# Monthly Op TELIC and Op HERRICK UK Patient Treatment Statistics: RCDM and DMRC Headley Court 8 October 2007 – 31 January 2013

# 28 February 2013

#### Issued By:

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- 1. This report provides statistical information on UK Armed Forces personnel returned to the UK from Op TELIC and Op HERRICK as a result of an injury or illness who have been treated at the Royal Centre for Defence Medicine (RCDM) and the Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre (DMRC) Headley Court. This report covers the time period 8 October 2007 31 January 2013.
- 2. This report has been provided in response to a number of requests for information about the number of UK Service Personnel injured on Op TELIC or Op HERRICK that are subsequently receiving treatment in hospital at RCDM or receiving rehabilitation at DMRC, Headley Court. Publishing this information monthly provides accurate and timely information to interested parties.
- 3. Following the small numbers of Op TELIC patients now receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC each month (less than 10 UK Service Personnel) DASA ran a consultation with internal and external stakeholders on a proposal to cease the routine reporting of the monthly Op TELIC UK patient treatment statistics for RCDM and DMRC Headley Court. It was proposed that the last publication of these statistics will be 30 April 2013 with figures up until 31 March 2013. Reporting of the monthly and cumulative Op HERRICK UK patient treatment statistics for RCDM and DMRC Headley Court will continue each month as scheduled. This consultation closed on 17 August 2012. DASA are currently in discussions with interested parties regarding this consultation, and will present the outcome as soon as it is available.

### **KEY POINTS**

#### **OP TELIC PATIENTS**

- 4. In **January 2013** there were seven patients from Op TELIC treated at DMRC (five were Battle Injuries, one was for a Non Battle Injury and one was for Natural Causes), there were no new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness.
- 5. **2012/13**: Over the time period 1 April 2012 to 31 January 2013, there were 22 patients from Op TELIC treated at either RCDM or DMRC (13 were Battle Injuries, four were Non Battle Injuries and five were Natural Causes), there was one new patient who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness. Despite having received treatment before elsewhere, they were only treated for the first time at DMRC in August 2012, therefore have been reported as a new patient.
- 6. **2011/12**: Over the time period 1 April 2011 to 31 March 2012, there were 42 patients from Op TELIC treated at either RCDM or DMRC (20 were Battle Injuries, 13 were Non Battle Injuries and nine were Natural Causes), six of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (four were Non Battle Injuries and two were Natural Causes).

# INTRODUCTION

- 7. **2010/11**: Over the time period 1 April 2010 to 31 March 2011, there were 70 patients from Op TELIC treated at either RCDM or DMRC (27 were Battle Injuries, 27 were Non Battle Injuries and 16 were Natural Causes), 12 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (nine were Non Battle Injuries and three were Natural Causes).
- 8. **2009/10**: Over the time period 1 April 2009 to 31 March 2010, there were 148 patients from Op TELIC treated at either RCDM or DMRC (37 were Battle Injuries, 73 were Non Battle Injuries and 38 were Natural Causes), 49 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (one was for a Battle Injury, 32 were Non Battle Injuries and 16 were Natural Causes).
- 9. **2008/09:** Over the time period 1 April 2008 to 31 March 2009, there were 284 patients from Op TELIC treated at either RCDM or DMRC (60 were Battle Injuries, 132 were Non Battle Injuries and 92 were Natural Causes), 199 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (eight were Battle Injuries, 107 were Non Battle Injuries and 84 were Natural Causes).
- 10. **2007/08:** Over the time period 8 October 2007 to 31 March 2008, there were 181 patients from Op TELIC treated at either RCDM or DMRC (77 were Battle Injuries, 69 were Non Battle Injuries and 35 were Natural Causes), 97 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (13 were Battle Injuries, 51 were Non Battle Injuries and 33 were Natural Causes).

#### **OP HERRICK PATIENTS**

- 11. In **January 2013** there were 243 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (201 were Battle Injuries, 23 were Non Battle Injuries and 19 were Natural Causes), 29 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (13 were Battle Injuries, eight were Non Battle Injuries and eight were Natural Causes).
- 12. **2012/13:** Over the time period 1 April 2012 to 31 January 2013, there were 857 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (567 were Battle Injuries, 151 were Non Battle Injuries and 139 were Natural Causes), 398 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (179 were Battle Injuries, 103 were Non Battle Injuries and 116 were Natural Causes).
- 13. **2011/12:** Over the time period 1 April 2011 to 31 March 2012, there were 989 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (631 were Battle Injuries, 173 were Non Battle Injuries and 185 were Natural Causes), 497 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (221 were Battle Injuries, 113 were Non Battle Injuries and 163 were Natural Causes).
- 14. **2010/11:** Over the time period 1 April 2010 to 31 March 2011, there were 1,146 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (700 were Battle Injuries, 256 were Non Battle Injuries and 190 were Natural Causes), 721 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (361 were Battle Injuries, 190 were Non Battle Injuries and 170 were Natural Causes).
- 15. **2009/10:** Over the time period 1 April 2009 to 31 March 2010, there were 1,023 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (564 were Battle Injuries, 268 were Non Battle Injuries and 191 were Natural Causes), 773 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (394 were Battle Injuries, 210 were Non Battle Injuries and 169 were Natural Causes).
- 16. **2008/09**: Over the time period 1 April 2008 to 31 March 2009, there were 643 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (284 were Battle Injuries, 199 were Non Battle Injuries and 160 were Natural Causes), 493 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or DMRC for their injury or illness (180 were Battle Injuries, 159 were Non Battle Injuries and 154 were Natural Causes).
- 17. **2007/08**: Over the time period 8 October 2007 to 31 March 2008, there were 256 patients from Op HERRICK treated at either RCDM or DMRC (132 were Battle Injuries, 83 were Non Battle Injuries and 41 were Natural Causes), 149 of these were new patients who had not previously been treated at RCDM or

DMRC for their injury or illness (58 were Battle Injuries, 52 were Non Battle Injuries and 39 were Natural Causes).

#### DATA, DEFINITIONS AND METHODS

- 18. Data are compiled by Defence Analytical Services and Advice from the Defence Patient Tracking System (DPTS) which commenced on 8 October 2007. The DPTS was set up to enable the capture of tracking data for aeromedically evacuated patients at the place where healthcare is being delivered along the care pathway. Patients receiving treatment that were aeromedically evacuated prior to this date may not be included. Since October 2008, the figures presented include Armed Forces personnel that have returned on routine flights and subsequently been referred to DMRC for an operational-related injury or illness.
- 19. The DPTS is not a medical or welfare record system; medical records are held on the Defence Medical Information Capability Programme; welfare records are held in single Service welfare databases. The DPTS is not an authoritative record of personnel and demographic details, these details are held on Joint Personnel Administration system.
- 20. The DPTS is a live system that is constantly being updated. Data for 2012/13 are provisional and subject to change. Data for 2007/08 2011/12 have been finalised and are no longer provisional. Any amendments since the last release have been highlighted by an 'r'.
- 21. In many cases totals presented within tables will be less than the sum of their parts. This is for a number of reasons:
  - Patients may be treated as an in-patient and as an out-patient (or also as a residential patient at DMRC) within the same location during the same time period. However, these patients will only be counted once in 'All RCDM' and 'All DMRC' totals within each time period.
  - Patients may be treated at both RCDM and DMRC within the same time period. However, these
    patients will only be counted once in the 'Number of patients seen at RCDM & DMRC' totals within
    each time period.
  - Patients may receive treatment at RCDM or DMRC that lasts longer than one month. These
    patients will appear in the tables for each month that they are at that location but will only appear
    once in the overall total for the whole time period.
  - Patients may attend both RCDM and DMRC for their injury or illness. New patients are counted within the time period that they attended their first appointment at either of these locations. For example, during 2011/12 there has been one patient from Op TELIC treated for the first time at RCDM for a Non Battle Injury (Table 1). This patient, however, was first treated at DMRC prior to 2011/12. Therefore they are not accounted for in the 'New patients at RCDM and DMRC' in 2011/12 but appear in the 'New patients at RCDM' figure for a Non Battle Injury in 2011/12.
- 22. These statistics do not represent patient burden at RCDM or DMRC since they only include patients returned from deployment in Op TELIC and Op HERRICK. These statistics do not represent numbers treated at any point in time, they only provide the numbers treated during a given month or year.
- 23. These statistics currently include RCDM and DMRC patients as these are the main facilities for treatment for patients aeromedically evacuated from theatre.
- 24. Since 2001, the Royal Centre for Defence Medicine (RCDM), based at the University Hospital Birmingham Foundation Trust (UHBFT), has been the main receiving unit for military casualties evacuated from an operational theatre. In the Birmingham area, military patients can benefit from the concentration of five specialist hospitals (including the new Queen Elizabeth Hospital) to receive the appropriate treatment. The Queen Elizabeth Hospital is at the leading edge in the medical care of the most common types of injuries (e.g. polytrauma) our casualties sustain, and the majority of casualties will be treated there, but others may be transferred to another hospital (in Birmingham or elsewhere) if that is where the best medical care can be given.
- 25. If military patients require further rehabilitation care following initial hospital treatment, they may be referred to the Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre (DMRC) at Headley Court in Surrey, which provides advanced rehabilitation and includes inpatient facilities. Less serious cases may go on to one of MOD's 15 Regional Rehabilitation Units (RRUs) in the UK and Germany, which provide accessible, regionally based assessment and treatment, including physiotherapy and group rehabilitation facilities. Treatment statistics for the RRUs are not included in this report.

