

## Mobility of public and private sector workers

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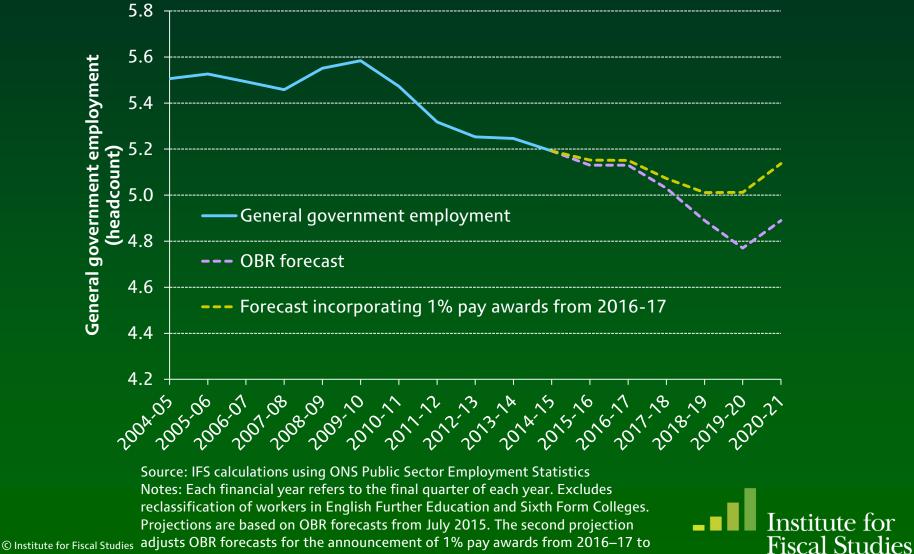
OME Reward in the Public Sector: Research Seminar Friday 10<sup>th</sup> July 2015

For more details see:

Cribb and Sibieta (2015) 'Mobility of public and private sector workers' (http://www.ifs.org.uk/publications/7775)

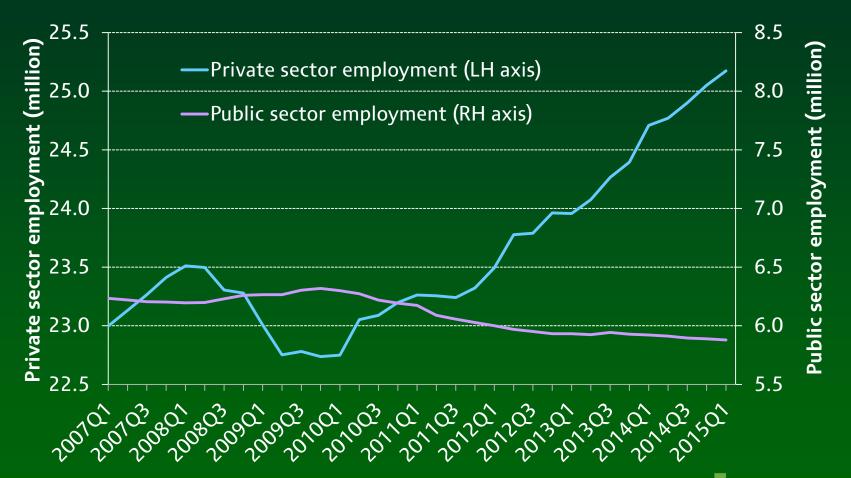
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#### General government employment since 2004-05



2019–20.

#### Private and public sector employment



Source: IFS calculations using ONS Public Sector Employment Statistics Notes: Excludes the effects of reclassification of workers in English Further Education and Sixth Form Colleges and of privatisations and nationalisations of financial corporations and Royal Mail

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### How have public workforce cuts been delivered?

