
STATISTICS ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

2006/07 – 2010/11



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ABOUT STATISTICS ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

This annual publication shows how official UK financial resources for international development are spent. Expenditure is broken down by destination country or organisation, type of assistance and purpose. The majority of the data are produced on a cash basis in line with international reporting standards. They are therefore not directly comparable with those reported in DFID's Resource Accounts, although a reconciliation is provided in the Glossary.

The report is structured as follows:

Section 1 provides background information for users of the report, describes what counts as development assistance or aid expenditure and describes the key differences between the data in this report and previously published data.

Section 2 explains key definitions used in the report, such as the difference between the DFID Programme, Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX) and UK Official Development Assistance (ODA).

Section 3 provides a summary of the level of GPEX and more detail of spend by aid type. Data for both DFID and the UK as a whole are presented. **Section 3** also provides a summary of ODA levels for the UK and makes some international comparisons.

Sections 4 and 5 focus on the destination of UK aid. Section 4 breaks down GPEX and ODA by recipient country and the UK's multilateral expenditure by institutions. **Section 5** shows a breakdown by sector.

Annex 1 provides recipient country information (such as income status, Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) status, population, etc). **Annex 2** contains a glossary of terms used in this report. **Annex 3** explains the different types of UK debt relief and **Annex 4** details the data sources used to produce *Statistics on International Development*.

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Notes to tables:

1. '-' means nil
 '0' means less than half the final digit shown
 '..' means not available
 'n/a' means not applicable

2. Figures are rounded to the nearest unit, therefore they may not add exactly to the rounded totals.

3. Negative amounts reflect accounting adjustments.

4. The data in the tables are the most up-to-date available at the time of compilation and reflect the position at 3 August 2011. Some tables include changes to data for earlier years due to final figures being confirmed where data were previously provisional, new classifications being adopted or corrections of coding errors.

KEY STATISTICS

- The UK's Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX) amounted to **£9,007m** in 2010/11. The DFID aid programme accounted for **£7,689m** (85%) of this expenditure.
- GPEX increased to **£9,007m** in 2010/11 from **£7,767m** in 2009/10. This represents an increase of **£1,240m** (16%).
- Excluding debt relief, GPEX totalled **£8,829m** in 2010/11; this represents an increase of **£1,161m** (15%) over the 2009/10 total of **£7,668m**.
- In the calendar year 2010 the UK reported **£8,452m** as Official Development Assistance (ODA), making the UK the 2nd largest OECD-DAC donor on this internationally agreed classification of aid. The UK's ODA/ GNI ratio for 2010 was **0.57 per cent**¹.
- In 2010/11 **£4,248m** (55%) of the DFID programme was bilateral assistance and **£3,222m** (42%) was multilateral assistance. The remaining **£219m** (3%) was spent on administration costs.
- Of the **£4,248m** bilateral assistance delivered in 2010/11, **67 per cent** (or **£2,839m**) was spent through DFID's country programme².
- DFID's bilateral expenditure rose to **£4,248m** in 2010/11 from **£3,958m** in 2009/10 (a 7% increase). **India** (£279m), **Ethiopia** (£251m) and **Pakistan** (£203m) received the largest amounts of DFID bilateral aid.
- In 2010/11, DFID provided **bilateral assistance** to 78 countries, of which **36 countries** received direct **financial aid**³. The total DFID bilateral assistance to these 36 countries was **£2,265m**. When humanitarian assistance is excluded, DFID bilateral assistance to these 36 countries represented **85 per cent** of DFID country specific bilateral aid.

¹ The proportion of UK ODA to UK Gross National Income (GNI) has changed from the provisional figure published in March. This is mainly the result of a change to previously published GNI figures by the Office for National Statistics. GNI estimates for the most recent quarters are provisional and are subject to revision in the light of updated source information. This change has also resulted from revisions to final UK ODA for 2010 from those published as provisional estimates in March 2011.

² For a definition please see the Glossary entry for "Country Programme".

³ i.e. General Budget Support, Sector Budget Support or Other Financial Aid.

- DFID's bilateral assistance excluding humanitarian assistance was **£3,897m** in 2010/11, up from **£3,524m** in 2009/10 (an 11% increase). **India** (£279m), **Ethiopia** (£245m) and **Bangladesh** (£171m) were the largest recipients of bilateral aid excluding humanitarian assistance.
- DFID's bilateral **humanitarian assistance** in 2010/11 totalled **£351m**, representing a decrease of **£84m** (19%) from 2009/10. The largest recipients of bilateral humanitarian assistance were **Sudan** (£84m), **Pakistan** (£83m) and **the Democratic Republic of Congo**. (£47m). In 2010/11, 7 countries received only humanitarian assistance bilaterally.
- DFID's bilateral assistance to **sub-Saharan Africa** rose to **£1,760m** in 2010/11 from **£1,539m** in 2009/10 (a 14% increase). In 2009/10, it is estimated that **£934m** of DFID's core contributions to multilateral organisations were spent in sub-Saharan Africa⁴. DFID also gives core funding to not-for-profit organisations which is spent in Africa, for example through Oxfam or Voluntary Service Organisation (VSO).
- DFID bilateral assistance to **Asia** has remained level from 2008/09 to 2010/11. The 2010/11 figure was **£1,093m**. Bilateral assistance to the **Pacific** increased from **£2.1m** in 2009/10 to **£2.6m** in 2010/11 (a 24% increase). However, this follows a decrease of a similar size from 2008/09 to 2009/10. Bilateral assistance to **Europe** decreased from **£21m** in 2009/10 to **£18m** in 2010/11 (a decrease of 14%).
- In 2010/11 **£329m** of bilateral assistance was channelled through UK **Civil Society Organisations**.
- DFID's total **multilateral programme** accounted for **£3,222m** in 2010/11 up from **£2,436m** in 2009/10. This represents a large increase of 32%.
- The **European Commission's** development programme received the largest amount of DFID multilateral assistance (£1,269m), followed by the **World Bank** (£927m) and the **United Nations** (£355m).
- The sector receiving the highest share of DFID bilateral expenditure in 2010/11 was the **health sector** with **£830m**. This was followed by the **government and civil society sector** with **£782m** and the **economic sector** with **£750m**.

⁴ Data on 2010/11 is not yet available.

ABBREVIATIONS

AfDB	African Development Bank
AfDF	African Development Fund
ARTF	Afghanistan Reconstruction Trust Fund
ARIES	Activities Reporting Information E-System
CDC	CDC Group plc (formerly Commonwealth Development Corporation)
CERF	Central Emergency Response Fund
CDI	Commonwealth Debt Initiative
CPP	Conflict Prevention Pool
CSCF	Civil Society Challenge Fund
CSO	Civil Society Organisation
DAC	Development Assistance Committee
DEC	Disaster Emergency Committee
DFID	Department for International Development
EC	European Commission
ECGD	Export Credit Guarantee Department
EDF	European Development Fund
ETF	Environmental Transformation Fund
FAO	Food and Agricultural Organisation
FCO	Foreign and Commonwealth Office
FTI	Fast Track Initiative
GBS	General Budget Support
GEA	Global Environmental Assistance
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GFATM	Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria
GNI	Gross National Income
GPEX	Gross Public Expenditure on Development
GTF	Governance and Transparency Fund
HIPC	Heavily Indebted Poor Countries
IDA	International Development Association
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development
IFFIm	International Finance Facility for Immunisation
ILO	International Labour Organisation
IMF	International Monetary Fund
LDC	Least Developed Country
LIC	Low Income Country
MDG	Millennium Development Goal
MDRI	Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative
MIC	Middle Income Country
MOD	Ministry of Defence

NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
OA	Official Aid
OCHA	Office for the Co-ordination of Humanitarian Assistance (UN)
ODA	Official Development Assistance
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OOF	Other Official Flows
PPA	Partnership Programme Agreement
PRBS	Poverty Reduction Budget Support
PRSP	Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper
PSA	Public Service Agreement
RTA	Retrospective Terms Adjustment
SBS	Sector Budget Support
SID	Statistics on International Development
TC	Technical Co-operation
UN	United Nations
UNDCP	United Nations Drugs Control Programmes
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
UNHCR	United Nations High Commission for Refugees
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
UNRWA	United Nations Relief and Works Agency (For Palestinian Refugees)
UNTA	United Nations Regular Programme of Technical Assistance
VAS	Voluntary Agencies Survey
VSO	Voluntary Service Overseas
WFP	World Food Programme
WHO	World Health Organization

SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Introductory Note for Users

1. This release reports on the deployment of official financial resources by the United Kingdom to support international development, and shows how this funding is broken down by destination country or organisation, type of assistance and purpose.
2. This report provides information on the UK's **Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX)** which includes both the **Department for International Development (DFID) programme** and the element of official UK aid that is delivered through other UK Government Departments. This report also provides information on the level of **Official Development Assistance (ODA)** provided by the UK.
3. The UK GPEX data presented in this report are produced on a mainly cash basis and are broadly consistent with the standards followed in the reporting of ODA.
4. This publication also covers detailed information on the DFID programme. The DFID programme includes bilateral and multilateral expenditure from DFID funds voted by Parliament including activities funded from the Conflict Pool. Beyond DFID voted funds, the DFID programme also includes an attribution of EC budgetary spending (the UK is attributed a share of the EC's External Assistance Budget based on total UK contributions to the EC. Each budget line is then attributed to either DFID or other UK government departments¹). This report excludes some DFID voted funds which are not counted as aid.
5. The UK is a member of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's (OECD) Development Assistance Committee (DAC) which contains 24 members. The DAC sets the definitions and classifications for reporting on aid financing internationally, including ODA, and produces a statistical report on international aid flows annually. As a DAC member, the UK is committed to transparent reporting of development assistance in a way that permits international comparisons.

1. Prior to 2007/08 aid to Romania and Bulgaria who joined the EC in 2007 were attributed to DFID; since 2007/08 these sums have become part of the UK's total contribution and cannot be attributed directly to DFID.

6. As well as ODA, the DAC also requires international reporting of 'Other Official Flows' (OOF). These are official flows to developing countries that do not meet the ODA criteria. More information on OOF is provided in the Glossary.

Revisions to the Publication

7. The 2009 UK ODA figures have been revised since the publication of *Statistics on International Development* 2010. Revisions have been previously set out in the release of *Provisional UK ODA as a proportion of GNI* in March 2011. These revisions reflect the result of final verification of the figures by the OECD DAC to ensure full consistency with its reporting standards.
8. The main revision reflects clarification of the status of DFID's loan to the International Finance Corporation (IFC) for the 'Global Trade Liquidity Programme'. Further examination of the precise terms of the loan by the OECD has determined that the grant element is calculated at 12% rather than the 25% necessary for it to be reported as ODA. Consequently the £203 million value of the loan has been removed from 2009 ODA flows and reclassified as Other Official Flows (OOF).
9. Further revisions have also been made to adjust for accounting errors affecting DFID's ODA to India. These revisions have resulted in positive revisions to the 2009 total ODA figure (as well as to ODA to India). Total ODA to India in 2009 is now estimated at £404 million.
10. There have also been a number of small revisions to classifications of individual projects. The full revised data are now available on the DAC's online database.
11. The net effect of these revisions reduces total ODA in 2009 to **£7,223m** or 0.51% of GNI compared to the previously published figures of **£7,356** or 0.52% GNI.

SECTION 2: UNDERSTANDING AID EXPENDITURE STATISTICS

When to use DFID, GPEX and UK ODA figures

1. Aid is a broad term and *SID* reports on two different aggregations of development assistance:
 - Total UK **Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX) / the DFID Programme.**
 - **Official Development Assistance (ODA).**
2. There are three main differences between UK GPEX/ DFID Programme and UK ODA data:
 - ODA is reported on a **calendar year basis**, while GPEX is reported on a **financial year** basis.
 - While GPEX covers **gross flows**, ODA is reported as a **net** figure, taking into account any loans repaid or grants recovered.
 - ODA only includes **aid to recipients** (countries and organisations) defined to be eligible by the OECD DAC, while GPEX covers development aid to all countries.
3. If readers are interested in making international comparisons, UK ODA figures which follow international reporting practices should be used.
4. An important **United Nations target** was established in 1970 which states that each donor should aim to spend **0.7 per cent** of its gross national income (GNI) as ODA. The UK government is committed to delivering this target by 2013. Progress against this target and more detail on UK ODA can be found in Tables 7 and 8.
5. Readers interested in wider aid spend (not just ODA) should look at the DFID or GPEX figures (or figures reported to the DAC on ODA, OOF and Private Flows).
6. Those interested in DFID in particular will want to focus on the DFID programme data.
7. It is possible to reconcile GPEX and ODA and also to present ODA in financial years. The following table shows a presentation of ODA in financial years.

£ millions	DFID	non-DFID	Total UK
2010/11 GPEX	7,689.15	1,317.86	9,007.01
<i>of which</i>			
Bilateral non ODA	9.04	-	9.04
Multilateral non ODA	89.88	55.08	144.96
Adjustments for Net/Gross flows	-	198.01	198.01
2010/11 ODA	7,590.23	1,064.77	8,655.00

Classification of Bilateral and Multilateral Aid

8. The classification of aid as **bilateral** or **multilateral** is based on definitions laid down by the DAC. On the whole bilateral assistance is provided to partner countries while multilateral assistance is provided as core contributions to international organisations. While much of DFID's expenditure is clearly identifiable as bilateral or multilateral in nature, there are some anomalies.
9. Funds can only be classified as multilateral if they are channelled through an organisation classed as multilateral on Annex 2 of the DAC Statistical Reporting Directives which identifies all multilateral organisations. This Annex is updated annually based on members' nominations; organisations must be engaged in development work to be included on the list.
10. Aid may be classed as bilateral while a case is being made for the recipient institution to be recognised by the DAC as a multilateral organisation. Once the DAC has recognised the multilateral organisation the aid may be retrospectively re-classified as multilateral.
11. While core funding to multilateral organisations is always classified as multilateral expenditure, additional funding channelled through multilaterals where the recipient country/region, sector, theme or individual project is known is classified as bilateral expenditure.
12. The DFID programme in 2010/11 totalled £7,689m (see figures 3 and 4 on pages 11 and 12). Overall bilateral assistance was £4,248m and multilateral assistance was £3,222m, with admin spend accounting for the remaining £219m.

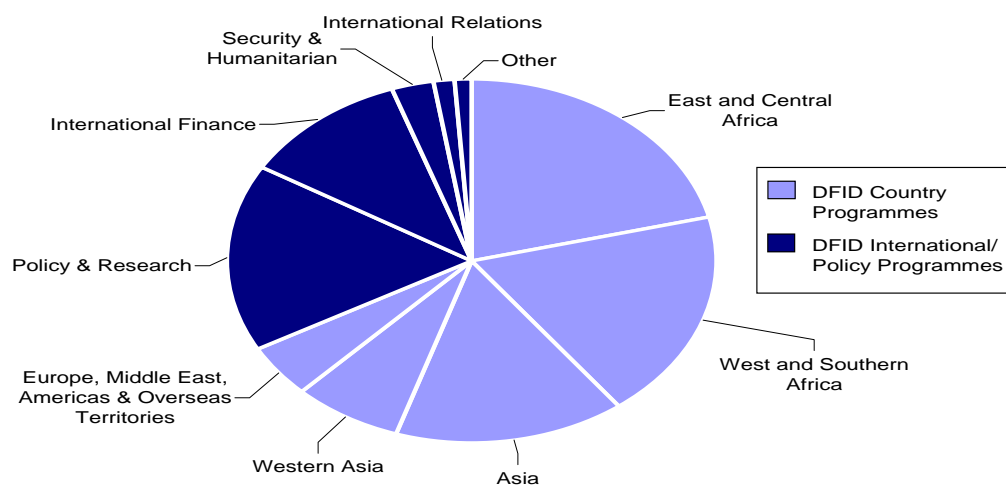
DFID Country Programme

13. DFID's Bilateral Programme can be further disaggregated between **Country Programme** and **International/ Policy Programme**. DFID's total programme is allocated to budget lines for spending divisions. **Country Programmes** are divisions within DFID that work in specific countries or regions e.g. East & Central Africa Division. Whereas, **International/ Policy Divisions** are DFID divisions which work on policy areas or with international organisations; which benefit many different countries.

14. The chart below shows that the majority of DFID bilateral assistance in 2010/11 was delivered by **Country Programmes** (£2,839m or 67%). Around a third of DFID bilateral assistance was funded through the budgets of **International/ Policy Programmes**. It is not possible to allocate the majority of the International/ Policy Programmes expenditure to a single benefiting country or region. There are a few reasons for this:

- It includes core contributions to not for profit organisations where DFID does not specify the recipient country or sector.
- A large part of it is global; i.e. it covers topics such as climate change, research or global food security.
- It includes contributions to pooled multi donor funds, where the sector is known but the recipient country is not.

Figure 1 DFID Bilateral Expenditure by Country Programme or Policy/ International Programme 2010/11



Classification of DFID Bilateral Aid Types

15. DFID's classifications of bilateral aid types are consistent with DAC reporting standards and are detailed below.
16. **Financial Aid** – Poverty Reduction Budget Support (PRBS) – Funds provided to developing countries for them to spend in support of a government policy and their expenditure programmes whose long-term objective is to reduce poverty; funds are spent using the overseas governments' own financial management, procurement and accountability systems to increase ownership and long term sustainability. PRBS can take the form of a general contribution to the overall budget - **general budget support** - or support with a more restricted focus which is earmarked for a specific sector - **sector budget support**.
17. **Other Financial Aid** – Funding of projects and programmes such as Sector Wide Programmes not classified as PRBS. Financial aid in its broader sense covers all bilateral aid expenditure other than technical cooperation and administrative costs but in *SID* we separately categorise this further.
18. **Technical Cooperation** - Activities designed to enhance the knowledge, intellectual skills, technical expertise or the productive capability of people in recipient countries. It also covers funding of services which contribute to the design or implementation of development projects and programmes. This assistance is mainly delivered through research and development, the use of consultants, training (generally overseas partners visiting the UK or elsewhere for a training programme) and employment of 'other Personnel' (non-DFID experts on fixed term contracts). This latter category is becoming less significant over time as existing contracted staff reach the end of their assignments.
19. **Humanitarian Assistance** - Provides food aid and other humanitarian assistance including shelter, medical care and advice in emergency situations and their aftermath. Most of the work of the Conflict Pool is also included here.
20. **DFID Debt Relief** - This includes sums for debt relief on old DFID aid loans and cancellation of debt under the Commonwealth Debt Initiative (CDI). The non-CDI DFID debt relief is reported on the basis of the 'benefit to the recipient country'. This means that figures shown represent the money available to the country in the year in question that would otherwise have been spent on debt servicing. The CDI debt cancellation is reported on a 'lump sum'

21. **Bilateral Aid Delivered Through a Multilateral Organisation** – This category covers funding that is channelled through a multilateral organisation and DFID has control over the country, sector or theme that the funds will be spent on. For example, where a DFID country office transfers money to a multilateral organisation for a particular piece of work in that country.
22. **Bilateral Aid Delivered Through a Non-Governmental Organisation (NGO)** – This category covers support to the international development work of UK and international not for profit organisations such as NGOs or Civil Society Organisations. This covers Partnership Programme Agreements (PPAs), the Civil Society Challenge Fund (CSCF), the Governance and Transparency Fund (GTF) and other grants.
23. **Other Bilateral Aid** – This category includes any aid not elsewhere classified such as funding to other donors for shared development purposes. More information on all of the above aid types is provided in the Glossary.