- 26. Operation TELIC is the name for UK operations in Iraq which started in March 2003. There was a drawdown of troops in July 2009 and Operation TELIC closed on 21 May 2011. This publication will continue to report on those treated in RCDM or DMRC who were returned from Iraq on Op TELIC prior to 21 May 2011. Those returned from Iraq due to injury or illness after 21 May 2011 that receive treatment at RCDM or DMRC will not be reported in this publication.
- 27. Operation HERRICK is the name for UK operations in Afghanistan which started in April 2006. UK Forces are deployed to Afghanistan in support of the UN authorised, NATO led International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) mission.

# **FINDINGS**

28. **Table 1** presents the number of Op TELIC patients treated at the Royal Centre for Defence Medicine (RCDM) and the Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre Headley Court (DMRC) during the time period 8 October 2007 – 31 January 2013. Treatment statistics for 2007/08 (8 October 2007 – 31 March 2008), 2008/09, 2009/10, 2010/11 and 2011/12 are presented annually with detailed monthly breakdowns presented at **Annex A**. Treatment Statistics for 2012/13 (1 April 2012 – 31 January 2013) are presented by month

Table 1: Op TELIC patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at Royal Centre for Defence Medicine and Defence

Medical Rehabilitation Centre, 8 October 2007 – 31 January 2013<sup>2</sup>, Number

Medical Renal		RCI	OM Birmingh	nam³	<u> </u>	DMRC Hea	ally ZU	13 , Nu	No. of patients		lew Patients <sup>4</sup>	
Financial Year	Injury Class <sup>5</sup>	All RCDM Iraq		Out-patient	All DMRC Iraq	In-Patient		Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
8 October 07 - 31 March 08	All	120	81	60	73	32	43	24	181	97	100	7
	Battle Injury	26	16	15	58	28	36	19	77	13	15	3
	Non Battle Injury	60	39	35	13	3	7	4	69	51	52	3
2008/09	Natural Causes	233	26 118	10 <b>179</b>	70	25	60	34	35 <b>284</b>	199	33 193	22
2000/09	Battle Injury	233	118	179	47	18	42	22	60	8	193	6
	Non Battle Injury	123	52	107	15	5	12	10	132	107	104	9
	Natural Causes	86	53	53	8	2	6	2	92	84	78	7
2009/10	All	90	38	76	64	6	60	35	148	49	37	13
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	7 51	3 16	5 47	34 24	5 0	32 22	15 16	37 73	32	0 23	1 10
	Natural Cause	32	19	24	6	1	6	4	38	16	14	2
2010/11	All	25	8	20	49	2	48	17	70	12	6	9
	Battle Injury	6	3	5	24	2	24	6	27	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	10 9	3 2	8 7	18 7	0	18 6	8	27 16	9	4 2	7 2
2011/12	All	7	3	6	35	4	34	12	42	6	2	5
	Battle Injury	2	1	2	18	3	18	4	20	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	13	1	13 3	5	13 9	4	0	4
1 April 12 - 31 January 13	Natural Cause	2	1	1	21	3	20	4	22	1	1	1
S. Vandary 15	Battle Injury	0	0	0	13	2	13	1	13	1	0	1
	Non Battle Injury	1	1	0	4	1	4	1	4	0	1	0
	Natural Cause	1	0	1	4	0	3	2	5	0	0	0
Apr-12	All	2	1	1	6	1	6	1	8	0	1	0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	5 1	1	5 1	0	5 2	0	0	0
	Natural Causes	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	Ö	0	0
May-12	All	0	0	0	9	0	8	1	9	0	0	0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	5 2	0	5 2	0	5 2	0	0	0
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	2	Ö	0	0
Jun-12	All	0	0	0	4	1	4	0	4	0	0	0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Jul-12	All	0	0	0	6	1	6	0	6	0	0	0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	3 1	0	3	0	3	0	0	0
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
Aug-12	All	0	0	0	7	0	7	0	7	1	0	1
-	Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	4	1	0	1
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
Sep-12	All	0	0	0	8	1	7	2	8	0	0	0
•	Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	0	0	0	2 2	1 0	2	1	2 2	0	0	0
Oct-12	All	1	0	1	5	2	3	3	6	0	0	0
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	2	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	2	0	0	0
Nov-12	Natural Causes	0	0	0	5	0	<u>0</u>	0	5	0	0	0
1404-12	Battle Injury	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
5 40	Natural Causes	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Dec-12	All Battle Injury	0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0	3 2	<b>1</b> 0	<b>3</b> 2	<b>0</b> 0	<b>3</b> 2	0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jan-13	All Ratto Injuny	0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b>	7	<b>0</b> 0	<b>6</b> 5	1	<b>7</b> 5	0	<b>0</b> 0	0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	5 1	0	5	0	1	0	0	0
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Other Nations Service Personnel.
- Numbers include patients treated at RCDM and/or DMRC for injuries/illnesses sustained on Operations PRIOR to the end of Op TELIC (21 May 2011).
- 3. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 4. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 5. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural Causes have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

29. **Table 2** presents the number of Op HERRICK patients treated at the Royal Centre for Defence Medicine (RCDM) and the Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre Headley Court (DMRC) during the time period 8 October 2007 – 31 January 2013. Treatment statistics for 2007/08 (8 October 2007 – 31 March 2008), 2008/09, 2009/10, 2010/11 and 2011/12 are presented annually with detailed monthly breakdowns presented at **Annex B**. Treatment Statistics for 2012/13 (1 April 2012 – 31 January 2013) are presented by month.

