TransXChange

Examples 2.5

The following development examples demonstrate the use of TransXChange to encode simple and complex bus schedules. For each example, both the XML document in TransXChange format, and the PDF file output from the TransXChange Publisher are provided.

See also the <u>TransXChange Samples</u> which provide further examples of using TransXChange from live systems.

Group	Name	Description & Features	XML	Output
Basic	Linear (see section below) Registration Schema	A single straight route run by a single operator. All vehicle journeys have the same timings. Linear route. Registration details. Route Track Map. Local Track data, including instructions and Mapping System Reference. Frequent Service, with Frequency based journey times, specified as an interval. Inbound and outbound service. Operator Details including Parent Operator (TXC v2.4) & Licence details. Reversing manouevre. Stop Accessibility, Vehicle Accessibility (TXC v2.5)	XML	Matrix PDF Map PDF
	Express (see section below) General Schema	A linear route with express journey patterns running over it that omit stops. • Express service. • Reuse of Vehicle journey timing link in multiple journeys.	XML	Matrix PDF Map PDF

		 Overriding of Journey Pattern Timing Link Run Times with different values on the Vehicle Journey Timing links for some journey. Use of Wait Time. Holiday Day Type Exclusion. Local stop point definitions for an off-street Bus Station: BCQ, BCE and BCS stop type, including SMS codes for TXC V2.4 rules, e.g. London. Journey Footnote. Local stop area definition. Variable Bay Allocation. Supporting document. Marketing Name (TXC v2.4). 		
	Cancellation (see section below) Registration Schema	Minimal details needed to identify a registration for cancellation. (TXC C v2.4) Cancellation of a registration.	XML	Matrix PDF
Complex	Interchange (see section below) Registration Schema	Two routes run by two different operators. All vehicle journeys have the same timings. Inbound and Outbound timetable. An Interchange. Linear route, with different stop visiting pattern at one end. Express stop. Frequent Service journey times, specified as an interval, but not a Frequent Service. Combining operating days from service, journey	XML	Matrix PDF

	pattern and vehicle journey level. Serviced Organisation & School dates, including Classification (TXC v2.4). More than one operation. Use of Stop Sequence Numbers. Timetable Note. Line Colours (TXC v2.4).		
Circular (see section below) General Schema	 Circular route. Reuse of route section. Dead runs, Positioning links (Including TXC v2.4 duty crew). Late night services that cross midnight till next day. Different weekday and Weekend variants. Journey Times past midnight for a given day type (TXC v2.4). Partial traversal of Journey pattern. Operator Garage. AVL data - Vehicle Type Ticket Machine, Duty crew. Multiple Variants of data per journey (TXC v2.4). Reusable Day Types (TXC v2.4). Reusable Day Types (TXC v2.4). Vehicle Type Equipment for Accessibility (TXC v2.4) Weekend service. WGS8. Service Level Vias. Running Board / Dynamic Destinations. 		Matrix PDF
Cloverleaf (see section below)	A cloverleaf route shape with three petals.	XML	Matrix PDF

General Schema	 Multiple routes composed of common route section. Multiple journey patterns composed of common. journey pattern section. Dynamic destination display. Recommended End date on Period (v2.4). 		
Lollipop (see section below) General Schema	Lollipop shaped route, with two parallel branches. Circular and parallel section. Reuse of journey pattern section. Reuse of VehicleJourney Links. Stop Sequence Number to control row order. Timing status on stop usage other than 'Principle Timing Point' (<i>PTP</i>). Complex day types for regular and bank holiday operation. Use of TXC publisher option. Layover Point. Service Classification combinations including for '&' in code (TXC v2,4) Two services run by two different operator. Connecting service. Express stopping pattern for some journeys. Use of Stop Sequence Number. Use of Dynamic Destination headings. Partial Frequency Based service (TXC v2.4).	XML	Matrix PDF

		A 1 1	373 47	DDE
	Eye	An eye shaped route, with two		PDF en
	(see section	alternative branches.	<u>en</u>	DDE
	below)	No. 1. 1	777 57	PDF cy
	Registration	Multiple routes composed	<u>XML</u>	
	<u>Schema</u>	of common route section.	<u>cy</u>	Map PDF
		 Multiple journey patterns 		
		composed of common.		
		journey pattern section.		
		 Stop Sequence Number to 		
		control row order.		
		 Local stop point definition. 		
		 New Stops required. 		
		 Bilingual stop names & 		
		schedule (Cymraeg).		
		Dynamic Destinations &		
		Vias (Running Board) (TXC		
		v2.4).		
		Multiple classifications		
		(including TXC v2.4		
		relaxation of combinations).		
	Flexible	Use of flexible zones	XML	Matrix PDF
	(see section	ose of ficatore Zones	21111	
	below)	Flexible zone.		
	Registration	 Flexible time band. 		
	Schema	Trestore time band.		
	Grouping	Use of Journey Grouping (TXC	XML	Matrix PDF
	(see section	v2.4).	ZXIVIL	IVIAUIX FDF
	below)	v 2. 1 j.		Map PDF
	· ·	. Duilt in Journay Ped labels		<u>Map FDF</u>
	Registration	• Built in Journey Bed labels.		
	<u>Schema</u>	(TXC v2.4).		
		• Custom Journey Beds.		
		(TXC v2.4).		
	IIail 6 Did	Use of heil and wide stars	VMT	Moteries DDE
	Hail & Ride	Use of hail and ride stops.	<u>XML</u>	Matrix PDF
	(see section	TTail and mide and		Man DDE
	below)	Hail and ride section. Lead star point definition.		Map PDF
	Registration	Local stop point definition. Full full part to a large.		
	<u>Schema</u>	Full lollipop topology. Fragues are best discussed.		
		Frequency based journey times are diffed as minutes.		
		times, specified as minutes		
		past the hour, but not a		
		frequent service.		
		Short notice registration		
II .	I	detail.		

	 Scottish Bank Holidays including St Andrews Day & January 2 Displacement (TXC v2.4). Workflow Attributes (TXC v2.4). Accessibility Booking (TXC v2.5) 		
Large Re (see section below) Registrat Schema	More stops than fit down a	XML	Matrix PDF Map PDF
Merge Frequen Journeys (see secti below) Registrat Schema	single column. on • Frequent service with,	XML	Matrix PDF Map PDF
Footnote (see secti below) Registrat Schema	on requiring footnotes frequent services that are to be merged as a	XML	Matrix PDF Map PDF

		 Page overflow. Garage detail. Short Notice Registration. Stop Sequence Numbers to control row order. Operational data: Block, Vehicle type, layover point etc. 		
	Operators (see section below) General Schema	Exchange of just operators. • Multiple operators, no timetable	XML	
Other Data Exchange	Routes (see section below) General Schema	Exchange of just routes.	XML	
	Delta (see section below) General Schema	Exchange of just changes to a vehicle journey.	XML	

Examples 2.5 - Cancellation

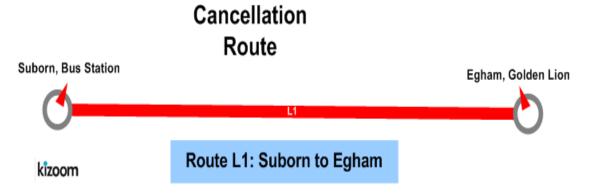
Summary

Example of a cancellation of a previously submitted route (see **Linear section**). Only the details necessary to identify the route are supplied

Concise Cancellation route.

TransXChange XML Document	Particulars and Matrix output PDF	Route Map Output
cancellation.xml		Cannot be published

Route Map



Timetable

Not available (see Linear example)

The XML Representation

Service Registration

• The **Registration** is for a single **Operator**

Service Structure

• There is a single **Service** instance *SV1*, with one **Line** - '*L1*'.

The Operating Days

• The service **OperatingProfile** says it runs Monday to Friday, every day of the year.

Notes

This example cannot be published as a full timetable. It is also possible to include the full timetable in which case it can be published

Examples 2.5 - Circular route

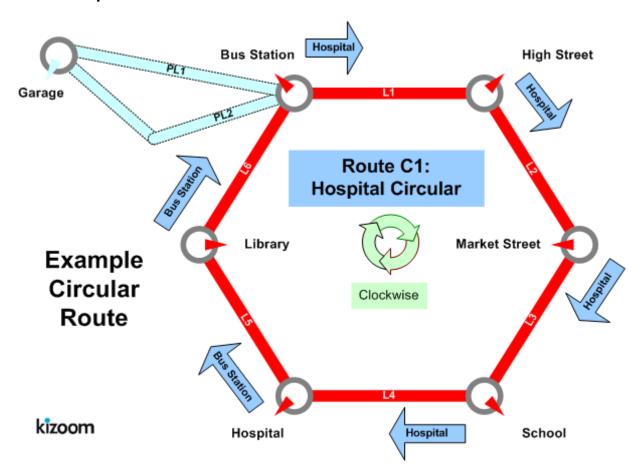
Summary

A circular route served in a clockwise direction by a single operator. All vehicle journeys have the same timings.

- Circular route.
- Reuse of route sections.
- Multiple Line.
- Operational Profile (see below) for different Weekend service, with fewer journeys and different evening journey times. Overriding of a default profile.
- Journeys that run past end of day/midnight boundary.
- Journeys that start after midnight on Saturday but should be shifted to be shown as starting on the Monday to Friday service i.e. be shifted to a different bed and marked with a note that they are in a different day. (TXC v2.4)
- Partial Traversal of Route / Journey Pattern.
- Dead runs, positioning links (Including TXC v2.4 duty crew).
- Operator Garage.
- Service level Vias
- Dynamic Destination Displays.
- Fare Stages (see below).
- Operational data: Vehicle Type, Ticket Machine, Duty crew (see below).
- Operational data Variants for different days (TXC v2.4).
- Reusable Day Types (TXC v2.4).
- Vehicle Type Equipment for Accessibility (TXC v2.4)
- WGS8 coordinates
- General Schema.

