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
    - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
  - (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A17 to A19), the Environment Agency shall be notified without delay following the detection of:
- (a) any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution;
  - (b) the breach of a limit specified in the permit; or
  - (c) any significant adverse environmental effects.
- 4.3.4 Any information provided under condition 4.3.3 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.5 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:
- Where the operator is a registered company:
- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
  - (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (c) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (d) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (e) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (f) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (g) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.

4.3.7 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:

- (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
- (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.

4.3.8 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.

4.3.9 Where the operator has entered into a climate change agreement with the Government, the Environment Agency shall be notified within one month of:

- (a) a decision by the Secretary of State not to re-certify the agreement;
- (b) a decision by either the operator or the Secretary of State to terminate the agreement; and
- (c) any subsequent decision by the Secretary of State to re-certify such an agreement.

## **4.4 Interpretation**

4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.

4.4.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A16) in this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

4.4.3 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A17 to A19), in this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "without delay", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

# Schedule 1 – Operations

<b>Table S1.1 Activities</b>			
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations</b>	<b>Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations</b>	<b>Limits of specified activity and waste types</b>
A1 IVC	S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving biological treatment.	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From receipt of waste through to composting and recovery of by-products.  Composting of waste under aerobic conditions in closed composting reactors or in closed vessels/buildings fitted with appropriate odour abatement.  Stabilisation of waste shall take place in bunkers located indoors.  Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
A2	S5.5 A(1)(a) Making solid fuel (other than charcoal) from waste by any process involving the use of heat	-	From material entering and exiting the dryer.
A3 MBT	5.4A(1)(a)(i) Disposal of non-hazardous waste in a facility with a capacity of more than 50 tonnes per day by biological treatment	D8 Biological treatment not specified elsewhere... which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1 to D7 and D9 to D12.	From receipt of waste into the hydrolysis tank to digestate exiting the drier.  Biological treatment of process water.
A4 MBT	5.4A(1)(a)(ii) Disposal of non-hazardous waste in a facility with a capacity of more than 50 tonnes per day by physicochemical treatment	D9 Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere... which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1 to D8 and D10 to D12. (for example evaporation, drying, calcination etc)	Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.3.
<b>Directly Associated Activity</b>			
A5	Storage of waste pending recovery or disposal (DAA to A1-, A4)	R13: Storage of waste pending the R3 operation (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is	From the receipt of waste to despatch for composting or despatch off site for recovery and/or disposal.

<b>Table S1.1 Activities</b>			
		produced)	<p>Storage of waste in an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2 and S2.3</p>
A6	Physical treatment for the purposes of recycling (DAA to A1- A4)	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	<p>From the receipt of waste to despatch for composting or despatch off site for recovery.</p> <p>Pre-treatment of waste prior to composting in an enclosed building and on an impermeable with sealed drainage surface including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration.</p> <p>Post-treatment of processed compost in an enclosed building and on an impermeable surface including screening to remove contraries.</p> <p>Post-treatment of digestate in an enclosed building and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system, including screening to remove contraries, centrifuge or pressing and addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying</p> <p>Heat treatment (pasteurisation) for the purpose of recovery.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2 and S2.3</p>
A7	Raw material storage	Storage of raw materials including lubrication oil, diesel, odour control chemicals, antifreeze, activated carbon.	From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility.

<b>Table S1.1 Activities</b>			
A8	Compost storage (DAA to A1)	Storage of processed compost in an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface.	From the receipt of processed compost produced at the facility to despatch for use off-site.  Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2
A9	Solid Fuel Storage (DAA to A2)	Storage of solid fuel	From the receipt of solid fuel produced at the facility for use at the facility or despatch off site.
A10	Process water collection and storage	Collection and storage of compost liquor/leachate in the storage tanks.	From the receipt of compost leachate produced at the facility to despatch for treatment at the facility or despatch off site for recovery or disposal.
A11	Burning of fuel as a waste (DAA to A3 – A4)	Burning any fuel manufactured from, or comprising any other waste, in an appliance with a rated thermal input of 3 or more megawatts, but less than 50 megawatts	From receipt of biogas in the installation through the combustion process to the delivery of electricity and the generation of heat for use by the anaerobic digestion process. The use of combustible gases produced as a by-product of the anaerobic digestion process as fuel.
A12	The use of combustible gases produced as a by-product of the anaerobic digestion process and natural gas as fuel (DAA to A3 – A4)	Burning any fuel manufactured from, or comprising, any other waste, in an appliance with a rated thermal input of less than 3 megawatts	Standby boiler only-The use of combustible gases produced as a by-product of the anaerobic digestion process as fuel shall be limited to 10% of the time any calendar year
A13	The flaring of biogas (DAA to A3 – A4)	Annex IIA D10 the flaring of biogas	From receipt of the biogas to the release of combustion products from the flare stack. Use of flare required only for periods of breakdown or maintenance of combine heat and power plant.
A14	The storage of biogas and gas compression (DAA to A3 – A4)	Annex IIB R13	From receipt of biogas from anaerobic digestion to gas holder then into CHP units
A15	Combustion of natural gas in a furnace (DAA to A1)	Combustion of natural gas in a furnace to produce heated air for drying the IVC building exhaust air	From production of heated air in the furnace to entering the carbon absorber.
A16	Storage of refuse derived fuel (DAA to A3 – A4)	Annex IIB R13	Storage of RDF after thermal drying



<b>Table S1.1 Activities</b>		
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Description of activities for waste operations</b>	<b>Limits of activities</b>
<p>For all Non Schedule1 listed activities at the facility:</p> <p>Treatment of waste, at this facility, for the purpose of disposal is limited to 50 tonnes per day.</p> <p>All storage and treatment of waste must take place on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage.</p>		
A17 – Transfer Loading Station	<p>D15: Storage pending any of the operations numbered D1 to D14(excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced).</p> <p>R13: Storage of wastes pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)</p> <p>D14: Repackaging prior to submission to any of the operation numbered D1 to 13.</p> <p>D9: Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in Annex IIA which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1 to D8 and D10 to D12.</p> <p>R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents.</p> <p>R4: Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds.</p> <p>R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials.</p>	<p>All bulking or transfer of waste must be carried out inside a building</p> <p>Waste must be kept in a building or within a secure container.</p> <p>Treatment consisting only of sorting and separation of non-hazardous or inert waste into different components for disposal or recovery.</p> <p>Treatment of waste must be carried out within a building.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.5.</p>
A18- Household Waste Recycling Centre	<p>D15: Storage pending any of the operations numbered D1 to D14 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced).</p> <p>R13 Storage of wastes pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced).</p> <p>D14:Repackaging prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D1 to 13.</p> <p>D9:Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in Annex IIA which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of</p>	<p>The maximum quantity of hazardous waste or waste oils (not in aggregate) that can be accepted, stored or treated at the site in connection with a disposal operation shall not exceed 10 tonnes per day.</p> <p>Hazardous wastes for disposal must be kept within clearly identified, secure containers, with the exception of fridges and freezers, which may be stored on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage.</p> <p>Asbestos and waste chemicals for disposal must be kept within clearly identified secure lockable containers.</p> <p>There must not be any treatment of</p>

