

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

Data to: 16 November 2014

19 November 2014 Year: 2014 Week: 46

In This Issue:

Key messages.

Syndromic indicators at a glance.

Data summary.

Indicators by syndrome.

Cold/flu.

Fever.

Cough.

Difficulty Breathing.

Diarrhoea.

Vomiting.

Eye problems.

Introduction to charts.

Notes and further information.

Acknowledgements.

Key messages

NHS 111 calls for cough and difficulty breathing increased during week 46 (figures 4-5). Cough calls continue to increase particularly in the <1 and 1-4 years age groups (figure 4a) in line with seasonal increases in laboratory reports for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period. Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 1 – Winter preparedness and action

http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Current trend
Cold/flu	No trend
Fever	No trend
Cough	Increasing
Difficulty breathing	Increasing
Diarrhoea	No trend
Vomiting	No trend
Eye problems	No trend

NHS Direct call data for the period 2010 to 2013 for comparable syndromes are used as the baseline. These data are included to illustrate the usual seasonal trend in indicators: rates for a specific indicator may be higher or lower than current rates collected from the 111 service due to differences in the services and care should be taken when comparing the two.

Data summary:

Year	Week	Total calls
2014	46	203,273

19 November 2014 Year: 2014 Week: 46

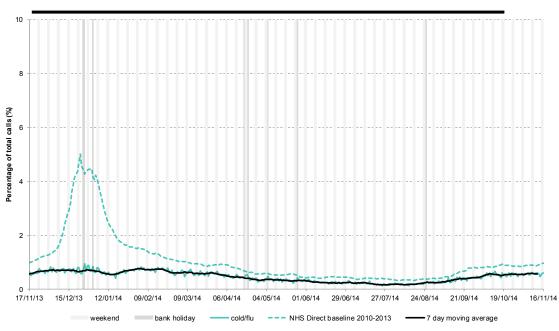
1: Total calls.

The total number of calls recorded each day by NHS 111.



2: Cold/flu

Daily 'cold/flu' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



3: Fever

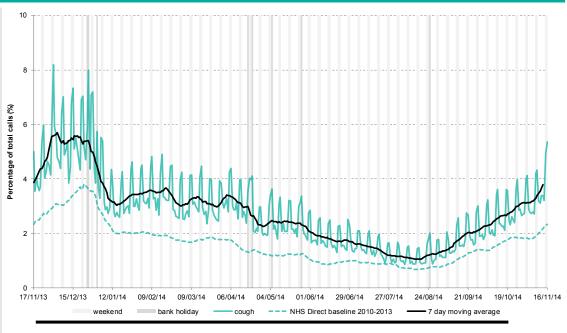
Daily 'fever' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



19 November 2014 Year: 2014 Week: 46

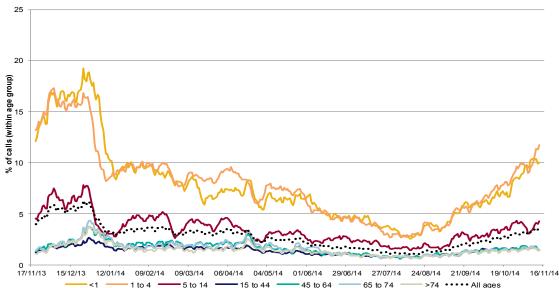
4: Cough

Daily 'cough' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



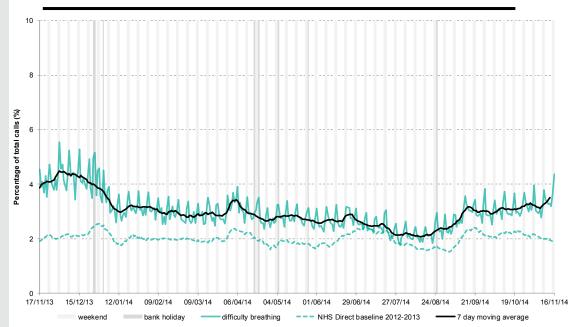
4a: Cough by age group

Cough calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average.



