



# Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment

**SC030136/R4 The Northumbria River Basin District**

The Environment Agency is the leading public body protecting and improving the environment in England and Wales.

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Our work includes tackling flooding and pollution incidents, reducing industry's impacts on the environment, cleaning up rivers, coastal waters and contaminated land, and improving wildlife habitats.

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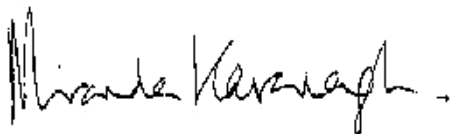
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Miranda Kavanagh  
**Director of Evidence**

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# 1. Introduction

The *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment* project has generated the most definitive evaluation to date of the impacts on the water environment from abandoned non-coal mines across England and Wales. For the first time, an objective assessment has been carried out to prioritise the rivers in England and Wales where pollution from these mines has the highest impact, and where there is the greatest risk that water bodies (river stretches) will fail to meet the objectives of the Water Framework Directive (European Community, 2000) due to abandoned non-coal mines. The specific water bodies which should be the focus of immediate attention in River Basin Management Plans (RBMPs) have been identified, and the work needed to address mining pollution through both research into passive treatment technologies and catchment monitoring investigations is outlined.

This is one of 13 reports that detail the final results of the implementation of the methodology across England and Wales. This particular report presents the finalisation of the categorisation of surface water bodies for the Northumbria River Basin District, and also details of mine sites and mine waters, to be used as a basis for directing future remediation planning and / or further data collection.

In every report the 13 reports that comprise the outputs of the project are listed, so that the reader may cross-reference between them at need. They are:

- I. *A methodology for identification and prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mines in England and Wales*
- II. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment: The national picture*
- III. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Dee River Basin District*
- IV. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Northumbria River Basin District*
- V. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the South West River Basin District*
- VI. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Western Wales River Basin District*
- VII. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Humber River Basin District*
- VIII. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the North West River Basin District*
- IX. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Severn River Basin District*
- X. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Anglian, Thames and South East River Basin Districts*
- XI. *Prioritisation of abandoned non-coal mine impacts on the environment in the Solway-Tweed River Basin District*
- XII. *Future management of abandoned non-coal mine water discharges*
- XIII. *Hazards and risk management at abandoned non-coal mine sites*

Much of the text in the individual River Basin District (RBD) reports (reports III-XI) are common to all 9 reports, though the information in the tables is different. A detailed description of the methodology used to produce these results is provided in Report I, while Report II provides a national overview of the findings. Implications of the results for future management of abandoned non-coal mine sites is dealt with at length in Report XII, while specific detail of the outputs of the data collated on mine hazards and risk management is provided in Report XIII. It is recommended that the individual RBD reports are read in conjunction with these other national-level reports.

## 2. Water body impact categories

The initial stage of the prioritisation exercise comprised use of existing data, from various sources, to categorise surface water bodies as *Impacted*, *Probably Impacted*, *Probably Not Impacted* and *Not Impacted*. This exercise was based on the spatial relationship between Environmental Quality Standard (EQS<sup>1</sup>) failures in mining areas, or EQS failures immediately downstream of a mining area as described in detail in the Methodology report. The impact categories grade from *Impacted* where water quality failures are coincident in a water body with former mine sites, to catchments where the quality failures are either not associated with any former mining areas, or there are no reported water quality issues (*Not Impacted* water bodies). The risk categories prefixed “probably” are there to indicate uncertainty in the nature and extent of the link between mining and pollution. *Probably Impacted* describes a water body where there is a pollution problem but uncertainty persists as to whether the mining activity and downstream pollution issue are explicitly connected, either due to distance between source and receptor, or where there are no recorded mine sites in a polluted former mining area. *Probably Not Impacted* water bodies are those in mining areas where there is no water quality concern either in the host or downstream water body. The final numbers of water bodies in each of the impact categories are detailed by RBD in Table 1.

**Table 1. Summary statistics showing final categorisation of water bodies across England and Wales (Stage 4, March 2009)**

River Basin District (RBD)	Impacted	Probably Impacted	Probably Not Impacted	Not Impacted	Total
Anglian	0	1	181	831	<b>1013</b>
Dee	9	10	10	71	<b>100</b>
Humber	13	18	151	734	<b>916</b>
North West	15	27	63	427	<b>532</b>
Northumbria	28	39	38	262	<b>367</b>
Severn	31	32	89	599	<b>751</b>
Solway-Tweed	3	6	29	149	<b>187</b>
South East	0	0	88	308	<b>396</b>
South West	57	73	325	680	<b>1135</b>
Thames	0	0	154	490	<b>644</b>
Western Wales	70	37	143	619	<b>869</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>1271</b>	<b>5170</b>	<b>6910</b>

<sup>1</sup> The EQS values used for this project are detailed in the methodology report – see reference list. The metals / metalloids assessed were cadmium, lead, nickel, zinc, copper, iron, manganese, and arsenic.

### 3. Water body validation and prioritisation

After the initial categorisation of water bodies an online questionnaire was used to collate data from local experts at the Environment Agency. This process served to clarify whether the categorisations were valid (e.g. were area staff aware that the pollution in the mining area was due to something other than abandoned non-coal mines?) and to gather information on the extent of impact of non-coal mine pollution on other receptors (ecology, groundwater and water resources). Figure 1 shows the categorisation of water bodies in the Northumbria RBD. This information was used to allocate an individual score to each of the *Impacted* and *Probably Impacted* water bodies to describe the extent of the impacts of abandoned non-coal mine drainage, shown in Figure 2 (for details of the scoring system refer to the Methodology report).

Tables 4 and 5 (located at the end of the report) show the respective impact scores for the *Impacted* and *Probably Impacted* water bodies in the Northumbria RBD. By reading this report in conjunction with Report II (*The National Picture*), it is possible to see how the results fit into the national prioritisation. These tables contain only a selection of the results with the full details available as a database or a series of GIS (Geographical Information System) layers.

### 4. Mine site and discharge identification

The online questionnaire also collated data specific to mine sites themselves within the priority water bodies. A range of information was collected (Table 2) covering known polluting sites, the presence of point and diffuse pollution, water quality, flow rates, stakeholder concerns and risks and hazards at abandoned sites. This stage provides the crucial link between prioritising impacted water bodies (Tables 4 and 5) and identifying the polluting mine sites within them that could be the focus for future catchment scoping studies (see Section 5).

Summary details of all mining discharges identified in the Northumbria RBD are presented in Table 6 while Table 7 shows all sites identified where outbreak risk received either a 'Suspected' or 'Yes' response. It is important to note that not all of the data gathered during the project is shown in the tables. This is simply because it is not possible to present all of this information in a written report such as this. The main items that have been omitted are:

- Water quality and flow-rate data for discharges where it is available
- Text comments relating to evidence of impacts and risks, and whether stakeholder issues are converging or diverging
- Detailed geographical references, such as grid references and water body identifier codes.
- Stability, airborne pollution, safety issues, public / animal health concern information which is summarised nationally in the *Hazards and Risk Management* report and presented in their entirety in the database.

# Impacts from abandoned non-coal mines Northumbria River Basin District

**Water bodies**

- Impacted
- Probably impacted
- Mining discharges

0 2 4 6 8  
Kilometers

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Environment Agency, 100026380, 2004.

**Figure 1. Water bodies *Impacted* or *Probably Impacted* by abandoned non-coal mines in the Northumbria RBD**





**Table 2. Key information requested in Environment Agency questionnaire**

<b>Question / information requested</b>	<b>Comment</b>
Water Body ID and Name	Information provided by Consortium
EQS failure co-ordinates and score	Information provided by Consortium
Categorisation (e.g. <i>Impacted</i> etc.)	Information provided by Consortium
Locations of point mine water discharges within water bodies with EQS failures, or in water bodies immediately upstream of water body with EQS failure	Required to characterise <i>Impacted</i> and <i>Probably Impacted</i> water bodies
If there is a mine water discharge (either point or diffuse) known or suspected then further information on the discharge is required	Including receiving watercourse name, groundwater, ecological and higher impacts, stakeholder information, and water quality
Knowledge of historical mines, irrespective of water pollution issues	Including mine location and name (if known), airborne pollution risk, safety concerns, stability concerns and outbreak risk

## 5. Preparing for remediation: further investigations and monitoring (Programmes of Measures)

This project has identified the surface water bodies which show the greatest impacts from abandoned non-coal mines, and so should be prioritised for action in the first cycle of River Basin Planning (RBP).

