



Department for
Communities and
Local Government

Help to Buy (Equity Loan scheme) and Help to Buy: NewBuy statistics: Data to 31 December 2014, England

- In the first twenty one months of the **Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme** (to 31 December 2014), **41,533 properties** were bought with an equity loan.
- The total value of these equity loans was **£1.75 billion**, with the value of the properties sold under the scheme totalling **£8.81 billion**.
- The mean purchase price of a property bought under the scheme was **£212,128**, compared with a mean equity loan of **£42,239**.
- Most of the home purchases in the Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme were made by **First Time Buyers, accounting for 34,419 (83 per cent)** of total purchases.
- For the **Help to Buy: NewBuy scheme**, 54 home purchases were made in Q4 2014. This brings the total number of house purchases up to **5,588** since the launch of the scheme in March 2012.

Housing Market *Statistical Release*

30 January 2015

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Introduction

This Statistical Release presents Official Statistics on the number of home purchases and the value of equity loans under the Government's Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme, as well as the number of purchases under the Government's Help to Buy: NewBuy scheme (formerly known only as 'NewBuy').

Further policy information on the Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme can be found on the Department's website:

<http://www.gov.uk/affordable-home-ownership-schemes/help-to-buy-equity-loans>

Further policy information on the Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee scheme can be found at:

<http://www.gov.uk/government/policies/increasing-the-number-of-available-homes/supporting-pages/newbuy-guarantee-scheme>

This release does not cover statistics regarding the Help to Buy: Mortgage Guarantee scheme. More information on Help to Buy: Mortgage Guarantee can be found here:

<http://www.gov.uk/affordable-home-ownership-schemes/help-to-buy-mortgage-guarantees>.

The quarterly release of official statistics on the scheme can be found at

<http://www.gov.uk/government/collections/help-to-buy-mortgage-guarantee-scheme-quarterly-statistics>. Its next release will be published on 5 March 2015.

This is the sixth statistical release concerning Help to Buy: Equity Loan statistics. The figures presented in this release cover the first twenty one months of the scheme, from its launch on 1 April 2013 until 31 December 2014. This release also covers the Help to Buy: NewBuy scheme from its launch on 12 March 2012 to 31 December 2014.

Subsequent releases will continue to be published on a quarterly basis. The seventh release will be published on 30 April 2015.

Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme

Monthly figures

The monthly figures for Help to Buy: Equity Loans are based on legal completion dates for transactions in the scheme as operated in England. The figures presented below cover the twenty one months from the launch of the scheme on 1 April 2013 to 31 December 2014 inclusive.

Table 1: Number of legal completions, and value of equity loans (£m), England

	Completions³	Value of Equity Loans (£m) at completion¹	Total value of Properties sold (£m)²
2013			
April	0	0	0
May	175	£5.86m	£29.35m
June	1,000	£37.07m	£185.70m
July	1,427	£53.99m	£270.81m
August	878	£35.15m	£176.46m
September (R)	1,888	£75.62m	£379.62m
October (R)	1,956	£80.18m	£402.83m
November	2,133	£87.06m	£436.65m
December (R)	3,410	£142.40m	£713.77m
2014			
January	1,945	£82.10m	£412.87m
February (R)	1,638	£70.13m	£352.40m
March (R)	2,939	£121.72m	£611.22m
Cumulative total after one year (to 31 March)	19,389	£791.28m	£3,971.66m
April (R)	1,138	£48.58m	£244.35m
May (R)	2,272	£96.06m	£482.42m
June (R)	3,717	£161.36m	£811.28m
July (R)	3,256	£143.88m	£724.23m
August (R)	1,813	£80.25m	£402.94m
September (R)	2,259	£96.48m	£484.36m
October (R)	2,109	£94.15m	£472.26m
November (R)	2,098	£90.99m	£456.71m
December	3,482	£151.25m	£760.09m
Cumulative total to 31 December 2014	41,533	£1,754.29m	£8,810.31m

(R) – revised since the last statistical release to reflect more up-to-date information.

1. The value of equity loans are based on the purchase price of the property, up to 20 per cent of the property's value at point of sale. The remaining balance of the purchase must be financed by a purchaser deposit and a

conventional mortgage. The value is shown in £million and rounded to 2 decimal places.