Table 2: Op HERRICK patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at Royal Centre for Defence Medicine and

Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre, 8 October 2007 - 31 January 2013, Number

Primary   Prim	Defence Medi	cai Renabi	illation	Centi	e, o O	lober	2007 -	JI Jai	iuary 2	No. of patients	inper	l D-414-i	
No.   Popularization	Financial Year	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM			All DMRC			Residential	seen at RCDM			
Battle hipsy   70   67   22   64   45   44   31   122   53   56   22		,,		In-Patient	Out-patient		In-Patient	Out-patient	Patient	and/or DMRC	DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
Non-Batte hipty   156   35   20   30   10   17   13   33   52   43   4   4   4   4   4   39   39   30   30   30   30   30   30	8 October 07 - 31 March 08												
Natural Course   40   33   10   1   0   1   1   4   39   39   37   10   1   1   4   39   37   10   10   10   1   1   4   39   39   37   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1													
2009-80-9   All   Bottle Pulsy   144   101   153   74   64.0   49.0   477   116													
Baste New   177   194   190   193   69   97   55   294   190   177   91   91   92   93   93   93   94   95   195   199   149   22   2000010   All   2000010	2008/09					211		135	74				
Natural Couses   155   122   59   6   0   6   3   100   154   151   40009470   Al   866   464   441   438   207   396   118   1192   773   773   781   285   286													
May													
Battle Pipury Non Battle Pipur													
Non-Batte hipsy   234   121   160   58   9   54   21   268   210   195   54   20   201011   34   361   321	2009/10												
Natural Cause   179													
Batte hiuy Non Batte hiuy 193 94 124 82 66 78 26 126 190 3e1 341 307 Non Date hiuy 193 94 124 82 66 78 26 126 190 190 94 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190													
Bellet hiptyy Non-Battle hiptyy Non-Battle hiptyy 193 94 124 82 6 78 26 26 26 190 180 441 307 Natural Cause 175 123 78 22 3 22 4 1 190 170 165 12 2011/12 All Buffe hiptyy 117 72 71 168 2 26 504 127 631 221 198 189 Non-Battle hiptyy 117 72 71 68 2 6 26 24 173 113 27 132 189 189 Non-Battle hiptyy 117 72 71 68 2 6 6 24 173 113 197 33  I April 12-31 January 13 All Battle hiptyy 118 45 356 216 500 223 534 145 186 7 398 353 169 189 Non-Battle hiptyy 119 66 59 61 7 7 55 22 11 10 103 68 31 156 9 Non-Battle hiptyy 119 66 59 61 7 7 55 22 115 103 68 31 129 Non-Battle hiptyy 117 89 39 223 1 23 1 23 2 4 139 116 100 9 39 April 2 All April 12-31 January 13 All April 12-31 Jan	2010/11	All	834	608	400	655	262	613	170	1,146	721	675	363
Natural Cause   175   123   78   22   3   22   4   190   170   165   121											361		
May													
Battle Injury Non Battle Injur	2011/12		V										
Non-Battle Injury   117	2011/12												
April 12-31 January 13		Non Battle Injury	117	72	71	68		66	24	173	113	97	33
Battle Injury   283   201   118   476   215   456   119   567   179   158   129   158			¥=====										
Non-Battle Injury   105   66   59   61   7   55   22   151   103   86   31	1 April 12 - 31 January 13												
Apr-12 All 79 47 35 211 110 176 27 278 38 38 38 7 8 9 5													
Battle Injury   Non Batt		Natural Cause	117	89	39	23	1	23	4	139	116	109	9
Battle Injury   Non Batt	Apr-12	All	79	47	35	211	110	176	27	278	38	38	7
Natural Causes   22   18   7   0   0   0   0   0   22   18   18   18   18   18   18   18			37		17								
May-12 All Battle Injury   58   32   29   222   107   199   25   258   26   23   11   13   3   Natural Causes   19   14   5   4   0   4   0   23   13   13   13   0   14   15   16   88   18   2   11   5   32   11   8   6   14   17   1   13   5   32   17   16   16   16   16   16   16   16													
Bastle Injury   S8   32   29   222   107   199   25   258   26   23   11													
Non Battle Injury   25   12   14   17   1   13   5   40   14   13   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3	May-12												
Dun-12   All   S5   61   27   216   87   170   38   282   42   39   22   24   39   22   39   30   30   30   30   30   30   30													
Battle Injury   16		Natural Causes	19	14	5	4	0	4	0	23	13	13	0
Non Battle Injury   16	Jun-12												
Natural Causes   18													
Battle Injury Non Battle Inj			-										
Non Battle Injury Natural Causes   16	Jul-12	All	91	71	25	217	95	181	31	298	55	52	16
Natural Causes   20   15   6   1   0   1   0   21   19   18   1													
Aug-12								14					
Battle Injury Non Battle Inj	Aug-12						-	107					
Non Battle Injury Natural Causes   9	Aug-12												
Sep-12		Non Battle Injury	20			15					13		2
Battle Injury Non Battle Inj													
Non Battle Injury Natural Causes   15	Sep-12												
Dec-12   Ali   75   48   31   233   93   188   34   281   40   29   29   29   29   29   20   205   90   165   27   27   13   9   21   205   90   205			-										
Battle Injury Non Battle Injury Non Battle Injury Natural Causes   14		Natural Causes	5	3	2	3	0	2	1	8	4	4	1
Non Battle Injury Natural Causes   14	Oct-12												
Natural Causes   14   10   4   9   0   9   2   23   16   12   4													
Nov-12 All 64 39 27 106 198 26 285 31 25 18 Battle Injury													
Battle Injury Non Battle Inj	Nov-12					237					=		18
Natural Causes   9						215			19	244			15
Dec-12 All 43 30 15 158 71 131 18 191 23 18 17													
Battle Injury   29   23   7   137   67   117   14   157   8   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7	Dog 12												
Non Battle Injury   7   3   5   17   4   10   4   23   7   5   2	Dec-12												
Natural Causes   7					•								
Battle Injury 25 18 8 183 85 155 21 201 13 8 14 Non Battle Injury 11 5 6 12 3 8 1 23 8 7 2				4									2
Non Battle Injury 11 5 6 12 3 8 1 23 8 7 2	Jan-13												

- Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Other Nations Service Personnel.
- An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural cause includes illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).
- r Indicates a change in previously published data (see paragraph 20).

Table A1: Op TELIC patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 8 October 2007 - 31 March 2008, Number

		RCI	DM Birmingh	am²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients	'	New Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
8 October 07 - 31 March 08	All	120	81	60	73	32	43	24	181	97	100	7
	Battle Injury	26	16	15	58	28	36	19	77	13	15	3
	Non Battle Injury	60	39	35	13	3	7	4	69	51	52	3
	Natural Causes	34	26	10	2	1	0	1	35	33	33	1
8 Oct - 31 Oct 07	All	20	16	4	30	10	12	8	50	14	14	1
	Battle Injury	2	2	0	26	9	10	7	28	1	1	1
	Non Battle Injury	12	8	4	4	1	2	1	16	8	8	0
	Natural Causes	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	5	0
Nov-07	All	31	22	10	37	23	8	6	64	14	14	2
	Battle Injury	10	8	3	32	21	6	5	39	4	4	1
	Non Battle Injury	15	9	6	5	2	2	1	19	5	5	1
	Natural Causes	6	5	1	0	0	0	0	6	5	5	0
Dec-07	All	32	24	8	23	12	6	5	55	20	20	0
	Battle Injury	9	. 5	4	18	11	4	3	27	3	3	0
	Non Battle Injury	15	11	4	4	1	2	1	19	10	10	0
	Natural Causes	8	8	0	1	0	0	1	9	7	7	0
Jan-08	All	26	17	9	37	12	17	8	61	13	12	2
	Battle Injury	5	2	3	31	10	14	,	35	1 1	0	1
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	15 6	10 5	5	5	1	3	0	20 6	5	5	0
			-					-		<u> </u>		1
Feb-08	All	43	20	25	34	13	12	10	75	23	25	1
	Battle Injury	8	3	5	30	11	12	8	36	3	5	0
	Non Battle Injury	25	12 5	15 5	3	1	0	2	28	12	12	1
	Natural Causes	10		-	1	- 1		-	11	8	8	- 0
Mar-08	All	29	8	21	27	10	16	2	56	13	15	1
	Battle Injury	8	4	4	24	8	16	1	32	1	2	0
	Non Battle Injury	15	3	12	2	1	0	1	17	9	10	1
	Natural Causes	6	1	5	1	1	0	0	7	3	3	0

- Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table A2: Op TELIC patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2009. Number

