

HS2, GIS, BIM and Historic Environment Works – an overview

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Overview

- How we use GIS at HS2
- BIM; what is it, where does GIS fit in and how does it benefit Historic Environment Works?
- What are the next steps?

How we use GIS at HS2 and where



Where we use GIS at HS2 within Environment

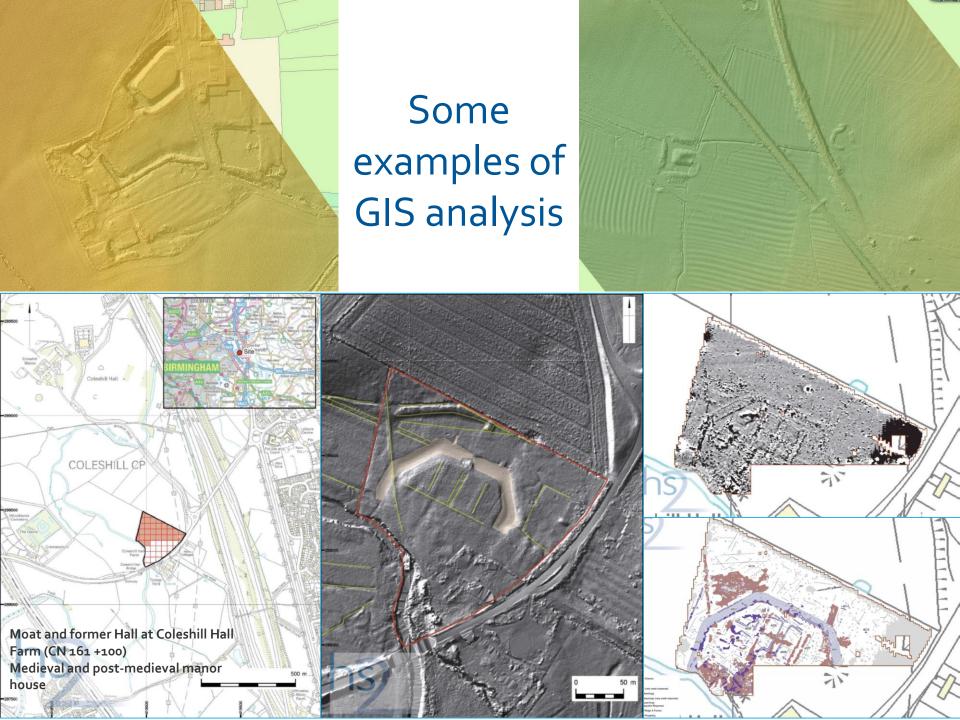


How we use GIS at HS2 within Environment

- Environmental Appraisals such as the Phase One EIA, Phase Two AoS and forthcoming Phase Two EIA
- PQ's, ad-hoc queries, bespoke projects

Phase One EIA

- 55,000 pages
- 10,000+ maps
- 50 environmental datasets, 300 engineering
- GIS provides the foundation



Where do we get our data from? 12 GIS staff + Local supply 115 **Authorities** chain suppliers Third Party 1,605 HS₂ datasets GIS Supply Chain* 550 datasets 2200 datasets **PSCs**

What do we do with that data?

- Data Management activities such as procurement, licencing, assurance, specification
- gViewer
- Provide data to the Supply Chain and updates
- Open Data provision
- Onward use within projects to 'mature' our understanding of HS2 project

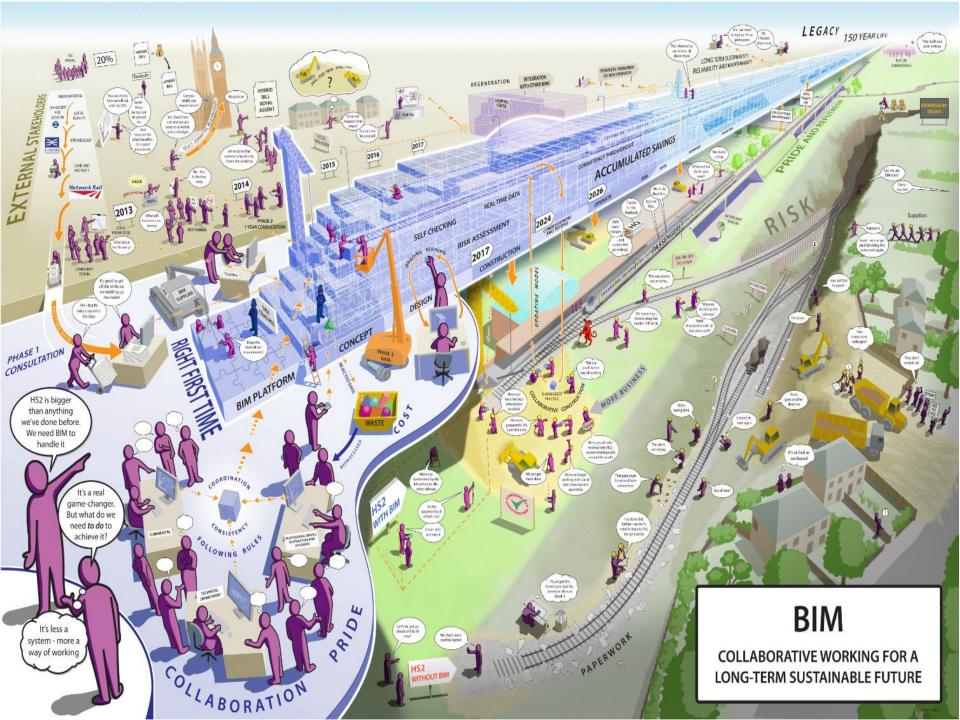
Challenges

- Managing volume of data
- Specifying, assuring and integrating
- Programme
- Meeting stakeholder expectations

What is BIM?

- Building Information Modelling
- Better Information Management
- BIM is comprised of two key components:

Data Management - a set of standards, methods and procedures that provide a consistent approach to the production, management and delivery of asset information; and Data Modelling - often referred to as Digital Engineering, this is the use of data to support decision making. Examples of Data Modelling may include the application of Digital Design (3D) to enhance Health and Safety and Carbon Management; Construction Sequencing (4D); Cost Estimating (5D); and Digital Fabrication."



Where does GIS fit into BIM and for Historic Environment Works?

- User friendly way of accessing information about assets
- All information has a relationship with Geography
- Historic Environment Works will be assets
- Generate vast quantity of digital information and physical finds

Where does GIS fit into BIM and for Historic Environment Works?

- GIS will be the spatial representation of all Historic Environment Works
- Can link together many different information sets
- Allows us to understand relationship to the design and our other assets

What are the next steps?

- Specifying what we want for Construction phase
 Technical Standards including information
- GWSI:HERDS setting out a vision, research objectives and encouraging our supply chain to be innovative where information is concerned
- Vision for a collaborative digital space between HS2 and Supply Chain to facilitate information sharing for HERDS

Questions?

Thank you