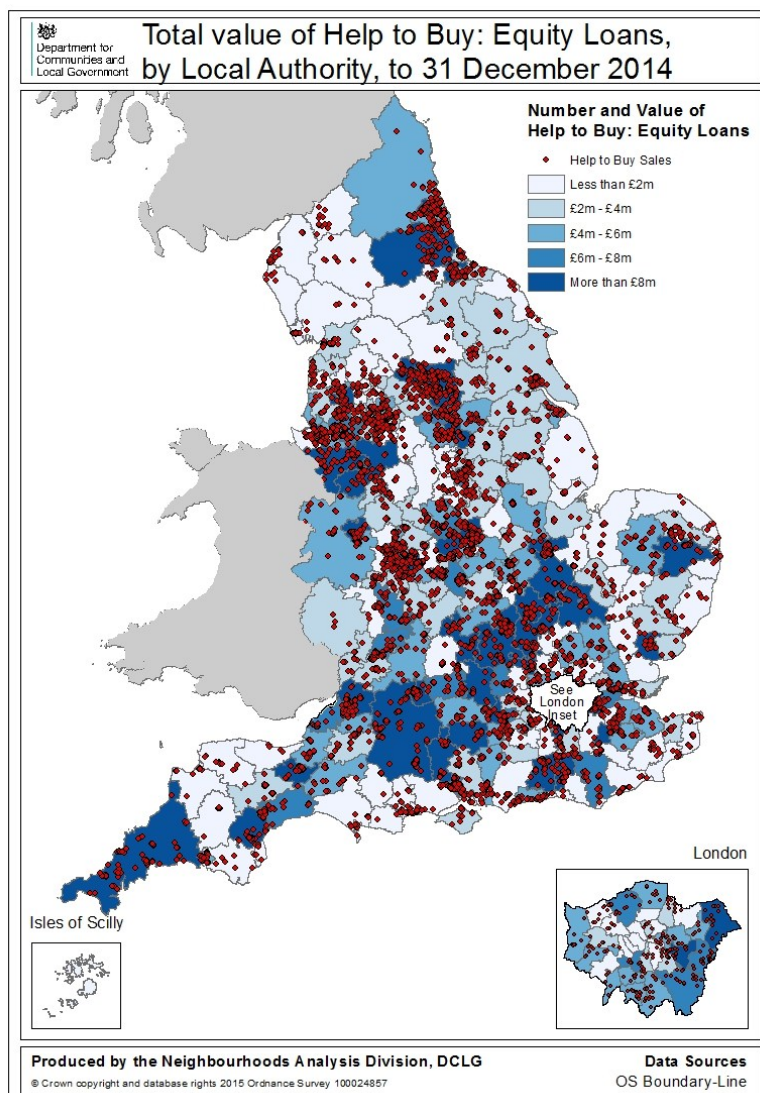
2. Value of properties sold is equal to the sum of the purchase prices at point of legal completion.

3. Completions of legacy FirstBuy transactions that occurred after 1 April 2013 are not included in these statistics. For the reporting period 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2014, there were 957 legacy FirstBuy completions for a total value of Government equity loan of £13m.

The cumulative total of the number of completions in the first twenty one months of the scheme (to 31 December 2014) was 41,533. The corresponding value of these equity loans at point of legal completion was £1.75 billion, with the overall value of properties sold under the scheme totalling £8.81 billion.

Sub-national trends

Map 1: Total Value of Equity Loans and completions, by local authority area



This map shows the location of sales under the Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme to 31 December 2014, with each small diamond representing one or more sales at a particular location. It also displays the total value of equity loans by local authority area (dark shaded areas denote higher value of equity loans in a local authority).

A table showing the number and value of loans on a quarterly basis and by local authority area (Table 1) accompanies this release, and can be found on the Department's website.

Purchase price

The Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme can be used to purchase a new build property up to the value of £600,000, with a maximum equity loan of £120,000 (20 per cent).

The numbers of homes purchased in the scheme to 31 December 2014 were greatest in the £150,001 - £200,000 price bracket in Table 2, representing 31.0 per cent of total sales. 22.2 per cent of total sales were for properties between £200,001 and £250,000. These two price brackets combined therefore accounted for over half of the total completions in the scheme.