			DM Birmingh	iam²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients		lew Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
1 April 08 - 31 March 09	All	233	118	179	70	25	60	34	284	199	193	22
	Battle Injury	24	13	19	47	18	42	22	60	8	11	6
	Non Battle Injury	123	52	107	15	5	12	10	132	107	104	9
	Natural Causes	86	53	53	8	2	6	2	92	84	78	7
Apr-08	All	42	21	24	26	15	7	6	66	23	23	2
Арт-00	Battle Injury	6	4	3	20	11	5	5	25	1	1	1
	Non Battle Injury	18	4	14	5	3	2	1	22	8	8	1
	Natural Causes	18	13	7	1	1	0	0	19	14	14	0
May-08	All	35	11	24	30	15	11	6	62	15	17	1
	Battle Injury	6	1	5	25	10	10	6	30	1	3	0
	Non Battle Injury	14 15	4	10 9	4	4	0	0	17 15	5 9	5 9	1
	Natural Causes											
Jun-08	All Battle Injury	37 8	<b>15</b>	<b>25</b> 6	16 13	<b>9</b> 6	<b>3</b> 3	<b>5</b> 5	<b>52</b> 21	15 0	<b>18</b> 3	1 0
	Non Battle Injury	16	5	11	2	2	0	0	18	9	9	0
	Natural Causes	13	7	8	1	1	0	0	13	6	6	1
Jul-08	All	43	12	35	26	7	11	8	68	14	13	2
	Battle Injury	5	0	5	21	4	10	7	26	0	0	1
	Non Battle Injury	25	8	21	3	2	1	0	27	9	9	0
	Natural Causes	13	4	9	2	1	0	1	15	5	4	1
Aug-08	All	42	11	33	17	7	5	5	59	16	17	0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	4 30	0 7	4 24	12 4	5 2	4 1	3 1	16 34	1 11	1 12	0
	Natural Causes	8	4	5	1 1	0	0	1	9	4	4	0
Sep-08	All	46	13	34	24	8	12	5	68	19	18	1
ocp-00	Battle Injury	3	1	2	20	7	11	3	22	1	0	1
	Non Battle Injury	26	5	21	4	1	1	2	29	8	8	0
	Natural Causes	17	7	11	0	0	0	0	17	10	10	0
Oct-08	All	35	15	22	23	7	8	9	56	14	13	1
	Battle Injury	6	2	5	21	6	8	8	25	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	19 10	6 7	14 3	1 1	1	0	0	20 11	6 8	6 7	0
Nov-08	All	39	9	32	23	7	13	4	60	18	17	3
NOV-U8	Battle Injury	2	1	1	23	5	13	4	21	18	17	2
	Non Battle Injury	22	5	18	3	2	1	0	24	11	11	1
	Natural Causes	15	3	13	0	0	0	0	15	5	5	0
Dec-08	All	32	9	25	22	4	16	2	54	18	13	5
	Battle Injury	1	1	0	14	3	9	2	15	2	1	1
	Non Battle Injury	20 11	5 3	17 8	6 2	1	5 2	0	26	11	8	3
	Natural Causes								13	5	4	1
Jan-09	All Bettle Injuny	31 1	<b>8</b> 0	<b>25</b> 1	20 16	5 4	<b>12</b> 10	<b>4</b> 2	<b>51</b> 17	13 0	<b>11</b> 0	<b>2</b> 0
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	18	5	15	3	1	10	2	21	9	8	1
	Natural Causes	12	3	9	1	0	1	0	13	4	3	1
Feb-09	All	29	10	22	18	2	11	5	47	15	13	3
	Battle Injury	3	1	2	9	2	6	1	12	0	0	0
	Non Battle Injury	18	5	14	7	0	3	4	25	10	10	1
	Natural Causes		4	6	2	0	2	0	10	5	3	2
Mar-09	All	41	11	33	23	3	17	6	64	19	20	1
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	2 23	1 4	2 21	14 9	3	10 7	3	16 32	0 10	1 10	0

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural causes have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table A3: Op TELIC patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2009 - 31 March 2010. Number

			DM Birmingh	am²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients		New Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
1 April 09 - 31 March 10	All	90	38	76	64	6	60	35	148	49	37	13
	Battle Injury	7	3	5	34	5	32	15	37	1	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	51 32	16 19	47 24	24 6	0	22 6	16 4	73 38	32 16	23 14	10
	ivaturar Cause	JE.	15	2.7	<u> </u>				36		14	
Apr-09	All	31	8	26	22	2	17	5	53	10	10	
•	Battle Injury	4	1	3	15	2	11	4	19	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	16	4	14	5 2	0	5 1	0	21	7	7	
	Natural Cause	11		9				1	13	3	3	
May-09	All Battle Injury	31 3	<b>10</b> 1	<b>24</b> 2	19 12	1	<b>13</b> 10	5 1	<b>49</b> 14	8	<b>8</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	21	4	19	6	0	3	3	27	5	5	
	Natural Cause	7	5	3	1	0	0	1	8	3	3	
Jun-09	All	32	5	27	23	1	19	6	54	14	10	
	Battle Injury	2	1	1	11	1	9	2	12	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	22 8	1	21	11	0	9	4 0	33 9	11	7	
	Natural Cause			5							3	
Jul-09	All Battle Injury	21 0	<b>2</b> 0	<b>19</b> 0	18 9	2 1	<b>14</b> 8	<b>4</b> 1	<b>39</b> 9	2	<b>2</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	12	1	11	7	0	4	3	19	1 1	1	
	Natural Cause	9	1	8	2	1	2	0	11	1	1	
Aug-09	All	13	4	9	18	2	12	5	31	2	2	
-	Battle Injury	0	0	0	12	1	9	3	12	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	8	1	7	4 2	0	2	2	12	1	1	
	Natural Cause	5	3	2		1		0	7	1	1	
Sep-09	All Battle Injury	14 2	5 1	9 1	19 9	<b>2</b> 2	11 6	<b>9</b> 3	32 11	1 0	<b>1</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	8	3	5	10	0	5	6	17	1	1	
	Natural Cause	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	
Oct-09	All	3	1	2	21	1	16	5	19	4	0	
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	9	1	9	0	9	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	2 1	1	1	10 2	0	6	4	8 2	3 1	0	
								· ·				
Nov-09	All Battle Injury	7	<b>1</b> 0	<b>6</b> 0	20 8	1	<b>13</b> 8	<b>8</b> 0	27 8	1 0	<b>0</b>	
	Non Battle Injury	5	1	4	9	0	3	6	14	1	0	
	Natural Causes	2	0	2	3	0	2	2	5	0	0	
Dec-09	All	7	2	5	17	2	11	5	24	2	2	
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	9	2	8	0	9	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	1 6	0 2	1 4	6 2	0	2	4	7	0	0	
	Natural Causes							·	8	2	2	
Jan-10	All Battle Injury	6	<b>1</b> 0	5 1	8 7	<b>2</b> 2	<b>7</b> 6	<b>0</b>	<b>14</b> 8	0	<b>0</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	3	0	3	1 1	0	1	0	4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
Feb-10	All	6	2	5	18	0	17	4	23	3	1	
	Battle Injury	2	0	2	11	0	11	3	12	1	0	
	Non Battle Injury	1	0	1	4	0	4	0	5	0	0	
	Natural Causes	3	2	2	3	0	2	1	6	2	1	
Mar-10	All Battle Injury	6	<b>1</b> 0	5 1	20 10	<b>0</b>	<b>14</b> 8	<b>8</b> 4	<b>26</b> 11	2	<b>1</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	3	1	2	8	0	6	2	11	2	1	
	Natural Causes	2	0	2	2	0	0	2	4	0	0	

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural causes have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table A4: Op TELIC patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2010 - 31 March 2011 Number

