### **Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs**

# Statistics on TB in Cattle in GB Responses to user survey

### September 2014

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#### Introduction

For eight weeks from 16<sup>th</sup> April to 13<sup>th</sup> June 2014, Defra's Animal Health and Welfare Statistics team ran a survey seeking the views of users of the *statistics on incidence of TB in cattle in GB*.

A link to the survey was published next to the Statistical Notice at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/incidence-of-tuberculosis-tb-in-cattle-in-great-britain">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/incidence-of-tuberculosis-tb-in-cattle-in-great-britain</a> alongside the April, May and June publications. The introductory text stressed that the survey did not seek views on any policies in place to control bovine TB. The <a href="mailto:@DefraStats">@DefraStats</a> twitter account tweeted a link to the survey as did the Government Statistics Service's Good Practice Team. The survey was also emailed to a number of known users of the statistics external to government (for example from the agricultural industry or wildlife organisations). See Annex 1 for a full transcript of the survey.

## Respondents

Of 13 responses received, three were incomplete and one respondent had been unable to view the statistics in question. This left nine useable responses. Despite the low response to the survey, respondents came from a cross-section of the user base (see Annex 2).

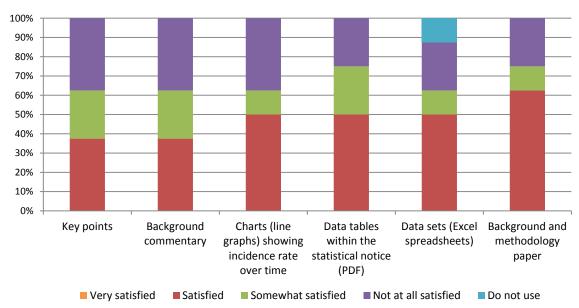
The bTB statistics generate a lot of interest, with around 970 unique page views of the home page for the statistical release in a typical month. It may be that where users (or groups of users, such as devolved administrations) wish to influence the content of the statistical release they use alternate mechanisms. This might include direct contact with the responsible statisticians or engagement via stakeholder groups such as the Animal Health and Welfare Board for England.

#### How the statistics are used

A majority of respondents were viewing the statistics to monitor trends in TB incidence both at a national and local level. Other uses included informing policy (external to government), holding government to account and to carry out their own further analysis.

#### The statistical release



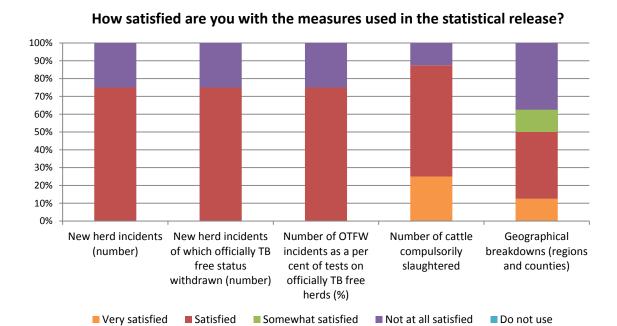


Reasons for 'satisfied' included the level of detail provided and the format of the statistical notice. Areas for improvement included a longer time series and more data to be provided at a county level around herd and animal characteristics (beef/dairy, age of reactors etc.).

While Defra plans to produce a longer time series of county level data going beyond 2008, introducing a lot of detail to the monthly statistical release will require a disproportionate amount of resource. However, more in-depth analysis, such as incidence rate by herd type (dairy/beef) is published in AHVLA's <u>annual surveillance report</u>.

Reasons for 'not at all satisfied' answers included dissatisfaction with the levels of TB present in the country and a mistrust of the statistics following revisions earlier in the year.