Table 2: Cumulative number of legal completions to 31 December 2014, by purchase price

Purchase Price¹	Cumulative completions	Percentage of total Completions
£0 – £125,000	4,824	11.6%
£125,001 - £150,000	5,470	13.2%
£150,001 - £200,000	12,860	31.0%
£200,001 - £250,000	9,230	22.2%
£250,001 - £350,000	6,023	14.5%
£350,001 - £500,000	2,700	6.5%
£500,001 - £600,000	426	1.0%
All properties	41,533	100.0%
1. Purchases under Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme are subject to Stamp Duty Land Tax on the same basis as other residential dwellings. The Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme has a property price cap of £600,000.		

The median purchase price for all purchases in the scheme was £190,000. The mean purchase price was slightly higher at £212,128. This reflects the fact that the majority of sales are bunched in the lower price brackets.

The median equity loan across all completions was £37,999. The mean equity loan was slightly higher at £42,239, and 19.9 per cent of the mean purchase price. This reflects that the majority of completions in the scheme used the full 20 per cent equity loan available.

Property type

The most frequent type of property sold under the scheme were terraced houses, representing 29.4 per cent of total completions, followed closely by semi-detached properties at 28.1 per cent. Detached properties and flats made up 25.9 and 16.5 per cent of completions respectively.

Table 3: Cumulative number of legal completions to 31 December 2014, by property type

Property Type	Cumulative completions	Percentage of total completions
Detached	10,733	25.9%
Flat	6,868	16.5%
Semi-detached	11,679	28.1%
Terraced	12,225	29.4%
All properties¹	41,533	100.0%

1. Includes 28 completions for which the property type was not recorded.

Purchaser deposits

Most completions under Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme were made by First-Time Buyers, representing 82.7 per cent of total completions. 66.2 per cent of total completions were by purchasers with a deposit of up to 5 per cent.

Table 4: Cumulative number of legal completions to 31 December 2014, by purchaser deposit level and type of purchaser

Deposit band ¹	Completions (non- First Time Buyer)	Completions (First Time Buyer)	Total completions
Up to 5%	3,768	23,768	27,536 (66.2%)
5.1% to 10%	1,365	6,189	7,554 (18.2%)
10.1% to 15%	706	2,041	2,747 (6.6%)
15.1% or more	1,275	2,421	3,696 (8.9%)
All properties	7,114 (17.3%)	34,419 (82.7%)	41,533 (100.0%)

1. The deposit level for each transaction is calculated by expressing the amount of purchaser deposit as a percentage of the purchase price, and rounding to one decimal place.

Applicant household incomes

The household income of purchasers of properties under the Help to Buy: Equity Loans scheme is recorded for each individual completion in the scheme. 'Total applicant household income' reported below refers to the total income for the household, regardless of how many members of that household are making the purchase.

The numbers of homes purchased in the scheme to date (in terms of total applicant household income) were greatest for purchasers with a household income between £30,001 and £40,000 a year, representing 25.2 per cent of total completions. 18.1 per cent of completions had applicants with a registered household income of between £20,001 and £30,000 a year, with 3.3 per cent of completions with applicant household incomes lower than this. 80.3 per cent of completions had applicant incomes of £60,000 or less, whilst 3.1 per cent of completions had applicants with a registered household income in excess of £100,000 a year.

Table 5: Cumulative number of legal completions to 31 December 2014, by total applicant household income

Total applicant household- Income¹	Cumulative completions	Percentage of total Completions
£0 – £20,000	1,374	3.3%
£20,001 - £30,000	7,530	18.1%
£30,001 - £40,000	10,475	25.2%
£40,001 - £50,000	8,602	20.7%
£50,001 - £60,000	5,399	13.0%
£60,001 - £80,000	5,000	12.1%
£80,001 - £100,000	1,880	4.5%
Greater than £100,000	1,273	3.1%
All	41,533	100.0%

1. Total applicant household income as registered on the Help to Buy Property Information Form completed at the point of reservation. Income brackets presented here reflect total applicant household income, which does not discriminate between single person applications and joint applications under the scheme. Purchasers must have proof of income in order to be eligible for a Help to Buy: Equity Loan. The scheme allows for property purchases up to £600,000 with a maximum equity loan of 20 per cent. After accounting for the purchaser deposit and equity loan, the remaining balance must be financed through a mortgage which is not in excess of 4.5 times the applicant's household income e.g. a £600,000 property, with a 5 per cent purchaser deposit (£30,000) and a 20 per cent equity loan (£120,000) must fund the remainder of the purchase through a mortgage (£450,000). In this instance, the total applicant household income must be at least £100,000 per annum.

Help to Buy: NewBuy Scheme

Quarterly figures

The quarterly figures for the NewBuy Guarantee scheme are based on legal completion dates for transactions in the scheme as reported by participating mortgage lenders. This covers England only and shows data from the launch of the scheme on 12 March 2012 to 31 December 2014.

Table 6: Number of legal completions, Government liability (£m), and cost to Government (£m) under the NewBuy Guarantee scheme

	Completions	Government Liability (maximum possible cost) £m ¹	Successful claims against Government Guarantee, £m ²
2012			
Q2	247	2.5	-
Q3	373	3.8	-
Q4 (R)	902	9.0	-
2013			
Q1	763	7.7	-
Q2 (R)	1,484	15.6	-
Q3	678	7.2	-
Q4	604	6.5	-
2014			
Q1 (R)	192	2.0	-
Q2 (R)	185	2.0	-
Q3 (R)	106	1.3	-
Q4	54	0.6	-
Cumulative total to Q2 2014	5,588	£58.2 m	£0.0 m

1. Rounded to one decimal place. Government liability represents the total value of the government guarantees granted in the period. It also represents the maximum possible cost to Government as a result of claims being made against this guarantee. In practice, expected costs to Government as a result of providing the Guarantee are expected to be much smaller than this liability figure. More detail on the guarantee scheme and how it operates can be found in the Definitions section further down in this release.

2. Successful claims against the guarantee represent money Government that has paid out to mortgage lenders as a result of a mortgagee defaulting on their loan covered by the scheme and not being able to pay it back. In previous statistical releases, this was referred to as 'Government's Total Costs'.

R – Revised since the last statistical release due to the data provider reviewing the data held on past sales.

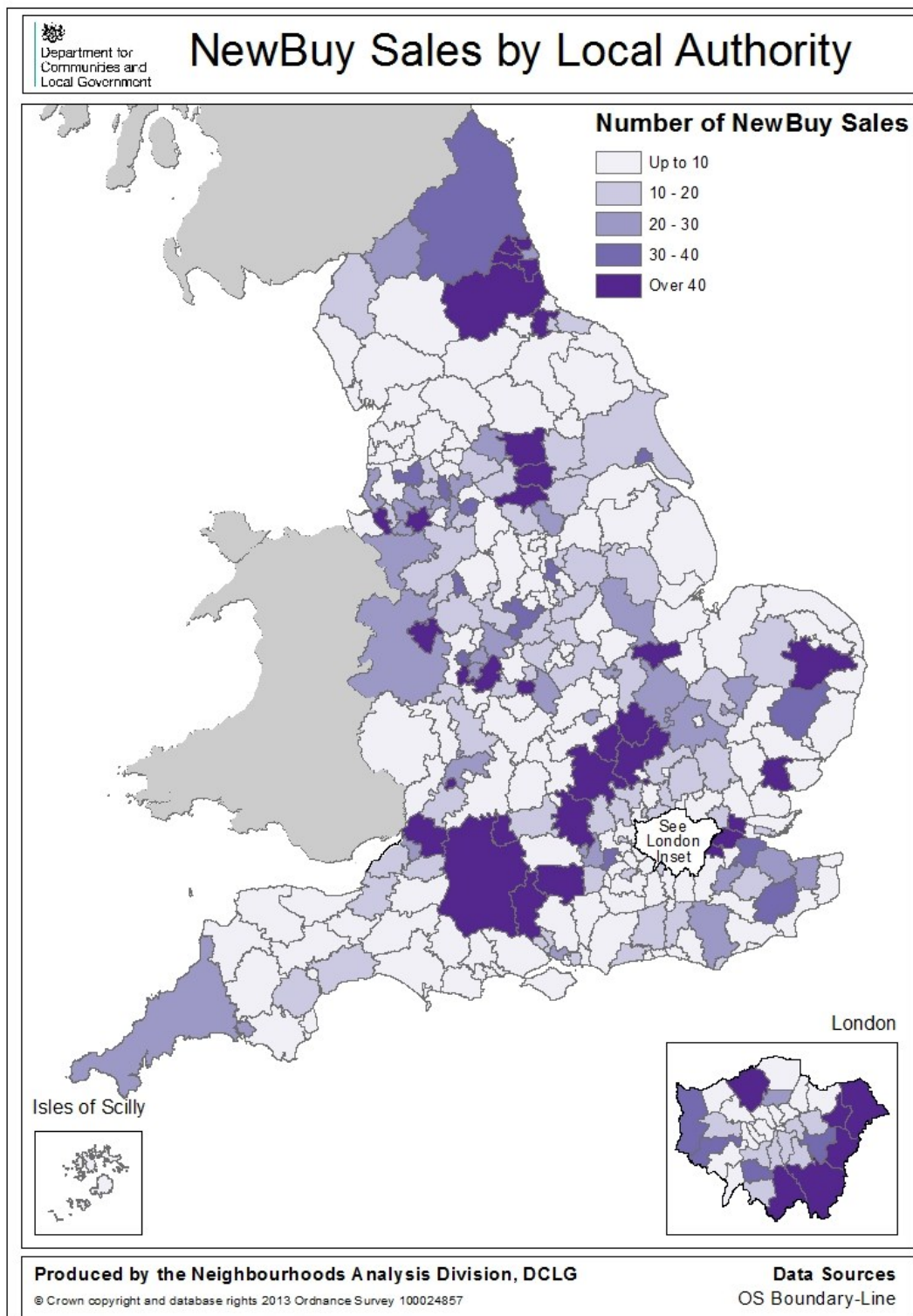
In the fourth quarter of 2014, there were 54 completions, bringing the overall total of completions since the launch of the scheme to 5,588. The total value of the Government Guarantees ("Government Liability") for these completed sales was £58.2m. To date, there have been no claims made with respect to the guarantees made under the scheme.

