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Seizures of drugs in England and Wales, 2010/11

Second Edition

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Second edition – corrections

Errors in formulae used to compile the quantity breakdown in Summary Table 3 were brought to the attention of the author after publication. These mainly affected figures for cannabis resin seizures made by police. On Summary Table 3a, the numbers of police seizures within quantity categories have been amended as follows: 'under 1g' amended from 17,991 to 3,617; '1-500g' amended from 6 to 14,270; '500g-1kg' amended from 4 to 38; '1-10kg' amended from 0 to 48; '10-100kg' amended from 2 to 23; and, '100kg and over' amended from nil to 7. Two figures for heroin seizures made by police were also affected and have been amended as follows: 'under 1g' amended from 7,573 to 7,572; '100kg and over' amended from nil to 1. Summary Table 3c, Figure 5.1 and associated commentary have also been amended to reflect these corrections. Totals for quantities seized are unaffected.

Further information

Copies of other Home Office publications are available from the Home Office Science Internet pages: http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/science-research/research-statistics/.

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Conventions used in figures and tables

Table abbreviations

- '0' indicates amount less than 1 (this does not apply when amounts are presented to one decimal point)
- '-' indicates nil amount or, for percentage changes, that the amount is not reported because the base number of offences is less than 50
- "... indicates data are not available
- '.' indicates not applicable

Percentages

Row or column percentages may not add to 100 per cent due to rounding.

A percentage may be quoted in the text for a single category that is identifiable in the tables only by summing two or more component percentages. In order to avoid rounding errors, the percentage has been recalculated for the single category and therefore may differ by one percentage point from the sum of the percentages derived from the tables.

Conversions

- 1 kilogram (kg) = 1,000 grams (g)
- 1 tonne (metric ton) = 1,000 kilograms (kg)

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Summary

The numbers of seizures made are affected by police activity and changes in recording practices and police powers, such as the introduction of cannabis warnings. Therefore, the number of drug seizures made and quantity of drugs seized should not be taken as measures of drug prevalence in England and Wales. This is addressed in the Drug Misuse Declared publications, based on results from the British Crime Survey.

- There were 212,784 drug seizures by the police and the UK Border Agency (UKBA) in England and Wales in 2010/11, a five per cent decrease on 2009/10.
- Class A seizures decreased by 15 per cent between 2009/10 and 2010/11, to 35,246. Class B seizures fell by four per cent to 175,218, while class C seizures rose by 16 per cent to 7,516.
- Cocaine was again the most commonly seized class A drug in 2010/11, with 17,689 seizures, a 17 per cent decrease on 2009/10. The second highest seized class A drug was heroin at 10,812, a 16 per cent decrease from 2009/10.
- The majority of class B seizures were for cannabis. The 167,381 seizures in 2010/11 compared to 176,830 in 2009/10, a five per cent decrease.
- The number of seizures of 'other class B' drugs increased to 2,722 in 2010/11 from 377 in 2009/10. This is largely due to mephedrone and other cathinone derivatives being made controlled substances in April 2010.
- The most commonly seized class C drug in 2010/11 was benzodiazepine with 2,488 seizures, which was 16 per cent lower than the previous year's 2,957 seizures. This decrease coincided with an increase in the number of 'other class C' drugs seizures, from 991 in 2009/10 to 2,594 in 2010/11. It should be noted that the UKBA has been unable to identify benzodiazepine (or temazepam) seizures from their recording system for 2010/11, with them instead being classified as 'other class C' drugs. In addition, the 78 per cent increase in police seizures of 'other class C' drugs between 2009/10 and 2010/11 is largely due to Gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL) and substituted piperazines, including BZP, being made controlled substances in December 2009.
- There were 2.4 tonnes of cocaine seized in England and Wales in 2010/11, down from 2.6 tonnes in 2009/10. The quantity of cocaine seized has gradually fallen from a peak of 6.9 tonnes seized in 2003.
- Seizures of heroin amounted to 0.7 tonne in England and Wales in 2010/11, down 52 per cent on the 1.5 tonnes seized in 2009/10. This is largely due to the decrease in seizures weighing 100 kg or more by both the police and the UKBA.
- Additionally, 2.8 million doses of anabolic steroids (down 19%) and 0.7 tonne of amphetamines were seized (down 46%). The 59 per cent increase in herbal cannabis and cannabis resin seized, from 30.5 tonnes in 2009/10 to 48.6 tonnes in 2010/11, followed a 53 per cent decrease the previous year (65.1 tonnes in 2008/09).

1 Introduction

This publication presents figures for drug seizures made in 2010/11 in England and Wales by police (including the British Transport Police) and the UK Border Agency (including HM Revenue and Customs¹). Drug seizure data from the Serious Organised Crime Agency are not included within this publication.² Although the UK Border Agency (UKBA) and some police forces may be involved in seizures outside England and Wales, for example in off-shore operations, those seizures are not included in this publication.

The statistics relate to all drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (MDA), which divides drugs into three categories – classes A, B and C – according to their harmfulness, with class A drugs considered to be the most harmful. However, it is not feasible to publish seizure statistics in detail for every drug covered by the MDA. While all drugs are included in the totals, only those in Table 1.1 are covered in detail within this bulletin. 3

Mephedrone and other cathinone derivatives became controlled drugs in April 2010. While seizures of these particular substances can be individually recorded on the statistical return police forces submit to the Home Office, they are grouped as 'other class B' drugs for the purposes of this bulletin. Similarly, a range of psychoactive substances, including GBL and substituted piperazines (e.g. BZP), became controlled drugs in December 2009 and are grouped as 'other class C' drugs.

Table 1.1 Drugs and their classifications under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971

Class A Cocaine Crack Ecstasy Heroin LSD Methadone Morphine	Class B Amphetamines ¹ Barbiturates ¹ Cannabis ²	Class C Anabolic Steroids Benzodiazepines GHB Ketamine Temazepam
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- 1. Amphetamines and barbiturates are class A drugs if prepared for injection.
- 2. Cannabis was reclassified from a class B to a class C drug in January 2004, and then classified back as a class B drug on 26 January 2009.

Changes to recording practices in 2010/11

In April 2010 Merseyside Police changed the way it recorded drug seizures when it started using data from its forensic services provider rather than an in-house system. The new system focuses primarily on those seizures that are likely to result in larger amounts of drugs. This has resulted in an 86 per cent decrease in the number of seizures being recorded by the force in 2010/11 in comparison to 2009/10, though has had no substantive effect on their quantity data.

¹ For more information see paragraph 4 in the Notes section.

² For more information see paragraph 5 in the Notes section.

³ Where a seizure is made of a drug that is not listed in Table 1.1, it is aggregated into an 'other' class category. Further information on drugs covered under the MDA, including a link to the full list of drugs covered, is available at: http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/drugs/drug-law/.

In addition, Kent Police implemented a new system to improve the accuracy for recording seized items, including drugs, in April 2010. This has resulted in an increase in the number of seizures involving trace amounts of drugs, but has not affected the recording of drug quantities.

A new system has been used to record drug seizures and other seized items by the UKBA since April 2010, which has resulted in some of the drugs included in Table 1.1 not being able to be separately identified. For 2010/11, UKBA seizures of methadone are included within the 'other class A' grouping, barbiturates within 'other class B', and benzodiazepines and temazepam within 'other class C'.

Box 1.1 Counting rules

Single or multiple seizures

A <u>single seizure</u> involves a seizure of one drug quantity within one drug type (e.g. 10 g of cocaine). Where a seizure involves multiple drug types and/or preparation types (e.g. 10 g of cocaine and 5 g of crack), counting rules are applied to this <u>multiple seizure</u>.

Three counts of seizures: total, by drug type and by class

Multiple seizures involving more than one drug are counted as a single seizure in the total number of seizures, but are counted separately against each individual drug type or drug class involved.

<u>Example</u>: A seizure is made of: 1 kg cocaine; 100 g cannabis resin; and 350 g herbal cannabis. This seizure would be counted as:

- Total:
 - One seizure in the overall total for the number of seizures by that agency [quantity not applicable];
- Drug type:
 - One seizure of cocaine [1 kg]; one seizure of cannabis resin [100 g]; and one seizure of herbal cannabis [350 g];
- <u>Class</u>
 - One seizure of class A and one seizure of class C [quantity not applicable].

Avoiding double counting

Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.

2 Number of seizures

The numbers of seizures made are affected by police activity and changes in recording practices and police powers, such as the introduction of cannabis warnings (see Box 2.1). Therefore, the number of drug seizures each year should not be taken as a measure of drug prevalence in England and Wales. This is addressed in the Drug Misuse Declared publications, based on results from the British Crime Survey.⁴

- Police and the UKBA made 212,784 drug seizures in England and Wales in 2010/11, representing a five per cent decrease on 2009/10. The number of seizures more than doubled between 2004 and 2008/09, to a peak of 241,473 seizures, but has since seen two annual decreases. (Summary Table 1c).
- The new system used to record drug seizures by Merseyside Police resulted in the force recording 1,797 seizures in 2010/11, an 86 per cent decrease on the number recorded during the previous year (12,946 seizures). The total number for England and Wales excluding Merseyside's seizures was 207,033 in 2010/11 compared to 207,507 in 2009/10, a decrease of 0.2 per cent.

The remainder of the figures presented in this chapter include data from Merseyside Police.

26,000 Cocaine - Crack 24,000 22,000 Ecstasy Heroin 20,000 Number of seizures 18,000 16,000 14,000 12,000 10,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 0 2001 2006/07 2007/08 2008/09 2009/10 2010/11 2002 2003 2004 2005 Year

Figure 2.1 Number of seizures for the main class A drug types, 2001 to 2010/11

Class A drugs

- In England and Wales seizures involving class A drugs fell by 15 per cent, to 35,246, in 2010/11. This is the third consecutive annual decrease in seizures of class A drugs, following three consecutive annual increases.
- Cocaine, for the fifth year in succession, was the most commonly seized class A drug, with 17,689 seizures, down 17 per cent on 2009/10. Cocaine seizures rose sharply between 2002 and 2008/09 and, despite the decline in recent years, the number of seizures in 2010/11 was almost triple the 6,015 made in 2002.

⁴ See the latest edition of 'Drug Misuse Declared: Findings from the British Crime Survey', available at: http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/publications/science-research-statistics/research-statistics/crime-research/hosb1211/.

 Seizures of heroin fell by 16 per cent between 2009/10 and 2010/11 to 10,812, its third consecutive annual fall.

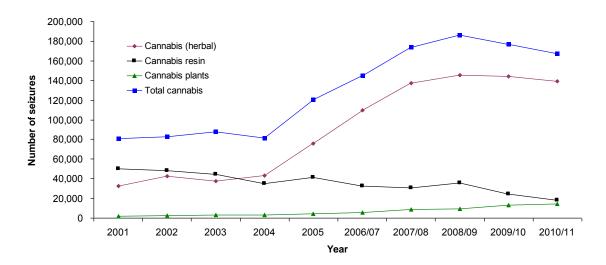
Other notable class A drug seizures include the following:

- Crack seizures increased by six per cent, to 5,380 in 2010/11. The number of crack seizures peaked in 2007/08 (7,578 seizures), and was followed by two annual decreases.
- Ecstasy seizures fell to 2,535 in 2010/11, a 32 per cent decrease. Seizures are now almost two-thirds of 2006/07 levels, following four consecutive annual falls.
- There were also 1,067 seizures of methadone (up 3%), 95 seizures of LSD (down 7%) and 114 seizures of morphine (up 2%).

Class B drugs

- In 2010/11, there was a four per cent decrease in seizures of class B drugs, to 175,218.
- The majority of class B seizures were for cannabis, with 167,381 seizures in 2010/11, down from 176,830 in 2009/10. This included falls in the number of herbal cannabis and cannabis resin seizures (down 4% and 25% respectively), and an increase in the number of cannabis plants seized (up 12%).
- In the three years prior to the introduction of cannabis warnings in 2004 (see Box 2.1), cannabis seizures averaged 84,000 a year. Since then cannabis seizures have averaged 150,000 a year.
- The second highest number of seizures for a class B drug was for amphetamines with 7,177 in 2010/11, down from 7,302 in 2009/10.
- In addition, the number of 'other class B' drugs rose six-fold between 2009/10 (377 seizures) and 2010/11 (2,722 seizures). The increase is largely due to mephedrone and other cathinone derivatives becoming controlled drugs in April 2010.

Figure 2.2 Number of cannabis seizures, 2001 to 2010/11

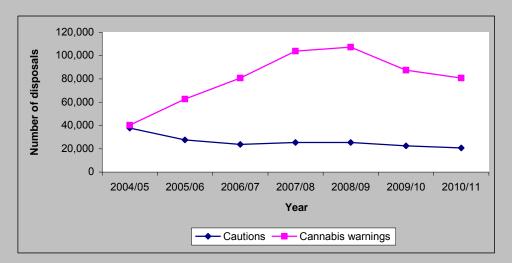


Class C drugs

- In 2010/11 there were 7,516 seizures involving class C drugs, a 16 per cent rise on 2009/10. The most seized class C drugs in 2010/11 were benzodiazepines, with 2,488 seizures. Although this was a decrease of 16 per cent on 2009/10, it should be noted that UKBA seizures of benzodiazepines could not be separately identified in 2010/11 and that they are instead included within the 'other class C' total.
- There were 250 seizures of temazepam in 2010/11, a 12 per cent fall on the 285 seizures in 2009/10. However, similarly to benzodiazepines, the UKBA has not been able to separately identify seizures of temazepam from their recording system for 2010/11.
- The number of 'other class C' drugs rose by 162 per cent, from 991 in 2009/10 to 2,594 in 2010/11. For police seizures this is largely due to Gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL) and substituted piperazines, including BZP, being made controlled substances in December 2009. For the UKBA this is likely to be due to seizures of benzodiazepines and temazepam being unable to be separately identified from its recording system.
- Seizures of anabolic steroids decreased by 23 per cent to 674 from a peak of 871 in 2009/10.
- Ketamine became a controlled drug in 2006 and is categorised under 'other class C' for police forces until 2008/09 and for the UKBA until 2009/10. The 1,792 ketamine seizures in 2010/11 was an 11 per cent increase on the 1,612 made in 2009/10.

Box 2.1 WARNINGS FOR CANNABIS POSSESSION

With effect from 1 April 2004 the Home Office issued guidance to all police forces in relation to the recording of formal warnings for cannabis possession, which was in line with Association of Chief Police Officers' guidance. Information about this can be found on the Home Office website at: http://drugs.homeoffice.gov.uk/publication-search/cannabis/potency?view=Binary. The guidance gave an additional disposal option of a formal warning for cannabis possession (from 16 January 2007 renamed cannabis warnings). Whereas a simple caution involves processing an individual at a police station, a cannabis warning can be completed on the street. The widespread and growing use of this new disposal is thought to have been a large contributory factor in the increase in the number of police seizures for cannabis since April 2004. Additionally, on 26 January 2009, issuing penalty notices for disorder for cannabis possession was introduced as an option for the police.



Between 2004/05 and 2010/11, the number of cautions issued for cannabis possession fell by 45 per cent, from 37,738 to 20,658. Cannabis warnings increased year-on-year from 40,138 in 2004/05 to a peak of 107,241 in 2008/09, then saw two annual decreases. In 2010/11 there were 80,658 warnings issued, eight per cent lower than in 2009/10, though still more than twice the level seen in 2004/05.

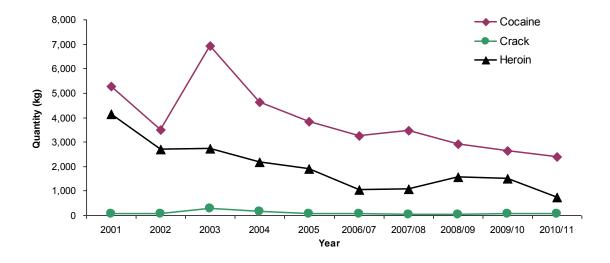
3 Quantity of drugs seized

Quantities data fluctuate from year to year and do not necessarily move in line with the number of seizures made (Summary Tables 1 and 2). Whilst most drug seizures consist of relatively small quantities (Summary Table 3), annual totals of drugs seized can be greatly influenced by a small number of large seizures. As with the *number* of drug seizures, any large quantity of seizures should not be taken as an indication of drug prevalence or availability.

Class A drugs

- In 2010/11, there were 2.4 tonnes⁵ of cocaine seized (down 10% on 2009/10), 0.7 tonne of heroin (down 52%) and 50 kg of crack (down 16%). In addition, over 357,000 doses of ecstasy (up 109% on 2009/10) and nearly 172,000 doses of methadone (up 15% on 2009/10) were seized in 2010/11.
- For cocaine, 61 per cent of the 17,689 seizures were of quantities of less than one gram with a further 35 per cent between one and 500 grams.
- Seventy per cent of the 10,812 seizures of heroin were under one gram and a further 29 per cent were between one and 500 grams.
- Of the 5,380 seizures of crack made in 2010/11, just 0.2 per cent consisted of amounts over 500 grams.
- The majority of unweighed class A drug seizures in 2010/11 were for ecstasy with 2,535 seizures; 94 per cent of these seizures were between 1–50 doses.
- There were also high proportions of seizures consisting of 1–50 doses for morphine (79%) and LSD (83%). The proportion of methadone seizures consisting of 1–50 doses stood at 61 per cent.

Figure 3.1 Quantity of weighed class A drug types seized, 2001 to 2010/11



⁵ Where 1 tonne is equal to 1,000 kg.

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Class B drugs

- A combined total of 48.6 tonnes of herbal cannabis and cannabis resin was seized in 2010/11, compared to 30.5 tonnes in 2009/10. This 59 per cent increase followed a 53 per cent decrease between 2008/09 and 2009/10. There was a four per cent decrease in the number of cannabis plants seized in 2010/11 (729,502) compared to the previous year (758,943).
- Of the 139,209 seizures of herbal cannabis, just under 25 per cent (34,192 seizures) weighed under one gram and just under 75 per cent (104,063 seizures) weighed between one and 500 grams.
- There were 18,293 seizures of cannabis resin, of which 18,085 (99%) weighed less than 500 grams.
- Eighty-six per cent of cannabis plant seizures were for 50 plants or fewer.
- There was a 46 per cent decrease in the quantity of amphetamines seized in 2010/11 compared to the year before (0.7 tonne compared to 1.3 tonnes in 2009/10), and a 76 per cent decrease since the 2008/09 peak of 2.9 tonnes.

Class C drugs

- The quantity of anabolic steroids seized decreased by 19 per cent, from 3.4 million doses in 2009/10 to 2.8 million doses in 2010/11.
- There was also a large decrease in the quantity of benzodiazepines seized (from 6.8 million doses in 2009/10 to 664,292 doses in 2010/11, down 90%). As with the fall in the *number* of benzodiazepine seizures, this is likely to be due to the UKBA being unable to separately identify benzodiazepines from its recording system for 2010/11.
- The quantity of ketamine seized increased by 173 per cent, from 0.3 tonne in 2009/10 to 0.8 tonne in 2010/11.

Box 3.1 CALCULATING QUANTITIES OF DRUGS

The quantities of drugs seized are summarised in terms of tonnes (for larger quantities), kilograms, doses or plants (for cannabis plants only). Most drugs can plausibly be seized in a preparation form other than kilograms or doses. Therefore, in order to present all seized quantities within a given drug type in terms of one comparable unit (either kilograms or doses), conversion factors are applied to estimate the overall quantity of drugs seized.

Conversion factors were revised from the 2005 publication to reflect trends in average drug preparations. These were used for annual 'Seizures in Drugs in England and Wales' publications since 2006/07's, and will be reviewed periodically in the future. All revisions to quantities conversion factors and units for presentation have been made on the advice of the Forensic Science Service. Some drugs that were previously presented in kilograms are presented in doses from 2005. As the basis for these calculations has changed, figures for seizure quantities for prior to 2005 are not directly comparable with the published data for the last six years.

Amount groupings (e.g. under 1 gram, 1–50 doses) presented in the breakdowns shown in Summary Tables 3a and 3c of this publication include data on all seizures made by police forces. For the UKBA's data in Summary Tables 3b and 3c, quantities requiring conversion are not included in the breakdowns, although they are included in the total estimated quantity (kilograms or doses).

4 Purity of drugs

Data on the average purities of different types of drugs have been obtained from the Forensic Science Service (FSS) and are based on the average of all analysed drug samples submitted to the FSS. In general, the purity from the UKBA seizures is higher than that from the police force seizures. This reflects the fact that their seizures will tend to be made higher in the supply chain and before 'cutting' (the addition of active agents to increase profit margins) occurs.

- Between 2009/10 and 2010/11, cocaine seized by the UKBA showed a smaller increase in purity (up 1.6 percentage points), compared to seizures made by the police (up 7.1 percentage points).
- The purity of crack seized by the police and UKBA rose by 3.0 and 15.4 percentage points respectively compared to 2009/10 figures. For seizures by the UKBA, purity of crack is likely to vary considerably from year to year due to the small number of crack seizures taking place (for example, four in 2009/10 and 13 in 2010/11).
- The purity of heroin seized has decreased for both the police and the UKBA since 2009/10 (down 14.1 and 12.6 percentage points respectively).
- The purity of amphetamines seized by the police shows a slight increase (up 1.0 percentage point), whereas that seized by the UKBA shows a substantial rise (up 17.9 percentage points).

Table 4.1 Average purity¹ of drug seizures analysed by the FSS by drug type and authority, 2009/10 and 2010/11

Percentages			England and \	Nales, FSS
	Polic	ce	UKE	ВА
	2009/10	2010/11	2009/10	2010/11
Cocaine	21	28	63	64
Crack	29	32	47	62
Heroin	44	30	54	42
Amphetamines	8	9	31	49

Data represent the average from the year's submissions rather than the average of individual quarters shown in Summary Table 4.

5 Seizures by authority

Number of seizures

- In 2010/11, 208,830 or 98 per cent of seizures were made by police forces with the remaining 3,954 or two per cent made by the UKBA. The number of seizures made by the police fell by five per cent, while those made by the UKBA rose slightly (up 0.2 per cent) compared to 2009/10.
- For police forces, class A seizures fell by 15 per cent, class B fell by four per cent and class C rose by 24 per cent.
- For the UKBA, class A seizures rose by four per cent, class B rose by 11 per cent while class C fell by 17 per cent.
- Police forces accounted for 96 per cent of all seizures of class A drugs and 99 per cent of all seizures of class B drugs. For class C drugs, police forces were responsible for 86 per cent of seizures.
- Within the class A drugs seized, the police were responsible for 99 per cent of crack, ecstasy, heroin, and morphine seizures, 98 per cent of LSD seizures and 95 per cent of cocaine seizures.
- For class B drugs, over 99 per cent of seizures of cannabis and amphetamines were conducted by the police. All seizures of cannabis plants were made by the police.
- Of drugs in class C, all seizures of GHB in 2010/11 were conducted by the police. The UKBA was responsible for 17 per cent of anabolic steroid seizures and six per cent of ketamine seizures.
- It is not possible to calculate the proportion of methadone, barbiturates, benzodiazepines and temazepam seized by the police and UKBA for 2010/11 since the latter has not been able to separately identify these drugs on its recording system.

Table 5.1 Number and percentage of drug seizures by class, drug type and authority, 2010/11¹

		Police fo	rces	UKBA		
Drug class	Drug type	Number	%	Number	%	Total
Class A	Cocaine	16,852	95	837	5	17,689
drugs	Crack	5,367	100	13	0	5,380
	Ecstasy	2,522	99	13	1	2,535
	Heroin	10,702	99	110	1	10,812
	LSD	93	98	2	2	95
	Methadone 2	1,067				1,067
	Morphine	113	99	1	1	114
	Other class A	599	66	313	34	912
	All class A 3	33,959	96	1,287	4	35,246
Class B	Cannabis	165,998	99	1,383	1	167,381
drugs	Amphetamines	7,135	99	42	1	7,177
	Barbiturates ²	22				22
	Other class B	2,475	91	247	9	2,722
	All class B 3	173,581	99	1,637	1	175,218
Class C	Anabolic steroids	561	83	113	17	674
drugs	Benzodiazepines ²	2,488				2,488
	GHB	66	100	-	0	66
	Ketamine	1,683	94	109	6	1,792
	Temazepam ²	250				250
	Other class C	1,728	67	866	33	2,594
	All class C 3	6,435	86	1,081	14	7,516
Unknown	Unknown	3,677	100	-	0	3,677
All seizures 3		208,830	98	3,954	2	212,784

Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes
possession of the seized drugs.

Quantity of seizures

Although the UKBA accounted for only two per cent of seizures in 2010/11, the proportion they seized in terms of quantity was much higher. This is due to the fact that the agency is often involved in high profile operations where large quantities of drugs are seized, for example at airports or ferry ports.

This is highlighted in Figure 5.1. Almost two-thirds of the quantity of drugs seized by police (62 per cent) and more than half of that seized by the UKBA (53 per cent) fell within the 1–500g or 51–100 doses or plants groupings. A further 37 per cent of the drugs seized by police weighed less than one gram or consisted of between 1–50 doses or plants, while only three per cent of seizures made by the UKBA fell within these groupings. In contrast, 35 per cent of UKBA seizures weighed more than one kilogram, compared to less than one per cent of police seizures. A breakdown by drug type is shown in Summary Table 3.

- In 2010/11, the UKBA seized 64 per cent of cocaine by quantity (76% in 2009/10), 57 per cent of heroin (55% in 2009/10) and less than one per cent of ecstasy (32% in 2009/10).
- For class B drugs, the UKBA seized 19 per cent of amphetamines (40% in 2009/10).

Seizures of methadone (class A), barbiturates (class B), benzodiazepines and temazepam (both class C) could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the relevant other class' total

^{3.} As a seizure can involve more than one drug, figures for individual drugs and drug classes cannot be added together to produce totals.

- All cannabis plant seizures (729,502 plants) were made by local police forces in 2010/11, while the UKBA seized 28.9 tonnes (60%) of the herbal and resin cannabis seized in 2010/11 compared to 19.6 tonnes (40%) seized by the police. This shows that, despite the growth in domestic production, there are still sizeable imports being attempted.
- Within class C drugs the UKBA seized 88 per cent of anabolic steroids (98% in 2009/10) and 72 per cent of ketamine (28% in 2009/10). Five kilograms of GHB were seized in 2010/11, all of which was seized by the police.
- As with the number of drugs seized in 2010/11, the quantity of methadone, barbiturates, benzodiazepines and temazepam seized by the UKBA could not be separately identified from its recording system.

Table 5.2 Quantity and percentage of drugs seized by class, drug type and authority, 2010/11¹

D	Daniel Land	2	Police for	rces	UKBA	1	Tatal
Drug class	Drug type	Units ²	Quantity	%	Quantity	ty % 19 64 14 28 0 0 20 57 1 20 0 1 97 66 14 55 - 0 37 19 59 342 - 0	Total
Class A	Cocaine	kg	868	36	1,519	64	2,387
drugs	Crack	kg	36	72	14	28	50
	Ecstasy	doses (000s)	357	100	0	0	357
	Heroin	kg	311	43	420	57	732
	LSD doses (000s)		3	80	1	20	4
	Methadone 3	doses (000s)	172				172
	Morphine	doses (000s)	8	99	0	1	9
Class B	Cannabis (herbal)	kg	7,096	34	13,597	66	20,693
drugs	Cannabis resin	kg	12,523	45	15,344	55	27,866
	Cannabis plants	plant	729,502	100	-	0	729,502
	Amphetamines	kg	573	81	137	19	710
	Barbiturates 3	doses (000s)	0				0
Class C	Anabolic steroids	doses (000s)	333	46	2,459	342	719
drugs	Benzodiazepines 3	doses (000s)	664				664
	GHB	kg	5	100	-	0	5
	Ketamine	kg	221	28	581	72	802
	Temazepam ³	doses (000s)	9				9

Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes
possession of the seized drugs.

^{2.} Drugs can be seized in a variety of forms or preparation types. In this table, quantities of drugs have been converted to weights (kg), doses (000s) or plants. To present all seized quantities within a given drug type in terms of one comparable unit, conversion factors are applied to estimate the overall quantity for that drug.

^{3.} Seizures of methadone, barbiturates, benzodiazepines and temazepam could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11.

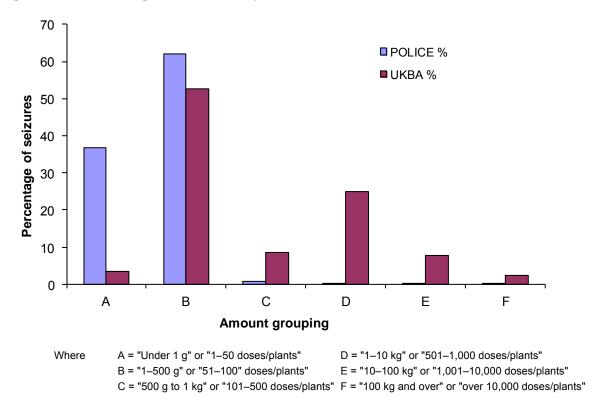


Figure 5.1 Percentage distribution of police and UKBA main class A and B seizures, 2010/11

Number of seizures by region

- With the exception of the North West, proportions of the number of drug seizures on a regional level varied little from 2009/10 to 2010/11. The four percentage point decrease for the North West is due to Merseyside Police changing the way it has recorded drug seizures since April 2010.
- At 30 per cent, the largest proportion of drug seizures took place in London, the most heavily populated region in England and Wales.
- Outside of London, the largest proportion of seizures took place in the South East (12%) and the smallest proportion in the North East (4%).
- The UKBA and British Transport Police each accounted for two per cent of seizures in England and Wales. Their data cannot be broken down by region.

Table 5.3 Number of seizures of controlled drugs expressed as a percentage by government region or authority and year¹

orth East Region 6 5 6 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 10 orth West Region 8 7 7 10 7 7 5 6 7 7 ast Midlands Region 3 5 4 4 6 5 6 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5											
Police force region or authority	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	
North East Region	6	5	6	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	
North West Region ²	13	13	14	13	12	13	14	14	14	10	
Yorkshire and the Humber Region	8	7	7	10	7	7	5	6	7	7	
East Midlands Region 3	5	4	4	6	5	6	5	5	4	5	
West Midlands Region	10	10	11	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	
Eastern Region ⁴	5	4	6	7	6	5	5	6	6	7	
London Region	21	23	18	18	24	28	32	32	30	30	
South East Region	10	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	11	12	
South West Region	9	9	10	8	9	7	6	6	6	7	
Wales	7	7	8	8	6	5	6	6	6	6	
National Crime Squad	0	0	0	0	0						
British Transport Police	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	
Total Police	95	95	95	96	96	96	97	97	98	98	
UKBA	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	2	2	
All authorities	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Reporting of drug seizures was moved to a financial-year basis from 2006/07.

Merseyside Police data from 1999 to 2007/08 are estimated. Seizure data for 2010/11 were taken from a new system using data from the force's forensic services provider (see Introduction). The 2003 figure excludes Nottinghamshire as the force did not submit data.

The 2008/09 figure includes Norfolk data for between 1 April 2008 and 31 January 2009 only.

Summary Table 1 Number of drug seizures by drug class, type and year¹, 2001 to 2010/11

1a: Seizures made by police forces^{2,3}

	s made by police forces	2004	2000	2003 ⁴	2004	2025	0000/07	0007/00	2008/09 ⁵	000040	004044	% change 2009/10 to
Drug class	Drug type	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2010/11
Class A	Cocaine	5,077	4,776	6,094	7,154	11,310	15,776	20,092	23,635	20,351	16,852	-17
	Crack	3,735	4,362	5,013	5,151	6,694	6,943	7,567	6,615	5,077	5,367	6
	Ecstasy	8,975	6,960	6,401	6,190	6,634	8,141	7,148	5,197	3,712	2,522	-32
	Heroin	15,335	13,268	11,086	11,574	13,984	13,878	14,118	13,131	12,728	10,702	-16
	LSD	152	50	127	139	203	165	144	128	101	93	-8
	Methadone	945	764	562	630	938	933	1,008	1,065	1,028	1,067	4
	Morphine ⁶					90	79	100	109	110	113	3
	Other class A 6	518	744	625	545	617	642	616	538	599	599	0
	All class A ⁷	31,843	28,506	30,226	29,551	39,243	43,179	46,546	46,408	40,033	33,959	-15
Class B	Herbal cannabis	30,139	39,045	34,823	40,682	73,671	106,208	134,636	142,840	143,395	138,091	-4
	Cannabis resin	49,252	47,244	43,426	34,497	40,731	31,781	30,182	35,159	24,022	18,003	-25
	Cannabis plants	1,807	2,326	2,840	2,930	4,327	5,805	8,539	9,380	12,920	14,411	12
	Total cannabis 8	77,344	78,542	84,360	78,648	117,437	140,667	170,002	182,930	175,450	165,998	-5
	Amphetamines	6,258	6,119	6,136	6,438	7,772	8,418	8,820	7,698	7,263	7,135	-2
	Barbiturates 9					18	26	13	21	21	22	-
	Other class B 10	324	264	201	182	208	245	171	217	321	2,475	671
	All class B ^{7,8,9}	81,805	89,359	85,293	6,621	7,992	8,635	8,970	189,125	181,318	173,581	-4
Class C	Anabolic steroids	88	73	117	155	257	457	391	546	530	561	6
	Benzodiazepines	1,025	995	763	684	905	1,366	1,457	1,816	2,141	2,488	16
	GHB 11	*	*	21	21	29	61	63	47	59	66	12
	Ketamine 12	*	*	*	*	*			1,269	1,513	1,683	11
	Temazepam	292	198	201	202	208	243	278	292	231	250	8
	Other class C 13	58	40	74	187	379	1,165	1,689	779	969	1,728	78
	All class C ^{7,8}	1,395	1,262	1,219	76,873	119,183	143,366	173,019	4,573	5,198	6,435	24
Unknown		415	444	477	42	886	2,444	2,234	2,645	3,061	3,677	20
All drugs ⁷	Police forces total ^{2,3}	112,330	115,100	110,760	108,458	163,933	189,583	221,543	233,793	220,453	208,830	-5

Summary Table 1 (cont'd) Number of drug seizures by drug class, type and year¹, 2001 to 2010/11

1b: Seizures made by the UKBA 14,15

ib. Seizure	es made by the UKBA ****	2001	2002	2003 4	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09 ⁵	2009/10	2010/11	% change 2009/10 to 2010/11
Class A	Cocaine	1,720	1,239	1,157	1,125	1,202	1,141	1,254	1,024	1,026	837	-18
	Crack	45	25	25	13	11	12	11	8	4	13	-
	Ecstasy	105	84	74	66	54	43	25	21	12	13	-
	Heroin	112	89	109	94	88	64	68	171	108	110	2
	LSD	4	1	4	5	1	4	1	4	1	2	-
	Methadone 16	7	2	3	5	6	3	4	4	8		••
	Morphine ⁶	2	1	3	3	0	3	1	8	2	1	-
	Other class A	166	181	109	74	107	202	154	100	85	313	268
	All class A 7,16	2,119	1,574	1,456	1,352	1,442	1,456	1,508	1,319	1,235	1,287	4
Class B	Herbal cannabis	2,667	3,321	2,650	2,390	2,486	3,441	2,890	2,513	1,061	1,118	5
	Cannabis resin	954	1,019	795	722	723	809	688	636	317	290	-9
	Cannabis plants	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Total cannabis 8	3,310	3,977	3,152	2,869	2,990	3,932	3,587	3,217	1,380	1,383	0
	Amphetamines	90	62	72	66	65	59	43	62	39	42	_
	Barbiturates ^{9,17}						4	4	4	7		
	Other class B 10	6	11	6	9	38	70	114	383	56	247	341
	All class B ^{7,8,9,17}	3,375	4,029	3,202	75	103	128	160	3,536	1,470	1,637	11
Class C	Anabolic steroids	50	47	66	114	151	89	126	259	341	113	-67
	Benzodiazepines 18	3	43	141	146	842	895	1,358	2,222	816		
	GHB 11	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Ketamine 12	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	99	109	10
	Temazepam 18	8	4	1	11	4	55	126	317	54		
	Other class C 18	12	11	12	17	468	124	143	309	22	866	_
	All class C ^{7,8,9}	73	104	231	3,154	4,431	5,058	5,036	3,011	1,307	1,081	-17
Unknown		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-
All drugs ⁷	UKBA ^{14,15}	5,406	5,543	4,756	4,465	5,869	6,516	6,588	7,680	3,948	3,954	0

Summary Table 1 (cont'd) Number of drug seizures by drug class, type and year¹, 2001 to 2010/11

1c: Total seizures made by police forces² and UKBA¹³

				4					5			2009/10 to
		2001	2002	2003 4	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09 5	2009/10	2010/11	2010/11
Class A	Cocaine	6,797	6,015	7,251	8,279	12,512	16,917	21,346	24,659	21,377	17,689	-17
	Crack	3,780	4,387	5,038	5,164	6,705	6,955	7,578	6,623	5,081	5,380	6
	Ecstasy	9,080	7,044	6,475	6,256	6,688	8,184	7,173	5,218	3,724	2,535	-32
	Heroin	15,447	13,357	11,195	11,668	14,072	13,942	14,186	13,302	12,836	10,812	-16
	LSD	156	51	131	144	204	169	145	132	102	95	-7
	Methadone 16	952	766	565	635	944	936	1,012	1,069	1,036	1,067	3
	Morphine ⁶	2	1	3	3	90	82	101	117	112	114	2
	Other class A 16	684	925	734	619	724	844	770	638	684	912	33
	All class A 7	33,962	30,080	31,682	30,903	40,685	44,635	48,054	47,727	41,268	35,246	-15
Class B	Herbal cannabis	32,806	42,366	37,473	43,072	76,157	109,649	137,526	145,353	144,456	139,209	-4
	Cannabis resin	50,206	48,263	44,221	35,219	41,454	32,590	30,870	35,795	24,339	18,293	-25
	Cannabis plants	1,808	2,328	2,840	2,930	4,327	5,805	8,539	9,380	12,920	14,411	12
	Total cannabis 8	80,654	82,519	87,512	81,517	120,427	144,599	173,589	186,147	176,830	167,381	-5
	Amphetamines	6,348	6,181	6,208	6,504	7,837	8,477	8,863	7,760	7,302	7,177	-2
	Barbiturates 9,17					18	30	17	25	28	22	-
	Other class B 10,17	330	275	207	191	246	315	285	600	377	2,722	622
	All class B ^{7,8}	85,180	93,388	88,495	6,696	8,095	8,763	9,130	192,661	182,788	175,218	-4
Class C	Anabolic steroids	138	120	183	269	408	546	517	805	871	674	-23
	Benzodiazepines 18	1,028	1,038	904	830	1,747	2,261	2,815	4,038	2,957	2,488	-16
	GHB 11	*	*	21	21	29	61	63	47	59	66	12
	Ketamine 12	*	*	*	*	*	*		1,269	1,612	1,792	11
	Temazepam 18	300	202	202	213	212	298	404	609	285	250	-12
	Other class C 18	70	51	86	204	847	1,289	1,832	1,088	991	2,594	162
	All class C ^{7,8,9}	1,468	1,366	1,450	80,027	123,614	148,424	178,055	7,584	6,505	7,516	16
Unknown		415	444	477	42	887	2,444	2,234	2,645	3,061	3,677	20
All drugs ⁷	Total	117,736	120,643	115,516	112,923	169,802	196,099	228,131	241,473	224,401	212,784	-5

% change

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY SUMMARY TABLE 1

- 1. Reporting of drug seizures has been moved to a financial-year basis from 2006/07.
- 2. Includes seizures made by British Transport Police.
- 3. All figures from 1999 to 2007/08 include estimates for Merseyside Police.
- 4. 2003 figures do not include data from Nottinghamshire police force area.
- 5. 2008/09 figures from Norfolk cover the period from 1 April 2008 to 31 January 2009 only.
- 6. Morphine is grouped under 'other class A' by police forces until 2005 and is not separately identifiable.
- As a seizure can involve more than one drug, figures for individual drugs and drug classes cannot be added together to produce totals.
- 8. Cannabis was reclassified from a class B to a class C drug in January 2004, and then classified back as a class B drug on 26 January 2009. For clarity, cannabis is listed under class B for the entire time series shown. It has not, however, been considered as a class B drug throughout the time series when calculating the class totals. The totals for 'all class B' drugs are therefore much lower on account of this between 2004 and 2007/08 than the years before and after this period, with the 'all class C' being much higher.
- 9. Barbiturates are grouped under 'other class B' until 2005 and are not separately identifiable.
- 10. 2010/11 figures for 'other class B' drugs include mephedrone and other cathinone-based drugs, which became controlled drugs in April 2010.
- 11. GHB became a controlled drug in 2003.
- 12. Ketamine became a controlled drug in 2006. It is grouped in 'other class C' and not separately identified until 2008/09 for forces and 2009/10 for UKBA.
- 2010/11 figures for 'other class C' drugs include GBL, 1,4-Butanediol, oripavine and BZP, which became controlled drugs in December 2009.
- 14. Includes data from Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs (HMRC). Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA (or HMRC) and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.
- 15. UKBA data prior to 2004 have been amended in line with police data counting rules.
- 16. Seizures of methadone could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the 'other class A' total.
- 17. Seizures of barbiturates could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the 'other class B' total.
- 18. Seizures of benzodiazepines and temazepam could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the 'other class C' total.
- * denotes data not applicable.
- .. denotes data not available.
- '- for percentages, indicates that data are not reported because the base number is less than 50.

Summary Table 2 Quantity of drugs seized^{1,2,3} by drug class, type and year⁴, 2001 to 2010/11

2a: Quantity seized by police forces^{5,6}

Davis alasa	David	Unit ^{8,9}	2004	2002	2003 ¹⁰	2004	2005	2000/07	2007/00	2008/09 ¹¹	2000/40	204.0/4.4	% change 09/10 to 10/11
Drug class	Drug type	Unit	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	
Class A	Cocaine	kg	1,054	171	2,026	1,334	1,062	1,005	401	408	646	868	34
	Crack	kg	34	42	253	136	49	47	36	29	59	36	-39
	Ecstasy	dose (000s)	2,208	647	2,998	1,767	1,384	1,890	342	299	116	357	209
	Heroin	kg	2,833	1,687	1,100	1,192	813	500	364	517	687	311	-55
	LSD	dose (000s)	7	5	2	7	1,137	6	3	19	2	3	-
	Methadone 8	kg / dose (000s)	102	51	34	62	65	102	106	205	150	172	15
	Morphine ^{8,12}	kg / dose (000s)					6	4	5	3	6	8	-
Class B	Herbal cannabis ¹³	kg	7,587	4,044	14,741	2,940	3,067	2,884	3,238	4,454	4,697	7,096	51
	Cannabis resin ¹³	kg	21,138	9,157	29,527	22,848	26,446	2,434	2,774	6,083	1,410	12,523	788
	Cannabis plants ¹³	plant	71,491	55,131	85,312	93,469	220,019	363,679	535,888	643,510	758,943	729,502	-4
	Amphetamines	kg	1,017	722	886	981	1,017	571	905	754	794	573	-28
	Barbiturates ¹⁴	dose (000s)			••		1	1	2	23	1	0	-
Class C	Anabolic steroids	kg / dose (000s)	1	15	0	2	56	90	82	128	85	333	293
	Benzodiazepines	kg / dose (000s)	6	1	3	1	968	199	116	176	687	664	-3
	GHB ¹⁵	kg	*	*	6	1	1	9	7	2	4	5	-
	Ketamine ¹⁶	kg	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	27	211	221	5
	Temazepam ⁸	kg / dose (000s)	0	0	0	0	7	9	14	91	16	9	-

Summary Table 2 (cont'd) Quantity of drugs seized^{1,2,3} by drug class, type and year⁴, 2001 to 2010/11

2b: Quantity seized by the UKBA⁷

													% change 09/10 to
Drug class	Drug type	Unit ^{8,9}	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	10/11
Class A	Cocaine	kg	4,214	3,336	4,902	3,306	2,759	2,240	3,052	2,508	1,997	1,519	-24
	Crack	kg	22	14	12	4	2	13	1	4	0	14	-
	Ecstasy	dose (000s)	4,193	3,485	3,901	2,973	1,635	4,795	623	247	55	0	-99
	Heroin	kg	1,314	1,020	1,619	978	1,094	530	695	1,035	830	420	-49
	LSD	dose (000s)	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	1	1	1	-
	Methadone 8,17	kg / dose (000s)	4	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Morphine ⁸	kg / dose (000s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Class B	Herbal cannabis ¹³	kg	23,222	31,050	15,608	18,595	17,515	22,948	16,855	28,908	13,254	13,597	3
	Cannabis resin ¹³	kg	39,515	32,757	41,168	40,387	24,145	17,416	13,936	25,716	11,153	15,344	38
	Cannabis plants ¹³	plant	16	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Amphetamines	kg	627	488	693	276	1,074	818	906	2,185	532	137	-74
	Barbiturates ^{14,17}	dose (000s)					0	310	0	0	0		
Class C	Anabolic steroids	kg / dose (000s)	80	382	157	555	2,481	4,969	6,907	3,816	3,345	2,459	-26
	Benzodiazepines 17	kg / dose (000s)	1	2	3	0	1,756	3,086	668	2,981	6,118		
	GHB ¹⁵	kg	*	*	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Ketamine ¹⁶	kg	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	82	581	608
	Temazepam ^{8,17}	kg / dose (000s)		0	0	0	15	500	94	118	125	**	

Summary Table 2 (cont'd) Quantity of drugs seized^{1,2,3} by drug class, type and year⁴, 2001 to 2010/11

2c: Total quantity seized by police forces^{5,6} and the UKBA⁷

Drug class	Drug type	Unit ^{8,9}	2001	2002	2003 ¹⁰	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09 ¹¹	2009/10	2010/11	% change 09/10 to 10/11
Class A	Cocaine	kg	5,267	3,506	6,928	4,640	3,821	3,244	3,453	2,916	2,643	2,387	-10
	Crack	kg	56	56	266	140	51	60	37	33	59	50	-16
	Ecstasy	dose (000s)	6,401	4,132	6,899	4,740	3,019	6,685	965	547	171	357	109
	Heroin	kg	4,147	2,707	2,719	2,170	1,907	1,030	1,059	1,552	1,516	732	-52
	LSD	dose (000s)	7	5	2	37	1,137	6	3	20	3	4	-
	Methadone 8,17	kg / dose (000s)	106	51	60	62	65	102	106	205	150	172	15
	Morphine ^{8,12}	kg / dose (000s)	0	0	0	0	6	4	5	4	6	9	-
Class B	Herbal cannabis ¹³	kg	30,809	35,094	30,349	21,535	20,583	25,832	20,093	33,363	17,951	20,693	15
	Cannabis resin ¹³	kg	60,653	41,915	70,695	63,234	50,591	19,851	16,710	31,799	12,563	27,866	122
	Cannabis plants ¹³	plant	71,507	55,152	85,312	93,469	220,019	363,679	535,888	643,510	758,943	729,502	-4
	Amphetamines	kg	1,645	1,210	1,580	1,257	2,091	1,390	1,811	2,939	1,326	710	-46
	Barbiturates ^{14,17}	dose (000s)					1	311	2	23	1	0	-
Class C	Anabolic steroids	kg / dose (000s)	81	398	157	557	2,538	5,059	6,988	3,944	3,430	2,792	-19
	Benzodiazepines 17		6	3	5	1	2,723	3,285	784	3,157	6,805	664	-90
	GHB ¹⁵	kg	*	*	40	1	1	9	7	2	4	5	-
	Ketamine ¹⁶	kg	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	27	293	802	173
	Temazepam 8,17	kg / dose (000s)	0	0	0	0	22	508	108	209	141	9	-93

- 1. Where the quantity of a seizure is recorded as 'trace' it is not included in these figures.
- 2. Drugs can be seized in a variety of forms or preparation types. In this table, quantities of drugs have been converted to weights (kg), doses (000s) or plants. To present all seized quantities within a given drug type in terms of one comparable unit, conversion factors are applied to estimate the overall quantity for that drug.
- 3. New conversion factors were introduced in 2005, in consultation with the Forensic Science Service. Quantities data prior to 2005 are not comparable with later data.
- 4. Reporting of drug seizures was moved to a financial-year basis from 2006/07.
- 5. Includes seizures made by British Transport Police.
- 6. All figures from 1999 to 2007/08 include estimates for Merseyside Police.
- 7. Includes data from HRMC. Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.
- 8. From 2005, quantities for methadone, morphine, barbiturates, anabolic steroids, benzodiazepines and temazepam are presented in doses rather than kg.
- 9. Doses include dots, tablets and squares.
- 10. 2003 figures do not include data from Nottinghamshire police force area.
- 11. 2008/09 figures from Norfolk cover the period from 1 April 2008 to 31 January 2009 only.
- 12. Morphine is grouped under 'other class A' by police forces until 2005 and is not separately identifiable.
- 13. Cannabis was reclassified from a class B to a class C drug in January 2004, and then classified back as a class B drug on 26 January 2009.
- 14. Barbiturates are grouped under 'other class B' until 2005 and are not separately identifiable.
- 15. GHB became a controlled drug in 2003.
- 16. Ketamine became a controlled drug in 2006. It is grouped in "Other class C" and not separately identified until 2008/09 for forces and 2009/10 for UKBA.
- 17. Seizures of methadone, barbiturates, benzodiazepines and temazepam could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11.

Seizures of controlled drugs by drug class, type and amount seized $^{1,2}\,,\,2010/11$ **Summary Table 3**

3a: Seizures made by police forces $^{\scriptsize 3}$

	Total Weighed amount seized										
Drug type	Unit ⁴	Class	number of seizures	Under 1g	1g to 500g	500g to 1kg	1kg to 10kg	10kg to 100kg	100kg and over	Total (kg)	Average (g)
Cocaine	kg	Α	16,852	10,866	5,844	51	85	4	2	868	51
Crack	kg	Α	5,367	3,559	1,800	2	6	-	-	36	7
Heroin	kg	Α	10,702	7,572	3,073	21	31	4	1	311	29
Herbal cannabis	kg	В	138,091	34,148	103,443	218	256	19	7	7,096	51
Cannabis resin	kg	В	18,003	3,617	14,270	38	48	23	7	12,523	696
Amphetamines	kg	В	7,135	3,281	3,722	55	66	10	1	573	80
						Unwe	ighed amount s	eized			
				1-50	51-100	101-500	501-1,000	1,001-10,000	Over 10,000	Total (000s of	Average
				doses / plants	doses/plants)	(doses/plants)					
Ecstasy	dose	Α	2,522	2,369	72	58	5	13	5	357	141
LSD	dose	Α	93	79	2	4	1	4	3	3	37
Methadone	dose	Α	1,067	653	163	216	24	10	1	172	162
Morphine	dose	Α	113	90	7	12	4	-	-	8	74
Cannabis plants	plant	В	14,411	12,359	783	1,060	146	62	1	730	51

3b: Seizures made by the UKBA^{5,6}

			Total			Weig	hed amount sei	zed ⁶			
Drug type	Unit ⁴	Class	number of seizures	Under 1a	1g to 500g	500g to 1kg	1kg to 10kg	10kg to 100kg	100kg and over	Total (kg)	Average (g
Cocaine	kg	Α	837	11	393	126	262	31	1	1,519	1,815
Crack	kg	Α	13	2	8	1	1	1	-	14	1,072
Heroin	kg	Α	110	4	32	19	41	13	-	420	3,821
Herbal cannabis	kg	В	1,118	44	620	41	239	130	35	13,597	12,162
Cannabis resin	kg	В	290	12	186	12	43	12	24	15,344	52,909
Amphetamines	kg	В	42	6	16	3	10	1	-	137	3,270
						Unwei	ghed amount se	eized ⁶			
				1-50	51-100	101-500	501-1,000	1,001-10,000	Over 10,000	Total (000s of	Average
				doses / plants	doses / plants	doses/plants)	(doses/plants)				
Ecstasy	dose	Α	13	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	23
LSD	dose	Α	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	430
Methadone 7	dose	Α									
Morphine	dose	Α	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	120
Cannabis plants	plant	В	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-

3c: Seizures made by police forces³ and UKBA ^{5,6}

			Total	otal Weighed amount seized ⁶										
Drug type	Unit ⁴	Class	number of seizures	Under 1a	1g to 500g	500g to 1kg	1kg to 10kg	10kg to 100kg	100kg and over	Total (kg)	Average (g)			
Cocaine	kg	Α	17,689	10,877	6,237	177	347	35	3	2,387	135			
Crack	kg	Α	5,380	3,561	1,808	3	7	1	-	50	9			
Heroin	kg	Α	10,812	7,576	3,105	40	72	17	1	732	68			
Herbal cannabis	kg	В	139,209	34,192	104,063	259	495	149	42	20,693	149			
Cannabis resin	kg	В	18,293	3,629	14,456	50	91	35	31	27,866	1,523			
Amphetamines	kg	В	7,177	3,287	3,738	58	76	11	1	710	99			
						Unwei	ghed amount se	eized ⁶						
				1-50	51-100	101-500	501-1,000	1,001-10,000	Over 10,000	Total (000s of	Average			
				doses / plants	doses / plants	doses / plants	doses / plants	doses / plants	doses / plants	doses/plants)	(doses/plants)			
Ecstasy	dose	Α	2,535	2,373	72	59	5	13	5	357	141			
LSD	dose	Α	95	79	2	4	2	4	3	4	46			
Methadone 7	dose	Α	1,067	653	163	216	24	10	1	172	162			
Morphine	dose	Α	114	90	7	13	4	-	-	8	75			
Cannabis plants	plant	В	14,411	12,359	783	1,060	146	62	1	730	51			

^{1.} Drugs can be seized in a variety of forms or preparation types. In this table, quantities of drugs have been converted to kg, doses (000s) or plants. To present all seized quantities within a given drug type in terms of one comparable unit, conversion factors are applied to estimate the overall quantity for that drug. New conversion factors were introduced in 2005, in consultation with the Forensic Science Service. Quantities data prior to 2005 are not comparable with later data.

- 2. Quantities data for all drugs are not applicable as conversion factors are not applied to all drugs.
- Includes seizures made by British Transport Police.
 Doses include dots, tablets and squares.

- .. denotes data not available.

^{5.} Includes seizures made by the HMRC. Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.

^{6.} Quantity data from the UKBA requiring conversion are not included in the w eighed and unw eighed breakdow ns in 3b and 3c. Therefore, the total number of seizures for any particular drug will not be the sum of the quantity breakdow ns. The UKBA's quantity data are, how ever, included in the total estimated quantity and average quantity columns.

^{7.} Seizures of methadone could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. - denotes nil.

Summary Table 4 Average purities of drug seizures analysed by the Forensic Science Service by drug type and year¹, 2003 to 2010/11

England and Wales, FSS Percentages For the UKBA For police forces Cocaine Crack Heroin Amphetamines Cocaine Crack Heroin Amphetamines Year¹ Quarter Q1 (Jan-Mar) Q2 (Apr-Jun) Q3 (Jul-Sep) Q4 (Oct-Dec) Q1 (Jan-Mar) Q2 (Apr-Jun) 17 Q3 (Jul-Sep) Q4 (Oct-Dec) 47 40 65 9 Q1 (Jan-Mar) Q2 (Apr-Jun) Q3 (Jul-Sep) Q4 (Oct-Dec) 10 53 72 20 2006/07 Q1 (Apr-Jun) Q2 (Jul-Sep) Q3 (Oct-Dec) Q4 (Jan-Mar) 34 51 35 2007/08 Q1 (Apr-Jun) Q2 (Jul-Sep) Q3 (Oct-Dec) 11 Q4 (Jan-Mar) .. 43 33 2008/09 Q1 (Apr-Jun) 8 6 7 Q2 (Jul-Sep) Q3 (Oct-Dec) Q4 (Jan-Mar) 2009/10 Q1 (Apr-Jun) 17 34 7 9 Q2 (Jul-Sep) Q3 (Oct-Dec) 22 Q4 (Jan-Mar) 2010/11 Q1 (Apr-Jun) Q2 (Jul-Sep) Q3 (Oct-Dec) Q4 (Jan-Mar)

^{1.} Reporting of drug seizures has been moved to a financial-year basis from 2006/07 to be comparable with other crime publications.

^{2.} Data represent the average of all analysed drug samples submitted to the FSS. Data refer to the year that information on the analysis was provided rather than the year of seizure.

^{..} denotes data not available

Area Table 1 Number of seizures of controlled drugs by seizing authority and year^{1,2}, 2001 to 2010/11

Police force region or authority	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	% change 2009/10 to 2010/11
Cleveland	970	1,010	800	765	2,657	3,143	2,494	2,382	2,462	1,532	-38
Durham	1,490	1,100	1,060	1,601	1,660	2,018	2,056	1,524	1,497	1,716	15
Northumbria	4,490	3,990	4,680	3,526	4,720	4,062	3,648	5,384	5,011	5,328	6
North East Region	6,950	6,100	6,540	5,892	9,037	9,223	8,198	9,290	8,970	8,576	-4
Cheshire	990	1,200	780	633	293	736	1,258	2,024	2,085	2,221	7
Cumbria Greater Manchester	930	770	1,100	1,307	1,247	1,313	1,301	1,201	1,489	1,536	3 9
Lancashire	3,940 2,960	2,960 3,440	4,240 3,480	3,064 3,311	6,797 2,809	10,089 2,866	12,581 3,505	11,952 3,816	10,801 4,176	11,740 3,812	-9
Merseyside ³	6,640	6,800	6,540	6,405	9,681	11,196	13,083	13,784	12,946	1,797	-86
North West Region ³	15,460	15,170	16,140	14,720	20,827	26,200	31,728	32,777	31,497	21,106	-33
Humberside	1,620	2,380	1,840	2,359	2,791	2,666	2,458	2,887	2,817	2,993	6
North Yorkshire	650	720	690	1,096	1,481	1,385	1,614	1,602	1,566	1,731	11
South Yorkshire	2,880	1,400	990	3,410	2,388	4,225	4,843	5,514	6,555	6,020	-8
West Yorkshire	4,080	4,440	4,130	4,354	5,551	4,600	2,754	3,410	3,666	4,555	24
Yorkshire and the Humber Region	9,230	8,940	7,650	11,219	12,211	12,876	11,669	13,413	14,604	15,299	5
Derbyshire	1,350	1,390	1,870	1,745	2,010	3,155	2,134	2,417	2,722	3,052	12
Leicestershire	1,450	1,450	1,370	1,517	2,303	1,821	2,338	2,655	2,821	2,899	3
Lincolnshire	1,020	750 550	1,050	631	560	646	913	745	507	323	-36
Northamptonshire Nottinghamshire ⁴	420	550	520	612	1,837	1,893	1,267	1,354	1,501	2,147	43
East Midlands Region ⁴	1,580 5,820	1,170 5,310	4,810	2,073 6,578	1,129 7,839	3,946 11,461	4,864 11,516	4,116 11,287	2,273 9,824	2,528 10,949	11 11
Staffordshire	1,540	1,470	1,150	1,070	1,799	2,473	3,949	3,325	3,297	3,224	-2
Warwickshire	510	390	660	543	1,090	1,360	1,293	1,289	1,551	1,273	-18
West Mercia	2,290	1,980	1,750	595	2,904	3,314	3,303	3,007	3,113	3,145	1
West Midlands	7,290	8,270	9,710	7,932	10,262	10,732	10,389	10,608	9,596	9,143	-5
West Midlands Region	11,630	12,110	13,270	10,140	16,055	17,879	18,934	18,229	17,557	16,785	-4
Bedfordshire	880	580	690	785	1,036	802	960	1,348	1,101	1,837	67
Cambridgeshire	1,050	1,110	1,320	1,608	1,624	2,249	2,840	2,628	2,270	2,019	-11
Essex Hertfordshire	1,890 1,140	1,480 370	1,590 890	1,634 1,453	2,348 1,339	1,949 2,802	2,747 2,954	3,988 3,640	3,321 4,933	4,281 4,660	29 -6
Norfolk ⁵	870	830	1,410	1,455	1,634	1,089	1,086	569	598	870	-6 45
Suffolk	580	940	800	1,360	1,526	1,365	1,248	1,170	1,014	962	-5
Eastern Region ⁵	6,410	5,310	6,700	8,096	9,507	10,256	11,835	13,343	13,237	14,629	11
London, City of	470	640	390	594	1,336	899	883	690	771	658	-15
Metropolitan Police	23,980	27,380	20,360	19,255	40,158	54,458	71,404	76,390	66,511	62,714	-6
London Region	24,450	28,020	20,750	19,849	41,494	55,357	72,287	77,080	67,282	63,372	-6
Hampshire	2,520	2,690	2,760	2,002	3,180	1,898	3,781	4,433	5,258	5,044	-4
Kent ⁶	1,760	1,760	1,770	1,385	2,970	2,357	2,527	2,404	2,767	4,934	78
Surrey Sussex	1,620 2,020	1,590 2,460	590 2,550	397 3,989	656 7,176	1,479 6,087	1,811 7,529	1,836 6,141	1,693 6,373	2,040 6,364	20 0
Thames Valley	3,880	4,480	4,860	4,941	3,884	7,550	8,167	8,425	7,666	7,160	-7
South East Region	11,800	12,980	12,530	12,714	17,866	19,371	23,815	23,239	23,757	25,542	8
Avon and Somerset	3,030	3,190	2,560	1,849	6,034	5,241	5,907	6,437	6,383	6,882	8
Devon and Cornwall	3,520	4,210	5,650	3,191	5,963	4,747	4,621	4,057	2,823	2,884	2
Dorset	1,480	1,230	1,330	1,266	1,527	1,540	1,720	1,873	1,903	1,952	3
Gloucestershire	1,190	1,510	1,530	1,496	1,579	1,343	1,811	2,308	2,322	1,976	-15
Wiltshire South West Region	1,450 10,670	860 11,000	750 11,820	709 8,511	760 15,863	706 13,577	569 14,628	972 15,647	1,138 14,569	1,354 15,048	19 3
England police total	102,420	104,940	100,210	97,719	150,699	176,200	204,610	214,305	201,297	191,306	-5
Dyfed-Powys	1,980	2,420	2,150	1,382	2,830	2,359	2,181	2,237	2,630	2,876	9
Gwent	1,320	1,370	1,230	1,144	1,210	1,815	2,020	2,302	2,107	2,268	8
North Wales	970	1,270	1,220	1,717	1,607	1,920	2,373	2,531	2,441	2,181	-11
South Wales Wales	3,980 8,250	3,920 8,980	4,540 9,140	4,640 8,883	4,661 10,308	4,601 10,695	6,554 13,128	6,720 13,790	6,245 13,423	6,029 13,354	-3 -1
National Crime Squad ⁷	140	30	120	137	104						
British Transport Police	1,520	1,150	1,290	1,719	2,822	2,688	3,805	5,698	5,733	4,170	-27
Total police	112,330	115,100	110,760	108,458	163,933	189,583	221,543	233,793	220,453	208,830	-5
UKBA ^{8,9}	5,406	5,543	4,756	4,465	5,869	6,516	6,588	7,680	3,948	3,954	0
TOTAL ENGLAND AND WALES 1. Reporting of drug seizures has been move	117,736	120,643	115,516 from 2006/07	112,923	169,802	196,099	228,131	241,473	224,401	212,784	-5

Reporting of drug seizures has been moved to a financial-year basis from 2006/07.

^{2.} Figures for the police from 2004 are unrounded. Previous years' data are rounded to the nearest ten; regional totals may not always be the sum of constituent forces due to rounding.

^{3.} Merseyside Police's data from 1999 to 2007/08 are estimated. Also, as a result of the force's 2010/11 data being taken from their forensic services provider's system, there were 86 per cent fewer seizures for Merseyside compared to 2009/10 (see Introduction of bulletin).

^{4.} Nottinghamshire Police did not submit data for 2003. East Midlands data for 2003 does not include data from Nottinghamshire.

5. 2008/09 figures from Norfolk cover the period from 1 April 2008 to 31 January 2009 only.

6. Kent Police recorded 78 per cent more seizures in 2010/11 than 2009/10 as a result of implementing a new system in April 2010 (see Introduction of bulletin).

^{7.} National Crime Squad was merged into the Serious Organised Crime Agency (SOCA) on 1 April 2006. SOCA data are not included in this table.

8. Includes data from HMRC. Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.

^{9.} UKBA data prior to 2004 have been amended in line with police data counting rules.

⁻ denotes nil.

^{..} denotes data not available

Drug seizures per million population¹ by police force area and year², Area Table 2 2001 to 2010/11

Police force region	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	% change 2009/10 to 2010/11
Cleveland	1,742	1,866	1,444	1,379	4,788	5,653	4,482	4,277	4,408	2,736	-38
Durham	2,456	1,859	1,793	2,708	2,804	3,397	3,444	2,534	2,474	2,828	14
Northumbria	3,175	2,884	3,354	2,528	3,386	2,906	2,607	3,840	3,561	3,759	6
North East Region	2,697	2,424	2,574	2,319	3,557	3,620	3,211	3,628	3,489	3,319	-5
Cheshire	1,006	1,220	792	640	295	739	1,260	2,022	2,079	2,208	6
Cumbria	1,894	1,579	2,250	2,660	2,520	2,644	2,619	2,418	3,003	3,103	3
Greater Manchester	1,524	1,192	1,684	1,212	2,681	3,966	4,926	4,659	4,186	4,514	8
Lancashire	2,071	2,430	2,449	2,316	1,954	1,984	2,422	2,636	2,890	2,637	-9
Merseyside ³	4,731	4,994	4,795	4,707	7,120	8,241	9,649	10,189	9,588	1,331	-86
North West Region	2,243	2,254	2,382	2,165	3,054	3,831	4,630	4,775	4,582	3,060	-33
Humberside	1,839	2,738	2,089	2,656	3,115	2,955	2,711	3,172	3,079	3,262	6
North Yorkshire	862	958	912	1,440	1,930	1,795	2,080	2,049	1,986	2,173	9
South Yorkshire	2,213	1,105	779	2,677	1,866	3,280	3,745	4,240	5,015	4,570	-9
West Yorkshire	1,923	2,134	1,971	2,068	2,614	2,141	1,269	1,557	1,661	2,046	23
Yorkshire and the Humber Region	1,825	1,800	1,529	2,231	2,410	2,519	2,267	2,589	2,799	2,910	4
Derbyshire	1,381	1,453	1,927	1,790	2,051	3,203	2,154	2,426	2,719	3,039	12
Leicestershire	1,545	1,568	1,469	1,616	2,431	1,905	2,420	2,723	2,869	2,935	2
Lincolnshire	1,608	1,158	1,600	950	831	950	1,332	1,077	729	463	-37
Northamptonshire	671	872	816	951	2,836	2,888	1,909	2,013	2,210	3,140	42
Nottinghamshire⁴ East Midlands Region	1,532 1,383	1,152 1,272	1,139	2,007 1,546	1,083 1,827	3,755 2,649	4,604 2,640	3,877 2,567	2,125 2,218	2,346 2,460	10 11
_											
Staffordshire	1,453	1,403	1,096	1,017	1,704	2,336	3,724	3,130	3,092	3,020	-2
Warwickshire	1,000	770	1,294	1,056	2,108	2,608	2,464	2,436	2,909	2,379	-18
West Mercia	1,997	1,708	1,505	510	2,482	2,824	2,806	2,545	2,623	2,643	1
West Midlands	2,783	3,238	3,775	3,079	3,976	4,138	3,996	4,072	3,659	3,465	-5
West Midlands Region	2,180	2,299	2,507	1,910	3,016	3,344	3,531	3,389	3,246	3,091	-5
Bedfordshire	1,555	1,024	1,206	1,363	1,792	1,377	1,637	2,277	1,837	3,035	65
Cambridgeshire	1,438	1,563	1,843	2,213	2,215	3,023	3,774	3,454	2,946	2,594	-12
Essex Hertfordshire	1,160 1,085	916 358	979 856	1,001 1,393	1,431 1,282	1,178 2,665	1,649 2,788	2,370 3,402	1,947 4,551	2,488	28 -7
Norfolk ⁵								679	706	4,254	44
Suffolk	1,082 853	1,040 1,404	1,752 1,188	1,547 2,003	1,999 2,224	1,321 1,965	1,308 1,787	1,660	1,427	1,019 1,347	-6
Eastern Region	1,174	984	1,234	1,481	1,728	1,848	2,116	2,362	2,315	2,537	10
London, City of ⁶	70 770	00.000	50.074	75 222	101 101	102 021	02.020	05.750	CO 040	F7 000	10
	73,772	88,889	50,974	75,333	161,431	103,931	93,836	65,752	68,049	57,282	-16 -7
Metropolitan Police London Region	3,254 3,315	3,813 3,898	2,766 2,816	2,612 2,690	5,423 5,597	7,284 7,396	9,474 9,579	10,062 10,139	8,686 8,774	8,100 8,173	-7 -7
Hampshire	1,411	1,513	1,543	1,114	1,763	1,044	2,070	2,408	2,831	2,698	-5
Kent ⁷			1,114	867	1,765		1,550		1,672	2,962	-5 77
Surrey	1,101 1,499	1,113 1,501	557	373	616	1,455 1,381	1,678	1,464 1,683	1,538	1,833	19
Sussex	1,327	1,645	1,698	2,646	4,736	3,995	4,915	3,981	4,102	4,076	-1
Thames Valley	1,823	2,141	2,310	2,338	1,830	3,527	3,787	3,867	3,482	3,217	-8
South East Region	1,454	1,621	1,558	1,574	2,202	2,370	2,896	2,801	2,839	3,028	7
Avon and Somerset	2,004	2,150	1,704	1,221	3,946	3,384	3,779	4,071	4,001	4,286	7
Devon and Cornwall	2,219	2,667	3,554	1,993	3,693	2,913	2,811	2,443	1,693	1,726	2
Dorset	2,119	1,774	1,910	1,817	2,194	2,204	2,450	2,641	2,676	2,749	3
Gloucestershire	2,107	2,673	2,704	2,632	2,759	2,330	3,126	3,948	3,961	3,354	-15
Wiltshire	2,364	1,401	1,214	1,138	1,212	1,118	896	1,512	1,750	2,067	18
South West Region	2,145	2,229	2,377	1,701	3,148	2,670	2,855	3,022	2,796	2,877	3
England	2,083	2,175	2,064	2,003	3,032	3,504	4,052	4,214	3,911	3,692	-6
Dyfed-Powys	4,101	4,956	4,379	2,797	5,693	4,734	4,358	4,439	5,190	5,680	9
Gwent	2,368	2,480	2,220	2,062	2,178	3,265	3,628	4,127	3,767	4,047	7
North Wales	1,469	1,914	1,830	2,567	2,394	2,858	3,525	3,744	3,600	3,213	-11
South Wales Wales	3,195 2,800	3,270 3,093	3,763 3,132	3,831 3,033	3,822 3,502	3,758 3,625	5,322 4,432	5,426 4,634	5,012 4,489	4,808 4,452	-4 -1
England and Wales average	2,018	2,112	2,049	1,948	2,927	3,375	3,908	4,323	3,943	3,734	-5

^{1.} Rates per million population statistics are created using mid-year population estimates calculated by the Office for National Statistics. UK Border Agency and BTP data cannot be broken down to a regional level and are therefore excluded from both the constituent parts and the totals in this table.

2. Reporting of drug seizures has been moved to a financial-year basis from 2006/07.

3. Rates for Merseyside between 2001 and 2007/08 were calculated using estimated figures for number of seizures. Also, as a result of the force's 2010/11 data being taken from their forensic service provider's system, there were 86% fewer seizures compared to 2009/10 (see Introduction of bulletin).

4. 2003 figures do not include data from Notfolk parts point from 1 April 2008 to 31 January 2009 only.

6. Small resident population should be noted when considering City of London rates.

7. As a result of Kent Police implementing a new system in April 2010, there were 78% more seizures compared to 2009/10 (see Introduction of bulletin).

... denotes data not available

^{..} denotes data not available

Area Table 3 Number of seizures of controlled drugs by drug class, type and seizing authority, 2010/11

	ΔII				Cla	ss A drugs						Cla	ass B drugs					Class	s C drugs				Unknown
Police force region or authority	drugs ¹	Cocaine	Crack	Ecstasy	Heroin	LSD	Metha- done ³	Morphine	Other class A	Total 1	Cannabis	Amphet- amines	Barbit- urates 4	Other class B	Total 1	Anabolic steroids	Benzodiaz- epines ⁵	GHB F	Ketamine	Temaz- epam ⁵	Other class C	Total 1	
Cleveland	1,532	146	48	9	132	1	25	1	2	340	1,096	132	-	5	1,210	6	43	-	3	10	29	87	-
Durham	1,716	139	7	15	93	-	18	3	9	276	1,220	173	-	14	1,362	14	46	-	2	25	9	95	74
Northumbria North East Region	5,328 8,576	602 887	9 64	70 94	210 435	1	23 66	4 8	12 23	920 1,536	3,405 5,721	494 799	-	91 110	3,883 6,455	43 63	192 281	-	38 43	33 68	77 115	364 546	381 455
Cheshire	2,221	296	17	91	47	1	7	_	10	469	1,564	108	_	41	1,713	5	2	_	3	1	4	15	26
Cumbria	1,536	134	12	26	95	-	21	2	13	296	993	128	-	16	1,122	2	38	-	8	29	19	96	92
Greater Manchester	11,740	927	251	46	580	6	20	2	24	1,626	9,700	472	-	120	10,166	40	86	4	52	13	157	330	145
Lancashire Merseyside	3,812 1,797	331 232	92 51	30 11	306 278	1	4	1 2	11 11	746 507	2,660 1,233	205 62	-	115 4	2,957 1,268	- 17	48 116	-	13 12	9	8 39	76 180	114 53
North West Region	21,106	1,920	423	204	1,306	9	56	7	69	3,644	16,150	975	-	296	17,226	64	290	4	88	57	227	697	430
Humberside	2,993	261	50	57	242	2	35	2	16	594	2,076	234	-	55	2,298	13	263	-	12	5	61	338	-
North Yorkshire	1,731	148	22	13	110	-	5	1	1	295	1,160	69	-	126	1,348	2	46	1	15	-	13	77	26
South Yorkshire	6,020 4,555	399 326	153 160	116 63	269 187	-	52 15	4	49 3	954 675	4,552 3,473	310 95	3	102	4,885 3,548	30 19	20 3	3	166 2	11 2	33	251 30	240 620
West Yorkshire Yorkshire and the Humber Region	15,299	1,134	385	249	808	3	107	7	69	2,518	11,261	708	3	283	12,079	64	332	4	195	18	108	696	886
Derbyshire	3,052	200	56	46	179	1	43	13	30	520	2,304	221	-	137	2,555	26	80	2	31	2	52	174	_
Leicestershire	2,899	104	39	16	111	2	10	1	5	262	2,556	53	-	66	2,643	18	12	-	11	4	33	74	-
Lincolnshire	323	38	8	6	45	3	6	-	13	108	100	46	-	34	170	10	8	-	20	-	9	45	39
Northamptonshire Nottinghamshire	2,147 2.528	179 344	30 98	9 55	96 239	- 1	35 8	4	6 4	338 625	1,770 1.841	37 329	-	15 15	1,813 2.097	16 24	22 27	2	8	6	41 18	88 69	- 20
East Midlands Region	10,949	865	231	132	670	7	102	19	58	1,853	8,571	686	-	267	9,278	94	149	4	72	12	153	450	59
Staffordshire	3,224	365	42	69	185	_	19	1	6	648	2,347	134	-	198	2,621	12	33	5	16	1	40	103	1
Warwickshire	1,273	194	20	91	47	-	7	1	2	332	925	45	-	28	984	1	1	-	22	3	5	32	6
West Mercia West Midlands	3,145 9,143	71 611	55 259	20 68	121 532	2	45 49	- 5	10 12	280 1,499	2,214 7,580	27 119	1	50 33	2,283 7,716	11 8	24 21	21	12 14	6 9	34 61	101 112	734
West Midlands Region	16,785	1,241	376	248	885	5	120	7	30	2,759	13,066	325	4	309	13,604	32	79	26	64	19	140	348	745
Bedfordshire	1,837	179	99	7	72	1	23	1	14	366	1,488	14	2	11	1,511	3	1	-	10	1	8	23	-
Cambridgeshire	2,019	156	42	25	144	2	15		8	357	1,596	70	-	27	1,674	4	15	-	22	4	35	70	18
Essex Hertfordshire	4,281 4,660	423 541	295 65	46 39	389 106	-	1 19	2	7 12	968 752	3,254 3,857	124 59	-	66 4	3,383 3,907	7	13 4	-	31	5	46	95	- 86
Norfolk	4,000 870	77	18	4	38		7		3	143	695	29		4	725		5		19	1	4	27	-
Suffolk	962	62	10	8	42	2	8	2	2	127	780	33	2	8	818	-	10	-	31	-	7	48	-
Eastern Region	14,629	1,438	529	129	791	5	73	5	46	2,713	11,670	329	4	120	12,018	14	48	-	114	11	100	268	104
London, City of	658	105		18	4		. 1	-	-	124	525	. 8	-	1	532	2	-	-	8	1	. 4	15	16
Metropolitan Police London Region	62,714 63,372	3,824 3,929	2,289 2,289	391 409	2,359 2,363	19 19	156 157	8 8	52 52	8,141 8,265	54,914 55,439	630 638	1 1	78 79	55,481 56,013	10 12	60 60	8 8	195 203	9 10	175 179	422 437	152 168
Hampshire	5,044	482	101	178	265	3	35	1	18	979	3,829	206	-	71	4,047	5	36	-	30	5	55	124	77
Kent	4,934	443	69	47	202	3	3	-	6	732	3,832	238	-	7	4,021	5	7	-	29	-	-	41	379
Surrey	2,040	241	32	27	118	-	13	1	7	395	1,565	52	-	66	1,641	17	32	2	70	2	55	162	-
Sussex Thames Valley	6,364 7,160	944 765	226 156	211 78	431 336	12 3	37 27	16	75 5	1,735 1,247	4,569 5,762	192 126	3	85 48	4,771 5,900	33 6	117 22	8	123 167	14	35 26	319 218	- 116
South East Region	25,542	2,875	584	541	1,352	21	115	18	111	5,088	19,557	814	3	277	20,380	66	214	11	419	21	171	864	572
Avon and Somerset	6,882	722	145	135	395	14	34	14	30	1,208	5,497	282	5	134	5,767	35	108	-	166	5	196	461	1
Devon and Cornwall	2,884	241	6	59	208	1	131	6	13	629	1,936	169	-	162	2,210	7	169	-	10	2	63	245	-
Dorset Gloucestershire	1,952 1,976	187 207	66 69	15 27	222 135	-	17 13	2	10 15	467 435	1,323 1,453	98 62	-	47 38	1,434 1,524	16 25	38 28	-	58 55	2 5	44 29	149 136	19
Wiltshire	1,354	128	69	36	85	1	5	2	7	304	980	73	1	3	1,036	5	7	-	14	-	8	33	55
South West Region	15,048	1,485	355	272	1,045	16	200	24	75	3,043	11,189	684	6	384	11,971	88	350	-	303	14	340	1,024	75
England	191,306	15,774	5,236	2,278	9,655	86	996	103	533	31,419	152,624	5,958	21	2,125	159,024	497	1,803	57	1,501	230	1,533	5,330	3,494
Dyfed-Powys	2,876	95 108	5	38	141	1	12	3	11	292	2,387	174	-	59	2,540	11	103	1	48	6	52	202	-
Gwent North Wales	2,268 2.181	108 242	24 23	21 45	108 108	-	6 13	2	12 5	269 410	1,674 1,628	247 146	-	99 61	1,956 1,782	5 17	64 17	-	35 9	4 2	10 11	115 53	28 95
South Wales	6,029	354	59	63	615	2	30	2	35	1,114	4,175	527	-	101	4,665	28	483	7	19	8	107	628	4
Wales	13,354	799	111	167	972	3	61	10	63	2,085	9,864	1,094	-	320	10,943	61	667	8	111	20	180	998	127
British Transport Police	4,170	279	20	77	75	4	10	-	3	455	3,510	83	1	30	3,614	3	18	1	71	-	15	107	56
Total police	208,830	16,852	5,367	2,522	10,702	93	1,067	113	599	33,959	165,998	7,135	22	2,475	173,581	561	2,488	66	1,683	250	1,728	6,435	3,677
UKBA ^{2,3,4,5}	3,954	837	13	13	110	2		1	313	1,287	1,378	42		247	1,637	113		-	109		866	1,081	-
TOTAL ENGLAND AND WALES	212,784	17,689	5,380	2,535	10,812	95	1,067	114	912	35,246	167,376	7,177	22	2,722	175,218	674	2,488	66	1,792	250	2,594	7,516	3,677

^{1.} As a seizure can involve more than one drug, figures for individual drugs and drug classes cannot be added together to produce totals.
2. Includes figures for HMRC. Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.
3. Seizures of methadone could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the figure for 'other class A' drugs.
4. Seizures of abrithurates could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the figure for 'other class B' drugs.
5. Seizures of benzodiazepines and temazepam could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11. They are instead included within the figure for 'other class C' drugs.

^{..} denotes data not available

Drug seizures per million population¹ by drug class, type and police force area, 2010/11 Area Table 4

	All				Cla	ss A drugs						Clas	s B drugs						Class C	drugs			Unknown
Police force region	drugs ²	Cocaine	Crack	Ecstasy	Heroin	LSD	Metha- done	Morphine	Other	Total ²	Cannabis	Amphet- amines	Barbit- urates	Other	Total ²	Anabolic steroids	Benzo- diaze- pines	GHB		Temaz- epam	Other	Total ²	
Cleveland	2,736	261	86	16	236	2	45	2	4	607	1,957	236	0	9	2,161	11	77	0	5	18	52	155	0
Durham	2,828	229	12	25	153	0	30	5	15	455	2,010	285	0	23	2,244	23	76	0	3	41	15	157	122
Northumbria North East Region	3,759 3,319	425 343	6 25	49 36	148 168	0 0	16 26	3 3	8 9	649 594	2,402 2,214	349 309	0 0	64 43	2,740 2,498	30 24	135 109	0 0	27 17	23 26	54 45	257 211	269 176
North East Region						U	26	3					U			24		U	17	20	45	211	
Cheshire Cumbria	2,208 3,103	294 271	17 24	90 53	47 192	1	7 42	0 4	10 26	466 598	1,555 2,006	107 259	0	41 32	1,703 2,266	5 4	2 77	0	3 16	1 59	4 38	15 194	26 186
Greater Manchester	4,514	356	97	18	223	2	8	1	9	625	3,729	181	0	46	3,909	15	33	2	20	5	60	127	56
Lancashire	2,637	229	64	21	212	1	3	1	8	516	1,840	142	0	80	2,045	0	33	0	9	6	6	53	79
Merseyside	1,331	172	38	8	206	1	3	1	8	375	913	46	0	3	939	13	86	0	9	4	29	133	39
North West Region	3,060	278	61	30	189	1	8	1	10	528	2,341	141	0	43	2,497	9	42	1	13	8	33	101	62
Humberside	3,262	284	54	62	264	2	38	2	17	647	2,262	255	0	60	2,504	14	287	0	13	5	66	368	0
North Yorkshire South Yorkshire	2,173 4,570	186 303	28 116	16 88	138 204	0	6 39	1	1 37	370 724	1,456 3,456	87 235	0 2	158 77	1,693 3,708	3 23	58 15	1	19 126	0 8	16 25	97 191	33 182
West Yorkshire	2,046	146	72	28	84	0	7	0	1	303	1,560	43	0	0	1,593	9	1	1	120	1	0	13	278
Yorkshire and the Humber Region	2,910	216	73	47	154	1	20	1	13	479	2,142	135	1	54	2,297	12	63	1	37	3	21	132	169
Derbyshire	3,039	199	56	46	178	1	43	13	30	518	2,294	220	0	136	2,544	26	80	2	31	2	52	173	0
Leicestershire	2,935	105	39	16	112	2	10	1	5	265	2,588	54	0	67	2,676	18	12	0	11	4	33	75	0
Lincolnshire	463	54	11	9	64 140	4	9	0	19	155	143	66 54	0	49	244	14	11	0	29	0	13	64	56
Northamptonshire Nottinghamshire	3,140 2,346	262 319	44 91	13 51	222	0 1	51 7	6 1	9	494 580	2,589 1,709	305	0	22 14	2,651 1,946	23 22	32 25	0 2	12 2	9	60 17	129 64	19
East Midlands Region	2,460	194	52	30	151	2	23	4	13	416	1,926	154	Ö	60	2,084	21	33	1	16	3	34	101	13
Staffordshire	3,020	342	39	65	173	0	18	1	6	607	2,198	126	0	185	2,455	11	31	5	15	1	37	96	1
Warwickshire	2,379	363	37	170	88	0	13	2	4	620	1,729	84	0	52	1,839	2	2	0	41	6	9	60	11
West Mercia	2,643	60	46	17	102	2	38	0	8	235	1,861	23	1	42	1,919	9	20	18	10	5	29	85	617
West Midlands West Midlands Region	3,465 3,091	232 228	98 69	26 46	202 163	1 1	19 22	2 1	5 6	568 508	2,873 2,406	45 60	1 1	13 57	2,924 2,505	3 6	8 15	0 5	5 12	3 3	23 26	42 64	137
Bedfordshire	3,035	296	164	12	119	2	38	2	23	605	2,458	23	3	18	2,496	5	2	0	17	2	13	38	0
Cambridgeshire	2,594	200	54	32	185	3	19	0	10	459	2,051	90	0	35	2,151	5	19	0	28	5	45	90	23
Essex	2,488	246	171	27	226	0	1	1	4	563	1,891	72	0	38	1,966	4	8	0	18	3	27	55	0
Hertfordshire	4,254	494	59	36	97	0	17	0	11	686	3,521	54	0	4	3,567	0	4	0	1	0	0	5	79
Norfolk Suffolk	1,019 1,347	90 87	21 14	5 11	45 59	0 3	8 11	0 3	4	168 178	814 1,092	34 46	0 3	5 11	850 1,146	0	6 14	0	22 43	1 0	5 10	32 67	0
Eastern Region	2,537	249	92	22	137	1	13	1	8	470	2,024	57	1	21	2,084	2	8	ŏ	20	2	17	46	18
London, City of ³	57,282	9,141	0	1,567	348	0	87	0	0	10,795	45,704	696	0	87	46,313	174	0	0	696	87	348	1,306	1,393
Metropolitan Police	8,100	494	296	51	305	2	20	1	7	1,052	7,093	81	0	10	7,166	1	8	1	25	1	23	55	20
London Region	8,173	507	295	53	305	2	20	1	7	1,066	7,150	82	0	10	7,224	2	8	1	26	1	23	56	22
Hampshire	2,698	258	54	95	142	2	19	1	10	524	2,048	110	0	38	2,164	3	19	0	16	3	29	66	41
Kent	2,962	266	41	28	121	2	2	0	4 6	439 355	2,300	143 47	0	4	2,414	3	4 29	0	17	0	0 49	25 146	228
Surrey Sussex	1,833 4.076	217 605	29 145	24 135	106 276	8	12 24	1 10	48	1.111	1,406 2,926	123	2	59 54	1,474 3,056	15 21	29 75	5	63 79	9	49 22	204	0
Thames Valley	3,217	344	70	35	151	1	12	0	2	560	2,589	57	0	22	2,651	3	10	0	75	0	12	98	52
South East Region	3,028	341	69	64	160	2	14	2	13	603	2,318	96	0	33	2,416	8	25	1	50	2	20	102	68
Avon and Somerset	4,286	450	90	84	246	9	21	9	19	752	3,424	176	3	83	3,592	22	67	0	103	3	122	287	1
Devon and Cornwall	1,726	144	4	35	124	1	78	4	8	376	1,158	101	0	97	1,322	4	101	0	6	1	38	147	0
Dorset Gloucestershire	2,749	263 351	93 117	21 46	313 229	0	24 22	0 3	14 25	658 738	1,863 2,466	138 105	0	66 65	2,019 2,587	23 42	54 48	0	82 93	3 8	62 49	210 231	27
Gloucestershire Wiltshire	3,354 2,067	195	105	46 55	130	2	8	3	25 11	464	1,496	111	2	5	1,582	8	11	0	93 21	0	12	50	84
South West Region	2,877	284	68	52	200	3	38	5	14	582	2,139	131	1	73	2,288	17	67	Ö	58	3	65	196	14
England	3,692	304	101	44	186	2	19	2	10	606	2,946	115	0	41	3,069	10	35	1	29	4	30	103	67
Dyfed-Powys	5,680	188	10	75	278	2	24	6	22	577	4,714	344	0	117	5,017	22	203	2	95	12	103	399	0
Gwent	4,047	193	43	37	193	0	11	4	21	480	2,987	441	0	177	3,490	9	114	0	62	7	18	205	50
North Wales	3,213 4,808	357 282	34 47	66 50	159 490	0	19 24	4 2	7 28	604 888	2,399 3,330	215 420	0	90 81	2,625 3,721	25 22	25 385	0 6	13 15	3 6	16 85	78 501	140
South Wales Wales	4,808 4,452	262 266	37	50 56	324	1	20	3	28 21	695	3,330 3,289	365	0	107	3,721 3,648	22 20	222	3	3 7	7	60	333	42
TOTAL ENGLAND AND WALES	3,734	302	98	45	194	2	19	2	11	611	2,965	129	0	45	3,101	10	45	1	29	5	31	115	66
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^{1.} Rates per million population statistics are created using mid-year population estimates calculated by the Office for National Statistics. UKBA and BTP data cannot be broken down to a regional level and are therefore excluded from both the constituent parts and the totals in this table.

As a seizure can involve more than one drug, figures for individual drugs and drug classes cannot be added together to produce totals.
 Small resident population should be taken into account when considering City of London rates.

Area Table 5 Quantities seized ^{1,2,3} of controlled drugs by drug class, type and seizing authority, 2010/11

				Class A drugs						Class B drugs			-		Class C drugs		
Police force region or authority	Cocaine	Crack	Ecstasy	Heroin	LSD	Methadone 5	Morphine	Herbal	Cannabis	Cannabis	Amphetamines	Barbiturates 5	Anabolic	Benzodiaz-	GHB	Ketamine	Temazepam ⁵
(unit)4	(1)	(1)	(000-)	(1)	(000-)	(000-)	(4 000-)	cannabis	resin	plants	(1)	(4 000-)	steroids	epines ⁵	(1)	(1)	(4 000-)
(driit)	(kg)	(kg)	(dose, 000s)	(kg)	(dose, 000s)	(dose, 000s)	(dose, 000s)	(kg)	(kg)	(plant)	(kg)	(dose, 000s)	(dose, 000s)	(dose, 000s)	(kg)	(kg)	(dose, 000s)
Cleveland	1.5	0.6	0.0	2.1	0.0	3.4	0.1	5.5	2.9	940	11.7	0.0	0.2	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.1
Durham	1.1	0.0	0.4	0.8	0.0	2.5	0.8	38.2	5.7	5,927	3.7	0.0	1.6	4.2	0.0	0.1	2.7
Northumbria	31.5	0.0	0.8	0.7	0.0	4.4	0.3	84.2	110.5	10,509	49.3	0.0	4.7	19.1	0.0	0.2	1.0
North East Region	34.1	0.6	1.3	3.6	0.0	10.3	1.2	127.9	119.1	17,376	64.7	0.0	6.4	25.0	0.0	0.3	3.8
Cheshire	0.7	0.0	2.4	1.0	2.0	0.2	0.0	5.6	8.7	1,831	8.6	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cumbria	3.8	0.0	15.8	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	7.8	102.6	837	1.6	0.0	14.3	16.8	0.0	0.0	1.4
Greater Manchester	22.5	1.2	8.4	11.8	0.0	1.8	0.0	1,020.2	105.0	67,689	14.9	0.0	4.8	29.2	0.2	1.8	0.1
Lancashire	7.2	0.4	0.3	4.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	11.2	5.3	6,777	2.8	0.0	0.0	17.5	0.0	0.0	0.3
Merseyside	16.0	0.5	165.2	43.0	0.0	0.5	0.3	123.7	9,724.8	13,288	61.2	0.0	0.6	98.0	0.0	0.1	1.0
North West Region	50.2	2.2	192.2	60.2	2.0	4.4	0.3	1,168.5	9,946.3	90,422	89.2	0.0	20.0	161.5	0.2	1.9	2.8
Humberside	2.5	3.9	9.1	15.2	0.0	1.8	0.0	30.7	9.2	15,715	24.6	0.0	1.7	42.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Yorkshire	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	17.4	1.5	3,577	1.9	0.0	0.0	14.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
South Yorkshire	12.5	3.8	3.1	13.9	0.0	1.3	0.0	156.3	12.2	22,250	10.6	0.0	3.7	210.4	0.0	3.0	0.2
West Yorkshire	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.8	0.0	195.3	22.5	26,453	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yorkshire and the Humber Region	16.0	7.9	12.7	29.7	0.0	4.0	0.0	399.7	45.4	67,995	37.3	0.0	5.5	267.0	0.1	3.1	0.3
Derbyshire	43.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.0	8.3	1.0	37.2	4.0	26,552	22.4	0.0	3.7	14.9	0.0	0.4	0.0
Leicestershire	0.4	0.8	0.0	14.1	0.3	1.5	0.1	32.0	0.3	17,696	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.0
Lincolnshire	1.5	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.0	6.2	0.0	102	19.4	0.0	0.8	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0
Northamptonshire	1.7	0.1	0.0	1.1	0.0	6.7	0.5	1,357.6	2.0	11,099	0.7	0.0	2.7	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.0
Nottinghamshire	4.9	0.6	4.9	3.9	0.0	1.4	0.0	194.2	10.6	14,227	62.7	0.0	1.9	2.3	1.4	0.0	0.0
East Midlands Region	51.6	1.9	5.7	20.3	0.5	18.5	1.5	1,627.3	17.0	69,676	105.6	0.0	9.7	20.1	1.4	0.7	0.1
Staffordshire	9.6	0.5	0.8	8.6	0.0	8.9	0.0	43.5	8.9	18,825	1.0	0.0	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0
Warwickshire	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	47.5	0.3	4.472	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Mercia	3.0	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.0	6.5	0.0	59.3	6.3	2,589	2.9	0.0	0.2	1.3	1.0	0.1	0.0
West Midlands	1.3	0.9	11.7	0.6	0.0	2.6	0.1	83.5	3.3	103,407	0.4	0.0	0.3	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.3
West Midlands Region	14.1	1.7	13.6	9.7	0.0	18.1	0.1	233.8	18.8	129,293	10.0	0.0	1.3	14.3	1.1	0.1	0.4
Bedfordshire	1.8	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	42.9	0.2	40.061	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cambridgeshire	1.1	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	10.9	0.3	10,604	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.1
Essex	10.5	0.4	5.0	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	119.1	142.7	34,466	4.1	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	0.1	0.0
Hertfordshire	7.2	0.5	0.3	1.4	0.0	0.6	0.0	89.7	2.4	7,206	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norfolk	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	5.6	0.0	202.4	1.1	483	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Suffolk Eastern Region	0.3 22.4	0.0 2.0	0.0 5.8	0.1 3.0	0.0 0.0	0.2 7.6	0.3 0.3	3.4 468.4	9.8 156.7	4,058 96,878	0.1 6.8	0.1 0.1	0.0 0.2	5.8 11.3	0.0 0.0	1.0 1.3	0.0 0.1
Lasterii Region	22.4	2.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	7.0	0.3	400.4	130.7	30,070	0.0	0.1	0.2	11.3	0.0	1.3	0.1
London, City of	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.3	1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Metropolitan Police	585.7	12.0	14.0	62.9	0.2	3.9	0.9	2,240.3	596.0	90,663	24.9	0.0	0.4	10.1	0.0	14.6	0.0
London Region	586.0	12.0	14.3	62.9	0.2	3.9	0.9	2,242.8	596.3	90,664	24.9	0.0	0.5	10.1	0.0	14.6	0.0
Hampshire	4.5	0.7	1.7	5.7	0.1	2.4	0.0	35.5	29.2	12,252	7.6	0.0	0.5	19.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Kent	2.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.4	7.7	7,895	2.7	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Surrey	5.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.2	122.4	1,058.4	9,735	129.3	0.0	1.6	1.4	0.0	1.0	0.1
Sussex	20.7	1.4	3.2	2.8	0.2	4.7	2.2	218.2	41.3	27,654	4.9	0.1	1.7	3.6	0.0	7.4	1.1
Thames Valley	30.7	1.7	1.8	101.3	0.0	58.2	0.0	101.2	119.5	25,991	0.8	0.0	228.6	17.1	0.2	182.1	0.0
South East Region	64.3	4.3	7.5	110.5	0.3	66.6	2.4	505.7	1,256.1	83,527	145.3	0.1	232.5	41.2	0.3	190.7	1.2
Avon and Somerset	10.8	1.0	0.6	2.3	0.3	5.5	0.5	146.7	7.6	23,428	8.6	0.1	43.7	13.1	0.0	4.8	0.0
Devon and Cornwall	4.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.0	24.7	0.1	29.3	3.1	5,515	15.5	0.0	0.3	17.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Dorset	3.0	0.3	0.0	1.5	0.0	3.7	0.0	21.2	2.3	2,507	7.5	0.0	1.8	0.6	0.0	2.3	0.0
Gloucestershire	2.7	0.6	100.5	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	11.9	2.3	2,404	0.7	0.0	3.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0
Wiltshire South West Region	0.4 20.9	0.7 2.7	0.7 102.1	0.5 5.4	0.0 0.3	0.3 34.3	0.0 0.6	18.8 227.9	2.3 17.6	1,833 35,687	1.7 33.9	0.0 0.1	0.1 48.9	0.3 31.4	0.0 0.0	0.0 7.4	0.0 0.1
Journ West Region	20.9	2.1	102.1	5.4	0.3	34.3	0.6	221.9	17.0	35,687	33.9	0.1	46.9	31.4	0.0	7.4	0.1
England	859.6	35.4	355.0	305.1	3.4	167.8	7.4	7,002.0	12,173.2	681,518	517.8	0.3	325.0	581.9	2.9	220.1	8.8
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Dyfed-Powys	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0	1.9	0.1	21.9	4.9	3,225	7.2	0.0	1.2	4.7	0.0	0.2	0.2
Gwent North Wales	0.3 1.4	0.2 0.0	0.2 0.4	0.4 0.1	0.0 0.0	0.1 1.4	0.7 0.3	25.3 9.9	2.7 3.8	12,993 13,192	15.2 0.5	0.0 0.0	0.1 0.2	1.7 0.2	0.0 0.0	0.1 0.0	0.2 0.0
South Wales	5.7	0.4	0.4	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	18.6	334.6	18,124	27.1	0.0	6.3	75.4	2.0	0.0	0.0
Wales	7.6	0.6	1.4	3.7	0.0	4.5	1.1	75.7	346.1	47,534	50.1	0.0	7.9	82.0	2.0	0.3	0.5
British Transport Police	0.4	0.1	0.3	2.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	18.4	3.4	450	5.1	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.0
Fotal police	867.6	36.1	356.8	311.2	3.5	172.4	8.4	7,096.1	12,522.7	729,502	572.9	0.3	333.1	664.3	5.0	221.1	9.2
UKBA ⁴	1,519.3	13.9	0.3	420.4	0.9		0.1	13,596.9	15,343.6	0.0	137.3		2,459.3		0.0	580.9	
OTAL ENGLAND AND WALES	2,386.9	50.0	357.1	731.6	4.3	172.4	8.5	20,693.1	27,866.3	729,502	710.3	0.3	2,792.4	664.3	5.0	802.0	9.2

^{1.} Drugs can be seized in a variety of forms or preparation types. In this table, quantities of drugs have been converted to kg, doses (000s) or plants. Doses include dots, tablets and squares. To present all seized quantities within a given drug type in terms of one comparable unit, conversion factors are applied to estimate the overall quantity for that drug. 2. Quantities data for all drugs are not applicable as conversion factors are not applied to all drugs.

^{3.} Where the quantity of a seizure is recorded as 'trace' it is not included in these figures

^{4.} Includes data from HMRC. Seizures from joint operations involving the UKBA and the police are recorded against the lead agency that takes possession of the seized drugs.

^{5.} Seizures of methadone, barbiturates, benzodiazepines and temazepam could not be separately identified from the UKBA's recording system for 2010/11.

NOTES

- The statistics in this bulletin and accompanying tables relate to the seizure of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act (MDA) 1971, which came into force on 1 July 1973. The Act divides drugs into three categories according to their harmfulness. A full list of drugs in each category is given in Schedule 2 to the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971, as amended by Orders in Council.
- 2. The Home Office first collated drug seizure statistics in an electronic format in 1974, originally covering the United Kingdom, rather than England and Wales. Since the introduction of the MDA, there have been various changes to which drugs are covered as well as to recording practices by police forces and other agencies. As such, drug seizure statistics are not directly comparable from year to year and furthermore are not a measure of drug prevalence in society.
- 3. The statistics of seizures cover those made during the year by police (including the British Transport Police) that have been submitted to the Home Office, as well as information from the UK Border Agency (UKBA), which includes data from Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs (HMRC). More detailed figures are given in the publication's area tables.
- 4. The UKBA was launched in April 2008, creating a new front-line operation formed from the Borders and Immigration Agency, UK Visas as well as staff of HMRC employed at the frontier. As well as retaining responsibility for the inland control of illicit goods such as cigarettes, tobacco and alcohol, HMRC officers retain the legal power to seize drugs if they are discovered while they are conducting their inland duties. Consequently, a small number of drug seizures can be attributed to HMRC. For the purposes of this report these seizures are included in the UKBA's figures.
- 5. Seizures by the Serious Organised Crime Agency (SOCA) have not been separately identified in this report because the majority of their domestic seizures are made in conjunction with local police forces, with the seizure attributed to the police. SOCA publish their own data within their annual report, which includes seizures made outside UK borders and also those made with international partners. Their latest report, for 2010/11, was published in July 2011 and can be found via: http://www.soca.gov.uk/about-soca/library.
- 6. Seizures involving more than one drug are counted as a single seizure in the total number of seizures but are counted separately against each individual drug or drug class involved (see Box 1.1). Annual movements in quantities are often heavily affected by a small number of very large seizures.
- 7. The UKBA data in this bulletin were supplied as finalised figures, with those for 2010/11 reflecting the position as at 1 September 2011. Data processing and quality assurance were undertaken before handover to the Home Office. For consistency, this has been completed following Home Office counting rules and National Statistics guidance. Previously, the Home Office was sent raw data from the UKBA for processing. All historical data shown in this publication and the associated tables have also been revised.
- 8. Seizures by the UKBA have historically accounted for about four per cent of the total number of seizures but for the majority of the quantities seized. However, many SOCA seizures are attributed to local police forces when operations have been run together.

- 9. Information on average (arithmetic mean) drug purities for cocaine, crack, heroin and amphetamines has been provided by the Forensic Science Service (FSS), whose laboratories analyse seizures made by most police forces, the UKBA and HMRC. Such averages do not adequately describe the overall average purity. Not all seizures are sent for analysis although arrangements exist for the police to send for analysis all potential cocaine samples, including crack. FSS data refer to the year that information on the analysis was provided rather than the year of seizure.
- 10. The conversion factors used to estimate quantities of seizures from the police and the UKBA (including HMRC) have been revised from 2005 data in line with recommendations from the FSS. Average seizures of quantities for valid preparation types by drug type are used as conversion factors to present each drug quantity as one unit (kilograms, doses or plants). From 2005, for approximately half the main drug types the quantities of these seizures are presented in doses rather than kilograms. In previous years only LSD and ecstasy were presented in doses.
- 11. The method of collecting the statistics for England and Wales changed from 1 January 1993; seizures were reported on a simplified form no longer linked to an offender. The current collection includes all seizures of controlled drugs, whether or not there is an offender, and whether the case results in court proceedings, in a caution, or no further action. In England and Wales, total seizures were about 22 per cent higher in 1993 using the new method of collection than in 1992 using the old method.
- 12. A new database of drug seizures made by the police was developed between 1999 and 2000 and implemented in September 2000. There are some differences between the way this database counts seizures compared to the two databases it replaced. It was discovered that figures previously published for the period 1993–1999 were undercounting the number of seizures. The historic tables in this bulletin have been updated to take this into account.
- 13. There have been a number of changes which have affected the statistics in this bulletin over the period covered in the tables, the more significant of which are as follows:

01/07/2003	GHB became a controlled drug.
29/01/2004	Reclassification of cannabis from a class B to a class C drug under the Criminal Justice Act 2003.
18/07/2005	Raw magic mushrooms classified as a class A drug. Previously only prepared (such as dried or stewed) magic mushrooms were classified as class A drugs.
01/01/2006	Ketamine classified as a class C drug.
18/01/2007	Methamphetamine (commonly known as "Crystal Meth") was reclassified from a class B to a class A drug.
26/01/2009	Reclassification of cannabis from a class C to a class B drug.
23/12/2009	Gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL), 1, 4 – Butanediol, Oripavine and Benzylpiperazine (BZP) became class C controlled drugs.
16/04/2010	Mephedrone became a controlled drug (class B). Other cathinone-based substances also became class B controlled drugs, though some were already controlled as class C drugs.

14. Not all drugs that come into the possession of the police have been "seized" in the strictest sense of the word. For example, a member of the public may hand in what appear to be drugs that have been found in the street. These items will be recorded at individual police stations and then destroyed.

- 15. Although care is taken in completing and analysing the returns used to compile the figures in this bulletin, the figures are subject to the inaccuracies of any large-scale recording system of this kind that involves different organisations. So that the reliability of data could be ensured, a reconciliation exercise was conducted, where each police force or other authority was asked to check their own data and supply revised figures where necessary.
- 15. The figures in the tables in this bulletin are generally shown to the last digit in order to provide a comprehensive record of the information collected. However, the figures are not necessarily accurate to the last digit shown. In some tables components may not add to totals (or the total) because they have been rounded independently.