			DM Birmingh	nam²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients		New Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
April 10 - 31 March 11	All	25	8	20	49	2	48	17	70	12	6	
	Battle Injury	6	3	5	24	2	24	6	27	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	10	3	8	18	0	18	8	27	9	4	
	Natural Cause	9	2	7	7	0	6	3	16	3	2	
pr-10	All	1	0	1	12	1	9	2	13	0	0	
.pi-10	Battle Injury		0	0	7	1	6	0	7	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	1	0	1	5	0	3	2	6	Ĭ	Ö	
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
lay-10	All	9	3	6	16	1	15	3	25	1	1	
	Battle Injury	2	1	1	11	1	11	2	13	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	5	2	3	3	0	2	1	8	1	1	
	Natural Causes	2	0	2	2	0	2	0	4	0	0	
un-10	All	3	1	2	18	1	17	4	21	1	0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	1 0	1	0	13 4	1	12 4	3	14 4	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	2	0	2	4	0	1	0	3	1 1	0	
ul-10	All	3	0	3	17	1	15	4	20	1	0	
ui-10	Battle Injury	II 1	0	1	11	1	11	2	12	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	i	0	1	3	0	2	1	4	Ĭ	0	
	Natural Causes	1	0	1	3	0	2	1	4	0	0	
ug-10	All	3	1	2	15	1	12	4	17	1	1	
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	7	1	7	0	7	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	1	0	1	4	0	4	1	4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	2	1	1	4	0	1	3	6	1_	1	
ер-10	All	5	2		22	1	20	3	25	2	0	
	Battle Injury	2 0	1	1 0	14 7	1	14 6	0	14	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	3	1	2	'1	0	0	2	7 4	2 0	0	
								•				
Oct-10	All Bottle leiun	2 1	<b>1</b> 0	1	16 9	1	<b>15</b>	<b>2</b> 0	<b>17</b> 9	1 0	<b>0</b> 0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	,	0	0	6	0	5	2	6	1 1	0	
	Natural Causes	Ĭ	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	l i	0	
lov-10	All	3	0	3	15	0	11	4	17	2	1	
	Battle Injury	1	0	1	7	0	5	2	7		0	
	Non Battle Injury	1	0	1	7	0	5	2	8	2	1	
	Natural Causes	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	
ec-10	All	2	0	2	7	1	5	3	9	1	1	
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	5	1	4	2	5	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	1 1	0	1	2 0	0	1 0	1 0	3 1	1 0	1	
an-11	All Battle Injury	5 2	<b>4</b> 2	<b>1</b> 0	15 12	<b>0</b> 0	<b>14</b> 11	4	<b>20</b> 14	2 0	<b>2</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	1	1	0	3	0	3	3	4	1	1	
	Natural Causes	2	1	1	ő	0	0	0	2	i i	1	
eb-11	All	2	0	2	15	1	10	5	17	0	0	
***	Battle Injury	1	0	1	8	1	7	1	9	Ö	0	
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	1	0	1	3	0	3	0	4	0	0	
lar-11	All	4	0	4	16	1	15	1	21	0	0	
	Battle Injury	2	0	2	11 '	1	11	0	14	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural causes have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table A5: Op TELIC patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2011 - 31 March 2012. Number

			DM Birmingl	nam³		DMRC Hea	adley Court <sup>3</sup>		No. of patients		New Patients	
Time Period	Injury Class⁵	All RCDM Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Iraq	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
1 April 11 - March 12	All	7	3	6	35	4	34	12	42	6	2	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	2 0	1 0	2	18 13	3	18 13	4 5	20 13	0 4	0	
	Natural Cause	5	2	4	4	0	3	3	9	2	2	
Apr-11	All	3	1	2	7	0	6	2	10	2	2	
•	Battle Injury	0	0	0	5	0	5	1	5	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	0	0	0 2	1 1	0	1	0	1 4	0 2	0 2	
May-11	All	3	1	2	13	1	12	2	16	1	0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	1 0	0	1 0	6 5	1	6 4	1	7 5	0 1	0	
	Natural Causes	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	4	Ö	ő	
Jun-11	All	2	<b>0</b> 0	<b>2</b> 1	11 7	1	10 7	<b>2</b> 0	13	0	0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	3	2	8 4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Jul-11	All	2 2	<b>2</b> 2		17 10	1 1	<b>13</b>	4	<b>19</b> 12	1 0	<b>0</b> 0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	6	0	4	2	6	1	0	
	Natural Causes	Ō	0		1	Ō	0	1	1	0	ő	-
Aug-11	All Dattle laine	1	<b>0</b> 0	1 1	11 7	2 1	<b>9</b> 5	<b>2</b> 2	12	0	0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	3	1	3	0	8 3	0	0	
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	- 1
Sep-11	All Battle Injury	1 0	<b>0</b> 0	1 0	13 8	<b>0</b> 0	<b>12</b> 8	3 1	14 8	0	<b>0</b> 0	
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	4	1	4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	
Oct-11	All	0	0	0	11	2	8	3	11	0	0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	6 4	1	5 3	1	6 4	0	0	
	Natural Causes	Ö	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Nov-11	All	0	0	0	9	1	9	1	9	2	0	- :
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	4 4	1	4	0	4 4	0 2	0	2
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	(
Dec-11	All	0	0	0	6	0	5	2	6	0	0	
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	0	0 0	0 0	1 1	0 0	1 0	1 1	1	0	0 0	1
Jan-12	All	0	0	0	11	1	9	3	11	0	0	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	8 2	1	7 2	2 0	8 2	0	0	(
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Feb-12	All	0	0	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	0	-
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	0	0	0	1 0	0	1	0	1 0	0	0	(
Mar-12	All	0	0	0	8	1	7	1	8	0	0	
	Battle Injury	0	0	0	5	1	5	0	5	0	0	
	Non Battle Injury	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
	Natural Causes	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	(

- Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural causes have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table B1: Op HERRICK patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 8 October 2007 - 31 March 2008, Number

		RCI	DM Birmingh	am²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients	N	lew Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
8 October 07 - 31 March 08	All	166	125	64	115	55	62	45	256	149	143	27
	Battle Injury	70	57	25	84	45	44	31	132	58	56	23
	Non Battle Injury	56	35	29	30	10	17	13	83	52	48	4
	Natural Causes	40	33	10	1	0	1	1	41	39	39	0
8 Oct - 31 Oct 07	All	20	12	10	39	12	12	15	58	14	11	5
0 001 - 51 001 07	Battle Injury	-6	4	3	28	11	6	11	33	1 2	2	3
	Non Battle Injury	10	5	6	11	1	6	4	21		5	2
	Natural Causes	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	0
Nov-07	All	58	42	16	63	32	12	21	118	46	44	6
	Battle Injury	28	21	7	44	27	6	13	69	21	21	5
	Non Battle Injury	17	12	5	18	5	5	8	35	14	12	1
	Natural Causes	13	9	4	1	0	1	0	14	11	11	0
Dec-07	All	29	20	10	39	21	7	11	67	15	15	4
	Battle Injury	16	13	4	26	16	5	5	41	7	7	4
	Non Battle Injury	8	3	5	13	5	2	6	21	4	4	0
	Natural Causes	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	5	4_	4	0
Jan-08	All	41	26	16	50	21	19	10	90	24	23	2
	Battle Injury	20	15	5	40	19	14	/	59	10	9	2
	Non Battle Injury	13	6	8	9	2	4	3	22	7	7	0
	Natural Causes	8	5		1		1	0	9	7	7	0
Feb-08	All	40	27	16	51	22	16	16	85	16	16	6
	Battle Injury	23	16	9	43	21	12	13	60	6	6	5
	Non Battle Injury	11 6	5	6	l :	1	0	2	18	7 3	7	1
	Natural Causes			1	1			1			3	0
Mar-08	All	53	37	18	52	18	20	15	103	34	34	4
	Battle Injury	24	19	7	45	18	17	11	67	12	11	4
	Non Battle Injury	17	8	9	7	0	3	4	24	12	13	0
	Natural Causes	12	10	2	0	0	0	0	12	10	10	0

- Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table B2: Op HERRICK patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2009. Number

			DM Birmingh	nam²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients		New Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class⁴	All RCDM Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
1 April 08 - 31 March 09	All	540	385	0	211	107	135	74	643	493	477	116
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	217 168	184 79	0	163 42	99 8	97 32	55 16	284 199	180 159	177 149	91 21
	Natural Causes	155	122	0	6	0	6	3	160	154	151	4
Apr-08	All	58	34	27	51	27	15	12	104	27	28	7
•	Battle Injury	27	17	11	44	26	11	10	67	5	5	7
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	18 13	8	12 4	7 0	1	4 0	2	24 13	11 11	12 11	(
May-08	All	68	33	38	46	23	13	10	107	31	32	
•	Battle Injury	26	15	13	38	22	9	7	59	8	9	4
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	29 13	11 7	18 7	7	1	3	3	34 14	14 9	14 9	2
Jun-08	All	74	38	39	48	20	11	17	119	46	45	
	Battle Injury	25	12	14	40	18	9	13	62	7	.7	3
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	26 23	12 14	16 9	8 0	2 0	2 0	4 0	34 23	18 21	17 21	1
Jul-08	All	107	57	58	53	23	17	18	154	63	62	4
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	49 33	32 9	22 26	46 7	22 1	13 4	15 3	89 40	28 15	27 15	(
	Natural Causes	25	16	10	ó	0	0	0	25	20	20	C
Aug-08	All	108	50	65	47	24	10	13	152	46	43	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	49 36	28 9	27 28	41 5	22 2	7 2	12 1	87 41	17 14	16 13	
	Natural Causes	23	13	10	1	0	1	0	24	15	14	1
Sep-08	All	92	51	45	47	23	17	7	136	43	42	7
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	50 26	34 7	19 19	42 4	23 0	14 2	5 2	89 30	23 11	23 10	1
	Natural Causes	16	10	7	1	0	1	0	17	9	9	Ċ
Oct-08	All	100 51	<b>45</b> 27	<b>57</b> 25	57 49	<b>31</b> 29	<b>15</b> 11	<b>13</b> 11	150	44	43	11
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	30	6	25 25	8	29	4	2	94 37	16 16	16 15	3
	Natural Causes	19	12	7	ō	0	0	0	19	12	12	C
Nov-08	All Bottle leiun	83 47	<b>53</b> 33	<b>35</b> 18	62 52	<b>32</b> 28	<b>20</b> 19	17 11	140 95	32 14	<b>30</b> 14	
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	22	8	14	10	4	19	6	31	9	7	4
	Natural Causes	14	12	3	0	0	0	0	14	9	9	C
Dec-08	All Dattle leises	100	<b>53</b> 38	<b>52</b> 19	60 52	<b>36</b> 33	<b>17</b> 16	7 3	151	42	42	15 14
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	54 26	5	21	8	3	1	4	97 34	18 12	18 12	14
	Natural Causes	20	10	12	0	0	0	0	20	12	12	(
Jan-09	All Battle Injury	94 42	<b>52</b> 29	<b>47</b> 14	71 61	<b>32</b> 30	<b>27</b> 20	<b>12</b> 11	<b>158</b> 96	48 16	<b>45</b> 16	17 13
	Non Battle Injury	33	9	26	8	2	5	1	41	16	14	1
	Natural Causes	19	14	7	2	0	2	0	21	16	15	
Feb-09	All Battle Injury	81 40	<b>46</b> 30	<b>38</b> 11	79 65	<b>34</b> 33	<b>34</b> 26	<b>14</b> 8	158 103	40 19	<b>37</b> 18	10 12
	Non Battle Injury	24	6	20	11	1	5	5	35	19	18	14
	Natural Causes	17	10	7	3	0	3	1	20	9	8	2
Mar-09	All	102	51	56	94	51	42	11	182	31	28	17
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	50 33	32 9	21 26	81 10	50 1	32 8	7 1	118 42	9 11	8 9	14
	Natural Cause	19	10	9	3	0	2	3	22	11	11	Č

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week
  rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient
  attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table B3: Op HERRICK patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2009 - 31 March 2010. Number

			DM Birmingh	iam²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients		New Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class⁴	All RCDM Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
April 09 - 31 March 10	All	866	644	411	438	207	396	118	1,023	773	751	29
	Battle Injury	453	389	157 166	368	197 9	331	93	564	394	391	249
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	234 179	121 134	88	58 12	1	54 11	21 4	268 191	210 169	195 165	40 6
Apr-09	All	78	40	43	100	50	49	18	165	30	29	22
η. σσ	Battle Injury	38	21	18	84	49	38	13	109	7	7	19
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	28 12	12 7	20 5	13 3	1	9	4	41 15	17 6	16 6	2
May-09	All	108	66	48	89	49	51	14	188	57	57	
•	Battle Injury	40	34	6	80	49	44	11	112	16	16	
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	44 24	15 17	31 11	8 1	0	7 0	2 1	51 25	23 18	23 18	
Jun-09	All	132	73	68	114	55	79	18	236	73	70	16
	Battle Injury	58	43	18	92	52	64	12	142	30	30	9
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	46 28	15 15	33 17	17 5	3 0	11 4	4 2	61 33	24 19	21 19	(
Jul-09	All	164	113	65	119	52	78	16	268	105	103	21
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	88 44	74 20	21 28	103 14	50 2	69 7	10 6	179 55	61 21	61 19	1
	Natural Cause	32	19	16	2	0	2	0	34	23	23	(
Aug-09	All	148	100	51	106	49	62	18	245	77	76	3
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	86 37	70 18	18 20	94 11	48 1	58 4	11 6	171 48	41 22	41 21	2
	Natural Cause	25	12	13	1	0	0	1	26	14	14	(
Sep-09	All	143	<b>90</b> 67	61	151 127	64	<b>97</b> 80	<b>27</b> 20	<b>275</b> 194	63	<b>60</b> 36	<b>3</b> 5
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	85 35	13	23 24	20	63 1	14	6	194 54	36 16	13	3(
	Natural Cause	23	10	14	4	0	3	1	27	11	11	Ċ
Oct-09	All Dattle leive	123 80	<b>83</b> 62	<b>47</b> 22	151 135	<b>69</b> 66	<b>105</b> 94	<b>24</b> 20	<b>255</b> 197	55	53	35
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	20	5	16	155	3	10	4	34	32 8	31 7	30
	Natural Causes	23	16	9	1	0	1	0	24	15	15	(
Nov-09	All Battle Injury	126 82	<b>86</b> 66	<b>44</b> 19	146 132	<b>73</b> 71	<b>88</b> 81	<b>31</b> 24	<b>257</b> 199	60 38	<b>60</b> 38	18 17
	Non Battle Injury	23	10	13	132	2	5	7	35	9	9	
	Natural Causes	21	10	12	2	0	2	0	23	13	13	
Dec-09	All Bottle leiun	127 84	<b>90</b> 68	<b>42</b> 20	135 123	<b>59</b> 58	<b>96</b> 89	<b>17</b> 13	<b>253</b> 198	62	<b>61</b> 40	10 15
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	31	15	17	123	1	4	4	40	40 14	14	1:
	Natural Causes	12	7	5	3	0	3	0	15	8	7	
Jan-10	All Battle Injury	131 77	<b>82</b> 57	<b>52</b> 22	150 135	<b>66</b> 64	<b>115</b> 101	<b>19</b> 18	<b>273</b> 204	67 28	<b>64</b> 28	<b>3</b> (
	Non Battle Injury	32	11	22	13	1	13	1	45	22	20	-
	Natural Causes	22	14	8	2	1	1	0	24	17	16	
Feb-10	All Battle Injury	129 78	<b>93</b> 64	<b>41</b> 16	173 154	<b>71</b> 69	<b>119</b> 105	<b>34</b> 30	<b>288</b> 219	69 35	<b>68</b> 35	30 29
	Non Battle Injury	30	13	19	16	1	13	3	45	19	18	2.
	Natural Causes	21	16	6	3	1	1	1	24	15	15	
Mar-10	All	123	70	59	205	89	153	36	308	55	50	31
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	81 25	55 7	30 19	179 19	84 4	137 11	30 5	240 44	30 15	28 14	26
	Natural Causes	17	8	10	7	1	5	1	24	10	8	

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab
  course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient
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- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table B4: Op HERRICK patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2010 - 31 March 2011. Number

			OM Birmingh	iam²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients		New Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class <sup>4</sup>	All RCDM Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
1 April 10 - 31 March 11	All	834	608	400	655	262	613	170	1,146	721	675	363
	Battle Injury	466	391	198	551	253	513	140	700	361	341	307
	Non Battle Injury	193 175	94 123	124 78	82 22	6	78 22	26 4	256	190	169	44
	Natural Cause	1/3	123	10		3	22	4	190	170	165	12
Apr-10	All	108	69	50	181	92	130	26	272	36	33	20
	Battle Injury	71	53	26	160	86	117	20	214	13	12	17
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	25 12	9	19 5	18 3	5 1	11 2	5 1	43 15	13 10	11 10	3
May-10	All	122	85	38	196	88	145	32	306	79	78	27
	Battle Injury	82	66	16	176	84	131	29	246	52	52	25
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	19 21	9 10	11 11	15 5	4	10 4	2	34 26	13 14	12 14	2
Jun-10	All	143	94	56	226	95	167	39	348	80	70	35
oun-10	Battle Injury	98	76	28	193	90	144	31	270	43	40	25
	Non Battle Injury	25	8	18	27	5	18	7	52	21	15	9
	Natural Causes	20	10	10	6	0	5	1	26	16	15	1
Jul-10	All	170	108	66	230	106	175	40	373	103	95	47
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	112 33	80 13	35 20	197 27	104 2	151 20	30 8	282 60	55 28	53 24	38 6
	Natural Causes	25	15	11	6	0	4	2	31	20	18	3
Aug-10	All	141	79	63	227	104	172	41	339	67	64	48
	Battle Injury	87	53	34	205	102	159	33	264	33	30	45
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	29 25	11 15	19 10	15 7	2	8 5	6 2	44 31	13 21	13 21	2
Sep-10	All	130	71	67	267	103	214	50	375	58	53	44
*	Battle Injury	80	50	37	242	101	198	43	300	29	25	39
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	26 24	7 14	19 11	20 5	2	12 4	6	46 29	17 12	16 12	3 2
0-140		103	60	45	247	113			335	57	50	
Oct-10	All Battle Injury	103 52	40	<b>45</b> 12	247	113	<b>185</b> 165	<b>47</b> 40	260	22	<b>50</b> 19	<b>37</b> 30
	Non Battle Injury	29	8	23	20	2	17	5	48	17	14	6
	Natural Causes	22	12	10	5	0	3	2	27	18	17	1
Nov-10	All	116	72	49	238	111	186	29	329	58	55	26
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	66 25	48 7	21 19	217 18	110 1	169 15	21 7	260 41	26 14	24 13	23 3
	Natural Causes	25	17	9	3	0	2	1	28	18	18	0
Dec-10	All	86	59	28	171	97	129	17	249	47	47	14
	Battle Injury	42	39	4	159	96	121	12	193	19	19	12
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	27 17	8 12	19 5	10 2	1	6 2	5 0	37 19	15 13	15 13	1 1
Jan-11	All	110	62	50	218	118	173	28	308	49	46	17
	Battle Injury	69	46	23	198	114	159	23	247	28	26	16
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	23 18	9	15 12	16 4	2 2	12 2	5 0	39 22	13 8	12 8	1 0
Feb-11	All	106	56	56	254	122	195	39	326	34	33	25
	Battle Injury	74	42	37	232	118	181	33	272	16	16	22
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	17 15	7	10 9	19 3	2	12 2	6 0	36 18	8 10	7 10	3
M 44			84					33		53	51	
Mar-11	All Battle Injury	146 100	<b>84</b> 62	<b>66</b> 42	256 224	<b>120</b> 117	<b>211</b> 183	<b>33</b> 27	<b>364</b> 288	53 25	<b>51</b> 25	<b>23</b> 15
	Non Battle Injury	30	13	17	22	2	19	6	51	18	17	5
	Natural Causes	16	9	7	10	1	9	0	25	10	9	3

- 1. Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

Table B5: Op HERRICK patients<sup>1</sup> receiving treatment at RCDM and DMRC by month, 1 April 2011 - 31 March 2012. Number

			M Birmingh	am²		DMRC Hea	dley Court <sup>2</sup>		No. of patients	N	lew Patients <sup>3</sup>	
Time Period	Injury Class⁴	All RCDM Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	All DMRC Afghanistan	In-Patient	Out-patient	Residential Patient	seen at RCDM and/or DMRC	RCDM or DMRC	RCDM	DMRC
1 April 11 - March 12	All	627	475	307	614	248	590	160	989	497	451	231
	Battle Injury	346	271	183	524	245	504	127	631	221	198	189
	Non Battle Injury Natural Cause	117 164	72 132	71 53	68 22	2	66 20	24 9	173 185	113 163	97 156	33 9
	Hatarar Gadoo							· .			100	
Apr-11	All	97 65	<b>62</b> 43	40	230 212	111	183	<b>30</b> 25	307	40	37	18
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	16	43 8	26 8	15	110 0	169 13	25 4	257 31	13 13	12 11	15 3
	Natural Causes	16	11	6	3	1	1	1	19	14	14	0
May-11	All	120	72	50	243	117	195	36	322	49	43	31
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	77 21	44 12	34 10	226 12	115 1	182 9	32 4	264 31	23	18 9	25 4
	Natural Causes	21	16	6	5	1	4	0	27	17	16	2
Jun-11	All	106	69	42	260	108	206	46	351	44	39	23
	Battle Injury	63	42	23	234	106	188	37	283	16	15	15
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	18 25	9 18	12 7	21 5	2	15 3	6	38 30	10 18	6 18	8
Jul-11	All	102	65	43	241	116	197	36	315	39	36	13
ou	Battle Injury	73	48	28	224	115	186	29	269	24	22	12
	Non Battle Injury	12 17	4 13	9	12 5	1	8	5 2	24 22	6 9	5 9	1
Aug-11	Natural Causes	122	77	51	222	99	178	31	311	57	54	21
Aug-11	Battle Injury	88	59	35	197	99	164	19	252	33	32	19
	Non Battle Injury	13	5	8	19	0	11	9	32	9	8	1
	Natural Causes	21	13	8	6	0	3	3	27	15	14	1
Sep-11	All Battle Injury	107 76	<b>62</b> 44	<b>48</b> 34	251 228	<b>119</b> 118	<b>213</b> 199	<b>31</b> 22	331 277	41 20	<b>37</b> 17	<b>15</b> 14
	Non Battle Injury	16	8	8	21	1	13	8	37	10	9	1
	Natural Causes	15	10	6	2	0	1	1	17	11	11	0
Oct-11	All	92	57	39	241	113	194	29	311	41	35	23
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	61 14	39 7	24 9	219 18	111	175 15	26 3	258 32	19 11	16 9	18 4
	Natural Causes	17	11	6	4	1	4	0	21	11	10	1
Nov-11	All	84	62	25	236	104	202	32	302	37	36	18
	Battle Injury	52	45	8	222	104	190	28	256	16	16	16
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	14 18	4 13	10 7	8 6	0	6 6	3	22 24	7 14	7	1
Dec-11	All	75	47	31	193	76	169	15	258	34	13 33	10
Dec-11	All Battle Injury	53	36	18	193	76 76	155	13	258 220	21	33 20	10
	Non Battle Injury	11	3	9	11	0	10	1	22	4	4	0
	Natural Causes	11	8	4	5	0	4	1	16	9	9	0
Jan-12	All	79	46	39	213	103	189	16	274	40	34	22
	Battle Injury Non Battle Injury	45 14	25 6	23 10	205 6	103	181 6	14 2	232 20	14 10	11 8	19 2
	Natural Causes	20	15	6	2	0	2	0	22	16	15	1
Feb-12	All	75	41	36	225	112	200	27	273	31	30	14
	Battle Injury	41	19	23	215	112	191	25	229	7	6	13
	Non Battle Injury Natural Causes	18 16	9 13	9	7 3	0	6	2	25 19	10 14	10 14	1
Mar-12	All	81	43	44	246	113	209	25	305	44	37	23
mai-12	Battle Injury	49	27	26	246	113	191	23	253	15	13	13
	Non Battle Injury	16	6	11	14	0	13	2	30	14	11	7
	Natural Causes	16	10	7	6	0	5	2	22	15	13	3

- Patients include Naval Service Personnel, Army Personnel including those from the Gibraltar Regiment, RAF Personnel, Reservists and UK Civilians. These exclude Special Forces and Other Nations Service Personnel.
- 2. An in-patient is a patient that has been admitted and allocated a ward bed. A residential patient is a patient that is on a three week rehab course; they are not allocated a ward bed, but reside in dormitory style accommodation. An outpatient is a non-resident patient attending RCDM or DMRC for treatment.
- 3. Patients treated at RCDM and or DMRC are considered new patients during the time period that they are first treated at these locations within their care pathway. For example, a patient treated for the first time at RCDM in January 2010 and subsequently treated for the first time at DMRC in March 2010 for the same injury/illness will be included in the January 2010 New patients figures under 'RCDM and DMRC' and 'RCDM', but will be included in the 'DMRC' New patient figures in March 2010.
- 4. A battle injury includes those wounded as a result of hostile action. This includes injuries sustained whilst avoiding direct and indirect fire. A non-battle injury is any injury that is not caused by a hostile act and includes any accidental injuries such as sports injuries, road traffic accidents etc. Natural causes include illness, disease and pregnancy. The distinctions between Battle Injury, Non Battle Injury and Natural cause have been validated against operational casualty data where possible (Annex C).

# **Validating Injury Class**

30. In order to validate the injury class of a patient (BI, NBI or NC), DASA Health Information compare the data captured on the DPTS to information stored on the Defence Health Database (DHD). Patient care pathways held on the DPTS are linked to DHD events using a personal identifier (pseudo-anonymised) and date of injury. All automatic links between DPTS care pathways and DHD events are manually validated and DHD events that are not linked to a care pathway but are attributed to an individual with at least one care pathway are checked to ensure that no linkage should occur. If there is a discrepancy between the information stored on the DHD and the DPTS, a qualitative assessment of the data is made by analysts based on the narrative contents of both data sources. If there is insufficient information available in the DHD and DPTS to identify an injury class, DASA Health Information contact the Defence Patient Tracking Cell (DPTC) for further clarification on the incident. The injury class assessments are made according to the criteria outlined below:

#### Battle Injury

31. Any injury sustained whilst under direct and indirect fire is referred to as a Battle Injury (BI). Whilst this is frequently applied to injuries such as gunshot and fragmentation wounds, it is also applied to injuries sustained whilst avoiding hostile firing and friendly fire.

#### Non-Battle Injury

- 32. Any injury sustained as a result of external causes not as a result of direct or indirect fire is referred to as a Non-Battle Injury (NBI). This includes:
  - i. Injuries caused by sports and other external factors (e.g. training, normal duties and negligent discharge)
  - ii. Bites and stings
  - iii. Heat and cold injuries
  - iv. Accidental poisonings & allergic reactions (excluding asthma and other respiratory conditions)

# Natural Cause

- 33. Any illness not as a result of external causes is referred to as a natural cause. This will include bacterial infections (where not the result an injury), viral infections (where not the result of biological weaponry) and musculoskeletal pain. Any mental or behavioural disorders (including post traumatic stress disorder PTSD) are also classified as NC. Asthma and other respiratory conditions that have been exacerbated or triggered by external factors are also classified as natural cause.
- 34. If the information available from the DPTS and the DHD is not sufficient to adequately categorise injury or illness, DASA contact the Defence Patient Tracking Cell for further clarification on the incident.

#### **Defence Health Database (DHD)**

- 35. Data held on the DHD comes from four separate sources: Field Hospital Admissions from J97 Returns and OpEDAR, NOTICAS, Aeromedical Evacuation and Joint Theatre Trauma Registry (JTTR). They all hold information regarding the injury class of the patient, with the exception of the Aeromedical Evacuation notes which contain diagnosis codes that are utilised to determine an injury class. If there is a discrepancy in the injury class recorded between any of the four data sources, a manual examination of the narrative data for each source is made, and a qualitative assessment of the correct classification of an injury or illness is conducted against the injury class criteria outlined above. If there is insufficient information from these four data sources to identify an injury class, DASA Health Information contact the Academic Department of Military Emergency Medicine (ADMEM) for further JTTR information, the Joint Casualty and Compassionate Centre (JCCC) for further NOTICAS information, the Permanent Joint Headquarters (PJHQ) for further Field Hospital Admission information and the Aeromedical Evacuation Control Centre (AECC) for further Aeromedical Evacuation information.
- 36. A more detailed description of each of the four data sources can be found in the section below:

Field Hospital Admissions from J97 Returns and OpEDAR

- 37. The UK has a Field Hospital at Camp Bastion, this provides deployed hospital care to coalition forces and, when indicated, Afghan National Security Forces and local nationals. Associated support elements include Emergency Medicine, Surgery, Medicine, Intensive Care Unit, and Medium and Low dependency nursing care beds. Advanced diagnostic support is provided by a laboratory and an imaging department that includes two CT Scanners. The exact clinical contribution is constantly under review, being mission-tailored to provide the best mix of specialties and support services.
- 38. DASA receive information on the patients who are admitted to the UK Field Hospital at Camp Bastion from the J97 Returns. This J97 return also includes those patients admitted to the following two locations:
- 39. The HQ of Multinational Brigade (South) in Kandahar maintain a Field Hospital which provides support for ISAF and Coalition personnel. This facility includes additional capabilities to that of the Role 2 including specialist diagnostic resources and specialist surgical and medical capabilities.
- 40. In Kabul, UK Personnel may be admitted to either the French or Greek Field Hospital. There is also a US facility which provides physiotherapy and dentistry.
- 41. Up until 31 December 2011, DASA also received information on admissions and attendances at the UK Field Hospital at Camp Bastion from the Operational Emergency Attendance Register (OpEDAR). This register has now been replaced with a new IT system; Whole Hospital Information System (WHIS). DASA now receive an extract from WHIS that will be used in the future to replace the statistics produced by OpEDAR.
- 42. An admission to the field hospital is where a patient is allocated a bed; this could be within the Ward, in Intensive Care, or Surgery. If the patient is not allocated a bed they are recorded as an attendance, they are seen and treated without the need to allocate a bed.
- 43. Field Hospital Admissions from J97 Returns and OpEDAR, information is available from 1 March 2006 (Opening of the UK Field Hospital in Afghanistan).

#### NOTICAS

- 44. Notification of Casualty (or "NOTICAS") is the name for the formalised system of reporting casualties within the UK Armed Forces. The NOTICAS reports raised for casualties contain information on how seriously medical staff in theatre judge their condition to be. They are not strictly medical categories but are designed to give an indication of the severity of the injury or illness to inform what the individual's next of kin are told.
- 45. The NOTICAS system is initiated very early in the patient's admission to the field hospital in Afghanistan, the classification of a casualty will change as time progresses. The initial signal listing may in some cases be followed by an updated less serious listing if the case appeared worse on admission than transpires.
- 46. Initial Notification of Casualty (NOTICAS), information is available from 7 October 2001 (start of Operations in Afghanistan).

# Aeromedical Evacuation

- 47. Aeromedical Evacuation is the medically supervised movement of patients to and between medical facilities by air transportation. The RAF Aeromedical Evacuation Service provides the worldwide patient air movement capability for Defence 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Patients are risk assessed prior to flight, and when necessary, trained medical teams are provided to deliver care in the air.
- 48. DASA receive Aeromedical evacuation records fortnightly from the Aeromedical Evacuation Control Centre (AECC) at RAF Brize Norton for operations in Afghanistan.
- 49. Aeromedical Evacuations, information is available from 1 January 2003 to 31 July 2012 (latest data available). Information on Aeromedical Evacuations from 7 October 2001 to 31 December 2002 is not held electronically.

Joint Theatre Trauma Registry (JTTR)