<b>Table S1.1 Activities</b>		
	<p>the operations numbered D1 to D8 and D10 to D12</p> <p>R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents.</p> <p>R4: Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds</p> <p>R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials</p>	<p>asbestos waste.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.4.</p>
A19 – Mechanical treatment as part of the Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility	<p>R1: Use principally as a fuel or other means to generate energy</p> <p>R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents.</p> <p>R4: Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds.</p> <p>R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials.</p> <p>R13: Storage of wastes pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, in the site where it is produced).</p> <p>D8: Biological treatment resulting in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by any of the operations D1 to D12.</p> <p>D9: Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in Annex IIA which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1 to D8 and D10 to D12.</p> <p>D15: Storage pending any of the operations numbered D1 to D14 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced.</p>	<p>All bulking or transfer and treatment of waste must be carried out inside a building.</p> <p>Treatment consisting only of sorting, separation, screening, shredding, crushing, mixing, macerating, dewatering and drying of non-hazardous or inert waste into different components for disposal or recovery .</p> <p>Any plant that has a treatment capacity exceeding 10 tonnes per day of animal waste.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.3.</p>

<b>Table S1.2 Operating techniques</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Parts</b>	<b>Date Received</b>
J08 Risk Assessment Appendix 1	Risk Management section of table A1	11/08
J04 Operating	All parts	18/03/10

<b>Table S1.2 Operating techniques</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Parts</b>	<b>Date Received</b>
Techniques		And any version subsequently approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
J08 Appendix 5 Bioaerosol Risk Assessment	Section 4 Control Measures	18/03/10 And any version subsequently approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
J09 Monitoring	All parts	18/03/10 And any version subsequently approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
J10 Accident Management Plan	Summary of preventative measures / controls section of Table 5 risk assessment matrix	18/03/10 And any version subsequently approved in writing by the Environment Agency.

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
IC1	The Operator shall monitor emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> ); N <sub>2</sub> O; Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> ); Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ); Hydrogen Sulphide (H <sub>2</sub> S); Carbon Monoxide (CO); Particulates and Volatile Organic Chemicals (VOCs) from emission point A1. The Operator shall monitor emissions of NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, VOCs and operational temperature from emission point A3.	Completed
	The Operator shall use the above monitoring results to carry out an environmental impact assessment that evaluates the potential impact of the monitored parameters above. The initial assessment shall be carried out using the Agency's 'H1 Environmental Assessment and Appraisal of BAT' tool (or other equivalent assessment tool agreed with the Agency). An electronic copy of the H1 assessment (or other equivalent assessment tool) shall be submitted to the Agency.	Completed
	Detailed air dispersion modelling shall be undertaken where this is required by the results of the initial H1 assessment and the monitored emissions are in excess of those used for modelling in the initial application. The results of the modelling shall be submitted to the Agency in a written	Completed

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
	report. Where any potential pollutant is identified as being released in excess of those values used for modelling in the initial application, a report shall be submitted to the Agency that proposes appropriate emission limit values and further on-going monitoring , having due regard to the fate of the substance. The report shall also contain a review of appropriate measures to assess whether further abatement or other improvements are necessary in order to reduce the concentration /quantity of that emission. Where further ongoing monitoring, abatement or other improvements are proposed the report shall include an implementation timetable.	Completed
IC2	The Operator shall undertake noise monitoring in order to validate the conclusions of the noise modelling contained within the report 'Appendix 4 Noise Impact Assessment, November 2008' as submitted with the application. In particular the monitoring should aim to validate the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Background noise levels at the identified relevant receptors without existing and proposed plant noise evident.</li> <li>• Specific noise levels generated by all existing and the proposed operational activities of the development at the identified relevant receptors.</li> <li>• The attenuation properties of the proposed building fabrics.</li> <li>• Whether site buildings are non reverberative as assumed.</li> <li>• The potential for noise impact due to the proposed high speed doors.</li> <li>• Te potential for noise impact due to start up of the stand by flare.</li> </ul> Proposals, to include details of locations, time and duration of monitoring and all monitoring parameters, including appropriate frequency analysis, to be used shall be submitted to the Agency for approval prior to the monitoring taking place. The results of this monitoring together with conclusions and recommendations should be submitted to the Agency for approval.	Completed
IC3	The Operator shall monitor emissions of bioaerosols upwind and downwind of the site (as per table S4.1) following commissioning according to Review of Methods to Measure Bioaerosols from Composting Sites 2009.	Completed
	Where bioaerosols are identified as being released in significant quantities and/or above the benchmark values, a report shall be submitted to the Agency that proposed appropriate emission limit values and further on-going monitoring, having due regard to the fate of the substance. The report shall also contain a review of appropriate measures to assess whether further abatement or other improvements are necessary in order to reduce the concentration/quantity of that emission. Where further on-going monitoring, abatement or other improvements are proposed the report shall include an implementation timetable.	Completed
IC4	The operator shall submit revised written procedures for approval to meet all the relevant BAT requirements detailed in Sector Guidance Note S5.06 for the activities A1 to A16 from table S1.1. The procedures must contain dates for implementation of individual measures. The deadline for such a review will be 6 months.	25/11/16
IC5	The operator shall submit a revised odour management plan to the Environment Agency for written approval. The plan shall take into account the appropriate measures for odour control specified in section 2.2.6 of Sector Guidance Note IPPC S5.06 – Guidance for the Treatment of Hazardous and Non Hazardous Waste. The plan shall also incorporate all the required detailed information as specified in the Environment Agency's	25/11/16

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
	Horizontal Guidance H4 – Odour Management. The plan must contain dates for implementation of individual measures.	

## Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification
--	--

Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for In Vessel Composting Facility	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>72,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Exclusions</b>	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: - consisting solely or mainly of dusts (except sawdust), powders, or loose fibres; - wastes containing treated wood, wood-preserving agents or other biocides, persistent organic pollutants, Japanese Knotweed; - hazardous wastes
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>02</b>	<b>WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING</b>
<b>02 01</b>	<b>wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing</b>
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 06	animal faeces, urine and manure (including spoiled straw), effluent, collected separately and treated off-site
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
<b>02 03</b>	<b>wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation</b>
02 03 01	sludges from washing, cleaning, peeling, centrifuging and separation
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 03 05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 04</b>	<b>wastes from sugar processing</b>
02 04 01	soil from cleaning and washing beet
02 04 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 05</b>	<b>wastes from the dairy products industry</b>
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 05 02	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 06</b>	<b>wastes from the baking and confectionery industry</b>
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 06 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 07</b>	<b>wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)</b>
02 07 05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>03</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE, PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD</b>
<b>03 01</b>	<b>wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture</b>
03 01 01	waste bark and cork
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than those mentioned in 03 01 04
<b>03 03</b>	<b>wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing</b>
03 03 01	waste bark and wood

