

MSN 1731 (M+F)

The Merchant Shipping and Fishing Vessels Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 1999

This Merchant Shipping Notice is an integral part of the Merchant Shipping and Fishing Vessels (Personal Protective Equipment) Regulations 1999.

Notice to employers of crew, masters, safety officers and safety representatives.

This Notice supersedes Merchant Shipping Notices No. M1195 and M1358.

Summary

- This Notice gives notice of new regulations governing the provision of personal protective equipment, the Merchant Shipping and Fishing Vessels (Personal Protective Equipment) Regulations 1999. These Regulations supersede the Merchant Shipping (Protective Clothing and Equipment) Regulations 1985 (S.I. No. 1664), and come into force on 25 October 1999
- Annex 1 gives the design standards for personal protective equipment in use on board ships, for specified work activities and situations, in order to comply with regulation 5(2)(a) of the new Regulations.

Introduction

- 1. The Regulations require employers to ensure that personal protective equipment (PPE) is provided for their workers who are engaged in, or at risk from, a hazardous work activity on board a United Kingdom ship¹.
- 2. The Regulations are subject to the general rule that use of PPE is always a last resort, where risks cannot be avoided or reduced to a safe level by means of collective protection, or safe systems of work.
- **3.** PPE must be provided free of charge to the workers, except that, where use of the equipment is not exclusive to the work place, workers may be required to contribute towards the cost.
- ¹ "worker" includes trainees and apprentices, but does not include persons who are training in a sail training vessel.

- **4.** Where, traditionally, workers provide their own PPE, the employer remains responsible for ensuring that workers are equipped with appropriate PPE, and that they use it when engaged in work of the types outlined in <u>Annex 1</u>.
- **5.** The equipment issued must be "suitable", which is defined as:
- (a) in relation to any work process described in [this] Merchant Shipping Notice MSN 1731 (M+F), of the kind and to the standard specified [in that Merchant Shipping Notice], in relation to that work process;
- (b) appropriate for the risks to which he worker is exposed and to the task which he is performing, without itself leading to any increased risk;

- (c) correctly fitting the worker, or capable of being adjusted to fit;
- (d) taking into account ergonomic requirements and the worker's state of health; and
- (e) compatible with any other equipment the worker has to use at the same time, so that it continues to be effective against the risk"
- 6. In addition, the employer must ensure that the PPE supplied is easily accessible, and properly stored and maintained, and that where appropriate, instructions are available to the workers who are required to carry out any maintenance. The equipment must be regularly inspected, in accordance with the manufacturers instructions, and its operation checked. Respiratory protective equipment must be always be checked before and after use.
- 7. The employer must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that PPE issued under the regulations is used as instructed eg that workers do not use it for a purpose for which it is not designed, and that it is put on and worn correctly.
- **8.** Workers must receive adequate and appropriate training so that they are aware of the risks against which the PPE is designed to protect them, and of when and how to use it and look after it correctly. This may include demonstrations of the wearing of PPE, where appropriate.
- **9.** Workers are required to wear and use the PPE which has been issued to them when appropriate, and to comply with any training and instruction provided.

Standards of design and manufacture

- 10. The specifications for PPE are set out in the Annex. The list covers the PPE most commonly used on ships, but is not exclusive.
- 11. The letters "EN" stand for "European Norm". Where no "EN" standard is available, a BS standard is quoted. The letters "BS" refer to a British Standard. The standards are those to which the clothing and equipment should comply and the date which appears will be the date on which the latest revision of the relevant Standard was published, including all amendments at the date of this Merchant Shipping Notice.

- 12. Any reference to an EN or BS standard contained in the annex means that standard or an alternative Standard which provides, in use, equivalent levels of safety, suitability and fitness for purpose.
- 13. The standards of equipment given in this Merchant Shipping Notice do not apply to life saving appliances or other equipment which is subject to the Merchant Shipping (Marine Equipment) Regulations. (S.I. 1999/1957).
- **14.** Publications mentioned in Annex 1 are available from:

"BS" and "EN" Specifications:

The British Standards Institution 389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL

The Code of Practice, "Noise Levels in Ships" is available from The Stationery Office.

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An executive agency of the Department of the Environment, Transport and the Regions

STANDARDS OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Note: all protective clothing should conform to EN 340: 1993 - 'Protective clothing. General requirements.'

Work activity		Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
1	Any process or activity involving a reasonably foreseeable risk to the head from falling or moving objects.	Head protection EN 397 : 1995	Specification for industrial safety helmets.
2.	When working in areas where the circumstances involve a reasonably foreseeable risk to the head from bruising or abrasion.	Scalp protection to EN 812 : 1997	Industrial bump caps.
3.	When entering or working in a space or working with machinery or equipment where the noise level exceeds 85dB(A).	Hearing protection complying with section 10 and appendix 3 of the Code of Practice for Noise Levels in Ships published by the Department of Transport (1990):	
		EN 352-1 : 1993	Ear muffs.
		EN 352- 2 : 1993	Ear plugs.
		EN 352-3:1996	Ear muffs attached to an industrial safety helmet.
		EN 458 : 1994	Hearing protectors. Recommendations for selection, use, care and maintenance.
4.	Welding and gas cutting.	Eye and face protection to EN 175 : 1997	Personal protection. Equipment for eye and face protection during welding and allied processes.
		EN 166 : 1995	Personal eye protection. Specifications.
		EN 379 : 1994	Specification for filters with switchable or dual luminous transmittance for personal eye protectors used in welding and similar operations.
		EN 169 : 1992	Specification for filters for personal eye protection equipment used in welding and similar operations.

Work activity		Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
		Body protection to EN 470-1: 1995	Protective clothing for use in welding and allied processes. General requirements.
		Additional protection may be required in some situations (eg for particularly intense welding/cutting operations)	
	Electric arc welding (in addition to above)	Safety footwear to BS 7193	Specification for lined lightweight rubber overshoes and overboots
5.	Any work activity in which there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of injury to the eye from particles, frag- ments or injurious substances.	Eye protection to EN 166	As above.
6.	Any work activity involving working in an atmosphere which is likely to be hazardous to health.	Note - The following items should be selected and maintained according to BS 4275 : 1997	Guide to implementing an effective respiratory protective device programme.
a)	Protection against nuisance dust mist, particles and dust of low toxicity.	Disposable dust respirators conforming to EN 149 : 1991	Specification for filtering half- masks to protect against particles.
		General purpose dust respirators conforming as appropriate to one of the following:	
		EN 136 : 1998	Respiratory protective devices: Full face masks.
		EN 140 : 1998	Respiratory protective devices: Half masks and quarter masks
		EN 141 : 1990	Respiratory protective equipment: Gas filters and combined.
		EN 143 : 1990	Specification for particle filters used in respiratory protective equipment.
		EN 371 : 1992	Specification for AX gas filters and combined filters against low boiling organic compounds used in respiratory protective equipment.
		EN 372 : 1992	Specification for SX gas filters and combined filters against specific named compounds used in respiratory protective equipment.
		EN 1827: 1999	Half masks without inhalation valves, with separate filters to protect against gases or gases and particles or particles only.

Work activity		Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
b)	Protection against toxic dusts and gases of low toxicity.	Respirators conforming as appropriate to one of the following:	
		BS 7355 (EN 136)	As above.
		BS 7356 (EN 140)	As above.
		EN 141	As above.
		EN 143	As above.
		EN 371	As above.
		EN 372	As above.
		EN 405 : 1992	Valved filtering half masks for gases or gases and particles.
		Note: particulate filters may be incorporated for some applications.	
		EN 1827: 1999	Half masks without inhalation valves, with separate filters to protect against gases or gases and particles or particles only.
c)	Protection against toxic dust.	Powered dust respirators, powered dust hoods and blouses conforming as appropriate to one of the following:	
		EN 136	As above (note: this only applies to the mask).
		EN 143	As above.
		EN 12942: 1998	Specification for power assisted particle filtering devices incorporating full face masks, half masks or quarter masks.
		EN 12941: 1998	Respiratory protective devices. Specification for powered particle filtering devices incorporating helmets or hoods.
d)	Protection against highly toxic atmospheres; or where there	Breathing apparatus conforming to:	
	is oxygen deficiency; or as an alternative to the items above, where suitable.	EN 1146 : 1997 (for self-rescue only) "Escape sets"	Respiratory protective devices for self rescue. Self contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus incorporating a hood (compressed air apparatus with hood). Requirements, testing, marking.

Work activity		Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
		EN 137 : 1993	Specification for respiratory protective devices: self contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus.
		EN 138 : 1994	Respiratory protective devices. Fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece assembly.
		EN 139 : 1994	Respiratory protective devices. Compressed air line breathing apparatus for use with a full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece assembly. Requirements, testing, marking.
		EN 269 : 1994	Respiratory protective devices. Powered fresh air hose breathing apparatus incorporating a hood.
		EN 270 : 1994	Respiratory protective devices. Compressed air line breathing apparatus incorporating a hood. Requirements, testing, marking.
		EN 271 : 1995	Respiratory protective devices: Compressed air line or powered fresh air hose breathing apparatus incorporating a hood for use in abrasive blasting operations.
		EN 402 : 1993	Respiratory protective devices for escape. Self contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask or mouthpiece assembly.
7.	Any process or activity involving working in an area	Protective overalls, gloves or head gear, whichever is appropriate:	
	where there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of injury from substances which are corrosive or likely to be absorbed through the skin.	EN 340 : 1993	Protective clothing: General requirements.
		EN 465 : 1995	Protective clothing. Protection against liquid chemicals. Performance requirements for chemical protective clothing with spray-tight connections between different parts of the clothing (Type 4 equivalent).

Work activity		Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
		EN 466 : 1995	Protective clothing. Protection against liquid chemicals. Performance requirements for chemical protective clothing with liquid-tight connections between different parts of the clothing (Type 3 equivalent).
		EN 467 : 1995	Protective clothing. Protection against liquid chemicals. Performance requirements for garments providing protection to parts of the body.
8.	Any process or activity involving a reasonably fore-	Hand protection conforming as appropriate to :	
	seeable risk of injury to the hands unless the use of hand protection would increase the risk.	EN 374	Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms.
		EN 374-1 : 1994	Terminology and performance requirements.
		EN 374- 2 : 1994	Determination of resistance to penetration.
		EN 374-3:1994	Determination of resistance to permeation by chemicals.
		EN 388 : 1994	Protective gloves against mechanical risks.
		EN 407 : 1994	Protective gloves against thermal risks
		EN 420 : 1994	General requirements for gloves.
		EN 511 : 1994	Protective gloves against cold.
9.	Any process or activity involving particular risk of injury to the feet.	Foot protection conforming to : EN 345 ; or	Safety footwear for professional use.
		EN 346, whichever is appropriate:	Protective footwear for professional use.
		EN 345-1:1992	Specification.
		EN 345-2:1996	Additional specifications.
		EN 346-1:1992	Specification.
		EN 346-2 : 1996	Additional specifications.
		EN 347-1 : 1992	Occupational footwear for professional use.
		EN 347-2 : 1996	Additional specifications.

Work activity	Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
10. Work aloft or in any other area where there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of falling a distance of more than 2 metres.	Safety belt or harness and associated lanyard conforming to the following:	
	EN 353-1 : 1992	Specification for guided type fall arresters on a rigid anchorage line.
	EN 353- 2 : 1992	Specification for guided type fall arresters on a flexible anchorage line.
	EN 354 : 1992	Personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Lanyards.
	EN 355 : 1992	Personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Energy absorbers.
	EN 360: 1992	Personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Retractable fall arrangements.
	EN 361 : 1992	Personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Full body harnesses.
	EN 362 : 1992	Personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Connectors.
	EN 363 : 1992	Personal protective equipment against falls from a height. Fall arrest systems.
	- or where the use of portable ladders is necessary, such ladders to be used in accordance with Chapter 15 of the Code of Safe Working Practices for Merchant Seamen.	
11. Any work carried out from an overside position or in an exposed position where there is reasonably foreseeable risk of falling or being washed overboard or any work carried out in or from a ship's boat.	A lifebuoy with sufficient line attached ready for immediate use and either a Maritime and Coastguard Agency approved lifejacket or a lifejacket conforming as appropriate to one of the following, taking into account the area of operation:	
	EN 394 : 1994	Life jackets and personal buoyancy aids. Additional items.
	EN 396 : 1993	Life jackets and personal buoyancy aids. Life jacket 150.

Wo	rk activity	Protective clothing and equipment to be provided	Full title of Standard
		EN 399 : 1993	Life jackets and personal buoyancy aids. Life jacket 275.
		Partially inherent lifejackets must have at least 89 N of inherent buoyancy; and with the inflatable sections relying on automatic inflation.	
12.	Any work activity where it is necessary to carry out repair	Rubber gloves conforming to:	
	or maintenance work on or near exposed live electrical equipment and there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of injury.	BS 697 : 1986	Specification for rubber gloves for electrical purposes [4 classes of gloves rated at 650v and above]
		EN 60903 : 1992	Gloves and mitts of insulating material for live working.
		Protective sleeves conforming to EN 60984 : 1993	Sleeves of insulating material for live working.
		An insulating mat (except where specially insulated flooring is installed) conforming to BS 921 : 1976	Specification. Rubber mats for electrical purposes.
		Rubber soled footwear (no standard necessary).	
		Note - gloves, sleeves and mats should protect against the appropriate voltage.	
13.	Any work activity involving a reasonably foreseeable risk of injury from vehicle movement eg during ro-ro operations.	Suitable high-visibility garment conforming to EN 471 : 1994	Specification for high-visibility warning clothing.
14.	Any work process involving exposure to heat	EN 531 : 1995	Protective clothing for industrial workers exposed to heat (excluding fire-fighters' and welders' clothing).
15.	Work in engine rooms or any area where there is a risk of fire.	Overalls made of fabric of low flammability - eg	
	- -	- natural fibre, high cotton content;	
		- non-flammable clothing	Cotton or cotton and polyester clothing with flame-retardant finishes are available to protect
		as appropriate	against sparks and flame.