



7 August 2014

United Kingdom Egg Statistics - Quarter 2, 2014

This release shows quarterly information on the numbers of eggs packed in UK packing stations (which covers the vast majority of total eggs produced), usage and farm-gate egg prices. It also includes monthly information on the trade in eggs and egg products.

Key results

- 6.8 million cases of eggs were packed in UK egg packing stations during the second quarter of 2014. This represents a 2% increase on last quarter and continues the upward trend seen over the past year back up towards the high levels last seen in 2011. Egg production is expected to continue increasing in the coming months. Recent increases have been seen in the number of layer chick placings (Defra poultry statistics) which indicate a larger laying flock once these chicks reach maturity, and hence, increased egg production.
- The average UK farm-gate egg price through Q2 2014 is 85.4 pence per dozen, continuing the steady price decreases seen since the peak of 92.2 pence per dozen in Q1 2013.
- The volume of eggs processed during the second quarter of 2014 totalled 28 thousand tonnes. The production of liquid egg and egg products increased by 19% compared to the same period the previous year.

This quarterly release will be next updated at 09:30 on 6 November 2014. Full time series are available to download at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/egg-statistics

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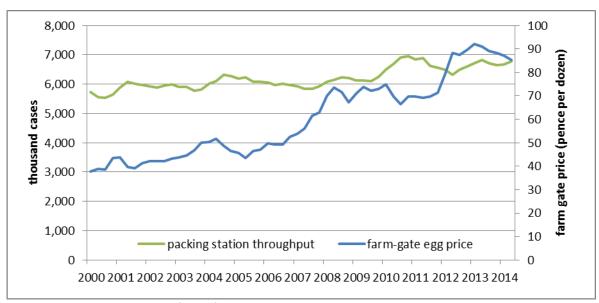
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Section 1: UK egg packing volumes, methods of production, UK country breakdowns and price statistics

The tables in this section show quarterly information on the volumes of eggs passed through the UK egg packing stations. These eggs generally account for over 90% of total egg production. Packing station figures include throughput of both graded and ungraded eggs.

- The number of eggs which went through the packing stations increased by 2% in Q2 2014 on the previous quarter and continue the upward trend seen generally over the past year back up towards the high levels last seen in 2011 (Figure 1). Egg production is expected to continue increasing in the coming months with increased placings indicating an expansion in the laying flock later this year.
- Egg prices have been steadily falling since the peak in Q1 2013. Looking at longer term trends over time, high egg prices have tended to precede increases in egg production, reflecting the influence this can have on the market.

Figure 1: The number of eggs packed in UK packing stations compared to the UK farm-gate egg price: 2000-2014



Note: Prices are not adjusted for inflation

Q1

Q2

2014

Table 1: UK Packing Station egg throughput by country

4,969

4,994

% change on Period E&W Scot NI UK previous year -5.1% Q1 4,875 1,003 628 6,506 4.751 908 6,319 -8.2% Q2 660 6,501 2012 Q3 4,836 955 709 -2.0% 4,966 0.6% Q4 967 663 6,596 19,428 2,660 25,922 -3.7% Total 3,834 3.3% Q1 5,088 942 693 6,723 Q2 5,119 975 725 6,819 7.9% 2013 Q3 4,999 936 778 6,713 3.3% Q4 4,909 801 0.8% 936 6,646 Total 20,114 3,790 2,996 26,901 3.8%

866

865

835

912

6,671

6,771

thousand cases

-0.8%

-0.7%

Table 2: UK Packing Station egg throughput by egg production type

thousand cases

Period		Enriched cage	Barn	Free Range	Organic	Total
	Q1	3,106	229	3,004	167	6,506
	Q2	3,046	222	2,885	167	6,319
2012	Q3	3,206	238	2,888	169	6,501
	Q4	3,238	259	2,939	159	6,596
	Total	12,596	948	11,716	662	25,922
	Q1	3,339	250	2,986	148	6,723
	Q2	3,426	222	3,017	155	6,819
2013	Q3	3,381	199	2,973	159	6,713
	Q4	3,460	218	2,820	148	6,646
	Total	13,606	890	11,795	610	26,901
2014	Q1	3,409	222	2,879	161	6,671
	Q2	3,502	211	2,903	155	6,771

• Eggs produced from hens in enriched colony systems (intensive cages pre-2012) account for 52% of the total throughput whilst free range eggs account for 43%. The proportion of eggs produced in the differing systems has remained virtually unchanged over the past 10 years.

Figure 2: Breakdown of egg throughput by production method: April-June 2014

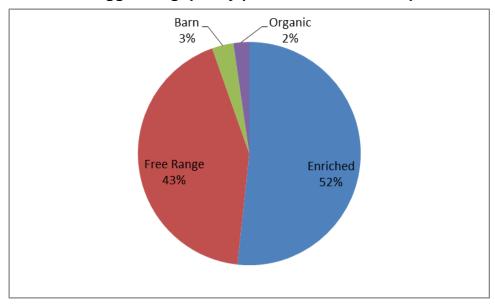


Table 3: Average UK farm-gate egg price (a)

pence per dozen

Period		Enriched cage	Barn	Free Range	Organic	All Eggs	% change on previous year
	Q1	65.3	С	89.8	С	79.1	13.5%
	Q2	74.4	С	99.7	С	88.4	28.0%
2012	Q3	73.4	С	99.4	С	87.4	25.4%
	Q4	75.8	С	101.7	С	89.7	25.7%
	Total	72.2	С	97.7	С	86.2	23.2%
	Q1	77.5	С	105.6	С	92.2	16.6%
	Q2	75.4	С	105.5	С	91.0	2.9%
2013	Q3	72.9	С	104.3	С	89.2	2.1%
	Q4	71.3	С	105.5	С	88.2	-1.7%
	Total	74.3	С	105.2	С	90.2	4.6%
2014	Q1	69.8	С	103.6	С	87.1	-5.6%
	Q2	69.1	С	101.4	С	85.4	-6.1%

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Section 2: UK egg processing statistics

- The number of eggs bought by UK egg processors totalled 1.3 million cases (equating to 28 thousand tonnes), an increase of 20% on the same period in 2013, as shown in Table 4.
- Liquid egg accounted for 63% of the total production and shows a 14% increase on the previous quarter. Production of other egg products also increased on the previous quarter (+18%), as shown in Table 5.

Table 4: Number of eggs bought by UK Egg Processors

Per	rind	Thousand	Tonnes	% change	
1 chod		cases	10111165	year on year	
	Q1	1,178	25,926	-7.7%	
	Q2	1,223	26,900	-8.8%	
2012	Q3	1,228	27,017	-9.3%	
	Q4	1,141 25,095		-10.9%	
	Total	4,770	104,938	-9.2%	
	Q1	1,125	24,742	-4.6%	
	Q2	1,080	23,769	-11.6%	
2013	Q3	1,090	23,979	-11.2%	
	Q4	1,185	26,078	3.9%	
	Total	4,480	98,567	-6.1%	
2014	Q1	1,100	24,200	-2.2%	
2014	Q2	1,294	28,460	19.7%	

⁽a) From 2012 the price is an average across the survey period rather than an end of period weekly spot price and weighted according to the volumes packed by each packing station. Bonus payments paid are included.

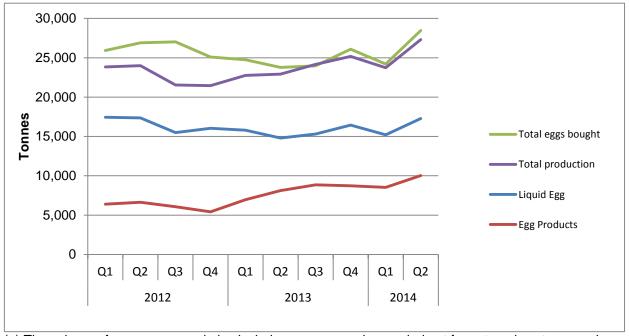
Table 5: Production of egg products by UK Egg Processors

tonnes

Period			Egg Pr	oducts		% change year on year	
		Liquid Egg	Hard Boiled	Other	Total		
			(a)	Products (a))	
	Q1	17,447	6,3	6,393		-0.6%	
	Q2	17,361	6,641		24,001	-6.5%	
2012	Q3	15,485	6,0	060	21,545	-17.7%	
	Q4	16,045	5,409		21,454	-12.8%	
	Total	66,338	24,503		90,841	-9.5%	
	Q1	15,785	6,964		22,749	-4.6%	
	Q2	14,797	8,126		22,923	-4.5%	
2013	Q3	15,303	8,852		24,155	12.1%	
	Q4	16,453	8,726		25,179	17.4%	
	Total	62,338	32,667		95,005	4.6%	
2014	Q1	15,198	8,5	529	23,727	4.3%	
2014	Q2	17,276	10,036		27,313	19.2%	

⁽a) Separate data for Hard Boiled Eggs and Other Products is currently unavailable to avoid disclosure of confidential information.

Figure 3: Intake and Production of Egg Products by UK Egg Processors (a)



⁽a) The volume of eggs processed also includes any processing carried out for external customers who supply their own eggs. This can cause the overall volume of eggs processed to be higher than the volume of eggs purchased, as in the statistics for Q3 2013.

Section 3: UK Egg Trade

Trade figures are supplied by HM Revenue and Customs. Trade data marked as provisional may be subject to revision. A recent investigation by HMRC has concluded the high volume of egg product exports reported between July 2012 and May 2013 were correct, though the reason for this large increase is still unclear and results look very unusual.

 The latest trade data from HMRC for May 2014 shows a 27% increase in imports of shell eggs on the same period last year. Export figures show a decrease of 53% over the same period. These volumes are fairly small, so to give context to these figures, the number of imports in Q1 2014 (445 thousand cases) only compares to around 7% of the volumes of home-produced eggs packed in UK packing stations in the same period.