<b>Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for In Vessel Composting Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>72,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Exclusions</b>	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: - consisting solely or mainly of dusts (except sawdust), powders, or loose fibres; - wastes containing treated wood, wood-preserving agents or other biocides, persistent organic pollutants, Japanese Knotweed; - hazardous wastes
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</b>
<b>15 01</b>	<b>packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)</b>
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 03	wooden packaging
<b>17</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)</b>
<b>17 02</b>	<b>Wood, glass and plastic</b>
17 02 01	wood
<b>19</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE</b>
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 01	paper and cardboard
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
<b>20</b>	<b>MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 02	waste from markets

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>01</b>	<b>WASTES RESULTING FROM EXPLORATION, MINING, QUARRYING, AND PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF MINERALS</b>
<b>01 01</b>	<b>wastes from mineral excavation</b>
01 01 01	wastes from mineral metalliferous excavation
01 01 02	wastes from mineral non-metalliferous excavation
<b>01 03</b>	<b>wastes from physical and chemical processing of metalliferous minerals</b>
01 03 06	tailings other than those mentioned in 01 03 04 and 01 03 05
01 03 09	red mud from alumina production other than the wastes mentioned in 01 03 07
<b>01 04</b>	<b>wastes from physical and chemical processing of non-metalliferous minerals</b>
01 04 08	waste gravel and crushed rocks other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
01 04 09	waste sand and clays
01 04 11	wastes from potash and rock salt processing other than those mentioned in 01 04 07

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
01 04 12	tailings and other wastes from washing and cleaning of minerals other than those mentioned in 01 04 07 and 01 04 11
01 04 13	wastes from stone cutting and sawing other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
<b>02</b>	<b>WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING</b>
<b>02 01</b>	<b>wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing</b>
02 01 01	sludges from washing and cleaning
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 04	waste plastics (except packaging)
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
02 01 10	waste metal
<b>02 02</b>	<b>wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin</b>
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 03</b>	<b>wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation</b>
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 04</b>	<b>wastes from sugar processing</b>
02 04 01	soil from cleaning and washing beet
02 04 02	Off-specification calcium carbonate
<b>02 05</b>	<b>wastes from the dairy products industry</b>
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 07</b>	<b>wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)</b>
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>03</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE, PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD</b>
<b>03 01</b>	<b>wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture</b>
03 01 01	waste bark and cork
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than those mentioned in 03 01 04
<b>03 03</b>	<b>wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing</b>
03 03 01	waste bark and wood
03 03 07	mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard
03 03 08	wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling
03 03 10	fibre rejects, fibre-, filler- and coating-sludges from mechanical separation
<b>04</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THE LEATHER, FUR AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES</b>
<b>04 01</b>	<b>wastes from the leather and fur industry</b>
04 01 08	waste tanned leather (blue sheetings, shavings, cuttings, buffing dust) containing chromium
04 01 09	wastes from dressing and finishing
04 02	wastes from the textile industry
04 02 21	wastes from unprocessed textile fibres
04 02 22	wastes from processed textile fibres
<b>06</b>	<b>WASTES FROM INORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES</b>



<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>06 09</b>	<b>wastes from the MSFU of phosphorous chemicals and phosphorous chemical processes</b>
06 09 02	phosphorous slag
06 09 04	calcium-based reaction wastes other than those mentioned in 06 09 03
<b>06 11</b>	<b>wastes from the manufacture of inorganic pigments and opacifiers</b>
06 11 01	calcium-based reaction wastes from titanium dioxide production
<b>07</b>	<b>WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES</b>
<b>07 02</b>	<b>wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres</b>
07 02 13	waste plastic
<b>09</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THE PHOTOGRAPHIC INDUSTRY</b>
<b>09 01</b>	<b>wastes from the photographic industry</b>
09 01 07	photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds
09 01 08	photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds
09 01 10	single-use cameras without batteries
09 01 12	single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11
<b>10</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THERMAL PROCESSES</b>
<b>10 01</b>	<b>wastes from power stations and other combustion plants (except 19)</b>
10 01 01	bottom ash, slag and boiler dust (excluding boiler dust mentioned in 10 01 04)
10 01 05	calcium-based reaction wastes from flue-gas desulphurisation in solid form
10 01 07	calcium-based reaction wastes from flue-gas desulphurisation in sludge form
10 01 15	bottom ash, slag and boiler dust from co-incineration other than those mentioned in 10 01 14
10 01 19	wastes from gas cleaning other than those mentioned in 10 01 05, 10 01 07 and 10 01 18
10 01 24	sands from fluidised beds
<b>10 02</b>	<b>wastes from the iron and steel industry</b>
10 02 01	wastes from the processing of slag
10 02 02	unprocessed slag
10 02 08	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 02 07
10 02 10	mill scales
10 02 14	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 02 13
10 02 15	other sludges and filter cakes
<b>10 03</b>	<b>wastes from aluminum thermal metallurgy</b>
10 03 02	anode scraps
10 03 05	waste alumina
10 03 16	skimmings other than those mentioned in 10 03 15
10 03 18	carbon-containing wastes from anode manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 03 17
10 03 24	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 03 23
10 03 26	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 03 25
10 03 28	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 03 27
10 03 30	wastes from treatment of salt slags and black drosses other than those mentioned in 10 03 29
<b>10 04</b>	<b>wastes from lead thermal metallurgy</b>
10 04 10	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 04 09
<b>10 05</b>	<b>wastes from zinc thermal metallurgy</b>
10 05 01	slags from primary and secondary production
10 05 09	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 05 08
10 05 11	dross and skimmings other than those mentioned in 10 05 10

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>10 06</b>	<b>wastes from copper thermal metallurgy</b>
10 06 01	slags from primary and secondary production
10 06 02	dross and skimmings from primary and secondary production
10 06 10	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 06 09
<b>10 07</b>	<b>wastes from silver, gold and platinum thermal metallurgy</b>
10 07 01	slags from primary and secondary production
10 07 02	dross and skimmings from primary and secondary production
10 07 03	solid wastes from gas treatment
10 07 05	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment
10 07 08	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 07 07
<b>10 08</b>	<b>wastes from other non-ferrous thermal metallurgy</b>
10 08 09	other slags
10 08 11	dross and skimmings other than those mentioned in 10 08 10
10 08 13	carbon-containing wastes from anode manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 08 12
10 08 14	anode scrap
10 08 18	sludges and filter cakes from flue-gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 08 17
10 08 20	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 08 19
<b>10 09</b>	<b>wastes from casting of ferrous pieces</b>
10 09 03	furnace slag
10 09 06	casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring other than those mentioned in 10 09 05
10 09 08	casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring other than those mentioned in 10 09 07
10 09 14	waste binders other than those mentioned in 10 09 13
10 09 16	waste crack-indicating agent other than those mentioned in 10 09 15
<b>10 10</b>	<b>wastes from casting of non-ferrous pieces</b>
10 10 03	furnace slag
10 10 06	casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring, other than those mentioned in 10 10 05
10 10 08	casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring, other than those mentioned in 10 10 07
10 10 14	waste binders other than those mentioned in 10 10 13
10 10 16	waste crack-indicating agent other than those mentioned in 10 10 15
<b>10 11</b>	<b>wastes from manufacture of glass and glass products</b>
10 11 03	waste glass-based fibrous materials
10 11 10	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing, other than those mentioned in 10 11 09
10 11 12	waste glass other than those mentioned in 10 11 11
10 11 16	solid wastes from flue-gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 11 15
10 11 18	sludges and filter cakes from flue-gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 11 17
<b>10 12</b>	<b>wastes from manufacture of ceramic goods, bricks, tiles and construction products</b>
10 12 01	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing
10 12 05	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment
10 12 06	discarded moulds
10 12 08	waste ceramics, bricks, tiles and construction products (after thermal processing)
10 12 10	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 12 09