- Two main ways a government can cut the public workforce
- 1. Reduce inflows (e.g. recruitment freeze)
  - Reduced inflow of former private sector workers
  - Reduced inflow of workers from non-employment
- 2. Increase outflows (e.g. redundancies)
  - Increase number of public sector workers moving to private sector
  - Movements of former public sector workers into non-employment
- Welfare consequences will in large part depend on importance of movements between sectors vs net movements into non-employment
- Movements between sectors easier if skills are transferable
  - Easier and more likely for younger workers
  - Mobility less likely for sector-specific occupations



#### Our contribution

- Show overall levels of mobility between sectors over time
- Decompose public workforce cuts into contribution from:
  - Reduced inflows from private sector
  - Increase outflows to private sector
  - Net outflows to non-employment
- Examine wider levels of mobility to provide context on level of fluidity and flexibility across public and private sector labour markets
  - Levels of mobility within sectors
  - Levels of geographical mobility

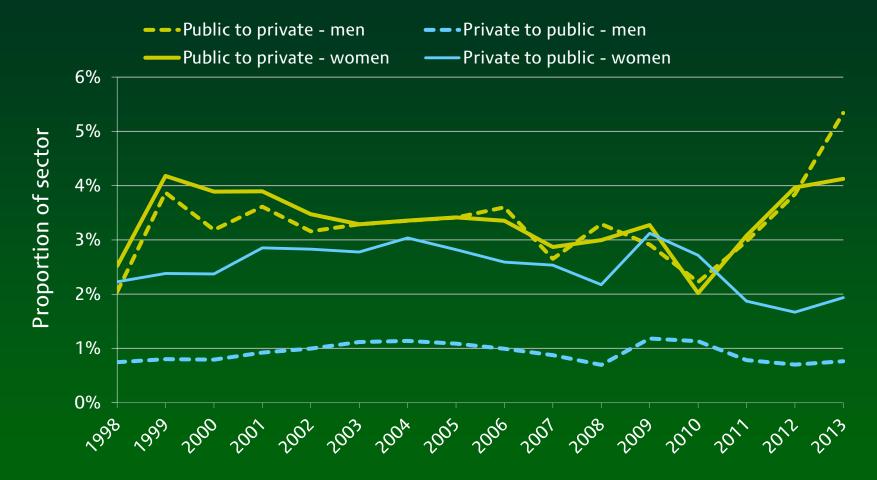


#### Calculating movements between sectors

- Focus on Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (Panel Dataset) as it allows us to follow a 1% sample of employees
- Take sector in a given year a base year
- Ideal approach would classify sector moves as those observed in a different sector as compared with previous year
- BUT...large number of individuals have missing data in some years
  - Could reflect unemployment, low hours, retirement or missing data
- We classify movements between sectors as those:
  - In a different sector as compared with the last year (if observed)
  - Or, in a different sector as compared with two years ago (if last year's observation is missing)



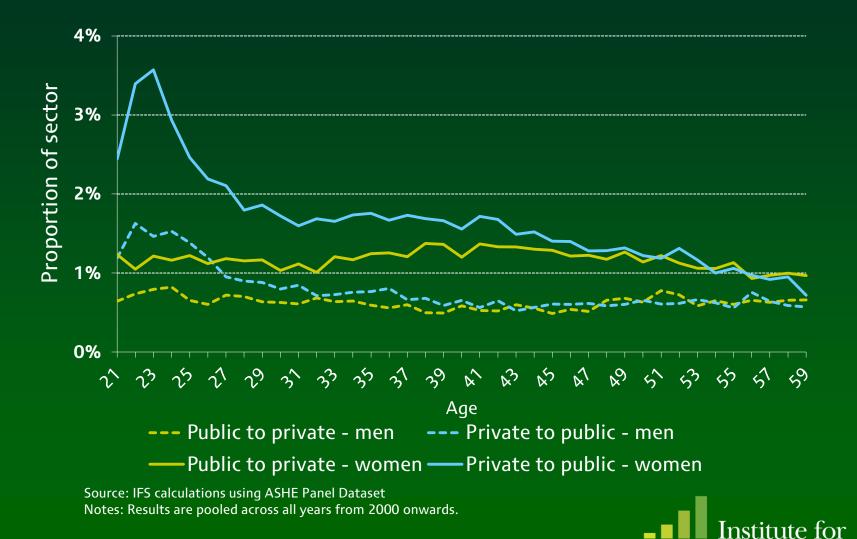
## Increase in movement of public sector workers to private sector since 2010



Source: IFS calculations using ASHE Panel Dataset

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#### Sectoral mobility at its highest for younger ages



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### Decomposing public workforce cuts