DFID Imputed Share of Multilateral ODA

24. When DFID or other UK government departments provide core contributions in support of multilateral organisations, it is not possible to directly track the funding to the country or sector level. However, to provide a further indication of the destination and sector of UK aid, DFID uses the overall proportions of ODA reported by the relevant agencies to impute a UK contribution.
25. DFID uses the breakdown of ODA reported by each multilateral organisation to the DAC to estimate what proportion of UK core contributions are spent in each country and sector. Where a multilateral organisation does not report its development assistance to the DAC but the multilateral is only mandated to work in a particular country, region or sector, DFID allocates 100% of its core contributions to the relevant country, region or sector. If a multilateral organisation does not report to the DAC but works in multiple sectors and/or countries then 100% of DFID's core contributions are allocated to the category 'non-sector allocable'.

26. Tables 13, 14 and 20 in this publication show estimates for the imputed multilateral share of financial year GPEX broken down by region, country or sector. These are based on the calendar year figures reported to the DAC by each multilateral organisation.

Sector Expenditure Estimates

27. Every bilateral DFID project is marked with up to eight 'input sector codes' that identify where funding will be spent. DFID's input sector codes are based on the OECD DAC Purpose Codes which are used for reporting ODA. There are around 200 DFID input sector codes to choose from, each of which comes under one of ten broad sectors:

- **Education** (including primary education and teacher training)
- **Health** (including communicable disease control, health personnel and maternal health)
- **Social Services** (including social protection, shelter and housing and food security and other social infrastructure)
- **Water Supply and Sanitation** (including water resource policy and waste management)
- **Government and Civil Society** (including public administration, financial management, human rights, elections, statistics, culture, strengthening civil society, civilian peace building and de-mining)
- **Economic** (including transport, communications, energy, banking, financial services, agriculture, forestry and fishing, manufacturing, construction, trade, tourism, urban and rural development)
- **Environment Protection** (including bio-diversity, climate change and flood prevention)
- **Research** (including all topics of research)
- **Humanitarian Assistance** (including emergency relief, emergency food aid and reconstruction)
- **Non-Sector Allocable** (including debt relief, Programme Partnership Agreements and development awareness)

28. For each sector code selected, budget holders indicate what proportion of the total budget is expected to be spent in or on behalf of that sector. Prior to October 2002 just one dominant sector was identified which limits comparison between the data in this report and older data.

29. Tables 20 and 21 present breakdowns of bilateral GPEX by broad sector and type of aid or by region. More detailed breakdowns by country and sector are available as excel tables on the DFID website shortly after publication of *Statistics on International Development*.

30. A large amount of DFID funding is delivered in the form of Poverty Reduction Budget Support (PRBS) both General Budget Support (GBS) and Sector Budget Support (SBS). In PRBS, funds are provided directly to recipient governments and pooled with their own funds. Partner governments then use their own allocation, execution, accounting and reporting systems in spending the aid to support their development programmes. Understanding how the UK's money is used therefore means understanding the way in which the recipient government allocates and uses all its funds. In managing PRBS, DFID country offices monitor this process closely.
31. PRBS cannot be separately identified from partner government funds and while Sector Budget Support, by its very nature, is easily allocable to sectors, General Budget Support cannot be easily broken down. For statistical purposes, DFID has developed a standardised methodology to notionally allocate General Budget Support to sectors in the same proportions as the recipient government allocates total resources to ODA eligible activity. This means, for example, if a government intends to spend 25 per cent of its budget on education, 25 per cent of GBS provided would be attributed to education. This method allows GBS to be allocated to eight broad sectors.
32. It is important to note that this methodology does not attempt to say where DFID funding actually goes, but where it would go if partner governments allocated it in proportion to their own budget. The methodology also does not attempt to measure, or claim to measure, marginal changes in governments' expenditure resulting from aid flows.

Notional Allocations to Recipient Countries

33. DFID contributes to some bilateral multi-donor pooled funds which have a clear sectoral purpose and are managed by a multilateral agency that disburses pooled funds to recipient countries (e.g. the Education for All Fast Track Initiative). This means that when DFID contributes to these funds a recipient country is not specified and it is not possible to directly track which countries receive DFID's contribution.
34. However, it is possible to notionally allocate DFID's contribution based on the known disbursement of the fund. For example, DFID contributed £85m to the Education Fast Track Initiative in 2010/11 of which £56m (65%) was allocated to Africa.

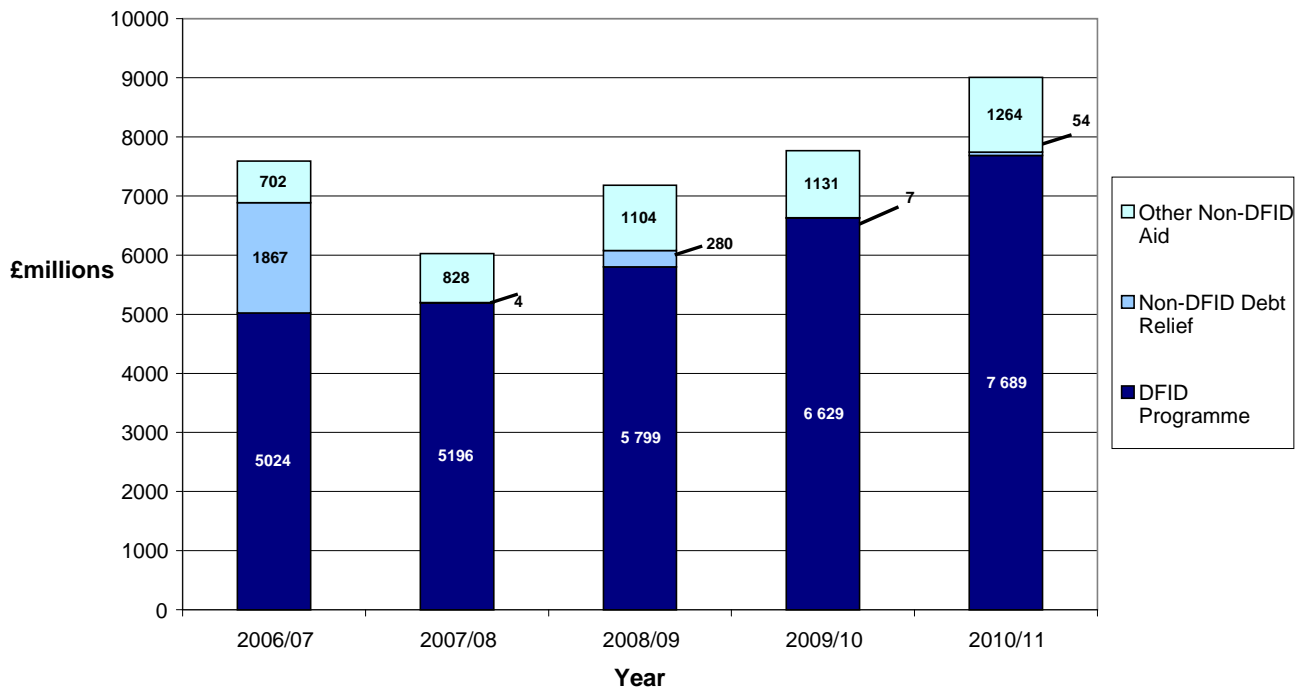
SECTION 3: HOW MUCH IS UK EXPENDITURE ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT?

1. This section summarises the level of UK expenditure on international development in recent years and then presents comparisons between the UK and other donors.

Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX)

2. In 2010/11 total GPEX was £9,007m (see Table 1). This represents an increase of £1,240m (16%) on 2009/10 and a 19% increase on 2006/07.
3. In 2010/11 the DFID programme made up £7,689m or 85 per cent of total GPEX. Non-DFID aid (£1,318m or 15%) made up the remainder.

Figure 2 Gross Public Expenditure on Development, 2006/07 – 2010/11



4. The 16% rise in GPEX from 2009/10 to 2010/11 was driven by an increase in DFID programme expenditure of £1,060m or 16%.

5. The relatively large value of GPEX in 2006/07 was driven by both increases in the DFID programme and increased provision of non-DFID debt relief. In 2010/11 total levels of GPEX have exceeded 2006/07 levels largely due to increased levels of DFID programme spend.

The DFID Aid Programme

6. The value of the DFID programme has grown steadily over recent years. Since 2006/07 DFID's programme has grown by 53 per cent. This represents an average annual increase of 11 per cent.

7. Figure 3 shows changes in the level and composition of DFID's programme over the last five years. In 2010/11 over half of DFID's total programme (55%) was bilateral assistance (£4,248m) and £3,222m (42%) was multilateral assistance. This distribution has changed slightly – in 2009/10 60 per cent of DFID programme was bilateral and 37 per cent was multilateral.

Figure 3 DFID Programme, 2006/07 – 2010/11

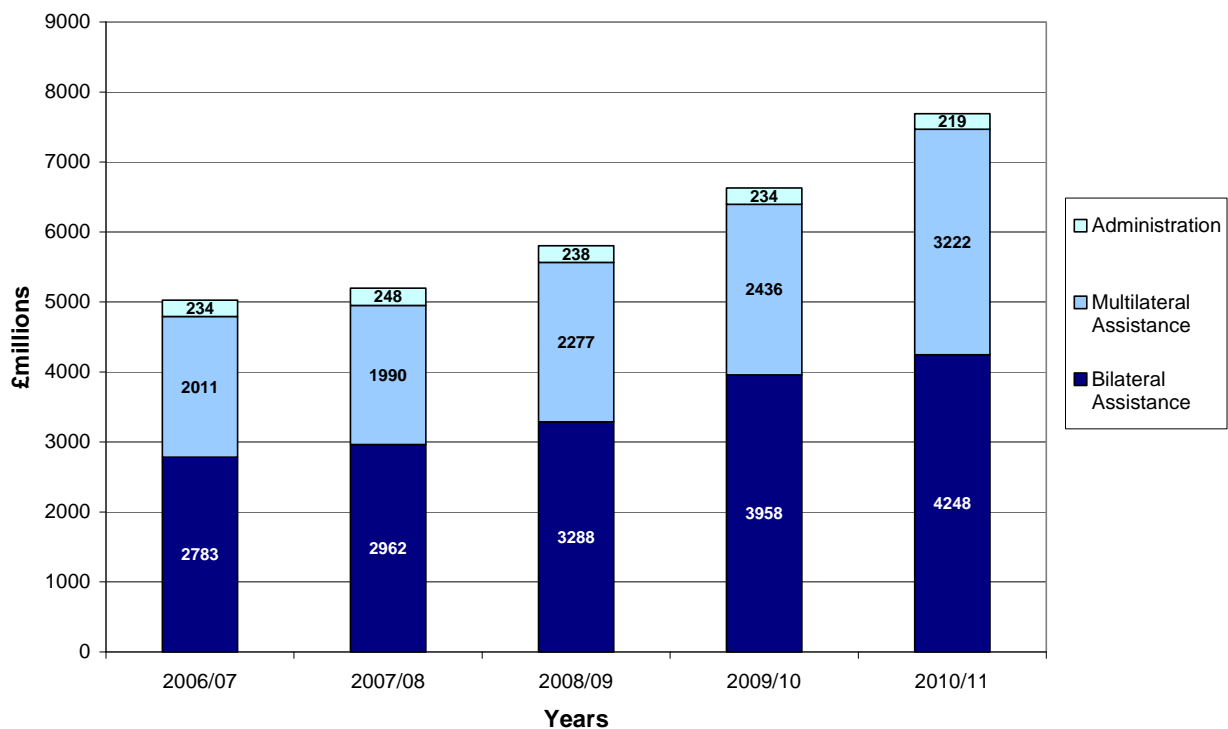
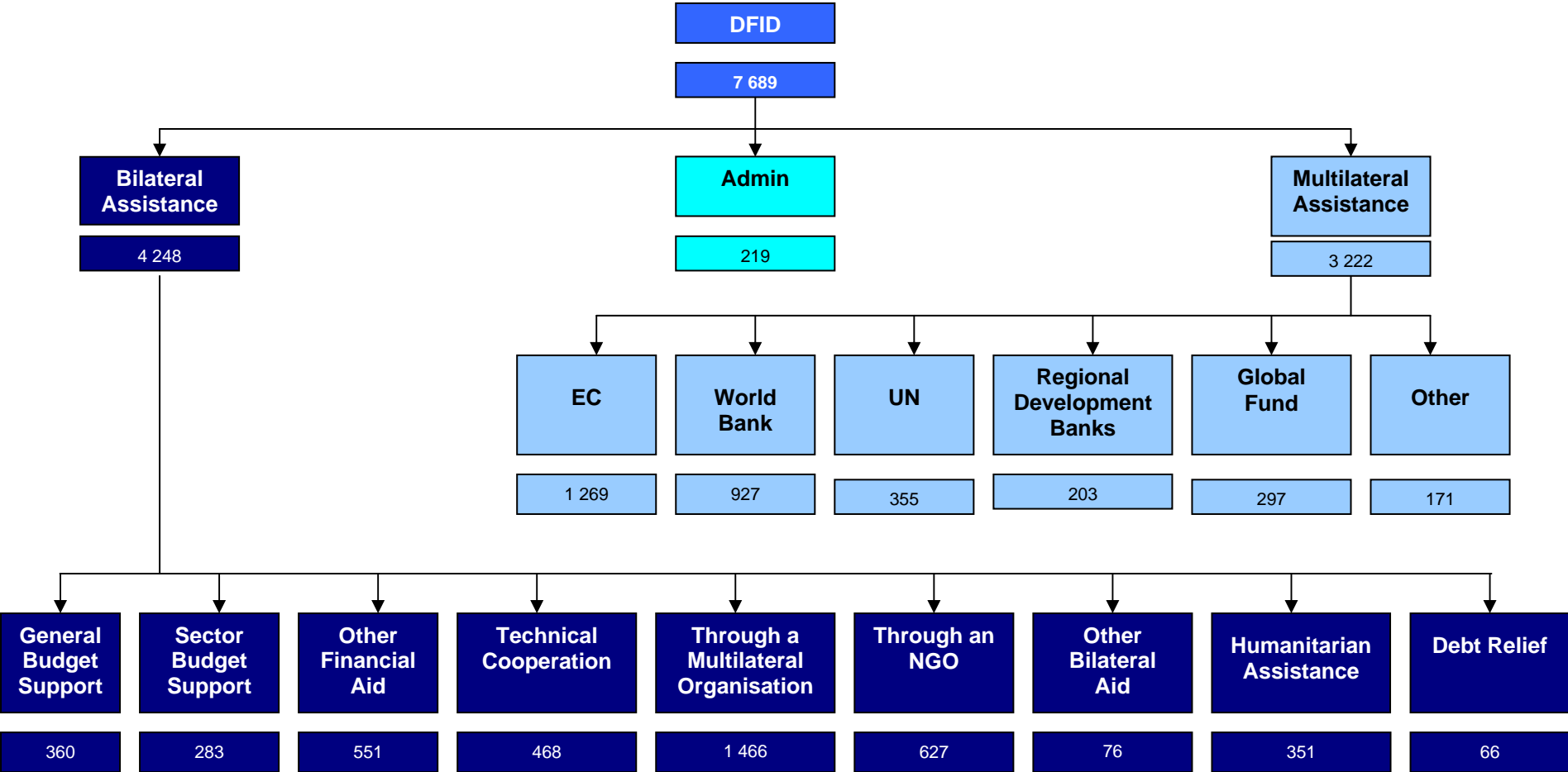
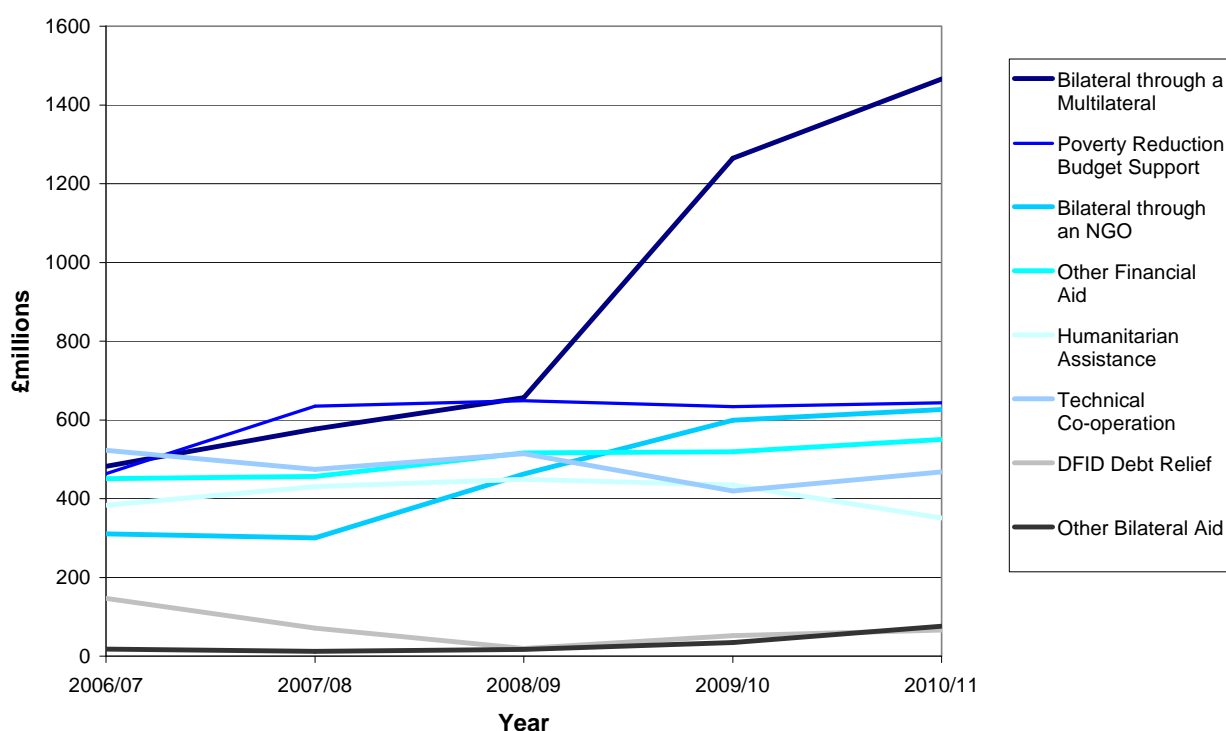


Figure 4: Flow of DFID funds to developing countries, 2010/11, £millions



8. DFID's bilateral programme was £4,248m in 2010/11, an increase of £290m over 2009/10 (7%). DFID's bilateral programme has continually increased over the last five years with bilateral expenditure 53 per cent higher in 2010/11 than 2006/07.
9. Figure 4 provides a summary breakdown of DFID's bilateral programme. Over a third was delivered through a multilateral organisation (£1,466m or 34%). Almost a third (£1,194m or 28%) was provided as financial aid¹ in 2010/11. Over half of this (£643m) or 15 per cent of all DFID's bilateral assistance was Poverty Reduction Budget Support, with 'other financial aid' contributing £551m (13%). £627m (15%) of bilateral assistance was disbursed as 'bilateral through an NGO'; £468m (11%) as 'technical cooperation'; and £351m (8%) as 'humanitarian assistance'.

Figure 5 DFID Bilateral Assistance, 2006/07 – 2010/11

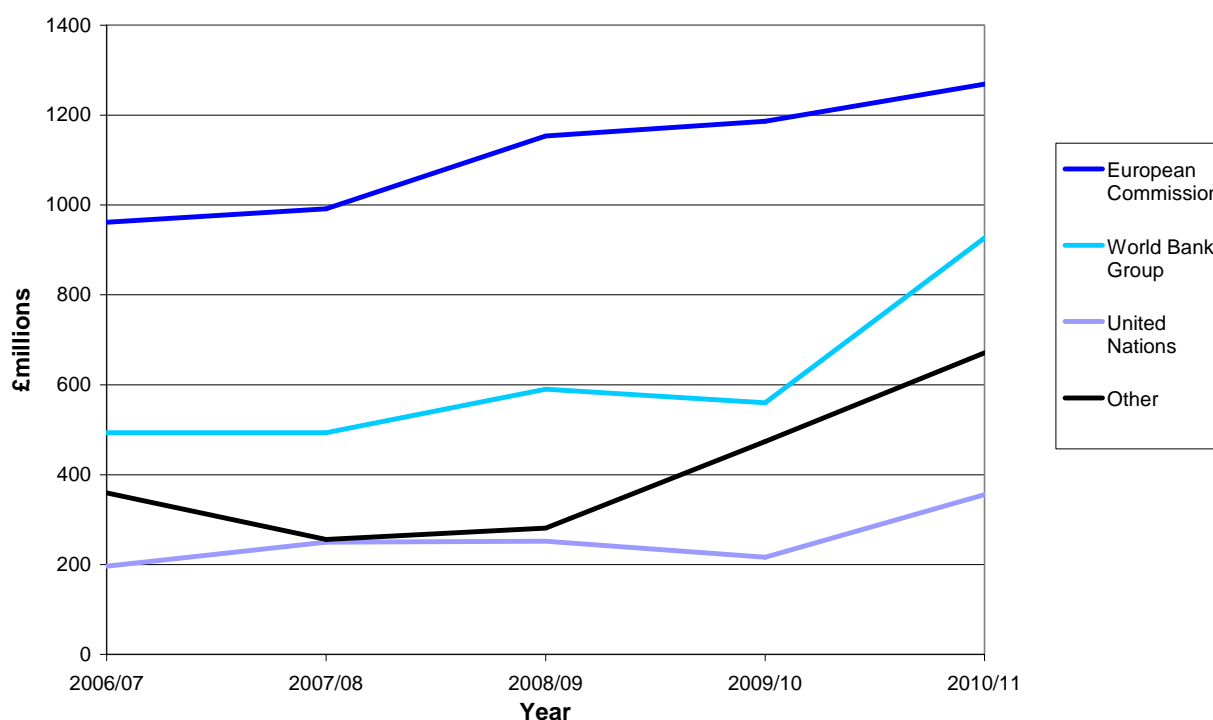


10. Bilateral assistance delivered through a multilateral organisation increased by 16% (£201m) in 2010/11 following a sharp increase in 2009/10. This rise to £1,265m in 2009/10 from £656m in 2008/09 was due to a number of new bilateral contributions to multi donor pooled funds that are managed by a multilateral organisation. For example, £203m to the Global Trade Liquidity Programme (GTLP); £100m to the Environmental Transformation Fund; £100m to the IDA Social Protection & Crisis Response fund.

¹ i.e. General Budget Support, Sector Budget Support or Other Financial Aid.

11. DFID's multilateral assistance was £3,222m in 2010/11. This represents an increase of £785m (32%) since 2009/10, driven by increases in assistance to the World Bank (+£367m), the United Nations (+£139m), the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria (GFATM) (+£133m) and the European Commission (+£83m). Contributions to the GFATM have increased by nearly £250m since 2008/09. Figure 6 provides a summary of DFID's multilateral assistance over the last five years. In 2010/11 DFID's multilateral assistance went primarily the EC (£1,269m or 39% of total), World Bank Group (£927m or 29%), the United Nations (£355m or 11%) and the GFATM (£297m or 9%). Other recipients, including Regional Development Banks, received a total of £321m (10%). [Table 18 provides a detailed breakdown.]

Figure 6 DFID Multilateral Assistance, 2006/07 – 2010/11



12. DFID channelled £1,466m of its bilateral assistance through the bilateral aid type 'Bilateral through a Multilateral Organisation' in 2010/11. (See Figure 4). Some other bilateral aid types (such as Humanitarian Assistance or Debt Relief) also channel funding through multilateral organisations. £417m was channelled through multilaterals in this way in 2010/11. This means that in total, £1,883m (44%) of DFID's bilateral programme and £5,105m (66%) of DFID's total programme was channelled through multilateral organisations.

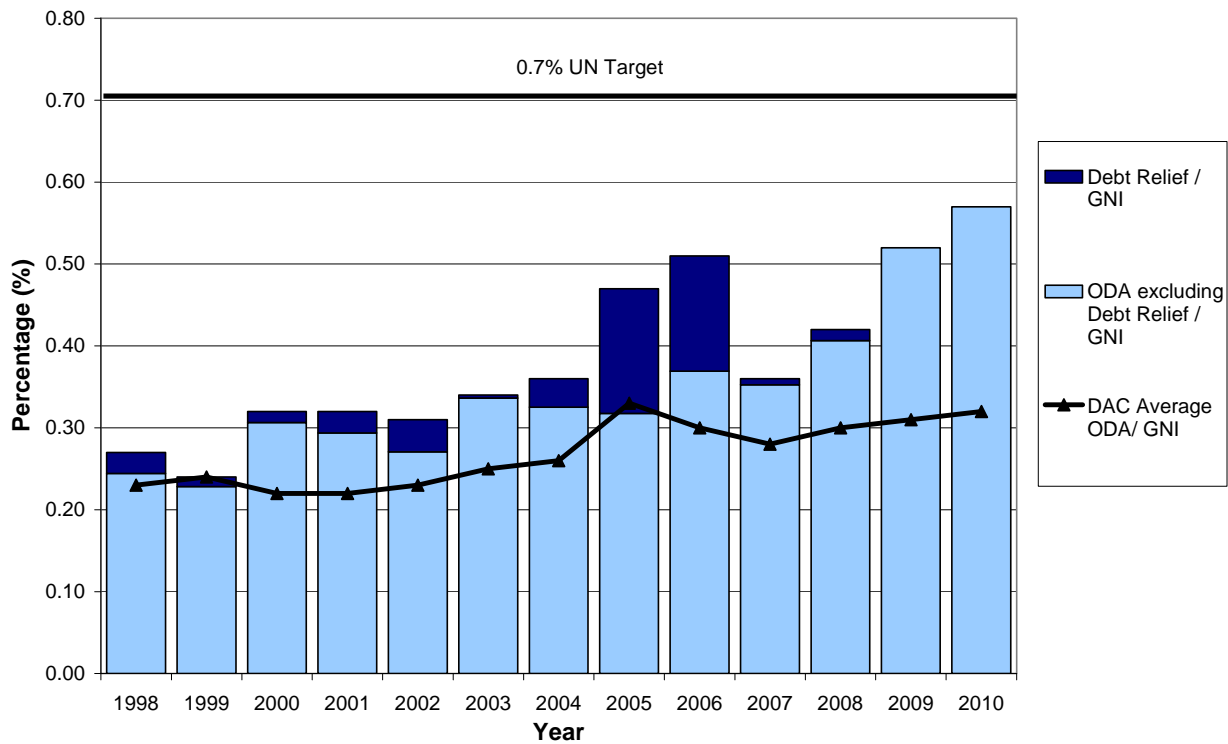
Reporting of Debt Relief

13. The UK, in line with other donors, reports cancellation of aid loans on a lump sum basis to the OECD-DAC. This means that the total outstanding debt is reported as ODA in the year in which a bilateral deal is signed between the UK and a debtor country, except for countries reaching Completion Point under HIPC where the date of the multilateral agreement is used as the date for DAC reporting.
14. The various components of UK debt relief are summarised in Table 4. In 2010/11, DFID debt relief of £124m represented 2 per cent of the DFID programme. Total UK debt relief of £178m represents 2 per cent of total GPEX. Countries receiving DFID and non-DFID debt relief are shown in Tables 14 and 5 respectively.

UK and International ODA Flows

15. Table 6 shows the volume of UK ODA reported to the DAC in each of the last three years alongside information on Other Official and Private Flows. In 2010, total net ODA amounted to £8,452m. This represented 0.57 per cent of the UK's gross national income in that year. More detail on ODA by destination country is shown in Section 4 in Tables 16.1 to 16.6.
16. In 1970 the UN General Assembly endorsed a target that 0.7 per cent of the gross national income of developing countries should be given as ODA. The UK Government is committed to reaching the UN target of 0.7 per cent by 2013. Figure 7 shows that since 1997 the UK ODA/GNI ratio has been on a broadly upward trajectory and in 2010 it reached its highest level since the target was set. The high levels of ODA in 2005 and 2006 reflect high levels of debt relief, particularly for Nigeria, in line with commitments made by the UK and other donors at the 2005 G8 Summit in Gleneagles. A full time-series of the level of UK ODA and the ODA/GNI ratio since 1970 is shown in Table 7.

Figure 7 Net ODA/GNI ratios for the UK 1998-2010



17. Table 8 and Figures 8 and 9 compare UK ODA figures and ODA/GNI ratios with those of other DAC countries. Some countries have already reached the 0.7 per cent ODA/GNI target (Norway, Sweden, Luxembourg, Denmark and the Netherlands), while others are some way off (Greece, Italy, Japan and Korea).

18. Despite its relatively low ODA/GNI ratio, the USA is the largest donor in terms of total expenditure followed by the UK.

Figure 8 Provisional Net ODA from DAC Donors to Developing Countries 2010

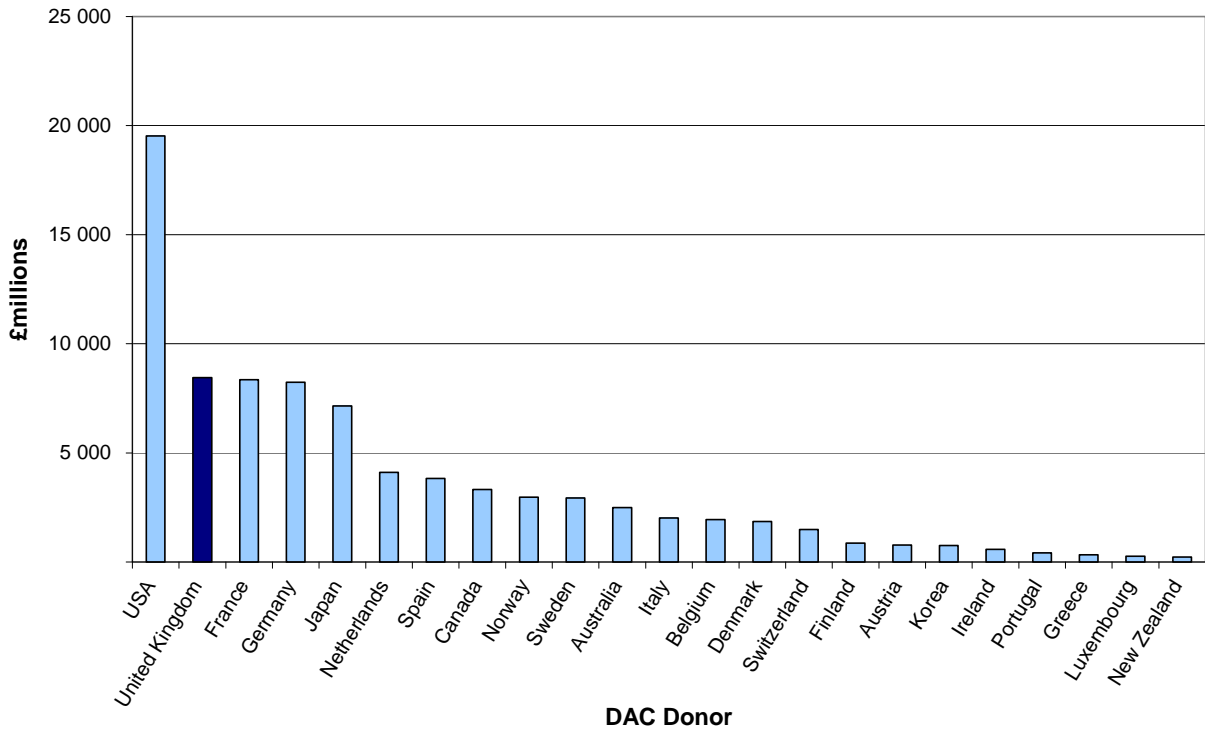
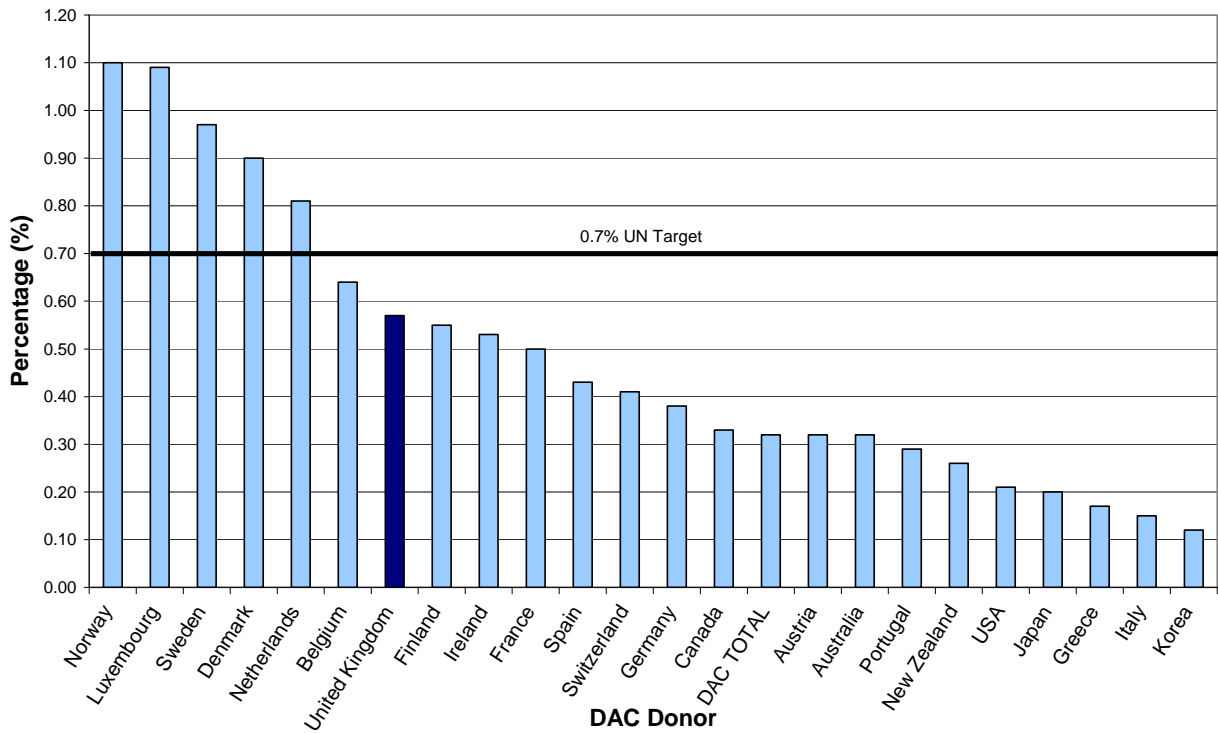


Figure 9 Provisional Net ODA/GNI ratios for DAC donors 2010



1 Total Gross Public Expenditure on Development 2006/07 - 2010/11

£ thousand

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11 ¹
Total GPEX					
Total Bilateral GPEX	5 124 082	3 517 389	4 333 951	4 765 735	5 311 859
Total Multilateral GPEX	2 222 010	2 246 995	2 600 365	2 748 766	3 461 939
<i>Of which</i> Total Multilateral European Commission	1 123 215	1 200 319	1 407 901	1 424 089	1 431 849
Total Multilateral World Bank	493 333	493 387	573 652	559 785	926 713
Total Multilateral UN Agencies	245 019	296 940	308 154	278 619	417 317
Total Multilateral Other Organisations	360 443	256 348	310 659	486 273	686 060
Total Admin	245 893	262 731	249 000	252 101	233 208
TOTAL GPEX ON DEVELOPMENT	7 591 985	6 027 115	7 183 316	7 766 602	9 007 006
<i>of which: DFID Programme</i>					
DFID Bilateral Programme	2 778 516	2 957 909	3 283 996	3 958 263	4 248 018
DFID Multilateral Programme	2 010 821	1 990 184	2 277 358	2 436 338	3 221 673
DFID Admin	234 468	247 683	237 899	234 398	219 457
TOTAL DFID PROGRAMME	5 023 805	5 195 776	5 799 253	6 628 999	7 689 149

1. Section 2 shows a reconciliation of 2010/11 GPEX and 2010/11 ODA

2 Non-DFID Public Expenditure on Development 2006/07 -2010/11

£ thousand

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
BILATERAL AID FROM OTHER UK OFFICIAL SOURCES					
CDC Gross Investments ¹	278 787	360 821	436 028	354 436	416 181
<i>of which Net Investments</i>	6 433	-500053	167 456	221 556	218 173
Debt Relief	1 866 591	3 760	280 337	7 237	54 297
Foreign & Commonwealth Office	91 192	117 591	122 963	142 269	162 000
<i>of which</i>					
<i>Bilateral Programme</i>	61 192	86 944	72 280	74 023	61 648
<i>Bilateral Peacekeeping</i>	..	..	9 500	23 311	23 982
<i>British Council</i>	30 000	30 647	41 183	44 935	76 371
Conflict Pool	51 289	17 173	97 357	103 645	98 362
Department of Environment & Climate Change	-	-	50 000	105 413	255 051
<i>of which the Environmental Transformation Fund</i>	-	-	50 000	100 000	250 000
UK Border Agency Costs of Supporting Refugees in the UK ²	-	-	-	7 355	11 700
Scottish Government	2 882	3 898	5 829	5 298	9 275
Gift Aid for NGOs	42 171	43 672	43 857	43 891	47 109
Colonial Pensions ^{1,3}	4 067	3 897	3 732	4 321	3 200
Other ⁴	8 587	8 668	9 850	33 606	6 665
Total Bilateral Aid from other UK Official Sources	2 345 566	559 480	1 049 954	807 472	1 063 841
MULTILATERAL AID FROM OTHER UK OFFICIAL SOURCES					
European Commission ^{1,5}	161 710	208 911	254 008	237 786	163 286
Global Environmental Assistance	137	139	7 102	5 414	5 614
UN Agencies	48 574	47 086	56 252	62 304	61 980
Commonwealth	545	674	711	726	740
International Research Organisations	223	-	-	-	-
Other Multilateral Organisations	-	-	4 935	6 200	8 645
Total Multilateral Aid from other UK Official Sources	211 189	256 811	323 007	312 428	240 265
TOTAL AID FROM OTHER UK OFFICIAL SOURCES excluding Administration					
	2 556 755	816 291	1 372 962	1 119 900	1 304 106
Other UK Official Sources Administration	11 425	15 048	11 101	17 703	13 751
Total AID FROM OTHER UK OFFICIAL SOURCES	2 568 180	831 339	1 384 063	1 137 603	1 317 857

1. Some of these flows are not all ODA eligible, e.g. only net CDC flows are included in ODA. The rest of the information in this table is included in ODA.

2. These costs were included for the first time in 2009/10 to improve international comparability. They have not been estimated retrospectively. This estimate is produced on a calendar year basis.

3. Prior to the 2009/10 edition of SID, these costs were classified as DFID Bilateral Expenditure.

4. Includes Department for Health; Department for Environment, Food & Rural Affairs; Department for Culture, Media & Sport; and the Welsh Assembly. This also includes other official funding to UK NGOs.

5. Prior to 2007/08 aid to Romania and Bulgaria who joined the EU in 2007 was attributed to DFID. Since 2007/08 these sums have become part of the UK's total contribution to the EU and cannot be attributed directly to DFID.

3 DFID Expenditure on Development 2006/07-2010/11

£thousands

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
DFID Bilateral Programme¹					
Poverty Reduction Budget Support	463 617	635 083	648 668	634 101	643 671
<i>of which</i>					
General Budget Support	297 553	366 453	392 748	383 150	360 467
Sector Budget Support	166 064	268 631	255 920	250 951	283 204
Other Financial Aid	450 565	456 657	516 431	518 817	550 728
Technical Co-operation	522 722	474 287	514 235	419 911	467 939
Bilateral Aid Delivered through a Multilateral Organisation ²	482 442	576 809	656 448	1 264 716	1 465 789
Bilateral Aid Delivered through a NGO	310 607	300 515	462 597	599 434	626 752
<i>of which:</i>					
Partnership Programme Agreements	89 141	89 695	108 928	128 823	115 347
Other CSO's	221 467	210 820	353 669	470 612	511 405
Other Bilateral Aid ³	17 943	12 399	17 030	34 668	76 009
Humanitarian Assistance	383 513	430 773	449 163	434 556	350 669
DFID Debt Relief	147 106	71 386	19 425	52 061	66 460
Total DFID Bilateral Programme	2 778 516	2 957 909	3 283 996	3 958 263	4 248 018
DFID Multilateral Programme					
European Commission	961 505	991 408	1 153 892	1 186 303	1 268 563
World Bank	493 333	493 387	573 652	559 785	926 713
United Nations	196 445	249 854	251 903	216 315	355 337
Other Multilateral	359 538	255 535	297 911	473 934	671 061
Total DFID Multilateral Programme	2 010 821	1 990 184	2 277 358	2 436 338	3 221 673
Total DFID Programme (excl. Admin)	4 789 337	4 948 093	5 561 355	6 394 601	7 475 391
DFID Administration	234 468	247 683	237 899	234 398	219 457
Total DFID Programme	5 023 805	5 195 776	5 799 253	6 628 999	7 689 149

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2 and in the Glossary

2. This covers aid provided through multilateral organisations where the recipient country, region, sector, theme or specific project are known.

3. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid that does not fit into any other category.

4 Total DFID and UK Debt Relief 2006/07-2010/11

£ thousand

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
DFID DEBT RELIEF¹					
Bilateral Debt Relief	65 162	5 965	12 931	43 005	10 565
Bilateral HIPC ²	24 696	315	623	490	55 564
EU/IDA Loan Reimbursements ³	2 417	299	49	-	-
EU Investment Bank Loan Guarantees	2 175	277	1 063	1 782	332
Multilateral HIPC Trust Fund ⁴	18 666	24 140	13 706	-	-
MDRI Debt Relief to IMF	-	-	-	-	-
MDRI Debt Relief to African Development Fund	7 140	4 750	4 759	6 785	10 426
MDRI Debt Relief to IDA ⁵	26 850	35 640	35 140	39 720	47 250
Total DFID Debt Relief	147 106	71 386	68 271	91 781	124 137
NON-DFID DEBT RELIEF⁶					
CDC Debt	90 123	-	-	-	-
ECGD Debt	1 776 468	3 760	280 337	7 237	54 297
Total Non-DFID Debt Relief⁶	1 866 591	3 760	280 337	7 237	54 297
TOTAL UK DEBT RELIEF	2 013 697	75 146	348 608	99 018	178 434

1. See Annex 3 for detailed descriptions of different components of debt relief.

2. Payments to allow 100% cancellation of ECGD loans and reimbursements under the Hold in Trust Policy.

3. These are bilateral loans managed by the World Bank of which the UK is one of nine creditors. Expenditure relates to reimbursements of debt service under the Hold in Trust Policy, but not actual loan cancellation. The UK portion of these loans was cancelled at the end of 2005.

4. Multilateral core contributions for cancellation of HIPC multilateral debt. This is included in DFID's Multilateral Programme.

5. Multilateral core contribution to IDA MDRI. This is included in DFID's Multilateral Programme.

6. Table 5 provides further breakdowns.

5 ECGD and CDC Debt Relief by Country 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

	2006/07		2007/08		2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	ECGD Debt	CDC Debt	ECGD Debt	CDC Debt	ECGD Debt	CDC Debt	ECGD Debt	CDC Debt	ECGD Debt	CDC Debt
Africa										
Cameroon	25 870	63 996	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central African Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	456	-
Cote d'Ivoire	240	-	210	-	180	-	150	-	-	-
Congo, Dem Rep	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 967	-	130	-
Congo, Rep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50 233	-
Ghana	6 900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guinea	10	-	10	-	100	-	100	-	-	-
Liberia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 457	-
Malawi	232	23 375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	1 648 916	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sierra Leone	60	-	3 510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Togo	30	-	30	-	20	-	20	-	20	-
Zambia	1 160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Africa	1 683 418	87 371	3 760	-	300	-	7 237	-	54 297	-
Americas										
Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jamaica	-	2 752	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Americas	-	2 752	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asia										
Iraq	-	-	-	-	280 037	-	-	-	-	-
Total Asia	-	-	-	-	280 037	-	-	-	-	-
Europe										
Serbia & Montenegro ²	93 050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Europe	93 050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total ECGD/CDC	1 776 468	90 123	3 760	-	280 337	-	7 237	-	54 297	-
TOTAL NON-DFID DEBT RELIEF	1 866 591		3 760		280 337		7 237		54 297	

1. See Annex 3 text for descriptions of different components of debt relief.

2. In 2006 Montenegro declared independence from Serbia and Montenegro. In 2008 Kosovo declared independence from Serbia. Expenditure for Serbia and Montenegro has been attributed between the three countries where possible. Debt relief however, cannot be attributed separately.

6 UK ODA, OOF and Private Flows 2008-2010¹

	2008		2009		2010	
	Gross	Net ²	Gross	Net ²	Gross	Net ²
Bilateral ODA						
Total Grants	3 904	3 904	4 510	4 510	5 002	4 973
<i>of which: technical co-operation</i>	629	629	404	404	438	438
<i>humanitarian assistance</i>	369	369	467	467	361	361
<i>debt forgiveness</i>	304	304	27	27	106	106
Total Non Grants	431	167	354	222	414	217
<i>of which: CDC Equities</i>	431	167	354	222	414	217
Total Bilateral ODA	4 335	4 072	4 865	4 732	5 416	5 191
Multilateral ODA						
Total Grants	1 487	1 487	1 634	1 634	1 829	1 829
<i>of which: UN agencies</i>	226	226	284	284	371	371
<i>European Community</i>	1 124	1 124	1 245	1 245	1 301	1 301
Subscriptions and Promissory Notes	797	797	857	857	1 432	1 432
<i>of which: IDA</i>	525	525	520	520	879	879
<i>Regional development banks</i>	173	173	172	172	200	200
Total Loans	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Multilateral ODA	2 284	2 284	2 491	2 491	3 261	3 261
TOTAL ODA	6 619	6 356	7 356	7 223	8 677	8 452
Net ODA as a percentage of GNI		0.43		0.51		0.57
Other Official Flows (OOF)						
Other Official Flows (OOF)	8	- 12	208	195	18	- 12
<i>of which: non-concessional CDC investments</i>	5	- 8	5	- 8	1	- 29
TOTAL OFFICIAL FLOWS (ODA + OOF)	6 628	6 344	7 564	7 418	8 695	8 440
Private Flows						
Direct Investment	..	13 145	..	7 436	..	122
Guaranteed Export Credits	..	2 431	..	2 136	1 050	624
Bank Lending (excluding export credits) and other private flows	..	1 229	..	-1 372	9 634	7 183
Offsetting Debt Relief	..	- 280	..	- 7	-	-
Total Private Flows	..	16 524	..	8 193	10 684	7 930
Net Grants by Private Organisations	..	256	..	211	..	228
TOTAL ODA, OOF AND PRIVATE FLOWS	..	23 123	..	15 821	..	16 597
Total flows as a percentage of GNI		1.59		1.11	..	1.12

1. This table contains the information reported to the OECD's Development Assistance Committee (DAC).

2. This represents expenditure net of loan capital (ie principal) repayments.

7 UK ODA, OOF and Private Flows to Developing Countries 1970-2010

£ million

	Official flows		Private flows		Total flows	UK		DAC Average ³	
	ODA	OOF	On Market Terms	Voluntary Grants	ODA, OOF and Private	ODA	Total Flows	ODA	Total Flows
						as a % of GNI ¹	as a % of GNI ²	as a % of GNI ¹	as a % of GNI ²
1970	186	3	317	14	520	0.36	1.01	0.33	0.78
1971	231	5	297	19	552	0.40	0.96	0.32	0.77
1972	243	6	315	20	584	0.38	0.92	0.34	0.77
1973	246	25	307	23	601	0.34	0.82	0.27	0.71
1974	307	34	655	24	1 020	0.40	1.25	0.32	0.64
1975	388	14	633	24	1 059	0.39	1.00	0.34	1.14
1976	487	17	3 882	29	4 415	0.39	3.37	0.31	1.08
1977	638	57	3 329	29	4 053	0.44	2.71	0.31	1.07
1978	763	185	3 887	29	4 865	0.46	2.93	0.33	1.22
1979	1 016	67	5 226	51	6 359	0.51	3.25	0.33	1.15
1980	797	- 71	4 475	52	5 253	0.35	2.32	0.35	0.97
1981	1 081	173	4 549	47	5 850	0.43	2.34	0.32	1.18
1982	1 028	89	2 405	57	3 579	0.37	1.29	0.36	1.10
1983	1 061	137	2 769	55	4 022	0.35	1.33	0.34	0.88
1984	1 070	350	2 091	105	3 615	0.33	1.13	0.34	0.95
1985	1 180	299	292	130	1 900	0.33	0.54	0.33	0.51
1986	1 185	220	3 024	130	4 558	0.31	1.20	0.34	0.63
1987	1 142	161	693	135	2 131	0.28	0.51	0.32	0.51
1988	1 485	181	607	134	2 408	0.32	0.52	0.34	0.58
1989	1 578	280	3 756	160	5 775	0.31	1.14	0.31	0.60
1990	1 485	354	1 652	184	3 675	0.27	0.68	0.33	0.48
1991	1 815	293	866	215	3 188	0.32	0.56	0.33	0.55
1992	1 848	170	3 035	250	5 303	0.31	0.89	0.33	0.60
1993	1 945	87	3 523	300	5 855	0.31	0.94	0.29	0.71
1994	2 089	22	5 356	350	7 816	0.31	1.15	0.29	0.82
1995	2 029	135	5 661	307	8 132	0.29	1.15	0.26	0.73
1996	2 050	52	11 345	245	13 692	0.27	1.83	0.24	0.85
1997	2 096	- 69	8 830	216	11 073	0.26	1.39	0.22	0.83
1998	2 332	- 33	4 048	253	6 600	0.27	0.83	0.23	0.80
1999	2 118	- 15	7 056	297	9 456	0.24	1.05	0.22	0.79
2000	2 974	- 47	1 383	354	4 664	0.32	0.50	0.22	0.55
2001	3 179	2	3 242	216	6 639	0.32	0.67	0.22	0.45
2002	3 281	- 3	1 573	231	5 083	0.31	0.49	0.23	0.29
2003	3 847	30	7 251	238	11 367	0.34	1.01	0.24	0.45
2004	4 302	- 85	12 858	213	17 288	0.36	1.45	0.25	0.52
2005	5 926	- 54	19 212	399	25 480	0.47	2.03	0.32	0.93
2006	6 770	- 102	7 676	295	14 640	0.51	1.11	0.30	0.89
2007	4 921	- 22	23 909	334	29 142	0.36	2.10	0.27	1.14
2008	6 356	- 12	16 524	256	23 123	0.43	1.59	0.30	0.68
2009	7 223	195	8 193	211	15 821	0.51	1.11	0.31	0.98
2010	8 452	- 12	7 930	228	16 597	0.57	1.12	0.32	..

1. The UN target for official development assistance, endorsed in the 1970 UN General Assembly, is 0.7% of Gross National Income.

2. The UN target for total flows, endorsed in the 1970 UN General Assembly, is 1.0% of Gross National Income (GNI).

3. Source DAC online database, includes bilateral and multilateral ODA.

8 Net ODA from DAC Donors to Developing Countries 2006 - 2010 ¹

DAC Countries	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010 ²	
	£ m	% of GNI	£ m	% of GNI	£ m	% of GNI	£ m	% of GNI	£ m	% of GNI
Australia	1 154	0.30	1 333	0.32	1 633	0.32	1 768	0.29	2 492	0.32
Austria	814	0.47	904	0.50	947	0.43	731	0.30	776	0.32
Belgium	1 074	0.50	975	0.43	1 319	0.48	1 671	0.55	1 943	0.64
Canada	2 001	0.29	2 039	0.29	2 650	0.33	2 561	0.30	3 323	0.33
Denmark	1 215	0.80	1 280	0.81	1 549	0.82	1 799	0.88	1 856	0.90
Finland	453	0.40	490	0.39	644	0.44	826	0.54	865	0.55
France	5 760	0.47	4 939	0.38	6 029	0.39	8 067	0.47	8 363	0.50
Germany	5 670	0.36	6 142	0.37	7 727	0.38	7 733	0.35	8 238	0.38
Greece	230	0.17	250	0.16	389	0.21	389	0.19	324	0.17
Ireland	555	0.54	596	0.55	734	0.59	644	0.54	580	0.53
Italy	1 979	0.20	1 984	0.19	2 686	0.22	2 111	0.16	2 014	0.15
Japan	6 051	0.25	3 846	0.17	5 306	0.19	6 054	0.18	7 152	0.20
Korea	247	0.05	348	0.07	443	0.09	522	0.10	756	0.12
Luxembourg	158	0.89	188	0.92	229	0.97	266	1.04	258	1.09
Netherlands	2 962	0.81	3 110	0.81	3 865	0.80	4 114	0.82	4 112	0.81
New Zealand	141	0.27	160	0.27	192	0.30	198	0.28	228	0.26
Norway	1 600	0.89	1 866	0.95	2 214	0.89	2 616	1.06	2 967	1.10
Portugal	215	0.21	235	0.22	343	0.27	328	0.23	420	0.29
Spain	2 072	0.32	2 568	0.37	3 795	0.45	4 215	0.46	3 831	0.43
Sweden	2 149	1.02	2 168	0.93	2 615	0.98	2 912	1.12	2 931	0.97
Switzerland	895	0.39	842	0.38	1 126	0.44	1 479	0.45	1 486	0.41
United Kingdom	6 770	0.51	4 921	0.36	6 356	0.43	7 223	0.51	8 452	0.57
United States of America	12 787	0.18	10 887	0.16	14 612	0.19	18 458	0.21	19 525	0.21
DAC TOTAL	56 956	0.30	52 072	0.27	67 404	0.30	76 684	0.31	83 352	0.32

1. Source DAC online database, includes bilateral and multilateral ODA. DAC annual exchange rates used to convert from USD.

2. 2010 data for DAC donors is provisional, apart from the UK.

SECTION 4: WHERE DOES UK EXPENDITURE ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT GO?

1. This section shows the destination countries of UK bilateral assistance and, for multilateral assistance, the organisations to which flows are directed. It also presents the UK imputed share of Multilateral ODA by country.
2. In this section, Tables 9 to 17 show aid flows to individual countries, regions and country groupings. Table 18 gives details of UK multilateral assistance and Table 19 shows UK flows to Civil Society Organisations. Some tables report GPEX/ DFID data and others ODA, as indicated by the table titles.

Recipients of UK Aid

3. In 2010/11 DFID provided bilateral assistance to 78 countries, of which 36 countries received direct financial aid¹. These 36 countries received a total of £2,265m in 2010/11 (of which £1,184m was direct financial aid); excluding humanitarian assistance this totalled £2,149m. This is equivalent to 85 per cent of DFID bilateral country specific expenditure (excluding humanitarian assistance), down from 91 per cent in 2009/10.
4. Tables 9 to 11 highlight the top twenty recipient countries of DFID bilateral assistance and UK ODA (the former is shown including and excluding humanitarian assistance). Table 12 shows the top ten recipients of DFID humanitarian assistance.
5. In 2010/11 India continued to receive the greatest amount of DFID bilateral assistance to an individual country (£279m, a reduction on previous years), followed by Ethiopia (£251m) and Pakistan (£203m). In total, the top twenty recipients of DFID's bilateral assistance accounted for 83 per cent of DFID bilateral aid that could be allocated to a country. (Table 9)
6. Of UK net bilateral ODA, India (£421m), Ethiopia (£263m) and Pakistan (£193m) were the top three recipients in 2010. (Table 10). The increase in bilateral aid to Pakistan compared to £140m in 2009/10 was driven by £83m in humanitarian assistance.

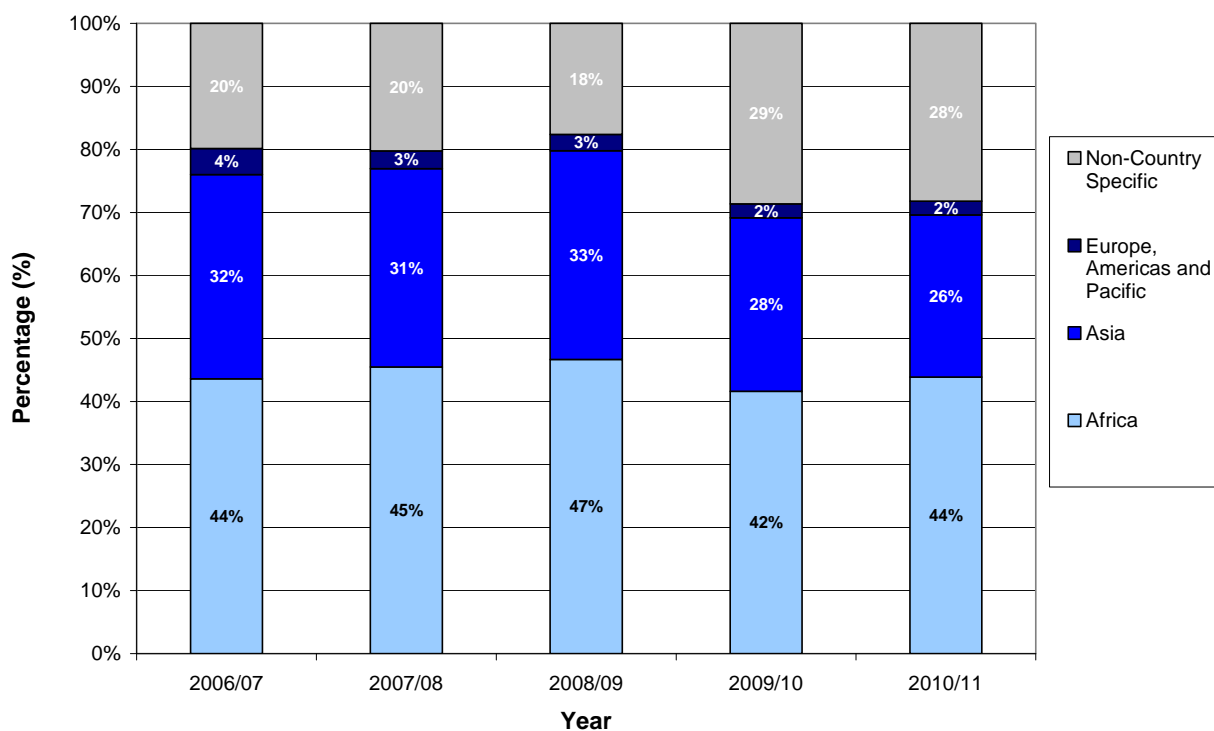
¹ i.e. General Budget Support, Sector Budget Support or Other Financial Aid.

7. Sudan received the largest value of DFID bilateral humanitarian assistance (£84m in 2010/11), closely followed by Pakistan (£83m). Sudan ranked 8th in terms of overall receipt of DFID bilateral assistance, 20th excluding humanitarian assistance. (Tables 9 & 11)

Bilateral Aid by Region

8. Table 13 summarises data on DFID expenditure and GPEX for regions and a range of country groupings (e.g. Commonwealth countries, HIPC countries). Table 14 expands on Table 13 and reports by country.
9. Figure 10 summarises the DFID Bilateral Programme by region over the last five years. In 2010/11 44 per cent of DFID's bilateral programme was spent in Africa, 26 per cent in Asia, 2 per cent in Europe, the Americas and the Pacific. The remaining 28 per cent was not allocated to a particular region as it benefited a number of partner countries across regions.
10. The proportion of non-country specific bilateral expenditure in 2010/11 remained at similar levels to 2009/10 when it increased to 29 per cent from 18 per cent (or by £555m). This was due to DFID contributions to bilateral pooled funds from which it was not possible to directly track the funding to a particular country. For example, £203m to the Global Trade Liquidity Fund; £100m to the Environmental Transformation Fund; and £100m to the IDA Social Protection and Crisis Response fund.

Figure 10 DFID Bilateral Programme by Region, 2006/07 – 2010/11



11. UK multilateral assistance cannot be directly allocated to any one country. However, Tables 13 and 14 contain estimates of the UK's imputed share of multilateral ODA by country and region². Of the UK's core contributions to multilateral organisations in 2009/10³; £1,159m was spent as ODA in Africa, £563m in Asia, £287m in Europe, £153m in the Americas and £16m in the Pacific (Table 13).

Aid to Low Income Countries

12. Table 15 breaks down the DFID bilateral programme by income group⁴ of the recipient countries. In 2010/11, 82 per cent of the £2,830m country specific DFID bilateral assistance was spent in low income countries.

13. Table 17 compares the percentages of bilateral ODA given to low, middle and high income countries for all DAC donors and for multilateral agencies in 2010. 72 per cent of the UK's bilateral ODA went to low income countries. Table 17 shows that the UK

² See Section 2 for an explanation of the methodology.

³ The latest year for which estimates are available.

⁴ Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds, and differ from those used in the 05/08 PSA target which also excludes Iraq security expenditure

gave a higher proportion of its bilateral ODA to low income countries than a number of other DAC donors. Six countries gave less than 50 per cent of their bilateral ODA to low income countries; Austria, France, Germany, Greece, Korea, and Spain.

Aid to Multilateral Organisations

14. Table 18 shows both DFID and UK Other Government Departments multilateral assistance to different organisations. In 2010/11 DFID provided £3,222m of multilateral assistance, with the greatest amounts going to the European Commission (£1,269m), World Bank (£927m) and United Nations (£355m).

15. In 2010/11 contributions to the Global Fund to Fight Aids, TB and Malaria (GFATM) increased by over 80 per cent, from £163 million in 2009/10 to £297 million. Contributions to Regional Development Banks were £203 million. Multilateral contributions are discussed further in Section 3.

DFID Aid Delivered Through UK Civil Society Organisations (CSOs)

16. CSOs are non-governmental organisations which play a vital role in building global alliances in support of eliminating world poverty. Table 19 shows expenditure in the last financial year to these agencies and the types of arrangements through which funds were given (terms are explained in the glossary).

17. In total, funds disbursed through UK CSOs fell to £329m in 2010/11 from £362m in 2009/10. Save The Children was the single largest recipient of DFID funding (£34m), followed by VSO (£31m) and Oxfam (£26m).

18. Of the total funds disbursed through CSOs in 2010/11, £116m was from Programme Partnership Agreements; £13m from the Civil Society Challenge Fund; £16m from the Governance Transparency Fund; £66m for humanitarian assistance; and £117m came from other DFID bilateral programmes.

9 Top Twenty Recipients DFID Bilateral Aid 2008/09 - 2010/11

Rank	2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	Country	£ m	Country	£ m	Country	£ m
1	India	297	India	295	India	279
2	Ethiopia	166	Ethiopia	214	Ethiopia	251
3	Afghanistan	147	Bangladesh	149	Pakistan	203
4	Bangladesh	133	Sudan	146	Bangladesh	174
5	Tanzania	132	Tanzania	144	Tanzania	146
6	Pakistan	120	Pakistan	140	Nigeria	142
7	Nigeria	110	Afghanistan	133	Congo (Dem Rep)	133
8	Sudan	106	Nigeria	114	Sudan	128
9	Kenya	103	Congo (Dem Rep)	109	Afghanistan	97
10	Ghana	99	Ghana	90	Uganda	94
11	Congo (Dem Rep)	94	Malawi	74	Mozambique	94
12	Malawi	77	Uganda	68	Rwanda	90
13	Uganda	71	Mozambique	68	Ghana	87
14	Rwanda	70	Nepal	67	Malawi	71
15	Mozambique	65	Zimbabwe	67	Kenya	69
16	Nepal	58	Kenya	64	Zimbabwe	69
17	Burma	57	West Bank and Gaza	58	Nepal	62
18	Zimbabwe	56	Vietnam	54	Vietnam	55
19	Vietnam	55	Rwanda	53	Zambia	52
20	Sierra Leone	48	Zambia	49	Sierra Leone	51
Total: Top 20 Recipient Countries		2 065		2 156		2 348
Total: Bilateral Aid¹		3 284		3 958		4 248
Proportion of Total to Top 20		63%		54%		55%
Total: Country Specific Bilateral Aid²		2 572		2 602		2 830
Proportion of Country Specific Aid to Top 20		80%		83%		83%

1. Includes expenditure that could not be allocated to a specific country.

2. Excludes regional or non-allocable expenditure. See the Glossary for more details.

10 Top Twenty Recipients UK Net Bilateral ODA 2008-2010

Rank	2008		2009		2010	
	Country	£ m	Country	£ m	Country	£ m
1	Iraq	353	India	404	India	421
2	India	339	Ethiopia	220	Ethiopia	263
3	Afghanistan	178	Afghanistan	208	Pakistan	193
4	Pakistan	144	Sudan	187	Nigeria	171
5	Tanzania	141	Bangladesh	160	Congo Dem Rep	162
6	Ethiopia	140	Congo Dem Rep	144	Tanzania	156
7	Bangladesh	140	Pakistan	139	Afghanistan	152
8	Sudan	110	Tanzania	139	Bangladesh	148
9	Mozambique	109	Nigeria	121	Uganda	116
10	Congo Dem Rep	107	Ghana	99	Ghana	108
11	China	97	Kenya	84	Malawi	96
12	Ghana	83	Uganda	75	Sudan	77
13	Malawi	81	China	74	Zimbabwe	70
14	Viet Nam	70	Malawi	72	Rwanda	69
15	South Africa	63	Zimbabwe	70	Kenya	68
16	West Bank & Gaza	57	Nepal	66	Nepal	68
17	Indonesia	56	West Bank & Gaza	61	Mozambique	68
18	Rwanda	55	Vietnam	60	West Bank & Gaza	63
19	Nepal	55	Rwanda	58	China	56
20	Sierra Leone	51	Sierra Leone	51	Sierra Leone	55
Total: Top 20 Recipient Countries		2 427		2 491		2 581
Total: Net Bilateral ODA¹		4 072		4 732		5 191
Proportion of Total to Top 20		60%		53%		50%

1. Includes expenditure that could not be allocated to a specific country.

11 Top Twenty Recipients DFID Bilateral Aid excluding Humanitarian Assistance 2008/09-2010/11

Rank	2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	Country	£ m	Country	£ m	Country	£ m
1	India	297	India	295	India	279
2	Tanzania	132	Ethiopia	151	Ethiopia	245
3	Ethiopia	132	Bangladesh	148	Bangladesh	171
4	Afghanistan	128	Tanzania	135	Tanzania	144
5	Bangladesh	126	Afghanistan	126	Nigeria	142
6	Nigeria	110	Nigeria	113	Pakistan	120
7	Pakistan	109	Pakistan	111	Afghanistan	97
8	Ghana	98	Ghana	90	Uganda	94
9	Kenya	87	Sudan	87	Mozambique	94
10	Malawi	77	Malawi	73	Rwanda	90
11	Rwanda	70	Congo (Dem Rep)	68	Ghana	87
12	Mozambique	64	Mozambique	68	Congo (Dem Rep)	86
13	Congo (Dem Rep)	61	Nepal	61	Malawi	70
14	Uganda	55	Uganda	60	Zimbabwe	66
15	Vietnam	55	Vietnam	54	Kenya	64
16	Sudan	53	Rwanda	53	Nepal	62
17	Nepal	52	Kenya	51	Vietnam	55
18	Sierra Leone	46	Zambia	49	Zambia	52
19	Zambia	43	Zimbabwe	48	Sierra Leone	51
20	South Africa	40	Sierra Leone	44	Sudan	45
Total: Top 20 Recipient Countries		1 834		1 884		2 113
Total: Bilateral aid excluding Humanitarian Assistance¹		2 835		3 524		3 897
Proportion of Total to Top 20		65%		53%		54%
Total: Country Specific² Aid excluding Humanitarian Assistance		2 191		2 204		2 529
Proportion of Country Specific Aid to Top 20		84%		85%		84%

1. Includes expenditure that could not be allocated to a specific country.

2. Excludes regional or non-allocable expenditure.

12 Top Ten Recipients DFID Bilateral Humanitarian Assistance 2008/09-2010/11

Rank	2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	Country	£ m	Country	£ m	Country	£ m
1	Sudan	53	Ethiopia	64	Sudan	84
2	Burma	46	Sudan	59	Pakistan	83
3	Ethiopia	34	Congo (Dem Rep)	41	Congo (Dem Rep)	47
4	Congo (Dem Rep)	33	Somalia	32	Somalia	30
5	Zimbabwe	21	Pakistan	29	Yemen	7
6	Afghanistan	20	Zimbabwe	19	Haiti	7
7	Somalia	18	Haiti	15	Ethiopia	6
8	Iraq	16	West Bank	15	Kenya	6
9	Kenya	16	Kenya	14	Burma	5
10	Uganda	16	Sri Lanka	13	Eritrea	4
Total: Top 10 Recipient Countries		271		300		278
Total: Humanitarian Assistance		449		435		351
Proportion of Total to Top 10		60%		69%		79%

13 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Region and Country Groupings 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Co-operation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
TOTAL ALL COUNTRIES	2006/07	297 553	166 064	450 565	522 722	482 443	310 607	17 943	383 513	147 106	2 778 516	2 345 566	5 124 082	1 923 001
	2007/08	366 453	268 631	456 657	474 287	576 809	300 515	12 399	430 773	71 386	2 957 909	559 480	3 517 389	1 950 634
	2008/09	392 748	255 920	516 431	514 235	656 448	462 597	17 030	449 163	19 425	3 283 996	1 049 954	4 333 951	2 172 608
	2009/10	383 150	250 951	518 817	419 911	1 264 716	599 434	34 668	434 556	52 061	3 958 263	807 472	4 765 735	2 692 063
	2010/11	360 467	283 204	550 728	467 939	1 465 789	626 752	76 009	350 669	66 460	4 248 018	1 063 841	5 311 859	..
Africa	2006/07	257 553	96 618	108 449	151 714	189 773	100 732	12 261	226 475	68 256	1 211 831	1 859 845	3 071 676	897 095
	2007/08	333 469	145 875	123 523	161 660	245 319	98 321	10 826	221 222	5 464	1 345 679	206 443	1 552 123	832 313
	2008/09	342 748	161 252	133 667	215 501	244 594	175 711	7 928	240 530	10 922	1 532 852	228 491	1 761 343	955 897
	2009/10	333 150	158 163	151 865	199 273	332 740	149 203	20 688	293 593	8 807	1 647 482	266 751	1 914 233	1 158 720
	2010/11	310 467	185 454	211 960	248 588	437 496	158 238	47 869	211 732	55 358	1 867 162	246 889	2 114 051	..
of which:														
South of Sahara	2006/07	257 553	96 618	108 069	138 210	182 055	95 652	12 255	225 341	67 738	1 183 491	1 822 042	3 005 532	750 867
	2007/08	333 469	145 875	123 491	152 063	214 694	92 807	10 826	220 194	5 464	1 298 883	177 864	1 476 746	719 902
	2008/09	342 748	161 252	133 665	209 364	207 108	158 231	7 786	236 858	6 163	1 463 174	117 025	1 580 402	898 575
	2009/10	333 150	158 163	146 365	192 648	276 347	125 616	13 213	291 836	2 022	1 539 360	121 113	1 660 472	934 277
	2010/11	310 467	185 454	205 460	242 213	393 112	135 751	47 445	184 984	55 358	1 760 245	205 393	1 965 639	..
Americas	2006/07	-	1 000	18 835	7 063	18 195	5 902	440	1 515	18 694	71 644	47 847	119 490	113 223
	2007/08	1 450	1 000	19 215	7 156	6 964	3 887	27	6 210	4 327	50 237	18 309	68 545	119 180
	2008/09	-	-	19 319	8 807	5 217	3 432	-	11 262	-	48 036	27 339	75 376	93 340
	2009/10	-	-	25 444	5 903	16 248	2 209	995	13 844	47	64 690	34 171	98 861	153 055
	2010/11	-	-	20 103	3 170	29 618	1 624	3 170	7 442	1 706	66 833	65 202	132 035	..
Asia	2006/07	40 000	68 446	319 560	118 863	177 178	93 704	4 920	64 409	12 641	899 721	191 766	1 091 487	479 525
	2007/08	31 534	121 756	310 882	116 131	194 168	76 552	1 506	76 852	1 196	930 577	185 951	1 116 528	486 384
	2008/09	50 000	94 668	353 620	139 252	207 482	88 848	4 753	143 045	6 092	1 087 760	645 936	1 733 696	495 978
	2009/10	50 000	89 289	338 246	130 317	225 697	133 166	11 691	103 187	7 553	1 089 144	264 409	1 353 553	562 511
	2010/11	50 000	95 250	313 750	135 553	257 527	110 479	13 349	109 028	8 508	1 093 443	376 534	1 469 977	..
Europe	2006/07	-	-	2 265	25 719	6 246	2 356	130	3 101	1 999	41 815	93 884	135 699	177 553
	2007/08	-	-	1 794	19 330	5 375	3 493	2	663	342	30 998	8 498	39 496	184 495
	2008/09	-	-	2 853	15 855	8 662	1 490	-	3 199	1 821	33 880	19 404	53 284	323 966
	2009/10	-	3 500	1 076	7 522	5 949	1 346	2	1 161	297	20 853	24 321	45 174	286 505
	2010/11	-	2 500	2 239	7 030	4 703	937	68	26	365	17 868	16 335	34 203	..
Pacific	2006/07	-	-	1 455	144	-	423	-	-	-	2 022	647	2 669	6 784
	2007/08	-	-	1 125	99	-	564	-	-	-	1 788	1 054	2 842	18 993
	2008/09	-	-	1 821	375	-	449	-	-	144	2 790	1 217	4 007	6 666
	2009/10	-	-	1 745	3	-	139	-	100	155	2 142	1 001	3 142	15 882
	2010/11	-	-	2 235	212	-	-	-	-	191	2 638	1 542	4 180	..

13 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Region and Country Groupings 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Co-operation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Non Region Specific	2006/07	-	-	-	219 219	91 051	107 492	192	88 012	45 516	551 483	151 575	703 058	248 821
	2007/08	-	-	118	169 911	124 983	117 697	38	125 826	60 057	598 630	139 225	737 855	309 270
	2008/09	-	-	5 151	134 445	190 493	192 667	4 348	51 128	446	578 679	127 566	706 246	296 761
	2009/10	-	-	442	76 892	684 081	313 371	1 293	22 671	35 203	1 133 952	216 818	1 350 770	515 390
	2010/11	-	-	442	73 386	736 445	355 473	11 553	22 442	332	1 200 074	357 339	1 557 412	..
Total Developing Countries⁴	2006/07	297 553	166 064	450 565	518 349	482 275	310 489	17 924	382 206	146 997	2 772 421	2 345 505	5 117 926	1 673 238
	2007/08	366 453	268 631	456 657	473 985	576 809	300 373	12 399	430 773	71 279	2 957 359	558 901	3 516 260	1 640 979
	2008/09	392 748	255 920	515 431	514 235	656 448	462 406	17 030	449 163	19 425	3 282 806	1 049 924	4 332 730	1 875 847
	2009/10	383 150	250 951	514 817	419 384	1 263 457	599 192	34 668	434 386	52 061	3 952 066	806 901	4 758 966	2 176 674
	2010/11	360 467	283 204	550 728	467 358	1 464 655	626 506	76 009	349 290	66 460	4 244 679	1 063 841	5 308 520	..
Least Developed Countries	2006/07	221 800	92 064	191 535	95 181	147 529	101 768	8 558	199 979	34 058	1 092 472	70 525	1 162 997	683 010
	2007/08	278 534	153 881	185 967	112 441	157 835	112 300	5 761	218 309	583	1 225 611	69 197	1 294 808	651 922
	2008/09	283 200	152 270	180 330	141 904	215 441	151 481	12 039	271 787	7 375	1 415 827	98 854	1 514 681	822 236
	2009/10	285 150	139 191	240 570	137 112	240 247	163 571	20 634	279 621	3 636	1 509 732	127 395	1 637 127	747 046
	2010/11	274 467	167 454	248 317	165 797	396 371	164 974	36 065	199 400	19 896	1 672 742	124 833	1 797 575	..
Commonwealth	2006/07	277 553	72 635	315 993	175 424	138 902	98 301	11 996	55 853	61 963	1 208 619	1 900 519	3 109 138	500 754
	2007/08	310 469	121 267	303 232	181 849	163 973	85 237	2 174	50 531	4 326	1 223 059	217 861	1 440 921	527 042
	2008/09	339 748	132 602	369 003	236 858	139 601	138 491	1 041	65 368	1 072	1 423 785	227 746	1 651 531	597 982
	2009/10	330 150	133 084	341 646	207 327	144 154	152 690	7 766	77 445	1 740	1 396 002	172 455	1 568 457	673 705
	2010/11	340 467	169 254	362 725	250 728	247 917	139 987	35 191	96 664	1 111	1 644 044	278 938	1 922 983	..
of which Overseas Territories	2006/07	-	-	27 459	5 469	20	271	41	- 9	109	33 361	21	33 382	4 030
	2007/08	-	-	29 657	6 226	10	349	-	3	107	36 352	448	36 800	1 613
	2008/09	-	-	47 014	7 443	460	211	-	0	-	55 129	136	55 264	-
	2009/10	-	-	45 921	3 719	-	139	-	170	-	49 948	236	50 184	113
	2010/11	-	-	45 882	7 142	-	242	-	-	-	53 267	843	54 110	..
HIPC Countries	2006/07	257 553	97 618	141 951	71 988	113 185	69 770	6 680	194 718	68 766	1 022 228	167 867	1 190 095	690 158
	2007/08	334 919	146 875	154 029	76 547	107 727	78 719	4 388	201 759	583	1 105 546	69 381	1 174 927	618 931
	2008/09	342 748	161 252	163 052	83 335	178 973	86 182	8 219	215 033	3 773	1 242 568	98 913	1 341 481	809 455
	2009/10	333 150	158 163	189 869	82 710	190 877	83 056	11 350	262 912	- 478	1 311 608	127 759	1 439 366	768 102
	2010/11	310 467	185 454	193 421	115 476	318 635	88 733	26 442	184 608	55 564	1 478 800	198 485	1 677 285	..

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.
2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified
3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.
4. Developing Countries are those countries and regions in the DAC List of Recipients of Official Development Assistance. Since the 2008 edition of SID, Turks and Caicos and Saudi Arabia have been removed from the DAC list.
5. Pension payments have been reclassified from "Other Financial Aid" to "Aid from other UK Official Sources". This is consistent with the classification of spending under Department Expenditure Limits (DEL) agreed with Treasury.

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid										Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³	
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief						
Africa: North of Sahara																
Algeria	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 103	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	285	285	6 492	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 169	1 169	1 560	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	-	-	230	2 314	2 545	6 479	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 481	1 481	..	
Egypt	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	519	519	10 209	10 728	12 045		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 135	2 135	14 376		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 529	6 529	15 065		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 666	23 666	18 728		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 843	10 843	..		
Libyan Arab Republic	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	146	200		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	630	630	691		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 187	1 187	75		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	28	1 020	1 048	..		
Morocco	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 314		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169	169	19 838		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 693	3 693	23 343		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 040	3 040	18 444		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 137	2 137	..		
Tunisia	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 957	8 957	6 490		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	58	10 501		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	807	807	10 899		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 446	2 446	10 225		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 633	1 633	..		
North of Sahara Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 511		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	2 238		
	2008/09	-	-	-	124	510	-	-	-	-	634	7 114	7 748	4 635		
	2009/10	-	-	-	31	397	-	-	-	-	429	-	429	26 086		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 249	-	10 249	-	10 249	..		

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid					Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation										
Total North of Sahara	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	519	519	19 166	19 685	49 606	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 797	2 797	53 645	
	2008/09	-	-	-	124	510	-	-	-	-	634	19 942	20 576	56 192	
	2009/10	-	-	-	31	397	-	-	230	-	659	32 653	33 312	80 037	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 277	-	10 277	17 113	27 391	..	
Africa: South of Sahara															
Angola	2006/07	-	-	-	111	3 198	2 962	-	1 442	-	7 713	-	7 713	5 441	
	2007/08	-	-	-	137	2 525	703	-	956	-	4 322	391	4 712	7 917	
	2008/09	-	-	-	114	465	1 638	-	1 048	-	3 265	164	3 428	12 619	
	2009/10	-	-	-	176	2 350	866	-	348	-	3 741	78	3 818	2 450	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-29	502	-	-	-	473	8 999	9 472	..	
Benin ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 241	1 241	-	1 241	12 749	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 911	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 666	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	14 537	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	3 257	-	-	66	-	3 323	-	3 323	..	
Botswana	2006/07	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	35	30	65	1 280	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171	171	754	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	484	484	873	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-0	-	-	-	-	-	-0	594	594	8 128	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	684	684	..	
Burkina Faso ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	1 286	1 391	116	1 507	20 628	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	9	16 761	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	127	-	-	-	127	-	127	46 482	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	131	-	1 269	-	1 400	-	1 400	19 637	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142	142	..	
Burundi ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	1 037	-	160	-	8 476	-	9 672	-	9 672	23 306	
	2007/08	-	-	-	503	685	120	227	3 618	-	5 153	1 500	6 653	12 176	
	2008/09	-	-	-	2 611	484	1 891	410	5 024	-	10 421	-	10 421	12 767	
	2009/10	-	-	3 004	1 086	2 530	1 963	410	3 995	-	12 988	15	13 003	15 052	
	2010/11	-	-	2 790	741	1 539	4 161	406	1 299	-	10 936	24	10 960	..	

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Cameroon ⁴	2006/07	-	-	2 000	-	-	115	-	-	23 427	25 542	89 866	115 408	25 458
	2007/08	-	-	-	71	1 098	449	-	-	-	1 619	395	2 013	13 826
	2008/09	-	-	-	28	5 618	1 204	-	-	-	6 850	1 057	7 907	16 148
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	240	-	-	-	240	709	949	21 193
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	319	- 62	-	-	-	257	576	833	..
Cape Verde	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	422	422	-	422	3 881
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	130	-	130	1 703
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	449	449	-	449	7 338
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	456	527	-	527	2 368
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	581	581	-	581	..
Central African Republic ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	1 197	-	1 000	-	2 197	-	2 197	13 025
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	834	-	1 134	-	1 134	6 062
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 615	-	3 615	-	3 615	5 745
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 706	-	2 706	-	2 706	13 136
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	1 268	-	-	-	24	1 291	456	1 747	..
Chad ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 310	-	1 310	-	1 310	6 528
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 140	-	5 140	-	5 140	11 779
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 331	-	6 331	-	6 331	6 978
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	900	-	-	4 893	-	5 793	-	5 793	12 526
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	149	-	149	10	159	..
Comoros ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	824
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	890
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	734
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 831
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	79	..
Congo ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	108	-	-	358	466	-	466	5 970
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	-	-	61	-	61	7 069
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	9	7 709
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 181	-	1 181	-	1 181	3 508
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	40 750	41 500	50 238	50 238	..

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Congo (Dem Rep) ⁴	2006/07	-	-	324	1 082	10 808	10 873	47	52 116	-	75 251	4 033	79 284	33 518
	2007/08	-	-	- 0	1 098	11 642	21 829	1 693	46 156	293	82 711	199	82 910	35 226
	2008/09	-	-	-	3 551	21 899	28 737	6 751	32 778	176	93 892	5 753	99 645	38 602
	2009/10	-	-	2	3 994	34 848	25 117	4 116	40 979	-	109 055	7 728	116 783	68 987
	2010/11	-	-	-	8 992	38 487	32 980	5 425	47 089	-	132 973	910	133 883	..
Cote d'Ivoire ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	400	324	-	1 080	1 262	3 066	240	3 306	13 710
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	530	-	572	210	782	11 327
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	180	180	28 421
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	-	360	256	616	23 714
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 880	16 880	..
Djibouti	2006/07	-	-	-	-	3 944	-	-	-	-	3 944	-	3 944	1 667
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	176	-	-	-	-	176	-	176	3 012
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 408
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	443	-	443	1 504	1 947	771
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	..
Equatorial Guinea	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 240
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	892
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	278
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	531
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Eritrea ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 490	-	3 490	-	3 490	3 238
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 367	-	3 367	131	3 498	7 382
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 692	-	3 692	357	4 049	2 857
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 176	-	3 176	47	3 222	9 734
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 187	-	4 187	270	4 457	..
Ethiopia ⁴	2006/07	-	69 883	5 000	2 802	7 032	2 529	335	1 968	948	90 496	10	90 506	79 920
	2007/08	-	111 607	17 719	1 083	1 419	2 690	-	5 000	-	139 519	492	140 011	94 186
	2008/09	-	105 184	16 248	1 930	4 860	3 600	-	33 699	-	165 521	3 086	168 607	61 574
	2009/10	-	93 030	39 895	1 920	13 738	1 094	1 000	63 609	-	214 286	1 401	215 688	76 226
	2010/11	-	94 700	95 501	5 374	42 004	1 085	5 989	5 900	-	250 553	1 342	251 895	..

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Bilateral Programme	UK Official Sources ⁵	Gross Public Expenditure	Multilateral Shares ³
Gabon	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 802
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	816
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	479
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 390
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	106	..
Gambia ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	1 792	5 559	373	-	-	-	7 723	65	7 788	2 681
	2007/08	-	-	-	1 535	317	560	-	-	-	2 412	43	2 455	1 799
	2008/09	-	-	-	1 617	1	800	-	-	49	2 467	106	2 573	923
	2009/10	-	-	-	1 458	- 1	643	-	59	-	2 159	83	2 243	2 237
	2010/11	-	-	-	852	-	192	-	-	-	1 044	10	1 054	..
Ghana ⁴	2006/07	35 753	10 000	11 577	8 212	13 702	2 047	318	400	- 65	81 943	11 204	93 147	28 545
	2007/08	56 469	10 000	15 767	2 530	5 747	1 269	-	426	-	92 208	868	93 076	25 130
	2008/09	59 548	18 000	12 830	1 905	2 746	2 638	-	1 781	-	99 448	4 279	103 728	54 288
	2009/10	48 000	24 210	11 203	1 748	1 387	2 965	-	404	-	89 917	6 832	96 749	38 282
	2010/11	36 000	25 000	7 275	3 255	11 233	4 430	-	-	-	87 192	8 280	95 471	..
Guinea ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	300	-	550	18	868	10	878	6 164
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	155	22	223	44	267	11 877
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	434	-	246	-	680	271	951	1 789
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	629	-	749	139	888	1 778
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	2 658	-	-	-	7	2 666	-	2 666	..
Guinea-Bissau ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	32	-	32	3 135
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	6 219
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	42	25	67	3 657
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	85	4 381
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	47	..
Kenya ⁴	2006/07	-	-	15 554	9 933	6 791	18 201	1 263	13 240	-	64 981	2 073	67 054	24 032
	2007/08	-	-	10 922	6 777	13 170	7 280	1 464	4 735	-	44 348	7 786	52 135	34 433
	2008/09	-	-	12 152	8 194	35 572	30 618	-	15 795	-	102 331	7 498	109 829	4 921
	2009/10	-	-	7 651	7 006	10 375	23 872	1 600	13 716	-	64 219	11 466	75 685	50 032
	2010/11	-	-	451	11 671	25 401	24 041	2 000	5 536	-	69 099	4 750	73 849	..

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Lesotho ⁴	2006/07	-	-	205	2 769	3 037	690	50	-	-	6 752	13	6 765	5 334
	2007/08	-	-	350	2 625	516	406	-	-	-	3 896	13	3 908	6 303
	2008/09	-	-	698	2 750	1 550	333	-	-	878	6 209	82	6 292	3 607
	2009/10	-	-	818	1 759	250	1 242	-	83	923	5 075	45	5 120	4 579
	2010/11	-	-	30	335	436	1 215	-	-	920	2 935	10	2 946	..
Liberia ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	182	1 754	290	195	5 943	-	8 364	-	8 364	9 457
	2007/08	-	-	2 000	1 735	-	928	612	2 332	-	7 606	1	7 608	27 897
	2008/09	-	-	2 166	1 557	1 250	3 421	-	4 757	3 548	16 698	329	17 027	7 859
	2009/10	-	-	165	2 151	4 910	4 000	-	739	-	11 965	611	12 576	17 865
	2010/11	-	-	4 000	214	6 220	80	-	1 000	-	11 514	3 530	15 044	..
Madagascar ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	98	14 461	46	-	-	1 067	15 672	-	15 672	25 071
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	587	40	-	851	-	1 477	66	1 543	14 812
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	9 029	-	-	311	-	9 341	904	10 245	51 072
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 521	-	2 521	-	2 521	2 636
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	6 869	-	-	-29	-	6 840	375	7 215	..
Malawi ⁴	2006/07	20 000	13 335	16 009	4 270	2 259	3 998	493	2 735	1	63 101	25 585	88 686	25 968
	2007/08	22 000	19 267	15 635	3 469	3 379	3 534	-	1 946	184	69 415	3 204	72 619	10 938
	2008/09	22 000	20 420	20 360	2 863	5 973	5 032	-	451	-	77 100	4 921	82 021	14 390
	2009/10	24 000	17 514	22 524	1 939	2 088	4 835	11	943	-	73 853	3 517	77 370	29 400
	2010/11	19 000	26 659	13 727	2 366	920	6 767	284	901	-	70 624	5 810	76 434	..
Mali ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	2 091	2 153	-	2 153	9 812
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 873
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	1 104	-	-	-	-	1 104	-	1 104	38 671
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	37	27 881
	2010/11	-	-	-	3	1 042	-	-	-	-	1 045	30	1 076	..
Mauritania ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	1 315	-	-	250	-	1 565	284	1 849	11 348
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	59	-	-	-4	38	93	-	93	4 100
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 254
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	325	-	325	497	822	643
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	363	-	-	-	-	363	-	-	..

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Bilateral Programme	UK Official Sources ⁵	Gross Public Expenditure	Multilateral Shares ³
Mauritius	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	453	453	2 987
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	60	8 031
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	332	332	4 932
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 513	13 513	13 068
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 625	4 625	..
Mayotte	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	321
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 979
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Mozambique ⁴	2006/07	36 000	800	9 972	2 308	2 600	1 795	684	642	1 472	56 273	-	56 273	27 046
	2007/08	41 000	-	20 391	3 613	300	2 123	-	183	-30	67 580	218	67 799	28 499
	2008/09	42 000	14 481	1 307	3 688	401	1 647	-	1 971	-	65 495	869	66 365	50 397
	2009/10	44 000	16 860	66	4 184	619	1 925	-	237	-	67 891	410	68 301	13 788
	2010/11	48 205	28 556	2 658	3 571	9 617	1 141	-	500	-	94 248	568	94 815	..
Namibia	2006/07	-	-	-	204	-	303	-	-	-	508	-	508	1 095
	2007/08	-	-	-	49	-	319	-	50	-	418	34	452	5 425
	2008/09	-	-	280	12	70	173	-	-	-	535	221	755	2 924
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195	-	195	178	373	609
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362	362	..
Niger ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	1 488	732	2 241	-	2 241	17 522
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	522	1 519	-	2 041	-	2 041	7 119
	2008/09	-	986	-	-	2 007	-	-	4 553	-	7 546	-	7 546	29 577
	2009/10	-	868	-	-	-	-	-	4 275	-	5 143	-	5 143	6 052
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	1 737	958	-	5	-	2 700	-	2 700	..
Nigeria ⁴	2006/07	-	-	1 318	45 729	17 708	10 796	4 569	924	-	81 043	1 669 651	1 750 694	42 563
	2007/08	-	-	2 480	57 733	11 225	12 401	-	942	-	84 780	72 941	157 722	34 534
	2008/09	-	-	2 106	97 155	5 406	4 806	-	551	-	110 025	21 612	131 637	54 211
	2009/10	-	-	160	94 327	15 379	3 499	-	860	-	114 226	16 369	130 594	88 405
	2010/11	-	-	57	104 200	16 903	4 091	16 700	-	-	141 952	39 063	181 015	..

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid										Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³	
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief						
Rwanda ⁴	2006/07	-	2 600	6 088	3 414	2 100	2 280	4	93	180	16 759	40	16 799	16 345		
	2007/08	33 000	5 000	3 446	2 835	6 674	1 355	-	305	-	52 616	153	52 769	10 524		
	2008/09	33 000	2 180	9 270	2 697	21 126	1 800	-	8	-	70 081	489	70 570	25 417		
	2009/10	33 000	5 680	4 001	4 306	5 068	711	-	-	-	52 766	936	53 702	23 407		
	2010/11	35 750	10 540	9 716	16 330	16 877	121	567	-	-	89 901	998	90 898	..		
Sao Tome & Principe ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	675		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	768		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	687		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 079		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	487	-	-	-	-	487	-	-	..		
Senegal ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 383	2 383	4 467	6 850	16 628		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	1 029	23	-	37	-	1 090	3 458	4 548	9 731		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	163	-	-	-	163	415	578	22 862		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	137	-	-	-1,140	-1,002	3 981	2 978	20 152		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 005	1 492	..		
Seychelles	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	490		
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	17		
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39	26		
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	38	2 317		
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	28	..		
Sierra Leone ⁴	2006/07	12 500	-	770	11 022	8 680	2 403	2 244	-	-	37 620	76	37 696	3 002		
	2007/08	13 000	-	2 743	16 685	18 671	2 850	31	-	76	54 056	3 649	57 705	8 456		
	2008/09	20 000	-	114	15 394	5 405	5 063	-	1 794	-	47 770	582	48 352	9 499		
	2009/10	12 150	-	7 559	12 338	8 154	4 243	-	213	-	44 655	2 030	46 686	5 528		
	2010/11	8 000	-	12 647	12 447	14 192	3 998	-	7	-	51 291	2 270	53 561	..		
Somalia ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	3 065	2 238	2 719	634	7 975	-	16 631	12	16 643	11 220		
	2007/08	-	-	-	237	7 624	4 057	121	13 675	-	25 714	86	25 799	9 229		
	2008/09	-	-	-	227	9 376	5 579	-	18 288	-	33 471	129	33 600	12 192		
	2009/10	-	-	-	361	8 110	4 061	-	31 900	-	44 431	744	45 176	10 380		
	2010/11	-	-	-	454	10 595	5 156	-	29 855	-	46 060	1 529	47 588	..		

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid										Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Bilateral Programme	UK Official Sources ⁵	Gross Public Expenditure	Multilateral Shares ³	
South Africa	2006/07	-	-	-	16 321	3 204	5 475	31	-	-	25 031	5 256	30 287	11 468	
	2007/08	-	-	-	21 067	2 681	3 477	-	74	-	27 300	61 777	89 076	19 736	
	2008/09	-	-	-	23 600	1 677	14 626	-	776	-	40 679	37 877	78 556	13 822	
	2009/10	-	-	3 000	9 957	400	7 914	-	-7	-	21 265	18 139	39 404	16 009	
	2010/11	-	-	4 000	6 880	1 061	5 274	-	196	-	17 411	33 965	51 376	..	
St Helena & Dependencies	2006/07	-	-	11 623	4 016	20	-	41	-9	-	15 692	-	15 692	1 380	
	2007/08	-	-	13 084	4 440	10	16	-	-	-	17 550	40	17 591	213	
	2008/09	-	-	29 150	6 092	460	35	-	-	-	35 738	-	35 738	-	
	2009/10	-	-	20 377	2 228	-	97	-	-	-	22 701	40	22 741	-	
	2010/11	-	-	24 885	6 033	-	132	-	-	-	31 050	627	31 677	..	
Sudan ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	1 987	19 367	4 049	783	83 614	-	109 800	117	109 917	38 484	
	2007/08	-	-	1	9 430	29 334	4 304	351	91 245	-	134 666	4 037	138 702	25 304	
	2008/09	-	-	-	14 644	32 358	6 212	-	52 574	-	105 787	4 157	109 945	23 435	
	2009/10	-	-	-	10 350	67 991	7 280	895	59 062	-	145 578	3 711	149 289	15 694	
	2010/11	-	-	-	16 478	22 535	4 752	912	83 529	-	128 206	4 907	133 113	..	
Swaziland	2006/07	-	-	-	27	-	-	89	-	-	116	20	136	2 082	
	2007/08	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2 152	-	2 154	25	2 178	2 510	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	997	-	997	32	1 029	3 554	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195	-	195	50	244	3 533	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	..	
Tanzania ⁴	2006/07	90 000	-	9 966	4 554	1 448	2 993	124	700	1 992	111 776	3 247	115 023	58 495	
	2007/08	105 000	-	8 717	1 735	3 458	3 030	-	460	-	122 400	2 953	125 353	42 354	
	2008/09	103 500	-	11 651	501	11 275	4 864	-	550	-	132 341	9 958	142 299	52 243	
	2009/10	103 500	-	12 785	2 869	9 715	5 719	815	8 245	-	143 648	2 381	146 029	93 424	
	2010/11	103 512	-	8 449	8 514	17 811	5 358	445	1 956	-	146 045	3 726	149 771	..	
Togo ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	86	-	250	-	336	30	366	1 304	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	-	-	150	30	180	8 335	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	-	-	67	4 859	4 926	11 212	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 668	6 668	8 090	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 076	13 076	20	13 096	..	

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Uganda ⁴	2006/07	40 000	-	6 593	5 590	2 663	4 528	132	18 108	- 67	77 547	1 488	79 035	29 617
	2007/08	35 000	-	4 595	4 244	2 462	8 026	530	14 059	-	68 915	8 316	77 231	38 577
	2008/09	35 000	-	7 815	2 903	5 574	3 747	125	15 508	-	70 672	1 458	72 131	44 763
	2009/10	32 500	-	5 313	2 801	15 722	1 915	1 313	8 477	-	68 041	10 090	78 131	45 817
	2010/11	27 200	-	11 455	4 563	44 839	1 896	4 450	-	-	94 402	1 618	96 020	..
Zambia ⁴	2006/07	23 300	0	9 597	3 322	300	2 960	202	677	20 713	61 070	2 341	63 412	24 566
	2007/08	28 000	0	5 670	2 928	906	2 422	-	1 462	-	41 388	554	41 942	10 806
	2008/09	27 700	-	7 487	2 847	758	4 128	-	3 671	-	46 590	2 876	49 466	43 326
	2009/10	36 000	-	7 192	2 163	726	1 692	769	18	615	49 176	1 177	50 353	11 417
	2010/11	32 800	-	4 767	1 947	3 769	3 354	5 270	6	-	51 912	1 070	52 982	..
Zimbabwe ⁴	2006/07	-	-	1 472	1 803	9 327	4 327	15	15 991	1 137	34 072	24	34 096	7 329
	2007/08	-	-	- 27	2 030	12 670	5 631	4 974	17 987	-	43 266	3 394	46 660	7 894
	2008/09	-	-	-	6 310	15 571	12 099	-	21 004	1 063	56 048	1 285	57 332	2 647
	2009/10	-	-	- 0	18 100	20 442	8 218	-	18 646	1 167	66 572	3 751	70 323	8 127
	2010/11	-	-	-	20 498	38 674	5 272	2 000	2 081	-	68 526	4 770	73 296	..
East African Community	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	545	545	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	508	508	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	180	209	-	-	-	-	389	475	864	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	64	1 491	-	-	-	-	1 555	559	2 115	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	0	840	-	-	-	-	840	419	419	..
Southern Africa Development Community (SADC)	2006/07	-	-	-	2 180	1 882	6 290	5	128	-	10 485	-	10 485	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	399	259	2 509	-	0	-	3 167	-	3 167	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	149	1 100	8 658	-	150	-	10 057	-	10 057	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	2 000	5 275	-	-	-	7 275	-	7 275	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	1 200	10 643	2 800	-	-	14 643	-	14 643	..
South of Sahara regional	2006/07	-	-	-	347	36 259	353	1	623	7 140	44 722	735	45 457	29 515
	2007/08	-	-	-	3 072	76 072	146	-	-	4 750	84 041	100	84 141	38 790
	2008/09	-	-	32	5 844	3 783	4 082	500	4 892	-	19 134	67	19 200	39 742
	2009/10	-	-	650	5 364	47 155	5 842	2 285	17 075	-	78 370	686	79 057	68 949
	2010/11	-	-	3 053	6 497	49 988	8 213	199	-	-	67 950	252	68 202	..

14.1 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Africa) 2006/07 - 2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Total South of Sahara	2006/07	257 553	96 618	108 069	138 210	182 055	95 652	12 255	225 341	67 738	1 183 491	1 822 041	3 005 532	750 867
	2007/08	333 469	145 875	123 491	152 063	214 694	92 807	10 826	220 194	5 464	1 298 883	177 864	1 476 746	719 902
	2008/09	342 748	161 252	133 665	209 364	207 108	158 231	7 786	236 858	6 163	1 463 174	117 227	1 580 402	898 575
	2009/10	333 150	158 163	146 365	192 648	276 347	125 616	13 213	291 836	2 022	1 539 360	121 113	1 660 472	934 277
	2010/11	310 467	185 454	205 460	242 213	393 112	135 751	47 445	184 984	55 358	1 760 245	205 393	1 965 639	..
Africa regional	2006/07	-	-	380	13 504	7 718	5 080	6	1 134	-	27 822	18 638	46 460	96 622
	2007/08	-	-	32	9 597	30 625	5 515	-	1 028	-	46 796	25 783	72 579	58 766
	2008/09	-	-	2	6 013	36 976	17 480	142	3 671	4 759	69 043	91 322	160 365	1 130
	2009/10	-	-	5 500	6 594	55 997	23 587	7 475	1 527	6 785	107 463	112 986	220 449	144 407
	2010/11	-	-	6 500	6 374	44 383	22 487	424	16 471	-	96 640	24 382	121 022	..
Total Africa	2006/07	257 553	96 618	108 449	151 714	189 773	100 732	12 261	226 475	68 256	1 211 831	1 859 845	3 071 676	897 095
	2007/08	333 469	145 875	123 523	161 660	245 319	98 321	10 826	221 222	5 464	1 345 679	206 443	1 552 123	832 313
	2008/09	342 748	161 252	133 667	215 501	244 594	175 711	7 928	240 530	10 922	1 532 852	228 491	1 761 343	955 897
	2009/10	333 150	158 163	151 865	199 273	332 740	149 203	20 688	293 593	8 807	1 647 482	266 751	1 914 233	1 158 720
	2010/11	310 467	185 454	211 960	248 588	437 496	158 238	47 869	211 732	55 358	1 867 162	246 889	2 114 051	..

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.

2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified.

3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.

4. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds.

5. Pension payments have been reclassified from "Other Financial Aid" to "Aid from other UK Official Sources". This is consistent with the classification of spending under Department Expenditure Limits (DEL) agreed with Treasury.

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
North and Central America														
Costa Rica	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	864
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	57	203
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	356	356	883
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 640	1 640	958
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	497	497	..
Cuba	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91	91	822
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	132	132	471
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	-	-	250	362	612	4 685
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	250	..
El Salvador	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 941	10 941	851
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	297
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39	626
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	372	-	372	21	393	6 419
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Guatemala	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	119	-	-	-	119	74	193	3 441
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	225	-	-	-	225	119	344	3 380
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	256	-	-	-	256	36	292	2 221
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	194	-	744	-	938	228	1 167	5 413
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	100	-	100	..
Haiti ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	0	446	446	7 860
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 378
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	824	-	824	-	824	8 691
	2009/10	-	-	-	71	-	-	-	15 044	-	15 114	703	15 817	38 477
	2010/11	-	-	-	1	7 089	341	-	6 934	1 706	16 071	23	16 094	..
Honduras	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	866	867	-	867	4 071
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 045
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18	12 146
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	189	-	300	4	304	3 153
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 286	16 286	..

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Mexico	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 469
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	65	1 105	1 170	957	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	80	3 633	3 713	2 107	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 593	7 593	1 986	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 093	6 093	..	
Nicaragua ⁴	2006/07	-	1 000	- 11	469	7 282	410	-	-	549	9 699	9 699	15 377	
	2007/08	1 450	1 000	-	785	566	258	-	100	-	4 158	599	4 757	3 341
	2008/09	-	-	-	712	843	44	-	2 255	-	3 854	18	3 872	7 123
	2009/10	-	-	-	194	2 276	30	995	307	-	3 802	26	3 829	5 604
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	2 000	-	2 695	-	-	4 695	-	4 695	..
Panama	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 190	15 190	722
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	776
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	20	271
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	48	1 592
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	..
North & Central America regional	2006/07	-	-	-	83	434	12	-	159	-	687	-	687	2 168
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	31	-	31	7 637
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	110	-	-	-	-	110	-	110	1 831
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-53	-	-	-	-	-53	-	-53	6 748
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	84	..
Total North and Central America	2006/07	-	1 000	- 11	552	7 715	541	-	159	1 415	11 372	26 651	38 023	43 074
	2007/08	1 450	1 000	-	785	597	483	-	166	-	4 480	1 995	6 475	34 835
	2008/09	-	-	-	712	953	300	-	3 158	-	5 123	4 252	9 375	36 370
	2009/10	-	-	-	265	2 222	336	995	16 905	-	20 723	10 626	31 349	75 033
	2010/11	-	-	-	1	9 089	341	2 695	7 034	1 706	20 866	23 259	44 125	..
Caribbean	Anguilla	2006/07	-	-	-	127	-	-	-	-	127	-	127	734
		2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	113	381
		2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	28	-
		2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136	136	-
		2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	58	..

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Antigua & Barbuda	2006/07	-	-	-	-0	-	-	-	-	-	-0	2	2	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	52
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	514
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	..
Barbados	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18	232
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 249	1 249	1 214
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	97	845
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	290	277
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	52	..
Belize	2006/07	-	-	-	26	-	-8	-	-	958	976	15	991	814
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-2	-	-	646	644	26	670	878
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	8	45	53	878
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	33	3 060
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	51	..
Dominica	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	541	541	1	542	378
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	541	541	1	542	1 832
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134	134	439
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	7
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195	195	..
Dominican Republic	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 131	5 131	10 544
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	56	3 208
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	818	818	1 532
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	64	4 917
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	36	..
Grenada	2006/07	-	-	-	176	203	-	-	-	154	533	2	534	638
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	56	2	57	1 118
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	411
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16	862
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	..

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilaterals ³
Guyana	2006/07	-	-	2 065	417	5 493	22	-	4	7 788	15 788	7	15 795	1 322
	2007/08	-	-	1 327	707	681	68	-	-	2 783	156	2 939	7 034	
	2008/09	-	-	922	1 139	341	70	-	-	2 472	168	2 640	2 432	
	2009/10	-	-	462	432	600	88	-	47	1 629	97	1 726	3 037	
	2010/11	-	-	-	9	11 591	0	-	-	11 600	45	11 645	..	
Jamaica	2006/07	-	-	2 209	27	-	409	-	2 931	5 576	2 954	8 530	2 009	
	2007/08	-	-	2 383	69	288	191	-	2 714	5 646	486	6 132	5 890	
	2008/09	-	-	2 430	756	-	167	-	-	3 352	875	4 227	8 351	
	2009/10	-	-	748	720	64	251	-	-	1 783	1 929	3 711	2 825	
	2010/11	-	-	986	769	1 067	-	-	-	2 822	613	3 435	..	
Montserrat	2006/07	-	-	14 381	1 175	-	-	0	-	15 556	-	15 556	974	
	2007/08	-	-	15 448	1 693	-	20	-	3	17 164	131	17 295	634	
	2008/09	-	-	15 043	1 132	-	101	-	0	16 276	107	16 383	-	
	2009/10	-	-	19 798	968	-	-	-	-	20 766	61	20 827	2	
	2010/11	-	-	18 763	317	-	-	-	-	19 080	119	19 199	..	
St Kitts - Nevis	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	252	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	1 260	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	742	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1 424	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	..	
St. Lucia	2006/07	-	-	-	-0	-	-	-	166	166	83	248	514	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	993	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	38	768	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	134	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	213	-	-	-	213	11	224	..	
St. Vincent & Grenadines	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	263	263	2	265	351	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	263	263	1	264	1 498	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	347	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	219	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	..	

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief				
Suriname	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	569
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 017
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	329
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 176
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Trinidad and Tobago	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	46	2 497
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	64	868
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	464	464	972
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	282	282	1 320
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	157	157	..
Turks and Caicos Islands	2006/07	-	-	-	9	-	30	-	-	109	149	21	170	942
	2007/08	-	-	-	1	-	70	-	-	107	178	162	340	386
	2008/09	-	-	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000	-	1 000	-
	2009/10	-	-	4 000	520	-	-	-	170	-	4 690	-	4 690	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	581	-	110	-	-	-	691	-	691	..
Windward Islands	2006/07	-	-	-	501	427	-	- 0	-	-	928	-	928	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	61	887	-	-	-	-	948	-	948	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	71	108	-	-	-	-	179	-	179	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	21	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Caribbean regional	2006/07	-	-	-	849	250	114	158	6	-	1 377	-	1 377	7 251
	2007/08	-	-	-	1 280	300	122	27	4 291	-	6 020	122	6 142	-
	2008/09	-	-	217	1 749	355	19	-	7 979	-	10 319	1 557	11 876	-
	2009/10	-	-	411	1 828	13 096	375	-	- 4,750	-	10 960	34	10 994	153
	2010/11	-	-	-	603	7 449	609	475	340	-	9 476	281	9 757	..
Overseas Territories (cross territory programmes)	2006/07	-	-	190	216	647	594	124	0	-	1 771	-	1 771	-
	2007/08	-	-	70	51	251	378	-	251	-	1 001	-	1 001	-
	2008/09	-	-	54	197	163	368	-	21	-	804	-	804	-
	2009/10	-	-	53	625	336	217	-	-	-	1 231	-	1 231	-
	2010/11	-	-	220	866	210	565	-	-	-	1 861	-	1 861	..

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid					Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation										
Total Caribbean	2006/07	-	-	18 846	3 522	7 021	1 159	282	10	12 910	43 750	8 283	52 033	30 023	
	2007/08	-	-	19 229	3 861	2 407	847	27	4 545	4 327	35 243	2 581	37 824	28 261	
	2008/09	-	-	19 666	5 044	966	733	-	8 001	-	34 411	4 362	38 773	18 044	
	2009/10	-	-	25 472	5 114	14 096	932	-	-4 580	47	41 081	2 955	44 036	20 927	
	2010/11	-	-	19 969	3 145	20 530	1 284	475	340	-	45 742	1 632	47 374	..	
South America															
Argentina	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 520	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	479	479	1 522	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	574	574	1 145	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	916	916	1 835	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350	350	..	
Bolivia	2006/07	-	-	-	1 292	-	1 622	75	98	523	3 610	-	3 610	5 434	
	2007/08	-	-	-	95	-	392	-	-	-	487	75	562	8 797	
	2008/09	-	-	-	42	897	344	-	-	-	1 283	93	1 376	3 951	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	262	262	7 630	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	54	..	
Brazil	2006/07	-	-	-	333	161	201	38	-	-	733	-	733	2 808	
	2007/08	-	-	-	93	-	343	-	-	-	436	1 096	1 532	506	
	2008/09	-	-	-	291	-	569	-	-	-	860	6 737	7 597	2 622	
	2009/10	-	-	216	424	-	286	-	-	-	927	9 895	10 823	4 262	
	2010/11	-	-	134	24	-	-	-	-	-	158	29 533	29 691	..	
Chile	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	500	-	500	229	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18	4 947	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	264	720	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	-	250	383	633	238	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	67	110	178	..	
Colombia	2006/07	-	-	-	14	-	270	-	-	-	284	25	309	7 692	
	2007/08	-	-	-14	-	-	273	-	-	-	259	485	744	3 172	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	219	-	-	-	219	1 617	1 836	4 154	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 269	-	1 269	4 915	6 184	3 626	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 709	1 709	..	

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Ecuador	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-	62	-	62	877
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	-	-	67	24	91	2 544
	2008/09	-	-	- 348	-	-	102	-	-	-	- 246	105	- 141	5 061
	2009/10	-	-	- 245	-	-	97	-	-	-	- 147	20	- 127	4 530
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124	124	..
Paraguay	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 343
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	600
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	36	5 588
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	27	651
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	..
Peru	2006/07	-	-	-	7	-	1 109	-	-	3 845	4 962	10 922	15 884	4 991
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	687	-	750	-	1 437	2 292	3 729	4 107
	2008/09	-	-	-	- 40	-	510	-	21	-	492	1 424	1 915	1 163
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	311	-	-	-	311	412	723	9 839
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	718	718	..
Uruguay	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	613
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	55	2 185
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	80	383
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	202
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	43	..
Venezuela	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	415
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	59	1 138
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	285	285	1 259
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 384	1 384	1 782
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	705	705	..
Latin America Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	1 343	3 297	937	45	-	-	5 623	1 036	6 659	1 784
	2007/08	-	-	-	2 321	3 960	795	-	-	-	7 077	9 149	16 226	6 417
	2008/09	-	-	-	2 759	2 401	654	-	82	-	5 895	16	5 911	6 714
	2009/10	-	-	-	99	- 71	248	-	-	-	276	2 350	2 626	3 763
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	219	219	..

14.2 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Americas) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Total South America	2006/07	-	-	-	2 989	3 459	4 201	157	598	4 369	15 774	11 983	27 757	28 707
	2007/08	-	-	- 14	2 510	3 960	2 558	-	750	-	9 764	13 731	23 495	35 935
	2008/09	-	-	- 348	3 051	3 298	2 399	-	103	-	8 503	11 230	19 733	32 760
	2009/10	-	-	- 28	524	- 71	942	-	1 519	-	2 886	20 590	23 476	38 359
	2010/11	-	-	134	24	-	-	-	67	-	225	33 573	33 797	..
Americas regional	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	748	-	748	930	1 678	11 418
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	749	-	749	2	751	20 149
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 495	7 495	6 166
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 736
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 738	6 738	..
Total Americas	2006/07	-	1 000	18 835	7 063	18 195	5 902	440	1 515	18 694	71 644	47 847	119 490	113 222
	2007/08	1 450	1 000	19 215	7 156	6 964	3 887	27	6 210	4 327	50 237	18 309	68 545	119 180
	2008/09	-	-	19 319	8 807	5 217	3 432	-	11 262	-	48 036	27 339	75 376	93 340
	2009/10	-	-	25 444	5 903	16 248	2 209	995	13 844	47	64 690	34 171	98 861	153 055
	2010/11	-	-	25 803	3 170	29 618	1 624	3 170	7 442	1 706	66 833	65 202	132 035	..

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.

2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified.

3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.

4. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds.

5. Pension payments have been reclassified from "Other Financial Aid" to "Aid from other UK Official Sources". This is consistent with the classification of spending under Department Expenditure Limits (DEL) agreed with Treasury.