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
10 12 12	wastes from glazing other than those mentioned in 10 12 11
<b>10 13</b>	<b>wastes from manufacture of cement, lime and plaster and articles and products made from them</b>
10 13 01	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing
10 13 04	wastes from calcination and hydration of lime
10 13 07	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment
10 13 10	wastes from asbestos-cement manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 13 09
10 13 11	wastes from cement-based composite materials other than those mentioned in 10 13 09 and 10 13 10
10 13 13	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 13 12
10 13 14	waste concrete and concrete sludge
<b>11</b>	<b>WASTES FROM CHEMICAL SURFACE TREATMENT AND COATING OF METALS AND OTHER MATERIALS; NON-FERROUS HYDRO-METALLURGY</b>
<b>11 01</b>	<b>wastes from chemical surface treatment and coating of metals and other materials (for example galvanic processes, zinc coating processes, pickling processes, etching, phosphatising, alkaline degreasing, anodising)</b>
11 01 10	sludges and filter cakes other than those mentioned in 11 01 09
11 01 14	degreasing wastes other than those mentioned in 11 01 13
<b>11 02</b>	<b>wastes from non-ferrous hydrometallurgical processes</b>
11 02 03	wastes from the production of anodes for aqueous electrolytical processes
11 02 06	wastes from copper hydrometallurgical processes other than those mentioned in 11 02 05
<b>11 05</b>	<b>wastes from hot galvanising processes</b>
11 05 01	hard zinc
11 05 02	zinc ash
<b>12</b>	<b>WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS</b>
<b>12 01</b>	<b>wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics</b>
12 01 01	ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 03	non-ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 05	plastics shavings and turnings
12 01 13	welding wastes
12 01 17	waste blasting material other than those mentioned in 12 01 16
12 01 21	spent grinding bodies and grinding materials other than those mentioned in 12 01 20
<b>15</b>	<b>WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</b>
<b>15 01</b>	<b>packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)</b>
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 03	wooden packaging
15 01 04	metallic packaging
15 01 05	composite packaging
15 01 06	mixed packaging
15 01 07	glass packaging
15 01 09	textile packaging
<b>15 02</b>	<b>absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing</b>
15 02 03	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other than those mentioned in 15 02 02

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST</b>
<b>16 01</b>	<b>end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)</b>
16 01 03	end-of-life tyres
<b>16 02</b>	<b>wastes from electrical and electronic equipment</b>
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15
<b>16 03</b>	<b>off-specification batches and unused products</b>
16 03 04	inorganic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 03
16 03 06	organic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 05
<b>16 06</b>	<b>batteries and accumulators</b>
16 06 04	alkaline batteries (except 16 06 03)
16 06 05	other batteries and accumulators
<b>16 11</b>	<b>waste linings and refractories</b>
16 11 02	carbon-based linings and refractories from metallurgical processes others than those mentioned in 16 11 01
16 11 04	other linings and refractories from metallurgical processes other than those mentioned in 16 11 03
16 11 06	linings and refractories from non-metallurgical processes others than those mentioned in 16 11 05
<b>17</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)</b>
<b>17 01</b>	<b>concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics</b>
17 01 01	concrete
17 01 02	bricks
17 01 03	tiles and ceramics
17 01 07	mixtures of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics other than those mentioned in 17 01 06
<b>17 02</b>	<b>wood, glass and plastic</b>
17 02 01	wood
17 02 02	glass
17 02 03	plastic
<b>17 03</b>	<b>bituminous mixtures, coal tar and tarred products</b>
17 03 02	bituminous mixtures other than those mentioned in 17 03 01
<b>17 04</b>	<b>metals (including their alloys)</b>
17 04 01	copper, bronze, brass
17 04 02	aluminium
17 04 03	lead
17 04 04	zinc
17 04 05	iron and steel
17 04 06	tin
17 04 07	mixed metals
17 04 11	cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10
<b>17 05</b>	<b>soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil</b>
17 05 04	soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03
17 05 08	track ballast other than those mentioned in 17 05 07
<b>17 06</b>	<b>insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials</b>

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
17 06 04	insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03
<b>17 08</b>	<b>gypsum-based construction material</b>
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01
<b>17 09</b>	<b>other construction and demolition wastes</b>
17 09 04	mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03
<b>19</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE</b>
<b>19 01</b>	<b>wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste</b>
19 01 02	ferrous materials removed from bottom ash
19 01 12	bottom ash and slag other than those mentioned in 19 01 11
19 01 18	pyrolysis wastes other than those mentioned in 19 01 17
19 01 19	sands from fluidised beds
<b>19 02</b>	<b>wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)</b>
19 02 03	premixed wastes composed only of non-hazardous wastes
19 02 10	combustible wastes other than those mentioned in 19 02 08 and 19 02 09
<b>19 04</b>	<b>vitrified waste and wastes from vitrification</b>
19 04 01	vitrified waste
<b>19 05</b>	<b>wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes</b>
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost
<b>19 06</b>	<b>wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste</b>
19 06 03	liquor from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
19 06 04	digestate from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
<b>19 08</b>	<b>wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified</b>
19 08 05	sludges from treatment of urban waste water
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 01	paper and cardboard
19 12 02	ferrous metal
19 12 03	non-ferrous metal
19 12 04	plastic and rubber
19 12 05	glass
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
19 12 08	textiles
19 12 09	minerals (for example sand, stones)
19 12 10	combustible waste (refuse derived fuel)
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11
<b>19 13</b>	<b>wastes from soil and groundwater remediation</b>
19 13 02	solid wastes from soil remediation other than those mentioned in 19 13 01
<b>20</b>	<b>MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 10	clothes

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for Mechanical and Biological Treatment Facility</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>220,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
20 01 11	textiles
20 01 34	batteries and accumulators other than those mentioned in 20 01 33
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics
20 01 40	metals
20 01 41	wastes from chimney sweeping
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 02 02	soil and stones
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 02	waste from markets
20 03 03	street-cleaning residues
20 03 07	bulky waste