Change in public sector workforce = Inflow from private sector + Outflow to private sector + Net inflow from non-employment

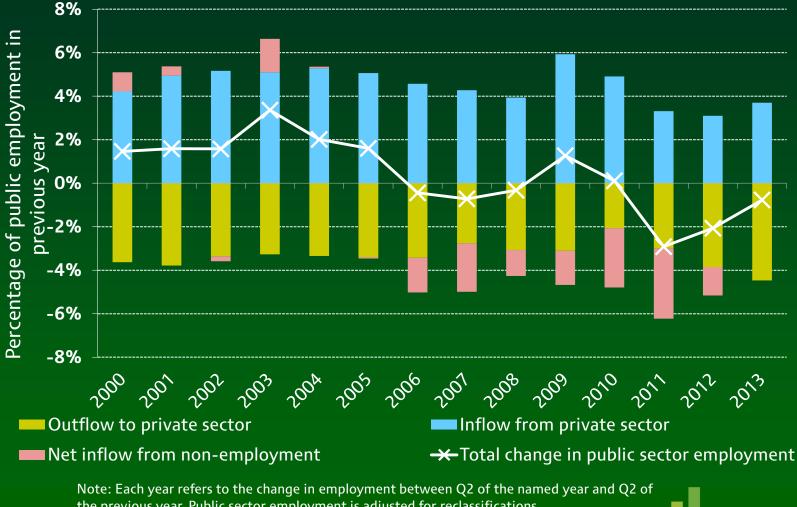
- Change in public sector workforce measured in public sector employment statistics
- Inflow and outflows to private sector measured in ASHE
- Net inflow from non-employment represents a residual

#### Caveats

- Net inflow from non-employment includes both effect of reduced inflows (e.g. Recruitment freezes) and outflows (e.g. Redundancies)
- Non-employment includes self-employment here
- Employment only measured in April; misses movements into nonemployment between April each year



#### Decomposing changes in the public workforce



the previous year. Public sector employment is adjusted for reclassifications

Source: Authors' calculations using the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings and ONS Publice

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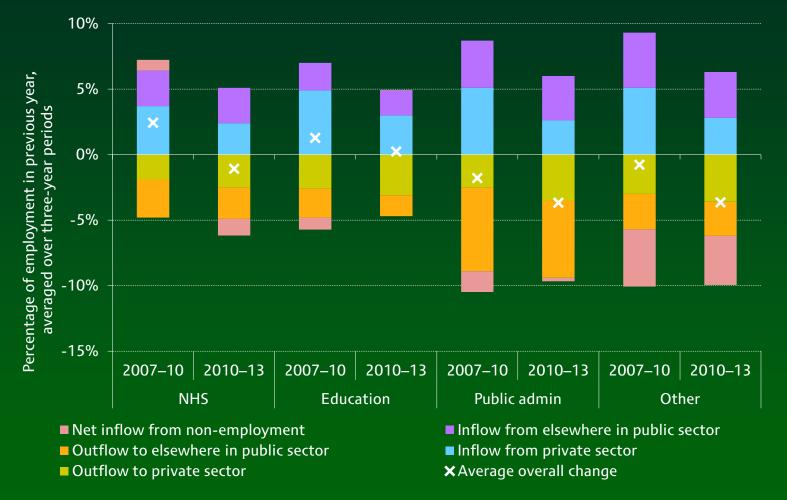
#### Change in public employment since 2010Q1



Source: IFS calculations using ONS Public Sector Employment Statistics Notes: Excludes reclassification of workers in English Further Education and Sixth Form Colleges. Changes in employment in public corporations not shown



#### Decomposing changes by area of employment



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Source: Authors' calculations using the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings and ONS Public Sector Employment Statistics.

