The Forum to Oversee the Implementation of new HMRC Powers, Deterrents and Safeguards

Report on the year 1 April 2010 to 31 March 2011 to the Exchequer Secretary to the Treasury

There are three annual reports all of which are historic documents and the data has been compiled in a format specifically for the Forum at the time. HMRC will not update these reports. The final Forum meeting was on 21 February 2013.

Review of HMRC's Powers, Deterrents and Safeguards: Implementation Oversight Forum

Introduction

The Forum has met less frequently this year. By and large issues that have arisen have been "one-offs". The annex to this report lists meeting agendas and content can be accessed from the HMRC website at http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/about/implementation-oversight/impl-oversight-forum.htm

In the light of the relatively few issues that have emerged to date the Forum decided that henceforth it should schedule only two meetings a year. One would be around the mid-year point and, depending on the issues that had arisen, might be a "virtual" meeting using e-mail. The other meeting would always be a full meeting to commission a report for the Minister. Particular issues could be picked up and dealt with through e-mail exchanges.

Forum members agreed that this could be reconsidered if more issues started to arise.

Authorisations

Certain actions must be authorised by a trained and generally more senior officer. HMRC continues to see this as an important safeguard.

Commentary

- Total authorisations requested are almost identical for 2010 and 2011 but there is a rise in numbers granted in the second year. The most likely explanation is greater familiarity with the information that Authorising Offices need in order to authorise an action.
- Unsurprisingly, rejections resulting from insufficient evidence fell by two
 thirds in 2010/11 in line with the trend in the second half of 2009/10.
 Clearly officers are much more likely to recognise the need for proper
 evidence to support an authorisation. Total rejections are only 80 a
 third of the previous year's number of rejections.
- The balance of requests in the second year has changed a little.
 Unannounced visits rose from 864 to 907. Proportionately larger rises occurred for daily penalties and notices for documents over six years old. Conversely, there has been an almost complete decline in notices for applications to the tribunal for tax related penalties and copies of third party information.

Authorizations removed to be 0000/40 and 0044		
Authorisations requested: 2009/10 and 2011	2009/10	2010/11
Deferred	16	7
Granted	1414	1526
Pending	7	27
Rejected	202	85
Withdrawn	2	5
Total	1641	1640
Figure for rejected authorisations varies slightly due to timing		
Authorisations granted: 2009/10 and 2010/11		
Authorisations granted. 2000/10 and 2010/11	2009/10	2010/11
Apply to tribunal for approval to issue a notice	158	228
Apply to tribunal for inspection	4	18
Apply to tribunal for tax related penalty	149	2
Apply to tribunal not to copy 3 rd party information	98	4
Daily penalty	15	272
Identity unknown notice	16	11
Issue notice for documents over 6 years old	1	81
Obstruction of inspection penalty	22	1
Short notice visits (less than 7 days notice)	2	2
Unannounced visits	864	907
Total	1329	1526
Authorisations rejected: 2009/10 and 2010/11		
	2009/10	2010/11
Insufficient evidence	105	33
Non compliant with HRA	1	1
Not relevant or proportionate to benefit	30	19
Preferable alternative course of action	64	27
Reasonable excuse accepted	1	0
Unspecified	1	0
Total	202	80

Statutory Records

There has still been some disquiet about what are and are not statutory records and the lack of appeal right in this respect. This has been in particular from the unrepresented taxpayers' perspective. Statutory records are required to be kept by law, to enable a person to make an accurate tax return, hence no appeal right. The requirement varies between different taxes and will depend on the size and nature of a business or person's tax affairs. Guidance is available, highlighting the general rules for record-keeping, including links to the legislation for each tax regime. Some non-statutory records (supplementary records) may also be required to check a person's tax position and the taxpayer has the options to appeal against the notice requiring them to provide this information.

New Penalties

Commentary

The attached tables analyse penalties arising from compliance checks in 2010/11 (with comparative tables for 2009/10). This year has seen the expected increase in IT cases. There continues to be a significant difference between the use of suspension in VAT cases and in other areas.

Forum members remain concerned that there has not been a significant increase in cases involving deliberate behaviour. Mistake despite Taking Reasonable Care and Failure to Take Reasonable Care ('FTRC') together continue to account for 90% of instances, though the balance within that has shifted slightly towards FTRC (where around a third of penalties are suspended). HMRC anticipate that deliberate cases will tend to be more complex and therefore may still be working through towards settlement.

Concerns were also raised that HMRC were not putting questions to agents to ascertain what behaviour gave rise to an under-declaration. HMRC officers needed to understand this before suggesting a penalty and they should explain why a decision was made.

In June 2010 HMRC launched an internal review of the operation of Sch 24 and Sch 41 penalties. The objective was to use feedback from frontline caseworkers and managers to simplify some of the administrative processes and to improve customer focus.

Making processes more proportionate and appropriate

It is now easier for colleagues to progress straightforward cases. Mistakes despite taking reasonable care or careless behaviour can now be agreed with the customer without prior approval from their manager (though this is still subject to final authorisation).

HMRC has also simplified the levels at which certain cases are authorised by more senior staff. The aim is to provide a better balance between keeping more decisions within teams while ensuring there are proper safeguards.

HMRC has also clarified the process for monitoring suspended penalties.

Guidance and training

All staff working on New Penalties now have access to their own set of help cards. These are a practical and popular aide memoire about the basics of the legislation and all relevant guidance has been brought together into the Compliance Handbook.

One day's face to face training is currently underway to provide refresher training for some 7,500 staff in Local Compliance alone. The training builds on existing Tax Professional Qualifications and focuses on being able to understand and apply the steps needed to establish and record evidence for issuing a penalty. Representatives from the CloT attended pilot sessions for the VAT and IT/CT case studies. Their feedback was very positive. Staff attending the pilot sessions have confirmed that this training will give them more confidence in addressing New Penalties with our customers. Part of the face to face training focuses on the suspension of penalties to demonstrate where it is appropriate to use and likely to be effective. Guidance has also been improved in this respect to ensure that staff has a clearer understanding of applying suspended penalties to reach the right end.

Underpinning the guidance and training is a new IT tool to help managers and caseworkers get the process right. This provides an audit trail to ensure that decisions and actions have been taken correctly and provides live links to the appropriate guidance.

HMRC will keep factsheets, and other products, under review, particularly to assist the unrepresented taxpayers. The Low Incomes Tax Reform Group highlighted the absence from factsheets about information HMRC cannot require under Finance Act 2008, Schedule 36: Part 4:Restriction on Powers. HMRC responded to this concern and are currently making changes to factsheet: CC/FS2 "Compliance checks – Requests for information and documents". HMRC will also continue to highlight the customer's rights and obligations as set out in Your Charter.

Penalties recorded up to 28/5/2010				
By Regime	Cases	Inc suspensions	Suspended	Due now
ITSA	908	23	£10,312	£188,408
PAYE	279	68	£35,627	£54,994
VAT	5353	832	£3,359,333	£4,641,618
Other	21	3	£947	£14,744
Total	6561	926	£3,406,219	£4,899,764
Penalties recorded 2010/11				
By Regime	Cases	Inc suspensions	Suspended	Due now
СТ	149	29	£82,700	£352,095
Employer				
compliance	1,637	485	£1,465,768	£1,408,175
ITSA	30,803	1,732	£2,520,703	£5,957,064
NIC	452	1	£73	£31,714
VAT	21,555	4,011	£12,603,067	£24,233,118
Other	335	2	£162	£592,232

Total	54,931	6,260	£16,672,472	£32,574,400
lotai	34.93 I	0.200	£10.0/2.4/2	£32.3/4.400

Penalties by behaviour up to 28/5/2010			
Behaviour	Cases	Prompted	Unprompted
Deliberate + concealment	39	32	7
Deliberate	117	113	4
Failure to take care	2,679	2,545	134
Failure to notify under-			
assessment	256	226	30
Error	3,782	3,337	445
Total	6,873	6,253	620
Penalties by behaviour 2010/11			
Behaviour	Cases	Prompted	Unprompted
Deliberate + concealment	152	138	14
Deliberate	1,112	656	456
Failure to take care	19,836	19,344	492
Failure to notify under-			
assessment	2,384	2,189	195
Error	32,320	31,240	1,080
Other	2,246	1,604	642
Total	58,050	55,171	2,879
The total number of Cases is great	ater as a case can	exhibit more than	n one behaviour

The Internal Review Process figures for 2010/11 can be found at the following link http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/complaints-appeals/internal-review-process.pdf

List of Meeting minutes, including sub-group

Meeting 27 September 2010

- 1. New Penalties Review
- 2. Self Assessment Enquiries
- 3. Round table views/feedback

Meeting 16 May 2011

- 1. Communication to general public of introduction of new SA penalties
- 2. Statutory procedures for direct and indirect tax
- 3. New Penalties update
- 4. Authorisation figures

Unrepresented Taxpayers' Subgroup Meeting 24 November 2010

- 1. Information about unrepresented taxpayers
- 2. Authorising officers

Membership of the Oversight Forum

HMRC	
Chair – Dave Hartnett	Permanent Secretary for Tax
Mike Eland	Director General of Enforcement and
	Compliance
Anthony Inglese	General Counsel and Solicitor
Richard Summersgill	Director of Local Compliance
Simon Norris	Head of the Review of HMRC's
	Powers, Deterrents and Safeguards
External Representatives	
Chas Roy-Chowdhury	Association of Chartered Certified
	Accountants (ACCA)
Ian Menzies-Connacher	Confederation of British Industry(CBI)
Andrew Hubbard	Chartered Institute of Taxation (CIOT)
Simon Sweetman	Federation of Small Business
Paul Aplin (OBE) or Frank Haskew	Institute of Chartered Accountants in
	England & Wales(ICAEW) Tax Faculty
David Cruickshank or Derek Allen	Institute of Chartered Accountants of
	Scotland (ICAS)
Nigel Popplewell	The Law Society
Robin Williamson or John Andrews	Low Income Taxpayers Reform Group
Robert Maas or Bob Davies	Institute of Indirect Taxation