<b>Table S2.4 Permitted waste types and quantities for Household Waste Recycling Centre</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>OIL WASTES AND WASTES OF LIQUID FUELS (except edible oils, and those in chapters 05, 12 and 19)</b>
<b>13 02</b>	<b>waste engine, gear and lubricating oils</b>
13 02 05*	mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 06*	synthetic engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 07*	readily biodegradable engine, gear and lubricating oils
<b>16</b>	<b>WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST</b>
<b>16 05</b>	<b>gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals</b>
16 05 05	gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04
<b>17</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)</b>
<b>17 01</b>	<b>concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics</b>
17 01 01	concrete
17 01 02	bricks
17 01 03	tiles and ceramics
17 01 07	mixtures of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics other than those mentioned in 17 01 06
<b>17 06</b>	<b>insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials</b>
17 06 01*	insulation materials containing asbestos
17 06 04	insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03
17 06 05*	construction materials containing asbestos <sup>1</sup>
<b>17 08</b>	<b>gypsum-based construction material</b>
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01
<b>20</b>	<b>MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 01	paper and cardboard
20 01 02	glass

<b>Table S2.4 Permitted waste types and quantities for Household Waste Recycling Centre</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
20 01 10	clothes
20 01 11	textiles
20 01 13*	solvents
20 01 14*	acids
20 01 15*	alkalines
20 01 17*	photochemicals
20 01 19*	pesticides
20 01 21*	fluorescent tubes and other mercury-containing waste
20 01 23*	discarded equipment containing chlorofluorocarbons
20 01 25	edible oil and fat
20 01 26*	oil and fat other than those mentioned in 20 01 25
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances
20 01 28	paint, inks, adhesives and resins other than those mentioned in 20 01 27
20 01 29*	detergents containing dangerous substances
20 01 30	detergents other than those mentioned in 20 01 29
20 01 33*	batteries and accumulators included in 16 06 01, 16 06 02 or 16 06 03 and unsorted batteries and accumulators containing these batteries
20 01 34	batteries and accumulators other than those mentioned in 20 01 33
20 01 35*	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21 and 20 01 23 containing hazardous components ( 6 )
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35
20 01 37*	wood containing dangerous substances
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics
20 01 40	metals
20 01 41	wastes from chimney sweeping
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 02 02	soil and stones
20 02 03	other non-biodegradable wastes
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 07	bulky waste

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>01</b>	<b>WASTES RESULTING FROM EXPLORATION, MINING, QUARRYING, AND PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF MINERALS</b>
<b>01 01</b>	<b>wastes from mineral excavation</b>
01 01 01	wastes from mineral metalliferous excavation
01 01 02	wastes from mineral non-metalliferous excavation
<b>01 03</b>	<b>wastes from physical and chemical processing of metalliferous minerals</b>
01 03 06	tailings other than those mentioned in 01 03 04 and 01 03 05
01 03 09	red mud from alumina production other than the wastes mentioned in 01 03 07
<b>01 04</b>	<b>wastes from physical and chemical processing of non-metalliferous minerals</b>
01 04 08	waste gravel and crushed rocks other than those mentioned in 01 04 07

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
01 04 09	waste sand and clays
01 04 11	wastes from potash and rock salt processing other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
01 04 12	tailings and other wastes from washing and cleaning of minerals other than those mentioned in 01 04 07 and 01 04 11
01 04 13	wastes from stone cutting and sawing other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
<b>02</b>	<b>WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING</b>
<b>02 01</b>	<b>wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing</b>
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 04	waste plastics (except packaging)
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
02 01 10	waste metal
<b>02 02</b>	<b>wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin</b>
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 03</b>	<b>wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation</b>
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 04</b>	<b>wastes from sugar processing</b>
02 04 01	soil from cleaning and washing beet
02 04 02	off-specification calcium carbonate
<b>02 05</b>	<b>wastes from the dairy products industry</b>
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 06</b>	<b>wastes from the baking and confectionery industry</b>
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 06 02	wastes from preserving agents
<b>02 07</b>	<b>wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)</b>
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>03</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE, PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD</b>
<b>03 01</b>	<b>wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture</b>
03 01 01	waste bark and cork
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than those mentioned in 03 01 04
<b>03 03</b>	<b>wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing</b>
03 03 01	waste bark and wood
03 03 07	mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard
03 03 08	wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling
03 03 10	fibre rejects, fibre-, filler- and coating-sludges from mechanical separation
<b>04</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THE LEATHER, FUR AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES</b>
<b>04 01</b>	<b>wastes from the leather and fur industry</b>
04 01 08	waste tanned leather (blue sheetings, shavings, cuttings, buffing dust) containing chromium
04 01 09	wastes from dressing and finishing



<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>04 02</b>	<b>wastes from the textile industry</b>
04 02 21	wastes from unprocessed textile fibres
04 02 22	wastes from processed textile fibres
<b>06</b>	<b>WASTES FROM INORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES</b>
<b>06 09</b>	<b>wastes from the MSFU of phosphorous chemicals and phosphorous chemical processes</b>
06 09 02	phosphorous slag
06 09 04	calcium-based reaction wastes other than those mentioned in 06 09 03
<b>06 11</b>	<b>wastes from the manufacture of inorganic pigments and opacifiers</b>
06 11 01	calcium-based reaction wastes from titanium dioxide production
<b>07</b>	<b>WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES</b>
<b>07 02</b>	<b>wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres</b>
07 02 13	waste plastic
<b>09</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THE PHOTOGRAPHIC INDUSTRY</b>
<b>09 01</b>	<b>wastes from the photographic industry</b>
09 01 07	photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds
09 01 08	photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds
09 01 10	single-use cameras without batteries
09 01 12	single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11
<b>10</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THERMAL PROCESSES</b>
<b>10 01</b>	<b>wastes from power stations and other combustion plants (except 19)</b>
10 01 01	bottom ash, slag and boiler dust (excluding boiler dust mentioned in 10 01 04)
10 01 05	calcium-based reaction wastes from flue-gas desulphurisation in solid form
10 01 07	calcium-based reaction wastes from flue-gas desulphurisation in sludge form
10 01 15	bottom ash, slag and boiler dust from co-incineration other than those mentioned in 10 01 14
10 01 19	wastes from gas cleaning other than those mentioned in 10 01 05, 10 01 07 and 10 01 18
10 01 24	sands from fluidised beds
<b>10 02</b>	<b>wastes from the iron and steel industry</b>
10 02 01	wastes from the processing of slag
10 02 02	unprocessed slag
10 02 08	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 02 07
10 02 10	mill scales
10 02 14	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 02 13
10 02 15	other sludges and filter cakes
<b>10 03</b>	<b>wastes from aluminium thermal metallurgy</b>
10 03 02	anode scraps
10 03 05	waste alumina
10 03 16	skimmings other than those mentioned in 10 03 15
10 03 18	carbon-containing wastes from anode manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 03 17
10 03 24	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 03 23
10 03 26	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 03 25
10 03 28	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 03 27
10 03 30	wastes from treatment of salt slags and black drosses other than those mentioned in 10 03 29
<b>10 04</b>	<b>wastes from lead thermal metallurgy</b>
10 04 10	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 04 09