## Summary of decomposition results

#### **Overall changes**

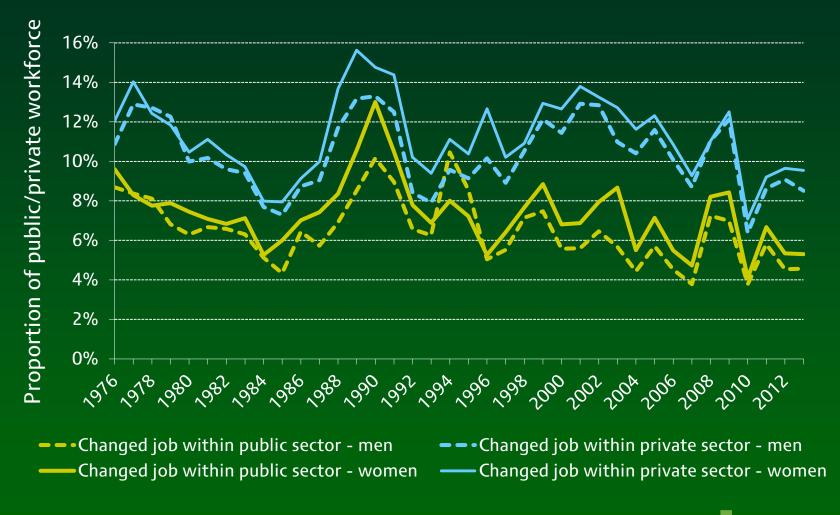
- Initial cuts to the public workforce quite sharp in 2011 and delivered by reductions in inflows from private sector and increase in net outflows to non-employment.
- After 2011, pace of cuts slowed, outflows to the private sector increased and were delivered with relatively few people moving out of employment

#### Changes by part of public sector

- Cuts to the public workforce smallest in the protected areas of NHS and education
- Largest cuts in public administration and other areas of public sector
- Unclear if workers in public admin and other parts of public sector will continue to find jobs in health and education



#### Declining levels of within sector mobility



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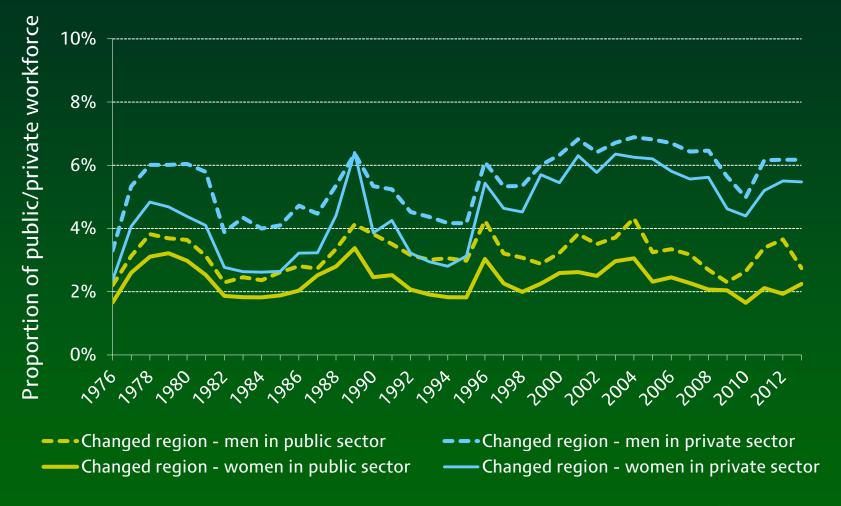
Source: Authors' calculations using NES and ASHE Panel Dataset

# Explanations for declining levels of within sector mobility

- Mobility within public sector close to lowest level in last 30 years
  - Seems to reflect an ageing of the public workforce
- Mobility within private sector also close to lowest level in last 30 years
  - BUT...this is seen across all age levels
  - Reflects declining levels of movements across firm rather than within firm
  - Partially reflects declines in redundancies
  - But, also likely to reflect reduced voluntary movements
- More work needed to understand if declining levels of within sector mobility reflects barriers to moving from less to more productive jobs



### Lower levels of geographical mobility in public sector



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Source: Authors' calculations using New Earnings Survey Panel Dataset



#### Conclusions

- Government is expected to make further cuts to public sector employment, having already made large cuts
  - 1% average pay awards from 2016–17 reduces projected workforce cuts
- Although there was some net outflow to non-employment in 2011, more recent cuts have been delivered without a big increase in net outflows to non-employment
  - Increase outflows to private sector and reduced inflows from private sector

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- Will this continue?
- Decline in within sector mobility in the private sector
  - More work needed to understand if this has negative consequences
- Relatively low levels of geographical mobility in public sector
  - Former public sector workers looking for jobs within existing region