5: Difficulty breathing

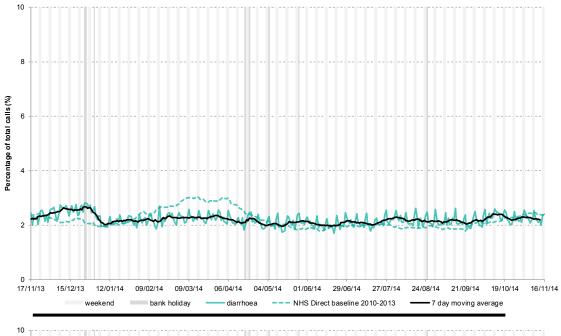
Daily 'difficulty breathing' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



19 November 2014 Year: 2014 Week: 46

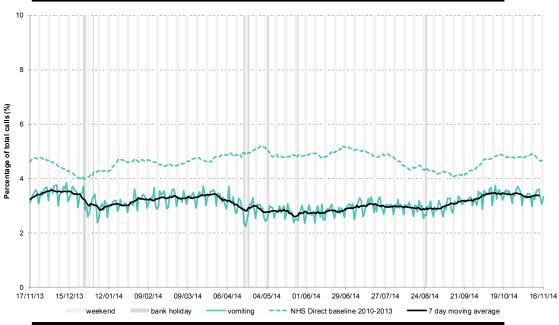
6: Diarrhoea

Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



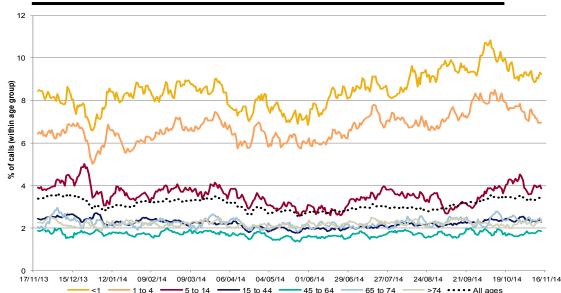
7: Vomiting

Daily 'vomiting' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



7a: Vomiting by age group

Vomiting calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average.



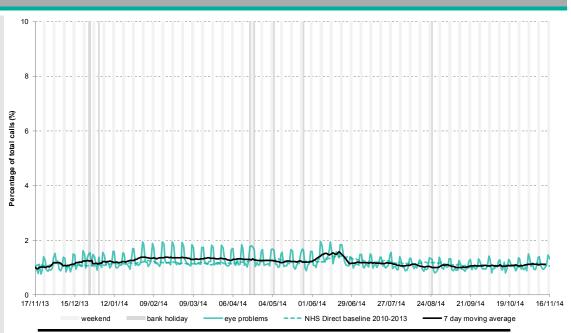


Year: 2014

Week: 46

8: Eye problems

Daily 'eye problems' calls as a percentage of total calls. Daily indicative adjusted baselines based upon NHS Direct data from 2010 – 2013.



9: Intentionally left blank

Intentionally left blank

10: Intentionally left blank

Intentionally left blank



19 November 2014

Introduction to charts:

- Weekends and bank holidays are marked by vertical grey lines (bank) holidays darker grey).
- A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified.
- Until sufficient NHS 111 data are available, historical baseline are presented using NHS Direct data for 2010 to 2013 for comparable syndromes overlaid on each chart to illustrate expected trends. The NHS Direct historical baseline for difficulty breathing is based on data for 2012 to 2013 only.
- For comparison, the baseline data are included using historical data from the NHS Direct 0845 telephone service. These data are included to illustrate seasonal trends in indicators: rates for a specific indicator may be higher or lower than current rates collected from the 111 service due to differences in the services and care should be taken when comparing the two.
- This new syndromic surveillance system is still under development and further analyses at PHE Centre level will be included in future bulletins.
- Please note that baselines presented for 'fever' and 'eye problems' were updated during week 40 to correct an error in previously published baseline data.

Notes and further information:

Further information about NHS 111 can be found at:

http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/AboutNHSservices/ Emergencyandurgentcareservices/Pages/NHS-111.aspx

The Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systemsand-analyses

Acknowledgements:

We are grateful to NHS 111 and to HSCIC for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised call data that underpin the Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System.

Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.

Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6th Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2 **Fax:** 0121 236 2215

Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and -analyses

Contact ReSST: