

# **GP OOHSS**

GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System: England

Data to: 10 July 2016

12 July 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 27

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### **Key messages**

http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/public/weather/heat-health/

There were further increases in GP consultations for pharyngitis during week 27 (figure 6). Increases were particularly noted in the 1 - 44 years age groups (figure 6a).

A Heat-Health Watch system operates in England from 1 June to 15 September each year. As part of the Heatwave Plan for England, the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be routinely monitoring the public health impact of hot weather using syndromic surveillance data during this period. Heat-health watch level (current reporting week): Level 1 Summer preparedness

## Syndromic indicators at a glance:

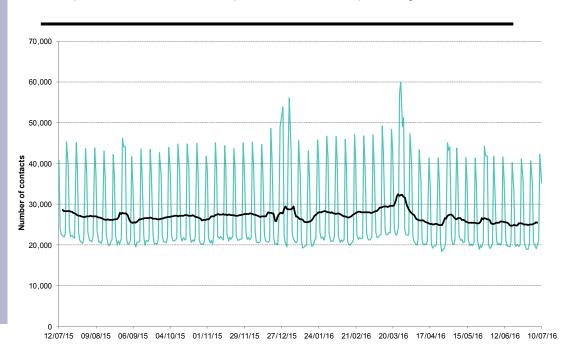
Number of contacts and percentage of Read coded contacts.

<b>Key indicator</b>	No. of contacts	% Week 27	% Week 26	Trend*
All OOH contacts, all causes	178,241			
Acute respiratory infection	10,756	13.17	13.18	<b>←→</b>
Influenza-like illness	91	0.11	0.09	<b>←→</b>
Bronchitis/bronchiolitis	137	0.17	0.13	<b>←→</b>
Difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma	1,687	2.07	2.16	$lack \Psi$
Pharyngitis	109	0.13	0.13	<b>^</b>
Gastroenteritis	3,137	3.84	3.96	$lack \Psi$
Diarrhoea	810	0.99	1.07	<b>←→</b>
Vomiting	1,116	1.37	1.37	$lack \Psi$
Myocardial infarction	751	0.92	0.88	<b>↑</b>
Heatstroke	4	0.00	0.00	<b>←→</b>

<sup>\*</sup>Trend: reports on the trend seen over previous weeks in the percentage of Read coded contacts.

### 1: Total out-of-hours contacts:

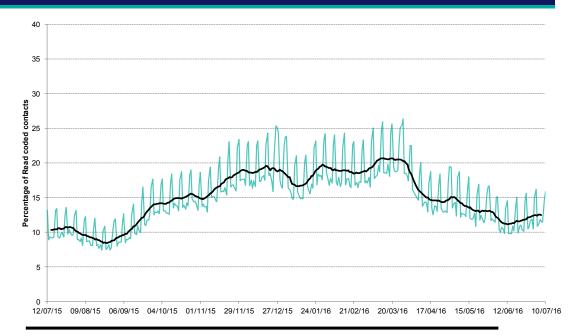
Daily total number of out-of-hours and unscheduled contacts and 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays).





# 2: Acute Respiratory Infection daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

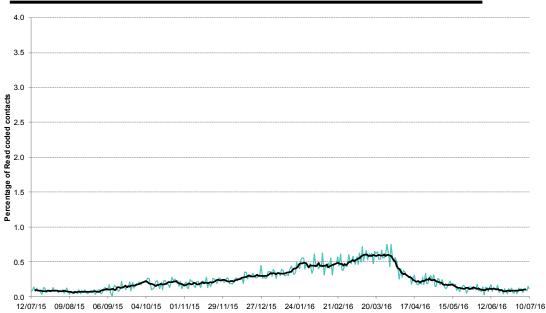


#### Intentionally left blank.

# 3: Influenza-like illness daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

\*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





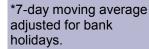
### 4: Bronchitis/ bronchiolitis daily contacts.