Published as: PDF PDF Timetable only

Route Map



Journeys

Bus Station - High Street - Hospital - Bus Station.

				g o.			pitai Bao otationi						
		Based on Ref to	JP1	JP1	JP1	VJ2	VJ2	JP1	JP1	JP1	JP1	JP1	JP1
		Links based on	->JP1	JP1 + start dead run	->JP1	->VJ2	->VJ2	P1 + end dead run	->JP1	->JP1	->JP1	->JP1	->JP1
		Operation al Profile	Override	->JP1	Override	->VJ2	Override	->JP1	Override	Override	Override	Override	Override
		VJ	# A	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#B	#C
		Line	1 Night	1	1	1	1++	1	1 Night	1 Night	1 Night	1 Night	1 Night
Day	S	Service	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S		MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S	MTWTFS S
Of Wee	k	Vehicle Journey	MTWTF- -	"	MTWTF-	(MTWT F)	c	"	MTWTF-	MTWTF-	SS	-TWTFS-	F-
		DayShift	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+1	+1
		Actual	MTWTS	MTWTFS	MTWTF-	MTWTF	MTW-	MTWTFS	MTWTF-	MTWTF-	SS	-TWTFS-	S-

		Days		S	-		FSS	S	-	-			
		Beds	MF	MF, SS	MF	MF	MF, SS	MF, SS	MF	MF	SS	MF	MF
		Dep	(23:55)	(10:29)	(11:00)	(12:00)	(13:00)	(14:00)	(22:30)	(23:30)	(23:33)	(00:00)	(00:10)
хL		Bus Station	23:55**	-	11:00	12:00	13:00	14:00	22:30	23:30	23:33	00:10*	00:20*
1	хL	High St	23:58**	-	11:03	12:03	13:03	14:03	22:33	23:33	23:37	00:13*	00:23*
хL	2	Market St	00:02	-	11:07	12:07	13:07	14:07	22:37	23:37	23:50	00:17*	00:27*
3	хL	School	00:15	-	11:20	12:20	13:20	14:20	22:50	23:50	23:59	00:30*	00:40*
хL	4	Hospital	00:24	10:29	11:29	12:29	13:29	14:29	22:59	23:59	00:18*	00:39*	00:49*
5	хL	Library	00:43	10:48	11:48	12:48	13:48	-	23:18	00:18*	00:30*	00:58*	01:08*
	6	Bus Station	00:55	11:00	12:00	13:00	14:00	-	23:30	00:30*	00:42:*	01:10*	01:20*
			Sunday to Friday	Everyday		Monday to Friday	Not Thursday			Monday to Friday	& Sunday		Fridays Only

^{*} Next Day

Timetable - Clockwise, Monday to Friday

Bus Station - High Street - Hospital - Bus Station.

		VJ	# A	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#B	#C
		Line	1 Night	1	1	1	1++	1	1 Night	1 Night	1 Night	1 Night
Day	s	Actual Days	MTWTS	MTWTFSS	MTWTF	MTWTF	MTW-FSS	MTWTFSS	MTWTF	MTWTF	-TWTFS-	S-
Of V	Veek	Days of week	MTWTF	MTWTFSS	MTWTF	MTWTF	MTW-FSS	MTWTFSS	MTWTF	MTWTF	MTWTF	F-
		DayShift	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+1	+1
		Dep	(23:55))	(10:29)	(11:00)	(12:00)	(13:00)	(14:00)	(22:30)	(23:30)	(00:00)	(00:10)
xL1		Bus Station	23:55**	-	11:00	12:00	13:00	14:00	22:30	23:30	00:10*	00:20*
	xL2	High St	23:58**	-	11:03	12:03	13:03	14:03	22:33	23:33	00:13*	00:23*
xL3	XLZ	Market St	00:02	-	11:07	12:07	13:07	14:07	22:37	23:37	00:17*	00:27*
ALS	xI.4	School	00:15	-	11:20	12:20	13:20	14:20	22:50	23:50	00:30*	00:40*
xL5	XL/4	Hospital	00:24	10:29	11:29	12:29	13:29	14:29	22:59	23:59	00:39*	00:49*
			00:43	10:48	11:48	12:48	13:48	-	23:18	00:18*	00:58*	01:08*
	xL6	Bus Station	00:55	11:00	12:00	13:00	14:00	-	23:30	00:30*	01:10*	01:20*
			Sunday to Friday				Not Thursday				-	Fridays Only

Footnotes

Service runs Monday To Friday

- ** Previous Day
- * Next Day
- ++ Not Thursday

Timetable Clockwise, Saturday & Sunday

Bus Station - High Street - Hospital - Bus Station

		VJ	#1	#4	#5	#8
		Line	1	1	1	1 Night
Days	š	Actual Days	MTWTFSS	MTW-FSS	MTWTFSS	SS
Of		Days of Week	MTWTFSS	MTW-FSS	MTWTFSS	SS
Wee	k	DayShift	0	0	0	0
xL1		Dep	(10:29)	(13:00)	(14:00)	(23:30)
XLI	xL2	High St	-	13:03	14:03	23:33
xL3	XLZ	Market St	-	13:07	14:07	23:37
XLS	xL4	School	-	13:20	14:20	23:50
xL5	XL4	Hospital	10:29	13:29	14:29	23:59
XLS	xL6	Library	10:48	13:48	-	00:18*
	XLO	Bus Station	11:00	14:00	-	00:30*
				Not Thursday		* next day

The XML Representation

XML Document

Service Registration

- The service is not registered.
- There is a single Operator.

Service Structure

- There is a single Service instance SVI, with two Lines 'I'. and '1 Night'.
- There is a single RouteSection, *RS1*, connecting the six stops. It has six RouteLinks between the six stops;
 - o (RL1) Bus Station to High Street,
 - o (RL2) High Street to School,
 - o (RL3) School to Market Street,

- o (RL4) Market Street to Hospital,
- o (RL5) Hospital to Library, and
- o (RL6) Library to Bus Station.
- There is a single Route R1, with the one RouteSection, RS1.
- There is a single JourneyPattern, JP1, with a single JourneyPatternSection instance JS1; corresponding to the route section RS1, and containing six JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, JPTL1 JPTL6, which project onto the respective RouteLink instances RL1-RL6.
 - o **JPTL1** has a DynamicDestination heading of *Hospital*. This will be in effect until the next heading is encountered.
 - The *JPTL4-To* usage has a DynamicDestination heading of *BusStation:* from this point a different destination will be shown.
- There are ten **VehicleJourney** instances, with different day profile conditions, so different journeys get selected for Monday to Friday and for Saturday and Sunday:
 - 1. *VJI* has an initial StartDeadRun run to position the bus at the *Hospital* stop from the Operator's Garage. It has just two vehicle journey timing links, *VJTL5* & *VJTL6*, corresponding to the last two sequential links of the journey pattern, *JPTL5* & *JPTL6*, to visit the last three stops of the route.
 - It inherits an OperationalProfile from JP1 that says it runs MondayToFriday.
 - 2. *VJ2* has six vehicle journey timing links, corresponding to all six journey pattern links, starting at *Bus Station* at 11:00.
 - It has an override OperationalProfile that says it runs
 MondayToFriday
 - 3. *VJ3*, *VJ4* reference VJ2 for all their timing links, specifying only a different start time. (12:00 and 13:00).
 - VJ3 inherits an OperationalProfile from VJ2 that says it runs
 MondayToFriday
 - VJ4 has an override OperationalProfile that says it does not run on **Thursday**, but otherwise runs Monday to Sunday.
 - 4. VJ5 has just three vehicle journey timing links to complete the journey, corresponding to the first three journey pattern timing links, and a final EndDeadRun to return the bus to the *Garage*. It has an override RunningBoard showing the short running
 - 5. VJ6 follows all six links of JP1 starting at Bus Station at 22:30.
 - It has an OperationalProfile that says it runs MondayToFriday
 - 6. **VJ7 follows** all six links of **JP1**, starting at **Bus Station** at 23:30, so its later stages will take place in the next calendar day.
 - It has an OperationalProfile that says it runs MondayToFriday
 - 7. VJ8 follows all six links of JP1 starting at Bus Station at 22:30.
 - It has an OperationalProfile that says it runs Saturday and Sunday only.
- Three of the **vehicleJourney** instances, are day shifted in a different bed, so that a journey that actually takes place on saturday morning appears as part of the

Monday to Friday service (with a footnote) and a journey that actually takes place late on sunday night is grouped as a Monday to Friday service.

- 0. **VJ_A** follows all six links of **JP1** for all its timing links starting at **Bus Station** at **00:10**, .
 - It has an OperationalProfile that says it runs Tuesday,
 Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
 - A negative Day shift causes it to placed in the MondayToFriday bed as the first journey of the day.
- 1. **VJ_B** follows all six links of **JP1** for all its timing links starting at **Bus Station** at **00:20**, .
 - It has an OperationalProfile that says it runs only on Saturday.
 - A negative Day shift causes it to placed in the MondayToFriday bed at the beginning of the day.
- 2. *VJ_C* follows all six links of *JP1* for all its timing links starting at *Bus Station* at 23:55, .
 - It has an OperationalProfile that says it runs Sunday, Monday, T uesday, Wednesday, , and Thursday.
 - A negative Day shift causes it to placed in the MondayToFriday bed as the first journey of the day.

Operational Profile

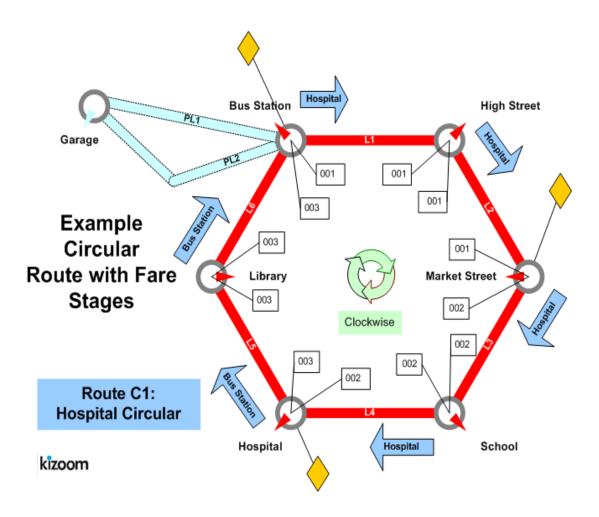
- On the JourneyPattern, OperationalProfile / RegularDayType/ DaysOfWeek / MondayToSunday states that by default that the service runs everyday of the week.
- Some VehicleJourney instances, override this as described above

Operational Details

- The Operator has a Garaged defined.
- A default Service / TicketMachineServiceCode is specified.
- On the JourneyPattern, Operational details are specified:
 - A default TicketMachine /JourneyCode is specified. The
 TicketMachine / Direction is different from that of the service.
 - o A VehicleType is specified.
 - o A default RunningBoard is specified.
- DutyCrew *CRW1* runs the first four journeys. A second DutyCrew *CRW2* takes over at 'Bus Station' to run the final journey #5.
- There are different variants for different days of the week.

Fare Stages

• There are FareStage instances at 'Bus Station', 'Market Street', and 'Hospital'.



Examples 2.5 - Cloverleaf route

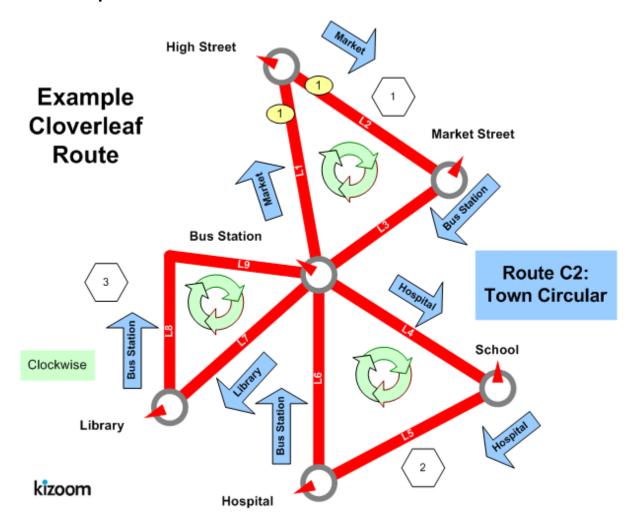
Summary

The bus traces out the outline of a cloverleaf shape with three petals. All vehicle journeys have the same timings.

- Multiple routes composed of shared route sections.
- Multiple journey patterns composed of shared journey pattern sections.
- Visiting the same stop more than once within the same route.
- Frequent services with different Frequency Phrases (see below).
- Stop Sequence Numbers (see below) to control the timetable presentation matrix.
- Dynamic destination displays (see below).
- Short Working.
- Recommended Period end date for service (TXC 2.4).
- Commercial basis on some links (TXC 2.4)

Published as: **PDF**

Route Map



Timetable

	Bus Station to Bus Station											
			#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
			2	2		2		2		2		2
		Bus Station	-	11:0 0		12:0 0		13:0 0		14:0 0		15:0 0
Peta		High St	-	11:0 3	then about			3	then at interval	14:0 3	then at	15:0 3
11		Market St	-	11:0 7	every 5	1112:01	3-7 minutes interval	13:0 7	s of no more than 7	14:0 7	3-8 minutes interval	15:0 7
	Peta	Bus Station	-	11:2 0	minute s until	12:2 0		13:2	mins until	14:2 0		15:2 0
	12	School	-	11:2 9		12:2 9		-		-		-

	Hospita l	-	11:4	12:4 8	-	_	-
		11:0 0	12:0 0	13:0 0	13:2 0	14:2 0	-
Peta 13	Library	11:1 9	12:1 9	13:1 9	13:3 9	14:3 9	-
	Bus Station	11:3 1	12:3 1	13:3 1	13:5 1	14:5 1	-

The XML Representation

XML Document

Service Registration

- The service is not registered
- There is a single Operator.

Service Structure

- There is a single **Service** instance **SV1**, whose routes are all labelled as one **Line** '2'.
- There are three RouteSection instances, one for each leaf of the clover:
 - o **RS1**, has three links between (**L1**) Bus Station to High Street, (**L2**) High Street to Market Street, (**L4**) Market Street to Bus Station.
 - o **RS2**, has three links between (**L1**) Bus Station to School, (**L3**) School to Hospital, (**L5**) Hospital to Bus Station.
 - o **RS3**, has two links between (**L1**) Bus Station to Library, and (**L6**) Library to Bus Station.
- There are five routes **Route** instances defined:
 - o **R1**, **R2**, **R3**, each with a single section (**RS1**, **RS2**, **RS3** respectively) describing a single petal. (**R2** is not actually used)
 - o **R4** visits the first and third petals only (**RS1** & **RS3**).
 - o **R5** describes a route round all three petals, reusing the three sections (**RS1**, **RS2**, **RS3**) in succession.
- There are three JourneyPatternSection instances JS1, JS2, and JS3, corresponding to the three RouteSection instances, with corresponding journey pattern timing links.
- There are five JourneyPatterns, JP1 JP5, composed from the JourneyPatternSection instances in the same way the routes are composed from the route sections.

- There are six VehicleJourney instances, one for each column:
 - *VJ1*, starting at 11:00 (column #1), references *JP3* for its links, to run round the third petal.
 - VJ2, starting at 11:00 (column #2), references JP5 for its links and so has eight VehicleJourneyTimingLinks, corresponding to all eight JourneyPatternLinks.
 - The Frequency element specifies that is a Frequent with a statutory ScheduledFrequency of every 5 minutes, and an EndTime of 12:00, FrequentService is true. The publisher generates both column #1 and column #2.
 - o *VJ3*, starting at 12:00 (column #3), references *JP5* for its links, specifying only a different start time.
 - o **VJ4**, starting at 13:00 (column #4), references **JP4** for its links, to run over the first and third petals
 - o **VJ5**, starting at 13:00 (column #4), references **VJ4** for its links, to also run over the first and third petals
 - o **VJ6**, starting at 11:00 (column #5), references **JP1** for its links, running over just the first petal

Operational Data

• The DynamicDestinationDisplay is specified to change on certain links of the Journey pattern so that the heading changes between the outward and inward link, for instance for petal 1 at *Bus Station* and *High Street* it shows 'Market Street, but at Market Street, it shows 'Bus Station'

Use of Stop Sequence Numbers

Stop sequence numbers are used to coerce a specific ordering of the stops within a matrix timetable when published.

Frequency Phrases

The phrase used in frequency group column in the published output will be derived from the Frequency Parameters as follows.

		Freque	ency			
Case	Frequent Service	Scheduled- Frequency Interval (mins)	Minimum Frequency Interval (mins)	(mins)	show in matrix column for NON-	Result Phrase to show in matrix column for REGISTRATIONS
VJ2	true	5	-	l I	minutes until	Frequent service at least every 10 mins until

VJ3	true	7	4	-		Frequent service at least every 10 mins until
VJ4	true	8	-	7	no more than 7	Frequent service at least every 10 mins until
VJ5	true	6	3	8		Frequent service at least every 10 mins until

Alternative XML Representation

Vehicle Journeys #1 & #5 could also be coded to use the same Route & Journey pattern as Vehicle Journey #2, using start and end Dead Runs to indicate short workings for the route. *R1*, *R5*, *JP1*, *JP5* would then not be needed.

Notes

N.B. The variable phrasing for the Frequent Services is only available with the 20072.4 and later Enhanced publisher

Examples 2.5 - Delta Example (V2.4)

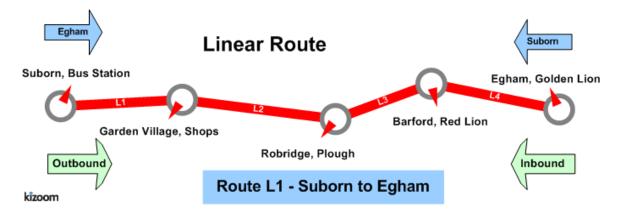
Summary

General Delta exchange of just the changes to a timetable. Uses the general_delta schema. This does note cross check key references. Changes are based on the **Linear timetable example (see below)**

- delta route.
- Changes to just individual elements

TransXChange XML Document	Particulars and Matrix output PDF	Route Map Output
delta.xml (One direction only)	not publishable	not publishable

Route Map



Timetable

Outbound									
Line L1		Journeys							
	#1		#2						
Suborn, Bus Station	07:02		19:00						
Garden Village, Shops	07:20		19:20						
Robridge, Plough	07:40	And then every 7 minutes until 18:30	19:40						
Barford, Red Lion	07:50		19:50						
Egham, Golden Lion	08:00		20:00						

The XML Representation

Outbound

- T Only a single outbound **VehicleJourney** instances v1_1, based on **JourneyPattern jp_1**: is changed
 - \circ It has a revised **DepartureTime** of 7.02.

Notes

Examples 2.5 - Express route

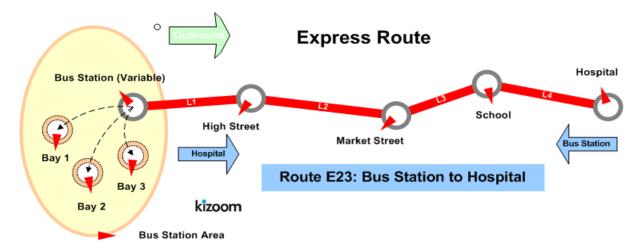
Summary

A linear route with express journey patterns running over it that omit stops.

- Express service.
- Short working.
- Vehicle journey timing link reuse.
- Overriding of Journey Pattern Timing Link Run Times with different values on the Vehicle Journey Timing links for some journeys.
- Additional Wait times at stop; on arrival, on departure, on first or intermediate stops.
- Monday to Sunday Service.
- Holiday Day Type Exclusions (see below).
- Local Stop Point definitions for an Off Street Bus Station: BCQ, BCE and BCS Stop Types, SMS stop codes.
- Local Stop Area definition for bus station.
- Vehicle Journey Footnote.
- Variable Bay Allocation (see below).
- General Schema.
- Marketing Name (TXC v2.4).

TransXChange XML Document	Particulars and Matrix output PDF	Route Map Output
express.xml (One direction only)		Route Map PDF Route Map PDF (no background)

Route Map



Timetable

			Bus St	tation t	o Hosp	oital		
		#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	Stop Types
		E23	E23	E23	E23	E23	E23	
Bus Station, Bay Area	dep	10:00	11:00	12:00	-	14:10	15:10	BCE + BCQ + BCS(x3)
Two ob are High Ct	arr	10:03	11:03	-	-	14:18	15:18	BCT
Tweeham, High St	dep	10:03	11:03	-	-	14:28	15:28	
Tweeham, Market St	dep	10:07	-	12:07	13:07	14:37	15:37	BCT
Trus alogue Calagal	arr	10:20	11:20	-	13:20	-	-	
Tweeham, School	dep	10:20	11:20	-	13:30	-	_	BCT
Tweeham, Hospital	dep	10:29	11:29	12:29	13:39	-	-	BCT

- Service operates from 01/01/2004 until 13/06/2004
- Service operates Monday to Sunday
- Service does not run Christmas Day, Boxing Day, Good Friday, New Years Day, Late Summer Bank Holiday (Not Scotland), May Day, Easter Monday, Christmas Day Holiday, New Years Day Holiday, ChristmasEve, NewYearsEve
- Service does not run 02/06/2004
- Service runs 01/06/2004
- Services #1-#4 normally run from Bus Station Bay 1.
- Service #1 runs from Bus Station Bay2 2004-08-01 to 2004-10-
- Service #5 always runs from Bus Station Bay 3,

In this example the last journey overrides the default run times . In additional wait times are specified for some stops. The following table shows the timetable additionally annotated with the vehicle journey run times (default values inherited from the journey pattern shown in brackets) and the wait times (additional wait times prefixed by a +).

	JP Run Time (Mins)		VJ run & Wait	#	VJ run & Wait	#')	VJ run & Wait		VJ run & Wait	#/	VJ run & Wait	#5	#6
				E23	E23								
		start		10:00		11:00		12:00				14:00	15:00
Bus Station		dep		10:00		11:00		12:00			+w10	14:10	15:10
	r3		(r3)		(r3)		(r3)		sr		+r8		
High St		arr		10:03		11:03	pass				+w10	14:08	15:08
nıgn sı		dep		10:03		11:03	pass		sr			14:28	15:28
	r4		(r4)		(r4)		(r4)				+r9		
Market St		dep		10:07	pass			12:07		13:07		14:37	15:37
	r13		(r13)				(r13)		(r13)		sr		

School		arr		10:20		11:20	pass		13:20		-	-
School		dep		10:20		11:20	pass	+w10	13:30		-	-
	r9		(r9)		(r9)		(r9)	(r9)		sr		

The XML Representation

One way encoding this example would be to have a separate route and journey pattern for each column, thus there would be five routes and five journey patterns, each with a single section. Since however the vehicle travels over the same route in the same order, but just passes by certain stops it is possible also to encode it in a less verbose manner by having a single journey pattern with a stop activity of pass at certain stops.

XML Document

Service Registration

- The service is not registered
- There is a single Operator.

Service Structure

- There is a single **Service** instance *SV1*, with one **Line** '1'.
- There are nine **StopPoint** instances.
 - Five stops make up a locally defined bus station, comprising an Entrance (bus stop type BCE), an off-street general AccessArea (bus stop type BCQ), and three Bay instances (bus stop type BCS).
 - o There are four on-street stops, all references to existing NaPTAN stops.
- There is a single RouteSection rs_1 with four RouteLink instances rl_1-rl_4 connecting the stops.
- There is a single JourneyPatternSection JPS1 made up of four JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, *JPTL1-4*, with RunTime values of 3, 4, 13, and9 minutes respectively.
- There is a single JourneyPattern instances;
 - o **JP_1**, section: **JS_1**
- There are seven **VehicleJourney** instances, all for **Ln_1** 'E23', and using **JP1**. The instances all use the same set of **JourneyPatternTimingLink** instances, but define different stop activities (e.g. pass) to specify the different express stopping patterns:
 - *VJ_1*, with a departure time of *10:00*, stopping at all stops. *VJ_1* appears in column #1.

- There is a variable stop allocation the bay in the bus station, specified on the From part of the first
 VehicleJourneyTimingLink - see below.
- o *VJ_2*, with a departure time of *11:00* (column #2), which has a timing links annotated with a **VehicleJourneystopUsage / Activity** of 'pass' for the *Market Street* stop to indicate that the bus does not stop there.
- VJ_3, with a departure time of 12:00 (column #3), which has a
 VehicleJourneyStopUsage / Activity of 'pass' for High Street. and for
 School.
- VJ_4, with a departure time of 13:07 (column #4), which has a short working: a dummy StartDeadRun is used to indicate that the service starts at Market Street.
 - There is an extra WaitTime of 10 Minutes on departure from the School stop, specified on the From usage of VehicleJourneyTimingLink VJ4_TL4.
- VJ_5, with a departure time of 14:00 (column #5), which has a short working: a dummy EndDeadRun is used to indicate that the service ends at Market Street.
 - A DynamicDestinationDisplay of *Market Street*. is used to override the default destination of *Hospital*.
 - Both links of this journey takes longer so has a explicit override values of 8.00 and 9.00 minutes for the RunTime on the
 VehicleJourneyTimingLink instances of the Journey.
 - There is an extra Waittime of 10 Minutes on arrival at the High Street stop, specified on the To usage of VehicleJourneyTimingLink VJ5 TL1.
- o *VJ_6*, with a departure time of *15:00* (column #6), Reuses the links from *V.I_5*.
- o *VJ_7*, with a departure time of *18:00* (column #6), Reuses the links from *VJ_1*.

The Operating Days

- The **service operating period** for *SV_1* starts on *02/01/2002* for all vehicle journeys and continues indefinitely
- The OperatingProfile for the **service** *SV_1* states values that apply to all journeys unless overridden on a journey pattern or individual vehicle journey.
 - The RegularDayType specifies journeys of the service run Monday to Sunday every week of the year
 - The BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfNonOperation states journeys of the service do not run LateSummerBankHolidayNotScotland, MayDay, EasterMonday, ChristmasDayHoliday, NewYearsDayHoliday, ChristmasEve, NewYearsEve.
 - o The SpecialDaysOperation / DaysOfOperation states that journeys of the service are will run on 01/06/2004 regardless.

• The SpecialDaysOperation / DaysOfNonOperation states that all services will not run on 02/06/2004.

Variable Stop Allocation

The use of bays in the bus station for the stop varies for different vehicle journeys within the day, and on different days

- The Route and JourneyPattern specify that the Service goes to a StopPoint of type BCQ in the *Bus Station*.
- The *Bus Station* is also defined as a **StopArea** of type *GBCS*, and the *BCQ* **StopPoint** and the three bay **StopPoint** instances of type *BCS* are assigned to it. (This is good practice but is not strictly required in order for the variable allocation to work).
- On the JourneyPattern jp_1 , a DefaultStopAllocation assigns the 'Bus Station' BCQ stop to depart from BCS stop 'Bay 1' unless otherwise specified.
- The VehicleJourney instances override this as follows:
 - \circ VJ_1, with a departure time of 10:00,
 - o VJ_2, VJ_3, VJ_4, use the journey pattern default.

Alternate XML Representation

It would also be possible instead of using dead runs to indicate the short working, to simply use a 'pass' activity for the two successive end stops not visited on each of the two journeys that are short workings.

Examples 2.5 - Eye route

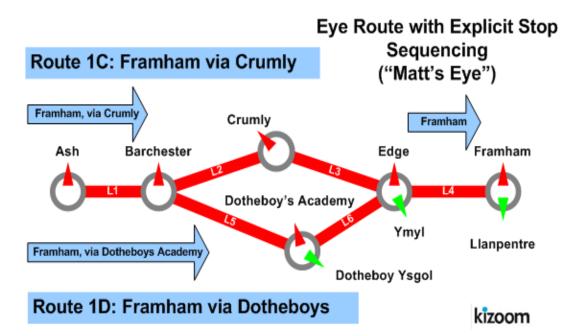
Summary

A line running over an eye physical shaped route, with two alternative branch variants.

- Multiple routes composed of some shared route sections.
- Multiple journey patterns composed of some shared journey pattern sections.
- Use of Stop Sequence Numbers (see below) to control the stop row order in the timetable matrix.
- Bilingual support (see below) in Welsh.
- Dynamic Destination Displays (see below)
- Different Running Boards (see below)
- Registration Schema.

Published as: PDF (English) Published as: PDF (Cymraeg)

Route Map



Timetable

Ash to Framham, via Crumly or Dotheboy's

		#1	#2	SequenceNumber
English	Welsh	1C	1D	#
Ash		10:00	11:00	1
Barchester		10:10	11:10	2

Crumley		10:12		3
Dotheboy's	Dotheboy ysgol		11:15	4
Edge	Ymyl	10:15	11:21	5
Framham	Llanpentre	10:20	11:26	6

The XML Representation

- XML Document (English)
- XML Document (Cymraeg)

Service Registration

- There is a single **Operator**. *O1* 'Dai Larid'
- The service is registered, classified as a rural service with NormalStopping

Service Structure

- There is a single **Service** instance *SVI*, with two **Line** instances: '*IC*' and '*ID*'
- There are five **StopPoint** instances. Three of the stops have bilingual names.
- There are four RouteSection instances, *RS1-RS4*, with RouteLink instances to connect the six stops. (See Diagram above).
 - o **RS1** has **RL1** only, connecting A-B
 - o **RS2** has **RL2** & **RL3**, connecting *B-C-E*.
 - o **RS3** has **RL5** & **RL6**, connecting B-D-E.
 - o **RS4** has **RL4** only, connecting *D-F*
- There are two Route instances;
 - o *R1*, comprising RouteSection instances *RS1-RS2-RS4*, such that the RouteLinks run *A-B-C-E-F*.
 - o **R2**, comprising RouteSection instances **RS1-RS3-RS4**, such that the RouteLinks run A-B-D-E-F.
- There are four JourneyPatternSection instances JS1-JS4; corresponding to the route sections, and containing JourneyPatternTimingLink instances. JPTL1 JPTL6, which project onto the respective RouteLink instances RL1-RL6.
- There are two JourneyPattern instances,
 - JP1 running A-B-C-E-F over R1, and comprising
 JourneyPatternSection instances JS1-JS2-JS4, with timings on each of the timing links. A preferred stop sequence is specified:
 - **JS1** [**JPTL1** [10 mn, from:1, to: 2]]
 - JS2

[**JPTL2** [2 mn, from:2, to: 3], J

PTL3 [3 mn, from:3, to: 5] with DynamicDestination 'Framham' and Vias 'Edge'].

- **JS4** [**JPTL4** [4 mn, from:5, to: 6] With DynamicDestination 'Framham' and **Vias/None**].
- The **Vias** at the beginning show: 'Crumley', 'Edge'.
- JP2 running A-B-D-E-F over R2, and comprising
 JourneyPatternSection instances JS1-JS3-JS4 A with timings on each
 of the timing links. A preferred stop sequence
 - **JS1** [**JPTL1**[10 mn, from:1, to: 2]]
 - JS3

[**JPTL5** [5 mn, from:2, to: 4],

JPTL6 [6 mn, from:4, to: 5] with DynamicDestination 'Framham' and Vias 'Edge'].

- **JS4** [**JPTL4** [4 mn, from:5, to: 6]] With DynamicDestination 'Framham' and **Vias/None**
- There are two VehicleJourney instances:
 - o *VJ1* following *JP1* over *A-B-C-E-F*, starting at *10:00*.
 - The DynamicDestination at the beginning shows: 'Framham, Via Crumly'.
 - The **Vias** at the beginning show: 'Crumley', 'Edge'.
 - The journey pattern specifies that the **DynamicDestination** changes at Edge to just 'Framham'.
 - o **VJ2** following **JP2** over A-B-D-E-F, starting at 11:00, with a longer time for **JPTL4**.
 - **JS4** [**JPTL4**[6 *mn*, from:5, to: 6]].
 - The DynamicDestination at the beginning shows: 'Framham, Via Dotheboy's'.
 - The **vias** at the beginning show: 'Crumley', 'Dotheboy's.
 - The journey pattern specifies that the **DynamicDestination** changes at *Edge* to just *'Framham'*.

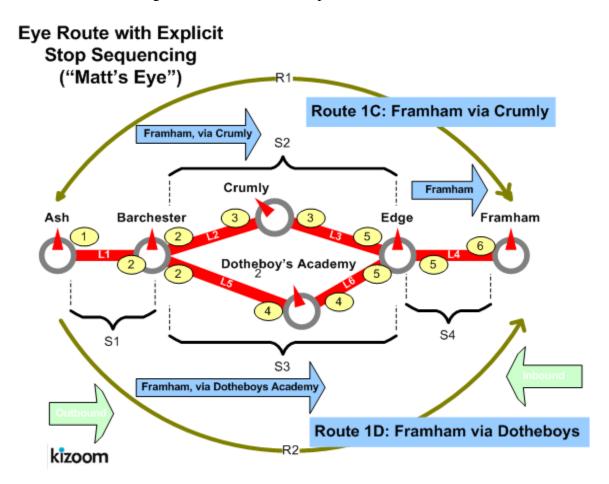
Operational Data

Different DynamicDestinationDisplays are used for the service via *Crumley* and via *Dotheboy's*.

Use of Sections & Stop Sequence Numbers

Sections are used to reuse links between journeys.

Stop sequence numbers are used to coerce a specific ordering of the stops within a matrix timetable when published. The following diagram shows the journey pattern sections, with individual timing links annotated with stop section numbers.



Bilingual Support

The last three stops of the route lie within a Welsh speaking area and have bilingual stop names. Most text elements in TransXChange have

- The NaPTAN **StopPoint** definitions include alternative common names and other descriptor elements in Welsh
- The primary language for the TransXChange document is specified on the root **TransXChange** element for Welsh this is '*cy*'.
 - When published in Welsh, the Welsh versions of the stop names are used, along with any Welsh alternatives for Destinations, Notes and other text that is available from the originating system.

Cymraeg XML | published as PDF

Alternative Representation

The following shows the same example published without explicit stop sequence numbers

Unsequenced XML | published as PDF

Examples 2.5 - Flexible route

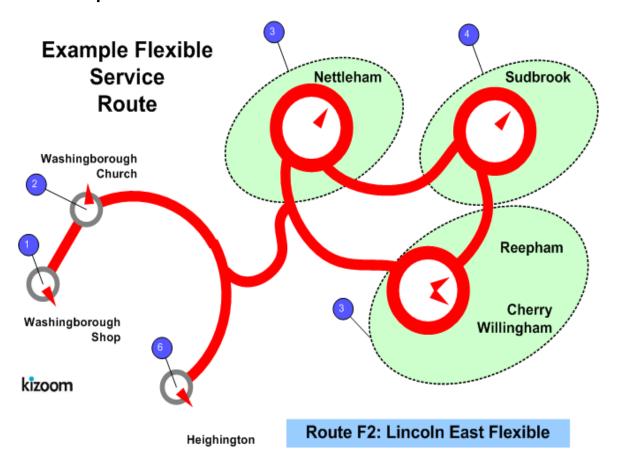
Summary

A flexible service route.

- Flexible zones for pick up and set down.
- Fixed stops for pick up and set down.
- Flexible time bands (see below).
- Registration Schema.

Published as: PDF

Route Map



Timetable		
	#1	#2
	Monday to Friday, excluding public holdays	Bank Holiday Mondays
Band 1	09:00 - 18:00	10:00-12:00
Band 2		16:00:1400

The XML Representation

XML Document

Service Structure

- Here is a single Service instance SV1, with one Line 'L1', with LineName 'H145'.
- The Registration is for a single Operator.
- There is a single **FlexibleJourneyPattern**, **jp_1**, which references six **StopPoint** instances:
 - Three Fixed stops: Washingborough Church, Washingborough Shop, South Heighton.
 - Three FlexibleZone stops: Nettleham, Sudbrook and Cherry Willingham. The Cherry Willingham stop is also associated with the Reepham locality.
- There are two single FlexibleVehicleJourney instances, both based on JourneyPattern jp_1:
 - The first, VJ1, follows jp_1 on the default operational days of the service. It has a single TimeBand from 09:00 to 18:00 any changes to the timings on the JourneyPatternTimingLink instances.
 - The second *VJ2* runs only on **Bank Holiday Mondays and** has a start time of **10.00**. It has a frequent service of every *10 minutes*, and an end time of *16:30*.

The Operating Days

- The **Service** OperatingPeriod for SV_1 starts on 02/01/2005 for all vehicle journeys and continues indefinitely
- The service OperatingProfile says it runs MondayToFriday except on any bank holidays.

- The RegularDayType specifies journeys of the service run MondayToFriday every week.
- o **The BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfNonOperation** states journeys of the service do not run on public holidays or early run off days. A special public holiday is also defined for 2005/13/0.
- VehicleJourney Vj2 has an override **OperatingProfile** which specifies it runs only on BankHolidayMondays.
 - o The RegularDayType specifies journeys of the service run Holidays only.
 - o The BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfoperation states journeys of the service run on HolidayMondays.

Examples 2.5 - Footnotes

Summary

Registration for a large route with many footnotes.

- Many stops (101).
- Many vehicle journeys (144).
- Some operating date rule.
- Layover points and Operational date.
- Use of Stop Sequence numbers to control row order in matrix.
- Complex footnote conditions and optimisation (2007 Enhanced publisher only).
- Page overflow in both horizontal and vertical directions.

Published as: PDF Matrix only: PDF

Route Map

See Map PDF (to be confirmed)

Timetable

See PDF (to be confirmed)

The XML Representation

XML Document

• The service has multiple individual services and more journeys than will fit on a single page.

Service Registration

- The service is Registered.
- There is a single **Operator**.

Service Structure

- There is a single **Service** instance SV1, with two **Lines** '215' and '215A'.
- There are 101 **StopPoint** instances, more than will fit vertically on a single page.
- There are 10 *Route* instances and 33 **RouteSection** instances with **RouteLink** instances connecting the stops.
- There are are 33 **JourneyPatternSection** corresponding to the **RouteSections**.

- There are 10 **JourneyPattern** instances, five outbound and five return.
- There are 144 **VehicleJourney** instances, all for Ln_1 , all based on JP_1.

Notes

N.B. The *footnote optimisation is only available with the 2007 2.4* Enhanced publisher. Prior to that the individual journeys would all be published as separate Frequency Group columns.

Examples 2.5 - Grouping route (TXC v2.4)

Summary

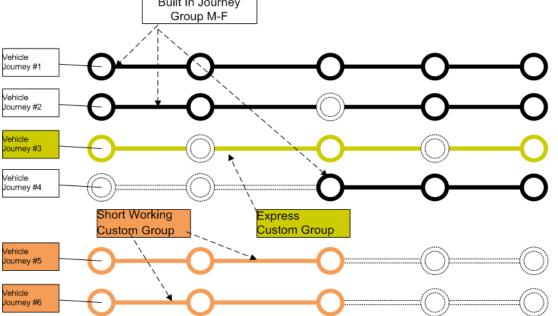
A linear route with Custom Grouping of journeys to create additional bed.

- Custom Grouping (see below) of service journeys (TXC v2.4).
- Override labels for Journey groupings (TXC v2.4).
- Suppression of a Built-in journey Grouping / Matrix bed (TXC v2.4).
- Short working.
- Vehicle journey timing link reuse.
- Overriding of Journey Pattern Timing Link Run Times with different values on the Vehicle Journey Timing links for some journeys.
- Additional Wait times at stop; on arrival, on departure, on first or intermediate stops.
- Monday to Sunday Service. Day Type Restrictions (see below) on certain journeys
- Holiday Day Type Exclusions (see below).
- Vehicle Journey Footnote.
- Operational Calendar (see below) (TXC v2.4). Day Assignments
- Data Rights (see below). (TXC v2.4)
- Registration Schema.

TransXChange XML Document	Particulars and Matrix output PDF	Route Map Output
Grouping.xml	Particulars and Matrix PDF	Route Map PDF
(One direction only)		Route Map PDF (no
		background)

Route Map





Timetable

This example segregates the journeys in the following table into four beds (as coloured white, green, orange, yellow)

Saffron Crossroads to Weldon Road									
		#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	
		E23	E23	E23	E23	E23	E23	E23	
Saffron Crossroads	dep	10:00	11:00	12:00	-	14:10	15:10	18:00	
Glonhills Roulovard	arr	10:03	11:03	-	-	14:18	15:18	18:03	
	dep	10:03	11:03	_	-	14:28	15:28	18:03	

Roehampton Drive	dep	10:07	-	12:07	13:07	14:37	15:37	18:07
Carleton Drive	arr	10:20	11:20	-	13:20	-	_	18:20
	dep	10:20	11:20	_	13:30	-	_	18:20
Weldon Road	dep	10:29	11:29	12:29	13:39	-	-	18:29

- Service operates from 01/01/2004 until 13/06/2004
- Service operates Monday to Sunday

1. Built-in Bed: Saffron Crossroads to Weldon Road E23 Regular Service

The first three journeys and the last one are added to the built in beds for Monday to Friday, and Saturday (which are then merged into a single bed because they are the same T)

Outbound, Monday to Saturday

		#1	#2	#4	#7
		E23	E23	E23	E23
Saffron Crossroads	dep	10:00	11:00	-	18:00
Glenhills Boulevard	arr	10:03	11:03	-	18:03
	dep	10:03	11:03	-	18:03
Roehampton Drive	dep	10:07	_	13:07	18:07
Carleton Drive	arr	10:20	11:20	13:20	18:20
	dep	10:20	11:20	13:30	18:20
Weldon Road	dep	10:29	11:29	13:39	18:29

2. Custom Bed #1 :Saffron Crossroads to Weldon Road Express

The express Journey is shown in a custom bed

Outbound, Express

		#3
		E23
Saffron Crossroads	dep	12:00
Roehampton Drive	dep	12:07
Weldon Road	dep	12:29

3. Custom Bed #2.: Saffron Crossroads to Weldon Road, Tuesday & Thursday only

The two short working Journeys #5 #6 are shown in a another custom bed

		#5	#6
		E23	E23
Saffron Crossroads	dep	14:10	15:10
Clarkilla Daylayand	arr	14:18	15:18
Glenhills Boulevard	dep	14:28	15:28
Tweeham, Roehampton Drive	dep	14:37	15:37

Service runs Tuesdays and Thursdays only

4. Suppressed Bed

The Sunday built in journey grouping, is suppressed completely: this means that the last Journey, #7, which is in both the *Monday to Friday*, *Saturday* and the *Sunday* bed, appears as a *Monday* to *Saturday* journey but that there is no *Sunday* bed.

		#7
		E23
Saffron Crossroads, Bay Area	dep	18:00
Claubilla Daulanand	arr	18:03
Glenhills Boulevard	dep	18:03
Roehampton Drive	dep	18:07
Caulton Duine	arr	18:20
Carlton Drive	dep	18:20
Weldon Road	dep	18:29

In this example the last journey overrides the default run times. In additional wait times are specified for some stops. The following table shows the timetable additionally annotated with the vehicle journey run times (default values inherited from the journey pattern shown in brackets) and the wait times (additional wait times prefixed by a +).

	JP Run Time (Mins)		VJ run & Wait	#1	VJ run & Wait	#2	VJ run & Wait	#3	VJ run & Wait	#4	VJ run & Wait	#5	#6	VJ run & Wait	#7
				E23	E23		E23								
		start		10:00		11:00		12:00				14:00	15:00		18:00
Saffron Crossroads		dep		10:00		11:00		12:00			+w10	14:10	15:10		18:00
	r3		(r3)		(r3)		(r3)		sr		+r8			(r3)	
Glenhills		arr		10:03		11:03	pass				+w10	14:08	15:08		18:03
Boulevard		dep		10:03		11:03	pass		sr			14:28	15:28		18:03
	r4		(r4)		(r4)		(r4)				+r9			(r4)	
Roehampton Drive		dep		10:07	pass			12:07		13:07		14:37	15:37		18:07
	r13		(r13)				(r13)		(r13)		sr			(r13)	
a k D:		arr		10:20		11:20	pass			13:20		-	-		18:20
Carlton Drive		dep		10:20		11:20	pass		+w10	13:30		-	-		18:20
	r9		(r9)		(r9)		(r9)		(r9)		sr			(r9)	
Weldon Road		dep		10:29		11:29		12:29		13:39					18:29

The XML Representation

One way encoding this example would be to have a separate route and journey pattern for each column, thus there would be five routes and five journey patterns, each with a single section. Since however the vehicle travels over the same route in the same order, but just passes by certain stops it is possible also to encode it in a less verbose manner by having a single journey pattern with a stop activity of pass at certain stops.

XML Document

Service Registration

- The service is not registered
- There is a single Operator. code "Op_02", with id 01.

Service Structure

- There is a single Service instance SVI, with one Line '1'.
- There are six on-street **StopPoint**, all references to existing NaPTAN stops.
- There is a single RouteSection *rs_1* with four RouteLink instances *rl_1-rl_4* connecting the stops.
- There is a single JourneyPatternSection JPS1 made up of four JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, *JPTL1-4*, with RunTime values of 3, 4, 13, and9 minutes respectively.
- There is a single JourneyPattern instances;
 - o **JP_1**, section: **JS_1**
- There are six **VehicleJourney** instances, all for **Ln_1** 'E23', and using **JP1**. The instances all use the same set of **JourneyPatternTimingLink** instances, but define different stop activities (e.g. pass) to specify the different express stopping patterns:
 - o **VJ_1**, with a departure time of 10:00, stopping at all stops. **VJ_1** appears in column #1.
 - There is a variable stop allocation the bay in the Saffron Crossroads, specified on the From part of the first
 VehicleJourneyTimingLink - see below.
 - o **VJ_2**, with a departure time of 11:00 (column #2), which has a timing links annotated with a **VehicleJourneyStopUsage** / **Activity** of 'pass' for the *Roehampton Drive* stop to indicate that the bus does not stop there.
 - VJ_3, with a departure time of 12:00 (column #3), which has a
 VehicleJourneyStopUsage / Activity of 'pass' for Glenhills Boulevard.
 and for Carlton Drive.
 - o **VJ_4**, with a departure time of 13:07 (column #4), which has a short working: a dummy **StartDeadRun** is used to indicate that the service starts at *Roehampton Drive*.

- There is an extra waitTime of 10 Minutes on departure from the Carlton Drive stop, specified on the From usage of VehicleJourneyTimingLink VJ4_TL4.
- o **VJ_5**, with a departure time of 14:00 (column #5), which has a short working: a dummy EndDeadRun is used to indicate that the service ends at Roehampton Drive.
 - A DynamicDestinationDisplay of *Roehampton Drive*. is used to override the default destination of *Weldon Road*.
 - Both links of this journey takes longer so has a explicit override values of 8.00 and 9.00 minutes for the RunTime on the VehicleJourneyTimingLink instances of the Journey.
 - There is an extra Waitrime of 10 Minutes on arrival at the Glenhills Boulevard stop, specified on the To usage of VehicleJourneyTimingLink VJ5_TL1.
- *VJ_6*, with a departure time of *15:00* (column #6), Reuses the links from *VJ 5*.

The Operating Days

- The **Service operating period** for **SV_1** starts on 02/01/2002 for all vehicle journeys and continues indefinitely
- The OperatingProfile for the Service SV_I states values that apply to all journeys unless overridden on a journey pattern or individual vehicle journey.
 - The RegularDayType specifies journeys of the service run Monday to Sunday every week of the year
 - The BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfNonOperation states journeys of the service do not run LateSummerBankHolidayNotScotland, MayDay, EasterMonday, ChristmasDayHoliday, NewYearsDayHoliday, ChristmasEve, NewYearsEve.
 - The SpecialDaysOperation / DaysOfOperation states that journeys of the service are will run on 01/06/2004 regardless.
 - o The SpecialDaysOperation / DaysOfNonOperation states that all services will not run on 02/06/2004.
 - VJ_5, VJ_6, Have an override profile that say they run only on Tuesdays
 & Thursdays

The Journey Groupings

- Three *Outbound* Built in Journey Groupings are included
 - o MondayToFridayJourneyGrouping with description "E232 Regular" and vias "Glenhills Boulevard", "Market" and "Carlton Drive".
 - o SaturdayJourneyGrouping with description "E232 Saturday Short Service" and Vias "Glenhills Boulevard" only.
 - SundayJourneyGrouping With Contents / None to suppress the matrix.

- Two CustomJourneyGroupings are added for
 - o cusgrp_01 with description "E232 Express" and vias / None. It includes VehicleJourneys Vj5 and Vj6.
 - o cusgrp_02 with description "E232 Sunday Short" and vias "Glenhills Boulevard". It includes VehicleJourney Vj3 only.

The Data Rights

- Two sets of DataRights are specified
 - o For the Operator. 01. (Speedy buses) there is a single right dr_01 permitting unrestricted use under the given terms and conditions
 - o For the Contributor. 02 (Rival buses) there is a single right dr_02 requiring a commercial licences for use of tagged items and use under separate terms and conditions.
- The DataRights are referenced as follows
 - \circ The document references dr_01 , indicating all of the contents except where specifically excluded are available under the associated terms.
 - VehicleJourney *Vj3* reference *dr_02* indicating it is owned by *Rival buses* and subject to different rights.

The Calendar

- A Calendar specifies the DayAssignments for Christmas 2010
 - Three separate DayAssignments specify the service for well known bank holidays ChristmasEve, ChristmasDay and BoxingDay to use the day types day_01, day_02, Day_02 respectively.
 - o Four DayAssignments specify the service for a special holiday "Slevin Day" as type Day 03.

Examples 2.5 - Hail & Ride route

Summary

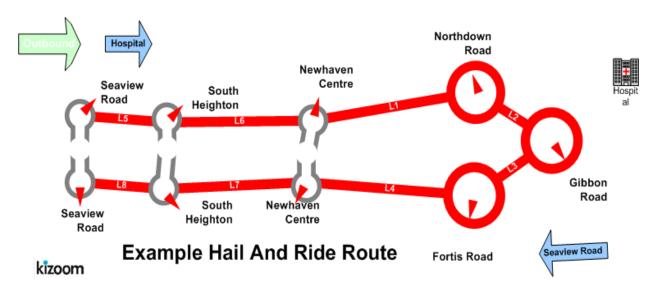
A hail and ride route:

- Use of Hail and Ride sections.
- Route with Hail and Ride only sections, Non-Hail and Ride stops and mixed stop.
- Full lollipop.
- Short Notice Registration (see below).
- Some locally defined stops.
- FrequentService, specified as minutes past the hour, but not a Frequent Service.
- Workflow Attributes (TXC v2.4).
- Scottish Holidays, including St Andrew's Day & January 2md (TXC v2.4).

Published as: PDF

Route Map

Route H145: Seaview Road - South Heighton - Hospital



Timetable									
Stops		Journeys							
	#1	#2	#3						
Seaview Road	10:1	10	19:00						
South Heighton	10:3	And then at 10 and 42 minutes past the	9:30						
Newhaven Centre	10:4	hour until 1642	20:10						

Northdown Road	Hail & Ride section	10:50	19:4
Gibbon Road	Hail & Ride section	11:00	19:50
Fortis Road	Hail & Ride section	11:10	20:0
Newhaven Centre		11:20	20:10
South Heighton		11:30	20:20
Seaview Road		11:50	20:40

The XML Representation

XML Document

Service Registration

- The **Registration** is for a single **Operator**.
- The Registration is circulated to three authorities.
- It has **ShortNoticeRegistration** details specified as well

Service Structure

- Here is a single Service instance SV1, with one Line 'L1', with LineName 'H145'.
- There are six **stopPoint** instances:
 - o Three fixed stops: 'Seaview Road, South Heighton, Newhaven Centre'
 - Three HailAndRide section stops: 'Northdown Road, Gibbon Road Fortis Road'. 'Gibbon Road' also has a fixed stop.
- There are three RouteSection instances:
 - o *rs_b1* connecting the outward handle of the lollipop.
 - There are two RouteLink instances rl_b5, rl_b6, running 'Seaview Road South Heighton NewHaven Centre'.
 - o rs_b2 connecting the hail and ride stops in the lollipop ring.
 - There are four RouteLink instances $rl_b1 rl_b4$, running 'NewHaven Centre South Heighton Seaview Road'.
 - o *rs_b3* connecting the return handle of the lollipop.
 - There are two RouteLink instances rl_b7 rl_b8, running 'NewHaven Centre South Heighton Seaview Road'.
- There is a single Route r_b1 containing the RouteSections r_b1 , r_b2 , r_b3 .

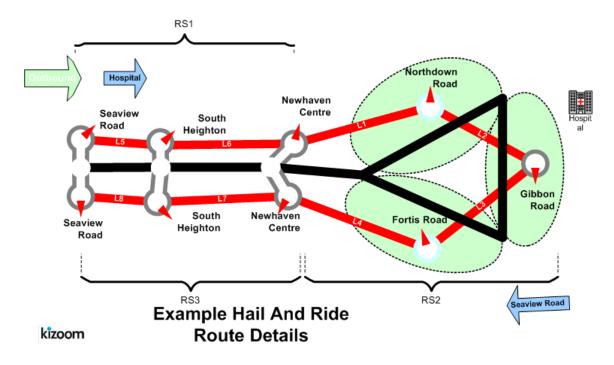
- There are three JourneyPatternSections:
 - o *js_b1* covering the outbound traversal of **rs_2**.
 - There are two JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, jptl_b5, jptl_b6, each referencing the corresponding route link.
 - o **js_b2** connecting the hail and ride stops in the lollipop ring.
 - There are four JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, *jptl_b1 j ptl_b4*, each referencing the corresponding route link. The links are marked as HailAndRide links
 - o *js_b3* covering the return traversal of **rs_2**.
 - There are two JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, jptl_b7, jptl_b8, each referencing the corresponding route link.
- There is a single JourneyPattern, jp_b1 , that follows route r_b1 .
- There are two VehicleJourney instances based on JourneyPattern jp_b1:
 - VJ_1, follows JP1 without any changes to the timings on the JourneyPatternTimingLink instances. It has a start time of 10.00.
 - The Frequency element specifies that is a Frequency Based service with a MinutesPastTheHour values of 10 and 42 minutes past the hour, and an end time of 16:42. For which the publisher generates both column #1 and column #2. The service is not a statutory Frequent Service, so FrequentService is false
 - o VJ_2, follows JP1 without any changes to the timings on the **JourneyPatternTimingLink** instances. It has a start time of 19.40.

The Operating Days

• The service OperatingProfile says it runs Monday to Friday every day of the year.

Hail and Ride

Route H145: Seaview Road - South Heighton - Hospital



Notes

This example was refined for in the 2.4 Enhanced publisher to *not* be a Frequent Service.

Examples 2.5 - Large route

Summary

Registration for a set of long routes

- Many stops, requiring page breaking vertically to publish.
- Many vehicle journeys, requiring page breaking horizontally to publish.
- Some operational date rules.
- Sharing of Sections & Journeys.
- Timing links with zero values.
- Multiple Frequency based services, breaking horizontally to publish.

Published as: **PDF**

Route Map

Not shown - see map pdf (to be confirmed)

Timetable

Not shown - see pdf (to be confirmed)

The XML Representation

XML Document

- There is a single **Service** instance **SV1**, with one **Line** 'A1'.
- The service has more stops than will fit on a single page and more journeys than will fit on a single page

Service Registration

- The service is Registered.
- There is a single Operator.

Service Structure

- There is a single Service instance SVI, with one Line AI'.
- There are 31 StopPoint instances, more than will fit vertically on a single page.

- There are two RouteSection *rs_1* and *rs_2* with RouteLink instances connecting the stops.
- There are two JourneyPatternSection jp_s1 and jp_s2 made up of 5 and 25 JourneyPatternTimingLink instances respectively.
- There is a single JourneyPattern instance JP_1, with two sections: JS_1 and is 2.
- There are 27 **VehicleJourney** instances, all for *Ln_1*, more than will fit horizontally on a single page. The first journey vj_1 is based on *JP1*, all the others are based on *VJ_1*, with different times. The journeys fall into two groups.
 - *Vj_1-20* which are single services and demonstrate page overflow for simple columns.
 - *Vj_2127* which are marked as frequent service and demonstrate page overflow for frequency based service column groups.

Examples 2.5 - Linear route Example

Summary

Registration for a single route run by a single operator. There are two vehicle journeys with the same timings.

- Linear route.
- Local bus stop definition.
- Route Track Map with Tracks. (Enhanced Publisher Only).
- Tracks (see below), including instructions and Mapping System References.
- Local data coordinates for a stop.
- Inbound and outbound journeys and journey patterns on the same route.
- *Frequent Service* Frequency based service, generating a frequency column specified with an interval and a minimum and maximum frequency.
- Operator details including parent (TXC v2.4).

TransXChange XML Document	Particulars and Matrix output PDF	Route Map Output
linear.xml (One direction only)		Route Map PDF Route Map PDF (no background)

Route Map



Timetable

Outbound								
Line L1	Journeys							
	#1		#2					
Netherley Road	07:00	And then every 7 minutes until 18:30	19:00					

Ashby Road	07:20
ASDA, opposite	07:40
Leicester Road, SE Bound	07:50
Golf Club, outside	08:00

Inbound							
Line L1 Journeys							
	#3		#4				
Golf Club, outside	07:30		20:00				
Leicester Road, SE Bound	07:40		20:10				
ASDA, opposite	07:50		20:20				
Ashby Road, before	08:10	And then every 7 minutes until 19:30	20:30				
Netherley Road	08:30		21:00				

The XML Representation

Service Registration

• The Registration is for a single Operator

Service Structure

- There is a single Service instance SV1, with one Line 'L1'.
- There are five **StopPoint** instances.
 - o One stop is defined locally (*Netherley Road*) ., the others are all references to existing NaPTAN stops.
- There is a single RouteSection *rs_1* with four RouteLink instances *rl_1-rl_4* connecting the stops.
- There is a single Route r_1 containing the route section rs_1 .

Outbound

- There is a single JourneyPatternSection js_1, made up of four JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, jptl_1-jptl_4, each referencing the corresponding route link.
 - *jptl_1* references *rl_1*
 - o jptl_2 references rl_2
 - o jptl_3 references rl_3
 - o iptl 4 references rl 4
- There is a single outbound JourneyPattern, jp_1 , that follows route r_1 .
- There are two outbound **VehicleJourney** instances, both based on **JourneyPattern** jp_1 :
 - The first, vj_1 , follows jp_1 without any changes to the timings on the JourneyPatternTimingLink instances.
 - It has a DepartureTime of 7.00.
 - The Frequency element specified it is a frequency based journey with a ScheduledFrequency of every 8 minutes, and an EndTime of 18:30. The Frequency entry causes the publisher to create an additional column. In additional an optional minimum and maxim frequency interval are specified
 - The second, vj_2 , references vj_1 for all its links, with a DepartureTime of 19:00.

Inbound

- There is a single inbound JourneyPatternSection js_r1, made up of four JourneyPatternTimingLink instances, referencing a corresponding route link.
 - o *iptl r1* references *rl 4*
 - o *jptl_r2* references *rl_3*
 - o *jptl_r3* references *rl_2*
 - *jptl_r4* references *rl_1*
- There is a single inbound JourneyPattern, jp_r1 , that follows route r_1 .
- There are two inbound **VehicleJourney** instances, both based on **JourneyPattern** jp_r1 :
 - The first, vj_r1 , follows jp_r1 without any changes to the timings on the JourneyPatternTimingLink instances. It has a DepartureTime of 7.30.
 - It has a Frequency of every 20 minutes, and an EndTime of 19:30.
 - The second, vj_r2 references vj_r1 for all its links, with a DepartureTime of 20:00.

The Operating Days

• The service OperatingProfile says it runs Monday to Friday, every day of the year.

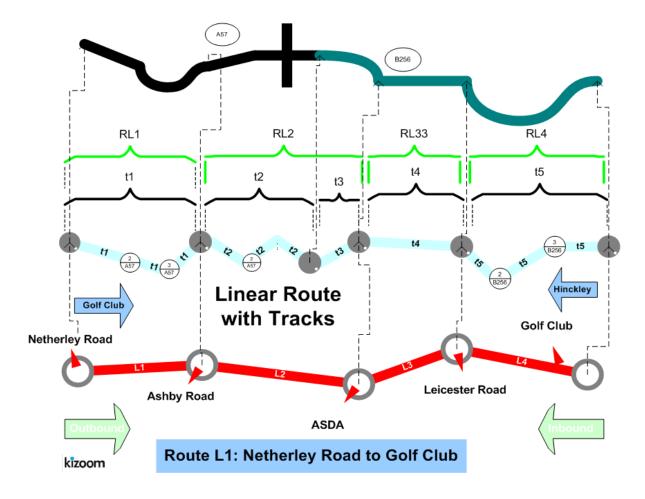
Use of Tracks

The example includes a description of the physical route as an ordered sequence of tracks, each containing a polyline of geospatial points.

- Each RouteLink has a single Track, except for the link between 'Ashby Road' and 'ASDA', which has two Track instances (t2 & t3), because its road goes over two different roads; the A57 and the B256.
- Some of the Tracks include MappingSystem references to TOID instances.

The following diagram shows the how the route projects onto the map representation of the road system, using the NaPTAN stop points as projection points between levels of discourse.

- A schematic map of the road network appears at the top.
- The stylised route map appears at the bottom.
- In between are shown the route links and track link, with the points



Notes

This example was refined for in the 2.4 Enhanced publisher to be a Frequent Service i.e. <10 minutes and to have a minimum and maximum.

In the enhanced publisher will group the journeys in a single bed Monday to Sunday, rather than as separate beds Monday to Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Examples 2.5 - Lollipop route

Summary

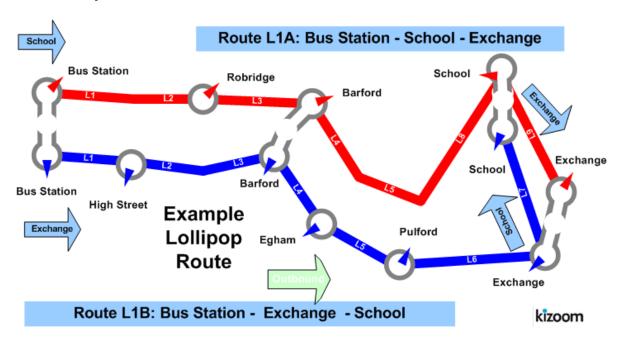
Same stops covered by two different routes in different directions in a partial lollipop. See also Hail and Ride section above for a full lollipop topology.

- Lollipop route, with two journeys proceeding round the loop in opposite directions (In this example neither route completes the full lollipop course)
- Two services run by two different operators, sharing a line label.
- Two different physical routes with the same line label.
- Timing status on stop usage other than 'Principle Timing Point (PTP).
- Additional operating days (see below) for regular and bank holiday operation.
- Alternative Bank Holidays only operation
- Express stopping pattern for some journeys.
- Use of Stop Sequence Numbers (see below) to control row order in matrix.
- Use of Dynamic Destination headings.
- Reuse of shared sections (see below).
- Reuse of VehicleJourney Link.
- Layover Point.
- General Schema.
- Minimum Layover Duration (TXC v2.4)
- Partial Frequent Services (TXC v2.4).

Published as PDF:

- <u>PDF general:</u> With publish options lollipop.xml -full TransXChange <u>publisher</u> option (includes all stops).
- <u>PDF vosa</u>: With publish options lollipop.xml -vosa TransXChange <u>publisher</u> option (includes only stop usages with a timing status of 'PTP').

Route Map



Timetable

Bus Station To Exchange

Holidays Only #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #6 ACO ACO ACO RED ACO ACO 1B 1A 1B 1B 1B 1B

10 10		ı				
Column						
Operator						
Line						_
Bus Station	15:55	16:15	16:35	16:40	16:55	16:35
High St				16:46		
Robridge		16:26				
Barford	16:09	16:29	16:49	16:54	17:09	16:49
Egham	16:12		16:52	16:57	17:12	16:52
Pulford	16:15		16:55	17:00	17:15	16:55
Exchange	16:32	16:52	17:12		17:32	17:22
School		16:53		17:16		
Exchange				17:17		

The XML Representation

XML Document

Service Registration

- The service is not registered
- There are two Operator instances, 'ACO'. and 'RED'

Service Structure

The detailed map below shows the sections and stop sequences used.

- There are two **Service** instances whose **Lines** are labelled to appear to the public as the same:
 - o **S1**, which has two Line instances; **L1**, labelled 'L1A', and **L2**, labelled 'L1B' **S1** is run by Operator 'ACO'.
 - S2 which has Line L3 also labelled 'L1B'. S2 is run by Operator 'RED'.
- There are three RouteSection instances;
 - o RS1: 'Bus Station' to 'Pulford', containing RouteLink instances RL1 to RL5.
 - o **RS2:** 'Pulford' to 'School' via 'Exchange', containing RouteLink instances **RL6** and **RL7**.
 - o **RS3**: 'Pulford' to 'Exchange' via 'School', containing RouteLink instances **RL8** and **RL9**.
- There are two **Route** instances:
 - o R1: 'Bus Station to School (via Exchange)', containing RS1 and RS2.
 - o R2: 'Bus Station to Exchange (via School)', containing RS1 and RS3.
- There are three corresponding JourneyPatternSection instances, *JS1*, *JS2* and *JS3*, one for each route section.
 - Egham is not a 'Principle Timing Point' ('PTP'), so for the call at Egham the JourneyPatternTiminkLink has an override TimingStatus of 'Timing Information Point' ('TIP').
- S1 has two JourneyPattern instances:
 - JP1: Following Route R1, with sections JS1 and JS2, passing 'Pulford' without stopping.
 - \circ JP2: Following Route R2, with sections JS1 and JS3.
- S2 has one JourneyPattern instance:
 - JP3: Also following Route R2, with sections JS1 and JS3, passing 'Pulford' without stopping. It contains two named layover points lay_1 and lay_2.
- There are six **VehicleJourney** instances one for each column.
 - o There are five **VehicleJourney** instances *Vj1-Vj5* that run on on regular days see columns #1- #5,

- o There is one **VehicleJourney** instance *Vj6* that run on Bank Holiday only service see column #6.
- S1 has five **VehicleJourney** instances:
 - o *VJI*: following JourneyPattern *JP1* over Route *R1*, 'Bus Station to School (via Exchange)', as Line 'L1B', passing 'High Street' and 'Robridge', without stopping. Short working of the second section, i.e. termination at Exchange, is indicated by a dead run.
 - o **VJ2**: also following **JourneyPattern** JP1 over **Route** R1, 'Bus Station to School (via Exchange)' but as **Line** 'L1A', passing 'High Street', 'Egham' and 'Pulford' without stopping.
 - o *VJ3*: reuses the timing links of *VJ1*, and so also follows JourneyPattern *JP1* over Route *R1*, 'Bus Station to School (via Exchange)'.
 - o VJ5: reuses the timing links of VJ1, and so also follows JourneyPattern JP1 over Route R1, 'Bus Station to School (via Exchange)'.
 - VJ5: reuses the timing links of VJ1, and so also follows JourneyPattern
 JP1 over Route R1, 'Bus Station to School (via Exchange)'. Runs only on bank holidays
- S2 has one VehicleJourney instance:
 - VJ4: following JourneyPattern JP3 over Route R2, 'Bus Station to Exchange (via School)', as Line L3, which has the same label of 'L1B' as S1/L2, although it actually goes round the last two stops in a different sequence from the other journeys with the same label, and so needs a different underlying Route. VJ4 passes 'Robridge', without stopping.

Operating Days

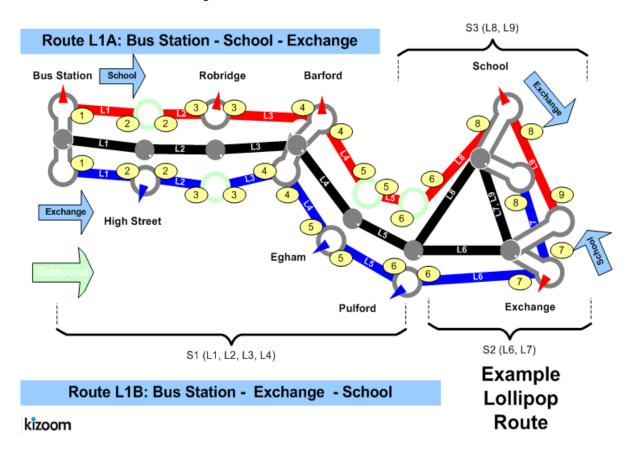
- The **Service OperatingPeriod** for *SV_1* starts on 01/01/2004 for all vehicle journeys, and continues until 13/06/2005
- The OperatingProfile for the **service** *SV_1* states values that apply to all journeys unless overridden on a journey pattern or individual vehicle journey.
 - The RegularDayType DaysOfweek specifies journeys of the service by default runs Monday to Saturday throughout the year
 - The BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfOperation states journeys of the service run on Jan2ndScotland, MayDay, EasterMonday, SpringBank, StAndrewsDay, AugustBankHolidayScotland, ChristmasDayHoliday, BoxingDayHoliday and ChristmasEve.
 - The BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfNonOperation states journeys of the service do not run on ChristmasDay, BoxingDay, GoodFriday, NewYearsDay, NewYearsDayHoliday and NewYearsEve.
- The **Vehicle Journeys VJ1** and **VJ5** have a different set of day type specified.
 - o The RegularDayType DaysOfWeek specifies journeys of the service run Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Sunday throughout the year.
- The **Service operating** period for SV_2 starts on 01/01/2004 for all vehicle journeys, and continues until 13/06/2005.

- The OperatingProfile for the Service SV_2 states values that apply to all journeys unless overridden on a journey pattern or individual vehicle journey.
 - o The RegularDayType DaysOfWeek specifies journeys of the service by default runs Monday to Sunday throughout the year.
 - The **BankHolidayOperation / DaysOfNonOperation** states journeys of the service do not run on **Christmas**, i.e. **ChristmasDay**, and **Boxing day**.

Use of Sections & Stop Sequence Numbers

Sections are used to reuse links between journeys.

Stop sequence numbers are used to coerce a specific ordering of the stops within a matrix timetable when published. The following diagram shows the journey pattern sections annotated with stop section numbers.



Examples 2.5 - Merge Frequency journeys

Summary

Registration for a route that has been coded as individual journeys but is to be shown as a Frequent Service.

- Many stops.
- Many vehicle journeys.
- Merging of multiple journeys by the publisher (2007 enhanced version only).
- Some operational date rules.
- Operational data for Journey pattern for vehicle type.
- Operational data for vehicle journey block.
- Vehicle Journey private code.
- Non PTP service.

Published as: (i) PDF (merged) or (ii) PDF (unmerged).

Route Map

Timetable

Service operates from 22/09/2004 until further notice.

Suborn - St James's Church								
Outbound, Monday to Friday								
	L1	L1	L1		L1	L1		L1
Suborn, Suborn Bus Station	07:00	07:30	08:00		09:10	09:10		10:45
Suborn, Garden Village Shops	07:20	07:50	08:20		09:30	09:30		11:05
Suborn, Plough	07:40	08:10	08:40	40 09:50 09:50		11:25		
Suborn, Red Lion	07:50	08:20	8:20 08:50 Frequent service at least 8:30 09:00 every 10 mins 10:10 10:10 Frequent service at least 10:10 10:10 every 10 mins 10:10 10:10 every 10 mins 10:10 10:10 every 10 mins 10:10 least 10:10 le	Frequent	11:35			
Suborn, Golden Lion	08:00	08:30			10:10	10:10	every 10 mins until	11:45
Suborn, Paradise	08:10	08:40	09:10		10:20	10:20		11:55
Suborn, Kensal Green	08:30	09:00	09:30	<u> </u> 	10:40	10:40		12:15
Suborn, Much Binding	08:50	09:20	09:50		11:00	11:00		12:35
Suborn, Village	09:00	09:30	10:00		11:10	11:10		12:45

Hall			
Suborn, War Memorial	09:10	09:40	10:10
Suborn, The Cricketers	09:20	09:50	10:20
Suborn, Thirkhill Drive	09:30	10:00	10:30
Suborn, Woolworths	09:40	10:10	10:40
Suborn, Police Station	09:50	10:20	10:50
Suborn, Mattmans Garage	10:00	10:30	11:00
Grassy Knowle, Nelson Mandela Way	10:10	10:40	11:10
Grassy Knowle, Robinsons Store	10:20	10:50	11:20
Grassy Knowle, Post Office	10:40	11:10	11:40
Grassy Knowle, High Street	10:50	11:20	11:50
Grassy Knowle, Badgett	11:00	11:30	12:00
Grassy Knowle, Gropers Corner	11:10	11:40	12:10
Grassy Knowle, Hughes Hall	11:20	11:50	12:20
Grassy Knowle, Snow Hill	11:30	12:00	12:30
Grassy Knowle, The Jolly Roger	11:40	12:10	12:40
Grassy Knowle, Gibbards Cross	11:50	12:20	12:50
Grassy Knowle, White Water	12:00	12:30	13:00
Grassy Knowle, Key Holme	12:10	12:40	13:10
Grassy Knowle, Grassy Knowle	12:20	12:50	13:20

rassy Knowle, ughes Library	12:30	13:00	13:30
Grassy Knowle, Dixon's	12:40	13:10	13:40
Grassy Knowle, St James's Church	12:50	13:20	13:50

The XML Representation

XML Document

- There is a single **Service** instance *SVI*, with one **Line** '*LI'*.
- The service has multiple individual services and more journeys than will fit on a single page

Service Registration

- The service is Registered.
- There is a single Operator.

Service Structure

- There is a single Service instance SVI, with one Line 'A1'.
- There are 31 **stopPoint** instances, more than will fit vertically on a single page. At least one is a TIP, i.e. non PTP
- There are two RouteSection *rs_1* and *rs_2* with **RouteLink** instances connecting the stops.
- There are two JourneyPatternSection jp_s1 and jp_s2 made up of five and 25 JourneyPatternTimingLink instances respectively.
- There is a single JourneyPattern instance JP_1, with two sections: JS_1 and is 2.
- There are 27 VehicleJourney instances, all for *Ln_1*, all based on *JP_1*
- The vehicle journeys fall into three groups:
 - o *vj_1 to Vj_2*, which are described as individual journeys since they are spaced at more than 10 minutes.
 - o vj_3 to Vj_15, which are marked as belonging to the first frequency group by a Frequency element with a statutory ScheduledFrequency of every 8 minutes, and an EndTime of 09:10, and FrequentService true. If published with the mergeFrequentJourneys option of the enhanced publisher, the journeys will be grouped as a Frequency group of a starting

- column and then a column stating the frequency as at least every 8 minutes.
- o vj_16 to Vj_27, which are marked as belonging to the second frequency group by a Frequency element with a statutory ScheduledFrequency of every 10 minutes, and an EndTime of 10:45, and FrequentService true. If published with the mergeFrequentJourneys option of the enhanced publisher, the journeys will be grouped as a Frequency group of a starting column with the initial set of times and then a column stating the frequency. as at least every 10 minutes.
- Each vehicle journey has operational data on it

Notes

N.B. The *mergeFrequentJourney option is only available with the 2007 2.4* Enhanced publisher. For Versions prior to that the individual journeys will all be published as separate Frequency Group columns.

If any frequent services are provided as individual journeys, then all the individual journeys must be provided.

Examples 2.5 - Operators Example

Summary

Data exchange of operator data

- List of operators
- Data rights TXC v2.4).

TransXChange XML Document	Particulars and Matrix output PDF	Route Map Output	
Operators.xml (One direction only)	Not publishable	Not publishable	

The XML Representation

Service Registration

• There is no service or registration

Operators

• There is are three Operators instance o1, o2, o3,