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>10 05</b>	<b>wastes from zinc thermal metallurgy</b>
10 05 01	slags from primary and secondary production
10 05 09	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 05 08
10 05 11	dross and skimmings other than those mentioned in 10 05 10
<b>10 06</b>	<b>wastes from copper thermal metallurgy</b>
10 06 01	slags from primary and secondary production
10 06 02	dross and skimmings from primary and secondary production
10 06 10	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 06 09
<b>10 07</b>	<b>wastes from silver, gold and platinum thermal metallurgy</b>
10 07 01	slags from primary and secondary production
10 07 02	dross and skimmings from primary and secondary production
10 07 03	solid wastes from gas treatment
10 07 05	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment
10 07 08	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 07 07
<b>10 08</b>	<b>wastes from other non-ferrous thermal metallurgy</b>
10 08 09	other slags
10 08 11	dross and skimmings other than those mentioned in 10 08 10
10 08 13	carbon-containing wastes from anode manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 08 12
10 08 14	anode scrap
10 08 18	sludges and filter cakes from flue-gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 08 17
10 08 20	wastes from cooling-water treatment other than those mentioned in 10 08 19
<b>10 09</b>	<b>wastes from casting of ferrous pieces</b>
10 09 03	furnace slag
10 09 06	casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring other than those mentioned in 10 09 05
10 09 08	casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring other than those mentioned in 10 09 07
10 09 14	waste binders other than those mentioned in 10 09 13
10 09 16	waste crack-indicating agent other than those mentioned in 10 09 15
<b>10 10</b>	<b>wastes from casting of non-ferrous pieces</b>
10 10 03	furnace slag
10 10 06	casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring, other than those mentioned in 10 10 05
10 10 08	casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring, other than those mentioned in 10 10 07
10 10 14	waste binders other than those mentioned in 10 10 13
10 10 16	waste crack-indicating agent other than those mentioned in 10 10 15
<b>10 11</b>	<b>wastes from manufacture of glass and glass products</b>
10 11 03	waste glass-based fibrous materials
10 11 10	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing, other than those mentioned in 10 11 09
10 11 12	waste glass other than those mentioned in 10 11 11
10 11 16	solid wastes from flue-gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 11 15
10 11 18	sludges and filter cakes from flue-gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 11 17
<b>10 12</b>	<b>wastes from manufacture of ceramic goods, bricks, tiles and construction products</b>
10 12 01	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
10 12 05	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment
10 12 06	discarded moulds
10 12 08	waste ceramics, bricks, tiles and construction products (after thermal processing)
10 12 10	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 12 09
10 12 12	wastes from glazing other than those mentioned in 10 12 11
<b>10 13</b>	<b>wastes from manufacture of cement, lime and plaster and articles and products made from them</b>
10 13 01	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing
10 13 04	wastes from calcination and hydration of lime
10 13 07	sludges and filter cakes from gas treatment
10 13 10	wastes from asbestos-cement manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 13 09
10 13 11	wastes from cement-based composite materials other than those mentioned in 10 13 09 and 10 13 10
10 13 13	solid wastes from gas treatment other than those mentioned in 10 13 12
10 13 14	waste concrete and concrete sludge
<b>11</b>	<b>WASTES FROM CHEMICAL SURFACE TREATMENT AND COATING OF METALS AND OTHER MATERIALS; NON-FERROUS HYDRO-METALLURGY</b>
<b>11 01</b>	<b>wastes from chemical surface treatment and coating of metals and other materials (for example galvanic processes, zinc coating processes, pickling processes, etching, phosphatising, alkaline degreasing, anodising)</b>
11 01 10	sludges and filter cakes other than those mentioned in 11 01 09
11 01 14	degreasing wastes other than those mentioned in 11 01 13
<b>11 02</b>	<b>wastes from non-ferrous hydrometallurgical processes</b>
11 02 03	wastes from the production of anodes for aqueous electrolytical processes
11 02 06	wastes from copper hydrometallurgical processes other than those mentioned in 11 02 05
<b>11 05</b>	<b>wastes from hot galvanising processes</b>
11 05 01	hard zinc
11 05 02	zinc ash
<b>12</b>	<b>WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS</b>
<b>12 01</b>	<b>wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics</b>
12 01 01	ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 03	non-ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 05	plastics shavings and turnings
12 01 13	welding wastes
12 01 17	waste blasting material other than those mentioned in 12 01 16
12 01 21	spent grinding bodies and grinding materials other than those mentioned in 12 01 20
<b>15</b>	<b>WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</b>
<b>15 01</b>	<b>packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)</b>
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 03	wooden packaging
15 01 04	metallic packaging
15 01 05	composite packaging
15 01 06	mixed packaging
15 01 07	glass packaging
15 01 09	textile packaging

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>15 02</b>	<b>absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing</b>
15 02 03	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other than those mentioned in 15 02 02
<b>16</b>	<b>WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST</b>
<b>16 01</b>	<b>end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)</b>
16 01 03	end-of-life tyres
<b>16 02</b>	<b>wastes from electrical and electronic equipment</b>
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15
<b>16 03</b>	<b>off-specification batches and unused products</b>
16 03 04	inorganic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 03
16 03 06	organic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 05
<b>16 06</b>	<b>batteries and accumulators</b>
16 06 04	alkaline batteries (except 16 06 03)
16 06 05	other batteries and accumulators
<b>16 11</b>	<b>waste linings and refractories</b>
16 11 02	carbon-based linings and refractories from metallurgical processes others than those mentioned in 16 11 01
16 11 04	other linings and refractories from metallurgical processes other than those mentioned in 16 11 03
16 11 06	linings and refractories from non-metallurgical processes others than those mentioned in 16 11 05
<b>17</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)</b>
<b>17 01</b>	<b>concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics</b>
17 01 01	concrete
17 01 02	bricks
17 01 03	tiles and ceramics
17 01 07	mixtures of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics other than those mentioned in 17 01 06
<b>17 02</b>	<b>wood, glass and plastic</b>
17 02 01	wood
17 02 02	glass
17 02 03	plastic
<b>17 03</b>	<b>bituminous mixtures, coal tar and tarred products</b>
17 03 02	bituminous mixtures other than those mentioned in 17 03 01
<b>17 04</b>	<b>metals (including their alloys)</b>
17 04 01	copper, bronze, brass
17 04 02	aluminium
17 04 03	lead
17 04 04	zinc
17 04 05	iron and steel
17 04 06	tin
17 04 07	mixed metals
17 04 11	cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10
<b>17 05</b>	<b>soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil</b>

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
17 05 04	soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03
17 05 08	track ballast other than those mentioned in 17 05 07
<b>17 06</b>	<b>insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials</b>
17 06 04	insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03
<b>17 08</b>	<b>gypsum-based construction material</b>
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01
<b>17 09</b>	<b>other construction and demolition wastes</b>
17 09 04	mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03
<b>19</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE</b>
<b>19 01</b>	<b>wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste</b>
19 01 02	ferrous materials removed from bottom ash
19 01 12	bottom ash and slag other than those mentioned in 19 01 11
19 01 18	pyrolysis wastes other than those mentioned in 19 01 17
19 01 19	sands from fluidised beds
<b>19 02</b>	<b>wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)</b>
19 02 03	premixed wastes composed only of non-hazardous wastes
19 02 10	combustible wastes other than those mentioned in 19 02 08 and 19 02 09
<b>19 04</b>	<b>vitrified waste and wastes from vitrification</b>
19 04 01	vitrified waste
<b>19 05</b>	<b>wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes</b>
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 01	paper and cardboard
19 12 02	ferrous metal
19 12 03	non-ferrous metal
19 12 04	plastic and rubber
19 12 05	glass
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
19 12 08	textiles
19 12 09	minerals (for example sand, stones)
19 12 10	combustible waste (refuse derived fuel)
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11
<b>19 13</b>	<b>wastes from soil and groundwater remediation</b>
19 13 02	solid wastes from soil remediation other than those mentioned in 19 13 01
<b>20</b>	<b>MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 01	paper and cardboard
20 01 02	glass
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 10	clothes

<b>Table S2.5 Permitted waste types and quantities for Transfer Loading Station</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>24,999 tonnes per year</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
20 01 11	textiles
20 01 34	batteries and accumulators other than those mentioned in 20 01 33
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics
20 01 40	metals
20 01 41	wastes from chimney sweeping
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 02 02	soil and stones
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 02	waste from markets
20 03 03	street-cleaning residues
20 03 07	bulky waste

## Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
A1	CHP engines and bioscrubber	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Hourly mean	Annually	In accordance with that described in the Agency's Technical Guidance Note M2 "Monitoring of stack emissions to air" <sup>2</sup> or any guidance that supersedes this.
		Carbon Monoxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Total volatile organic compounds including methane (VOCs)	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Non methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOCs)	75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Emission levels at standard temperature and pressure and 5% O <sub>2</sub> unless otherwise agreed with the Agency.			
A2	IVC building extraction	None set	None set	None set	None set	None set
A3	Flare	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Hourly mean	Annually <sup>3</sup>	In accordance with that described in the Agency's Technical Guidance Note M2 "Monitoring of stack emissions to air" <sup>2</sup> or any guidance that supersedes this.
		Carbon Monoxide (CO)	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Annually <sup>3</sup>	
		Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Annually <sup>3</sup>	
		Non methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOCs)	5mg/m <sup>3</sup> Emissions levels at standard temperature and pressure and 3% O <sub>2</sub> unless otherwise agreed with the Agency.		Annually <sup>3</sup>	

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
		Operational temperature	>1000°C <sup>1</sup>		Weekly while flare operational	
A4 A5	Gas engine exhaust	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Hourly mean	Annually <sup>3</sup>	In accordance with that described in the Agency's Technical Guidance Note M2 "Monitoring of stack emissions to air." <sup>2</sup> or any guidance that supersedes this.
		Carbon Monoxide (CO)	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Total volatile organic compounds (VOCs)	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Non methane volatile organic compounds including methane (NMVOCs)	75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Emission levels at standard temperature and pressure and 5% O <sub>2</sub> unless otherwise agreed with the Agency.			
A6	Standby boiler	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )	No limit set		Annually <sup>3</sup>	In accordance with that described in the Agency's Technical Guidance Note M2 "Monitoring of stack emissions to air" <sup>2</sup> or any guidance that supersedes this.
		Carbon Monoxide (CO)				
		Total volatile organic compounds (VOCs)				
		Non methane volatile organic compounds including methane (NMVOCs)				
A7	IVC Natural Gas Boiler	None set	None set	None set	None set	None set

Footnote 1: this is an indicative performance limit. An alternative maximum may be acceptable providing the Operator can demonstrate that the other emission limit values are met at this lower temperature.



Footnote 2: the compliance with an emission limit shall include incorporation of the uncertainty stated in Agency guidance LFTGN 05 and LFTGN 08.

Footnote 3: Annual monitoring of the flare is only required when flares operate in excess of 10% of the time, annual monitoring of the boiler is still required regardless of its usage or otherwise agreed with the Agency.

<b>Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements</b>						
<b>Emission point ref. &amp; location</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Limit (incl. Unit)</b>	<b>Reference period</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>
S1	Site Effluent Treatment Plant to foul sewer	No parameter set	No limit set	--	--	--

<b>Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
Internal for each enclosed composting vessel.	Temperature	Continuous	Thermocouple probe	None
	Moisture	None specified	Moisture meter	None
Internal for each bunker and for any sample of waste or compost	Temperature	None specified	Thermocouple probe	Monitoring equipment shall be available on-site and used as required to ensure compliance with these permit conditions.
	Moisture	None specified	Moisture meter or moisture touch test	

<b>Table S3.4 Bioaerosol monitoring requirements</b>					
<b>Location or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Bioaerosol threshold limits (CFU m<sup>-3</sup>)</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
<p>Upwind of the boundary of the operational area at approximately 50m</p> <p>Downwind of the site at an equal distance from the boundary of the operational area as the nearest sensitive receptor.</p> <p>Adjacent to the nearest sensitive receptor.</p>	<p>Total fungi</p> <p>Total bacteria</p> <p>Aspergillus Fumigatus</p>		<p>Quarterly for the first year of operation and then twice a year unless otherwise agreed</p>	<p>In accordance with “A standardised protocol for the monitoring of bioaerosols at open composting facilities” jointly developed by the Environment Agency with the Association for Organics Recycling or any guidance that supersedes this.</p>	<p>Meteorological data (wind speed, wind direction, temperature and relative humidity) should also be recorded during sampling, as well as taking note of on-site activities.</p>

## Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
Emissions to air Parameters as required by condition 3/5/1	A1, A2, A3,A4, A5, A6 and A7	Every 12 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	1 January
Process monitoring as required by condition 3.5.1		Every 12 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	1 January
Bioaerosol monitoring as required by condition 3.5.1		Every 12 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	1 January

Parameter	Units
Processed compost	tonnes
Electricity Generation	MWh

Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units
Water usage	Annually	tonnes
Energy usage	Annually	MWh
Total raw material used	Annually	tonnes
Biogas usage	Annually	m3
CHP engine efficiency	Annually	%
Gas flare usage	Annually	Hours of operation

Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	25/05/16
Bioaerosols	As specified in the Industry Standard Protocol or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	--
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	25/05/16

<b>Table S4.4 Reporting forms</b>		
<b>Media/parameter</b>	<b>Reporting format</b>	<b>Date of form</b>
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	25/05/16
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	25/05/16
Waste Returns	E-waste Returns Form	--

# Schedule 5 – Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

## Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	

<b>(a) Notification requirements for any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection</b>	
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	

<b>(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below</b>	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

<b>Time periods for notification following detection of a breach of a limit</b>	
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Notification period</b>

<b>(c) Notification requirements for the detection of any significant adverse environmental effect</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection</b>	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	

## **Part B – to be submitted as soon as practicable**

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

\* authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

## Schedule 6 – Interpretation

“accident” means an accident that may result in pollution.