### 5.1 *Probably Impacted* water bodies

Many water bodies in mining areas are in the *Probably Impacted* category since we do not have water quality data from within the water body itself. We know that abandoned non-coal mines are present but not if they are the specific cause of the downstream pollution. Collecting new data on metal concentrations in these rivers would allow these water bodies to be moved either to *Probably Not Impacted* (if no EQS failures are identified) or to *Impacted* (if EQS are exceeded). All the data tables within the database are editable beyond the timescale of the project to allow such re-categorisation as new information comes to light.

Monitoring would need to be carried out over a 12 month period (ideally at monthly frequency) to ensure variation due to seasonal and flow effects is evaluated. It is recommended that collection of these data is prioritised in the first RBP cycle for the *Probably Impacted* water bodies with the highest impact scores (see Table 5).

## 5.2 Catchment investigations – *Impacted and Probably Impacted* water bodies

Unfortunately, with very few exceptions, we do not have sufficient monitoring data in any water bodies to allow remediation measures to be designed and implemented. This is the case even in the *Impacted* water bodies where we are confident that the pollution is due to abandoned mines, and have been able to identify significant point sources. This is a function of the type of monitoring data that need to be collected to characterise mine water pollution for remediation. Concentrations of metals in rivers or mine water discharges alone are not adequate, the flow must also be measured so that the loading (flux) can be calculated. Such data are rarely available from the Environment Agency's routine monitoring.

As a result, the first stage of implementing Programmes of Measures (POMs) for abandoned non-coal mine pollution is to carry out detailed synchronous monitoring of water quality and flow over at least a 12 month period in affected catchments. These further investigations will allow management and remediation schemes to be implemented in the second and third RBP cycle. If these data are not collected during the first RBP cycle, then it will not be possible to address the threat that pollution from abandoned mines poses to good ecological and chemical status.

The design and execution of such catchment monitoring programmes is described in the accompanying *Future Management of Abandoned Non-Coal Mine Discharges* report, and a comprehensive example of such a study is provided by Mayes *et al.* (2008). In general terms a phased approach is recommended:

1. Scoping study of the catchment (water body scale) to identify main sources of pollution using existing water quality data and other information sources. The data reported in Tables 4, 5 and 6 will inform these studies.
2. Design and implementation of detailed monitoring programmes to collect synchronous measurements of water quality and flow, as well as investigation of the river ecology over a period of at least 12 months.
3. Subject to the results of the monitoring programme, carry out feasibility study for the design and implementation of appropriate management and remediation measures, including pilot-scale treatment trials where appropriate. The suitability of various passive approaches to treatment is provided in the *Future Management of Abandoned Non-Coal Mine Discharges* report, and also by PIRAMID Consortium (2003).
4. Construct and operate management and remediation measures.

Examples of sites at which this phased approach is being implemented by the Environment Agency are shown in Table 3.

**Table 3. Example sites at which a phased approach to catchment monitoring is being undertaken by the Environment Agency**

RBD	Mine site / catchment
Western Wales	Parys Mountain, Cwm Rheidol, Dylife, Frongoch, Cwmystwyth, Conwy (Nant Gwydyr/Afon Crafnant)
Dee	Clywedog
Northumbria	Saltburn Gill, Rookhope Burn
North West	Coledale Beck

## 6. Conclusions

By assessing mine waters using water quality, ecological, groundwater and higher impact metrics it has proved possible to objectively prioritise *Impacted* and *Probably Impacted* water bodies into ranked lists. Furthermore, additional data stored in the database enables environmental managers to assess what the other issues are at these sites, such as safety issues, outbreak risk and stakeholder concerns. This information can be used to inform future management of pollution from abandoned non-coal mine sites.

## References

- European Community (2000). Council Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy. The Official Journal of the European Communities.
- Mayes, W.M., Gozzard, E., Potter, H.A.B. and Jarvis, A.P. (2008) Quantifying the importance of diffuse minewater pollution in a historically heavily coal mined catchment, *Environmental Pollution*, **151**, 165-175.
- PIRAMID Consortium (2003) *Engineering guidelines for the passive remediation of acidic and/or metalliferous mine drainage and similar wastewaters*. Passive In-situ Remediation of Acidic Mine / Industrial Drainage (PIRAMID) report, European Commission Fifth Framework Programme. Newcastle University.