Sub-national trends

A map showing cumulative completions for the NewBuy Guarantee scheme, by local authority area, is shown below. A data table, showing the number of sales by local authority, accompanies

this release.

Map 2: Cumulative Completions for the Help to Buy: NewBuy scheme, by local authority



The areas performing particularly strongly with NewBuy include local authorities north west of London with larger commuter populations, such as Bedford, Milton Keynes, Aylesbury Vale and South Oxfordshire. Also included in these types of area are the east of London in Thurrock, Bexley, Bromley and Dartford and further west in Hampshire with Basingstoke and Deane and Test Valley. Also in this area Gloucester and Swindon have had high sales. Further north, the main local authorities are in major city centres, such as: Leeds, Birmingham, Coventry, Liverpool and Gateshead.

Accompanying tables

Two accompanying tables are available to download alongside this release:

Table 1 Number and value of Help to Buy: Equity Loans (quarterly), by local authority, England

Table 2 Cumulative number of Help to Buy: NewBuy completions (since March 2012), by local authority, England

These tables can be accessed from

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/help-to-buy-equity-loan-and-newbuy-statistics>

In addition, the following tables are available from Open Data Communities at

<http://opendatacommunities.org/themes/housing-market> or via:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/help-to-buy-equity-loan-scheme-monthly-statistics> and will be updated every month:

- **Cumulative number of Help to Buy equity loans, by local authority**
- **Cumulative number of Help to Buy equity loans, by local authority and postcode sector**, showing only postcode sectors with three or more cases to minimise the possibility of individual households being identified
- **Cumulative number of Help to Buy equity loans, by local authority and postcode district**, showing only postcode sectors with five or more cases to minimise the possibility of individual households being identified
- **Cumulative number of Help to Buy equity loans, by Parliamentary Constituency**, became available for the first time for sales to 30 June 2014, showing only loans for which the property's postcode did not straddle a constituency boundary.

Definitions

Help to Buy: Equity Loans

An **equity loan** is Government financial assistance given to eligible applicants to purchase an eligible home through a Government equity mortgage secured on the home. The Government equity mortgage is ranked second in priority behind an owner's main mortgage lender. The Government equity mortgage means that if Government contributed 20 per cent of the value to the applicant to buy a home, the owner will repay 20 per cent of the future value to Government e.g. when selling their equity loan home.