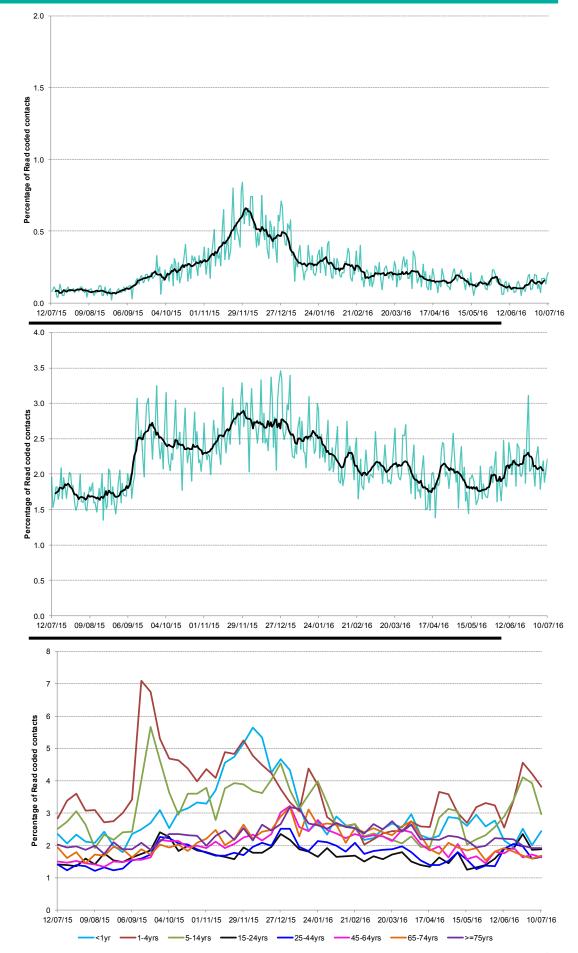
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

### 5: Difficulty breathing/ wheeze/asthma daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

5a: Difficulty
breathing/wheeze/
asthma weekly
contacts by age
group.



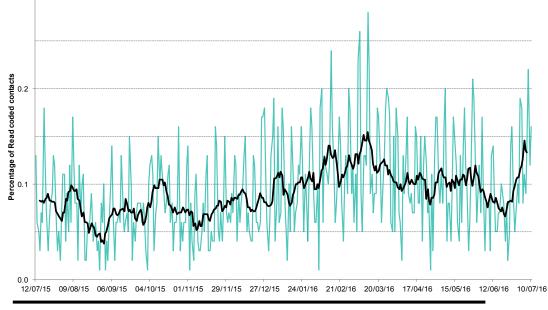




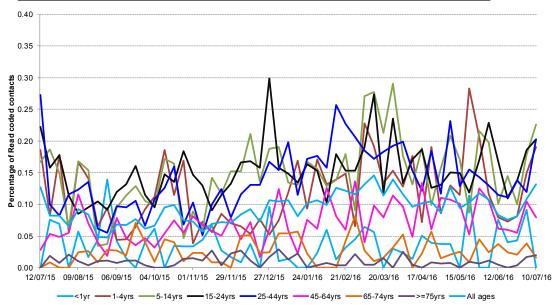
# 6: Acute pharyngitis and persistent sore throat.

0.3

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



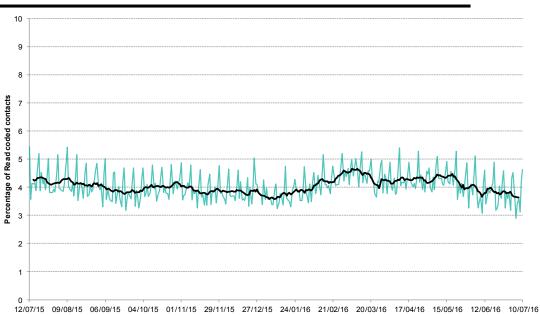
### 6a: Acute pharyngitis and persistent sore throat weekly contacts by age group.



# 7: Gastroenteritis daily contacts

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

\*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

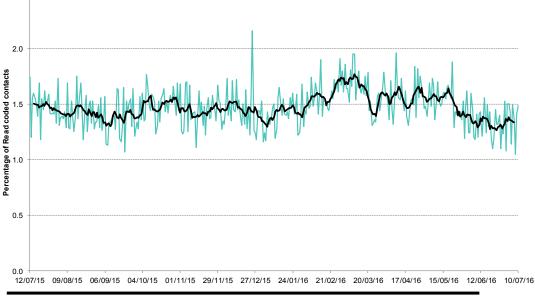




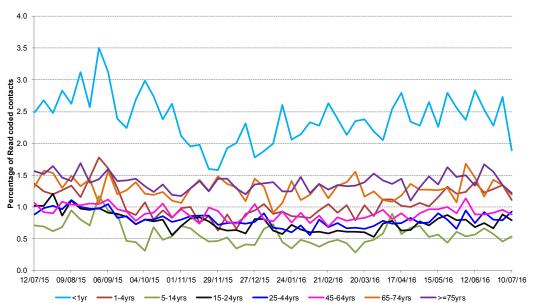
# 8: Diarrhoea daily contacts.