Table 6: UK Trade in Shell Eggs (a)

thousand cases

	Imports		12 Month		12 Month			
Calendar Months			% change	Moving			% change	Moving
	2013	2014	13/14	Totals	2013	2014	13/14	Totals
January	151	142	-6%	1,708	29	29	1%	282
February	127	135	6%	1,715	25	24	-3%	281
March	164	168	3%	1,720	20	35	78%	297
April	126	147	16%	1,740	22	17	-24%	291
May	122	155	27%	1,774	26	12	-53%	278
June	125				22			
July	128				25			
August	150				23			
September	149				27			
October	144				33			
November	184				13			
December	147				16			
Total	1,718	747			281	118		_

⁽a) From 2012 comm codes changed from 04070030 to 040721000, 040729100 and 040790100, All trade data are provisional

Table 7: UK Trade in Egg Products (a)

thousand cases

	Imports		12 Month		12 Month			
Calendar Months			% change	Moving			% change	Moving
	2013	2014	13/14	Totals	2013	2014	13/14	Totals
January	254	244	-4%	3,371	106	12	-89%	412
February	280	235	-16%	3,327	90	11	-88%	333
March	252	219	-13%	3,294	73	10	-86%	269
April	251	291	16%	3,334	65	12	-81%	217
May	311	270	-13%	3,293	83	8	-90%	143
June	309				17			
July	306				14			
August	274				13			
September	287				12			
October	335				12			
November	251				15			
December	273				7			
Total	3,382	1,259			506	53		

⁽a) Figures are based on SITCs: 025.21, 025.22 and 025.30, converted to shell egg equivalent All trade data are provisional

A recent investigation by HMRC has concluded the high volume of egg product exports reported between July 2012 and May 2013 were correct.

Section 4: Data users, methodology, notes and revisions policy

Data users

- 1. Users of the egg statistics include the EU Commission who require the UK farm gate egg price weekly under Regulation EC 546/2003. They have also recently issued a voluntary request for Member States to submit egg production estimates to fill a data gap that exists.
- 2. Representatives of the egg and poultry industry are also major users of the data. The data on egg production volumes and egg type are key sector indicators for the British Egg Industry Council (BEIC) as they reflect the size of the national laying flock. The British Free Range Egg Producers Association also make heavy use of our data as it indicates the size of the free range sector. We work closely with these users and consult widely when considering any changes to our surveys or associated datasets.
- **3.** The Home Grown Cereals Authority (HGCA), part of the Agricultural and Horticultural Development Board, rely on egg production data as a good indicator of the commercial layer flock and associated feed demand and hence grain usage by the sector.
- **4.** Our statistics are also often heavily referenced in industry publications such as "Poultry World" and "The Ranger", the official magazine of the British Free Range Egg Producers Association.

Methodology

- 5. Egg Packing Statistics: Total egg throughput is modelled using the number of commercial laying hens (which is based on the Defra Hatchery Survey layer chick placings), average egg yields, average mortality rates and the proportion of UK eggs that go through packing stations. To estimate further breakdowns from this total output, Defra runs a quarterly survey of registered UK egg packing stations to collect data on egg production method (i.e. free range, enriched cages etc.), country of packing and prices. This "Egg Packers survey" is a voluntary survey of 27 packing stations across the UK, which accounts for around 75% of eggs packed in the UK. The response rate is typically 100 per cent.
- **6.** The prices obtained on the survey are weighted according to the volume of eggs packed by each packing station to obtained average prices for the UK. From 2012, prices include any bonus payments paid to producers.
- **7. Egg processing statistics:** Defra runs a quarterly survey of all registered egg processors. It is a voluntary survey of 11 respondents that collects information on the number of eggs bought by egg processors and the quantity of egg products produced. The response rate is typically 100 per cent.
- **8.** In tables that show numbers of eggs the units used are 'thousand cases'. There are 360 eggs in one case.
- **9. Trade statistics:** These figures come from HM Revenue and Customs, but are validated and adjusted if necessary prior to publication. The Standard Industrial Trade Classification codes used to produce each table are given in the footnotes below the tables.
- **10.** The data are subject to a variety of validation checks which identify inconsistencies in the data. All data are cleaned prior to publication.
- **11.** The percentage changes shown are calculated using unrounded figures. Thus any percentage changes calculated using the published (rounded) figures may not equate exactly with the changes shown.

- **12.** The UK 12 month moving totals represent the sum of the 12 months up to and including the date indicated. They can be seen as a trend measure that is not affected by seasonality.
- **13.**Contact details are available on the front page of this notice, for you to send feedback or ask questions about the information provided.

Revisions policy:

- **14.** Figures in this notice are provisional and subject to revision. We will provide information about any revisions we make to previously published information in this statistics notice, and the associated datasets. Revisions could occur for various reasons, including:
 - a. if we have not received survey data from respondents we make an estimate based on their previous returns. These estimates will be replaced with actual survey data when it is received.
 - b. survey respondents occasionally supply amended figures for previous periods.
- **15.** This quarter there are no revisions to previously published packing station data. There are minor revisions to previously published trade figures from February 2013 due to amended HMRC data (Imports of shell eggs during this period were revised upwards by 11%, from 122 to 135 thousand cases).