The equity loan scheme reported in this statistical release is **Help to Buy: Equity loan**. This

scheme offers up to 20 per cent of the value as Government assistance to purchasers buying a new build home. The buyer must provide a cash deposit of at least 5 per cent and a main mortgage lender must provide a loan of at least 75 per cent. The Government assistance to buy is made through an equity loan made by the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) to the purchaser. Help to Buy equity loans are only available on new build homes and the maximum purchase price is £600,000. Equity loan assistance for purchasers is paid via house builders registered with the HCA to participate in the Help to Buy equity loan initiative. The payment is made to builders (via solicitors) at purchaser legal completion. The equity loan is provided without fees for the first five years of ownership. The property title is held by the home owner who can therefore sell their home at any time and upon sale should provide the government the value of the same equity share of the property when it is sold. If Government contributed 20 per cent of the value to buy a new home, the owner will repay 20 per cent of the future value (the value at the time they sell) to Government, e.g. when selling their equity loan home. More information can be found on the Department's website:

<https://www.gov.uk/affordable-home-ownership-schemes/help-to-buy-equity-loans>

The following definitions are used in relation to the equity loan scheme:

- **Completed equity loans (“purchaser legal completions”):** a purchaser legal completion is defined as occurring when the home is ready for occupation, the sale contract between house builder and purchaser has completed and all mortgage funds, deposit and equity loan assistance have been paid to the house builder. The purchaser takes possession after legal completion.
- **Reservations:** a reservation is defined as the point at which an Authority to Proceed (ATP) is issued by the local Help to Buy Agent. The ATP is issued by Local Help to Buy Agent following their approval of a firm reservation of a Help to Buy Home. ATP issue is the approval for purchasers to commence conveyancing and submit a full mortgage application to the main mortgage lender.

The Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme replaced the existing **FirstBuy** shared equity scheme on 1 April 2013. Information about the FirstBuy scheme can be found here:

http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130203154301/http://homesandcommunities.co.uk/cfg?page_id=6016&page=71

Completions of legacy FirstBuy transactions that occurred after 1 April 2013 are not included in these statistics. For the reporting period 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2014, there were 957 legacy FirstBuy for a total value of Government equity loan of £13m. FirstBuy offered up to a 20 per cent equity loan on new build properties for First Time Buyers only, co-funded between Government and the house builder.

The figures provided in this release are based on the **legal completion** date for the sale. A purchaser legal completion is defined as when the home is ready for occupation, the sale contract between house builder and purchaser has completed and all mortgage funds, deposits and equity

loan assistance have been paid to the house builder. The purchaser takes possession after legal completion.

Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee Scheme

The title of the NewBuy Guarantee scheme was changed in early 2014 to 'Help to Buy: NewBuy', so that it is grouped together with the Government's other schemes designed to help prospective home buyers: Help to Buy: equity loan and Help to Buy: mortgage guarantee.

The scheme allows borrowers to secure up to a 95 per cent loan-to-value mortgage on a new build property. More detail on the scheme can be found here:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/policies/increasing-the-number-of-available-homes/supporting-pages/newbuy-guarantee-scheme>

The guarantee is provided by Government, in partnership with the house building industry. In the event of a borrower defaulting on their mortgage, Government and the respective house builder assume responsibility for any debt which is not already paid back to the mortgage lender.

Mortgages are covered by the government guarantee from point of completion. Government's maximum total contingent liability is capped at £1bn. Each time a property is sold under the Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee scheme, Government's maximum possible cost within this limit increases by 5.5 per cent of the property's sale value.

Government's costs will be incurred only when: (i) Help to Buy: NewBuy properties have been purchased (completed), possessed, and/or resold, and have attracted losses, and those losses have been claimed by the appropriate lender/s; and (ii) the total of such losses is in excess of the total of the builder's corresponding indemnity fund.

Technical notes

Data collection

Help to Buy: Equity Loans

Data are extracted from the Homes and Communities Agency's Investment Management System (IMS). This contains information provided by Help to Buy agents in accordance with monitoring requirements for the payment of the equity loans.

Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee Scheme

The data in this release have been provided by JLT Insurance Management (Guernsey) Ltd (JLTIM) in its capacity as administrator to the NewBuy Mortgage Indemnity Scheme. Analysts working for the Department for Communities and Local Government have worked with JLTIM's analysts to ensure the accuracy of the data presented. JLTIM is a member of the Jardine Lloyd Thompson Group plc group of companies and is regulated by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission.