**Table 4. Prioritisation of *Impacted* water bodies in the Northumbria RBD (all water bodies shown)**

RBD priority rank <sup>2</sup>	Water body name	Water Body ID	EQS Score	Ranked EQS Score	Ecological Impact score	Higher Impact score	Groundwater Impact score	Overall Impact score <sup>1</sup>
1	Saltburn Gill	GB103025071960	6	4	5	5	3	17
2	Wear from Swinhope to Browney	GB103024077460	13	7	1	5	3	16
3	Nent from Source to South Tyne	GB103023075420	12	6	2	5	3	16
4	Rookhope Burn from Source to Wear	GB103024077530	10	6	2	5	3	16
5	West Allen from Source to Wellhope Burn	GB103023074680	3	3	5	5	3	16
6	South Tyne from Black Burn	GB103023075530	13	7	0	5	3	15
7	Kilhope Burn from Source to Burnhope Burn	GB103024077500	11	6	1	5	3	15
8	Allen from Source to West Allen	GB103023074710	6	4	1	5	3	13
9	Derwent from Burnhope Burn to River Tyne	GB103023074790	11	6	0	5	0	11
10	South Tyne from Allen to North Tyne	GB103023075710	10	6	0	5	0	11
11	Derwent from Nookton Burn to Burnhope Burn	GB103023074770	9	5	1	5	0	11
12	West Allen from Wellhope Burn to Allen	GB103023074700	7	5	1	5	0	11
=	Tyne from Watersmeet to Tidal Limit	GB103023075801	7	5	1	5	0	11
=	N Tyne from Barrasford to S Tyne confluence	GB103023075802	7	5	1	5	0	11
15	Eggleston Burn catchment (trib of Tees)	GB103025072490	6	4	1	5	1	11
16	Wear from Ireshope to Middlehope Burn	GB103024077440	5	4	1	5	0	10
17	River Tees from Maize Beck to River Greta	GB103025072510	4	4	1	5	0	10
18	Allen from West Allen to South Tyne	GB103023074720	6	4	0	5	0	9
19	Waskerley Beck from Source to Wear	GB103024077520	5	4	0	5	0	9
20	Red Burn (Trib of Tyne)	GB103023075730	3	3	1	5	0	9
=	Skelton Beck	GB103025071970	3	3	1	5	0	9
22	Devils Water from Source to Tyne	GB103023075600	1	3	1	5	0	9

=	Stanley Burn Catchment (trib of Tyne)	GB103023075700	1	3	1	5	0	<b>9</b>
24	Twizell Burn from Source to Cong Burn	GB103024077590	12	6	2	0	0	<b>8</b>
25	Burnhope Burn from Source to Kilhope Burn	GB103024077430	3	3	0	5	0	<b>8</b>
26	Barrasford Burn Catchment (trib of N Tyne)	GB103023074890	2	3	0	5	0	<b>8</b>
27	Bollihope Burn from Source to Wear	GB103024077360	1	3	0	5	0	<b>8</b>
28	Kilton Beck from Middle Gill Beck to North Sea	GB103025071950	2	3	1	0	0	<b>4</b>

Note: 1. Overall impact score = Ranked EQS + Ecological Impact + Higher Impact + Groundwater Impact. 2. EQS Score used to determine Overall priority rank where Overall impact scores are equal

**Table 5. Prioritisation of *Probably Impacted* water bodies in the Northumbria RBD (all water bodies shown)**

RBD priority rank <sup>2</sup>	Water body name	Water Body ID	EQS Score	Ranked EQS Score	Ecological Impact score	Higher Impact score	Groundwater Impact score	Overall Impact score <sup>1</sup>
1	Leven from Tame to River Tees	GB103025071880	4	4	5	5	3	17
2	Newbrough Burn catchment (trib of South Tyne)	GB103023075560	10	6	1	5	3	15
3	Middlehope Burn from Source to Wear	GB103024077480	5	4	1	5	3	13
4	Burnhope Burn from Source to River Derwent	GB103023074760	11	6	1	5	0	12
5	Horsleyhope Burn catchment (trib of Derwent)	GB103023074740	11	6	0	5	0	11
6	Hudeshope Beck catchment (trib of Tees)	GB103025072480	4	4	1	5	1	11
7	Erring Burn catchment (trib of Tyne)	GB103023074870	7	5	0	5	0	10
=	Stocksfield Burn catchment (trib of Tyne)	GB103023075640	7	5	0	5	0	10
=	March Burn catchment (trib of Tyne)	GB103023075650	7	5	0	5	0	10
10	Forest Burn catchment (trib of Coquet)	GB103022076540	4	4	0	5	0	9
11	South Tyne from Source to Cross Gill	GB103023075380	2	3	1	5	0	9
=	South Tyne from Cross Gill to Black Burn (Aleson)	GB103023075400	2	3	1	5	0	9
=	Browney from Source to Pan Burn	GB103024077310	2	3	1	5	0	9
14	Simon Burn from Crook Burn to N Tyne	GB103023074810	1	3	1	5	0	9
15	Black Burn from Aglionby Beck (South Tyne)	GB103023075410	13	7	1	0	0	8
=	Gilderdale Burn Catchment (trib of South Tyne)	GB103023075430	13	7	1	0	0	8
=	Knar Burn catchment (trib of South Tyne)	GB103023075440	13	7	1	0	0	8
=	Swinhope Burn from Source to Wear	GB103024077370	13	7	1	0	0	8
19	Font from Source to Wansbeck	GB103022076510	2	3	0	5	0	8
=	Wansbeck from Hart Burn to Font	GB103022076980	2	3	0	5	0	8
21	Westernhope Burn from Source to Wear	GB103024077380	13	7	0	0	0	7
=	Stanhope Burn from Source to Wear	GB103024077510	13	7	0	0	0	7
23	Honeycrook Burn catchment (trib of S	GB103023075550	10	6	1	0	0	7

	Tyne)							
24	Nookton Burn from Source to River Derwent	GB103023074730	9	5	1	0	0	6
=	Derwent from Source to Nookton Burn	GB103023074750	9	5	1	0	0	6
26	Wellhope Burn catchment (trib of West Allen)	GB103023074670	7	5	1	0	0	6
=	Horsley to Heddon on the Wall Area (Tyne N Bank)	GB103023075790	7	5	1	0	0	6
28	Wear from Middlehope to Swinhope Burn	GB103024077400	5	4	1	0	0	5
29	Maize Beck from Source to River Tees	GB103025072440	4	4	1	0	0	5
=	Harwood Beck from Langdon Beck to River Tees	GB103025072470	4	4	1	0	0	5
=	Bowlees Beck catchment (trib of Tees)	GB103025072500	4	4	1	0	0	5
=	Tees from Trout Beck to Maize Beck	GB103025076080	4	4	1	0	0	5
=	Alwin catchment (trib of Coquet)	GB103022076770	4	4	1	0	0	5
34	Kilton Beck from Mill Beck to Middle Gill Beck	GB103025071930	2	3	1	0	0	4
=	Middle Gill Beck from Source to Kilton Beck	GB103025071940	2	3	1	0	0	4
=	Cross Gill catchment (trib of S Tyne)	GB103023075360	2	3	1	0	0	4
37	Hareshaw Burn catchment (trib of N Tyne)	GB103023075020	1	3	1	0	0	4
=	Tarret Burn	GB103023075150	1	3	1	0	0	4
=	Harthope Beck (trib of Bedburn Beck)	GB103024077340	1	3	1	0	0	4

Note: 1. Overall impact score = Ranked EQS + Ecological Impact + Higher Impact + Groundwater Impact. 2. EQS Score used to determine Overall priority rank where Overall impact scores are equal



**Table 6. Mining discharge responses for the Northumbria RBD (all sites for which data provided by Environment Agency)<sup>2</sup>**

Water Body	Discharge name	Associated mine(s)	Receiving watercourse	Diffuse Pollution	Eco. Impact	G/W Impact	Higher Impact	Visual Impact	Stakeholder Issues	Complaints
GB103023074680	Low Barney Crag	Barney Crag	West Allen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103023074680	Barney Craig	Barney Craig	West Allen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103023074680	Coalcleugh	Coalcleugh	West Allen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103023074680	Scraithole Minewater	Scraithole Mine	West Allen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103023074710	Blackett Level	All Allendale Mines	East Allen	Unknown	Unknown	Yes	Unknown	No	Unknown	No
GB103023074710	Beaumont Minewater	Allenheads mines	East Allen	Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Yes	Unknown	Unknown	No
GB103023074710	Haugh Level	Allenheads mines	East Allen	Unknown	Unknown	Yes	Yes	Unknown	Unknown	No
GB103023074710	Swinhope Adit	Swinhope Mine	Swinhope Burn	Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Yes	Unknown	Unknown	No
GB103023075420	Caplecleugh	Nenthead mines	R Nent	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
GB103023075420	Rampgill	Nenthead mines	R Nent	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
GB103023075420	Haggs	Haggs	R Nent	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103023075420	Croft	Grassfield	R Nent	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103023075420	Nent Force Level	All Nent Mines	R Nent	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Suspected	Yes
GB103023075560	Settlingstones Minewater	Settlingstones mine		Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Unknown	No	Unknown	No
GB103024077460	Cambokeels Mine	Cambokeels Mine	R Wear	Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Unknown	No	Unknown	No
GB103024077480	Middlehope Mine	Middlehope Mine	Middlehope Burn	Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103024077480	Slitt Low Level	Low Slitt Mine	Middlehope Burn	Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No

