Commons Act 2006: section 6

Grant of a new right of common and application for registration of the right in the commons register

This section is for office use only	
Official stamp	Application number
	Register unit number allocated at registration (for new commons only)
	(10) New Commons Only)

Applicants are advised to read 'Part 1 of the Commons Act 2006: Guidance to applicants' and to note:

- This form provides (in Part A) for the express grant of a new right of common by way of a grant made by deed and (in Part B) the application to register such right in the register of common land under section 6 of the Commons Act 2006. Although there is no requirement that you use a solicitor or other professional adviser to complete the form, please be aware that the form creates rights and obligations on the parties. The commons registration authority can only assist in completion of the clerical aspects of the form and persons with legal queries should seek advice from a solicitor or other professional adviser before completing the form.
- A new right of common can be created only by a grant made by deed, or pursuant to an enactment. You need not use Part A of this form to make a grant by deed, but if you do not, you will instead need to attach to your application your own deed of grant, and to complete only Part B of this form. A grant of a new right of common is not effective in law until it has been registered in the register of common land by way of an application made using Part B of this form.
- Only the following persons can apply to register a new right of common granted for the purposes of section 6: the owner of the land over which the right of common will be exercisable (the Grantor) or the person who owns the land to which the right of common will be attached (the Grantee).
- If the right to be created is to graze animals then in order for the right to be registered you must give evidence that the common is capable of sustaining the new right, taken together, if relevant, with any existing rights of common exercisable over the same land.
- You will be required to pay a fee unless your application would result in the registration of new common land. Ask the registration authority for details. You would have to pay a separate fee should your application be referred to the Planning Inspectorate.

PART A: DEED OF GRANT	
Note 1	1. Grantor
The Grantor is the owner of the Servient Land (the	Name:
land which is or will become the	Postal address:
common) described in box 5.	
If there is more than one Grantor,	
list all their names and addresses in	Postcode
full. Use a separate sheet if necessary. State the full title	
of the organisation if the Grantor is a	
body corporate or an unincorporated association, and	
the company registration number	
if applicable. Note 2	2. Grantee
The Grantee is the owner of the	Name:
Dominant Land (the land to which the right of common	Postal address:
will be attached) described in box 6.	
If there is more	
than one Grantee (e.g. if the Dominant Land	Postcode
is owned by joint tenants), list all	
their names and addresses in full. Use a separate	
sheet if necessary. State the full title	
of the organisation if the Grantee is a	
body corporate or an unincorporated	
association, and the company registration number	
if applicable.	

Note 3	3. Additional parties to the deed of grant
Enter the details of other persons who are a party to the deed of grant. For example, a mortgagee or holder of a relevant charge over the land may wish to be a party to the deed of grant.	Name:
	Postal address:
	Postcode
Note 4 Describe the nature of the new right of common granted and any quantification or other conditions. For example "a right of common to graze 10 sheep with or without followers from October to May only, such right to be held in fee simple". A new right cannot be created for a finite number of years and will therefore endure in perpetuity akin to a freehold interest.	4. Right of Common

Note 5

Insert description and particulars of the area of land over which the right will be exercisable. This is known as the Servient Land. You should give a grid reference or other identifying detail such as the Land Registry title number, to enable the land to be located. If all or part of the Servient Land is existing common land please give the register unit number.

If none or only part of the Servient Land is already recorded in the register of common land, then you must supply an Ordnance map which shows all the land at a scale of at least 1:2,500, or 1:10,560 if the land is wholly or predominantly moorland. The map must show the boundary accurately edged in red.

5. Servient Land
Name by which the land is usually known:
Location (postal address, Ordnance Survey grid reference or Land Registry title number):
Register unit number(s) (if relevant):
Select one of the options below:
1. I confirm that all of the Servient Land is existing registered common land and consists of the whole of one or more register units, and I have specified the register unit number or numbers above:
2. I confirm none of the Servient Land is existing registered common land and that the extent of the Servient Land is shown edged red on the attached map which is of the required scale:
3. I confirm that the Servient Land is a combination of existing registered common land and new land (i.e. not currently registered); that the new land is shown edged red on the attached map; and that in relation to the existing land,

I have specified the register unit number or numbers above:

Insert description of the land to which the right of common is to be attached. This is known as the Dominant Land. You should give a grid reference or other identifying detail such as the Land Registry title number, to enable the land to be located.	6. Dominant Land
	Name by which the land is usually known: Location (postal address, Ordnance Survey grid reference or Land Registry title number):
You must supply an Ordnance map of the Dominant Land, which must be at a scale of at least 1:10,560 and show the boundary accurately edged in blue.	
The right of common will remain attached to this land irrespective of subsequent changes in	I confirm that the Dominant Land is shown edged blue on the attached map:

ownership.

Note 7

This is the operative section of the grant. Please seek legal advice before completing this form if you are unsure about its effect.

In particular, the title guarantees referred to in this box impose obligations on the Grantor. There are two types of title guarantee, though either may be modified. In providing such guarantees the Grantor gives certain binding promises relating to the grant. If you have any concerns or queries about the effect of these title guarantees please seek legal advice before completing this form. Insert any modifications to the title guarantees in this box.

Note 8

Insert here any consideration payable and any agreed covenants, declarations (e.g. consent of the Grantor's chargee) and so on.

Please seek legal advice if you are unsure of the effect of provisions included in this box.

7. Grant

The Grantor grants the Right of Common as described in box 4 of this deed to the Grantee and his successors in title to the Dominant Land, with full/limited title guarantee (*delete as necessary*) out of the Servient Land for the benefit of the Dominant Land.

8. Additional provisions relating to the Grant

Note 9	9. Execution of deed
The Grantor must execute this form as a deed. The Land Registry has issued guidance on the execution of deeds. However, please seek legal advice if you are unsure how to execute.	
If there is more than one Grantor, including any parties mentioned in box 3, all must execute. If the Grant contains Grantee's covenants or declarations (i.e. included in box 8), it must also be	
executed as a deed by every Grantee. Note 10	10. Date of Grant
Insert the date of completion of the deed of grant in this box.	

PART B: REGISTRATION Note 11 11. Commons Registration Authority Insert name To the: of commons registration authority. If the right of common will be exercisable over existing registered Servient Land (i.e. existing common land) then a fee Tick one of the following boxes to confirm that you have: must be paid, which the registration enclosed the appropriate fee for this application: authority can advise you on. If or the right will cause new Servient Land applied to register new common land, so no fee is required: to be created then no fee is required. 12. Name and address of the applicant Note 12 If there is more Name: than one applicant. list all their names and addresses in Postal address: full. (An application may be made by the Grantor or the Grantee, or both; if there is more than one Grantor or Grantee all the Postcode Grantors or the Grantees must Telephone number: apply). Use a separate sheet if necessary. State Fax number: the full title of the organisation if the applicant is a body E-mail address: corporate or an unincorporated association, and the company registration number if applicable. If you supply an email address in the box provided, you may receive communications from the registration authority or other persons (e.g. objectors) via email. If box 13 is not completed all correspondence and notices will be sent to the first

named applicant.

Note 13 13. Name and address of representative, if any This box should Name: be completed if a representative, for example a solicitor, Firm: is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so Postal address: all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, Postcode the representative may receive communications Telephone number: from the registration authority or other Fax number persons (e.g. objectors) via E-mail address: email. Note 14 14. Basis of application for registration and qualifying criteria For further details Tick one of the following boxes to indicate the capacity in which you are of the requirements of an application, applying. Are you the: including evidence, refer to paragraph the owner of the Servient Land (described in box 5 of Part A): 1 of Schedule 4 to the Commons the owner of the Dominant Land (described in box 6 of Part A): Registration (England) the owners of the Dominant and Servient Land applying jointly: Regulations 2014. The Servient Land is the land which is or will become the common. The Dominant Land is the land to which the right of common will be

attached.

Note 16	16. Description of the Dominant Land
Box 16 requires completion only if Part A of the Form is not used (but a map of the Dominant Land is required anyway).	Name by which the land is usually known:
Insert description of the land to which the right of common is to be attached. This is known as the Dominant Land. You should give a grid reference or other identifying detail such as the Land Registry title number, to enable the land to be located.	Location (postal address, Ordnance Survey grid reference or Land Registry title number):
You must supply an Ordnance map of the Dominant Land, which must be at a scale of at least 1:10,560 and show the boundary accurately edged in blue.	I confirm that the Dominant Land is shown edged blue on the attached map:
The right of common will remain attached to this land irrespective of subsequent	

changes in ownership.

Note 17

Box 17 requires completion only if Part A of the Form is not used (but where any new Servient Land is to be created a map of that land is required). 17 Description of the Servient Land

Insert description and particulars of the area of land over which the right will be exercisable. This is known as the Servient Land. You should give a grid reference or other identifying detail such as the Land Registry title number, to enable the land to be located. If all or part of the Servient Land is existing common land please give the register unit number.

If none or only part of the Servient Land is already recorded in the register of common land, then you must supply an Ordnance map which shows all the land at a scale of at least 1:2,500, or 1:10,560 if the land is wholly or predominantly moorland. The map must show the boundary accurately edged in red.

Name by which the land is usually known:
Location (postal address, Ordnance Survey grid reference or Land Registry title number):
Register unit number(s) (if relevant):
Select one of the options below:
1. I confirm that all of the Servient Land is existing registered common land and consists of the whole of one or more register units, and I have specified the register unit number or numbers above:
2. I confirm none of the Servient Land is existing registered common land and that the extent of the Servient Land is shown edged red on the attached map which is of the required scale:
3. I confirm that the Servient Land is a combination of existing registered common land and new land (i.e. not currently registered); that the new land is shown edged red on the attached map; and that in relation to the existing land, I have specified the register unit number or numbers above:

Note 18	18. Name and address of every relevant leaseholder and proprietor of any
You must obtain	relevant charge over any part of the Servient Land
consent from	
every relevant	
leaseholder and	
proprietor of any	
relevant charge	
over any part	
of the Servient	
Land. State the	
Land Registry title	
• •	
number where	
known. Use a	
separate sheet if	
necessary.	
A "relevant	
leaseholder" means	
a leaseholder	
under a lease of	
more than seven	
years from the date	
on which the lease	
was granted. A	
"relevant charge"	
means, in relation	
to land registered	
in the register of	
title, a registered	
charge within the	
meaning of the	
Land Registration	
Act 2002, and in	
relation to land not	
so registered, a	
charge registered	
under the Land	
Charges Act	
1972 or a legal	
mortgage (within	
the meaning of the	
Law of Property Act	
1925) which is not	
registered under	
the Land Charges	
Act 1972.	

Note 19 List or enter here all declarations	19. Declarations of consent from every person listed in box 18 and every owner of the Dominant and Servient Land
from the persons listed under box 18 and the owners of both the Dominant Land and Servient	
Land (other than the applicant), who are referred to as the grantors or grantees in boxes 1	
and 2 of Part A. Either list the declarations attached to the application, or include in the box any declarations made and signed.	

20. Supporting documentation Note 20 List all supporting documents which accompany the application. These will include evidence of your capacity to apply. If the right to be created is for a right to graze any animal you must supply evidence that the Servient Land over which the right will be exercisable is able to sustain the exercise of the right. If the applicant is not the owner of the Servient Land over which the right will be exercisable, a copy of the epitome of title or register of title for ownership of the Servient Land must be enclosed. There is no need to submit copies of documents issued by the registration authority or to which it was a party but they should still be listed. List the documents in the box, or write in any evidence.

Use a separate sheet if necessary.

Note 21 List any other matters which should be brought to the attention of the registration authority (in particular if a person interested in the land is expected to challenge the application for registration). Full details should be given here or on a separate sheet if necessary.	21. Any other information relating to the application
Note 22 The application must be signed and dated by each individual applicant, or by the authorised officer of an applicant which is a body corporate or an unincorporated association. Please add the date next to the signature.	22. Signature of Applicant(s) Name(s): Signature(s):

REMINDER TO GRANTOR AND GRANTEE

You are responsible for telling the truth in this form and accompanying evidence. You may commit a criminal offence if you deliberately provide misleading or untrue evidence and if you do so you may be prosecuted.

You are advised to keep a copy of the form and all associated documentation.

Data Protection Act 1998

This form, any supporting information, and any representations made, cannot be treated as confidential. To determine the application it will be necessary for the commons registration authority to disclose information received from you including this form and accompanying documents to others, which may include other local authorities, Government Departments, public bodies, other organisations and members of the public.

This form and any accompanying documents may be disclosed upon receipt of a request for information under the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 or the Freedom of Information Act 2000.