Data quality

Help to Buy: Equity Loans

Data recorded in the IMS by Help to Buy agents are subject to system validations in IMS. In addition, Help to Buy Agents make Key Performance Standard monthly reports to HCA and these include compliance with HCA requirements. HCA also conducts random file checks for accuracy on all Help to Buy Agents at quarterly contract review meetings. Following extraction for the purposes of producing this statistical release, data are quality assured by checking individual entries which exceed set tolerances e.g. such as purchaser income levels, as well as 'spot checks' by cross checking with the Land Registry database (see: <http://houseprices.landregistry.gov.uk/sold-prices/>).

Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee Scheme

Data on individual sales in the scheme are recorded by JLTIM and checked for consistency from both the participating builder and lender. In the event that information is inconsistent, JLTIM will contact and resolve with the relevant parties as part of routine query process.

Following extraction for the purposes of statistical release, the data are validated by DCLG against Management Information reports provided by JLTIM to the Department.

Revisions policy

This policy has been developed in accordance with the UK Statistics Authority Code of Practice for Official statistics and the Department for Communities and Local Government Revisions Policy (found at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/statistical-notice-dclg-revisions-policy>).

There are two types of revisions that the policy covers:

Non-Scheduled Revisions

Where a substantial error has occurred as a result of the compilation, imputation or dissemination process, the statistical release, live tables and other accompanying releases will be updated with a correction notice as soon as is practical.

Scheduled Revisions

Help to Buy: Equity Loan statistics are drawn from the grant administration system and therefore updated information can be provided by grant recipients after the official statistics have been extracted and compiled. If required, revisions are incorporated into the next scheduled statistical release. For each release, revisions are made to the previous eight quarters only.

Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee scheme statistics are drawn from JLTIM's database of recorded transactions. Whilst the majority of transactions that happen within a reporting period are recorded within a month of the period ending, there are residual cases where completion dates have yet to be confirmed by participating lenders in the scheme. This can lead to a slight under-reporting of the actual number of transactions on first release. Figures can also be revised as a result of JLTIM reviewing data held on past sales. The future impact of such revisions is anticipated to be small.

Uses of the data

The data are used for monitoring the delivery of the Help to Buy: Equity loans scheme, and the Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee scheme. They are also used to inform wider government policy on housing.

User engagement

Users are encouraged to provide feedback on how these statistics are used and how well they meet user needs. Comments on any issues relating to this statistical release are welcomed and encouraged. Responses should be addressed to the "Public enquiries" contact given in the "Enquiries" section below.

The Department's engagement strategy to meet the needs of statistics users is published here: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/engagement-strategy-to-meet-the-needs-of-statistics-users>

Related statistics

Six-monthly statistics on housing starts on site and housing completions delivered by the Homes and Communities Agency (which will include Help to Buy: Equity Loan completions) are published in their Housing Statistics release, which can be found here:

<http://www.homesandcommunities.co.uk/housing-statistics>

Although from April 2012 the Mayor of London has had strategic oversight of housing, regeneration and economic development in London, the Homes and Communities Agency administers the Help to Buy: Equity Loans scheme on behalf of the Greater London Authority.

Details of delivery of housing under other Government schemes, including shared ownership schemes, can be found on the Department's website here:

<http://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-communities-and-local-government/about/statistics>

Both the Help to Buy: Equity Loan scheme, and the Help to Buy: NewBuy Guarantee scheme operate only in England.

As stated in the Introduction (page 2), the third quarterly release of official statistics on the Help to Buy mortgage guarantee scheme – covering sales to 30 September 2014 - was published by the Treasury on 28 November 2014 and can be found at

<http://www.gov.uk/government/collections/help-to-buy-mortgage-guarantee-scheme-quarterly-statistics>. Its next release – covering sales to 31 December 2014 - will be published on 5 March 2015. The mortgage guarantee scheme operates across the whole of the United Kingdom.

The Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) publishes a range of statistics on its programmes including activity on the Help to Buy equity loan scheme. Figures are available at

<http://www.homesandcommunities.co.uk/housing-statistics>.

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Information on Official Statistics is available via the UK Statistics Authority website:

www.statistics.gov.uk/hub/browse-by-theme/index.html

Information about statistics at DCLG is available via the Department's website:

www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-communities-and-local-government/about/statistics

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