<sup>2</sup> Note that not all information gathered is included in this table; limited data included only due to difficulties of presentation of all data in printed format. The complete dataset is available with the GIS files associated with these reports.

GB103024077500	Kilhope minewater	Kilhope	Kilhope Burn	Suspected	Unknown	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
GB103024077500	Burtrees Pasture water level	Burtrees Pasture	Sedling Burn	Yes	Unknown	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unknown	No
GB103024077530	Rispey Breakout		Rookhope Burn	Unknown	Suspected	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unknown	Yes
GB103024077530	Tail Race Level	Tail Race 2	Rookhope Burn	Unknown	Suspected	Yes	Yes	Suspected	Unknown	No
GB103024077530	Grove Rake	Grove Rake	Rookhope Burn	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103024077530	Bolts Burn Level	Rookhope	Rookhope Burn	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown	No
GB103024077530	Frazers Hush	Frazers Hush	Rookhope Burn	Yes	Suspected	Yes	Yes	Suspected	Unknown	No
GB103025071880				Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
GB103025071960	Two discharges called 'borehole' and 'Tributary' discharge	North Skelton / Longacres Ironstone mines	Un-named tributary of Saltburn Gill	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
GB103025071960	Minewater Borehole discharge to Saltburn Gill	not known	Saltburn Gill	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
GB103025072480	Samuk Hudeshope	Samuk Hudeshope Mine	Hudeshope Beck	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
GB103025072480	Marl Beck near disused mine workings	not known	Marl Beck	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
GB103025072490	Samuk California Mine	Samuk California Mine	Little Egglehope Beck	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
GB103025072490	Samuk Wiregill Mine	Samuk Wiregill Mine	Great Egglehope Beck	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

**Table 7. Mine sites in the Northumbria RBD where risk of sudden outbreak is confirmed or suspected to exist**

Water Body	Mine	Outbreak Risk	Receiving watercourse	Details
GB103025071960	North Skelton/Longacres	Yes	Saltburn Gill / Skelton Beck	Noted impact on nearby SSSI also concerns on local tourism impact
GB103024077530	Rispey Mine	Suspected	Rookhope Burn	Outbreak history in area
GB103025071930	Liverton Mines	Suspected	Kilton Beck	No details
GB103025071960	Lumpsey	Suspected	Saltburn Gill	No details
GB103025071960	South Skelton	Suspected	Saltburn Gill	No details
GB103025071960	Lingdale Mines	Suspected	Saltburn Gill	No details
GB103025071960	Kilton Mines	Suspected	Saltburn Gill	No details
GB103025071970	Birk Brow Plantations	Suspected	Skelton Beck	No details
GB103025071970	Margrove Park	Suspected	Skelton Beck	No details
GB103025071970	Skelton Mines	Suspected	Skelton Beck	No details
GB103025072440	Green lead Mines	Suspected	Maize Beck	No details
GB103025072440	Stakebeck Mine	Suspected	Maize Beck	No details
GB103025072480	Coldberry	Suspected	Hudeshope Beck	No details
GB103025072490	Samuk California	Suspected	Eggleston Burn	No details
GB103025072490	Samuk Wiregill	Suspected	Eggleston Burn	No details
GB103025072500	Bleagill Mine	Suspected	Bowlees Beck	No details
GB103025072510	unknown	Suspected	Tees	No details
GB103025072510	unknown	Suspected	Tees	No details
GB103025072510	unknown	Suspected	Tees	No details
GB103025076080	Cowgreen Mines	Suspected	Tees	No details

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