2.5

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.

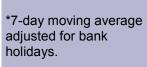


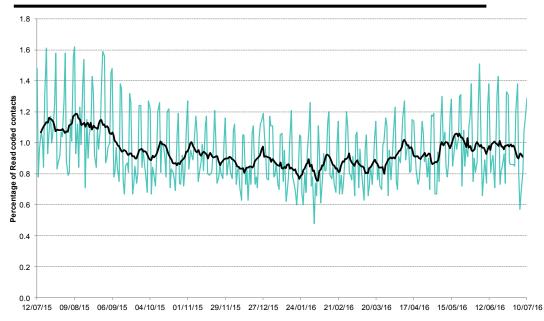
# 8a: Diarrhoea weekly contacts by age group.



# 9: Vomiting daily contacts.

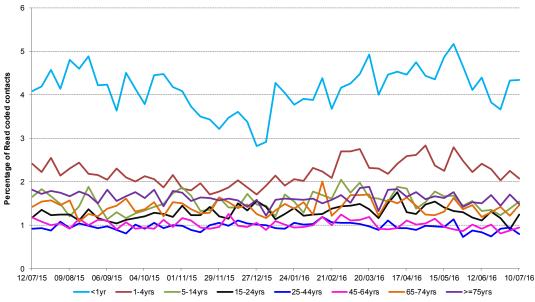
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.





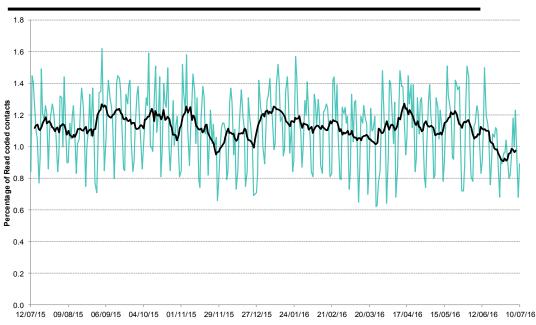


9a: Vomiting weekly contacts by age group.



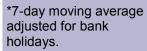
### 10: Myocardial Infarction daily contacts.

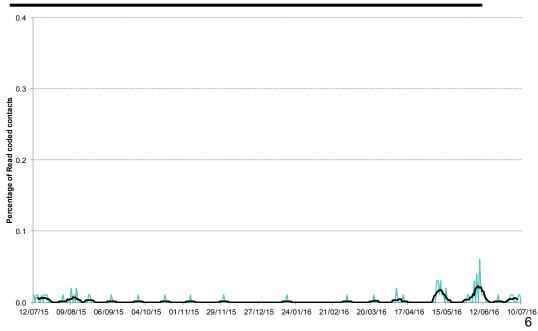
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.



# 11: Heatstroke contacts

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average\*.







#### Notes and caveats:

- This bulletin presents data from the Public Health England (PHE) GP Out-of-hours\Unscheduled Care Surveillance System (GP OOHSS).
- Fully anonymised data from GP out-of-hours (OOH) and unscheduled care service providers in England are being transferred to the PHE for analysis and interpretation by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST).
- This new system supplements existing PHE syndromic surveillance systems by
  monitoring data on general practitioner consultations outside of routine surgery opening
  times (evenings, weekends and bank holidays) and unplanned contacts within NHS
  primary care.
- The key indicators presented within this bulletin are derived by grouping selected Read coded consultations.
- GP OOH consultation data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.

#### Further information:

The GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System Bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses

#### **Acknowledgements:**

We are grateful to Advanced Health and Care and the GP out-of-hours and unscheduled care service providers who have kindly agreed to participate in this system.

#### PHE Out-of-Hours/Unscheduled Care Surveillance

**Produced by:** PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6th Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and

-analyses

#### **Contact ReSST:**

syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk