Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety

Eastern Health and Social Services Board Trust Accounts For the year ended 31 March 2005

Laid before the Houses of Parliament by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety in accordance with Paragraph 12(2) and (4) of the Schedule to the Northern Ireland Act 2000 and Article 2(10) of the Northern Ireland Act 2000 (Prescribed Documents) Order 2004

5th February 2007

Laid before the Northern Ireland Assembly by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety under Article 90(5) of the Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1972 (as amended by the Audit and Accountability Order 2003)

5th February 2007

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BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

FOREWORD

These accounts for the year ended 31 March 2005 have been prepared in accordance with Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, in a form directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

Statement of Belfast City Hospital Trust's Responsibilities and Chief Executive's Responsibilities.

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003), the Trust is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in the form and on the basis determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis and must provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Belfast City Hospital Health and Social Services Trust, of its income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the financial statements the Trust is required to:

- observe the accounts direction issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety including relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in operation;
- keep proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust;
- pursue and demonstrate value for money in the services the Trust provides and in its use of public assets and the resources it controls.

The Permanent Secretary of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety as Accounting Officer for health and personal social services resources in Northern Ireland has designated Mr. J Q Coey of Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust as the Accountable Officer for the Trust. His relevant responsibilities as Accountable Officer, including his responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which he is answerable and for keeping of proper records, are set out in Accountable Officer Memorandum, issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The Accountable Officer is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

CERTIFICATES OF DIRECTOR OF FINANCE, CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 4 to 57) which I am required to prepare on behalf of the Belfast City Hospital Health and Social Services Trust have been compiled from and are in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust and with the accounting standards and policies for HSS Trusts approved by the DHSSPS.

S Taggart	Acting Director of Finance
29th July 2005	Date

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (page 4 to 57) as prepared in accordance with the above requirements have been submitted to and duly approved by the Board.

Joan E Ruddock	Chairman
25 th August 2005	Date
J Q Coey	Chief Executive
25 th August 2005	Date

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Scope of Responsibility

The Board of Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust is accountable for internal control. As Accountable Officer and Chief Executive of the Trust, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives of the organisation, and for reviewing the effectiveness of the system.

Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of organisational policies, aims and objectives, also to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been place in the Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005, and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and accords with the Department of Finance & Personnel guidance.

The Board exercises strategic control over the operation of the organisation through a system of corporate governance which includes:

- Board approval for certain reserved matters.
- A scheme of delegation which delegates decision making authority and accountability within set parameters to the Chief Executive and other officers.
- Standing orders and standing financial instructions.
- The Audit and Corporate Governance Committees.

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular financial information, administrative procedures (including the segregation of duties) and the system of delegation and accountability. In particular this includes:

- Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the Board through its Finance Committee.
- Regular reviews by the Board of periodic financial reports, which indicate financial performance against forecasts.
- Setting targets to measure financial and other areas of performance.
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines through the Capital Expenditure Control Group.
- Formal budget management disciplines.

The Trust has an internal audit function, which operates to defined standards. Its work is informed by an analysis of risk to which the Trust is exposed and annual audit plans are based on this analysis. In 2004/05 Internal Audit reviewed Outside Contracts, Car Parking, Charitable Funds, Bank & Cash, Payments, Salaries & Wages, Belfast Link Labs, Agency &

Locum Staff, Asset Management, Travel Expenses and Transport. In his Annual Report, the Internal Auditor reported that the system of internal control was adequate and effective.

Independent validation by Internal Audit confirmed that compliance with the Financial Management Controls Assurance Standard was Substantive (84%). Where any weaknesses in control were identified during the course of the audit investigations, recommendations to address these control weaknesses have been, or are being, implemented by the Trust. With regard to the wider control environment the Trust has in place a range of organisational controls, designed to ensure the efficient and effective discharge of its business in accordance with the Law and Departmental Direction. The objectives of the Trust are pursued in accordance with the recognised and accepted standards of public administration e.g.

- The Trust's recruitment and selection policies are based on the principle of equality of opportunity and controls are in place to ensure that all such decisions are taken in accordance with the relevant legislation.
- The Trust continues to meet its obligations to staff, patients and other users of its services under Equality Legislation.
- The procurement of goods and services complies with best practice and European Directives.
- Research Governance Standards have been implemented in line with regional guidance.
- The Trust complies with the DHSSPS guidance on complaints handling and regularly benchmarks response times.

Capacity to Handle Risk

During 2004/05 the Trust made significant progress in developing its policies and procedures for Corporate Governance and Risk Management.

A Corporate Governance Department was established in April 2004 with responsibility for ensuring a co-ordinated approach to clinical and non-clinical governance activity.

In June 2004 the Trust Board approved the Risk Management Strategy. The Strategy confirms the Trust's commitment to the management of risk in order to:

- Improve the quality of treatment and care be it through direct clinical care or indirectly through support services (in line with the new Statutory Duty of Quality i.e. Clinical & Social Care Governance).
- Provide a safe environment for the benefit of patients, staff and visitors by reducing and, where possible, eliminating the risk of loss/harm.
- Protect the Trust's assets and reputation.
- Introduce and maintain cost effective risk control measures to eliminate or reduce risks to an acceptable level e.g. risk assessment, cost benefit analysis, identification of opportunity costs, planning risk treatments, as well as the appropriate evaluation and monitoring procedures.
- Reduce the severity and number of incidents of actual loss and ensure that corrective measures are taken to reduce the probability of recurrent loss.
- Monitor the adoption and implementation of Standards to control risks at the lowest operational level e.g. good practice guidelines and medical devices notifications.

- Ensure there are fast, clear pathways to where decisions can be made quickly with appropriate support systems in place.
- Promote positive risk management in controlled circumstances in conjunction with the Department, Area Board Commissioners, service users, carers and others.

These objectives will be achieved through a process of risk monitoring, analysis, evaluation and control. Consideration will also be given to the elimination and transfer of risk where possible.

The updated Incident Reporting Policy and procedures for the investigation of incidents, complaints and claims were also approved by the Trust Board. During 2004/05 approximately 30 policies received Trust Board approval examples of which are as follows:

- Fraud Response Plan
- Whistleblowing Policy
- Provision & Receipt of Hospitality/Gifts
- Codes of Conduct & Accountability
- Chaperoning Policy.

All policies are easily available on the Governance Section of the Trust's Intranet.

The Risk & Controls Framework

The Trust has had nine Controls Assurance Standards assessed by Internal Audit, with selfassessment undertaken in a further five standards. The Trust has met the required level of compliance for all Standards and action plans have been developed based on the recommendations arising from the assessments.

Standard	Progress expected by HPSS in 2004/05	Achieved BCHT 2004/05	Reviewed by Internal Audit
1. Financial Management (core standard)	Substantive	Substantive	~
2. Governance (core standard)	Substantive	Substantive	~
3. Risk Management (core standard)	Substantive	Substantive	~
4. Decontamination of Medical Devices	Substantive	Substantive	~
5. Fire Safety	Substantive	Substantive	~
6. Infection Control	Substantive	Substantive	~
7. Human Resources	Moderate	Substantive	~
8. Medical Devices and Equipment Management	Moderate	Moderate	~
9. Medicines Management	Moderate	Moderate	~
10. Buildings, land, plant and non-medical equipment	Moderate	Moderate (self assessment)	
11. Environmental Management	Moderate	Moderate (self assessment)	
12. Health and Safety	Moderate	Moderate (self assessment)	
13. Information Communication Technology	Moderate	Moderate (self assessment)	
14. Waste Management	Moderate	Substantive (self assessment)	

A Corporate Risk Register was compiled following training of Non-Executive and Executive Directors by Capita Management Consultants. A similar training programme has been

cascaded throughout the organisation and Risk Registers have been produced by each Directorate. Significant risks are brought to the attention of the Risk Management Committee and Trust Board.

A two-day workshop was held on Risk Management and Root Cause Analysis (RCA) techniques. This was attended by 80 multidisciplinary staff from the Directorate of Surgery. RCA is now routinely used as a mechanism to investigate serious incidents and complaints.

A computerised database for incidents, claims and complaints (DATIX) was introduced in October 2004. Monthly summary reports are produced for each Directorate's Governance Team to allow review and action to prevent recurrence. A summary report is submitted to the Risk Management Committee.

The Corporate Governance Committee and Risk Management Committee continue to meet regularly. Both are chaired by Non-Executive Directors of the Trust. A Complaints Review Group has also been introduced and has representation from the Health and Social Services Councils. All complaints are monitored to ensure lessons are learned and to encourage improvements in the quality of services.

Review of Effectiveness

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for the review of effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors and the executive managers within the Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board and Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement to the system is in place.

Chief Executive:J Q Coey____Date:25th August 2005____

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the financial statements on pages 15 to 57 under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets [and stocks/ and current asset investments] and the accounting policies set out on pages 19 to 24.

Respective responsibilities of the Board Members, Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 5, the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended, and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Board Members and Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the contents of the Annual Report. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended, and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion, the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I read the other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. I consider the implications for my certificate if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

I review whether the statement on page 7 reflects the Trust's compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's guidance on the Statement on Internal Control. I report if it does not meet the requirements specified by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the Chief Executive's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's corporate governance procedures or it's risk and control procedures.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Board members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Trust's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust at 31 March 2005 and of the surplus, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended, and directions made thereunder by the Department of Health, Social Service and Public Safety; and
- in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on these financial statements.

J M Dowdall CB Northern Ireland Audit Office Comptroller and Auditor General 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU Date: 1st September 2005

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	NOTE	2005 £000	2004 £000
Income from Activities	2	159,087	145,618
Other Operating Income	3	33,249	28,271
		192,336	173,889
Operating Expenses continuing activities	4, 5	(185,098)	(167,420)
OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		7,238	6,469
Profit/(loss) on disposal of Fixed Assets	7	(61)	(11)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE INTEREST		7,177	6,458
Interest Receivable		404	300
Interest Payable	8	(2,329)	(2,515)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		5,252	4,243
Public Dividend Capital Dividends Payable	15	(5,211)	(4,204)
OPERATIONAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE PROVISIONS	21	41	39
Provisions for Future Obligations	9.1	(79)	77
RETAINED SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(38)	116
BREAK EVEN POSITION	21	41	39

The notes on pages 19 to 57 form part of these accounts

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2005

		200	05	20	04
	NOTE	£000	£000	£000	£000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	10		0		0
Tangible assets	11		234,408		223,352
-					
			234,408		223,352
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks and work in progress	12	3,531		3,691	
Debtors: Amounts falling due					
Within one year	13	12,615		11,100	
After one year	13	2,222		1,255	
Short term investments	14	4,800		0	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	298	_	695	
			23,466		16,741
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	15		(25,106)		(19,905)
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	(1,640)		(3,164)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	ES		232,768		220,188
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due					
After more than one year	15		(24,104)		(26,439)
Provisions for Liabilities and					
Charges	17		(7,224)		(7,215)
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED		=	201,440	_	186,534
FINANCED BY:					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Public dividend capital	18		101,710		88,674
Revaluation reserve	19		97,094		96,161
Donation reserve	19		5,258		4,807
Realised donation reserve	19		0		0
Other reserves	19		0		0
Income and expenditure reserve	19		(2,622)		(3,108)
*			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
		=	201,440	_	186,534

The notes on pages 19 to 57 form part of these accounts

I certify that the attached financial statements and annual report were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 August 2005.

Chairman	Joan E Ruddock
Chief Executive	J Q Coey

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005		2004	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities (Note 29.1)		19,552		12,472
Detune on Investments and Servicing of Finance				
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance Interest received	401		305	
Interest received	(2,338)		(2,502)	
Interest part Interest element of finance lease rental payments	0		0	
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance		(1,937)		(2,197)
and Servicing of Finance		(1,937)		(2,197)
Capital Expenditure				
Payments to acquire intangible fixed assets	0		0	
Receipts from sale of intangible fixed assets	0		0	
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(20,743)		(27,209)	
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	1,065		0	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Capital Expenditure		(19,678)		(27,209)
Dividends Paid		(4,204)		(7,000)
Management of Liquid Resources				
Purchase of current asset investments	(4,800)		0	
Sale of current asset investments	0	_	7,400	
Net Cash Inflore (Outflore) from Management of Liquid				
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Management of Liquid Resources		(4,800)		7,400
Resources		(4,000)	_	/,100
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) before Financing		(11,067)		(16,534)
Financing New money capital reserve	0		0	
New public dividend capital	13,035		19,097	
New long-term loans - Government	0		0	
New long-term loans - Others	0		0	
New short-term loans - Government	0		0	
New short-term loans - Others	0		0	
Repayment of loans - Government	(2,365)		(1,958)	
Repayment of loans - Others	0		0	
Capital element of finance lease rental payments	0		0	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Financing		10,670	_	17,139
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash				
(Notes 29.2 and 29.3)		(397)		605
(110005 27.2 and 27.3)		(371)	—	003

The notes on pages 19 to 57 form part of these accounts

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005		2004	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Surplus (Deficit) for the financial year		5,252		4,243
Provisions for future obligations	_	(79)		77
		5,173		4,320
Fixed asset impairment losses		(1,523)		0
Non donated Fixed Assets				
Indexation of fixed assets	13,448		14,349	
Unrealised Surplus/(Deficit) on revaluation of fixed assets	(13,514)	_	0	
		(66)		14,349
Donated Assets				
Additions to donated assets	1,348		513	
Changes to donation reserve				
(except transfers to realised donation reserve)	(103)	1,245	273	786
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the y	ear	4,829		19,455
Additions to Capital Assets Reserve	_	0		0
TOTAL GAINS/(LOSSES) RECOGNISED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR	=	4,829	_	19,455

The notes on pages 19 to 57 form part of these accounts

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Authority

These accounts have been prepared in a form determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety in accordance with the requirements of Article 90 (2) (a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 No 1265 (NI 14) as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

1.2 Accounting Convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the indexation and revaluation of tangible fixed assets.

1.3 Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the 2004/05 HPSS Trust Manual of Accounts issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The accounting policies contained in that Manual follow UK generally accepted accounting practice (UK GAAP) to the extent that it is meaningful and appropriate to the HPSS Trusts. The accounting policies are selected in accordance with the principles set out in Financial Reporting Standard 18 "Accounting Policies" as the most appropriate for giving a true and fair view. The accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

The principal variations between UK GAAP and the accounting policies directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety are:

Paragraph 20 of Financial Reporting Standard 3 "Reporting Financial Performance" requires certain items of expenditure to be separately disclosed in the income and expenditure account after operating surplus/(deficit). These expenditure items do not include the costs associated with provision for liabilities and charges which are normally included within the calculation of the operating surplus/(deficit). However, as the Department measures the operating performance of Trusts by reference to the operating surplus/(deficit) excluding the impact of certain provisions, the income and expenditure account is presented to disclose the operating surplus/(deficit) before provisions for future obligations.

Financial Reporting Standard 15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" requires impairment losses on revalued fixed assets to be recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying value of the asset falls below depreciated historic cost, at which stage any further impairments are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

However, where an impairment arises due to consumption of economic benefits FRS 15 requires the loss to be recognised in the income and expenditure account in its entirety. In the context of their capital accounting HSS Trusts take those impairment losses resulting from short term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable, in full to the revaluation

reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.4 Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible fixed assets are capitalised when they are capable of being used in a Trust's activities for more than one year; they can be valued; and they have a cost of at least \pounds 5,000 (either individually or as a grouped asset).

Intangible fixed assets held for operational use are valued at historical cost and are depreciated over the estimated life of the asset on a straight line basis, except capitalised Research and Development which is revalued using an appropriate index figure. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Purchased computer software licences are capitalised as intangible fixed assets where expenditure of at least $\pounds 5,000$ is incurred (either individually or as a grouped asset). They are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and their useful economic lives.

1.5 Tangible Fixed Assets

Capitalisation

Tangible assets are capitalised if they are capable of being used for a period which exceeds one year and they:

- Individually have a cost of at least £5,000; OR
- They satisfy the criteria of a grouped asset ie collectively have a cost of at least £5,000, are functionally interdependent, broadly simultaneous purchase dates, and anticipated to have simultaneous disposal dates, under single managerial control and have an individual cost of £1,000; OR
- Form part of the initial equipping and setting-up cost of a new building, ward or unit irrespective of their individual or collective cost.

Valuation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the lower of replacement cost and recoverable amount. On initial recognition they are measured at cost (for leased assets, fair value) including any costs such as installation directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. They are restated to current value each year. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

All land and buildings are restated to current value using professional valuations in accordance with FRS 15 every five years and in the intervening years by the use of indices. The buildings index is based on the All in Tender Price Index published by the Building Cost Information Service (BCIS). The land index is based on the residential building land values reported in the Property Market Report published by the Valuation Office.

Professional valuations are carried out by the District Valuers of the Valuations and Land Agency. The valuations are carried out in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Appraisal and Valuation Manual insofar as these terms are consistent with the agreed requirements of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. In accordance with the requirements of the Department, asset valuations were undertaken in 2004/05 as at the valuation date of 31 March 2005.

The valuations are carried out primarily on the basis of Depreciated Replacement Cost for specialised operational property and Existing Use Value for non-specialised operational property. The value of land for existing use is assessed at Existing Use Value. For non-operational properties including surplus land, the valuations are carried out at Open Market Value.

Additional alternative Open Market Value figures have only been supplied for operational assets scheduled for imminent closure and subsequent disposal.

All adjustments arising from indexation and five-yearly revaluations are taken to the Revaluation Reserve. All impairments resulting from price changes are charged to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses. Falls in value when newly constructed assets are brought into use are also charged there. These falls in value result from the adoption of ideal conditions as the basis for depreciated replacement cost valuations.

Assets in the course of construction are valued at current cost using the indexes as for land and buildings, as above. These assets include any existing land or buildings under the control of a contractor.

Residual interests in off-balance sheet Private Finance Initiative properties are included in tangible fixed assets as "assets under construction and payments on account" where the PFI contract specifies the amount, or a nil value, at which the assets will be transferred to the Trust at the end of the contract. The residual interest is built up, on an actuarial basis, during the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge so that at the end of the contract the balance sheet value of the residual value plus the specified amount equal the expected fair value of the residual asset at the end of the contract. The estimated fair value of the asset on reversion is determined by the District Valuer based on Department of Health guidance. The District Valuer should provide an estimate of the anticipated fair value of the assets on the same basis as the District Valuer values the NHS Trusts estate.

Operational equipment other than IT equipment, which is considered to have nil inflation, is valued at net current replacement cost through annual uplift by the change in the value of the GDP deflator. Equipment surplus to requirements is valued at net recoverable amount.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairments

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land, and assets surplus to requirements.

Assets in the course of construction and residual interest in off-balance sheet PFI contract assets are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use or reverts to the Trust, respectively.

Buildings, installations and fittings are depreciated on their current value over the estimated remaining life of the asset as advised by the District Valuer. Leaseholds are depreciated over the primary lease term.

Equipment is depreciated on current cost evenly over the estimated life of the asset.

Impairment losses resulting from short-term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable in the longer term are taken in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.6 Donated fixed assets

Donated fixed assets are capitalised at their current value on receipt and this value is credited to the Donated Asset Reserve. Donated fixed assets are valued and depreciated as described above for purchased assets. Gains and losses on revaluations are also taken to the Donated Asset Reserve, and, each year, an amount equal to the depreciation charge on the asset is released from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure Account. Similarly, any impairment on donated assets charged to the Income and Expenditure Account is matched by a transfer from the Donated Asset Reserve. On sale of donated assets, the value of the sale proceeds is transferred from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure Reserve.

1.7 Research and development

Research and development expenditure is charged against income in the year in which it is incurred, except in so far as development expenditure relates to a clearly defined project and the benefits therefrom can reasonably be regarded as assured. Expenditure so deferred is limited to the value of future benefits and is amortised through the Income and Expenditure Account on a systematic basis over the period expected to benefit from the project.

1.8 Private Finance Initiative (PFI) Transactions

The HPSS follows HM Treasury's Technical Note 1 (Revised) "How to Account for PFI transactions" which provides definitive guidance for the application of the FRS 5 Amendment.

PFI schemes are schemes under which the PFI operator receives an annual payment from the Trust for the services provided by the PFI operator.

Where the balance of the risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the PFI operator, the PFI obligations are recorded as an operating expense. Where the Trust has contributed assets, a prepayment for their fair value if recognised and amortised over the life of the PFI contract by charge to the Income and Expenditure Account.

Where, at the end of the PFI contract, a property reverts to the Trust, the difference between the expected fair value of the residual on reversion and any agreed payment on reversion is built up over the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge each year, as a tangible fixed asset.

Where the balance of risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the Trust, it is recognised as a fixed asset along with the liability to pay for it which is accounted for as a finance lease. Contract payments are apportioned between an imputed finance lease charge and a service charge.

1.9 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is considered to be a reasonable approximation to current cost due to the high turnover of stocks. Work in progress comprises goods in intermediate stages of production. Partially completed contracts for patient services are not accounted for as work in progress.

1.10 Provisions

The Trust provides for legal or constructive obligations that are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the estimated risk-adjusted cash flows are adjusted using the Treasury's discount rate of 3.5% in real terms.

Provisions for clinical negligence are recognised only where it is more probable than not that a settlement will be required.

1.11 Clinical Negligence Central Fund

A Clinical Negligence Central Fund was established in 1998 to manage the payment of clinical negligence settlements. HSS Trusts are reimbursed by the Central Fund for payments made. Reimbursements are accounted for as income.

The reimbursements from the Central Fund in respect of clinical negligence liabilities and provisions are included within debtors

1.12 Pensions

The Trust participates in a HPSS Superannuation Scheme. Under this multi-employer defined benefit scheme both the Trust and employees pay specified percentages of pay into the scheme and the liability to pay benefit falls to the DHSSPS. The Trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis. Further information regarding the HPSS Superannuation scheme can be found in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme Statement in the Department Resource Account for the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The costs of early retirement contributions are met by the Trust and are charged to the income and expenditure account at the time the Trust commits itself to the retirement

1.13 Third Party Assets

Assets belonging to third parties (such as money held on behalf of Patients) are not recognised in the accounts since the Trust has no beneficial interest in them. Details of third party assets are give in Note 31 to the accounts.

1.14 Leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised at the fair value of the asset with an equivalent liability categorised as appropriate under creditors due within or after one year. The asset is subject to indexation and revaluation and is depreciated on its current fair value over the shorter of the lease term and its useful economic life. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of interest on the outstanding balance. Rentals under operating leases are charged to the income and expenditure account in the year in which they arise.

1.15 Losses

This note (Note 27) is a memorandum statement unlike most notes to the accounts which provide further detail of figures in the primary accounting statements. Most of the contents will be included in operating expenses.

2. Income from Activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
NI Health and Social Services Boards	154,441	140,936
GB/Republic of Ireland Health Authorities	2	4
HSS Trusts	3,308	3,060
Non-HPSS:		
- private patients	1,015	1,160
- other	321	458
Clients contributions	0	0
Total	159,087	145,618

The figure above for NI Health & Social Services Boards includes £3,997 from Down LHSCG and £16,770 from S & E Belfast LHSCG.

3. Other Operating Income

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Patient transport services	0	0
Other income from non-patient services	7,506	6,908
NIMDTA/NICPMDE	4,396	3,773
SUMDE	10,118	9,716
Charitable and other contributions to expenditure	4,810	3,527
Transfers from the donation reserve in respect of depreciation on donated assets	796	456
Income in respect of fixed asset impairments	1,523	17
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	549	594
Reversal of fixed asset impairments (specify)	0	0
Other income (specify where material)	3,551	3,280
Total	33,249	28,271

4. **Operating Expenses**

4.1 Other Operating Expenses are as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Salaries and Wages (excluding Board members'	115,906	104,254
Executive Board members' remuneration)	481	483
Non Executive Board members' remuneration	49	49
Supplies and services - clinical	34,265	31,388
Supplies and services - general	1,571	1,650
Establishment	1,632	1,867
Transport	157	159
Premises	7,357	7,296
Bad debts	132	43
Depreciation and amortisation	9,171	8,516
Fixed asset impairments	1,523	17
Purchase of care from non-HPSS bodies and grants		
to voluntary organisations	0	0
Personal social services	0	0
Recharges from other HPSS organisations	8,936	8,571
Clinical Negligence Payments:		
- Provisions Utilised	549	594
- Other	0	0
Audit fees	32	28
Other auditors remuneration	0	0
Miscellaneous	3,337	2,505
Total	185,098	167,420

4.2 **Operating Leases**

Operating expenses include the following amounts in respect of hire and operating lease rentals:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Hire of plant and machinery Other operating leases	408	402
	408	402

Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are:

	Land and buildings		Other leases	
	2005	2004	2005 200	
Operating leases which expire:	£000	£000	£000 £00	U
Within 1 year	0	0	67	58
Between 1 and 5 years	0	0	287 3	341
After 5 years	0	0	0	0
	0	0	354 3	399

5.1 Staff Costs

	Directly employed £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Salaries and Wages	101,439	0	101,439	90,980
Social security costs	7,681	0	7,681	6,786
Pension costs for early retirements reflecting the single				
lump sum to buy over the full liability	55	0	55	13
Other pension costs	5,593	0	5,593	5,018
Early departure costs	0	0	0	55
Amounts in respect of staff secondment	0	0	0	0
Agency/Temporary Staff	0	1,138	1,138	1,402
Contracted Staff	0	0	0	0
Sub Total	114,768	1,138	115,906	104,254
Less: Recovered staff costs re secondees	0	0	0	0
Total	114,768	1,138	115,906	104,254

5.2 Average Number of Employees

	Directly employed No.	Other No.	2005 No.	2004 No.
The average number of employees during the year was				
Medical and dental	413	5	418	395
Nursing and Midwifery	1,449	17	1,466	1,458
Professions Allied to medicine	275	0	275	253
Ancillaries	368	8	376	354
Administrative and clerical	752	8	760	737
Ambulance staff	0	0	0	0
Works	63	0	63	63
Other Professional and technical	365	0	365	348
Social Services	0	0	0	0
Other	3	0	3	3
	3,688	38	3,726	3,611

Figures refer to wholetime equivalents (WTEs) rather than individuals.

Senior Employees' Remuneration

The salary, pension entitlements, and the value of any taxable benefits in kind of the most senior members of the Trust were as follows:

			Real increase in	Total			
			pension	accrued			
	Calarry	Benefits	and	pension at			Real
	Salary, including	in Kind (rounded	related	age 60 and			increase
	Performance	•	lump sum at	related	CETV at	CETV at	
Name	Pay	£100)	age 60	lump sum			CETV
Non-Executive Members	£000	£	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
J Ruddock	20-25	0	-	-	-	-	-
R Huq	5-10	0	-	-	-	-	-
P Morgan	5-10	0	-	-	-	-	-
V Fiddis	5-10	0	-	-	-	-	-
M Moutray	5-10	0	-	-	-	-	-
W McKay	5-10	0	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Members							
			3 plus 9 lump	48 plus 144 lump			
Q Coey	100-105	100	sum	sum	737	798	26
K Fullerton	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
S Taggart	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
A Brown	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
M Barkley	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
E Hayes	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
			1 plus 4 lump	21 plus 63			
P Haines	50-55	0	sum	lunp sum	258	281	6

*consent to disclosure withheld

As Non-Executive members do not receive pensionable remuneration, there will be no entries in respect of pensions for Non-Executive members.

A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capital value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme, or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which the disclosure applies. The CETV figures, and from 2004-05 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefits in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the HPSS pension scheme. They also include any additional pension benefit

accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated within the guidelines and framework prescribed by the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Real Increase in CETV - This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It takes account of the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.

Staff Benefits

	2005 £ 0 0	2004 £ 0 0
5.5 Trust Management Costs		
	2005 £000	2004 £000
Trust Management Costs	5,858	5,455
Total Income	192,336	173,889
% of total income	3.0%	3.1%

The above information is based on the Audit Commission's definition "M2" Trust management costs, as detailed in HSS (THR) 2/99.

5.6 Retirements due to ill-health

During 2004/05 there were 19 early retirements from the Trust agreed on the grounds of ill-health. The estimated additional pension liabilities will be £21,406 per annum.

6.1 Public Sector Payment Policy - Measure of Compliance

The Department requires that Trusts pay their non HPSS trade creditors in accordance with the CB1 Prompt Payment Code and Government Accounting Rules. The Trust's payment policy is consistent with the CBI prompt payment codes and Government Accounting rules and its measure of compliance is:

	Number	2005 £000	Number	2004 £000
Total bills paid	53,079	75,501	52,995	80,765
Total bills paid within 30 day target	39,580	60,694	38,687	66,155
% of bills paid within 30 day target	74.6%	80.4%	73.0%	81.9%

6.2 The Late Payment of Commercial Debts Regulations 2002

The amount included within Interest Payable (Note 8) arising from claims made by small businesses under this legislation is as follows :

	£
Total	0

7. Profit (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Profit on disposal of land and buildings	0	0
Loss on disposal of land and buildings	(17)	0
Profit on disposal of plant and equipment	0	0
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	(44)	(11)
Total	(61)	(11)

8. Interest Payable

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Originating interest bearing debt	2,329	2,515
Further borrowing (government)	0	0
Further borrowing (other)	0	0
Finance leases	0	0
Other interest [specify]	0	0
	0	0
Total	2,329	2,515

An amount of $\pounds 206,599$ is included within note 9.1 for the unwinding of discounts on provisions.

9.1 **Provisions for Future Obligations**

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Provisions in year:		
Clinical Negligence	310	1,579
Pensions	25	24
Employers liability	311	253
Public (Occupiers) liability	32	22
Injury benefit	29	233
Accrued leave	0	0
Restructuring	30	(120)
Industrial Relations cases		
Arising during the year (net) (note 9.2)	737	1,991
Unwinding of Discount on Provisions (9.3)	206	79
Utilised in year (9.4)	(934)	(1,118)
Other (Specify)		
Movement in year (subtotal) (Note 17)	9	952
Reimbursements receivable (Note 9.5)	70	(1,029)
Total increase/decrease		
(to Income and Expenditure Account)	79	(77)
9.2 Arising during the year	2005	2004
	£000	£000

Total Provided in year (9.1)	737	1,991
Provisions not required (reversed/unused)	(761)	(1,136)
Provided in year	1,498	3,127

9.3 Unwinding of Discount on Provisions

Unwinding of discount on Provisions is analysed as follows: Clinical Negligence 168 44 Other 38 35 Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions (Note 9.1) 206 79 9.4 Utilised in year Clinical Negligence (note 17) Pensions relating to other staff (note 17) Restructuring (note 17) (106) (548) Restructuring (note 17) (106) (68) Restructuring (note 17) (280) (456) Total Utilised (note 9.4) (1.118)		2005 £000	2004 £000
Other 38 35 Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions (Note 9.1) 206 79 9.4 Utilised in year 2005 2004 Guide £000 £000 £000 Clinical Negligence (note 17) (548) (594) (594) Pensions relating to other staff (note 17) (106) (68) 0	Unwinding of discount on Provisions is analysed as follows:		
9.4 Utilised in year 2005 2004 £000 £000 £000 Clinical Negligence (note 17) (548) (594) Pensions relating to other staff (note 17) (106) (68) Restructuring (note 17) 0 0 Other (note 17) (280) (456)			
2005 2004 £000 £000 Clinical Negligence (note 17) (548) (594) Pensions relating to other staff (note 17) (106) (68) Restructuring (note 17) 0 0 Other (note 17) (280) (456)	Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions (Note 9.1)	206	79
$\pounds 000$ $\pounds 000$ Clinical Negligence (note 17)(548)(594)Pensions relating to other staff (note 17)(106)(68)Restructuring (note 17)00Other (note 17)(280)(456)	9.4 Utilised in year		
Clinical Negligence (note 17)(548)(594)Pensions relating to other staff (note 17)(106)(68)Restructuring (note 17)00Other (note 17)(280)(456)			
Pensions relating to other staff (note 17)(106)(68)Restructuring (note 17)00Other (note 17)(280)(456)			
Restructuring (note 17) 0 0 Other (note 17) (280) (456)			. ,
Other (note 17) (280) (456)	- · · · · · ·	· · ·	
Total Utilised (note 9.4) (1.118)		-	-
	Total Utilised (note 9.4)	(934)	(1,118)
9.5 Reimbursements Receivable	9.5 Reimbursements Receivable		
2005 2004		2005	2004
£000 £000			
Clinical Negligence Central Fund 70 (1,029)	Clinical Negligence Central Fund		
Other 0 0			

70 (1,029)

10. Intangible Fixed Assets

	Other					
	Total	Software licences	licences and	Datanta		Development Expenditure
Cost or Valuation	TUTAL	ncences	ti autiliai Ks	1 atents	ncences	Expenditure
At 1 April 2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indexation	0	0	0	0	0	
Additions - purchased	0	0	0	0	0	
Additions - donated	0	0	0	0	0	
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Revaluation						
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation						
At 1 April 2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indexation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005						
- Purchased	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Donated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total at 31 March 2005		0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2004						
- Purchased	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Donated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total at 31 March 2004	0	0	0	0	0	0

11. Tangible Fixed Assets

11.1 Tangible fixed assets comprise the following elements: Purchased Assets

Cost or Valuation	Land £000	Buildings Installations and fittings £000	Computer Equipment £000	Other Equipment £000	Assets under Construction £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	32,392	168,784	4,088	27,418	29,846	262,528
Indexation	1,680	13,293	0	572	0	15,545
Additions	0	1,154	362	828	17,828	20,172
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	(1,401)	(366)	0	0	0	(1,767)
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	(615)	(652)	(12)	(1,058)	0	(2,337)
National Revaluation		× /	~ /			
Exercise	1,079	(12,827)	0	0	0	(11,748)
At 31 March 2005	33,135	169,386	4,438	27,760	47,674	282,393
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	21,232	3,002	19,751	0	43,985
Indexation	0	1,673	0	424	0	2,097
Transfers	ů 0	1,075	0	0	0	2,037
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	(186)	(12)	(1,015)	ů 0	(1,213)
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	6,064	394	1,916	0	8,374
National Revaluation	-	-,		-,	-	-,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,-
Exercise	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0	28,783	3,384	21,076	0	53,243
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	33,135	140,603	1,054	6,684	47,674	229,150
At 31 March 2004	32,392	147,552	1,086	7,667	29,846	218,543

Of the total net book value at 31 March 2005

 \pounds 1,130,000 related to buildings, installations and fittings valued at open market value for alternative use.

Note 11.1 (Contd)

Donated Assets

Cost or Valuation	Land £000	Buildings Installations and fittings £000	Computer Equipment £000	Other Equipment £000	Assets under Construction £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	12	3,312	313	3,168	0	6,805
Indexation	1	255	0	69	0	325
Additions	0	1,108	21	219	0	1,348
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	(136)	0	(164)	0	(300)
National Revaluation						
Exercise	(3)	(274)	0	0	0	(277)
At 31 March 2005	10	4,265	334	3,292	0	7,901
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	309	206	1,481	0	1,996
Indexation	0	24	0	32	0	56
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	(46)	0	(159)	0	(205)
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	151	38	607	0	796
National Revaluation						
Exercise	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0	438	244	1,961	0	2,643
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	10	3,827	90	1,331	0	5,258
At 31 March 2004	12	3,003	107	1,687	0	4,809

11.2 Total Tangible Fixed Assets:

		Total	
Purchased	Donated	2005	2004
£000	£000	£000	£000
22.125	10	22.145	22.404
33,135	10	33,145	32,404
140,603	3,827	144,430	150,555
1,054	90	1,144	1,193
6,684	1,331	8,015	9,354
47,674	0	47,674	29,846
229,150	5,258	234,408	223,352
	£000 33,135 140,603 1,054 6,684 47,674	$\begin{array}{c c} 33,135 & 10 \\ \hline 140,603 & 3,827 \\ 1,054 & 90 \\ 6,684 & 1,331 \\ \hline 47,674 & 0 \end{array}$	Purchased £000 Donated £000 2005 £000 33,135 10 33,145 140,603 3,827 144,430 1,054 90 1,144 6,684 1,331 8,015 47,674 0 47,674

11.3 The net book value of land and buildings comprises:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Freehold	175,925	179,368
Long leasehold	1,650	3,591
Short leasehold		
	177,575	182,959

11.4 The net book value of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Land	0	0
Buildings, Installations and fittings	0	0
Equipment	0	0
Assets under construction	0	0
	0	0

The total amount of depreciation charged in the Income and Expenditure Account in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is $\pounds 0$ (2004 $\pounds 0$).

12. Stocks and Work in Progress

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Raw Materials and consumables	3,531	3,691
Work in progress	0	0
Finished goods	0	0
Total	3,531	3,691

13. Debtors

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	4,426	2,343
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	3,213	4,251
Other debtors	4,563	4.097
Pension Prepayments	4	
in respect of former directors	0	0
in respect of other staff	0	0
Other prepayments and accrued income	413	409
Sub Total	12,615	11,100
The balances are net of a provision for bad debts of $\pounds 188,026$ (2004 $\pounds 66,222$)		
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	0	0
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	2,222	1,255
Other debtors	0	0
Pension Prepayments		
in respect of former directors	0	0
in respect of other staff	0	0
Other prepayments and accrued income	0	0
Sub Total	2,222	1,255
Total	14.837	12.355

14. Short-term Investments

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Government Securities	0	0
Other Approved Public Sector Organisations	0	0
Banking Deposits	4,800	0
Others (specify if in excess of £50,000)	0	0
Total	4,800	0
Cash in hand	298	695

15. Creditors

	2005 £000	2004 £000
15.1 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year:		
Bank overdrafts	0	0
Current instalments due on loans	1,928	1,958
Interest payable	96	104
Public dividend capital dividend payable	5,211	4,204
Public dividend capital dividend payable in respect of impairments	1,523	0
Payments received on account	1,238	1,227
HPSS or NHS creditors and accruals	913	1,270
Non HPSS or NHS trade revenue creditors	3,828	5,551
Non HPSS or NHS trade capital creditors	433	1,305
Payroll creditors including taxation and social security	3,598	1,543
Net obligations under finance leases	0	0
Clinical Negligence	0	0
Pensions		0
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	0	0
Other accruals	1,235	1,310
Other creditors	5,103	1,433
Sub Total	25,106	19,905

15.2 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year:

Long Term Loans	24,104	26,439
Obligations under finance leases and hire		
purchase contracts	0	0
HPSS or NHS Creditors	0	0
Clinical Negligence	0	0
Pensions		
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	0	0
Other	0	0
Sub Total	24,104	26,439
Total Creditors	49,210	46,344

Pension creditors include $\pounds 0$ relating to payments due in future years under arrangements to buy out the liability for early retirements over 5 years.

15.3 Finance lease obligations

The future minimum lease payments under finance leases to which the Trust was committed at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within one year Between one and five years After five years	0 0 0	0 0 0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	0	0
	0	0

This total net obligation under finance leases can be analysed as follows:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Creditors: amounts due within one year	0	0
Creditors: amounts due after more than one year	0	0
	0	0

15.4 Public Dividend Capital Dividends

	2005 £000	2004 £000
The dividend is in respect of Public Dividend Capital	5,211	4,204
	5,211	4,204

16. Loans

	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due:				
In one year or less	1,928	0	1,928	1,958
Between one and two years	1,928	0	1,928	1,958
Between two and five years	5,785	0	5,785	5,875
In five years or more	16,391	0	16,391	18,606
Total	26,032	0	26,032	28,397
	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Wholly repayable within five years	0	0	0	0
Wholly repayable after five years, not by installments Wholly or partially repayable after five years by	0	0	0	0
installments	26,032	0	26,032	28,397
Total	26,032	0	26,032	28,397
Total Repayable after five years by installments	16,391	0	16,391	18,606
Loans wholly or partially repayable after five years:	Interest			
	Rate %	2005 £000	2004 £000	
Terms of payment Originating Capital Debt	8.375	26,032	28,397	

17. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Pensions relating to former Directors	Pensions relating n to other staff	Clinical I legligence	Restruct- uring	Other	2005 Total	2004 Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Balance at 31 March 2004	0	314	5,506	255	1,140	7,215	6,263
Arising during the year	0	25	951	30	492	1,498	3,127
Utilised during the year	0	(106)	(548)	0	(280)	(934)	(1,118)
Reversed unused	0	0	(641)	0	(120)	(761)	(1,136)
Unwinding of discount	0	8	168	0	30	206	79
At 31 March 2005	0	241	5,436	285	1,262	7,224	7,215

Income and Expenditure Account Charges

Arising during the year	£000 1,498
Utilised during the year	(934)
Reversed unused	(761)
Unwinding of discounts	206
Total	9

Note 17 (Contd)

Expected Timing of Cash Flow

	Pensions relating to former Directors £000	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical I negligence £000		Other £000	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Within 1 year	0	44	3,214	285	643	4,186	5,158
1 - 5 years	0	176	2,222	0	201	2,599	1,583
Over 5 years	0	21	0	0	418	439	474

The provision for medical negligence is based on professional advice from Central Services Agency. The provision for pensions is calculated on the basis of information on payments made by HPSS Superannuation Branch and Government Actuarial tables. Other Provisions includes provisions for Employers & Public Liability which are based on professional advice from Central Services Agency and Industrial Injury which is based on payments made by HPSS Superannuation Branch and Government Actuarial tables.

Expected reimbursements from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund included in debtors are:-

£000

Clinical Negligence Central Fund 5,436

The clinical negligence provision includes $\pounds 0$ for incidents against which claims have not, as yet been received. The related reimbursements, included in debtors, amount to $\pounds 0$.

In addition to the clinical negligence provision, contingent liabilities for clinical negligence are given in Note 25.

18. Public Dividend Capital

Public dividend capital was issued as follows:	2005 £000	2004 £000
During the reporting year In prior years	13,036 88,674	19,097 69,577
Total	101,710	88,674

19. Movements on Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve £000	Donation Reserve £000	Realised Donation Reserve £000	Other Reserves £000	Income and Expenditure Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	96,161	4,807	() 0	(3,108)	97,860
Retained surplus (deficit) for year	0	0	() 0	(38)	(39)
Revaluation and indexation of fixed assets	(66)	270	() 0	0	204
Transfer of realised profits (losses)	0	0	() 0	0	0
Movements in donation reserve	0	181	() 0	0	181
Fixed Asset Impairments	1,523	0	() 0	0	1,523
Other reserve movements	(524)	0	() 0	524	0
At 31 March 2005	97,094	5,258	() 0	(2,622)	99,729

20. Reconciliation of Movement in Government Funds

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Surplus (deficit) for the financial year	5,252	4,243
Prior Year adjustment	0	302
less provisions for future obligations	(79)	77
less public dividend capital dividends	(5,211)	(4,204)
	(38)	418
Gains (losses) from revaluation/indexation of		
Purchased fixed assets	(66)	14,349
Public dividend capital repayments	(440)	(303)
Public dividend capital issued	15,000	19,400
New Government loans issued	0	0
Government loans repayments	(2,365)	(1,958)
Additions (reductions) in other reserves	0	43
Net Movement in Government funds	12,091	31,949
Government funds at 31 March 2004	210,124	178,175
Government funds at 31 March 2005	222,215	210,124

21 Financial Performance Targets

21.1 Capital Cost Absorption Duty

The Trust is required to absorb the cost of capital at a rate of 3.5% of average relevant net assets excluding the effects of the national revaluation exercise. The rate is calculated as the percentage that interest payable on Government borrowing plus dividends payable on public dividend capital, totalling £7,540,019 bears to the average relevant net assets of £168,857,587 that is 4.47% (2004 4.02%).

The variation from the target rate of 3.5% is due to an over-recovery on the capital return charged to Commissioners. The over-recovery (£1,630,273) is returned to DHSSPS as a windfall gain. Excluding the windfall gain, the Trust Debt Remuneration is £5,909,746, that is 3.50%.

The Capital Cost Absorption Rate is calculated as follows:

Capital Cost Absorption rate (%) = (TDR/Average relevant net assets) x 100

Trust Debt Remuneration is calculated as:	2005 £
Interest payable on Government borrowing	2,329
Plus	
Dividends payable on Public Dividend Capital	5,211
Trust Debt Remuneration	7,540

NOTE 21.1 (Contd)

Average Relevant Net Assets is calculated as:

Average relevant net assets is the simple average of opening and closing relevant net assets, where each are calculated as follows:

	Opening £000	Closing £000	Average £000
Total capital and reserves*			
(equivalent to total net assets)	186,534	189,415	187,975
Less:			
Donation reserve	(4,807)	(5,535)	(5,172)
Purchased assets in the course of construction	(29,846)	(47,674)	(38,760)
Short-term assets	0	(4,800)	(2,400)
Finance lease assets (during their primary lease	0	0	0
term)	0	0	0
Plus:			
Loans and overdrafts	28,397	26,032	27,215
Finance lease creditors (capital only)	0	0	0
Relevant Net Assets	180,278	157,438	168,858

* Capital and reserves excludes the impact of the national revaluation exercise.

21.2 The Break Even Performance

Trust is required to ensure that its income is sufficient to meet its expenditure taking one year with another. Over the last five years the Trust has achieved the following results:

	2000/2001 £000	2001/2002 £000	2002/2003 £000	2003/2004 £000	2004/2005 £000
i. Turnover	132,232	145,700	162,267	173,889	192,336
 Operational Surplus/(Deficit) for Financial Year before Provisions and Exceptional Income 	(1,163)	387	45	39	41
iii. Break Even in year position	(1,163)	387	45	39	41
iv. Break Even cumulative position(opening)	(3,219)	268	655	700	739
vii. Other adjustments					
vi. Exceptional Income Year ended 31 March 2001	4,650	0	0	0	0
vii. Break Even cumulative position(closing)	268	655	700	739	780
If a Break Even cumulative deficit - anticipated financial year of recovery					
If more than 2 years, agreed period					
Materiality Test:	%	%	%	%	%
Break even in year position as % of turnover	-0.9%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Break even cumulative position as % of turnove	r0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%

21.3 External Financing Limit

	2005 £000	2004 £000
External Financing Limit set by the Department	6,278	23,949

The Trust stayed within its External Financing Limit by $\pounds 10,849$. The Trust's External Financing Requirement for the year was $\pounds 6,278,000$ and was met as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Increase (decrease) in:		
Public dividend capital	13,035	19,097
Government long-term loans	(2,365)	(1,958)
Other long-term loans	0	0
Short-term loans	0	0
Overdrafts	0	0
Finance lease capital creditors	0	0
(Increase) decrease in:		
Short-term investments	(4,800)	7,400
Cash at bank and in hand	397	(605)
External Finance Assessed	6,267	23,934

21.4 Capital Resource Limit

The Trust is given a Capital Resource Limit which it is not permitted to overspend.

	2005 £000
Gross Capital Expenditure (charge against the CRL)	20,172
Capital Resource Limit	21,630
(Over) / Underspend against CRL	1,458

22. Private Finance Transactions

22.1 PFI Schemes deemed to be off balance sheet

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Amounts included within operating expenses in respect of PFI transactions deemed		
to be off balance sheet	1,637	1,538
	2005	2004
The Trust is committed to make the following payments during the next year	£000	£000
PFI scheme which expires within one year		
2 to 5 years (inclusive)	0	0
6 to 10 years (inclusive)	1,675	1,600
11 to 15 years (inclusive)	0	0
16 to 20 years (inclusive)	0	0
21 to 25 years (inclusive)	1,075	0
26 to 30 years (inclusive)	0	0
31 to 35 years (inclusive)	0	0

The estimated annual payments in future years are expected to be materially different from those which the Trust is committed to make during the next year for the Cancer Centre scheme (annual payment £4,300k).

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Estimated capital value of the PFI scheme		
Renal Dialysis	2,845	2,845
Cancer Centre	36,700	0

	Renal Dialysis	Cancer Centre	
Contract start date	01/11/98	01/01/06	
Contract end date	31/10/13	31/12/30	

The Renal Dialysis scheme delivers Haemodialysis treatments and includes building, equipment and a range of consumables. The Cancer Centre scheme provides equipment, equipment maintenance, upgrades and replacements for 25 years.

22. Private Finance Transactions

22.2 Service element of PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet.

Amounts included within operating expenses in respect of the 'service'	2005 £000	2004 £000
element of PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet	0	0
The Trust is committed to make the following payments during the next year	2005 £000	2004 £000
PFI scheme which expires within one year		
2 to 5 years (inclusive)	0	0
6 to 10 years (inclusive)	0	0
11 to 15 years (inclusive)	0	0
16 to 20 years (inclusive)	0	0
21 to 25 years (inclusive)	0	0
26 to 30 years (inclusive)	0	0
31 to 35 years (inclusive)	0	0

23. Capital Commitments

Capital commitments at the balance sheet date were:-

	Finance Leases £000	Other £000	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Contracted Authorised by the Board, but not contracted	0	9,718 722	9,718 722	20,500 1,319
Total	0	10,440	10,440	21,819

24. Post Balance Sheet Events

There are no post balance sheet events having a material affect on the accounts.

25. Contingent Liabilities

Clinical Negligence

The Trust has contingent liabilities of £440,814 for clinical negligence incidents. The Trust's financial liability, if any, cannot be determined until the related claims are resolved. An estimate of the amount involved, inclusive of legal costs, is:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Total estimate of contingent clinical negligence liabilities Amount recoverable from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund	441 (441)	562 (562)
Net Contingent Liability	0	0

In addition to the above contingent liability, provisions for clinical negligence are given in Note 17.

Other clinical litigation claims could arise in the future due to incidents which have already occurred. The expenditure which may arise from such claims cannot be determined as yet.

Contingencies not relating to clinical negligence are as follows:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Public Liability	0	0
Employers' Liability	0	0
Accrued Leave	0	0
Injury Benefit	0	0
ACS Ltd	50	50
Total	50	50

26. Related party transactions

During the year, none of the board members, members of the key management staff or other related parties has undertaken any material transactions with the Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust.

NOTE 27

Analysis of Losses and Special Payments

	TYPE OF LOSS	NO. OF	VALUE
1	Cook Lagrage That froud at	CASES	£
$\frac{1}{2}$	Cash Losses - Theft, fraud etc Cash Losses - Overpayments of salaries, wages and allowances	0	
2		0	0
5	Cash Losses - Other causes (including unvouched and incompletely	1	02
4	vouched payments)		83
4	Nugatory and fruitless payments - Abandoned Capital Schemes	0	
5	Other nugatory and fruitless payments Bad debts and claims abandoned		0
0		2	10,674
/	Stores and Inventory Losses - Theft, fraud, arson (whether proved or supported) etc.		
	or suspected) etc i. Bedding and linen	0	0
	ii. Other equipment and property	0	204
0	Stores and Inventory Losses - Incidents of the service (result of fire,	1	204
0	flood, etc)	0	0
Q	Stores and Inventory Losses - Deterioration in store		
10	Stores and Inventory Losses - Stocktaking discrepancies		
11	Stores and Inventory Losses - Other causes		
11	i. Bedding and linen	0	0
	i. Other equipment and property	43	18,281
12	Compensation payments (legal obligation)	43	10,201
12		10	549 425
	i. Clinical Negligence	19	,
	ii. Public Liability	19	,
13	iii. Employers Liability	63	208,344
15	Ex-gratia payments - Compensation payments (including payments to patients and staff)	12	2,721
14	Ex-gratia payments - Other payments	0	í í
14	Extra statutory payments		
15 16	a. Losses sustained as a result of damage to buildings and fixtures	0	0
10	arising from bomb explosions or civil commotion.	0	0
	b. Damage to vehicles	0	
	TOTAL	161	816,024

28. Intra-government balances

	falling due falling due fallin within 1 after more with year than 1 year year		Deb	tors
Name			Amounts falling due within 1 year £000	Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000
Other central government bodies	6,968	24,104	2,827	0
Northern Ireland Health and Social Service Boards	24	0	2,470	0
HSS Trusts	467	0	1,880	0
NHS Trusts	26	0	7	0
Agencies & Special Agencies	397	0	69	0
Non-Departmental Public Bodies	0	0	1	0
Local Authorities	1	0	0	0
Public corporations and trading funds	0	0	0	0
Total	7,883	24,104	7,254	0

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.1 Reconciliation of operating surplus (deficit) to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Operating surplus (deficit)	7,238	6,469
Depreciation charge	9,171	8,516
Provisions for future obligations (I&E Account)	(79)	77
Fixed asset impairments	1,523	17
Transfer from donation reserve	(796)	(456)
Non-cash Items	(0)	43
Increase (decrease) in provisions (Balance Sheet)	9	952
(Increase) decrease in stocks	160	(116)
(Increase) decrease in debtors	(2,715)	(1,850)
Increase (decrease) in creditors	5,041	(1,180)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	19,552	12,472

29.2 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2005		2004	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period				
	(397)		605	
Cash inflow from new debt Cash outflow from debt repaid and	0		0	
finance lease capital payments	2,365		1,958	
Cash (inflow)/outflow from (decrease)/increase in liquid resources	4,800		(7,400)	
Change in net debt resulting from cash				
flows		6,768		(4,837)
Non-cash changes in debt		0		0
Total		6,768	-	(4,837)
Net debt at 1 April 2004		(27,703)	-	(22,866)
Net debt at 31 March 2005		(20,935)	-	(27,703)

29.3 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 April 2004 £000	Cash flows £000	Non-cash changes £000	At 31 March 2005 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	695	(397)	0	298
Bank overdrafts	0	0	0	0
Debt due within 1 year	(1,958)	2,365	(2,335)	(1,928)
Debt due after 1 year	(26,440)	0	2,335	(24,105)
Finance leases	0	0	0	0
Current asset investments	0	4,800	0	4,800
	(27,703)	6,768	0	(20,935)

30. Financial Instruments

FRS13, Derivatives and other Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks and entity faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the relationships with HSS Commissioners, and the manner in which they are funded, the Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk than would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS13 mainly applies. The Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust has limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-today operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust in undertaking its activities.

31. Financial Instruments

The trust held $\pounds 6,043$ Cash at bank and in hand at 31/03/2005 which relates to monies held by the Trust on behalf of patients. This has been excluded from cash at bank and in hand figure reported in the accounts. A separate audited account of these monies is maintained by the Trust.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTS RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO PATIENTS / RESIDENTS MONIES

The Belfast City Hospital HSS Trust is required by Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit accounts in such form as the Department may direct .

The Trust is also required to maintain proper and distinct accounting records and is responsible for safeguarding the monies held on behalf of patients / residents and for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities .

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST

Account of Monies held on behalf of Patients/Residents The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the account on page 61 which the Trust is required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct.

Respective Responsibilities of the Board Members and Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 58, the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation and submission of the account as required by the Health and Personal Social Service (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and are properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs, and whether in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the account. It also includes an assessment of the judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the account.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the account is free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the account.

Opinion

In my opinion:

• the account properly present the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents by the Belfast City Hospital Health and Social Services Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and balances held at that date and have been properly prepared as

required by the Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct; and

• in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on this account.

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU Date: 1st September 2005

BELFAST CITY HOSPITAL HSS TRUST ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

ACCOUNT OF MONIES HELD ON BEHALF OF PATIENTS/RESIDENTS

2004	RECEIPTS		2005
£		£	£
	At 1 April 2004		
0	1. Investments (at cost)	0	
7,449	2. Cash at Bank	7,173	
0	3. Cash in Hand	0	7,173
37,454	Amounts Received in the Year		21,227
411	Interest Received		210
45,314	TOTAL		28,610
	PAYMENTS	1	
20.141			22.54
38,141	Amounts Paid to or on behalf of Patients/Residents		22,567
	At 31 March 2005		
0	1. Investments (at cost)	0	
7,173		6,043	
0	3. Cash in Hand	0	6,043
45,314	TOTAL		28,610

Schedule of investments held at 31 March 2005

Cost Price		Nominal Value	Cost Price
£	Investment	£	£
	Cash remained in current account as interest rates paid were comparable to investment rates offered.	0	0

I certify that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the financial records maintained by the Board.

<u>S Taggart</u> Acting Director of Finance 29th July 2005 Date

I certify that the above account has been submitted to and duly approved by the Trust Board.

J Q CoeyChief Executive25th August 2005Date

DOWN LISBURN HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES TRUST ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

PRINCIPLES

- Provide for the population the widest possible range of Health and Social Care services, delivered **close to home** and family.
- Work with other agencies and add to the overall **quality of life** and environment, within Down and Lisburn.
- Design services in **partnership** with people and the local community.
- Provide services which are **professionally sound**, ever improving and innovative.
- Always respect the individuality of those receiving service and offer choice.
- Provide services which are convenient, easy to use and easy to understand.
- Meet people's need for professionals with different skills, through flexible Health and Social Care **teams**.
- Value all staff, by addressing their individual needs, offering **continuous development** and supporting them to achieve their full potential.
- Use the resource provided by the public to deliver value for money services.

MEMBERS OF THE FINANCE & AUDIT COMMITTES 2004/05

Finance Committee

Mr David Gorman	- Chairman
Mr Donal Flanagan	- Non-Executive Director
Mr John Compton	- Chief Executive
Mr Paul Simpson	- Director of Finance & Information Technology
Mr John Simpson	- Director of Planning & Performance Management
Audit Committee	
Mr David Gorman	- Chairman
Mrs Lynda Tavakoli	- Non-Executive Director
Mr Donal Flanagan	- Non-Executive Director
T A.4. T	
In Attendance	
Mrs Denise Fitzsimons	- Chairman of the Board
Mr John Compton	- Chief Executive
Mr Paul Simpson	- Director of Finance & Information Technology

Auditors in Attendance

Mr Peter Shaw - Chief Internal Auditor

Representatives from Internal Audit, PricewaterhouseCoopers and Northern Ireland Audit Office

FOREWORD

These accounts for the year ended 31 March 2005 have been prepared in accordance with Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, in a form directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

STATEMENT OF DOWN LISBURN HEALTH and SOCIAL SERVICES TRUST'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003), the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in the form and on the basis determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis and must provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust, of its income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the financial statements the Trust is required to:

- observe the accounts direction issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety including relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis.
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis.
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in operation.
- keep proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust.
- pursue and demonstrate value for money in the services the Trust provides and in its use of public assets and the resources it controls.

The Permanent Secretary of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety as Accounting Officer for health and personal social services resources in Northern Ireland has designated Mr J Compton of Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust as the Accountable Officer for the Trust. His relevant responsibilities as Accountable Officer, including his responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which he is answerable and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Accountable Officer Memorandum, issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The Accountable Officer is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

CERTIFICATES OF DIRECTOR OF FINANCE, CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 74 to 115) which I am required to prepare on behalf of the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust have been compiled from and are in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust and with the accounting standards and policies for HSS Trusts approved by the DHSSPS.

Director of Finance: Paul Simpson Date: 27th July 2005

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 75 to 115) as prepared in accordance with the above requirements have been submitted to and duly approved by the Board.

Chairman: Denise Fitzsimons Date: 27th July 2005

Chief Executive: John Compton Date: 27th July 2005

STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2004/05

Scope of Responsibility

The Board of Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust is accountable for internal control. As Accountable Officer and Chief Executive of the Board of Down Lisburn Health and Social Service Trust, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives of the organisation, and for reviewing the effectiveness of the system.

Purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of organisational policies, aims and objectives, and to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Down Lisburn Health and Social Service Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005, and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and accords with Department of Finance and Personnel guidance.

The Board exercises strategic control over the operation of the organisation through a system of corporate governance which includes:-

- a schedule of matters reserved for Board decisions;
- a scheme of delegation, which delegates decision making authority within set parameters to the Chief Executive and other officers;
- standing orders and standing financial instructions, the establishment of an audit committee.

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular financial information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:-

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the board;
- regular reviews by the board of periodic annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against the forecast;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performances;
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines;
- as appropriate, formal budget management disciplines.

The Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust has an internal audit function which operates to defined standards and whose work is informed by an analysis of risk to which the

body is exposed and annual audit plans are based on this analysis. In 2004/05 Internal Audit reviewed the following systems:-

- Payments
- Bank & Cash
- Payroll
- Social Services
- Children's Homes
- Reviewed Financial Procedures

In their annual report, the Internal Auditor reported that the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust's system of internal control was adequate and effective.

Internal Audit also reviewed the following Controls Assurance Standards to provide an Independent assessment of compliance with the standards as required by the DHSSPS.

- Financial Management
- Governance
- Fire Safety
- Infection Control
- Risk Management
- Decontamination of Medical Devices

All but one of the standards met the substantive compliance level. This was Decontamination of Medical Devices for which the Trust scored 2% below the substantive level of compliance. The Trust has already carried out action, which in the Trust's opinion, subject to rescoring by audit, will put the Trust well into the compliance zone. Some of the actions carried out were:

- The Trust Chief Executive wrote to the EHSSB Chief Executive requesting support and assistant in the provision of consistent and permanent micro-biologists support from Belfast laboratories.
- Arrangements are in place to produce an Annual Report on the efficacy of the decontamination process to be submitted to the Clinical and Social Care Governance Committee.
- Training arrangements for staff in the Community are being reviewed and record keeping improved.
- The Trust has developed an action plan to replace the existing steris equipment with equipment compliant with HTM2030.

Moderate compliance with the remaining standards has been assessed internally and all comply at least to this level. The Trust will continue with its programme of external verification for compliance with the Controls Assurance Standard during 2005/06.

With regard to the wider control environment the Down Lisburn Health and Social Service Trust has in place a range of organisational controls, commensurate with the current assessment of risk, designed to ensure the efficient and effective discharge of its business in accordance with the law and departmental direction. Every effort is made to ensure that the objectives of the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust are pursued in accordance with the recognised and accepted standards of public administration.

Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust's recruitment and selection policies are based on the principle of equality of opportunity and controls are in place to ensure that all such decisions are taken in accordance with the relevant legislation. The Trust's Selection and Recruitment procedure is based on the merit principle, is in keeping with Best Practice in the Public Sector and complies with all relevant legislation. Controls in place through the Human Resources ISO procedures and audit process should ensure that all decisions relating to the recruitment and selection of staff are made in accordance with the Trust's procedure.

Capacity to handle risk

The Trust Risk Management Strategy has been embedded across the organisation and the provision of risk awareness programmes for staff has continued. When deemed necessary the Trust has secured external support to carry out risk assessments on service provision, for example the review of emergency surgery provision at the Downe Hospital. This approach both provides an appropriate framework for decision making and provides a major learning opportunity for the Trust staff.

The risk and control framework

The Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust has developed a risk management strategy, which has identified the organisation's objectives and risks and sets out a control strategy for each of the significant risks. Procedures have been put in place for verifying that aspects of risk management and internal control are regularly reviewed and reported and that risk management has been incorporated fully into the corporate planning and decision making processes of the organisation.

In 2004/05 the Senior Management Team reviewed its Key Corporate Risks. This was achieved through a mix of workshops and regular review at senior management level. In June 2004 the Trust's systems identified a problem with the decontamination process for endoscopes. This led to a major regional review of these processes. The Trust is of the opinion that it acted totally in accord with good governance practice and believes this demonstrates the effectiveness of its governance and risk arrangements. In August 2004 the Trust appointed a clinical risk manager to further promote and expand risk management practices across all the Trust's programmes of care. This will be further developed throughout 2005/06.

Review of Effectiveness

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for the review of effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors and the executive managers within the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board and

Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement to the system is in place.

Signature of Accountable Officer: John Compton Date: 27th July 2005

Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the financial statements on pages 74 to 115 under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages to .

Respective responsibilities of the Board Members, Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 66, the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Board Members and Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the contents of the Annual Report. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion, the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I read the other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. I consider the implications for my certificate if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

I review whether the statement on pages 68 to 71 reflects the Trust's compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's guidance on the Statement on Internal Control. I report if it does not meet the requirements specified by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the Chief Executive's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant

to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Trust's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust at 31 March 2005 and of the surplus, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and directions made thereunder by the Department of Health, Social Service and Public Safety; and
- in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on these financial statements

J M Dowdall	Northern Ireland Audit Office
Comptroller and Auditor General	106 University Street
	Belfast BT7 1EU

Date: 31st August 2005

DOWN LISBURN HSS TRUST INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	NOTE	2005 £000	2004 £000
Income from Activities	2	151,339	138,568
Other Operating Income	3	6,125	5,299
Operating Expenses	4,5	(154,948)	(141,578)
OPERATING SURPLUS		2,516	2,289
(Loss) on disposal of Fixed Assets	7	(66)	(43)
SURPLUS BEFORE INTEREST		2,450	2,246
Interest Receivable		303	377
Interest Payable	8	(1,291)	(1,377)
SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,462	1,246
Public Dividend Capital Dividends Payable	15	(1,395)	(1,201)
OPERATIONAL SURPLUS BEFORE PROVISIONS	21	67	45
Provisions for Future Obligations	9.1	(395)	(151)
RETAINED (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(328)	(106)
BREAK EVEN POSITION	21	67	45

The notes on pages 78 to 115 form part of these accounts

All Income and Expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

DOWN LISBURN HSS TRUST BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2005

		200)5	20	04
	NOTE	£000	£000	£000	£000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	10		276		414
Tangible assets	11	_	110,457		87,632
			110,733		88,046
CURRENT ASSETS	10	272		200	
Stocks and work in progress	12	373		309	
Debtors: Amounts falling due	12	0.100		5 704	
Within one year	13	9,106		5,704	
After one year Short term investments	13	2,627		2,263 53	
Cash at bank and in hand	14	3,394			
Cash at bank and in hand		240	15,740	1,686	10,015
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due			13,740		10,015
within one year	15		(18,073)		(17,634)
within one year	15	—	(10,075)		(17,034)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)		_	(2,333)		(7,619)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	TIES		108,400		80,427
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than					
one year	15		(14,110)		(15,155)
Provisions for Liabilities and Charges	17	_	(8,286)		(6,160)
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED		=	86,004	_	59,112
FINANCED BY:					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	10		25.910		24.922
Public dividend capital Revaluation reserve	18		25,810		24,833
	19		54,259		31,873
Donation reserve	19 19		922 894		1,402 880
Other reserves					
Income and expenditure reserve	19	_	4,119		124
		=	86,004	_	59,112

The notes on pages 78 to 115 form part of these accounts

Signed John Compton (Chief Executive) Date 27th July 2005

DOWN LISBURN HSS TRUST STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005		200	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Surplus for the financial year		1,462		1,246
Surplus for the financial year (Beeches Management	Centre)	14		0
Provisions for future obligations		(395)		(151)
		1,081		1,095
Fixed asset impairment losses		(96)		0
Non donated Fixed Assets				
Indexation of fixed assets	5,813		6,455	
Unrealised Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	20,992		2,586	
		26,805		9,041
Donated Assets				
Additions to donated assets	0		137	
Changes to donation reserve (except transfers to realised donation reserve)	(480)	(480)	(2)	135
(except transfers to realised donation reserve)	(480)	(480)	(2)	
TOTAL GAINS RECOGNISED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR		27,310		10,271
Prior year adjustment				-979
TOTAL GAINS RECONISED SINCE LAST ANN	UAL REPORT	Γ		9,292

DOWN LISBURN HSS TRUST CASHFLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	200)5	2004	ŀ
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net Cash Inflow from Operating				
Activities (Note 29.1)		7,964		5,854
Returns on Investments and Servicing				
of Finance				
Interest received	303		377	
Interest paid	(1,295)		(1,380)	
-				
Net Cash (Outflow) from returns				
on Investments and Servicing of Finance		(992)		(1,003)
Capital Expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(7,739)		(2,777)	
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	3,506		5	
Net Cash (Outflow) from				
Capital Expenditure		(4,233)		(2,772)
Dividends Paid		(1,201)		(3,053)
		(1,201)		(5,055)
Management of Liquid Resources				
Purchase of current asset investments	(3,341)		0	
Sale of current asset investments	0		5,667	
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from				
Management of Liquid Resources		(3,341)		5,667
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow before				
Financing		(1,803)		4,693
Financing				
New public dividend capital	2,500		0	
Repayment of loans - Government	(1,045)		(1,045)	
Repayment of Public Dividend Capital	(1,098)		(2,018)	
, ,				
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Financing		357		(3,063)
(Decrease) Increase in Cash				
(Notes 29.2 and 3)	_	(1,446)	_	1,630

The notes on pages 78 & 115 form part of this statement

DOWN LISBURN HSS TRUST

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Authority

These accounts have been prepared in a form determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety in accordance with the requirements of Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 No 1265 (NI 14) as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

1.2 Accounting Convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the indexation and revaluation of tangible fixed assets.

1.3 Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the 2004/05 HPSS Trust Manual of Accounts issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The accounting policies contained in that Manual follow UK generally accepted accounting practice (UK GAAP) to the extent that it is meaningful and appropriate to HPSS Trusts. The accounting policies are selected in accordance with the principles set out in FRS 18 "Accounting Policies" as the most appropriate for giving a true and fair view. The accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

The principal variations between UK GAAP and the accounting policies directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety are:

Paragraph 20 of Financial Reporting Standard 3 "Reporting Financial Performance" requires certain items of expenditure to be separately disclosed in the income and expenditure account after operating surplus/(deficit). These expenditure items do not include the costs associated with provision for liabilities and charges which are normally included within the calculation of the operating surplus/(deficit). However, as the Department measures the operating performance of Trusts by reference to the operating surplus/(deficit) excluding the impact of certain provisions, the income and expenditure account is presented to disclose the operating surplus/(deficit) before provisions for future obligations.

Financial Reporting Standard 15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" requires impairment losses on revalued fixed assets to be recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying value of the asset falls below depreciated historic cost, at which stage any further impairments are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

However, where an impairment arises due to consumption of economic benefits FRS 15 requires the loss to be recognised in the income and expenditure account in its entirety.

In the context of their capital accounting HSS Trusts take those impairment losses resulting from short term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable, in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are capitalised when they are capable of being used in a Trust's activities for more than one year; they can be valued; and they have a cost of at least $\pounds 5,000$ (either individually or as a grouped asset).

Intangible fixed assets held for operational use are valued at historical cost and are depreciated over the estimated life of the asset on a straight line basis, except capitalised Research and Development which is revalued using an appropriate index figure. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Purchased computer software licences are capitalised as intangible fixed assets where expenditure of at least $\pounds 5,000$ is incurred (either individually or as a grouped asset). They are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and their useful economic lives.

1.5 Tangible Fixed Assets

Capitalisation

Tangible assets are capitalised if they are capable of being used for a period which exceeds one year and they:

- individually have a cost of at least £5,000; OR
- they satisfy the criteria of a grouped assets i.e. collectively have a cost of at least £5,000, are functionally interdependent, broadly simultaneous purchase dates, and anticipated to have simultaneous disposal dates, under single managerial control and have an individual cost of £1,000 ; OR
- form part of the initial equipping and setting-up cost of a new building, ward or unit irrespective of their individual or collective cost.

Valuation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the lower of replacement cost and recoverable amount. On initial recognition they are measured at cost (for leased assets, fair value) including any costs such as installation directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. They are restated to current value each year. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed

for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

All land and buildings are restated to current value using professional valuations in accordance with FRS 15 every five years and in the intervening years by the use of indices. The buildings index is based on the All in Tender Price Index published by the Building Cost Information Service (BCIS). The land index is based on the residential building land values reported in the Property Market Report published by the Valuation Office.

Professional valuations are carried out by the District Valuers of the Valuations and Land Agency. The valuations are carried out in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Appraisal and Valuation Manual insofar as these terms are consistent with the agreed requirements of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. In accordance with the requirements of the Department, asset valuations were undertaken in 2004/05 as at the valuation date of 31 March 2005.

The valuations are carried out primarily on the basis of Depreciated Replacement Cost for specialised operational property and Existing Use Value for non-specialised operational property. The value of land for existing use purposes is assessed at Existing Use Value. For non-operational properties including surplus land, the valuations are carried out at Open Market Value.

Additional alternative Open Market Value figures have only been supplied for operational assets scheduled for imminent closure and subsequent disposal.

All adjustments arising from indexation and five-yearly revaluations are taken to the Revaluation Reserve. All impairments resulting from price changes are charged to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses. Falls in value when newly constructed assets are brought into use are also charged there. These falls in value result from the adoption of ideal conditions as the basis for depreciated replacement cost valuations.

Assets in the course of construction are valued at current cost using the indexes as for land and buildings, as above. These assets include any existing land or buildings under the control of a contractor.

Residual interests in off-balance sheet Private Finance Initiative properties are included in tangible fixed assets as 'assets under construction and payments on account' where the PFI contract specifies the amount, or a nil value, at which the assets will be transferred to the Trust at the end of the contract. The residual interest is built up, on an actuarial basis, during the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge so that at the end of the contract the balance sheet value of the residual value plus the specified amount equal the expected fair value of the residual asset at the end of the contract. The estimated fair value of the asset on reversion is determined by the District Valuer based on Department of Health guidance. The District Valuer should provide an estimate of the anticipated fair value of the assets on the same basis as the District Valuer values the NHS Trusts estate.

Operational equipment other than IT equipment, which is considered to have nil inflation, is valued at net current replacement cost through annual uplift by the change in the value of the GDP deflator. Equipment surplus to requirements is valued at net recoverable amount.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairments

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land, and assets surplus to requirements.

Assets in the course of construction and residual interests in off-balance sheet PFI contract assets are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use or reverts to the Trust, respectively.

Buildings, installations and fittings are depreciated on their current value over the estimated remaining life of the asset as advised by the District Valuer. Leaseholds are depreciated over the primary lease term.

Equipment is depreciated on current cost evenly over the estimated life of the asset.

Impairment losses resulting from short-term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable in the longer term are taken in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.6 Donated Fixed Assets

Donated fixed assets are capitalised at their current value on receipt and this value is credited to the Donated Asset Reserve. Donated fixed assets are valued and depreciated as described above for purchased assets. Gains and losses on revaluations are also taken to the Donated Asset Reserve and, each year, an amount equal to the depreciation charge on the asset is released from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure account. Similarly, any impairment on donated assets charged to the Income and Expenditure Account is matched by a transfer from the Donated Asset Reserve. On sale of donated assets, the value of the sale proceeds is transferred from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure Reserve.

1.7 Stocks and work-in-progress

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is considered to be a reasonable approximation to current cost due to the high turnover of stocks. Work-in-progress comprises goods in intermediate stages of production. Partially completed contracts for patient services are not accounted for as work-in-progress.

1.8 Provisions

The Trust provides for legal or constructive obligations that are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the estimated risk-adjusted cash flows are adjusted using the Treasury's discount rate of 3.5% in real terms.

Provisions for clinical negligence are recognised only where it is more probable than not that a settlement will be required.

1.9 Clinical negligence central fund

A Clinical Negligence Central Fund was established in 1998 to manage the payment of clinical negligence settlements. HSS Trusts are reimbursed by the Central Fund for payments made. Reimbursements are accounted for as income.

The reimbursements from the Central Fund in respect of clinical negligence liabilities and provisions are included within debtors.

1.10 Pensions

The Trust participates in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme. Under this multi-employer defined benefit scheme both the Trust and employees pay specified percentages of pay into the scheme and the liability to pay benefit falls to the DHSSPS. The Trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis. Further information regarding the HPSS Superannuation Scheme can be found in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme Statement in the Departmental Resource Account for the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The costs of early retirements are met by the Trust and charged to the Income and Expenditure Account at the time the Trust commits itself to the retirement.

1.11 Third Party Assets

Assets belonging to third parties (such as money held on behalf of Patients) are not recognised in the accounts since the Trust has no beneficial interest in them. Details of third party assets are given in note 31 to the accounts.

1.12 Losses

This note (Note 27) is a memorandum statement unlike most notes to the accounts which provide further detail of figures in the primary accounting statements. Most of the contents will be included in operating expenses.

2. Income from Activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
NI Health and Social Services Boards	141,175	128,639
GB/Republic of Ireland Health Authorities	47	46
HSS Trusts	3,947	3,826
Non-HPSS:		
- private patients	21	35
- other	335	310
Clients contributions	5,814	5,712
Total	151,339	138,568

3. Other Operating Income

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Other income from non-patient services	2,720	2,668
NICPMDE *	1,145	960
SUMDE **	105	54
Charitable and other contributions to expenditure	271	178
Transfers from the donation reserve in respect of		
depreciation on donated assets	99	90
Income in respect of fixed asset impairments ***	1,523	1,098
Other income	262	251
Total	6,125	5,299

* NICPMDE (Northern Ireland Council for Postgraduate Medical and Dental Education)

** SUMDE (supplement for Undergraduate Medical and Dental Education)

*** Income in respect of fixed asset impairments relates to the reduction in the asset lives of buildings either as a result of the redevelopment work on site or as a result of a review carried out by Health Services Estates

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

4. **Operating Expenses**

4.1 Operating Expenses are as follows:-

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Salaries and wages (excluding board members' remuneration)	87,910	79,420
Executive Board members remuneration	456	477
Non-executive Board members remuneration	49	48
Supplies and services - clinical	7,712	7,545
Supplies and services - general	2,455	2,411
Establishment	4,086	4,289
Transport	558	478
Premises	9,044	9,542
Bad debts	97	(4)
Depreciation and amortisation	5,660	3,627
Fixed asset impairments	1,523	1,098
Purchase of care from non-HPSS bodies and		
grants to voluntary organisations	29,713	27,280
Personal social services	2,311	2,042
Clinical Negligence Payments:		
- Provisions Utilised	492	504
Audit fees	30	25
Miscellaneous	2,852	2,796
Total	154,948	141,578

4.2 Operating Leases

Operating expenses include the following amounts in respect of hire and operating lease rentals:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Other operating leases	63	63
	63	63

Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are:

	Other I	Other leases		
	2005 £000	2004 £000		
Operating leases which expire:				
Within 1 year	63	63		
Between 1 and 5 years	219	252		
After 5 years	0	30		
	282	345		

NOTE 5.1

5.1 Staff Costs

	Directly employed £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Salaries and Wages	75,988	2,783	78,771	70,739
Social security costs	5,113	0	5,113	4,753
Pension Costs for early retirement reflecting				
the single lump sum to buy over the full liability	0	0	0	180
Other pension costs	4,026	0	4,026	3,748
Total	85,127	2,783	87,910	79,420

Of the total, £106,143 has been charged to capital

5.2 Average Number of Employees

	Directly employed No.	Other No.	2005 No.	2004 No.
Medical and Dental	139	24	163	125
Nursing and Midwifery	991	45	1,036	1,032
Professions Allied to Medicine	238	1	239	213
Ancillaries	279	36	315	283
Administrative and Clerical	600	50	650	671
Works	32	0	32	40
Other Professional and Technical	14	0	14	18
Social Services	754	73	827	731
Other	0	0	0	16
	3,047	229	3,276	3,129

Figures refer to wholetime equivalents (WTEs) rather than individuals

NOTE 5 (Cond)

5.3 Senior Employees' Remuneration

The salary, pension entitlements and the value of any taxable benefits in kind of the most senior members of the Trust were as follows:

Name	Salary, including Performance Pay £000	Benefits in Kind (rounded to nearest £100) **	Real increase in pension and related lump sum at age 60 £000	age 60 and related	CETV at 31/03/04 £000	CETV at 31/03/05 £000	Real increase in CETV £000
Non-Executive Mer	·	,	8				
D Fitzsimons	20-25	0					
D Flanagan	5-10	0					
D Gorman	5-10	0					
J Holt	5-10	0					
B MacErlane	5-10	0					
L Tavakoli	5-10	0					
Executive Members	s and Other Di	rectors					
J Compton	90-95	6-7	*	*	*	*	*
N Devaney ***	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
A Finn	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
J Martin ***	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
P Simpson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
K Thompson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
A Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
P McBrearty	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
S O'Rourke	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
J Simpson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
* consent to disclosu	re withheld						

** lease car

*** J Martin acting for N Devaney wef 1 November 2004.

A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capital value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme, or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which the disclosure applies. The CETV figures, and from 2004-05 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefits in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the HPSS pension scheme. They also include any additional pension benefit

accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated within the guidelines prescribed by the institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Real Increase in CETV - This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It takes account of the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (Including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.

NOTE 5 (Contd)

5.4 Staff Benefits

There are no staff benefits

5.5 Trust Management Costs

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Trust Management Costs	6,591	6,266
Total Income	157,464	143,867
% of total income	4.2%	4.4%

The above information is based on the Audit Commission's definition "M2" Trust management costs, as detailed in HSS (THR) 2/99.

5.6 Retirements due to ill-health

During 2004/05 there were 21 early retirements from the Trust agreed on the grounds of ill-health. The estimated additional pension liabilities of these ill-health retirements will be $\pounds 83,175$.

6.1 Public Sector Payment Policy - Measure of Compliance

The Department requires that Trusts pay their non HPSS trade creditors in accordance with the CBI Prompt Payment Code and Government Accounting Rules. The Trust's payment policy is consistent with the CBI prompt payment codes and Government Accounting rules and its measure of compliance is:

	Number	2005 £000	Number	2004 £000
Total bills paid	43,563	32,937	40,075	27,747
Total bills paid within 30 day target	36,444	27,214	34,454	21,821
% of bills paid within 30 day target	83.7%	82.6%	86.0%	78.6%

6.2 The Late Payment of Commercial Debts Regulations 2002

There were no amounts included within Interest Payable (Note 8) arising from claims made by small businesses under this legislation.

7. (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Loss on disposal of land and buildings	(4)	0
Profit on disposal of plant and equipment	6	2
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	(24)	(45)
Loss on disposal of gastroscope	(22)	0
Loss on disposal of generator	(11)	0
Loss on disposal of remote control table	(11)	0
Total	(66)	(43)

8. Interest Payable

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Originating interest bearing debt	1,291	1,377
Total	1,291	1,377

An amount of £189,997 is included within Note 9.3 for the unwinding of discount on provisions.

9.1 **Provisions for Future Obligations**

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Provisions in year:		
Clinical Negligence	2,155	1,246
Pensions	166	3
Employers liability	345	291
Public (Occupiers) liability	329	69
Injury benefit	102	0
Accrued leave	4	(1)
Arising during the year (net) (note 9.2)	3,101	1,608
Unwinding of Discount on Provisions (9.3)	190	166
Utilised in year (9.4)	(1,165)	(835)
Movement in Year (subtotal) (note 17)	2,126	939
Reimbursements Receivable (note 9.5)	(1,731)	(788)
Total decrease (to Income and		
Expenditure Account)	395	151

9.2 Arising During the Year

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Provided in year	3,504	2,144
Provisions not required (reversed/unused)	(403)	(536)
Total Provided in year (9.1)	3,101	1,608

9.3 Unwinding of Discount on Provisions

		2005 £000	2004 £000
	Unwinding of discount on Provisions is analysed as follows:		
	Clinical Negligence Other	68 122	46 120
	Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions (Note 9.1)	190	166
9.4	Utilised in year		
		2005 £000	2004 £000
	Clinical Negligence (Note 17) Pensions relating to other staff (note 17) Other (note 17)	(492) (238) (435)	(504) (228) (103)
	Total Utilised (Note 9.4)	(1,165)	(835)
9.5	Reimbursements Receivable		
		2005 £000	2004 £000
	Clinical Negligence Central Fund	(1,731)	(788)
	Total Reimbursements Receivable	(1,731)	(788)

10 Intangible Fixed Assets

	Software licences £000
Cost or Valuation	
At 1 April 2004	414
At 31 March 2005	414
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2004	0
Provided during the year	138
At 31 March 2005	138
Net Book Value	
At 31 March 2005	
- Purchased	276
- Donated	0
Total at 31 March 2005	276
At 31 March 2004	
- Purchased	414
- Donated	0
Total at 31 March 2004	414

11. Tangible Fixed Assets

11.1 Tangible fixed assets comprise the following elements:

Purchased Assets

Cost or Valuation	Land £000	Buildings Installations and fittings £000	Computer Equipment £000	Other Equipment £000	Assets under Construction £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	15,406	72,639	2,410	8,558	1,106	100,119
Indexation	665	16,487	0	180	0	17,332
Additions	0	102	705	794	5,624	7,225
Transfers	0	1,293	0	0	(1,293)	0
Revaluation	(137)	0	0	0	0	(137)
Impairments	0	(159)	0	(55)	0	(214)
Disposals	(3,377)	(3,819)	0	(684)	0	(7,880)
National Revaluation						
Exercise Impairments	0	(1,404)	0	0	0	(1,404)
National Revaluation						
Exercise	17,326	(17,889)	0	0	0	(563)
At 31 March 2005	29,883	67,250	3,115	8,793	5,437	114,478
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	9,679	894	3,316	0	13,889
Indexation	0	11,450	0	69	0	11,519
Disposals	0	(3,691)	0	(616)	0	(4,307)
Provided during the year	0	4,254	508	772	0	5,534
National Revaluation						
Exercise	0	(21,692)	0	0	0	(21,692)
At 31 March 2005	0	0	1,402	3,541	0	4,943
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	29,883	67,250	1,713	* 5,252 *	* 5,437	109,535
At 31 March 2004	15,406	62,960	1,516	5,242	1,106	86,230

* Computer equipment of £1.713m (£1.516m 2003/04) includes £0.226m (£0.279m 2003/04) relating to the Beeches Management Centre.

** Equipment of £5.252m (£5.242m 2003/04) includes £0.025m (£0.036m 2003/04) relating to the Beeches Management Centre.

Of the total net book value at 31 march 2005, £nil related to buildings, installations and fittings valued at open market value for alternative use.

Note 11.1 (Contd)

Donated Assets

	Buildings Installations and fittings £000	Other Equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or Valuation			
At 1 April 2004	999	700	1,699
Indexation	75	(5)	70
Disposals	(39)	0	(39)
National Revaluation Exercise	(504)	0	(504)
At 31 March 2005	531	695	1,226
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2004	50	247	297
Indexation	0	(15)	(15)
Disposals	0	0	0
Provided during the year	27	72	99
National Revaluation Exercise	(77)	0	(77)
At 31 March 2005	0	304	304
Net Book Value			
At 31 March 2005	531	391	922
At 31 March 2004	949	453	1,402

11.2 Total Tangible Fixed Assets:

	Purchased £000	Donated £000	Total £000	2004 £000
Net book value:				
Land	29,883	0	29,883	15,406
Buildings installations and fittings	67,250	531	67,781	63,909
Computer Equipment	1,713	0	1,713	1,516
Other Equipment	5,252	391	5,643	5,695
Assets under construction	5,437	0	5,437	1,106
Total	109,535	922	110,457	87,632

11.3 The net book value of land and buildings comprises:

Freehold	2005 £000 97,664	2004 £000 79,315
	97,664	79,315

11.4 The net book value of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows:

There are no assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contract.

12. Stocks and Work in Progress

13.

14.

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Raw Materials and consumables	373	309
Total	373	309
Debtors		
	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	4,128	2,564
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	2,155	731
Other debtors	2,823	2,409
Sub Total	9,106	5,704
The balances are net of a provision for bad debts of a	£324,161 (£226,964 2003/04)	
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	644	565
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	1,976	1,670
Other debtors	7	28
Sub Total	2,627	2,263
Total	11,733	7,967
Short-term Investments		
	2005	2004

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Banking Deposits	3,394	53
Total	3,394	53

15. Creditors

15.1 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Current instalments due on loans	1,045	1,045
Interest payable	54	58
Public dividend capital dividend payable	1,395	1,201
PDC payable in respect of impairments	1,523	1,098
HPSS or NHS creditors and accruals	852	943
Non HPSS or NHS trade revenue creditors	7,473	8,149
Non HPSS or NHS trade capital creditors	1,743	2,304
Payroll creditors including taxation and social security	3,936	2,784
Other creditors	52	52
Sub Total	18,073	17,634

15.2 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year:

Long Term Loans	14,110	15,155
Sub Total	14,110	15,155
Total Creditors	32,183	32,789

15.3 Finance lease obligations

There are no finance lease obligations.

15.4 Public Dividend Capital Dividends

	2005 £000	2004 £000
The dividend is in respect of Public Dividend Capital	1,395	1,201
	1,395	1,201

16. Loans

Amounts falling due:		2005 £000	2004 £000
In one year or less		1,045	1,045
Between one and two years		1,046	1,046
Between two and five years		3,135	3,135
In five years or more	-	9,929	10,974
Total	=	15,155	16,200
		2005 £000	2004 £000
Wholly or partially repayable after five years by instalments		15,155	16,200
Total	=	15,155	16,200
Total Repayable after five years by			
instalments	=	9,929	10,974
Terms of payment	Interest Rate %	2005 £000	2004 £000
Government: Originating IBD	8.125	15,155	16,200

17. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical negligence £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Balance at 31 March 2004	2,820	2,401	939	6,160	5,221
Arising during the year	166	2,462	876	3,504	2,144
Utilised during the year	(238)	(492)	(435)	(1,165)	(835)
Reverse unusued	0	(307)	(96)	(403)	(536)
Unwinding of discount	99	68	23	190	166
At 31 March 2005	2,847	4,132	1,307	8,286	6,160

Income and Expenditure Account Charges

	£000
Arising during the year	3,504
Utilised during the year	(1,165)
Reversed unused	(403)
Unwinding of discounts	190
Total	2,126

Note 17 (Contd)

Expected Timing of Cash Flow

	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical Negligence £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within 1 year	218	8 2,155	457	2,830	1,278
1 - 5 years	86	9 1,977	619	3,465	2,952
Over 5 years	1,760	0 0	231	1,991	1,930

The "other" class comprises of provisions for Injury claims, Public and Employer Liability and Frozen Leave.

Expected reimbursements from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund included in debtors are :-

	£000
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	4,131

The clinical negligence provision includes £nil for incidents against which claims have not, as yet been received. The related reimbursements, included in debtors, amount to £nil.

In addition to the clinical negligence provision, contingent liabilities for clinical negligence are given in Note 25.

18. Public Dividend Capital

Public dividend capital was issued as follows:	2005 £000	2004 £000
During the reporting year In prior years	977 24,833	(3,116) 27,949
Total	25,810	24,833

19. Movements on Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve £000	Donation Reserve £000	Other Reserves £000	Income and Expenditure Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	31,873	1,402	880	124	34,279
Retained surplus for year	0	0	14	(328)	(314)
Revaluation and indexation of fixed assets	5,676	85	0	0	5,761
Transfer of realised profits	(4,323)	0	0	4,323	0
Movements in donation reserve	0	(138)	0	0	(138)
Fixed Asset Impairments	(96)	0	0	0	(96)
National revaluation	21,129	(427)	0	0	20,702
At 31 March 2005	54,259	922	894	4,119	60,194

20. Reconciliation of Movement in Government Funds

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Surplus for the financial year	1,462	1,246
less provisions for future obligations	(395)	(151)
less public dividend capital dividends	(1,395)	(1,201)
	(328)	(106)
Gains from revaluation/indexation of		
Purchased fixed assets	22,386	9,041
Public dividend capital repayments	(1,523)	(3,116)
Public dividend capital issued	2,500	0
Government loans repayments	(1,045)	(1,045)
Additions in other reserves	4,323	0
Net Movement in Government funds	26,313	4,774
Government funds at 31 March 2004	73,030	68,256
Government funds at 31 March 2005	99,343	73,030

21 Financial Performance Targets

21.1 Capital Cost Absorption Duty

The Trust is required to absorb the cost of capital at a rate of 3.5% of average relevant net assets. The rate is calculated as the percentage that interest payable on Government borrowing plus dividends payable on public dividend capital, totalling £2,686,000 bears to the average relevant net assets of £71,543,000 that is 3.8%.

The return for 2004/2005 is calculated as 3.8% (2003/2004 3.7%)

The variance is within the Department's materiality range of 3.5% to 4%.

The Capital Cost Absorption Rate is calculated as follows:

Capital Cost Absorption rate (%) = (TDR/Average relevant net assets) x 100

	2005 £000
Trust Debt Remuneration is calculated as:	
Interest payable on Government borrowing Plus	1,291
Dividends payable on Public Dividend Capital	1,395
Trust Debt Remuneration	2,686

Average Relevant Net Assets is calculated as:

Average relevant net assets is the simple average of opening and closing relevant net assets, where each are calculated as follows:

	Opening £000	Closing £000	Average £000
Total capital and reserves*			
(equivalent to total net assets)	59,112	66,707	62,910
Less:			
Donation reserve	(1,402)	(922)	(1,162)
Purchased assets in the course of construction	(1,106)	(5,437)	(3,272)
Short-term assets	(53)	(3,394)	(1,724)
Other reserves	(880)	(894)	(887)
Plus:			
Loans and overdrafts	16,200	15,155	15,678
Relevant Net Assets	71,871	71,215	71,543

*Capital and reserves excludes the impact of the national revaluation exercise.

21.2 Break Even Performance

The Trust is required to ensure that its income is sufficient to meet its expenditure taking one year with another. Over the last five years the Trust has achieved the following results:

	2000/01 £000	2001/02 £000	2002/03 £000	2003/04 £000	2004/05 £000
i. Turnover	104,730	114,090	130,638	143,867	157,464
Operational Surplus for Financial Year before Provisions and					
ii. Exceptional Income	48	60	63	45	67
Break Even in year iii. position	48	60	63	45	67
Break Even cumulative iv. position(opening)	4,364	4,412	4,690	4,753	3,865
v. Other Adjustments	0	218	0	(933)	0
Break Even cumulative vi position(closing)	4,412	4,690	4,753	3,865	3,932
Materiality Test:					
Break Even in year position as % of turnover	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Break Even cumulative position as % of turnover	4.2%	4.1%	3.6%	2.7%	2.5%

The cumulative surplus is largely as a result of the profit on disposal of Kilwarlin House in 1999/2000.

21.3 External Financing Limit

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
External Financing Limit		
set by the Department	1,431	3,072

The Trust stayed within its External Financing Limit by $\pounds 2,969,000$. The Trust's External Financing Requirement for the year was ($\pounds 1,538,000$) and was met as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Increase (decrease) in:		
Public dividend capital	1,402	(2,018)
Government long-term loans	(1,045)	(1,045)
(Increase) decrease in:		
Short-term investments	(3,341)	5,667
Cash at bank and in hand	1,446	(1,630)
External Finance Accessed	(1,538)	974

21.4 Capital Resource Limit

The Trust is given a Capital Resource Limit which it is not permitted to overspend.

	2005 £000
Gross Capital Expenditure (charge against the CRL)	7,178
Capital Resource Limit	7,183
Underspend against CRL	5

22. Private Finance Transactions

Theres are no private finance transactions.

22. Private Finance Transactions

There are no private finance transactions

22.2 Service element of PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet.

The estimated annual payments in future years are expected to be materially different from those which the Trust is committed to make during the next year. The likely financial effect of this is $+/- \pounds X$ (2004 $+/- \pounds X$).

23. Capital Commitments

Capital commitments at the balance sheet date were:-

	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Contracted Authorised by the Board, but not contracted	1,693 54,816	3,006 3,670
Total	56,509	6,676

	2005 £	Planned developments will be completed in
Contracted		-
Thompson House Hospital	1,453	2005/06
LVH Infrastructure	240	2005/06
Authorised by the Board, but not contracted		
New Downe Hospital	53,800	2009/10
Replacement Children's Home	878	2005/06
Downshire Enabling Works	<u>138</u>	2005/06
Total	<u>56,509</u>	

Capital commitments will be financed by the Trust's Capital Resource Limit and from RRI funds in respect of the new Downe Hospital.

24. Post Balance Sheet Events

There are no post balance sheet events having a material effect on the accounts

25. Contingent Liabilities

Clinical Negligence

The Trust has contingent liabilities of \pounds 7,468 for clinical negligence incidents. The Trust's financial liability, if any, cannot be determined until the related claims are resolved. An estimate of the amount involved, inclusive of legal costs, is:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Total estimate of contingent clinical negligence liabilities	7	20
Net Contingent Liability	7	20

In addition to the above contingent liability, provisions for clinical negligence are given in Note 17.

Other clinical litigation claims could arise in the future due to incidents which have already occurred. The expenditure which may arise from such claims cannot be determined as yet.

26. Related Party Transactions

During the year, none of the board members, members of the key management staff or other related parties has undertaken any material transactions with the Down Lisburn HSS Trust.

27. Analysis of Losses and Special Payments

TYPE OF LOSS	NO. OF CASES	VALUE £
1 Cash Losses - Theft, fraud etc	7	3,667
2 Bad debts and claims abandoned	68	34,171
3 Stores and Inventory Losses - Deterioration in store	24	10,996
4 Compensation payments (legal obligation)		
i. Clinical Negligence	55	493,610
ii. Public Liability	24	212,048
iii. Employers Liability	71	216,266
5 Ex-gratia payments - Compensation payments (including payments to patients and staff)	22	3,908
6 a. Losses sustained as a result of damage to buildings and fixtures arising from bomb explosions or civil commotion.	8	2,112
TOTAL	279	976,778

28. Intra-Government balances

Name	Cred Amounts falling due within 1 year £000	litors Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000	Deb Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000	tors Amounts falling due within 1 year £000
Other central government bodies	1,538	0	0	213
Northern Ireland Health and Social Service Boards	61	0	0	3,724
HSS Trusts	600	0	0	185
Agencies & Special Agencies	278	0	0	219
Non-Departmental Public Bodies	181	0	0	12
Local Authorities	0	0	0	14
Total	2,658	0	0	4,367

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.1 Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Operating surplus	2,516	2,289
Depreciation charge	5,660	3,627
Provisions for future obligations (I&E Account)	(395)	(151)
Fixed asset impairments	1,523	1,098
Transfer from donation reserve	(99)	(90)
Non-cash Items		
Increase in provisions (Balance Sheet)	2,126	939
(Increase) in stocks	(64)	(47)
(Increase) in debtors	(3,687)	(2,143)
Increase in creditors	384	332
Net cash inflow from operating activities	7,964	5,854

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.2 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2005	;	200	4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period	(1,446)		1,630	
Cash outflow from debt repaid and finance lease capital payments	1,045		1,045	
Cash (inflow)/outflow from decrease/increase in liquid resources	3,341		(5,667)	
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		2,940		(2,992)
Net Debt at 1 April 2004	_	(14,461)		(11,469)
Net Debt at 31 March 2005	=	(11,521)		(14,461)

29.3 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 April 2004 £000	Cash flows £000	Non-cash changes £000	At 31 March 2005 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	1,686	(1,446)	0	240
Debt due within 1 year	(1,045)	1,045	(1,045)	(1,045)
Debt due after 1 year	(15,155)	0	1,045	(14,110)
Current asset investments	53	3,341	0	3,394
	(14,461)	2,940	0	(11,521)

30. Financial Instruments

FRS 13, Derivatives and Other Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks an entity faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the relationships with HSS Commissioners, and the manner in which they are funded, the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk than would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS13 mainly implies. The Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust has limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day to day operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust in undertaking its activities.

31. Third Party Assets

The Trust held $\pounds 940,059$ Cash at bank and in hand at 31/3/05 which relates to monies held by the Trust on behalf of patients. This has been excluded from cash at bank and in hand figure reported in the accounts. A separate audited account of these monies is maintained by the Trust.

The Trust held $\pounds 95,983$ cash at bank and in hand at 31/3/05 which relates to monies held by the Trust on behalf of the Beeches Management Centre. This has been excluded from cash at bank and in hand figure reported in the accounts. A separate audited account of these monies is maintained by the Trust.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTS RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO PATIENTS/RESIDENTS MONIES

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, the Trust is required to prepare and submit accounts in such form as the Department may direct.

The Trust is also required to maintain proper and distinct accounting records and is responsible for safeguarding the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

DOWN LISBURN HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES TRUST ACCOUNT OF MONIES HELD ON BEHALF OF PATIENTS/RESIDENTS

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the account on pages 119-128 which the Trust is required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct.

Respective Responsibilities of the Board Members and Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 116 the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation and submission of the account as required by the Health and Personal Social Service (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and are properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs, and whether in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the account. It also includes an assessment of the judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the account.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the account is free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the account.

Opinion

In my opinion:

the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents by the Down Lisburn Health and Social Services Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and balances held at that date and have been properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct; and

• in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on this account.

J M Dowdall CB	Northern Ireland Audit Office
Comptroller and Auditor General	106 University Street
-	Belfast BT7 1EU

Date: 31st August 2005

Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
699,230	1.Investments (at cost)	719,549	
129,932	2.Cash at Bank	145,306	
2,392	3. Cash in Hand	2,342	867,197
509,073	Amounts Received in the Year		647,156
25,005	Interest Received		33,654
1,365,632	Total		1,548,007
·	Payments	·	
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
498,435	Patients/ Residents		607,948
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
719,549	1.Investments (at cost)	748,138	
145,306	2.Cash at Bank	189,737	
2,342	3. Cash in Hand	2,184	940,059
1,365,632	 Total		1,548,007

Schedule of Investments held at31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
719,549		748,138	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of FinancePaul SimpsonDate25th July 2005

I certify that the above account has been submitted to and duly approved by the Board

Chief ExecutiveJohn ComptonDate27th July 2005

I have audited the above Account of Monies Held on Behalf of Patients / Residents and in my opinion it is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Appointed AuditorJ M Dowdall CBDate31st August 2005

		Downshire	
Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
125,963	1.Investments (at cost)	119,573	
23,407	2.Cash at Bank	24,147	
1,000	3. Cash in Hand	1,000	144,720
103,291	Amounts Received in the Year		120,829
4,326	Interest Received		5,191
257,987	Total		270,740
	Payments		
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
113,267	Patients/ Residents		157,940
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
119,573	1.Investments (at cost)	89,182	
24,147	2.Cash at Bank	22,618	
1,000	3. Cash in Hand	1,000	112,800
257,987	 Total		270,740

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
119,573		89,182	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance

Paul Simpson

Downe Hospital			tal
Previous Year	Receipts		
2			
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
-	1.Investments (at cost)	-	
-	2.Cash at Bank	-	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	-
-	Amounts Received in the Year		2,100
-	Interest Received		-
-	Total		2,100
	Payments		
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
-	Patients/ Residents		2,100
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
-	1.Investments (at cost)	-	
-	2.Cash at Bank	-	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	-
_	 Total		2,100

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
-		-	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance Paul Simpson

		Lagan Valley	y
Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
L	Balance at 1st April 2004	L	L
302,396	1.Investments (at cost)	326,142	
56,192	2.Cash at Bank	65,861	
500	3. Cash in Hand	500	392,503
238,413	Amounts Received in the Year		262,101
11,202	Interest Received		14,820
608,703	Total		669,424
	Payments		
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
216,200	Patients/ Residents		248,761
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
326,142	1.Investments (at cost)	335,162	
65,861	2.Cash at Bank	85,001	
500	3. Cash in Hand	500	420,663
608,703	 Total		669,424

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value Cost Price
326,142		335,162

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance Paul Simpson

Ardview House			
Previous Year	Receipts		
<u>^</u>		2	
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
66,965	1.Investments (at cost)	75,583	
12,444	2.Cash at Bank	15,263	
-	3. Cash in Hand		90,846
21,423	Amounts Received in the Year		62,022
2,481	Interest Received		3,853
103,313	Total		156,721
ż	Payments		
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
12,467	Patients/ Residents		39,360
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
75,583	1.Investments (at cost)	93,618	
15,263	2.Cash at Bank	23,743	
-	3. Cash in Hand	·	117,361
103,313	Total		156,721

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
75,583		93,618	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance Paul Simpson

		Grove Hou	se
Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
~	Balance at 1st April 2004	~	~
8	1.Investments (at cost)	8	
1	2.Cash at Bank	2	
331	3. Cash in Hand	223	233
10,204	Amounts Received in the Year		22,079
-	Interest Received		44
10,544	Total		22,356
	Payments		
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
10,311	Patients/ Residents		13,514
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
8	1.Investments (at cost)	6,732	
2	2.Cash at Bank	1,707	
223	3. Cash in Hand	403	8,842
10,544	 Total		22,356

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value Cost Price
8		6,732

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance	Paul Simpson	Date	25th July 2005
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Hillhall			
Previous Year	Receipts		
2			
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
132,649	1.Investments (at cost)	118,699	
24,649	2.Cash at Bank	23,970	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	142,669
60,431	Amounts Received in the Year		51,395
4,319	Interest Received		5,690
222,048	Total		199,754
	Payments		· · ·
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
79,379	Patients/ Residents		39,683
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
118,699	1.Investments (at cost)	127,688	
23,970	2.Cash at Bank	32,383	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	160,071
222,048	Total		199,754

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value Cost Price	e
118,699		127,688	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance Paul Simpson

St.Johns Resource Centre			
Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
38,326	1.Investments (at cost)	41,223	
7,122	2.Cash at Bank	8,325	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	49,548
21,161	Amounts Received in the Year		66,878
1,395	Interest Received		2,144
68,004	Total		118,570
	Payments		-)
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
18,456	Patients/ Residents		50,262
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
41,223	1.Investments (at cost)	54,489	
8,325	2.Cash at Bank	13,819	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	68,308
68,004	 Total		118,570

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
41,223		54,489	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance

Paul Simpson

		Struell Lodge	
Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
L	Balance at 1st April 2004	L	L
	Dulance at 1st April 2004		
17,948	1.Investments (at cost)	16,596	
3,335	2.Cash at Bank	3,351	
561	3. Cash in Hand	619	20,566
27,918	Amounts Received in the Year		37,428
628	Interest Received		785
020			105
50,390	Total		58,779
	Payments		-
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
29,824	Patients/ Residents		38,335
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
16,596	1.Investments (at cost)	16,084	
3,351	2.Cash at Bank	4,079	
619	3. Cash in Hand	281	20,444
50,390	 Total		58,779

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
16,596		16,084	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance Paul Simpson

		Community	_
Previous Year	Receipts		
£		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 2004		
14,975	1.Investments (at cost)	21,725	
2,782	2.Cash at Bank	4,387	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	26,112
26,233	Amounts Received in the Year		22,324
654	Interest Received		1,127
44,644	Total		49,563
,	Payments		, ,
	Amounts Paid on Behalf of		
18,532	Patients/ Residents		17,993
	Balance at 31st March 2005		
21,725	1.Investments (at cost)	25,183	
4,387	2.Cash at Bank	6,387	
-	3. Cash in Hand	-	31,570
44,644	Total		49,563

Schedule of Investments held at 31st March 2005

Previous Year	Investment First Trust Bank	Nominal Value	Cost Price
21,725		25,183	

I confirm that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust.

Director of Finance Paul Simpson

FOREWORD

These accounts for the year ended 31 March 2005 have been prepared in accordance with Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, in a form directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

STATEMENT OF GREEN PARK HEALTHCARE HSS TRUST'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountibility (Northern Ireland) Order 2003) Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in the form and on the basis determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis and must provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust, of its income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the financial statements the Trust is required to:

- observe the accounts direction issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety including relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in operation;
- keep proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust;
- pursue and demonstrate value for money in the Services the Trust provides and in its use of Public assets and the resources it controls.

The Permanent Secretary of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety as Accounting Officer for health and personal social services resources in Northern Ireland has designated Miss Hilary Boyd of Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust as the Accountable Officer for the Trust. Her relevant responsibilities as Accountable Officer, including her responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which she is answerable and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Accountable Officer Memorandum, issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The Accountable Officer is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

CERTIFICATES OF DIRECTOR OF FINANCE, CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 139 to 180) which I am required to prepare on behalf of Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust have been compiled from and are in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust and with the accounting standards and policies for HSS Trusts approved by the DHSSPS.

<u>Mr C Bradley</u> Director of Finance 10th June 2005 Date

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 139 to 180) as prepared in accordance with the above requirements have been submitted to and duly approved by the Board.

Mr J StewartChairman4th August 2005Date

Miss H BoydChief Executive4th August 2005Date

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board of Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust is accountable for internal control. As Accountable Officer and Chief Executive of the Board of Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives of the organisation, and for reviewing effectiveness of the system.

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of organisational policies, aims and objectives, and to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and accords with Department of Finance and Personnel guidance.

The Board exercises strategic control over the operation of the organisation through a system of corporate governance which includes: -

- a schedule of matters reserved for Board decisions;
- a scheme of delegation, which delegates decision making authority within set parameters to the Chief Executive and other officers;
- standing orders and standing financial instructions, the establishment of an audit committee.

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular financial information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:-

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the Board;
- regular reviews by the Board of periodic annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against the forecast;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performances;
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines;
- as appropriate, formal budget management disciplines.

The Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust has an internal audit function which operates to defined standards and whose work is informed by an analysis of risk to which the body is

exposed and annual audit plans are based on this analysis. In 2004-05 Internal Audit reviewed the following systems:

- Bank and Cash
- Payroll
- Local Accounts Payable Systems (Payments to Creditors)
- Charitable Funds
- Patients Private Property
- Outside Contracts
- Ordering and Receipt of Goods
- Financial Management Standard, controls assurance
- Risk Management Standard, controls assurance
- Governance Standard, controls assurance
- Decontamination of Medical Devices Standard, controls assurance
- Infection Control Standard, controls assurance
- Fire Safety Standard, controls assurance
- Information and Communications Technology, controls assurance.

In his annual report, the Internal Auditor reported that Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust's system of internal financial control was adequate and effective. Where any weaknesses in control were identified during the course of the audit investigations, recommendations to address these control weaknesses have been or are being implemented.

With regard to the wider control environment the Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust has in place a range of organisation controls, commensurate with the current assessment of risk, designed to ensure the efficient and effective discharge of its business in accordance with the law and departmental direction. Every effort is made to ensure that the objectives of the Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust are pursued in accordance with the recognised and accepted standards of public administration.

In the recruitment and selection of it's staff the Trust adheres to all relevant employment legislation. Its recruitment policy is based on existing codes of practice. Policies are kept under review in consultation with Trade Unions and the appointments process is audited on a regular basis and the outcomes reported to the Trust Board. All Trust staff who are involved in recruitment and selection are required to complete the recognised training course before being engaged in selection. Refresher training on a bi-annual basis is mandatory. Evidence of attendance at training courses is maintained on the recruitment file.

A workforce planning steering group involving all members of the Executive team meets quarterly to examine workforce issues. The agenda includes detailed reports on the

management of absenteeism, use of temporary and fixed term appointments and expenditure on overtime, on-call, agency and temporary staff.

In respect of the estate management, decisions are made in the context of an Estate Strategy Plan. This strategy demonstrates the programme of capital investment required taking into consideration assets realised as part of the Trust's overall estate rationalisation. The Trust is also developing a Strategic Development Plan which will assist it in delivering quality services into the future.

The Trust's commitment to fire safety is endorsed through the completion of the annual certificate of firecode compliance.

Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust is actively working to meet the statutory requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 and has identified a prioritised plan of action to address these issues.

In line with the Australian/New Zealand Risk Management Standard for Risk Management 4360:1999, the Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust has developed a risk management strategy which identifies the Trust's risk management objectives and the accountability and organisational arrangements in place. Training is available to all staff on accident/incident reporting, root cause analysis and a variety of health & safety workshops such as COSHH, manual handling, display screen equipment and general risk assessment. Embedded within this is the development of the Trust Risk Register, which has identified the organisation's objectives and risks and sets out a control stategy for each of the significant risks. A risk management committee is in place to monitor risk management issues on a Trust wide basis. Reporting procedures are in place for verifying that key risk areas are reviewed regularly and reported on and that risk management has been incorporated fully into the corporate planning and decision-making process of the organisation.

Using the DHSS&PS controls assurance standards for 2004/05, all 14 standards were audited by self assessment using the documentation and methodology from Internal Audit Beeches Management Centre. In addition internal audit externally verified the three core standards, the three issued for substantive compliance for 2004/05 and the ICT standard. Following this detailed review of evidence, action plans are being formulated where appropriate. These action plans will be monitored on a quarterly basis with both the Clinical and Corporate Governance Steering Group and Trust Board informed of progress.

Standard	DHSS&PS Expected Level of Compliance	Trust Level of Compliance	Audited by BMC
Decontamination of Reusable Medical Devices	70%-99% (substantive)	78% (substantive)	Yes
Environmental Management	30%-69% (moderate)	19.5% (minimal)	No
Risk Management (core standard)	70%-99% (substantive)	76% (substantive)	Yes

Following the audit, the trust achieved the following levels of compliance for 2004/05

Medicines Management	30%-69% (moderate)	84% (substantive)	No
Waste Management	30%-69% (moderate)	60% (moderate)	No
Medical Equipment and Devices Management	30%-69% (moderate)	54% (moderate)	No
Health & Safety	30%-69% (moderate)	85% (substantive)	No
Governance (core standard)	70%-99% (substantive)	86% (substantive)	Yes
Human Resources	30%-69% (moderate)	96% (substantive)	No
Information Management and Technology	30%-69% (moderate)	86% (substantive)	Yes
Infection Control	70%-99% (substantive)	70% (substantive)	Yes
Fire Safety	70%-99% (substantive)	88% (substantive)	Yes
Financial Management(core standard)	70%-99% (substantive)	86% (substantive)	Yes
Building, Land, Plant and Non-Medical Equipment	30%-69% (moderate)	71% (substantive)	No

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for the review of effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors and the executive managers within the Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust, who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board and Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement to the system is in place.

Chief Executive:	<u>Miss H Boyd</u>
Date:	<u>4th August 2005</u>

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the financial statements on pages 139 to 180 under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 13 to 18.

Respective responsibilities of the Board Members, Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 131, the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Board Members and Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the contents of the Annual Report. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion, the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I read the other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. I consider the implications for my certificate if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

I review whether the statement on pages 133 to 136 reflects the Trust's compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's guidance on the Statement on Internal Control. I report if it does not meet the requirements specified by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the Chief Executive's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant

to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Trust's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Green Park Healthcare Trust at 31 March 2005 and of the deficit, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and directions made thereunder by the Department of Health, Social Service and Public Safety; and
- in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on these financial statements

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU

Date: 26th August 2005

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	NOTE	2005 £000	2004 £000
Income from Activities continuing activities	2	62,699	54,670
Other Operating Income	3	3,477	4,112
		66,176	58,782
Operating Expenses continuing activities	4, 5	(63,133)	(56,031)
OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT) continuing activities		3,043	2,751
Profit/(loss) on disposal of Fixed Assets	7	(1)	(63)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE INTEREST		3,042	2,688
Interest Receivable		145	249
Interest Payable	8	(397)	(425)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		2,790	2,512
Public Dividend Capital Dividends Payable	15	(2,761)	(2,467)
OPERATIONAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE PROVISIONS	21	29	45
Provisions for Future Obligations	9.1	(231)	119
RETAINED SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(202)	164
BREAK EVEN POSITION	21	29	45

Notes 1 to 31 form part of these accounts

All Income and Expenditure is derived from continuing activities

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2005

FIXED ASSETSIntangible assets100Tangible assets10011 $103,959$ $86,6$ 103,95986,6CURRENT ASSETSStocks and work in progress121,1231,106Debtors: Amounts falling due	0
Intangible assets100Tangible assets11 $103,959$ $86,6$ 103,959 $86,6$ $103,959$ $86,6$ CURRENT ASSETSStocks and work in progress12 $1,123$ $1,106$ Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 $3,684$ $3,421$ Within one year13 $3,684$ $3,421$ After one year13 345 354 Short term investments14 444 856 Cash at bank and in hand 122 42 $5,718$ $5,7$,
Tangible assets11 $103,959$ $86,6$ CURRENT ASSETSStocks and work in progress12 $1,123$ $1,106$ Debtors: Amounts falling dueWithin one year13 $3,684$ $3,421$ After one year13 345 354 Short term investments14 444 856 Cash at bank and in hand 122 42 $5,718$ $5,7$	
103,95986,6CURRENT ASSETSStocks and work in progress12 $1,123$ $1,106$ Debtors: Amounts falling due13 $3,684$ $3,421$ Within one year13 345 354 After one year13 345 354 Short term investments14 444 856 Cash at bank and in hand12242 $5,718$ $5,7$	0
CURRENT ASSETSStocks and work in progress12 $1,123$ $1,106$ Debtors: Amounts falling due13 $3,684$ $3,421$ Within one year13 345 354 After one year13 345 354 Short term investments14 444 856 Cash at bank and in hand12242 $5,718$ $5,7$	56
Stocks and work in progress121,1231,106Debtors: Amounts falling due133,6843,421Within one year133,455354After one year13345354Short term investments14444856Cash at bank and in hand 122 42 $5,718$ $5,7$	56
Debtors: Amounts falling due13 $3,684$ $3,421$ Within one year13 345 354 After one year13 345 354 Short term investments14 444 856 Cash at bank and in hand 122 42 $5,718$ $5,7$	
Within one year13 $3,684$ $3,421$ After one year13 345 354 Short term investments14 444 856 Cash at bank and in hand12242 $5,718$ $5,7$	
After one year13345354Short term investments14444 856 Cash at bank and in hand12242 $5,718$ $5,7$	
Short term investments14444856Cash at bank and in hand122425,7185,7	
Cash at bank and in hand 122 42 $5,718$ $5,778$	
5,718 5,7	
	79
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	
within one year 15 (12,117) (8,33)	<u>59)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) (6,399) (2,53	30)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 97,56084,0	176
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due	
After more than one year 15 (4,170) (4,50))5)
Provisions for Liabilities and	
Charges 17 (1,305) (1,05	33)
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED92,08578,4	88
FINANCED BY:	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	
Public dividend capital 18 13,661 13,8	666
Revaluation reserve 19 65,063 55,5	
	362
Realised donation reserve 19 0	0
Other reserves 19 0	0
	215
<u>92,085</u> 78,4	88

Notes 1 to 31 form part of these accounts

I certify that the attached financial statements and annual report were approved by the Board of Directors on 4th August 2005

Chief Executive: Miss H Boyd Date: 4th August 2005

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	200	5	2004	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Surplus (Deficit) for the financial year		2,790		2,512
Provisions for future obligations	_	(231)	-	119
		2,559		2,631
Fixed Asset Impairment Losses		0		0
Non donated Fixed Assets				
Indexation of fixed assets	5,285		5,195	
Unrealised Surplus (deficit)				
on revaluation of fixed assets	4,480	_	317	
		9,765		5,512
Donated Assets				
Additions to donated assets	4,458		85	
Changes to donation reserve				
(except transfers to realised donation reserve)	(219)	_	57	
	_	4,239		142
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		16,563		8,285
Additions (reductions) in other reserves	-	(205)		(375)
TOTAL GAINS/(LOSSES) RECOGNISED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR	=	16,358		7,910
Prior year adjustment				64
			-	
Total gains/(losses) recognised from previous Annual Report			-	7,974

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	20 £000	005 £000	20 £000	04 £000
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities (Note 29.1)		8,688		5,141
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments	145 (397) 0	-	249 (425) 0	
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance		(252)		(176)
Capital Expenditure Payments to acquire fixed assets Receipts from sale of fixed assets	(5,761)	-	(4,620) 585	(170)
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Capital Expenditure		(5,761)		(4,035)
Dividends Paid		(2,467)		(4,154)
Management of Liquid Resources Purchase of current asset investments Sale of current asset investments	0 412	-	0 3,928	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Management of Liquid Resources		412		3,928
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) before Financing		620		704
Financing New money capital reserve New public dividend capital New long-term loans - Government New long-term loans - Others New short-term loans - Government New short-term loans - Others Repayment of loans - Government Repayment of public dividend capital Capital element of finance lease rental payments	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ (335)\\ (205)\\ 0 \end{array}$	-	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ (335)\\ (375)\\ 0 \end{array}$	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Financing		(540)		(710)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH (Notes 29.2 and 29.3)		80		(6)

The notes on pages 178 and 179 form part of this statement.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1 STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Authority

These accounts have been prepared in a form determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety in accordance with the requirements of Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 No 1265 (NI 14) as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

1.2 Accounting Convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the indexation and revaluation of tangible fixed assets.

1.3 Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the 2004/2005 HPSS Trust Manual of Accounts issued by the Department of Health and Social Services and Public Safety.

The accounting policies contained in that Manual follow UK generally accepted accounting practice (UK GAPP) to the extent that it is meaningful and appropriate to HPSS Trusts. The accounting policies, where possible, are selected in accordance with the principles set out in FRS18 "Accounting Policies" as the most appropriate for giving a true and fair view. The accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

The principal variations between UK GAAP and the accounting policies directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety are:

Paragraph 20 of the Financial Reporting Standard 3 "Reporting Financial Performance" requires certain items of expenditure to be separately disclosed in the income and expenditure account after operating surplus/(deficit). These expenditure items do not include the costs associated with the provision for liabilities and charges which are normally included within the calculation of the operating surplus/(deficit). However as the Department measures the operating performance of Trusts by reference to the operating surplus/(deficit) excluding the impact of certain provisions, the income and expenditure account is presented to disclose the operating surplus/(deficit) before provisions for future obligations.

Financial Reporting Standard 15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" requires impairment losses on revalued fixed assets to be recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying value of the asset falls below depreciated historic cost, at which stage any further impairments are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

However, where an impairment arises due to consumption of economic benefits FRS15 requires the loss to be recognised in the income and expenditure account in its entirety. In the context of their capital accounting HSS bodies take those impairment losses resulting from short term changes in price that are considered recoverable, in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.4 Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible fixed assets are capitalised when they are capable of being used in a Trust's activities for more than one year; they can be valued; and they have a cost of at least $\pounds 5,000$ (either individually or as a grouped asset).

Intangible fixed assets held for operational use are valued at historical cost and are depreciated over the estimated life of the asset on a straight line basis, except capitalised Research and Development which is revalued using an appropriate index figure. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Purchased computer software licences are capitalised as intangible fixed assets where expenditure of at least $\pounds 5,000$ is incurred (either individually or as a grouped asset). They are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and their useful economic lives.

1.5 Tangible Fixed Assets

Capitalisation

Tangible assets are capitalised if they are capable of being used for a period which exceeds one year and they:

- individually have a cost of at least £5,000; OR
- they satisfy the criteria of a grouped assets i.e. collectively have a cost of at least $\pounds 5,000$, are functionally interdependent, broadly simultaneous purchase dates, and anticipated to have simultaneous disposal dates, under single managerial control and have an individual cost of $\pounds 1,000$; OR
- form part of the initial equipping and setting-up cost of a new building, ward or unit irrespective of their individual or collective cost.

Valuation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the lower of replacement cost and recoverable amount. On initial recognition they are measured at cost (for leased assets, fair value) including any costs such as installation directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. They are restated to current value each year. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed

for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

All land and buildings are restated to current value using professional valuations in accordance with FRS 15 every five years and in the intervening years by the use of indices. The buildings index is based on the All in Tender Price Index published by the Building Cost Information Service (BCIS). The land index is based on the residential building land values reported in the Property Market Report published by the Valuation Office.

Professional valuations are carried out by the District Valuers of the Valuations and Land Agency. The valuations are carried out in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Appraisal and Valuation Manual insofar as these terms are consistent with the agreed requirements of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. In accordance with the requirements of the Department, asset valuations were undertaken in 2004/05 as at the valuation date of 31 March 2005.

The valuations are carried out primarily on the basis of Depreciated Replacement Cost for specialised operational property and Existing Use Value for non-specialised operational property. The value of land for existing use purposes is assessed at Existing Use Value. For non-operational properties including surplus land, the valuations are carried out at Open Market Value.

Additional alternative Open Market Value figures have only been supplied for operational assets scheduled for imminent closure and subsequent disposal.

All adjustments arising from indexation and five-yearly revaluations are taken to the Revaluation Reserve. All impairments resulting from price changes are charged to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses. Falls in value when newly constructed assets are brought into use are also charged there. These falls in value result from the adoption of ideal conditions as the basis for depreciated replacement cost valuations.

Assets in the course of construction are valued at current cost using the indexes as for land and buildings, as above. These assets include any existing land or buildings under the control of a contractor.

Residual interests in off-balance sheet Private Finance Initiative properties are included in tangible fixed assets as 'assets under construction and payments on account' where the PFI contract specifies the amount, or a nil value, at which the assets will be transferred to the Trust at the end of the contract. The residual interest is built up, on an actuarial basis, during the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge so that at the end of the contract the balance sheet value of the residual value plus the specified amount equal the expected fair value of the residual asset at the end of the contract. The estimated fair value of the asset on reversion is determined by the District Valuer based on Department of Health guidance. The District Valuer should provide an estimate of the anticipated fair value of the assets on the same basis as the District Valuer values the NHS Trusts estate.

Operational equipment other than IT equipment, which is considered to have nil inflation, is valued at net current replacement cost through annual uplift by the change in the value of the GDP deflator. Equipment surplus to requirements is valued at net recoverable amount.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairments

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land, and assets surplus to requirements.

Assets in the course of construction and residual interests in off-balance sheet PFI contract assets are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use or reverts to the Trust, respectively.

Buildings, installations and fittings are depreciated on their current value over the estimated remaining life of the asset as advised by the District Valuer. Leaseholds are depreciated over the primary lease term.

Equipment is depreciated on current cost evenly over the estimated life of the asset.

Impairment losses resulting from short-term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable in the longer term are taken in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.6 Donated Fixed Assets

Donated fixed assets are capitalised at their current value on receipt and this value is credited to the Donated Asset Reserve. Donated fixed assets are valued and depreciated as described above for purchased assets. Gains and losses on revaluations are also taken to the Donated Asset Reserve and, each year, an amount equal to the depreciation charge on the asset is released from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure account. Similarly, any impairment on donated assets charged to the Income and Expenditure Account is matched by a transfer from the Donated Asset Reserve. On sale of donated assets, the value of the sale proceeds is transferred from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure Reserve.

1.7 Research and development

Research and development expenditure is charged against income in the year in which it is incurred, except in so far as development expenditure relates to a clearly defined project and the benefits therefrom can reasonably be regarded as assured. Expenditure so deferred is limited to the value of future benefits and is amortised through the income and expenditure account on a systematic basis over the period expected to benefit from the project.

1.8 Private Finance Initiative (PFI) transactions

The HPSS follows HM Treasury's Technical Note 1 (Revised) "How to Account for PFI transactions" which provides definitive guidance for the application of the FRS 5 Amendment.

PFI schemes are schemes under which the PFI operator receives an annual payment from the Trust for the services provided by the PFI operator.

Where the balance of the risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the PFI operator, the PFI obligations are recorded as an operating expense. Where the Trust has contributed assets, a prepayment for their fair value is recognised and amortised over the life of the PFI contract by charge to the Income and Expenditure Account.

Where, at the end of the PFI contract, a property reverts to the Trust, the difference between the expected fair value of the residual on reversion and any agreed payment on reversion is built up over the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge each year, as a tangible fixed asset.

Where the balance of risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the Trust, it is recognised as a fixed asset along with the liability to pay for it which is accounted for as a finance lease. Contract payments are apportioned between an imputed finance lease charge and a service charge.

1.9 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is considered to be a reasonable approximation to current cost due to the high turnover of stocks. The only exception is that of pharmacy stock which is valued at average cost.

Work in progress comprises goods in intermediate stages of production. Partially completed contracts for patient services are not accounted for as work in progress.

1.10 **Provisions**

The Trust provides for legal or constructive obligations that are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the estimated risk-adjusted cash flows are adjusted using the Treasury's discount rate of 3.5% in real terms.

Provisions for clinical negligence are recognised only where it is more probable than not that a settlement will be required.

1.11 Clinical negligence central fund

A Clinical Negligence Central Fund was established in 1998 to manage the payment of clinical negligence settlements. HSS Trusts are reimbursed by the Central Fund for payments made. Reimbursements are accounted for as income.

The reimbursements from the Central Fund in respect of clinical negligence liabilities and provisions are included within debtors.

1.12 Pensions

The Trust participates in a HPSS Superannuation Scheme. Under this multi-employer defined scheme both the Trust and employees pay specified percentages of pay into the scheme and the liability to pay benefit falls to the DHSSPS. The Trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis. Further information regarding the HPSS Superannuation scheme can be found in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme Statement in the Department Resource Account for the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The costs of early retirement contributions are met by the Trust and are charged to the income and expenditure account at the time the Trust commits itself to the retirement.

1.13 Third Party Assets

Assets belonging to third parties (such as money held on behalf of Patients) are not recognised in the accounts since the Trust has no beneficial interest in them. Details of third party assets are given in note 31 to the accounts.

1.14 Leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised at the fair value of the asset with an equivalent liability categorised as appropriate under creditors due within or after one year. The asset is subject to indexation and revaluation and is depreciated on its current fair value over the shorter of the lease term and its useful economic life. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of interest on the outstanding balance. Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year in which they arise.

1.15 Losses

This note (Note 27) is a memorandum statement unlike most notes to the accounts which provide further detail of figures in the primary accounting statements. Most of the contents will be included in operating expenses.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

2. Income from Activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
NI Health and Social Services Boards	56,612	49,242
GB/Republic of Ireland Health Authorities	11	12
Local Health & Social Care Groups	23	0
HSS Trusts	4,752	4,379
Non-HPSS:		
- private patients	1,129	837
- other	172	200
Clients contributions	0	0
Total	62,699	54,670

3. Other Operating Income

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Patient transport services	0	0
Other income from non-patient services	869	1,100
HPSS Research & Development	124	111
Northern Ireland Medical & Dental Training Agency	626	606
Supplement for Undergraduate Medical & Dental Education	451	462
Charitable and other contributions to expenditure	361	409
Transfers from the donation reserve in		
respect of depreciation on donated assets	277	177
Income in respect of fixed asset impairments	205	375
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	37	112
Reversal of fixed asset impairments	0	0
Other Income	527	760
Total	3,477	4,112

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

4. **Operating Expenses**

4.1 Operating Expenses are as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Salaries & Wages (excl. Board members remuneration)	36,389	32,606
Executive Board members remuneration	504	431
Non-executive Board members remuneration	50	53
Supplies and services - clinical	13,192	10,347
Supplies and services - general	3,806	3,763
Establishment	736	765
Transport	140	129
Premises	3,418	3,183
Bad debts	40	(1)
Depreciation and amortisation	2,844	2,162
Fixed Asset Impairments	205	375
Purchase of care from non-HPSS bodies and		
grants to voluntary organisations	0	0
Personal social services	0	0
Recharges from other HPSS organisations	1,014	1,248
Clinical Negligence Payments:		
Provisions Utilised	37	112
Other	0	0
Audit fees	28	24
Other auditors remuneration	0	0
Miscellaneous	730	834
Total	63,133	56,031

4.2 Operating Leases

Operating expenses include the following amounts in respect of hire and operating lease rentals:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Hire of plant and machinery Other operating leases	0 <u>39</u>	0 60
	39	60

Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are:

	Land and buildings		Other l	eases
Operating leases which expire:	2005 £000	2004 £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within 1 year	0	0	16	36
Between 1 and 5 years	0	0	5	21
After 5 years	0	0	0	0

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ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5. Salaries & Wages

5.1 Staff Costs

	Directly Employed £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Salaries and Wages	29,820	2,484	32,304	28,908
Social security costs	2,024	304	2,328	2,089
Pensions costs for early retirements reflecting single lump sum to buy over full liability	0	0	0	0
Other pension costs	1,565	192	1,757	1,609
Early departure costs	0	0	0	0
Total	33,409	2,980	36,389	32,606

An amount of £56,096 has been charged to capital in the year

5.2 Average Number of Employees

	Directly Employed No	Other No	2005 No	2004 No
Medical and dental	62	26	88	85
Nursing and Midwifery	587	13	600	591
Professions Allied to medicine	161	2	163	156
Ancillaries	17	0	17	17
Administrative and clerical	246	14	260	253
Ambulance staff	0	0	0	0
Works	26	1	27	29
Other Professional and technical	63	2	65	57
Social Services	0	0	0	0
All other	0	0	0	0
	1,162	58	1,220	1,188

Figures refer to wholetime equivalents (WTEs) rather than individuals

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5 (Contd)

5.3 Senior Employees Remuneration

The salary, pension entitlements, and the value of any taxable benefits in kind of the most senior members of the Trust were as follows:

Name	Salary, including Performance Pay £'000	Benefits in Kind (rounded to nearest £100)	Real increase in pension and related lump sum at age 60 £'000	Total accrued pension at age 60 and related lump sum £'000	CETV at 31/03/04 £'000	CETV at 31/03/05 £'000	Real increase in CETV £'000
Non Executive Memb	ers						
Mr J Stewart	£20 - £25	£0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mr J Cooper	£5 - £10	£0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mr A Hanna	£5 - £10	£0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mr M Lewis	£5 - £10	£0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mrs J Power	£5 - £10	£0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mrs M Shevlin	£5 - £10	£0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Executive Members							
Miss H Boyd			consent to	o disclosure v	vithheld		
Mr C Bradley			consent to	o disclosure v	vithheld		
Mr C Cairns	consent to disclosure withheld						
Dr D Connolly	consent to disclosure withheld						
Miss T McKernan	n consent to disclosure withheld						
Miss P O'Callaghan	Aiss P O'Callaghan consent to disclosure withheld						
Mr B Sore consent to disclosure withheld							

As Non Executive members do not receive pensionable remuneration, there will be no entries in respect of pensions for Non Executive members. A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value, (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capital value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme, or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when a member leaves a scheme or chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which the disclosure applies.

The CETV figures, and from 2004-05 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefits in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the HPSS pension scheme. They also include any additional pension benefits accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated within the quidelines and framework prescribed by the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Real increase in CETV - This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It takes account of the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employees (including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5.4 Staff Benefits

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Nil	0	0
	0	0
	0	0

5.5 Trust Management Costs

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Trust Management Costs	3,265	3,000
Total Income	66,176	58,777
% of total income	4.9%	5.1%

The above information is based on the Audit Commission's definition "M2" Trust management costs, as detailed in HSS (THR) 2/99.

5.6 Retirements due to ill-health

During 2004/05 there were no early retirements from the Trust agreed on the grounds of ill-health. The estimated additional pension liabilities of these ill-health retirements will be $\pounds 0$.

6.1 Public Sector Payment Policy - Measure of Compliance

The Department requires that Trusts pay their non HPSS trade creditors in accordance with the CB1 Prompt Payment Code and Government Accounting Rules. The Trust's payment policy is consistent with the CBI prompt payment codes and Government Accounting rules and its measure of compliance is:

	2005		2004	4
	Number	£000	Number	£000
Total bills paid 2004/2005	28,672	29,613	29,040	24,415
Total bills paid within 30 day target	28,023	29,065	27,987	23,540
% of bills paid within 30 day target	97.7%	98.1%	96.4%	96.4%

6.2 The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998

The amounts included within Interest Payable (Note 8) arising from claims made by small businesses under this legislation are as follows :

	£000
Total	0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7. Profit (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Profit on disposal of land and buildings	0	62
Loss on disposal of land and buildings	0	(6)
Profit on disposal of plant and equipment	0	0
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	(1)	(119)
Total	1	(63)

8. Interest Payable

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Originating interest bearing debt	397	425
Further borrowing (government)	0	0
Further borrowing (other)	0	0
Finance leases	0	0
Other Interest	0	0
Total	397	425

An amount of £40,840 is included within Note 9.3 for the unwinding of discount on provisions.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9.1 **Provisions for Future Obligations**

9.2

	Note	2005 £000	2004 £000
Provisions in year:			
Clinical Negligence		16	(73)
Pensions		14	11
Employers Liability		232	(39)
Public (Occupiers) Liability		(15)	(6)
Injury Benefit		94	8
Accured Leave		1	(2)
Restructuring		0	0
Industrial Relations Cases		0	0
Arising during the year (net)	9.2	342	(101)
Unwinding of discount on provisions	9.3	41	36
Utilised in year	9.4	(161)	(227)
Other		0	0
Movement in year (subtotal)	17.1	222	(292)
Reimbursements receivable	9.5	9	173
Total increase/decrease (to Income and Expenditure Acccount)		231	(119)
Arising during the year			
		2005 £000	2004 £000

Arising during the year	17	525	199
Provisions not required (reversed unused)	17	(183)	(300)
Total provided in year	9.1	342	(101)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9.3 Unwinding of Discount on Provisions

	Note	2005 £000	2004 £000
Unwinding of discount on Provisions			
is analysed as follows:			
Clinical Negligence		12	12
Other	_	29	24
Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions	9.1 _	41	36

9.4 Utilised in year

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Clinical Negligence	(37)	(112)
Pensions	(29)	(28)
Employers Liability	(60)	(62)
Public (Occupiers) Liability	(9)	(7)
Injury Benefit	(25)	(15)
Accured Leave	(1)	(3)
Restructuring	0	0
Industrial Relations Cases	0	0
Total Utilised	9.1 (161)	(227)

9.5 Reimbursements Receivable

		2005 £000	2004 £000
Clinical Negligence Central Fund Other	-	9 0	173 0
Total Reimbursements Receivable	17	9	173

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

10. Intangible Fixed Assets

		Other			
	Software licences	licences and trademarks	Patents	Development Expenditure	Total
Cost or Valuation	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 April 2004	0	0	0	0	0
Indexation	0	0	0	0	0
Additions Purchased	0	0	0	0	0
Additions Donated	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0
Other Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation					
At 1 April 2004	0	0	0	0	
Indexation	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of Impairments	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0
At 51 March 2005	0	v	0	0	0
Net Book Value					
At 31 March 2005					
Purchased	0	0	0	0	0
Donated	0	0	0	0	0
Total At 31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2004					
Purchased	0	0	0	0	0
Donated	0	0	0	0	0
Total At 31 March 2004	0	0	0	0	0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11. Tangible Fixed Assets

11.1 Tangible fixed assets comprise the following elements:

Purchased Assets

r urchaseu Assets	Land £000	Buildings Installations and fittings £000	Computer Equipment £000	Other Equipment £000	Assets under Construction £000	Total £000
Cost or Valuation						
At 1 April 2004	39,580	46,428	1,053	4,770	,	93,175
Indexation	2,052	3,182	0			5,332
Additions	0	893	150	1,069	,	6,073
Reclassifications	0	0				0
Transfers	0	2,031	261	(247)		0
Revaluation	0	0	-			34
Impairments	0	(206)	0	(65)	0	(271)
Disposals	0	(297)	(197)	(173)	0	(667)
National Revaluation						
Exercise	7,113	(10,372)	0	0	0	(3,259)
At 31 March 2005	48,745	41,659	1,267	5,486	3,260	100,417
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	6,261	762	2,358	0	9,381
Indexation	0	0	0	47	0	47
Transfers	0	0	146	(146)	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	(17)	0	(49)	0	(66)
Disposals	0	(297)	(196)	(173)	0	(666)
Reversal of Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	1,954	105	508	0	2,567
National Revaluation						
Exercise	0	(7,704)	0	0	0	(7,704)
At 31 March 2005	0	197	817	2,545	0	3,559
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	48,745	41,462	450	2,941	3,260	96,858
At 31 March 2004	39,580	40,167	291	2,412	1,344	83,794

Of the total net book value at 31 March 2005 £0 related to buildings, installation and fittings calculated at open market value for alternative use.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

Note 11.1 (Contd)

Donated Assets

		Buildings			Assets	
		Installations	Computer	Other	under	
	Land	and fittings	Equipment I		Construction	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or Valuation						
At 1 April 2004	0	2,577	25	881	0	3,483
Indexation	0	184	• 0	17	0	201
Additions	0	4,334	2	122	0	4,458
Transfers	0	C) 121	(121)	0	0
Revaluation	0	0) 0	3	0	3
Disposals	0	C) 0	0	0	0
National Revaluation						
Exercise	0	(560)) 0	0	0	(560)
At 31 March 2005	0	6,535	5 148	902	0	7,585
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	243	6 14	364	0	621
Indexation	0	C) 0	6	0	6
Transfers	0	C) 105	(105)	0	0
Revaluation	0	0) 0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	C) 0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	C) 0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	177	4	96	0	277
National Revaluation						
Exercise	0	(420)) 0	0	0	(420)
At 31 March 2005	0	0	123	361	0	484
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	0	6,535	25	541	0	7,101
At 31 March 2004	0	2,334	11	517	0	2,862
210 01 murch 2007		2,337	11	517		2,002

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11.2 Total Tangible Fixed Assets:

	Purchased £000	Donated £000	Total £000	2004 £000
Net book value:				
Land	48,745	0	48,745	39,580
Buildings installations and fittings	41,462	6,535	47,997	42,501
Computer Equipment	450	25	475	302
Other Equipment	2,941	541	3,482	2,929
Assets under construction	3,260	0	3,260	1,344
Total =	96,858	7,101	103,959	86,656

11.3 The net book value of land and buildings comprises:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Freehold	0	0
Long leasehold	0	0
Short leasehold	0	0
	0	0

11.4 The net book value of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Land	0	0
Buildings, Installations and fittings	0	0
Equipment	0	0
Assets under construction	0	0
	0	0

The total amount of depreciation charged in the income and expenditure account in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is $\pounds 0$ (2004 $\pounds 0$).

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

12. Stocks and Work in Progress

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Raw Materials and consumables	1,123	1,106
Work in progress	0	0
Finished goods	0	0
Total	1,123	1,106

13. Debtors

200 £00		2004 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:	0	£000
HSS or NHS debtors	1,655	1,907
Clinical negligence - Central Fund	1,055	1,907
Other debtors	÷	-
	1,954	1,444
Pension Prepayments	0	0
in respect of former directors	0	0
in respect of other staff	0	0
Other prepayments and accrued income	69	70
Sub Total	3,684	3,421
The balances are net of a provision		
for bad debts of £78,925 (2004 £46,534)		
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	0	0
Clinical negligence - Central Fund	345	354
Other debtors	0	0
Pension Prepayments		
in respect of former directors	0	0
in respect of other staff	0	0
Other prepayments and accrued income	0	0
Sub Total	345	354
Total	4,029	3,775

14. Short-term Investments

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Government Securities	0	0
Other Approved Public Sector Organisations	0	0
Banking Deposits	444	856
Others (specify if in excess of £50,000)	0	0
Total	444	856

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

15. Creditors

	2005 £000	2004 £000
15.1 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year:		
Bank overdrafts	0	0
Current instalments due on loans	335	335
Interest payable	18	19
Public dividend capital dividend payable	2,761	2,467
Payments received on account	307	292
HPSS or NHS creditors and accruals	1,619	1,018
Non HPSS or NHS trade revenue creditors	3,555	2,332
Non HPSS or NHS trade capital creditors	992	680
Payroll creditors including taxation and social security	2,499	1,189
Net obligations under finance leases	0	0
Clinical Negligence	1	1
Pensions		
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	0	0
Other accruals	30	26
Other creditors	0	0
Sub Total	12,117	8,359
15.2 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one yea	r:	
Long Term Loans	4,170	4,505
Obligations under finance leases and hire		
purchase contracts	0	0
HPSS or NHS Creditors	0	0
Clinical Negligence	0	0
Pensions		
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	0	0
Other	0	0
Sub Total	4,170	4,505
Total Creditors	16,287	12,864

Pension creditors include $\pounds 0$ relating to payments due in future years under arrangements to buy out the liability for early retirements over 5 years.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

15.3 Finance lease obligations

The future minimum lease payments under finance leases to which the Trust was committed at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within one year Between one and five years After five years	0 0 0	0 0 0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	0	0
	0	0

This total net obligation under finance leases can be analysed as follows:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Creditors: amounts due within one year	0	0
Creditors: amounts due after more than one year	0	0
	0	0

15.4 Public Dividend Capital Dividends

	2005 £000	2004 £000
The dividend is in respect of Public Dividend Capital Dividend	2,761	2,467
	2,761	2,467

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

16. Loans

	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	Total 2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due:				
In one year or less	335	0	335	335
Between one and two years	335	0	335	335
Between two and five years	1,005	0	1,005	1,005
In five years or more	2,830	0	2,830	3,165
Total	4,505	0	4,505	4,840

	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	Total 2005 £000	2004 £000
Wholly repayable within five years Wholly repayable after five years, not by	0	0	0	0
instalments Wholly or partially repayable after five	0	0	0	0
years by instalments	4,505	0	4,505	4,840
Total	4,505	0	4,505	4,840
Total Repayable after five years by instalments	2,830	0	2,830	3,165
Loans wholly or partially repayable after five years:				
Terms of payment	Interest Rate %	2005 £000	2004 £000	
April 1 1993 - 25 Years	8.375	4,505	4,840	

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

17. Provisions for Liabilities and Charges

	Pensions relating to former directors £000	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical negligence £000	Restruct- uring £000	Other £000	Total £000	2004 £000
At 31 March 2004	0	580	354	0	149	1,083	1,375
Arising during the year	0	108	154	0	263	525	199
Utilised during the year	0	(54)	(37)	0	(70)	(161)	(227)
Reversed unused	0	0	(138)	0	(45)	(183)	(300)
Unwinding of discount	0	20	12	0	9	41	36
At 31 March 2005	0	654	345	0	306	1,305	1,083

Income & Expenditure Account Charges

	£000
Arising during the year	525
Utilised during the year	(161)
Reversed Unused	(183)
Unwinding of Discount	41
Total	222

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 17 (Cont'd)

Expected Timing of Cash Flow

	Pensions relating to former directors £000	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical negligence £000	Restruct- uring £000	Other £000	Total £000	2004 £000
Within 1 year	0	45	216	0	96	357	377
1 - 5 years	0	179	129	0	183	491	294
Over 5 years	0	430	0	0	27	457	412

For Pensions the amounts determined have been based on current annual pension rates payable over average life expectancy derived from annuity tables. For Clinical Negligence the amounts have been determined by assigning probabilities to expected settlement values. These are court cases and actual settlement values may differ from the expected outcomes. Other provisions include items such as Employers and Public Liability, and Accrued Leave. Employers and Public Liability amounts have been determined on the same basis as Clincal Negligence and are therefore subject to the same uncertainties. Accrued Leave is based on the current salary costs for applicable grades of staff and is payable on the cessation of employment.

Expected reimbursements from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund included in debtors are :-

	£000
Clininical Negligence Central Fund	345

The clinical negligence provision includes $\pounds 0$ for incidents against which claims have not, as yet been received. The related reimbursements, included in debtors, amount to $\pounds 0$.

In addition to the clinical negligence provision, contingent liabilities for clinical negligence are given in Note 25.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

18. Public Dividend Capital

Public dividend capital was issued as follows:	2005 £000	2004 £000
During the reporting year In prior years	(205)	(375) <u>14,241</u>
Total	13,661	13,866

19. Movements on Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve £000	Donation Reserve £000	Realised Donation Reserve £000	Other Reserves £000	Income and Expenditure Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	55,545	2,862	0	0	6,215	64,622
Retained surplus/ (deficit) for year	0	0	0	0	(202)	(202)
Revaluation and indexation of fixed assets	9,765	58	0	0	0	9,823
Transfer of realised profits/ (losses)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Movements in donation reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fixed Asset Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other reserve movements	(247)	4,181	0	0	247	4,181
At 31 March 2005	65,063	7,101	0	0	6,260	78,424

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

20. Reconciliation of Movement in Government Funds

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Surplus /(deficit) for the financial year	2,790	2,512
less provisions for future obligations	(231)	119
less public dividend capital dividends	(2,761)	(2,467)
	(202)	164
Gains (losses) from revaluation/indexation of		
Purchased fixed assets	9,765	5,512
Public dividend capital repayments	0	0
Public dividend capital issued	0	0
New Government loans issued	0	0
less Government loans repayments	(335)	(335)
Additions (reductions) in other reserves	(205)	(375)
Net Movement in Government funds	9,023	4,966
Government funds at 31 March 2004		
(after prior period adjustment)	80,466	75,500
Government funds at 31 March 2005	<u></u>	80,466

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21 Financial Performance Targets

21.1 Capital Cost Absorption Duty

The Trust is required to absorb the cost of capital at a rate of 3.5% of average relevant net assets. The rate is calculated as the percentage that interest payable on Government borrowing plus dividends payable on public dividend capital, totalling £3,158,000, bears to the average relevant net assets of £79,803,000, that is 4.0%.

The return for 2004/2005 is calculated at 4.0% (2003/2004 3.9%)

The variance is within the Department's materiality range of 3.0% to 4.0%.

The Capital Cost Absorption Rate is calculated as follows:

Capital Cost Absorption rate (%) = (TDR/Average relevant net assets) x 100

Trust Debt Remuneration is calculated as:	£000
Interest payable on Government borrowing	397
Plus	
Dividends payable on Public Dividend Capital	2,761
Trust Debt Remuneration	3,158

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 21.1 (Contd)

Average Relevant Net Assets is calculated as:

Average relevant net assets is the simple average of opening and closing relevant net assets, where each are calculated as follows:

	Opening £000	Closing £000	Average £000
Total capital and reserves *			
(equivalent to total net assets)	78,488	87,780	83,134
Less:			
Donation reserve *	(2,862)	(7,241)	(5,052)
Purchased assets in the			
course of construction	(1,344)	(3,260)	(2,302)
Short-term assets	(856)	(444)	(650)
Finance lease assets			
(during their primary lease term)	0	0	0
Plus:			
Loans and overdrafts	4,840	4,505	4,673
Finance lease creditors			
(capital only)	0	0	0
		01.240	50 002
Relevant net assets	78,266	81,340	79,803

* Capital and reserves excludes the impact of the national revaluation exercise

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21.2 Break Even Performance

The Trust is required to ensure that its income is sufficient to meet its expenditure taking one year with another. Over the last five years the Trust has achieved the following results:

		2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005
		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
i.	Turnover	49,267	51,202	55,711	58,782	66,176
ii.	Operational Surplus/(Deficit) for the financial year before Provsions and					
	Exceptional Income	(199)	115	16	45	29
iii.	Break Even in year position	(199)	115	16	45	29
iv.	Break Even cumulative position (opening)	(1,959)	292	407	423	468
v.	Other Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
vi.	Exceptional Income Year Ended 31 March 2001	2,450	0	_	_	_
		i				
V11.	Break Even Cumulative Position (closing)	292	407	423	468	497
	If a Break Even cumulative deficit - anticipated financial year of recovery					N/A
	If more than 2 years - agreed period					N/A
		%	%	%	%	%
	Materiality Test:					
	Break even in year position as % of turnover	-0.4%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
	Break even cumulative position as % of turnover	0.6%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%

The exceptional income received during the financial year 2000/2001 contributed to the cumulative surplus being marginally in excess of the materiality threshold of 0.5%.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21.3 External Financing Limit

	2005 £000	2004 £000
External Financing Limit		
set by the Department	4,930	6,631

The Trust stayed within its External Financing Limit by £5,138,000. The Trust's External Financing Requirement for the year was £-208,000 and was met as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Increase (decrease) in:		
Public dividend capital	(205)	(375)
Government long-term loans	(335)	(335)
Other long-term loans	0	0
Short-term loans	0	0
Overdrafts	0	0
Finance lease capital creditors	0	0
(Increase) decrease in:		
Short-term investments	412	3,928
Cash at bank and in hand	(80)	6
External Finance Assessed	(208)	3,224

21.4 Capital Resource Limit

The Trust is given a Capital Resource Limit which it is not permitted to overspend.

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Gross Capital Expenditure		
(charge against the CRL)	6,073	5,215
Capital Resource Limit	6,450	6,321
(Over)/Underspend against CRL	377	1,106

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

22. Private Finance Transactions

22.1 PFI Schemes deemed to be off balance sheet

Amounts included within operating expenses in respect of PFI transactions deemed to be off balance sheet	2005 £000	2004 £000
	0	0
The Trust is committed to make the following payments during the next	2005	2004
year	£000	£000
PFI scheme which expires within one year		
2 to 5 years (inclusive)	0	0
6 to 10 years (inclusive)	0	0
11 to 15 years (inclusive)	0	0
16 to 20 years (inclusive)	0	0
21 to 25 years (inclusive)	0	0
26 to 30 years (inclusive)	0	0
31 to 35 years (inclusive)	0	0
36 to 40 years (inclusive)	0	0
41 to 45 years (inclusive)	0	0
46 to 50 years (inclusive)	0	0
51 to 55 years (inclusive)	0	0

The estimated annual payments in future years are expected to be materially different from those which the Trust is committed to make during the next year. The likely financial effect of this is $+/- \pounds 0$.

		2005	2004
		£000	£000
Estimated capital value of the PFI scheme		0	0
Contract start date	N/A		
Contract end date	N/A		

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

22. Private Finance Transactions

22.2 Service element of PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet.

Amounts included within operating expenses in respect of the 'service' element of	2005 £000	2004 £000
PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet	0	0
The Trust is committed to make the following payments during the next year	2005 £000	2004 £000
PFI scheme which expires within one year		
2 to 5 years (inclusive)	0	0
6 to 10 years (inclusive)	0	0
11 to 15 years (inclusive)	0	0
16 to 20 years (inclusive)	0	0
21 to 25 years (inclusive)	0	0
26 to 30 years (inclusive)	0	0
31 to 35 years (inclusive)	0	0
36 to 40 years (inclusive)	0	0
41 to 45 years (inclusive)	0	0
46 to 50 years (inclusive)	0	0
51 to 55 years (inclusive)	0	0

The estimated annual payments in future years are expected to be materially different from those which the Trust is committed to make during the next year. The likely financial effect of this is $\pounds 0$ (2004 $\pounds 0$).

23. Capital Commitments

Capital commitments at the balance sheet date were:-

	Finance Leases £000	Other £000	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Contracted Authorised by the Board, but not contracted	0	7,316 1,063	7,316 1,063	1,750 380
Total	0	8,379	8,379	2,130

24. Post Balance Sheet Events

There are no post balance sheet events having a material affect on the accounts.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

25. Contingencies

Clinical Negligence

The Trust has contingent liabilities of £0 for clinical negligence incidents. The Trust's financial liability, if any, cannot be determined until the related claims are resolved. An estimate of the amount involved, inclusive of legal costs, is:

	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Total estimate of contingent clinical negligence liabilities Amount recoverable from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund	131 (131)	174 (174)
Net contigent liability	0	0

In addition to the above contingent liability, provisions for clinical negligence are given in Note 17.

Other clinical litigation claims could arise in the future due to incidents which have already occurred. The expenditure which may arise from such claims cannot be determined as yet.

Contingencies not relating to clinical negligence are as follows:

	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Public Liability	0	0
Employers' Liability	0	0
Accrued Leave	0	0
Injury Benefit	0	0
Other	0	0
Total	0	0

26. Related party transactions

During the year, none of the board members, members of the key management staff or other related parties has undertaken any material transaction with Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 27

Analysis of Losses and Special Payments

TYPE OF LOSS	NO. OF CASES	VALUE £
1 Cash Losses - Theft, fraud etc	0	0
2 Cash Losses - Overpayments of salaries, wages and allowances	0	0
³ Cash Losses - Other causes (including unvouched and incompletely vouched payments)	0	0
4 Nugatory and fruitless payments - Abandoned Capital Schemes	0	0
5 Other nugatory and fruitless payments	0	0
6 Bad debts and claims abandoned	52	10,865
7 Stores and Inventory Losses - Theft, fraud, arson (whether proved or suspected) etc		
i. Bedding and linen	0	0
ii. Other equipment and property	1	542
8 Stores and Inventory Losses - Incidents of the service (result of fire, flood, etc)	0	0
9 Stores and Inventory Losses - Deterioration in store	0	0
10 Stores and Inventory Losses - Stocktaking discrepancies	0	0
11 Stores and Inventory Losses - Other causes		
i. Bedding and linen	0	0
ii. Other equipment and property	3	31,100
12 Compensation payments (legal obligation)		
i. Clinical Negligence	6	36,884
ii. Public Liability	1	9,535
iii. Employers Liability	7	60,215
13 Ex-gratia payments - Compensation payments (including payments to patients and staff)	2	742
14 Ex-gratia payments - Other payments	0	0
15 Extra statutory payments	0	0
¹⁶ a. Losses sustained as a result of damage to buildings and fixtures arising from bomb explosions or civil commotion.	0	0
b. Damage to vehicles	0	0
TOTAL	72	149,883

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

28. Intra-government balances

	Creditors		Creditors Debtors	
	Amounts falling due within 1 year £000	Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000	Amounts falling due within 1 year £000	Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000
Other central government bodies	4,331	4,170	1,623	0
Northern Ireland Health & Social Services Boards	3	0	730	0
HSS Trusts	1,071	0	624	0
NHS Trusts	0	0	0	0
Agencies & Special Agencies	292	0	45	345
Non-Departmental Public Bodies	1	0	1	0
Local Authorities	0	0	5	0
Public corporations and trading funds	0	0	0	0
Total	5,698	4,170	3,028	345

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.1 Reconciliation of operating surplus (deficit) to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
	2.042	0.751
Operating surplus (deficit)	3,043	2,751
Depreciation charge	2,844	2,162
Provisions for future obligations (I&E Account)	(231)	119
Fixed Asset Impairments	205	375
Transfer from donation reserve	(277)	(177)
Non cash items	0	0
Increase / (decrease) in provisions (Balance Sheet)	222	(292)
(Increase) / decrease in stocks	(17)	113
(Increase) / decrease in debtors	(254)	(414)
Increase / (decrease) in creditors	3,153	504
Net cash inflow from operating activities	8,688	5,141

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

29.2 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2005		20	04
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period	80		(6)	
Cash inflow from new debt	0		0	
Cash outflow from debt repaid and financial lease capital payments	335		335	
Cash (inflow)/outflow from decrease/increase in liquid resources	(412)		(3,928)	
Change in net debt resulting from cash				
flows		3		(3,599)
Non-cash changes in debt		0		0
Net debt at 1 April 2004		(3,942)		(343)
Net debt at 31 March 2005		(3,939)		(3,942)

29.3 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 April 2004 £000	Cash Flows £000	Non-cash changes £000	At 31 March 2005 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	42	80	0	122
Bank overdrafts	0	0	0	0
Debt due within 1 year	(335)	335	(335)	(335)
Debt due after 1 year	(4,505)	0	335	(4,170)
Finance leases	0	0	0	0
Current asset investments	856	(412)	0	444
	(3,942)	3	0	(3,939)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30. Financial Instruments

FRS 13, Derivatives and Other Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks an entity faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the relationship with HSS Commissioners, and the manner in which they are funded, the Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk that would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS 13 mainly applies. The Green Park Healthcare HSS Trust has limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the Trust in undertaking its activities.

31. Third Party Assets

The Trust held $\pounds 5,036$ cash at bank and in hand at 31/03/05 which relates to monies held by the Trust on behalf of patients. This has been excluded from cash at bank and in hand figure reported in the accounts. A separate audited account of these monies is maintained by the Trust.

Account of Monies held on behalf of Patients/Residents

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the account on page 184 which the Trust is required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct.

Respective Responsibilities of the Board Members and Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 183 the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation and submission of the account as required by the Health and Personal Social Service (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and are properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs, and whether in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the account. It also includes an assessment of the judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the account.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the account is free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the account.

Opinion

In my opinion:

- the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents by the Green Park Health and Social Services Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and balances held at that date and have been properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct; and
- in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on this account.

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Date: 26th August 2005 Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

STATEMENT OF TRUSTS RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO PATIENTS / RESIDENTS MONIES

The Trust is required by Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit accounts in such form as the Department may direct.

The Trust is also required to maintain proper and distinct accounting records and is responsible for safeguarding the monies held on behalf of patients / residents and for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

2004	RECEIPTS	2005	
£		£	£
	Balance At 1 April 2004		
52,798	1. Investments (at cost)	53,738	
2,227	2. Cash at Bank	2,614	
0	3. Cash in Hand	0	56,352
7,226	Amounts Received in the Year		4,118
1,061	Interest Received		1,527
63,312			61,997
	PAYMENTS		
6,960	Amounts Paid to or on behalf of Patients/Residents		1,820
	Balance At 31 March 2005		-
53,738	1. Investments (at cost)	55,141	
2,614	2. Cash at Bank	5,036	
0	3. Cash in Hand	0	60,177
63,312	TOTAL		61,997

ACCOUNT OF MONIES HELD ON BEHALF OF PATIENTS/RESIDENTS

Schedule Of Investments Held At 31 March 2005

Cost Price		Nominal Value	Cost Price
£	Investment	£	£
50,870	Patients Property Account First Trust Deposit Account		52,249
544	Patients Property Account First Trust Deposit Account		548
2,324	Patients Property Account First Trust Deposit Account		2,344

I certify that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the financial records maintained by the Board.

Mr C BradleyDirector of Finance10th June 2005Date

I certify that the above account has been submitted to and duly approved by the Trust Board.

Miss H BoydChief Executive4th August 2005Date

MATER HOSPITAL HSS TRUST ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

FOREWORD

These accounts for the year ended 31 March 2005 have been prepared in accordance with Article 90 (2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland)Order 2003, in a form directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

STATEMENT OF MATER HOSPITAL HSS TRUST'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 2003). The Mater Hospital Trust is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in the the form and on the basis determined by the Department of Health and Social Services and Public Safety. The financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis and must provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs of The Mater Hospital Trust, of its income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the financial statements the Mater Hospital Trust is required to :

- observe the accounts direction issued by the Department of Health and Social Services and Public Safety including relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis.
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis.
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in operation.
- keep proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust.
- pursue and demonstrate value for money in the services the Trust provides and in its use of public assets and the resources it controls.

The Permanent Secretary of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety as Accounting Officer for health and personal social services resources in Northern Ireland has designated Mr. Sean Donaghy of The Mater Hospital Trust as the Accountable Officer for the Trust. His relevant responsibilities as Accountable Officer , including his responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which he is answerable and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Accountable Officer Memorandum, issued by the Department of Health , Social Services and Public Safety .The Accountable Officer is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

CERTIFICATE OF DIRECTOR OF FINANCE, CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 197 to 246) which I am required to prepare on behalf of The Mater Hospital Trust have been compiled from and are in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust and with the accounting standards and policies for HSS Trusts approved by the DHSSPS.

	Director of Finance
10 th June 2005	Date

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 197 to 246) as prepared in accordance with the above requirements have been submitted to and duly approved by the Board.

Anne McCollum 8th August 2005

Sean Donaghy 8th August 2005 Chairman Date

Chief Executive Date

STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2004/05

Scope of Responsibility

The Board of the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust is accountable for internal control. As Accountable Officer and Chief Executive of the Board of the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives of the organisation and for reviewing the effectiveness of the system.

Purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of organisational policies, aims and objectives and to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts and accords with Department of Finance and Personnel guidance.

The Board exercises strategic control over the operation of the organisation through a system of corporate governance which includes:

- A schedule of matters reserved for Board decisions;
- A Scheme of delegation, which delegates decision making authority within set parameters to the Chief Executive and other officers;
- Standing Orders and Standing Financial Instructions and the establishment of an Audit Committee.

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular financial information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:-

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the board;
- regular reviews by the board of periodic financial reports which indicate financial performance against the forecast;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performances;
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines.
- as appropriate, formal budget management disciplines

The Mater Hospital HPSS Trust has an internal audit function which operates to defined standards and whose work is informed by an analysis of risk to which the body is exposed and

annual audit plans are based on this analysis. In 2004/05 Internal Audit reviewed the following systems:

- Financial Ledgers
- Budgetary Control
- Bank & Cash
- Payments (including Payroll)
- Financial Management
- Private Patients
- Payroll Processing

In his annual report, the Internal Auditor reported that the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust's system of internal control was adequate and effective. However, weaknesses in control were identified in a small number of areas, in particular there are a number of priority one findings in relation to the Private Patients Income audit. Whilst the amount of income is not significant in the context of the overall income of the Trust, there is a risk of loss of income or of understatement of the income due to the Trust. The Trusts accepts the need to urgently address the issues raised in the report and to implement the recommendations in the 2005/06 year. All other identified control weaknesses have been or are being implemented.

With regard to the wider control environment the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust has in place a range of organisational controls, commensurate with current assessment of risk, designed to ensure the efficient and effective discharge of its business in accordance with the law and departmental direction. Every effort is made to ensure that the objectives of the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust are pursued in accordance with recognised and accepted standards of public administration.

For example, the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust's Human Resources policies, which include recruitment and selection, disciplinary procedures and family friendly policies, are based on the principle of equality of opportunity and controls are in place to ensure that all such decisions are taken in accordance with the relevant legislation (employment, diversity and human rights).

Capacity to handle risk

a. Leadership

The Trust has reviewed its controls assurance system taking into consideration AS/NZS 4360: 1999 Risk Management model and the Department's guidance on organisation wide governance. The Trust has re-structured its governance framework and committee structure. A Governance Committee that is a sub-committee of the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust Board has been established. The Governance Committee consists of Board Members, three of whom are Non Executive Directors and is chaired by a Non Executive Director. The Trust has designated Lead Directors who provide executive accountability in the following areas:-

Risk Management	-	Director of Corporate Development
Clinical & Social Care	-	Medical Director

Finance - Director of Finance & Information

The purpose of the Governance Committee to ensure the integration of clinical, organisational and financial governance mechanisms, provide strategic direction, monitor the effectiveness of internal systems of controls and report to the board on significant risk.

b. Training Framework

Staff are provided with multi-disciplinary training on risk management and governance issues and are equipped with the necessary skills and understanding to identify, assess and manage risk within their level of authority and competency. This is demonstrated through the range of training provided on adverse incident reporting, risk assessment and risk rating and the risk register process. The Trust has developed much of this training in-house delivered by the Risk Management Co-ordinator and the Clinical and Social Care Co-ordinator, and this has been supplemented by external training on Health & Safety for Healthcare Workers provided by Institute of Occupational Safety and Health and Root Cause Analysis training, for example.

The risk and control framework

The Trust has in place a revised Risk Management Strategy (2002-2005), which sets out the Trust's objectives, roles and responsibilities and how risk is to be identified, assessed and managed. The Risk Management Strategy also details 'acceptable risk' and a reporting structure to report on significant risk.

1. Risk Management Strategy

Within the Risk Management Strategy progress within action plans has been made as follows:

- Risk assessment training provided (health & safety, manual handling, control of substances hazardous to health)
- Revised Adverse Incident Reporting System and training implemented which includes a risk-rating matrix to capture clinical, non-clinical and organisational adverse incidents.
- Corporate risk register, process and pro forma has been implemented and as required a risk review of the corporate objectives has been completed and action plans have been developed. The corporate risk register is also populated with those areas of significant risk identified following a risk identification/risk assessment process.

A summary of the Corporate Risk Register is presented at all meetings of the Governance Committee and is subsequently included in Trust Board papers for members attention.

The Trust recognises that the development and integration of the risk register is an on-going process and will be further developed and embedded in the culture as clinical and social care risk and other risks are assessed.

The Risk Management Strategy is currently under review and the revised strategy will be consulted on and implemented in 2005/06.

2. Clinical and Social Care

Clinical and Social Care Facilitator appointed in November 2003 to support the lead clinician and staff in the implementation of the Trust's Governance Framework, particularly in relation to clinical and social care.

Clinical Leads have been appointed across medical, nursing and allied health professional groups to co-ordinate and strengthen leadership within clinical and social care governance.

A clinical and social care baseline assessment of capacity and capability within the Trust has been completed and an Action Plan developed.

Preliminary steps have been taken to promote awareness of 'Root Cause Analysis' techniques and formal plans to have in place multi-disciplinary teams (clinical & non-clinical) trained in root cause analysis will be further developed in 2005/06.

In 2004/05 the clinical and social care governance baseline assessment action plan continued to be implemented and the role of the clinical leads embedded within the directorates. Clinical and social care awareness training programme has been developed which includes, adverse incident training, risk management and root cause analysis and will be delivered throughout the year.

The Trust has organised a Clinical and Social Care Governance Conference which will be open to all staff, will focus on good practice and lessons learnt and is due to be held in May 2005.

3. DHSS - Controls Assurance Standards

• During the year substantive work took place to further embed the governance assurance framework and in particular to focus on guidance issued by the Department on the Controls Assurance Standards issued for compliance in 2004/05, ie:

Financial Management (core standard) Governance (core standard) Risk Management (core standard) Buildings, Land, Plant and Non-Medical Equipment Decontamination of Medical Devices Environmental Management Fire Safety Health and Safety Infection Control Information, Communication and Technology Human Resources Management Medical Devices & Equipment Management Medicines Management Waste Management

Internal Audit completed an audit review of the Trust's self-assessment of the six 'substantive' controls assurance standards and have confirmed that the Trust reached the expected level of compliance within Financial Management, Governance, Infection Control and Risk Management. The Trust did not achieve the expected substantive level of compliance in Decontamination of Reusable Medical Devices (score 66%) or in Fire Safety (score 45%). Both

these standards have now been placed on the Corporate Risk Register as items of 'significant risk' and action plans have been drawn up to achieve the expected compliance levels. However, it must be noted that in relation to the Decontamination of Reusable Medical Devices, full compliance with this standard will not be achievable. It is already known that within Northern Ireland, that there are region wide issues relating to the standard of accommodation and equipment that impact on decontamination which will need region wide investment to achieve substantive compliance across all the criterion within this standard.

In the coming year work within the fourteen standards named above will be consolidated to ensure that the self-assessment score is maintained and improved upon. Work is in progress to reach the expected levels of compliance in the further four standards issued in 2005/06 (Emergency Planning, Fleet and Transport Management, Records Management and Management of Purchasing and Supply).

The Department's guidance on the compliance levels to be achieved within each standard has been issued and evidence gathering has commenced.

Further training on risk management, risk assessment, adverse incidents and root cause analysis will be provided during 2005/06. Corporate and Departmental Risk Registers will also be further developed to ensure that as wide a spectrum of risk is identified and analysed and that the reporting of significant risk to the Trust Board is built upon.

Review of Effectiveness

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for the review of effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors and the executive managers within the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board and Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement to the system is in place.

SEAN DONAGHY Accountable Officer 8/8/05

Mater Infirmorum Hospital Health and Social Services Trust

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the financial statements on pages 197 to 246 under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 202 to 207.

Respective responsibilities of the Board Members, Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 188, the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Board Members and Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the contents of the Annual Report. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion, the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I read the other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. I consider the implications for my certificate if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

I review whether the statement on pages 190 to 194 reflects the Trust's compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's guidance on the Statement on Internal Control. I report if it does not meet the requirements specified by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the Chief Executive's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Trust's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion:

the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Mater Infirmorum Hospital Health and Social ServicesTrust at 31 March 2005 and of the surplus, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended and directions made thereunder by the Department of Health, Social Service and Public Safety; and

in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on these financial statements

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Date: 26th August 2005 Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	NOTE	2005 £000	2004 £000
Income from Activities	2	42,025	37,281
Other Operating Income	3	4,033	3,525
Operating Expenses	4,5	(45,597)	(40,182)
OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		461	624
Profit/(loss) on disposal of Fixed Assets	7	(12)	0
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE INTEREST		449	624
Interest Receivable		99	94
Interest Payable	8	(299)	(319)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		249	399
Public Dividend Capital Dividends Payable	15	(293)	(328)
OPERATIONAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE PROVISIONS		(44)	71
Provisions for Future Obligations	9.1	44	(78)
RETAINED SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		0	(7)
BREAK EVEN POSITION	21	(44)	71

The notes on pages 202 to 246 form part of these accounts

All Income and Expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2005

NOTE £000 £000 £000 FIXED ASSETS 10 0 0 Tangible assets 10 $41,892$ $35,955$ CURRENT ASSETS 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 Within one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand 132 179 179 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 132 1471 2,838 NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) 1,471 2,838 38,793 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (3,268) (3,510) Provisions for Liabilities and Charges 17 (4,307) (4,600) TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED 35,788 30,683 FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES 7,429 Revaluation reserve 19 10,426 6,334 Donation reserve 19 0 0 Realised donation reserve 19<			2005		200	2004	
Intangible assets 10 0 0 Tangible assets 11 $41,892$ $35,955$ CURRENT ASSETS 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 $1,891$ $4,560$ Within one year 13 $1,891$ $4,560$ After one year 13 $3,880$ 415 Short tern investments 14 $1,660$ $1,860$ Cash at bank and in hand		NOTE	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Tangible assets 11 41,892 35,955 CURRENT ASSETS 41,892 35,955 Stocks and work in progress 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 Within one year 13 1,891 4,560 After one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand 122 179 179 Cash at bank and in hand 122 179 179 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 1,471 2,838 14,471 2,838 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 1,471 2,838 38,793 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than 1 (4,307) (4,600) Provisions for Liabilities and Charges 17 (4,307) (4,600) TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED 35,788 30,683 FINANCED BY: 2 5,788 30,683 CAPITAL AND RESERVES 2 17,314 16,991 Public dividend capital 18 8,179 7,429	FIXED ASSETS						
41,892 35,955 CURRENT ASSETS Stocks and work in progress 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 After one year 13 1,891 4,560 After one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand	Intangible assets	10		0		0	
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks and work in progress 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 Within one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand 132 179 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 13 (6,373) (4,365) NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) 1,471 2,838 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 43,363 38,793 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than	Tangible assets	11	_	41,892	_	35,955	
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks and work in progress 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 Within one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand 132 179 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 13 (6,373) (4,365) NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) 1,471 2,838 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 43,363 38,793 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than							
Stocks and work in progress 12 281 189 Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 Within one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand				41,892		35,955	
Debtors: Amounts falling due 13 1,891 4,560 After one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand	CURRENT ASSETS						
Within one year 13 1,891 4,560 After one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand	Stocks and work in progress	12	281		189		
After one year 13 3,880 415 Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand 132 179 7,844 7,203 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due (6,373) (4,365) NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) 1,471 2,838 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 43,363 38,793 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than 0 (3,268) (3,510) Provisions for Liabilities and Charges 17 (4,307) (4,600) TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED 35,788 30,683 FINANCED BY: 18 8,179 7,429 Revaluation reserve 19 10,426 6,394 Donation reserve 19 0 0 Other reserves 19 0 0 Other reserves 19 0 0 0	Debtors: Amounts falling due						
Short term investments 14 1,660 1,860 Cash at bank and in hand 132 179 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 7,844 7,203 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due (4,365) (4,365) NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) 1,471 2,838 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 43,363 38,793 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than (3,268) (3,510) Provisions for Liabilities and Charges 17 (4,307) (4,600) TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED 35,788 30,683 FINANCED BY: 2 2,578 30,683 CAPITAL AND RESERVES 9 10,426 6,394 Public dividend capital 18 8,179 7,429 Revaluation reserve 19 10,426 6,394 Donation reserve 19 0 0 0 Other reserves 19 0 0 0 Itemport 19 0 0 0	Within one year	13	1,891		4,560		
Cash at bank and in hand 132 179 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 7,844 7,203 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 15 (6,373) (4,365) NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) 1,471 2,838 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 43,363 38,793 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (3,268) (3,510) Provisions for Liabilities and Charges 17 (4,307) (4,600) TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED 35,788 30,683 FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES 7,429 Public dividend capital 18 8,179 7,429 Revaluation reserve 19 10,426 6,394 Donation reserve 19 0 0 Other reserves 19 0 0 Income and expenditure reserve 19 (131) (131)	After one year	13	3,880		415		
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due 7,844 7,203 Within one year 15 $(6,373)$ $(4,365)$ NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) $1,471$ $2,838$ TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 43,363 $38,793$ Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 15 $(3,268)$ $(3,510)$ Provisions for Liabilities and Charges 17 $(4,307)$ $(4,600)$ TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED 35,788 30,683 FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES $7,429$ Public dividend capital 18 $8,179$ $7,429$ Revaluation reserve 19 $10,426$ $6,394$ Donation reserve 19 0 0 Other reserves 19 0 0 Income and expenditure reserve 19 (131) (131)	Short term investments	14	1,660		1,860		
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year15(6,373)(4,365)NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)1,4712,838TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES43,36338,793Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES910,4266,394Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1900One year1900One year1900CAPITAL AND RESERVES90Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1900Onation reserve1900Onation reserve1900Other reserves1900Other and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	Cash at bank and in hand	_	132		179		
within one year15(6,373)(4,365)NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)1,4712,838TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES43,36338,793Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES910,4266,394Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)				7,844		7,203	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)1,4712,838TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES43,36338,793Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES188,1797,429Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due						
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES43,36338,793Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES7,4297,429Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	within one year	15	_	(6,373)	_	(4,365)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES43,36338,793Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES7,4297,429Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)							
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES30,68330,683Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	1,471	_	2,838	
one year15(3,268)(3,510)Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES30,68330,683Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	IES		43,363		38,793	
Provisions for Liabilities and Charges17(4,307)(4,600)TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVES	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than						
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVESPublic dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)		15		(3,268)		(3,510)	
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED35,78830,683FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVESPublic dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)		17		(4.207)		(4 (00)	
FINANCED BY: CAPITAL AND RESERVESPublic dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	Provisions for Liabilities and Charges	17		(4,307)		(4,600)	
CAPITAL AND RESERVESPublic dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED		=	35,788	=	30,683	
Public dividend capital188,1797,429Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	FINANCED BY:						
Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Revaluation reserve1910,4266,394Donation reserve1917,31416,991Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	Public dividend capital	18		8,179		7,429	
Realised donation reserve1900Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)							
Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	Donation reserve	19		17,314		16,991	
Other reserves1900Income and expenditure reserve19(131)(131)	Realised donation reserve	19		· · · ·			
Income and expenditure reserve 19 (131) (131)	Other reserves	19		0		0	
	Income and expenditure reserve	19		(131)		(131)	
				35,788		30,683	

The notes on pages 202 to 246 form part of these accounts

Signed Anne McCollum	.(Chairman)	Date 8th August 2005
Signed Sean Donaghy	(Chief Executive)	Date 8th August 2005

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005		2004		
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Surplus (Deficit) for the financial year		249		400	
Provisions for future obligations		44	_	(78)	
		293		322	
Fixed asset impairment losses		0		0	
Non donated Fixed Assets					
Indexation of fixed assets	1,121		1,287		
Unrealised Surplus (deficit)					
on revaluation of fixed assets	2,911		0		
		4,032		1,287	
Donated Assets					
Additions to donated assets	21		74		
Changes to donation reserve					
(except transfers to realised donation reserve)	323	344	(4,563)	(4,489)	
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the ye	ar	4,669		(2,880)	
Prior Year Adjustment		0		(206)	
Additions to Capital Assets Reserve		0	-	0	
TOTAL GAINS/(LOSSES) RECOGNISED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR		4,669	=	(3,086)	

CASHFLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005	5	2004	ŀ
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net Cash Inflow from Operating				
Activities (Note 29.1)		2,621		2,599
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance				
Interest received	99		94	
Interest paid	(299)		(319)	
Interest element of finance lease rental payments	0		0	
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from returns		(
on Investments and Servicing of Finance		(200)		(225)
Capital Expenditure				
Payments to acquire intangible fixed assets	0		0	
Receipts from sales of intangible fixed assets	0		0	
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(2,848)		(2,534)	
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	0		0	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Capital Expenditure		(2,848)		(2,534)
Dividends Paid		(328)		(604)
Management of Liquid Resources				
Purchase of current asset investments	0		(811)	
Sale of current asset investments	200		0	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Management		• • • •		(044)
of Liquid Resources	—	200		(811)
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) before Financing		(555)		(1,575)
Financing				
New money capital reserve	0		0	
New public dividend capital	750		2,000	
New long-term loans - Government	0		0	
New long-term loans - Others	0		0	
New short-term loans - Government	0		0	
New short-term loans - Others	0		0	
Repayment of loans - Government	(242)		(242)	
Repayment of Public Dividend Capital	0		0	
Capital element of finance lease rental payments	0		0	
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Financing		508	_	1,758

2005		004
£000	£000	£000
(47)		183
	£000	£000 £000

The notes on pages 244 & 245 form part of this statement

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Authority

These accounts have been prepared in a form determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety in accordance with the requirements of Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 No 1265 (NI 14) as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

1.2 Accounting Convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the indexation and revaluation of tangible fixed assets.

1.3 Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the 2004/05 HPSS Trust Manual of Accounts issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The accounting policies contained in that Manual follow UK generally accepted accounting practice (UK GAAP) to the extent that it is meaningful and appropriate to HPSS Trusts. The accounting policies are selected in accordance with the principles set out in FRS 18 "Accounting Policies" as the most appropriate for giving a true and fair view. The accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

The principal variations between UK GAAP and the accounting policies directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety are:

Paragraph 20 of Financial Reporting Standard 3 "Reporting Financial Performance" requires certain items of expenditure to be separately disclosed in the income and expenditure account after operating surplus/(deficit). These expenditure items do not include the costs associated with provision for liabilities and charges which are normally included within the calculation of the operating surplus/(deficit). However, as the Department measures the operating performance of Trusts by reference to the operating surplus/(deficit) excluding the impact of certain provisions, the income and expenditure account is presented to disclose the operating surplus/(deficit) before provisions for future obligations.

Financial Reporting Standard 15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" requires impairment losses on revalued fixed assets to be recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying value of the asset falls below depreciated historic cost, at which stage any further impairments are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

However, where an impairment arises due to consumption of economic benefits FRS 15 requires the loss to be recognised in the income and expenditure account in its entirety.

In the context of their capital accounting HSS Trusts take those impairment losses resulting from short term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable, in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are capitalised when they are capable of being used in a Trust's activities for more than one year; they can be valued; and they have a cost of at least $\pounds 5,000$ (either individually or as a grouped asset).

Intangible fixed assets held for operational use are valued at historical cost and are depreciated over the estimated life of the asset on a straight line basis, except capitalised Research and Development which is revalued using an appropriate index figure. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Purchased computer software licences are capitalised as intangible fixed assets where expenditure of at least £5,000 is incurred (either individually or as a grouped asset). They are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and their useful economic lives.

1.5 Tangible Fixed Assets

Capitalisation

Tangible assets are capitalised if they are capable of being used for a period which exceeds one year and they:

- individually have a cost of at least £5,000; OR
- they satisfy the criteria of a grouped assets i.e. collectively have a cost of at least £5,000, are functionally interdependent, broadly simultaneous purchase dates, and anticipated to have simultaneous disposal dates, under single managerial control and have an individual cost of £1,000 ; OR
- form part of the initial equipping and setting-up cost of a new building, ward or unit irrespective of their individual or collective cost.

Valuation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the lower of replacement cost and recoverable amount. On initial recognition they are measured at cost (for leased assets, fair value) including any costs such as installation directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. They are restated to current value each year. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed

for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

All land and buildings are restated to current value using professional valuations in accordance with FRS 15 every five years and in the intervening years by the use of indices. The buildings index is based on the All in Tender Price Index published by the Building Cost Information Service (BCIS). The land index is based on the residential building land values reported in the Property Market Report published by the Valuation Office.

Professional valuations are carried out by the District Valuers of the Valuations and Land Agency. The valuations are carried out in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Appraisal and Valuation Manual insofar as these terms are consistent with the agreed requirements of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. In accordance with the requirements of the Department, asset valuations were undertaken in 2004/05 as at the valuation date of 31 March 2005.

The valuations are carried out primarily on the basis of Depreciated Replacement Cost for specialised operational property and Existing Use Value for non-specialised operational property. The value of land for existing use purposes is assessed at Existing Use Value. For non-operational properties including surplus land, the valuations are carried out at Open Market Value.

Additional alternative Open Market Value figures have only been supplied for operational assets scheduled for imminent closure and subsequent disposal.

All adjustments arising from indexation and five-yearly revaluations are taken to the Revaluation Reserve. All impairments resulting from price changes are charged to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses. Falls in value when newly constructed assets are brought into use are also charged there. These falls in value result from the adoption of ideal conditions as the basis for depreciated replacement cost valuations.

Assets in the course of construction are valued at current cost using the indexes as for land and buildings, as above. These assets include any existing land or buildings under the control of a contractor.

Residual interests in off-balance sheet Private Finance Initiative properties are included in tangible fixed assets as 'assets under construction and payments on account' where the PFI contract specifies the amount, or a nil value, at which the assets will be transferred to the Trust at the end of the contract. The residual interest is built up, on an actuarial basis, during the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge so that at the end of the contract the balance sheet value of the residual value plus the specified amount equal the expected fair value of the residual asset at the end of the contract. The estimated fair value of the asset on reversion is determined by the District Valuer based on Department of Health guidance. The District Valuer should provide an estimate of the anticipated fair value of the assets on the same basis as the District Valuer values the NHS Trusts estate.

Operational equipment other than IT equipment, which is considered to have nil inflation, is valued at net current replacement cost through annual uplift by the change in the value of the GDP deflator. Equipment surplus to requirements is valued at net recoverable amount.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairments

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land, and assets surplus to requirements.

Assets in the course of construction and residual interests in off-balance sheet PFI contract assets are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use or reverts to the Trust, respectively.

Buildings, installations and fittings are depreciated on their current value over the estimated remaining life of the asset as advised by the District Valuer. Leaseholds are depreciated over the primary lease term.

Equipment is depreciated on current cost evenly over the estimated life of the asset. Impairment losses resulting from short-term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable in the longer term are taken in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.6 Donated Fixed Assets

Donated fixed assets are capitalised at their current value on receipt and this value is credited to the Donated Asset Reserve. Donated fixed assets are valued and depreciated as described above for purchased assets. Gains and losses on revaluations are also taken to the Donated Asset Reserve and, each year, an amount equal to the depreciation charge on the asset is released from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure account. Similarly, any impairment on donated assets charged to the Income and Expenditure Account is matched by a transfer from the Donated Asset Reserve. On sale of donated assets, the value of the sale proceeds is transferred from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure account. Reserve.

1.7 Research and development

Research and development expenditure is charged against income in the year in which it is incurred, except in so far as development expenditure relates to a clearly defined project and the benefits therefrom can reasonably be regarded as assured. Expenditure so deferred is limited to the value of future benefits and is amortised through the income and expenditure account on a systematic basis over the period expected to benefit from the project.

1.8 Private Finance Initiative (PFI) transactions

The HPSS follows HM Treasury's Technical Note 1 (Revised) "How to Account for PFI transactions" which provides definitive guidance for the application of the FRS 5 Amendment.

PFI schemes are schemes under which the PFI operator receives an annual payment from the Trust for the services provided by the PFI operator.

Where the balance of the risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the PFI operator, the PFI obligations are recorded as an operating expense. Where the Trust has contributed assets, a prepayment for their fair value is recognised and amortised over the life of the PFI contract by charge to the Income and Expenditure Account. Where, at the end of the PFI contract, a property reverts to the Trust, the difference between the expected fair value of the residual on reversion and any agreed payment on reversion is built up over the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge each year, as a tangible fixed asset.

Where the balance of risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the Trust, it is recognised as a fixed asset along with the liability to pay for it which is accounted for as a finance lease. Contract payments are apportioned between an imputed finance lease charge and a service charge.

1.9 Stocks and work-in-progress

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is considered to be a reasonable approximation to current cost due to the high turnover of stocks. Work-in-progress comprises goods in intermediate stages of production. Partially completed contracts for patient services are not accounted for as work-in-progress.

1.10 Provisions

The Trust provides for legal or constructive obligations that are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the estimated risk-adjusted cash flows are adjusted using the Treasury's discount rate of 3.5% in real terms.

Provisions for clinical negligence are recognised only where it is more probable than not that a settlement will be required.

1.11 Clinical negligence central fund

A Clinical Negligence Central Fund was established in 1998 to manage the payment of clinical negligence settlements. HSS Trusts are reimbursed by the Central Fund for payments made. Reimbursements are accounted for as income.

The reimbursements from the Central Fund in respect of clinical negligence liabilities and provisions are included within debtors.

1.12 Pensions

The Trust participates in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme. Under this multi-employer defined benefit scheme both the Trust and employees pay specified percentages of pay into the scheme and the liability to pay benefit falls to the DHSSPS. The Trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis. Further information regarding the HPSS Superannuation Scheme can be found in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme Statement in the Departmental Resource Account for the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The costs of early retirements are met by the Trust and charged to the Income and Expenditure Account at the time the Trust commits itself to the retirement.

1.13 Third Party Assets

Assets belonging to third parties (such as money held on behalf of Patients) are not recognised in the accounts since the Trust has no beneficial interest in them. Details of third party assets are given in note 28 to the accounts.

1.14 Leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised at the fair value of the asset with an equivalent liability categorised as appropriate under creditors due within or after one year. The asset is subject to indexation and revaluation and is depreciated on its current fair value over the shorter of the lease term and its useful economic life. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of interest on the outstanding balance. Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year in which they arise.

1.15 Losses

This note (Note 27) is a memorandum statement unlike most notes to the accounts which provide further detail of figures in the primary accounting statements. Most of the contents will be included in operating expenses.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

2. Income from Activities

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
NI Health and Social Services Boards	38,539	33,737
GB/Republic of Ireland Health Authorities	0	0
General Practice Fundholders	0	0
HSS Trusts	3,116	3,254
Non-HPSS:		
- private patients	83	81
- other	287	208
Clients contributions	0	0

Total	42.025	37.280
10(4)	42,023	57,200

3. Other Operating Income

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Patient transport services	0	0
Other income from non-patient services	1,255	859
NICPMDE	1,105	922
SUMDE	963	948
Charitable and other contributions to expenditure	0	0
- Transfers from the donation reserve in respect of		
depreciation on donated assets	685	617
Income in respect of fixed asset impairments	25	0
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	0	179
Reversal of fixed asset impairments (specify)	0	0
Other income (specify where material)	0	0
Total	4,033	3,525

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

4. **Operating Expenses**

4.1 Operating Expenses are as follows:-

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Salaries and wages (excluding board members' remuneration)	33,132	28,689
Executive Board members remuneration	296	329
Non-executive Board members remuneration	48	45
Supplies and services - clinical	3,698	3,657
Supplies and services - general	488	387
Establishment	618	623
Transport	6	3
Premises	2,803	2,535
Bad debts	0	0
Depreciation and amortisation	2,017	1,538
Fixed asset impairments	26	0
Purchase of care from non-HPSS bodies and		
grants to voluntary organisations	0	0
Personal social services	0	0
Recharges from other HPSS organisations	1,598	1,535
Clinical Negligence Payments:		
- Provisions Utilised	61	179
- Other	127	0
Audit fees	45	40
Other auditors remuneration	0	0
Miscellaneous	634	622
Total	45,597	40,182

4.2 Operating Leases

Operating expenses include the following amounts in respect of hire and operating lease rentals:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Hire of plant and machinery	0	0
Other operating leases	6	6
	6	6

Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are:

	Land and buildings			Other le	ases
	2005	2004		2005	2004
	£000	£000		£000	£000
Operating leases which expire:					
Within 1 year	0		0	6	6
Between 1 and 5 years	0		0	0	6
After 5 years	0		0	0	0
	0		0	6	12

MATER HOSPITAL HSS TRUST ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5.1

5.1 Staff Costs

	Directly employed	Other	2005	2004
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Salaries and Wages	27,449	2,359	29,808	26,106
Social security costs	1,967	0	1,967	1,711
Pension Costs for early retirement reflecting				
the single lump sum to buy over the full liability	0	0	0	0
Other pension costs	1,357	0	1,357	1,246
Early departure costs	0	0	0	0
Total	30,773	2,359	33,132	29,063
Of the total f0 has been charged to capital				

Of the total, £0 has been charged to capital

5.2 Average Number of Employees

	Directly employed	Other	2005	2004
	No.	No.	No.	No.
Medical and dental	116	0	116	110
Nursing and Midwifery	444	0	444	430
Professions Allied to medicine	99	0	99	86
Ancillaries	141	0	141	130
Administrative and clerical	202	0	202	190
Ambulance staff	0	0	0	0
Works	16	0	16	16
Other Professional and technical	21	0	21	21
Social Services	0	0	0	0
Other	0	84	84	97
	1,039	84	1,123	1,080

Figures refer to wholetime equivalents (WTEs) rather than individuals

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5 (Cond)

5.3 Senior Employees' Remuneration

The salary, pension entitlements and the value of any taxable benefits in kind of the most senior members of the Trust were as follows:

Name	Salary, including Performance Pay £000	Benefits in Kind (rounded to nearest £100)	Real increase in pension and related lump sum at age 60 £000	Total accrued pension at age 60 and related lump sum £000	CETV at 31/03/04 £000	CETV at 31/03/05 £000	Real increase in CETV £000
Non-Executive Members							
Lady McCollum	18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mrs R.Dunlop	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mr C.Jenkins	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mr A Canavan	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mr B.McCaughey	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mr W.Odling- Smee	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Executive Members							
Mr S.Donaghy	76	0	6	70	201	229	12
Mr L.O'Neill	62			Consent to	o disclose	withheld	
Mrs M.Hinds	53			Consent to	o disclose	withheld	
Mrs J.Peden	51		Consent to disclose withheld				
Mrs B.McQuillan	31		Consent to disclose withheld				
Clinical Director	8			Consent to	o disclose	withheld	

As Non-Executive members do not receive pensionable remuneration, there will be no entries in respect of pensions for Non-Executive members.

A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capital value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme, or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which the disclosure applies. The CETV figures, and from 2004-05 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefits in anothe scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to

the HPSS pension scheme. They also include any additional pension benefit accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated within the guidelines prescribed by the institute and Faculty of Actuaries

Real Increase in CETV - This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It takes account of the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (Including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.

The salary and pension disclosure for the Medical Director relates only to that part of his role as an Executive Director and does not include any remuneration as a medical consultant.

Any performance related pay included above is an accrued amount as no decision has yet been made for 2004/05.

The actual amount will be based on the achievement of individual and corporate objectives and calculated as a percentage of basic salary.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5 (Contd)

5.4 Staff Benefits

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
No Staff Benefits were paid	0	0
	0	0
	0	0

5.5 Trust Management Costs

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Trust Management Costs	2,101	1,767
Total Income	46,059	40,806
% of total income	4.6%	4.3%

The above information is based on the Audit Commission's definition "M2" Trust management costs, as detailed in HSS (THR) 2/99.

5.6 Retirements due to ill-health

During 2004/05 there were no early retirements from the Trust agreed on the grounds of ill-health. The estimated additional pension liabilities of these ill-health retirements will be $\pounds 0$.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Related Party Transactions

6.1 Public Sector Payment Policy - Measure of Compliance

The Department requires that Trusts pay their non HPSS trade creditors in accordance with the CBI Prompt Payment Code and Government Accounting Rules. The Trust's payment policy is consistent with the CBI prompt payment codes and Government Accounting rules and its measure of compliance is:

		2005		
	Number	£000	Number	£000
Total bills paid	24,277	12,820	23,674	13,546
Total bills paid within 30 day target	22,683	11,745	22,467	12,905
% of bills paid within 30 day target	93.4%	91.6%	94.9%	95.3%

6.2 The Late Payment of Commercial Debts Regulations 2002

The amount included within Interest Payable (Note 8) arising from claims made by small businesses under this legislation are as follows :

Total

£000

0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7. Profit (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Profit on disposal of intangible assets	0	0
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	0	0
Profit on disposal of land and buildings	0	0
Loss on disposal of land and buildings	(7)	0
Profit on disposal of plant and equipment	0	0
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	(5)	0
Total	(12)	0

8. Interest Payable

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Originating interest bearing debt	299	319
Further borrowing (government)	0	0
Further borrowing (other)	0	0
Finance leases	0	0
Other interest (Specify)	0	0
Total	299	319

An amount of $\pounds 137,056$ is included within Note 9.3 for the unwinding of discount on provisions.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9.1 **Provisions for Future Obligations**

	2005	2004
Provisions in year:	£000	£000
Clinical Negligence	(320)	77
Pensions	(320)	0
Employers liability	46	106
Public (Occupiers) liability	(11)	100
Injury benefit	0	0
Accrued leave	0	0
Restructuring	0	0
Industrial Relations Cases	44	0
Other	<u>0</u>	0
Arising during the year (net) (9.2)	(241)	198
Unwinding of Discount on Provisions (9.3)	137	138
Utilised in year (9.4)	(188)	(229)
Other (Specify)	0	0
	0	0
	0	0
Movement in Year (subtotal) (note 17)	(292)	107
Reimbursements receivable (note 9.5)	248	(29)
Total Increase/decrease (to Income and		
Expenditure Account)	(44)	78
9.2 Arising During the Year		
	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Provided in year (note 17)	993	737

Provisions not required (reversed unused) (note 17)	(1,234)	(539)
Total Provided in year (9.1)	(241)	198

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9.3 Unwinding of Discount on Provisions

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Unwinding of discount on Provisions is analysed as follows:		
Clinical Negligence	133	131
Other	4	7
Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions (Note 9.1)	137	138

9.4 Utilised in year

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Clinical Negligence (Note 17)	(61)	(179)
Pensions relating to other staff (note 17)	0	(179)
Restructuring (note 17)	0	0
Other (note 17)	(127)	(50)
Total Utilised (Note 9.4)	(188)	(229)

9.5 Reimbursements Receivable

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Clinical Negligence Central Fund Other (Specify)	248 0	(29) 0
Total Reimbursements Receivable	248	(29)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

10 Intangible Fixed Assets

	Software licences	Other licences and trademarks	Patents	Development Expenditure	Total
Cost or Valuation	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 April 2004	0	0	0	0	0
Indexation	0	0	0	0	0
Additions -	0	0	0	0	0
Additions - donated	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0
Other Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
At 1 April 2005	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2004	0	0	0	0	0
Indexation	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2005	0		0	0 _	0
Net Book Value					
At 31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0
- Purchased					
- Donated				=	
Total at					
31 March 2005	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2004					
- Purchased	0	0	0	0	0
- Donated	0	0	0	0	0
Total at 31 2004					
March 2005	0	0	0	0 _	0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11. Tangible Fixed Assets

11.1 Tangible fixed assets comprise the following elements:

Purchased Assets

	Land	Buildings Installations and fittings		Other Equipment	Assets under Construction	Total
Cost or Valuation	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 April 2004	953	14,560	1,413	6,533	2,362	25,821
Indexation	49	1,147	(266)	139	0	1,069
Additions	0	142	114	1,521	1,175	2,952
Reclassifications	0	2,401	0	0	(2,401)	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	(36)	0	0	0	(36)
Disposals	0	(9)	(164)	(1,308)	0	(1,481)
National Revaluation Exercise	2,173	(1,294)	0	0	0	879
At 31 March 2005	3,175	16,911	1,097	6,885	1,136	29,204
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	1,488	1,084	4,286	0	6,858
Indexation	0	117	(260)	91	0	(52)
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	(4)	0	0	0	(4)
Disposals	0	0	(164)	(1,132)	0	(1,296)
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	610	93	628	0	1,331
National Revaluation Exercise	0	(2,211)	0	0	0	(2,211)
At 31 March 2005	0	0	753	3,873	0	4,626
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	3,175	16,911	344	3,012	1,136	24,578
At 31 March 2004	953	13,072	329	2,247	2,362	18,963

Of the total net book value at 31 march 2005, £0 related to buildings, installations and fittings valued at open market value for alternative use.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 11.1 (Contd)

Donated Assets

	Land	Buildings Installations and fittings		Other Equipment	Assets under Construction	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or Valuation						
At 1 April 2004	0	17,243	39	1,234	0	18,516
Indexation	0	1,366	0	26	0	1,392
Additions	0	21	0	0	0	21
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	(8)	0	(8)
National Revaluation Exercise	0	(1,727)	0	0	0	(1,727)
At 31 March 2005	0	16,903	39	1,252	0	18,194
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	851	9	666	0	1,526
Indexation	0	67	0	14	0	81
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	(8)	0	(8)
Reversal of Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	485	4	196	0	685
National Revaluation Exercise	0	(1,404)	0	0	0	(1,404)
At 31 March 2005	0	(1)	13	868	0	880
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	0	16,904	26	384	0	17,314
At 31 March 2004	0	16,392	30	568	0	16,990

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11.2 Total Tangible Fixed Assets:

	Purchased £000			2004 £000
Net book value:				
Land	3,175	0	3,175	953
Buildings installations and fittings	16,911	16,904	33,815	29,464
Computer Equipment	344	26	370	359
Other Equipment	3,012	384	3,396	2,815
Assets under construction	1,136	0	1,136	2,362
Total	24,578	17,314	41,892	35,953

11.3 The net book value of land and buildings comprises:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Freehold	0	0
Long leasehold	36,988	30,417
Short leasehold	0	0
	36,988	30,417

11.4 The net book value of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Land	0	0
Buildings, Installations and fittings	0	0
Equipment	0	0
Assets under construction	0	0
	0	0

The total amount of depreciation charged in the Income and Expenditure Account in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is $\pounds 0$ (2004 $\pounds 0$)

11.5 Classification of Fixed Assets

Included within purchased assets are equipment with a net book value £29,590 which were funded by donations but were treated as having been purchased from funds provided by the Department for the purposes of calculating the original capital debt on the formation of the Trust.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

12. Stocks and Work in Progress

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Raw Materials and consumables	281	189
Work in progress	0	0
Finished goods	0	0
Total	281	189

13. Debtors

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	1,056	264
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	152	3,865
Other debtors	618	432
Pension Prepayments		
in respect of former directors	0	0
in respect of other staff	0	0
Other prepayments and accrued income	65	0
Sub Total	1,891	4,561
The balances are net of a provision for bad debts of		
£50,217 (2003/04 £61,217)		
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	0	0
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	3,880	415
Other debtors	0	0
Pension Prepayments		
in respect of former directors	0	0
in respect of other staff	0	0
Other prepayments and accrued income	0	0
Sub Total	3,880	415
Total	5,771	4,976

14. Short-term Investments

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Government Securities	0	0
Other Approved Public Sector Organisations	0	0
Banking Deposits	1,660	1,860
Others (specify if in excess of £50,000)	132	179
Total	1,792	2,039

ACOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

15. Creditors

15.1 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Bank overdrafts	0	0
Current instalments due on loans	242	242
Interest payable	13	13
Public dividend capital dividend payable	293	328
PDC payable in respect of impairments	0	0
Payments received on account	2	23
HPSS or NHS creditors and accruals	2,393	1,761
Non HPSS or NHS trade revenue creditors	834	707
Non HPSS or NHS trade capital creditors	121	16
Payroll creditors including taxation and social security	2,475	1,275
Net obligations under finance leases	0	0
Clinical Negligence	0	0
Pensions		
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	0	0
Other accruals	0	0
Other creditors	0	0
Sub Total	6,373	4,365

15.2 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year:

Long Term Loans	3,268	3,510
Obligations under finance leases and hire		
purchase contracts	0	0
HPSS or NHS Creditors	0	0
Clinical Negligence	0	0
Pensions		
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	0	0
Other	0	0
Sub Total	3,268	3,510
Total Creditors	9,641	7,875

Pension creditors include ± 0 relating to payments due in future years under arrangements to buy out the liability for 0 early retirements over 5 years.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

15.3 Finance lease obligations

The future minimum lease payments under finance leases to which the Trust was committed at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within one year	0	0
Between one and five years	0	0
After five years	0	0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	0	0
	0	0

This total net obligation under finance leases can be analysed as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Creditors: amounts due within one year Creditors: amounts due after more than one year	0	0
	0	0

15.4 Public Dividend Capital Dividends

	2005 £000	2004 £000
The dividend is in respect of Public Dividend Capital	293	328
	293	328

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

16. Loans

	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due:				
In one year or less	242	0	242	242
Between one and two years	242	0	242	242
Between two and five years	726	0	726	726
In five years or more	2,300	0	2,300	2,542
Total	3,510	0	3,510	3,752

	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Wholly repayable within five years Wholly repayable after five years, not by	1,210	0	1,210	1,210
instalments Wholly or partially repayable after five	0	0	0	0
years by instalments	2,300	0	2,300	2,542
Total	3,510	0	3,510	3,752
Total Repayable after five years by instalments	2,300	0	2,300	2,542
Loans wholly or partially repayable after five years:				
Terms of payment	Interest			
	Rate %	2005 £000	2004 £000	
Originating Capital Debt.	8.125	6,052	6,052	

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

17. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Pensions relating to former directors £000	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical negligence £000	Restructuring £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Balance at 31 March 2004	0	0	4,280	0	319	4,599	4,493
Arising during the year	0	0	885	0	108	993	737
Utilised during the year	0	0	(61)	0	(127)	(188)	(229)
Reverse unusued	0	0	(1,205)	0	(29)	(1,234)	(539)
Unwinding of discount	0	0	133	0	4	137	138
At 31 March 2005	0	0	4,032	0	275	4,307	4,600

Income and Expenditure Account Charges

	£000
Arising during the year	993
Utilised during the year	(188)
Reversed unused	(1,234)
Unwinding of discounts	137
Total	(292)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 17 (Contd)

Expected Timing of Cash Flow

	Pensions relating to former directors £000	relating	Clinical Negligenc I e £000	Restructu ring £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within 1 year	0	() 152	0	275	427	4,106
1 - 5 years	0	(3,880	0	0	3,880	493
Over 5 years	0	() 0	0	0	0	0

Expected reimbursements from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund included in debtors are :-

	£000
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	4,031

The clinical negligence provision includes $\pounds 0$ for incidents against which claims have not, as yet been received. The related reimbursements, included in debtors, amount to $\pounds 0$.

In addition to the clinical negligence provision, contingent liabilities for clinical negligence are given in Note 25.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

18. Public Dividend Capital

Public dividend capital was issued as follows:	2005 £000	2004 £000
During the reporting year In prior years	750 7,429	2,000 5,429
Total	8,179	7,429

19. Movements on Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve £000	Donation Reserve £000	Realised Donation Reserve £000	Other Reserves £000	Income and Expenditure Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	6,394	16,991	0	0) (131)	23,254
Retained surplus (deficit) for year	0	0	0	() 0	0
Revaluation and indexation of fixed assets	4,032	987	0	C) 0	5,019
Transfer of realised profits (losses)	0	0	0	() 0	0
Movements in donation reserve	0	(664)	0	() 0	(664)
Fixed Asset Impairments	0	0	0	() 0	0
Other reserve movements (specify)	0	0	0	() 0	0
At 31 March 2005	10,426	17,314	0	0	(131)	27,609

Note

The Income & Expenditure Reserve at 1 April 2004 has been consolidated with the Other Reserves at 1 April 2004 and restated as £131,111. This has been done to bring the cumulative

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

(Note Contd)

I & E Reserves into line with the Trusts General Ledger which shows a single figure for 2004/05 of £131,062

The closing position at 31 March 2005 is in line with the Trusts General Ledger. The Balance Sheet for 2003/04 has been restated to reflect this alignment.

A further adjustment of $\pounds 1,007$ has been made to correct a previous year error in creditors which is not considered to be material.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

20. Reconciliation of Movement in Government Funds

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Surplus (deficit) for the financial year	249	399
less provisions for future obligations	44	(78)
less public dividend capital dividends	(293)	(328)
	0	(7)
Gains (losses) from revaluation/indexation of		
Purchased fixed assets	4,032	1,287
Public dividend capital repayments	0	0
Public dividend capital issued	750	2,000
New Government loans issued	0	0
Government loans repayments	(242)	(242)
Additions (reductions) in other reserves	0	0
Net Movement in Government funds	4,540	3,038
Government funds at 31 March 2004	18,322	15,284
Government funds at 31 March 2005	22,862	18,322

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21 Financial Performance Targets

21.1 Capital Cost Absorption Duty

The Trust is required to absorb the cost of capital at a rate of 3.5% of average relevant net assets. The rate is calculated as the percentage that interest payable on Government borrowing plus dividends payable on public dividend capital, totalling £592,205 bears to the average relevant net assets of £14,666,920 that is 4.0%.

The return for 2004/2005 is calculated as 4.0% (2003/2004 4.9%)

The Capital Cost Absorption Rate is calculated as follows:

Capital Cost Absorption rate (%) = (TDR/Average relevant net assets) x 100

Trust Debt Remuneration is calculated as:	2005 £000
Interest payable on Government borrowing Plus	299
Dividends payable on Public Dividend Capital	293
Trust Debt Remuneration =	592

Average Relevant Net Assets is calculated as:

Average relevant net assets is the simple average of opening and closing relevant net assets, where each are calculated as follows:

	Opening £000	Closing £000	Average £000
Total capital and reserves*			
(equivalent to total net assets)	30,683	33,022	31,853
Less:			
Donation reserve	(16,990)	(17,314)	(17,152)
Purchased assets in the course of construction	(2,362)	(1,136)	(1,749)
Short-term assets	(2,039)	(1,792)	(1,916)
Finance Lease assets (during their primary lease term)			
Plus:			
Loans and overdrafts	3,752	3,510	3,631
Finance Lease Creditors (capital only)			
Relevant Net Assets	13,044	16,290	14,667

*Capital and reserves excludes the impact of the national revaluation exercise.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21.2 Break Even Performance

The Trust is required to ensure that its income is sufficient to meet its expenditure taking one year with another. Over the last five years the Trust has achieved the following results:

		2000/01 £000	2001/02 £000	2002/03 £000	2003/04 £000	2004/05 £000
i.	Turnover	28,163	32,377	36,931	40,806	46,058
	Operational Surplus/(Deficit) for Financial Year before Provisions and Exceptional					
ii.	Income	12	9	2	71	(44)
iii.	Break Even in year position	12	9	2	71	(44)
iv.	Break Even cumulative position(opening)	99	111	120	122	193
v.	Other Adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
vi.	Exceptional Income Year ended 31 March 2001	0	0	0	0	0
vii	Break Even Cumulative . position(closing)	111	120	122	193	149
	If a Break Even cumulative deficit - anticipated financial year of recovery					0
	If more than 2 years- agree period					0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 21.2 (Contd)

	2000/01 %	2001/02 %	2002/2003 %	2003/2004 %	2004/2005 %
Materiality Test:					
Break Even in year position as % of turnover	0.04%	0.03%	0.01%	0.20%	(0.1)%
Break Even cumulative position as % of turnover	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%

This in year deficit is due to an unanticipated increase in payroll costs in March 2005. It is not a recurrent expenditure issue for the Trust.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21.3 External Financing Limit

	2005 £000	2004 £000
External Financing Limit set by the Department	3,944	3,833

The Trust stayed within its External Financing Limit by $\pounds 3,189,155$. The Trust's External Financing Requirement for the year was $\pounds 3,944,000$ and was met as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Increase (decrease) in:		
Public dividend capital	750	1,461
Government long-term loans	(242)	(242)
Other long-term loans	0	0
Short-term loans	0	0
Overdrafts	0	0
Finance lease capital creditors	0	0
(Increase) decrease in:		
Short-term investments	200	811
Cash at bank and in hand	47	183
External Finance Accessed	755	2,213

21.4 Capital Resource Limit

The Trust is given a Capital Resource Limit which it is not permitted to overspend.

	2005 £000
Gross Capital Expenditure (charge against the CRL)	2,952
Capital Resource Limit	5,240
(Over)/Underspend against CRL	2,288

The overspend was caused by (please specify)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

22. Private Finance Transactions

22.1 PFI Schemes deemed to be off balance sheet

		2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts included within operating expenses in respect of I deemed to be off balance sheet		0	0
The Trust is committed to make the following payments du	ring the next year	£000	£000
	0		
PFI scheme which expires within one year		0	0
2 to 5 years (inclusive)		0	0
6 to 10 years (inclusive)		0	0
11 to 15 years (inclusive)		0	0
16 to 20 years (inclusive)		0	0
21 to 25 years (inclusive)		0	0
26 to 30 years (inclusive)		0	0
31 to 35 years (inclusive) etc.	-	0	0
	-	0	0
		2005	2004
		£000	£000
Estimated capital value of the PFI schemes			
Carparks		0	0
ATICS Equipment Scheme		0	0
Bed Management Scheme		0	0
Equipment Leases		0	0
Laboratory Equipment Scheme		0	0
	_	0	0
Contract start date	dd/mm/yy		
Contract end date	dd/mm/yy		

Description of the scheme (including whether or not it has resulted in guarantees, commitment or other rights and obligations).

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

22.2 Service element of PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet.

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Amounts included within operating expenses in respect of the 'service' element of PFI schemes deemed to be on balance sheet	0	0
The Trust is committed to make the following payments during the next year		
	2005	2004
	£000	£000
PFI scheme which expires within one year		
2 to 5 years (inclusive)	0	0
6 to 10 years (inclusive)	0	0
11 to 15 years (inclusive)	0	0
16 to 20 years (inclusive)	0	0
21 to 25 years (inclusive)	0	0
26 to 30 years (inclusive)	0	0
31 to 35 years (inclusive)	0	0
	0	0

The estimated annual payments in future years are expected to be materially different from those which the Trust is committed to make during the next year. The likely financial effect of this is $+/- \pounds 0$ (2004 $+/- \pounds 0$).

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

23. Capital Commitments

Capital commitments at the balance sheet date were:-

	Finance		2005	2004
	Leases	Other	Total	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Contracted	0	1,772	1,772	1,981
Authorised by the Board, but not contracted	0	0	0	0
Total	0	1,772	1,772	1,981

24. Post Balance Sheet Events

There are no post balance sheet events having a material effect on the accounts

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

25. Contingent Liabilities

Clinical Negligence

The Trust has contingent liabilities of £74,647 for clinical negligence incidents. The Trust's financial liability, if any, cannot be determined until the related claims are resolved. An estimate of the amount involved, inclusive of legal costs, is:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Total estimate of contingent clinical negligence liabilities Amount recoverable from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund	75	391 391
Net Contingent Liability	0	0

In addition to the above contingent liability, provisions for clinical negligence are given in Note 17.

Other clinical litigation claims could arise in the future due to incidents which have already occurred. The expenditure which may arise from such claims cannot be determined as yet.*

[Contingencies not relating to clinical negligence are as follows:]

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Public Liability	14	0
Employers' Liability	0	0
Accrued Leave	0	0
Injury Benefit	0	0
Tribunals	40	0
Total	54	0

26. Related Party Transactions

The Trust carried out a number of transactions to the total value of £24,199 with Broadway Housing Association in respect of accommodation provided for staff. The Trust is represented on the board of this organisation by an executive and non executive. This interest is declared in the Annual Report of the Trust.

The Trust provides Medical cover for the NI Hospice and received £22,945 of income in 2004/05. Mr William Odling- Smee, a non executive director of the Trust, is Vice- President of the Hospice.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

27. Analysis of Losses and Special Payments

O. OF	VALUE
ASES	£
0	(
0	(
0	C
0	C
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
8	61,280
1	5,045
13	49,912
5	2,417
0	0
2	72,036
0	0
0	0
-	ů

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

28. Intra-Government balances

Name	Creditors		Creditors Debtors		
	Amounts Amounts falling falling due due after within 1 more than year 1 year		Amounts falling due after more than 1 year	Amounts falling due within 1 year	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Other central government bodies	643	3268	0	953	
Northern Ireland Health and Social Service Boards	0	0	0	361	
HSS Trusts	53	0	0	121	
NHS Trusts	0	0	0	0	
Agencies & Special Agencies	2058	0	3848	177	
Non-Departmental Public Bodies	0	0	0	0	
Local Authorities	0	0	0	0	
Public corporations and trading funds	0	0	0	0	
Total	2754	3268	3848	1612	

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.1 Reconciliation of operating surplus (deficit) to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Operating surplus (deficit)	461	624
Depreciation charge	2,017	1,538
Provisions for future obligations (I&E Account)	44	(78)
Fixed asset impairments	26	0
Transfer from donation reserve	(685)	(617)
Non-cash Items	0	0
Increase (decrease) in provisions (Balance Sheet)	(293)	107
(Increase) decrease in stocks	(92)	(29)
(Increase) decrease in debtors	(796)	23
Increase (decrease) in creditors	1,939	1,031
Net cash inflow from operating activities	2,621	2,599

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.2 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2005		200)4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period	(47)		183	
Cash inflow from new debt	0		0	
Cash outflow from debt repaid and finance lease capital payments	242		242	
Cash (inflow)/outflow from decrease/increase in liquid resources	(200)		811	
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		(5)		1,236
Non-cash changes in debt		0		0
Net Debt at 1 April 2004		(1,713)		(2,949)
Net Debt at 31 March 2005		(1,718)		(1,713)

29.3 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 April 2004 £000	Cash flows £000	Non-cash changes £000	At 31 March 2005 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	179	(47)	0	132
Bank overdrafts	0	0	0	0
Debt due within 1 year	(242)	242	(242)	(242)
Debt due after 1 year	(3,510)	0	242	(3,268)
Finance leases	0	0	0	0
Current asset investments	1,860	(200)	0	1,660
	(1,713)	(5)	0	(1,718)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30. Financial Instruments

FRS 13, Derivatives and Other Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks an entity faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the relationship with HSS Commissioners, and the manner in which they are funded, the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk that would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS 13 mainly applies. The Mater Hospital HPSS Trust has limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the Mater Hospital HPSS Trust in undertaking its activities.

31. Third party assets

The Trust held $\pounds 1640$ cash at bank and in hand at 31/3/05 which relates to monies held by the Trust on behalf of patients. This has been excluded from cash at bank and in hand figure reported in the accounts. A separate audited account of thee monies is maintained by the Trust.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTS RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO PATIENTS / RESIDENTS MONIES

The Trust is required by Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit accounts in such form as the Department may direct .

The Trust is also required to maintain proper and distinct accounting records and is responsible for safeguarding the monies held on behalf of patients / residents and for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Mater Infirmorum Hospital Health and Social Services Trust Account of Monies held on behalf of Patients/Residents

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the account on pages 250 and 251 which the Trust is required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct.

Respective Responsibilities of the Board Members and Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 247 the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation and submission of the account as required by the Health and Personal Social Service (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and are properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs, and whether in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the account. It also includes an assessment of the judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the account.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the account is free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the account.

Opinion

In my opinion:

the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents by the Mater Infirmorum Hospital Health and Social Services Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and balances held at that date and have been properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct; and in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on this account.

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT

Date: 26th August 2005

ACCOUNT OF MONIES HELD ON BEHALF OF PATIENTS/RESIDENTS

Previous Year	RECEIPTS		
£	At 1 April 2004	£	£
651	1. Investments (at cost) 2. Cash at Bank 3. Cash in Hand	768	768
16,014 117			3,442 57
16,782	TOTAL		4,267
	PAYMENTS		
16,014	Amounts Paid to or on behalf of Patients/Residents		2,627
	At 31 March 2005		
	1. Investments (at cost)		
768	2. Cash at Bank 1,640 3. Cash in Hand		1,640
16,782	TOTAL		4,267

Schedule of investments held at 31 March 2005

Cost Price		Nominal Value	Cost Price
£	Investment	£	£
	Money Market Deposit		

I certify that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the financial records maintained by the Board.

L.A. O'NeillDirector of Finance31 May 2005Date

I certify that the above account has been submitted to and duly approved by the Trust Board.

<u>S. Donaghy</u> Chief Executive 31 May 2005 Date

NORTH AND WEST BELFAST HSS TRUST ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2005

FOREWORD

These accounts for the year ended 31 March 2005 have been prepared in accordance with Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972, as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, in a form directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

STATEMENT OF NORTH AND WEST BELFAST HSS TRUST'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003), the North & West Belfast HSS Trust is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in the form and on the basis determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis and must provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the North & West Belfast HSS Trust, of its income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the financial statements the Trust is required to:

- observe the accounts direction issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety including relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis.
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis.
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in operation.
- keep proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust.
- pursue and demonstrate value for money in the services the Trust provides and in its use of public assets and the resources it controls.

The Permanent Secretary of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety as Accounting Officer for health and personal social services resources in Northern Ireland has designated Mr R G Black of North & West Belfast HSS Trust as the Accountable Officer for the Trust. His relevant responsibilities as Accountable Officer, including his responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which he is answerable and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Accountable Officer Memorandum, issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. The Accountable Officer is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

CERTIFICATES OF DIRECTOR OF FINANCE, CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts on pages 262 to 304 which I am required to prepare on behalf of the North and West Belfast Health and Social Services Trust have been compiled from and are in accordance with the accounts and financial records maintained by the Trust and with the accounting standards and policies for HSS Trusts approved by the DHSSPS.

P S Harvey	Director of Finance
24 August 2005	Date

I certify that the annual accounts set out in the financial statements and notes to the accounts (pages 262 to 304) as prepared in accordance with the above requirements have been submitted to and duly approved by the Board.

Chairman Date
Chief Executive Date

STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2004/05

Scope of Responsibility

The Board of North & West Belfast HSS Trust is accountable for internal control. As Accountable Officer and Chief Executive of the Board of North & West Belfast HSS Trust, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives of the organisation, and for reviewing the effectiveness of the system.

Purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of organisational policies, aims and objectives, and to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in North & West Belfast HSS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005, and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and accords with Department of Finance and Personnel guidance.

The Board exercises strategic control over the operation of the organisation through a system of corporate governance which includes:-

- a schedule of matters reserved for Board decisions;
- a scheme of delegation, which delegates decision making authority within set parameters to the Chief Executive and other officers;
- standing orders and standing financial instructions;
- the existence of an Audit Committee;
- the existence of a Governance Committee;
- a Remuneration Committee to oversee senior executives' remuneration;
- a Complaints Review Committee;

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular financial information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:-

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the board;
- regular reviews by the board of periodic annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against the forecast;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performances;

- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines;
- as appropriate, formal budget management disciplines

The North & West Belfast HSS Trust has an internal audit function which operates to defined standards and whose work is informed by an analysis of risk to which the body is exposed and annual audit plans are based on this analysis. In 2004-05 Internal Audit reviewed the following systems:-

- Payments to Creditors
- Charitable Funds
- Agency and Locum
- Bank and Cash
- Income
- Payroll
- Assessments
- Fortwilliam Childrens Home

In his annual report, the Internal Auditor reported that the North & West Belfast HSS Trust system of internal control was adequate and effective. Minor enhancements to the systems were recommended in a number of areas. Recommendations to address these control weaknesses have been or are being implemented.

With regard to the wider control environment the North & West Belfast HSS Trust has in place a range of organisational controls, commensurate with the current assessment of risk, designed to ensure the efficient and effective discharge of its business in accordance with the law and departmental direction. Every effort is made to ensure that the objectives of the North & West Belfast HSS Trust are pursued in accordance with the recognised and accepted standards of public administration.

The Trust's recruitment and selection policies are based on the principle of equality of opportunity and controls are in place to ensure that all such decisions are taken in accordance with the relevant legislation. The Trust is fully compliant with all legal requirements.

With regard to estate management, decisions are taken within the context of an estate control plan, which prioritises management action based on an assessment of risk. The Trust has agreed with the Fire Authority a priority action plan which will ensure compliance with the Fire Code on an agreed timetable. In addition the Trust has identified the major areas of risk within and is actively moving toward compliance with the Health and Safety at Work Order. These actions are now prioritised within the Trust's Capital Planning Process.

Capacity to Handle Risk

The Chief Executive, as accountable officer, is responsible for leading the Risk Management Agenda. The Director of Human Resources and Corporate Affairs has delegated responsibility for the development and implementation of robust risk management systems and processes. The Trust Governance Committee chaired by a Non-Executive Director

provides assurance to the Trust Board that the risk management systems and processes are working effectively.

Local Governance Groups covering all areas of Trust Business have been established to implement the risk management systems and processes to ensure learning from both good practice and when things go wrong.

The Trust has developed a Risk Management Education and Training programme to equip staff to deal with this agenda.

The Risk and Control Framework

The Trust has developed a Risk Management Strategy, which has identified the organisation's objectives and risks and sets out an acceptability of risk framework and control strategy for dealing with different levels of risk.

Procedures have been put in place for verifying that aspects of risk management and internal control are regularly reviewed and reported and that risk management has been incorporated fully into the corporate planning and decision making processes of the organisation.

Each of the Trust's directorates and key service areas continually conduct an assessment of the risks faced in meeting objectives and these are compiled in Directorate/Service Area Risk Registers. Moderate and high risks have been drawn together in the form of a Corporate Risk Register and Trust Board appraised of the top 12 Risk Themes.

The Trust assessed its compliance within the 14 Controls Assurance Standards issued by the DHSSPS and have obtained the required compliance levels in 13 of these. Compliance levels have not been reached for the Decontamination of Medical Devices Standard.

The Trust has been unable to meet this Standard due to a shortfall in regional capacity to decontaminate in a controlled environment. The Trust has in place an action plan which involves working with the DHSS&PS on the production of a regional business case to address the shortfall, with an implementation date of 2007/08.

In the interim, the Trust has put in place various arrangements. In treatment rooms, for example, all bench-top sterilisers have been withdrawn, and only single use instruments are used. This includes GP practices based in the Trust's facilities. In Family Planning Services similar arrangements have been implemented. In Dental Services, the Trust has purchased up to date bench-top sterilisers which draw a vacuum to deal with dental instruments which have lumens. In Podriatry, the Trust will continue to use suitable bench-top sterilisers for podiatry instruments until 2007, when the services of the local Central Sterile Services Department at the Royal Group of Hospitals will be utilised.

In 2005/06 the Trust will continue to work to mainstream risk management throughout the organisation by the following planned actions.

- Implement a Governance Communication Plan
- Further rollout of Risk Management Education and Training Programme
- Enhancing capacity at directorate and corporate levels to meet the requirements of the wider Governance Agenda

- Progress work on the further 4 Controls Assurance Standards
- Establish clear links between risk registers, business planning performance indicators and service improvement plans
- Implement a Governance reporting format for Local Governance Groups to provide assurance on Clinical and Social Care Governance / Risk Management Matters.

Review of Effectiveness

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for the review of effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors and the executive managers within the North & West Belfast HSS Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board and Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement to the system is in place.

R G Black Accountable Officer 24 August 2005 Date

NORTH AND WEST BELFAST HEALTH & SOCIAL SERVICES TRUST

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the financial statements on pages 262 to 304 under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 266 to 271.

Respective responsibilities of the Board Members, Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 254, the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Board Members and Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the contents of the Foreward. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 and Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion, the Foreword is not consistent with the financial statements, the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I review whether the statement on pages 256 to 259 reflects the Trust's compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's guidance on the Statement on Internal Control. I report if it does not meet the requirements specified by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the Chief Executive's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements.

It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Board members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Trust's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the North and West Belfast HSS Trust at 31 March 2005 and of the surplus, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 and directions made thereunder by the Department of Health, Social Service and Public Safety; and
- in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on these financial statements

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Date: 1 September 2005

Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	NOTE	2005 £000	2004 £000
Income from Activities	2	144,357	134,398
Other Operating Income	3	2,969	4,663
Operating Expenses	4,5	(145,563)	(137,276)
OPERATING SURPLUS		1,763	1,785
(Loss) Profit on disposal of Fixed Assets	7	(45)	2
SURPLUS BEFORE INTEREST		1,718	1,787
Interest Receivable		234	197
Interest Payable	8	(595)	(634)
SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,357	1,350
Public Dividend Capital Dividends Payable	15	(1,312)	(1,343)
OPERATIONAL SURPLUS BEFORE PROVISIONS		45	7
Provisions for Future Obligations	9.1	(137)	141
RETAINED (DEFICIT) SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(92)	148
BREAK EVEN POSITION	21	45	7

The notes on pages 266 to 304 form part of these accounts.

All Income and Expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2005

		200	5	200	4
	NOTE	£000	£000	£000	£000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	11	_	65,524	_	54,099
			(5.504		54.000
CURRENT ASSETS			65,524		54,099
Stocks and work in progress	12	241		244	
Debtors: Amounts falling due	12	241		244	
Within one year	13	6,835		7,369	
After one year	13	143		157	
Short term investments	13	3,000		2,090	
Cash at bank and in hand	14			2,090	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	19	10,238	93	9,955
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due			10,238		9,955
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	15		(18, 500)		(16.002)
within one year	13	_	(18,599)	-	(16,093)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)		_	(8,361)	_	(6,138)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	IFC		57 1 ()		47.0(1
IOTAL ASSETS LESS CORRENT LIABILIT	IES		57,163		47,961
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than					
one year	15		(6,536)		(7,035)
	10		(0,000)		(1,000)
Provisions for Liabilities and Charges	17		(2,194)		(1,977)
			<u>.</u>	_	. <u>.</u>
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED		=	48,433	=	38,949
FINANCED BY:					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Public dividend capital	18		12,834		12,452
Revaluation reserve	19		33,345		24,363
Donation reserve	19		1,842		1,681
Realised donation reserve	19		0		1,001
Other reserves	19		0		0
Income and expenditure reserve	19		412		453
	.,		112	_	100
		=	48,433	=	38,949

The notes on pages 266 to 304 form part of these accounts

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005		200	2004	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Surplus for the financial year		1,357		1,350	
Provisions for future obligations	-	(137)	-	141	
Fixed asset impairment losses		1,220 0		1,491 0	
Non donated Fixed Assets					
Indexation of fixed assets Unrealised Surplus (deficit)	3,616		4,076		
on revaluation of fixed assets	5,417	-	0		
		9,033		4,076	
Donated Assets					
Additions to donated assets	320		160		
Changes to donation reserve					
(except transfers to realised donation reserve)	(159)	161	15	175	
Total recognised gains relating to the year		10,414		5,742	
Additions to Capital Assets Reserve		0		0	
I			-		
TOTAL GAINS RECOGNISED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR	-	10,414	=	5,742	
Total recognised gains for the year (as above)				5,742	
Prior year adjustment			-	(170)	
TOTAL GAINS RECOGNISED SINCE LAST ANNUAL REPORT				5,572	
LAST ANYUAL REFORT			=	5,572	

CASHFLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	2005	5	2004	l .
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net Cash Inflow from Operating				
Activities (Note 29.1)		7,631		5,095
Deturns on Investments and Servicing of Finance				
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance Interest received	234		197	
Interest received	(597)		(636)	
increst paid	(397)	_	(030)	
Net Cash (Outflow) from returns				
on Investments and Servicing of Finance		(363)		(439)
Capital Expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(3,552)		(2,594)	
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	44	_	2	
Net Cash (Outflow) from Capital Expenditure		(3,508)		(2,592)
Dividends Paid	_	(1,343)	_	(2,326)
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) before Financing		2,417		(262)
Financing				
New public dividend capital	1,500		1,500	
Repayment of loans - Government	(481)		(481)	
Repayment of Public Dividend Capital	(2,925)	_	0	
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from Financing	_	(1,906)		1,019
Increase in Cash				
(Notes 29.2 and 3)	=	511	_	757

The notes on pages 302 to 303 form part of this statement.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Authority

These accounts have been prepared in a form determined by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety in accordance with the requirements of Article 90(2)(a) of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 No 1265 (NI 14) as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

1.2 Accounting Convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the indexation and revaluation of tangible fixed assets.

1.3 Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the 2004/05 Trust Manual of Accounts issued by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The accounting policies contained in that Manual follow UK generally accepted accounting practice (UK GAAP) to the extent that it is meaningful and appropriate to HPSS Trusts. The accounting policies are selected in accordance with the principles set out in FRS 18 "Accounting Policies" as the most appropriate for giving a true and fair view. The accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

The principal variations between UK GAAP and the accounting policies directed by the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety are:

Paragraph 20 of Financial Reporting Standard 3 "Reporting Financial Performance" requires certain items of expenditure to be separately disclosed in the income and expenditure account after operating surplus/(deficit). These expenditure items do not include the costs associated with provision for liabilities and charges which are normally included within the calculation of the operating surplus/(deficit). However, as the Department measures the operating performance of Trusts by reference to the operating surplus/(deficit) excluding the impact of certain provisions, the income and expenditure account is presented to disclose the operating surplus/(deficit) before provisions for future obligations.

Financial Reporting Standard 15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" requires impairment losses on revalued fixed assets to be recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying value of the asset falls below depreciated historic cost, at which stage any further impairments are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

However, where an impairment arises due to consumption of economic benefits FRS 15 requires the loss to be recognised in the income and expenditure account in its entirety. In the context of their capital accounting HSS Trusts take those impairment losses resulting from short term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable, in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assts are capitalised when they are capable of being used in a Trust's activities for more than one year, they can be valued; and they have a cost of at least \pounds 5,000 (either individually or as a grouped asset).

Intangible fixed assets held for operational use are valued at historical cost and are depreciated over the estimated life of the asset on a straight line basis, except capitalised Research and Development which is revalued using an appropriate index figure. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Purchased computer software licences are capitalised as intangible fixed assets where expenditure of at least $\pm 5,000$ is incurred (either individually or as a grouped asset). They are amortised over the shorter of the term of the licence and their useful economic lives.

1.5 Tangible Fixed Assets

Capitalisation

Tangible assets are capitalised if they are capable of being used for a period which exceeds one year and they;

- individually have a cost of a least £5,000; OR
- they satisfy the criteria of a grouped assets ie collectively have a cost of at least £5,000, are functionally interdependent, broadly simultaneous purchase dates, and anticipated to have simultaneous disposal dates, under single managerial control and have an individual cost of £1,000; OR
- form part of the initial equipping and setting-up cost of a new building, ward or unit irrespective of their individual or collective cost.

Valuation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the lower of replacement cost and recoverable amount. On initial recognition they are measured at cost (for leased assets, fair value) including any costs such as installation directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. They are restated to current value each year. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

All land and buildings are restated to current value using professional valuations in accordance with FRS 15 every five years and in the intervening years by the use of indices. The buildings index is based on the All in Tender Price Index published by the Building Cost Information Service (BCIS).

The land index is based on the residential building land values reported in the Property Market Report published by the Valuation Office.

Professional valuations are carried out by the District Valuers of the Valuations and Land Agency. The valuations are carried out in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Appraisal and Valuation Manual in so far as these terms are consistent with the agreed requirements of the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety. In accordance with the requirements of the Department, asset valuations were undertaken in 2004/05 as at the Valuation date of 31 March 2005.

The valuations are carried out primarily on the basis of Depreciated Replacement Cost for specialised operational property and Existing Use Value for non-specialised operational property. The value of land for existing use purposes is assessed at Existing Use Value. For non-operational properties including surplus land, the valuations are carried out at Open Market Value.

Additional alternative Open Market Value figures have only been supplied for operational assets scheduled for imminent closure and subsequent disposal.

All adjustments arising from indexation and five-yearly revaluations are taken to the Revaluation Reserve. All impairments resulting from price changes are charged to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses. Falls in value when newly constructed assets are brought into use are also charged there. These falls in value result from the adoption of ideal conditions as the basis for depreciated replacement cost valuations.

Assets in the course of construction are valued at current cost using the indexes as for land and buildings, as above. These assets include any existing land or buildings under the control of a contractor.

Residual interests in off-balance sheet Private Finance Initiative properties are included in tangible fixed assets as "assets under construction and payments on account" where the PFI contract specifies the amount, or a nil value, at which the assets will be transferred to the Trust at the end of the contract. The residual interest is built up, on an actuarial basis, during the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge so that at the end of the contract the balance sheet value of the residual value plus the specified amount equal the expected fair value of the residual asset at the end of the contract. The estimated fair value of the asset on reversion is determined by the District Valuer based on Department of Health guidance. The District Valuer should provide an estimate of the anticipated fair value of the assets on the same basis as the District Valuer values the NHS Trusts estate.

Operational equipment other than IT equipment, which is considered to have nil inflation, is valued at net current replacement cost through annual uplift by the change in the value of the GDP deflator. Equipment surplus to requirements is valued at net recoverable amount.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairments

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write them down to estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land, and assets surplus to requirements.

Assets in the course of construction and residual interests in off-balances sheet PFI contract assets are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use or reverts to the Trust, respectively.

Buildings, installations and fittings are depreciated on their current value over the estimated remaining life of the asset as advised by the District Valuer. Leaseholds are depreciated over the primary lease term.

Equipment is depreciated on current cost evenly over the estimated life of the asset.

Impairment losses resulting from short-term changes in price that are considered to be recoverable in the longer term are taken in full to the revaluation reserve. These include impairments resulting from the revaluation of fixed assets from their cost to their value in existing use when they become operational. This may lead to a negative revaluation reserve in certain instances.

1.6 Donated Fixed Assets

Donated fixed assets are capitalised at their current value on receipt and this value is credited to the Donated Asset Reserve. Donated fixed assets are valued and depreciated as described above for purchased assets. Gains and losses on revaluations are also taken to the Donated Asset Reserve and, each year, an amount equal to the depreciation charge on the asset is released from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure account. Similarly, any impairment on donated assets charged to the Income and Expenditure Account is matched by a transfer from the Donated Asset Reserve. On sale of donated assets, the value of the sale proceeds is transferred from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Income and Expenditure Reserve.

1.7. Research and development

Research and development expenditure is charged against income in the year in which it is incurred, except in so far as development expenditure related to a clearly defined project and the benefits therefrom can reasonably be regarded as assured. Expenditure so deferred is limited to the value of future benefits and is amortised through the income and expenditure account on a systemic basis over the period expected to benefit from the project.

1.8 Private Finance Initiative (PFI) transactions

The HPSS follows HM Treasury's Technical Note 1 (Revised) "How to Account for PFI transactions" which provides definitive guidance for the application of the FRS 5 Amendment.

PFI schemes are schemes under which the PFI operator receives an annual payment from the Trust for the services provided by the PFI operator.

Where the balance of the risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the PFI operator, the PFI obligations are recorded as an operating expense. Where the Trust has contributed assets, a prepayment for their fair value is recognised and amortised over the life of the PFI contract by charge to the Income and Expenditure Account.

Where, at the end of the PFI contract, a property reverts to the Trust, the difference between the expected fair value of the residual on reversion and any agreed payment on reversion is built up over the life of the contract by capitalising part of the unitary charge each year, as a tangible fixed asset.

Where the balance of risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI property are borne by the Trust, it is recognised as a fixed asset along with the liability to pay for it which is accounted for as a finance lease. Contract payments are apportioned between an imputed finance lease charge and a service charge.

1.9 Stocks and work-in-progress

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is considered to be a reasonable approximation to current cost due to the high turnover of stocks. Work-in-progress comprises goods in intermediate stages of production. Partially completed contracts for patient services are not accounted for as work-in-progress.

1.10 Provisons

The Trust provides for legal or constructive obligations that are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the estimated risk-adjusted cash flows are adjusted using the Treasury's discount rate of 3.5% in real terms.

Provisions for clinical negligence are recognised only where it is more probable than not that a settlement will be required.

1.11 Clinical negligence central fund

A Clinical Negligence Central Fund was established in 1998 to manage the payment of clinical negligence settlements. HSS Trusts are reimbursed by the Central Fund for payments made. Reimbursements are accounted for as income.

The reimbursements from the Central Fund in respect of clinical negligence liabilities and provisions are included within debtors.

1.12 Pensions

The Trust participates in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme. Under this multi-employer defined benefit scheme both the Trust and employees pay specified percentages of pay into

the scheme and the liability to pay benefit falls to the DHSSPS. The Trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis. Further information regarding the HPSS Superannuation Scheme can be found in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme Statement in the Departmental Resource Account for the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety.

The costs of early retirements are met by the Trust and charged to the Income and Expenditure Account at the time the Trust commits itself to the retirement.

1.13 Third Party Assets

Assets belonging to third parties (such as money held on behalf of Patients) are not recognised in the accounts since the Trust has no beneficial interest in them. Details of third party assets are given in note 31 to the accounts.

1.14 Leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised at the fair value of the asset with an equivalent liability categorised as appropriate under creditors due within or after one year. The asset is subject to indexation and revaluation and is depreciated on its current fair value over the shorter of the lease term and its useful economic life. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of interest on the outstanding balance. Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year in which they arise.

1.15 Losses

This note (Note 27) is a memorandum statement unlike most notes to the accounts which provide further detail of figures in the primary accounting statements. Most of the contents will be included in operating expenses.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

2. Income from Activities

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
NI Health and Social Services Boards	134,469	124,440
GB/Republic of Ireland Health Authorities	381	289
HSS Trusts	1,354	1,267
Non-HPSS:		
- private patients	0	0
- other	870	418
Clients contributions	7,283	7,984

144,357

134,398

3. Other Operating Income

Total

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Patient transport services	0	0
Other income from non-patient services	1,778	1,682
Charitable and other contributions to expenditure:		
- Transfers from the donation reserve in respect of		
depreciation on donated assets	73	7
Income in respect of fixed asset impairments	1,118	2,925
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	0	46
Other income	0	3
Total	2,969	4,663

Income from activities includes £187,000 (2004 - £357,000) received from Belfast Regeneration Office and £81,000 from Smile Sure Start.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

4. **Operating Expenses**

4.1 Operating Expenses are as follows:-

	2005	2004
~	£000	£000
Salaries and wages (excluding board members' remuneration)	70,830	63,889
Executive Board members remuneration	543	438
Non-executive Board members remuneration	49	46
Supplies and services - clinical	3,777	3,685
Supplies and services - general	2,179	2,221
Establishment	3,299	3,108
Transport	435	409
Premises	6,001	6,908
Bad debts	115	(26)
Depreciation and amortisation	2,367	2,080
Fixed asset impairments	1,118	2,925
Purchase of care from non-HPSS bodies and		
grants to voluntary organisations	37,287	34,532
Personal social services	4,521	4,304
Recharges from other HPSS organisations	10,128	9,828
Clinical Negligence Payments:		
- Provisions Utilised	0	46
Audit fees	25	22
Miscellaneous	2,889	2,861
Total	145,563	137,276

4.2 **Operating Leases**

Operating expenses include the following amounts in respect of hire and operating lease rentals:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Hire of plant and machinery	65	65
Other operating leases	161	131
	226	196

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are:

	Land and buildings		Other leases	
	2005 £000	2004 £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Operating leases which expire:				
Between 1 and 5 years	0	0	65	0
After 5 years	161	161	0	65
	161	161	65	65

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5.1

5.1 Staff Costs

	Directly employed	Other	2005	2004
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Salaries and Wages	61,265	2,260	63,525	57,072
Social security costs	4,082	0	4,082	3,810
Pension Costs for early retirement reflecting				
the single lump sum to buy over the full liability	0	0	0	0
Other pension costs	3,036	0	3,036	2,826
Early departure costs	187	0	187	110
Total	68,570	2,260	70,830	63,818

5.2 Average Number of Employees

	Directly employed No.	Other No.	2005 No.	2004 No.
Medical and dental	55	3	58	54
Nursing and Midwifery	649	7	656	709
Professions Allied to medicine	139	1	140	118
Ancillaries	420	0	420	368
Administrative and clerical	521	49	570	519
Ambulance staff	0	0	0	0
Works	37	0	37	37
Other Professional and technical	10	0	10	9
Social Services	723	1	724	628
Other	351	50	401	383
	2,905	111	3,016	2,825

Figures refer to wholetime equivalents (WTEs) rather than individuals

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5 (Contd)

5.3 Senior Employees' Remuneration

The salary, pension entitlements and the value of any taxable benefits in kind of the most senior members of the Trust were as follows:

Salary, including Performa nce Pay £000	Kind (rounded	related lump sum	Total accrued pension at age 60 and related lump sum £000	CETV at 31/03/04 £000	CETV at 31/03/05 £000	Real increase in CETV £000
<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0
					_	
	-				-	0
	-	-			-	0
		-		-	-	0
5-10	0	0	0	0	0	0
		2.5 - 3.0 plus	45-50 plus			
110-115	6000			740	810	29
Consent to		-	P			
Consent to	disclosure w	rithheld				
		1.5 -2.0 plus 5.5 -	25-30 plus 75 - 80 lump			
50-55	0	1	sum	404	445	24
Consent to Consent to	disclosure w disclosure w disclosure w	rithheld rithheld rithheld				
	including Performa nce Pay £000 20-25 Consent to 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10	including Performa nce Pay £000Kind (rounded to nearest £100)20-25020-250Consent to disclosure w 5-1005-1005-1005-1005-1005-1005-1005-1005-1005-10050-550Consent to disclosure w Consent to disclosure w	increase in pension Salary, Benefits in nce Pay £000 E100) and for nearest £000 E100) and for nearest £000 E100) and for nearest £000 E000 20-25 0 0 Consent to disclosure withheld 5-10 0 0 5-10 0 0 9.0 - 9.5 10 5-10 0 9.0 - 9.5 10 5-10 0 5-10 0 0 9.0 - 9.5 10 5-10 0 0 9.0 - 9.5 10 0 100 0 9.0 - 9.5 10 10-115 6000 lump sum 1.5 - 2.0 plus 5.5 - 6.0 lump	increase in pensionaccrued pensionSalary, including Performa (roundedBenefits in Kind (roundedand related lump sum at age 60at age 60 and related lump sum £00020-2500020-2500020-2500020-250005-100005-100005-100005-100005-1000050-55600lump sum lump sumConsent to disclosure withheld Consent to disclosure withheld1.5 -2.0 plus plus 141 - 145Consent to disclosure withheld Consent to disclosure withheld1.5 -2.0 plus 5.5 - 6.0 lump sumConsent to disclosure withheld Consent to disclosure withheld	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c } & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	increase in pensionaccrued pensioncerued pensionat age 60 and relatedCETV at 31/03/04CETV at 31/03/0520-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-250000020-25000005-10000005-10000005-100000050-550sumsum74080 lump50-550sumsum404445Consent to disclosure withheldsumsumConsent to disclosure withheldsumsum404Consent to disclosure withheldsumsumsumCon

As Non-Executive members do not receive pensionable remuneration, there will be no entries in respect of pensions for Non-Executive members.

A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capital value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from

the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme, or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which the disclosure applies. The CETV figures, and from 2004-05 the other pension details, include the value of any pension benefits in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the HPSS pension scheme. They also include any additional pension benefit accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional years of pension service in the scheme at their own cost. CETVs are calculated within the guidelines prescribed by the institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Real Increase in CETV - This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It takes account of the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (Including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTE 5 (Contd)

5.4 Staff Benefits

There were no staff benefits paid during the year.

5.5 Trust Management Costs

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Trust Management Costs	6,476	6,103
Total Income	147,326	139,061
% of total income	4.4%	4.4%

The above information is based on the Audit Commission's definition "M2" Trust management costs, as detailed in HSS (THR) 2/99.

5.6 Retirements due to ill-health

During 2004/05 there were 13 early retirements from the Trust agreed on the grounds of ill-health. The estimated additional pension liabilities of these ill-health retirements will be $\pounds 53,000$.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

6.1 Public Sector Payment Policy - Measure of Compliance

The Department requires that Trusts pay their non HPSS trade creditors in accordance with the CBI Prompt Payment Code and Government Accounting Rules. The Trust's payment policy is consistent with the CBI prompt payment codes and Government Accounting rules and its measure of compliance is:

	2005			2004	
	Number	£000	Number	£000	
Total bills paid	96,680	64,759	91,236	59,494	
Total bills paid within 30 day target	80,630	57,459	77,317	52,766	
% of bills paid within 30 day target	83.4%	88.7%	84.7%	88.7%	

6.2 The Late Payment of Commercial Debts Regulations 2002

The amount included within Interest Payable (Note 8) arising from claims made by small businesses under this legislation are as follows :

	£000
Total	0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7. (Loss) Profit on Disposal of Fixed Assets

8.

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Loss on disposal of land and buildings	(47)	0
Profit on disposal of plant and equipment	2	2
Total	(45)	2
Interest Payable		
	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Originating interest bearing debt	595	634
Total	595	634

An amount of £72,000 is included within Note 9.3 for the unwinding of discount on provisions.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9.1 **Provisions for Future Obligations**

9.2

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Provisions in year:		
Clinical Negligence	74	(36)
Pensions	23	12
Employers liability	145	162
Public (Occupiers) liability	22	17
Injury benefit	93	18
Arising during the year (net) (9.2)	357	173
Unwinding of Discount on Provisions (9.3)	72	63
Utilised in year (9.4)	(212)	(455)
Movement in Year (subtotal) (note 17)	217	(219)
Reimbursements receivable (note 9.5)	(80)	78
Total increase (decrease) (to Income and Expenditure Account)	137	(141)
Arising During the Year		
	2005 £000	2004 £000

Total Provided in year (9.1)	357	173
Provisions not required (reversed unused) (note 17)	(55)	(200)
Provided in year (note 17)	412	373

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9.3 Unwinding of Discount on Provisions

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Unwinding of discount on Provisions is analysed as follows:		
Clinical Negligence	6	4
Other	66	59
Total Unwinding of Discounts on Provisions		
(Note 9.1)	72	63

9.4 Utilised in year

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Clinical Negligence (Note 17)	0	46
Pensions relating to other staff (note 17)	(71)	0
Other (note 17)	(141)	409
Total Utilised (Note 9.4)	(212)	455

9.5 Reimbursements Receivable

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	80	(78)
Total Reimbursements Receivable	80	(78)

Intangible Fixed Assets 10

The Trust has no intangible fixed assets.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11. Tangible Fixed Assets

11.1 Tangible fixed assets comprise the following elements:

Duildinge

Purchased Assets

		Buildings	~			
	Land	Installations and fittings	Computer Equipment	Other Equipment	Assets under Construction	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or Valuation						
At 1 April 2004	9,633	46,204	2,530	3,563	1,761	63,691
Indexation	499	3,660	1	77	0	4,237
Additions	195	701	344	148	4,344	5,732
Reclassifications	(42)	42	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	846	0	0	(846)	0
Impairments	(19)	0	0	0	0	(19)
Disposals	(7)	(88)	0	(320)	0	(415)
National Revaluation						
Exercise	5,901	(11,137)	0	0	0	(5,236)
At 31 March 2005	16,160	40,228	2,875	3,468	5,259	67,990
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	7,178	1,740	2,355	0	11,273
Indexation	0	569	1,, 1	51	0	621
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	(7)	0	(320)	0	(327)
Provided during the year	0	1,813	238	243	0	2,294
National Revaluation						
Exercise	0	(9,553)	0	0	0	(9,553)
At 31 March 2005		0	1,979	2,329	0	4,308
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	16,160	40,228	896	1,139	5,259	63,682
At 31 March 2004	9,633	39,026	790	1,208	1,761	52,418

Of the total net book value at 31 March 2005, £10,998,000 related to buildings, installations and fittings valued at open market value for alternative use.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 11.1 (Contd)

Donated Assets

	Land £000	Buildings Installations and fittings £000	Computer Equipment £000	Other Equipment £000	Assets under Construction £000	Total £000
Cost or Valuation						
At 1 April 2004	5	1,699	0	0	0	1,704
Indexation	0	135	0	0	0	135
Additions	80	195	0	0	45	320
Transfers	0	45	0	0	(45)	0
Impairments	(0)	0	0	0	0	(0)
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0
National Revaluation Exercise	0	(317)	0	0	0	(317)
At 31 March 2005	85	1,757	0	0	0	1,842
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2004	0	23	0	0	0	23
Indexation	0	2	0	0	0	2
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	0	73	0	0	0	73
National Revaluation Exercise	0	(98)	0	0	0	(98)
At 31 March 2005		0	0	0	0	0
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2005	85	1,757	0	0	0	1,842
At 31 March 2004	5	1,676	0	0	0	1,681

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11.2 Total Tangible Fixed Assets:

	Purchased £000	Donated £000	Total £000	2004 £000
Net book value:				
Land	16,160	85	16,245	9,638
Buildings installations and fittings	40,228	1,757	41,985	40,702
Computer Equipment	896	0	896	790
Other Equipment	1,139	0	1,139	1,208
Assets under construction	5,259	0	5,259	1,761
Total	63,682	1,842	65,524	54,099

11.3 The net book value of land and buildings comprises:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Freehold	47,610	41,789
Long leasehold	10,619	8,550
Short leasehold	0	0
	58,229	50,339

11.4 The Trust holds no assets under finance leases and hire purchase contracts.

11.5 Disclosure of Material Facts.

Formal conveyancing of the land and buildings taken into use by the Trust at 1 April 1994 and shown in the balance sheet has not been fully completed at the date of approval of these accounts. The Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety intends to have this conveyancing completed as soon as possible. These land and buildings have been included in the balance sheet in accordance with the prescribed capital charging system.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

12. Stocks and Work in Progress

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Raw Materials and consumables	241	244
Total	241	244

13. Debtors

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
HSS or NHS debtors	2,726	3,515
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	85	5
Other debtors	3,314	3,130
Other prepayments and accrued income	710	719
Sub Total	6,835	7,369
The balances are net of a provision for bad debts of £418,000 (2004 - £363,000)		
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Clinical Negligence - Central Fund	107	106
Other debtors	36	51
Sub Total	143	157
Total	6,978	7,526

14. Short-term Investments

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
Banking Deposits	3,000	2,090
Total	3,000	2,090

ACOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

15. Creditors

15.1 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Bank overdrafts	323	0
Current instalments due on loans	481	481
Interest payable	26	28
Public dividend capital dividend payable	1,312	1,343
PDC payable in respect of impairments	1,118	2,925
Payments received on account	75	0
HPSS or NHS creditors and accruals	652	339
Non HPSS or NHS trade revenue creditors	7,739	7,566
Non HPSS or NHS trade capital creditors	3,243	1,063
Payroll creditors including taxation and social security	3,537	2,257
Pensions		
- relating to former directors	0	0
- relating to other staff	18	18
Other creditors	75	73
Sub Total	18,599	16,093

15.2 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year:

Total Creditors	25,135	23,128
Sub Total	6,536	7,035
- relating to other staff	36	54
- relating to former directors	0	0
Long Term Loans Pensions	6,500	6,981

Pension creditors include £54,000 relating to payments due in future years under arrangements to buy out the liability for one early retirement over 5 years.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

15.3 Finance lease obligations

The Trust has no finance lease obligations.

15.4 Public Dividend Capital Dividends

	2005 £000	2004 £000
The dividend is in respect of Public Dividend Capital	1,312	1,343
	1,312	1,343

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

16. Loans

	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts falling due:				
In one year or less Between one and two years Between two and five years In five years or more	481 481 1,444 4,575	0 0 0 0	481 481 1,444 4,575	481 481 1,444 5,056
Total	6,981	0	6,981	7,462
	Government Loans £000	Other Loans £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Wholly or partially repayable after five years by instalments	6,981	0	6,981	7,462
Total	6,981	0	6,981	7,462
Total Repayable after five years by instalments Loans wholly or partially repayable after	4,575	0	4,575	5,056
five years:				
Terms of payment	Interest Rate %	2005 £000	2004 £000	
Government Originating IBD (1/4/1994) Equal Instalments - 25 Years	8.125	6,981	7,462	

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

17. Provisions for liabilities and charges

		Pensions relating to other staff £000		Restruct- uring £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Balance at 31 March 2004	0	731	112	0	1,134	1,977	2,196
Arising during the year	0	30	79	0	303	412	373
Utilised during the year	0	(71)	0	0	(141)	(212)	(455)
Reversed unused	0	(7)	(5)	0	(43)	(55)	(200)
Unwinding of discount	0	24	6	0	42	72	63
At 31 March 2005	0	707	192	0	1,295	2,194	1,977

Income and Expenditure Account Charges

	£000
Arising during the year	412
Utilised during the year	(212)
Reversed unused	(55)
Unwinding of discounts	72
Total	217

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 17 (Contd)

Expected Timing of Cash Flow

	Pensions relating to former directors £000	Pensions relating to other staff £000	Clinical Negligence £000	Restructuring £000	Other £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Within 1 year	0	70	85	0	483	638	226
1 - 5 years	0	280	107	0	225	612	805
Over 5 years	0	358	0	0	586	944	946

Expected reimbursements from the Clinical Negligence Central Fund included in debtors are :-

	£000
Clinical Negligence Central Fund	192

Other provisions include amounts in respect of Public and Employer's Liability, Injury Benefit awards and Ancillary and General frozen holiday pay entitlement.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

18. Public Dividend Capital

Public dividend capital was issued as follows:	2005 £000	2004 £000
During the reporting year In prior years	382 12,452	(1,425) 13,877
Total	12,834	12,452

19. Movements on Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve £000	Donation Reserve £000	Realised Donation Reserve £000	Other Reserves £000	Income and Expenditure Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2004	24,363	1,681	0	0	453	26,497
Retained surplus for year	0	0	0	0	(92)	(92)
Revaluation and indexation of fixed assets	8,228	(86)	0	0	0	8,142
Transfer of realised profits	(51)	0	0	0	51	0
Movements in donation reserve	0	247	0	0	0	247
Fixed Asset Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other reserve movements	805	0	0	0	0	805
At 31 March 2005	33,345	1,842	0	0	412	35,599

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

20. Reconciliation of Movement in Government Funds

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Surplus for the financial year	1,357	1,350
less provisions for future obligations	(137)	141
less public dividend capital dividends	(1,312)	(1,343)
	(92)	148
Gains from revaluation/indexation of		
Purchased fixed assets	9,033	4,076
Public dividend capital repayments	(1,118)	(2,925)
Public dividend capital issued	1,500	1,500
Government loans repayments	(481)	(481)
Net Movement in Government funds	8,842	2,318
Government funds at 31 March 2004	44,730	42,412
Government funds at 31 March 2005	53,572	44,730

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21 Financial Performance Targets

21.1 Capital Cost Absorption Duty

The Trust is required to absorb the cost of capital at a rate of 3.5% of average relevant net assets. The rate is calculated as the percentage that interest payable on Government borrowing plus dividends payable on public dividend capital, totalling £1,907,000, bears to the average relevant net assets of £40,876,000.

The return for 2004/2005 is calculated as 4.7% (2003/2004 5.0%)

The variance from the target return was due to an over recovery of capital charges. This over recovery resulted in a higher dividend for the year, increasing Trust Debt Remuneration below.

The Capital Cost Absorption Rate is calculated as follows: Capital Cost Absorption rate (%) = (TDR/Average relevant net assets) x 100

	2005 £000
Trust Debt Remuneration is calculated as:	
Interest payable on Government borrowing Plus	595
Dividends payable on Public Dividend Capital	1,312
Trust Debt Remuneration	1,907

Average Relevant Net Assets is calculated as:

Average relevant net assets is the simple average of opening and closing relevant net assets, where each are calculated as follows:

	Opening £000	Closing £000	Average £000
Total capital and reserves*			
(equivalent to total net assets)	38,949	43,808	41,379
Less:			
Donation reserve	(1,681)	(1,981)	(1,831)
Purchased assets in the course of construction	(1,761)	(5,259)	(3,510)
Short-term assets	(2,090)	(3,000)	(2,545)
Finance Lease assets (during their primary lease term)			
Plus:			
Loans and overdrafts	7,462	7,304	7,383
Relevant Net Assets	40,879	40,872	40,876

*Capital and reserves excludes the impact of the national revaluation exercise.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21.2 Break Even Performance

The Trust is required to ensure that its income is sufficient to meet its expenditure taking one year with another. Over the last five years the Trust has achieved the following results:

		2000/01 £000	2001/02 £000	2002/03 £000	2003/04 £000	2004/05 £000
i. Turnover		103,447	112,203	125,160	139,061	147,326
Operationa for Financ before Pro and Excep	ial Year visions					
ii. Income		406	77	26	7	45
Break Eve iii. position	n in year	406	77	26	7	45
Break Eve cumulative iv. position(o	e	(686)	20	97	123	130
v. Other Adj	ustments	0	0	0	0	0
Exception Year ende vi. March 200	d 31	300	0	0	0	0
Break Eve Cumulativ vii. position(cl	e	20	97	123	130	175
If a Break cumulative anticipated year of rec	e deficit - l financial					0
If more the years- agree						0

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Note 21.2 (Contd)

	2000/01 %	2001/02 %	2002/2003 %	2003/2004 %	2004/2005 %
Materiality Test:					
Break Even in year position as % of turnover	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Break Even cumulative position as % of turnover	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

21.3 External Financing Limit

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
External Financing Limit		
set by the Department	(330)	(2,424)

The Trust stayed within its External Financing Limit by $\pounds 280,000$. The Trust's External Financing Requirement for the year was $\pounds(610,000)$ and was met as follows:-

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Increase (decrease) in:		
Public dividend capital	382	(1,425)
Government long-term loans	(481)	(481)
Overdrafts	323	0
Finance lease capital creditors		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Short-term investments	(910)	(680)
Cash at bank and in hand	76	(77)
External Finance Assessed	(610)	(2,663)

21.4 Capital Resource Limit

The Trust is given a Capital Resource Limit which it is not permitted to overspend.

	2005 £000
Gross Capital Expenditure (charge against the CRL)	5,732
Capital Resource Limit	10,672
Underspend against CRL	4,940

The underspend was caused by changes to the spend profiles of major capital projects.

22. Private Finance Transactions

The Trust has no PFI Schemes.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

23. Capital Commitments

Capital commitments at the balance sheet date were:-

	Finance Leases £000	Other £000	2005 Total £000	2004 Total £000
Contracted Authorised by the Board, but not contracted	0	21,504	21,504 555	23,393 515
Total	0	22,059	22,059	23,908

24. Post Balance Sheet Events

There are no post balance sheet events having a material effect on the accounts.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

25. Contingent Liabilities

Clinical Negligence

The Trust has included all claims against it in respect of Clinical Negligence in Provisions for Liabilities and Charges (Note 17). Other such claims could arise in the future due to incidents which have already occurred. The expenditure which may arise from such claims cannot be determined as yet.

Other

The Trust has further contingencies relating to Accrued Leave in respect of Home Help staff. The expenditure which may arise from these cannot be determined as yet.

26. Related Party Transactions

Mr D Power, a non executive director, is a director of Top of the Rock Ltd, a company which has a rental agreement with the Trust in respect of office accommodation on the Springfield Road.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

27. Analysis of Losses and Special Payments

TYPE OF LOSS	NO. OF	VALUE
	CASES	£
1 Cash Losses - Theft, fraud etc	3	96
2 Cash Losses - Overpayments of salaries, wages and allowances	1	200
3 Cash Losses - Other causes (including unvouched and incompletely		
vouched payments)	0	0
4 Nugatory and fruitless payments - Abandoned Capital Schemes	0	0
5 Other nugatory and fruitless payments	1	30
6 Bad debts and claims abandoned	162	59,675
7 Stores and Inventory Losses - Theft, fraud, arson (whether proved or		
suspected) etc	0	0
i. Bedding and linen	0	0
ii. Other equipment and property	0	0
8 Stores and Inventory Losses - Incidents of the service (result of fire,		
flood, etc)	0	0
9 Stores and Inventory Losses - Deterioration in store	0	0
10 Stores and Inventory Losses - Stocktaking discrepancies	0	0
11 Stores and Inventory Losses - Other causes	0	0
i. Bedding and linen	0	0
ii. Other equipment and property	0	0
12 Compensation payments (legal obligation)	0	0
i. Clinical Negligence	0	0
ii. Public Liability	1	2,755
iii. Employers Liability	8	89,583
13 Ex-gratia payments - Compensation payments (including payments to		
patients and staff)	54	14,413
14 Ex-gratia payments - Other payments	0	0
15 Extra statutory payments	0	0
16 a. Losses sustained as a result of damage to buildings and fixtures arising		
from bomb explosions or civil commotion.	0	0
b. Damage to vehicles	0	0
TOTAL	230	166,752

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

28. Intra-Government balances

Name	Cred	itors	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within 1 year £000	Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000	Amounts falling due after more than 1 year £000	Amounts falling due within 1 year £000	
Other central government bodies	3,128	0	0	1,136	
Northern Ireland Health and Social Service Boards	4	0	0	2,504	
HSS Trusts	577	0	0	165	
NHS Trusts	15	0	0	1	
Agencies & Special Agencies	64	0	107	146	
Non-Departmental Public Bodies	53	0	0	18	
Local Authorities	24	0	0	0	
Public corporations and trading funds	0	0	0	0	
Total	3,865	0	107	3,970	

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.1 Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Operating surplus	1,763	1,785
Depreciation charge	2,367	2,080
Provisions for future obligations (I&E Account)	(137)	141
Fixed asset impairments	1,118	2,925
Transfer from donation reserve	(73)	(7)
Non-cash Items	0	(2,925)
Increase (decrease) in provisions (Balance Sheet)	217	(219)
Decrease in stocks	3	22
(Increase) decrease in debtors	548	(3,257)
Increase in creditors	1,825	4,550
Net cash inflow from operating activities	7,631	5,095

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

29. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

29.2 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2005		200	4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Increase in cash in the period	511		757	
Cash inflow from new debt Cash outflow from debt repaid and	0		0	
finance lease capital payments	481		481	
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		992		1,238
Non each changes in debt				0
Non-cash changes in debt	-	0		0
Net Debt at 1 April 2004	-	(5,277)		(6,515)
Net Debt at 31 March 2005	=	(4,285)		(5,277)

29.3 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 April 2004 £000	Cash flows £000	Non-cash changes £000	At 31 March 2005 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	95	(76)		19
Bank overdrafts	0	(323)		(323)
Debt due within 1 year	(481)	481	(481)	(481)
Debt due after 1 year	(6,981)	0	481	(6,500)
Current asset investments	2,090	910		3,000
	(5,277)	992	0	(4,285)

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30. Financial Instruments

FRS 13, Derivatives and Other Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks an entity faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the relationship with HSS Commissioners, and the manner in which they are funded, the North and West Belfast HSS Trust is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk that would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS 13 mainly applies. The North and West Belfast HSS Trust has limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the North and West Belfast HSS Trust in undertaking its activities.

31. Third Party Assets

The Trust held £1,274,000 cash at bank and in hand at 31 March 2005 which relates to monies held by the Trust on behalf of patients. This has been excluded from the cash at bank and in hand figure reported in the accounts. A separate audited account of these monies is maintained by the Trust.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTS RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO PATIENTS/RESIDENTS MONIES

Under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972 (as amended by Article 6 of the Audit and Accountability (Northern Ireland) Order 2003), the Trust is required to prepare and submit accounts in such form as the Department may direct.

The Trust is also required to maintain proper and distinct accounting records and is responsible for safeguarding the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

North & West Belfast Health and Social Services Trust Account of Monies held on behalf of Patients/Residents

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the House of Commons and the Northern Ireland Assembly

I certify that I have audited the account on page 308 which the Trust is required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 to prepare and submit in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct.

Respective Responsibilities of the Board Members and Chief Executive and Auditor

As described on page 305 the Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation and submission of the account as required by the Health and Personal Social Service (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the account properly present the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents and are properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety directs, and whether in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion the Trust has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the account. It also includes an assessment of the judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in the preparation of the account.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the account is free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the account.

Opinion

In my opinion:

- the account properly presents the payments and receipts of the monies held on behalf of patients/residents by the North and West Belfast Health and Social Services Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005 and balances held at that date and have been properly prepared as required by the Health and Personal Social Services (NI) Order 1991 in such form as the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety may direct; and
- in all material respects the payments and receipts conform to the authorities which govern them.

I have no observations to make on this account.

J M Dowdall CB Comptroller and Auditor General Date: 1 September 2005 Northern Ireland Audit Office 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2005 ACCOUNT OF MONIES HELD ON BEHALF OF PATIENTS/RESIDENTS

Previous Year	RECEIPTS		
£		£	£
	At 1 April 2004		
1,190,000		1,240,000	
96,863		27,287	
6,797	3. Cash in Hand	6,863	1,274,150
491,405			561,996
47,200	Interest Received		58,948
		r	
1,832,265			1,895,094
PAYMENTS			
558,115	Amounts Paid to or on behalf of Patients/Residents		574,440
	At 31 March 2005		
1,240,000		1,240,000	
27,287	2. Cash at Bank	79,332	
6,863	3. Cash in Hand	1,322	1,320,654
1,832,265	TOTAL		1,895,094

Schedule of investments held at 31 March 2005

Cost Price		Nominal Value	Cost Price
£	Investment	£	£
1,190,000	Money Market Deposit	1,240,000	1,240,000

I certify that the above account has been compiled from and is in accordance with the financial records maintained by the Trust.

P S HarveyDirector of Finance24 August 2005Date

I certify that the above account has been submitted to and duly approved by the Trust Board.

R G BlackChief Executive24 August 2005Date

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