“animal waste” means any waste consisting of animal matter that has not been processed into food for human consumption. This does include blood, feathers, uncooked butcher waste and any other animal waste that is not catering waste or former foodstuffs. This does not include faecal matter from animals (e.g. chicken litter or farmyard manure).

“Annex IIA” means Annex IIA to Directive 2006/12/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2006 on Waste.

“annually” means once every year.

“application” means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

“authorised officer” means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

“bioaerosol threshold limits” means the maximum acceptable bioaerosol concentrations at the nearest sensitive receptor, or at an equivalent distance downwind of the composting operations, which are attributable to the composting operations. The maximum acceptable concentrations are respectively 300, 1000 and 500 CFU m<sup>-3</sup> for gram-negative bacteria, total bacteria and *Aspergillus fumigatus*.

“building” means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

“compost” means solid particulate material that is the result of composting, which has been sanitised and stabilised, and which confers beneficial effects when added to soil, used as a component of growing media or used in another way in conjunction with plants.

“compostable plastics” means plastics that are certified to meet the standards of EN 13432, EN 14995 or equivalent.

“composting batch” means an identifiable quantity of material that progresses through the composting system and when fully processed has similar characteristics throughout. For composting systems that operate on a continuous or a plug-flow basis, batches will be taken to mean a series of “portions of production”.

“composting” means the biological decomposition of organic materials, under conditions that are predominantly aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat and that result in compost.

“closed system” means a closed composting reactor or closed area (such as a building) in which waste is fully contained and efficient air management abatement systems are demonstrated. This may cover a wide range of technology and where necessary is in compliance with the Animal By-Products Regulations.

“disposal” means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits” means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

“emissions to land” includes emissions to groundwater.

“EP Regulations” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2010 No.675 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

“groundwater” means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

“impermeable surface” means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

“Industrial Emissions Directive” means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions.

“Industry Standard Protocol” means “A standardised protocol for the monitoring of bioaerosols at open composting facilities” published by the Association for Organics Recycling and developed in conjunction with the Environment Agency.

“maturation” means a stage when by agitating and turning the compost it no longer results in reheating and the monitored temperature falls to ambient without the compost being too dry or anaerobic. Phytotoxins that are formed during the ‘active’ composting phase are metabolised by micro-organisms, which will result in the final material not being harmful to plants. This usually coincides with a drop in pH toward neutral, and the conversion of ammonia into nitrates and recolonisation of beneficial micro-organisms. The maturation phase may need active management by turning to prevent the material becoming anaerobic.

“MCERTS” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“pests” means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

“quarter” means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

“recovery” means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“sanitisation stage” means the actively managed and intensive stage of composting lasting for at least five days, characterised by high oxygen demand and temperatures of over 55 °C, during which biological processes, together with conditions in the composting mass, eradicate human and animal pathogens or reduce them to acceptably low levels.

“sealed drainage system” in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- (a) no liquid will run off the surface otherwise than via the system;
- (b) except where they may be lawfully be discharged to foul sewer, all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump.

“stable, stabilised” means the degree of processing and biodegradation at which the rate of biological activity has slowed to an acceptably low and consistent level and will not significantly increase under favourable, altered conditions.

“stabilisation stage” means the stage of composting following sanitisation, during which biological conditions in the composting mass, give rise to compost that is nominally stable.

“treated wood” means any wood that has been chemically treated (e.g. to enhance or alter the performance of the original wood). Treatments may include penetrating oils, tar oil preservatives, water-borne preservatives, organic-based preservatives, boron and organo-metallic based preservatives, boron and halogenated flame retardants and surface treatments (including paint and venner).

“Waste code” means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

“Waste Framework Directive” or “WFD” means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“year” means calendar year ending 31 December.

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.



Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.



**Permit Number: DP3793LP**

**Operator: Viridor**

**Facility: Bredbury**

**Form Number: WaterUsage1 / 25/05/16**

**Reporting of Water Usage for the year**

<b>Water Source</b>	<b>Usage (m<sup>3</sup>/year)</b>	<b>Specific Usage (m<sup>3</sup>/unit output)</b>
Mains water		
<b>TOTAL WATER USAGE</b>		

Operator's comments:

Signed .....  
(authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Date.....

**Permit Number: DP3793LP**

**Operator:**

**Viridor**

**Facility: Bredbury**

**Form Number:**

**EnergyUsage1 /  
25/05/16**

**Reporting of Energy Usage for the year**

Energy Source	Energy Usage		Specific Usage (MWh/unit output)
	Quantity	Primary Energy (MWh)	
Electricity *	MWh		
Biogas	MWh		
Gas Oil	tonnes		
Recovered Fuel Oil	tonnes		
CHP Energy			
<b>TOTAL</b>	-		

\* Conversion factor for delivered electricity to primary energy = 2.4

Operator's comments:
----------------------

Signed .....

Date.....

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

**Permit Number: DP3793LP**

**Operator: Viridor**

**Facility: Bredbury**

**Form Number: Performance1 / 25/05/16**

**Reporting of other performance indicators for the period DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>
Total raw material used	tonnes

Operator's comments:

Signed .....

Date.....

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

**Permit Number: DP3793LP**

**Operator: Viridor**

**Facility: Bredbury**

**Form Number: Air1 / 25/05/16**

**Reporting of emissions to air for the period from DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY**

<b>Emission Point</b>	<b>Substance / Parameter</b>	<b>Emission Limit Value</b>	<b>Reference Period</b>	<b>Result [1]</b>	<b>Test Method [2]</b>	<b>Sample Date and Times [3]</b>	<b>Uncertainty [4]</b>
A1							

[1] The result given is the maximum value (or the minimum value in the case of a limit that is expressed as a minimum) obtained during the reporting period, expressed in the same terms as the emission limit value. Where the emission limit value is expressed as a range, the result is given as the 'minimum – maximum' measured values.

[2] Where an internationally recognised standard test method is used the reference number is given. Where another method that has been formally agreed with the Environment Agency is used, then the appropriate identifier is given. In other cases the principal technique is stated, for example gas chromatography.

[3] For non-continuous measurements the date and time of the sample that produced the result is given. For continuous measurements the percentage of the process operating time covered by the result is given.

[4] The uncertainty associated with the quoted result at the 95% confidence interval, unless otherwise stated.

Signed .....

Date.....

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

\_\_\_\_\_