#### The statistical measures



The majority of respondents were satisfied with the different measures in the statistical release, with the main reason offered for 'satisfied' responses being the amount of information given in the regional and county statistics. There was less satisfaction with the geographical breakdowns, with several users stating that the geographical breakdowns did not go far enough and suggesting data at a parish level would be more useful. While this would be too much information to publish in a monthly statistical notice, there are plans in place to disclose information about the location of TB breakdowns. This would cover England and Wales, but exclude Scotland. Preparatory work on making the changes to the Tuberculosis (England) Order 2007 is in progress. See the <u>response</u> to the consultation on new control measures for tackling transmission between cattle herds for further detail (proposal 3; page 4).

Respondents were interested in the majority of the statistical measures included in the release, including incidence rate, new herd incidents, reactors, restricted herds, cattle slaughtered as a result of bTB, both nationally and at a county level statistics.

For suggestions for the future, respondents expressed interest in:

- incidence rate in 'edge' and low risk areas and the IAA of Wales
- length of herd restrictions
- more local data
- a longer time series for county statistics
- additional statistics on the numbers of cattle and herds.

There was also interest in information about breakdowns in other species. These data are already produced by AHVLA and <u>published</u> in the same area as the statistical release.

# **Annex 1: Survey questions**

Defra publishes monthly statis experiences of using these sta methodology and spreadshee	tistics. The statistics ref	erred to in this surve	y are published <u>here</u> alo		
Please note that this survey	is not seeking views (	on any policies which	ch are in place to contr	ol bovine TB.	
*1. How do you u	se these statis	stics?			
*2. How satisfied	are you with t	he content of	f the statistical	release?	
	Very satisfied	Satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Not at all satisfied	Do not use
Key points	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Background commentary		$\bigcirc$			$\sim$
Charts (line graphs) showing incidence rate over time	O	O	O	O	O
Data tables within the statistical notice (PDF)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Data sets (Excel spreadsheets)	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$
Background and methodology paper	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$
If you would like to comment	on your answers please	e do so:			
		<u></u>			
3. Which statistica	l measures are	you particu	larly interested	in?	

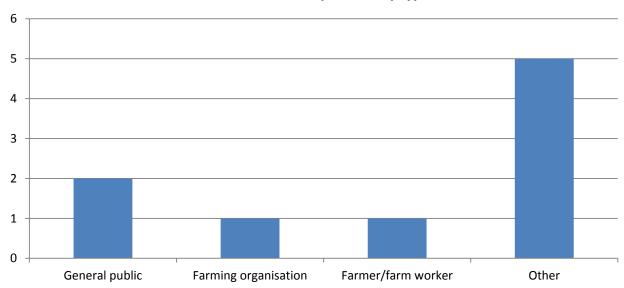
*4. How satisfied are	you with the measures	s used in the statistical	release?
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41 HOW GULLONG	Very satisfied	Satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Not at all satisfied	Do not use
New herd incidents (number)		$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	0
New herd incidents of which officially TB free status withdrawn (number)	$\circ$	$\circ$	0	0	$\circ$
Number of OTFW incidents as a per cent of tests on officially TB free herds (%)	0	0	0	0	0
Number of cattle compulsorily slaughtered	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$
Geographical breakdowns (regions and counties)	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$
If you would like to comment of	on your answers please	e do so:			
		<b>Y</b>			
5. Are there any ot	her statistics	you would lik	e to see?		

↑6. So that we can understand who is using our statistics, from which sector or
organisation are you responding?
Central government
Government agency
Other public sector
Veterinary sector
Farmer/farm worker
Farming organisation
Academia
Wildlife organisation
○ Media
General public
Charity/voluntary sector
Other
Please provide more details if you'd like to
▼
7. If you have any additional comments, please provide them here. Otherwise, thank
you very much for completing this survey.
<b>~</b>
<del>-</del>

# **Annex 2: Summary of respondents**

#### Breakdown of respondent by type



#### Other:

- International organisation which has successfully addressed bTB in several countries.
- bTB campaign organisation
- · Freelance researcher/writer
- · Retired vet nurse and crofter
- Independent organisation concerned with animal health and welfare