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Asia: Middle East														
Iran	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 101
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	245	245	1 028
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	919	919	2 051
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	466	466	1 200
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Iraq	2006/07	-	-	9 170	25 997	-	2 723	1 593	10 085	-	49 569	22 260	71 829	14 022
	2007/08	-	-	69	18 643	-	874	-17	19 958	-	39 527	1 122	40 649	9 180
	2008/09	-	-	81	15 509	-	1 223	-	16 000	-	32 812	304 665	337 477	14 012
	2009/10	-	-	-	10 009	600	1 981	-	7 648	-	20 238	9 767	30 005	7 865
	2010/11	-	-	-	4 859	2 650	-10	-	2 800	-	10 299	5 277	15 576	..
Jordan	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	8 501	8 801	31	8 832	6 430
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	100	155	255	9 184
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 454	2 454	8 603
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	974	974	8 571
	2010/11	-	-	178	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	1 619	1 797	..
Lebanon	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	140	-	6 263	-	6 402	-	6 402	13 491
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	68	-	169	102	271	9 371
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	39	1 364	1 403	9 177
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 450	3 450	5 880
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 565	2 565	..
Oman	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	83	43
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	308	33
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	410	410	25
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	602	602	..
Saudi Arabia	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380	380	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Syria	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 9	-	-	- 9	-	- 9	2 321
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	46	4 568
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 263	1 263	2 979
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	490	-	490	672	1 162	6 313
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 260	1 260	..
West Bank & Gaza	2006/07	-	-	11 914	2 895	- 49	212	-	223	-	15 196	-	15 196	39 317
	2007/08	-	-	22 718	2 161	20 000	71	-	84	-	45 033	158	45 191	61 499
	2008/09	-	-	896	3 621	23 950	-	-	12 847	-	41 314	1 243	42 557	50 933
	2009/10	-	-	340	3 952	38 500	-	-	14 838	-	57 630	4 973	62 603	72 818
	2010/11	-	-	1 000	5 018	36 751	216	-	3 587	-	46 572	5 214	51 786	..
Yemen ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	875	20 469	119	-	-	-	21 462	83	21 545	7 981
	2007/08	-	-	-	815	10 347	7	-	830	-	11 999	280	12 279	6 673
	2008/09	-	-	1 050	3 402	13 053	-	-	1 710	-	19 215	1 098	20 313	9 216
	2009/10	-	-	17 038	863	3 613	40	982	7 241	-	29 778	882	30 660	12 986
	2010/11	-	-	30 193	1 972	10 225	123	1 172	7 429	-	51 113	2 598	53 711	..
Middle East Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	95	8	13	-	2 468	-	2 584	1 110	3 694	8 511
	2007/08	-	-	-	189	525	-	-	2 585	-	3 299	426	3 725	2 445
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	976	75	-	-	-	1 051	14 594	15 645	979
	2009/10	-	-	-	55	2 653	1 135	-	-	-	3 843	69	3 912	2 202
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	2 852	968	-	-	-	3 820	2 883	6 703	..
Total Middle East	2006/07	-	-	21 084	29 862	20 428	3 206	1 584	19 339	8 501	104 005	23 483	127 489	94 214
	2007/08	-	-	22 787	21 807	30 872	1 052	-17	23 625	-	100 126	2 997	103 123	103 991
	2008/09	-	-	2 027	22 532	37 979	1 336	-	30 557	-	94 431	327 909	422 340	97 982
	2009/10	-	-	17 378	14 880	45 367	3 156	982	30 217	-	111 979	21 663	133 642	117 860
	2010/11	-	-	31 371	11 849	52 477	1 298	1 172	13 816	-	111 983	22 018	134 001	..
Asia: South Afghanistan ⁴	2006/07	-	-	61 000	12 026	2 575	21 205	413	1 613	-	98 831	24 180	123 011	43 897
	2007/08	-	-	55 000	19 109	8 511	18 002	-	8 304	-	108 926	37 891	146 818	34 460
	2008/09	-	-	71 881	21 618	28 877	4 538	933	19 607	-	147 455	50 231	197 687	25 181
	2009/10	-	-	74 698	28 146	8 486	14 036	840	7 160	-	133 367	72 334	205 701	45 755
	2010/11	-	-	19 458	29 079	37 120	11 026	-	503	-	97 185	75 126	172 311	..

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Bangladesh ⁴	2006/07	-	-	54 178	21 523	10 106	21 861	1 643	-	-	109 313	-	109 313	46 126
	2007/08	-	-	34 791	24 596	32 701	23 963	-	13 341	-	129 392	333	129 725	42 624
	2008/09	-	-	20 568	38 111	15 107	50 916	916	7 324	-	132 941	2 745	135 686	86 475
	2009/10	-	-	31 914	33 881	15 009	63 524	3 258	1 222	-	148 808	2 368	151 176	25 863
	2010/11	-	-	27 325	28 733	44 409	64 976	5 476	3 472	-	174 391	4 174	178 565	..
Bhutan ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 009
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 886
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	629
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	-	71	-	71	1 102
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Burma ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	85	5 048	1 317	48	1 110	-	7 608	2	7 610	3 140
	2007/08	-	-	-	34	5 934	1 744	-	1 068	-	8 780	136	8 915	7 195
	2008/09	-	-	-	1 894	7 115	1 987	-	45 666	-	56 661	940	57 601	5 583
	2009/10	-	-	-	1 409	13 726	9 978	-	3 061	-	28 175	844	29 019	5 403
	2010/11	-	-	-	1 092	20 689	5 088	-	4 616	-	31 485	1 053	32 538	..
India ⁴	2006/07	-	16 000	138 554	24 085	39 847	13 856	114	1 398	-	233 853	59 854	293 707	86 476
	2007/08	-	54 000	142 888	16 905	53 722	6 874	-	1 013	-	275 402	37 349	312 751	89 414
	2008/09	-	54 000	194 292	17 871	27 673	2 807	-	386	-	297 028	105 211	402 239	73 974
	2009/10	-	52 000	177 152	19 360	42 023	4 584	-	-	-	295 119	61 371	356 490	35 761
	2010/11	-	46 000	185 226	26 016	15 802	5 892	-	-	-	278 936	149 148	428 084	..
Maldives	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	595
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	44	539
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	58	1 285
	2009/10	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	94	244	784
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170	170	..
Nepal ⁴	2006/07	-	5 446	9 588	10 551	5 867	8 109	83	3 189	-	42 833	3 710	46 543	9 530
	2007/08	-	18 006	12 710	12 722	2 495	7 962	-	800	-	54 694	580	55 274	19 008
	2008/09	-	9 018	6 858	14 965	5 123	13 859	-	5 596	2 579	57 999	519	58 518	11 048
	2009/10	-	5 239	12 247	16 496	15 415	7 350	1 020	6 013	3 082	66 862	1 625	68 487	15 231
	2010/11	-	7 000	5 603	20 295	14 985	9 653	873	25	3 391	61 825	1 168	62 993	..

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Pakistan ⁴	2006/07	20 000	32 500	7 966	7 581	13 802	3 566	-	15 699	-	101 114	17 037	118 150	22 675
	2007/08	10 000	38 000	4 916	8 283	12 642	5 101	150	7 866	-	86 958	1 188	88 145	58 547
	2008/09	30 000	25 700	26 977	8 082	13 994	4 416	-	10 775	-	119 942	9 771	129 713	20 570
	2009/10	30 000	22 500	7 029	6 617	21 645	23 164	-	29 444	-	140 398	10 846	151 244	102 099
	2010/11	30 000	32 500	28 075	11 129	11 459	7 059	-	82 715	-	202 937	8 923	211 860	..
Sri Lanka	2006/07	-	-	-	35	1 480	1 475	-	1 334	1 580	5 904	2 767	8 672	10 957
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	226	-	1 819	-232	1 813	1 895	3 708	6 413
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-60	-	3 038	-	2 978	574	3 552	17 595
	2009/10	-	-	-	49	-	139	-	12 872	-	13 061	3 293	16 354	14 153
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 375	-	1 375	2 993	4 367	..
South & Central Asia	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 543
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	751
	2008/09	-	-	-	2 442	86	-	-	927	-	3 455	10 146	13 601	179
	2009/10	-	-	-	1 706	-	-	-	-	-	1 706	1 050	2 757	1 101
	2010/11	-	-	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	78	728	806	..
Total South Asia	2006/07	20 000	53 946	271 286	75 885	78 725	71 390	2 301	24 343	1 580	599 456	107 549	707 006	227 948
	2007/08	10 000	110 006	250 306	81 650	116 003	63 872	150	34 209	-232	665 964	79 415	745 380	260 838
	2008/09	30 000	88 718	320 576	104 983	97 974	78 462	1 849	93 319	2 579	818 460	180 195	998 655	242 518
	2009/10	30 000	79 739	303 190	107 665	116 303	122 776	5 118	59 844	3 082	827 717	153 826	981 543	247 251
	2010/11	30 000	85 500	265 687	116 421	144 463	103 694	6 349	92 707	3 391	848 211	243 484	1 091 695	..
Asia: Far East														
Brunei	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Cambodia ⁴	2006/07	-	-	1 493	706	7 705	1 542	447	541	-	12 433	35	12 468	8 600
	2007/08	1 534	-	2 200	1 273	4 933	1 084	1 373	405	-	12 802	223	13 025	8 927
	2008/09	-	-	2 857	2 019	9 215	680	2 904	49	-	17 725	1 279	19 003	9 086
	2009/10	-	-	1 200	2 391	6 280	795	5 205	-	-	15 871	402	16 273	4 521
	2010/11	-	-	-	1 390	13 217	51	4 798	-	-	19 456	538	19 993	..

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
China	2006/07	-	-	11 245	5 741	14 634	6 545	423	-	-	38 589	21 498	60 087	15 870
	2007/08	-	-	22 967	4 602	8 500	2 727	-	-	38 796	44 947	83 743	7 390	
	2008/09	-	-	19 255	6 776	10 442	1 705	-	2 118	40 296	78 091	118 387	12 678	
	2009/10	-	-	14 014	3 494	14 420	1 281	198	1 104	34 512	56 283	90 796	23 529	
	2010/11	-	-	11 388	2 505	7 020	1 286	231	440	22 871	56 634	79 505	..	
East Timor ⁴	2006/07	-	-	750	12	2 996	152	-	106	4 016	-	4 016	2 265	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	1 153	113	-	55	1 321	-	1 321	3 335	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	2 057	72	-	-	2 129	21	2 150	1 713	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	20	1 404	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	1 145	-	-	-	1 145	-	1 145	..	
Indonesia	2006/07	-	-	6 006	1 864	29 815	4 143	165	18 640	-	60 634	1 656	62 290	40 837
	2007/08	-	-	5 730	563	8 636	1 952	-	15 329	-	32 210	504	32 715	20 010
	2008/09	-	-	4 562	462	15 130	1 404	-	15 106	-	36 665	20 733	57 397	24 482
	2009/10	-	-	756	430	15 613	2 630	-	5 628	-	25 058	8 110	33 167	25 929
	2010/11	-	-	3 318	779	3 000	2 470	-	592	-	10 159	22 762	32 921	..
Japan	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 380	-	1 380	-	1 380	-
Korea (North)	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 502	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	649	-	649	83	732	1 361
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185	185	935
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 822	-	2 822	32	2 853	1 309
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	264	..
Laos ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	132	-	456	-	588	-	588	2 718
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	220	-	209	-	429	-	429	4 289
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	145	-	100	-	245	-	245	5 733
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	153	-	567	-	720	-	720	2 878
	2010/11	-	-	-	58	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	58	..

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid										Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief					
Malaysia	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 643	5 643	148	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 500	10 500	239	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 922	11 922	995	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 929	2 929	393	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 742	2 742	..	
Mongolia ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	212	217	6	223	4 388	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	481	-	-	-	225	706	138	844	3 458	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	2 508	-	-	-	307	2 815	354	3 170	1 509	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	331	331	306	637	2 402	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	1 969	-	-	-	375	2 344	163	2 507	..	
Philippines	2006/07	-	-	143	-	-	181	-	300	-	624	3 157	3 781	4 395	
	2007/08	-	-	12	11	-	299	-	-	-	321	475	796	3 434	
	2008/09	-	-	-5	12	-	13	-	-	-	20	823	844	4 837	
	2009/10	-	-	-2	9	-	-	-	2 271	-	2 278	2 402	4 680	9 434	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	564	564	..	
Singapore	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	34	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	29	-	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	-	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	31	-	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
Thailand	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 294	1 294	7 644	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101	101	2 376	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 207	1 207	2 261	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	52	6 326	6 378	4 496	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	-	4 667	4 667	..	
Vietnam ⁴	2006/07	20 000	14 500	5 974	536	6 753	2 290	-	-	2 348	52 401	264	52 665	34 812	
	2007/08	20 000	11 750	5 861	360	8 836	2 958	-	-	1 203	50 968	422	51 390	42 453	
	2008/09	20 000	5 950	2 762	233	20 858	2 047	-	-	3 205	55 055	1 616	56 671	65 532	
	2009/10	20 000	9 550	710	359	19 325	233	-	-	4 140	54 317	1 343	55 660	60 281	
	2010/11	20 000	9 750	1 007	566	19 220	94	-	-	4 742	55 378	3 107	58 485	..	

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Far East Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	620
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	803	-	-	-	-	803	-	803	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Total Far East Asia	2006/07	20 000	14 500	25 612	8 864	61 904	14 985	1 035	20 043	2 560	169 502	33 590	203 092	123 800
	2007/08	21 534	11 750	36 771	6 808	32 538	9 352	1 373	16 648	1 428	138 202	57 425	195 627	97 333
	2008/09	20 000	5 950	29 430	9 503	61 014	6 067	2 904	17 374	3 513	155 754	116 259	272 012	129 762
	2009/10	20 000	9 550	16 678	6 684	55 638	5 144	5 404	12 392	4 471	135 961	78 187	214 148	136 574
	2010/11	20 000	9 750	15 713	5 298	45 571	3 901	5 029	2 412	5 117	112 790	91 441	204 231	..
Asia: Central Asian Republics														
Kazakhstan	2006/07	-	-	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	37	1 332
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	328	328	2 765
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 996	2 996	1 634
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 446	4 446	1 813
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 113	1 113	..
Kyrgyzstan ⁴	2006/07	-	-	1 000	3 049	1 150	256	-	-	-	5 455	-	5 455	6 238
	2007/08	-	-	1 019	2 119	2 579	82	-	57	-	5 856	53	5 908	2 933
	2008/09	-	-	1 000	862	6 772	22	-	703	-	9 359	1 324	10 683	5 736
	2009/10	-	-	1 000	198	3 010	-	186	-	-	4 395	229	4 624	5 265
	2010/11	-	-	980	290	1 053	998	-	-	-	3 321	231	3 552	..
Tajikistan ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	457	6 806	-	-	100	-	7 363	-	7 363	7 699
	2007/08	-	-	-	609	1 901	-	-	730	-	3 240	100	3 340	5 844
	2008/09	-	-	3	1 372	2 627	-	-	1 092	-	5 093	278	5 372	3 031
	2009/10	-	-	0	570	3 547	221	-	511	-	4 849	205	5 054	4 958
	2010/11	-	-	-	489	8 150	168	800	94	-	9 701	718	10 419	..
Turkmenistan	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	570
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	118	868
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	218	752
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	218	137
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39	..

14.3 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Asia) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ²	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Bilateral Programme	UK Official Sources ⁵	Gross Public Expenditure	Multilateral Shares ³
Uzbekistan ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	3 216
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	24	2 006
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	551	551	4 746
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 183	1 183	8 639
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	797	797	..
Central Asia Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 560
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 931
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	18	-	18	2 656
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 901
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Total Central Asian Republics	2006/07	-	-	1 000	3 553	7 956	256	-	100	-	12 866	-	12 866	24 615
	2007/08	-	-	1 019	2 728	4 480	82	-	787	-	9 095	623	9 718	16 349
	2008/09	-	-	1 003	2 234	9 416	22	-	1 795	-	14 470	5 367	19 837	18 556
	2009/10	-	-	1 000	768	6 557	221	186	511	-	9 244	6 281	15 525	24 713
	2010/11	-	-	980	780	9 203	1 166	800	94	-	13 022	2 897	15 920	..
Asia Regional	2006/07	-	-	578	699	8 164	3 867	-	584	-	13 892	27 144	41 036	8 948
	2007/08	-	-	-	3 139	10 274	2 195	-	1 582	-	17 190	45 491	62 680	7 874
	2008/09	-	-	584	0	1 099	2 962	-	0	-	4 644	16 206	20 851	7 161
	2009/10	-	-	-	320	1 832	1 869	-	222	-	4 243	4 452	8 695	36 112
	2010/11	-	-	-	1 205	5 812	420	-	-	-	7 437	16 693	24 130	..
Total Asia	2006/07	40 000	68 446	319 560	118 863	177 178	93 704	4 920	64 409	12 641	899 721	191 766	1 091 487	479 525
	2007/08	31 534	121 756	310 882	116 131	194 168	76 552	1 506	76 852	1 196	930 577	185 951	1 116 528	486 384
	2008/09	50 000	94 668	353 620	139 252	207 482	88 848	4 753	143 045	6 092	1 087 760	645 936	1 733 696	495 978
	2009/10	50 000	89 289	338 246	130 317	225 697	133 166	11 691	103 187	7 553	1 089 144	264 409	1 353 553	562 511
	2010/11	50 000	95 250	313 750	135 553	257 527	110 479	13 349	109 028	8 508	1 093 443	376 534	1 469 977	..

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.

2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified.

3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.

4. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds.

5. Pension payments have been reclassified from "Other Financial Aid" to "Aid from other UK Official Sources". This is consistent with the classification of spending under Department Expenditure Limits (DEL) agreed with Treasury.

14.4 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Europe) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Europe														
Albania	2006/07	-	-	-	1 592	835	110	-	-	-	2 537	-	2 537	6 552
	2007/08	-	-	-	872	500	142	-	-	-	1 514	1 173	2 688	6 402
	2008/09	-	-	-	356	180	149	-	-	-	686	831	1 516	10 774
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	143	-	-	-	143	720	863	9 096
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	537	537	..
Armenia	2006/07	-	-	500	1 776	-	-	-	892	920	4 089	-	4 089	6 964
	2007/08	-	-	900	1 347	-	-	-	541	295	3 082	74	3 156	8 571
	2008/09	-	-	200	1 492	-	246	-	-	860	2 798	407	3 204	4 030
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	24	380	404	14 359
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405	405	..
Azerbaijan	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 003
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	173	173	2 981
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 033	1 033	8 296
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	918	918	5 378
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	559	559	..
Belarus	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 160
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	408	408	1 372
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	601	601	1 394
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	392	392	2 058
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	238	238	..
Bosnia-Herzegovina	2006/07	-	-	14	3 482	98	270	111	-	-	3 975	-	3 975	8 480
	2007/08	-	-	-	4 306	333	266	-	-	-	4 905	549	5 454	9 173
	2008/09	-	-	750	3 025	321	16	-	-	-	4 112	988	5 100	8 490
	2009/10	-	-	750	1 405	43	182	-	-	-	2 379	2 737	5 116	12 862
	2010/11	-	-	947	2 750	149	20	-	-	-	3 866	2 207	6 073	..
Croatia	2006/07	-	-	-	71	-	-	-	-	-	71	-	71	11 538
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	524	524	10 352
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	779	779	14 018
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 200	1 200	17 029
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	679	679	..

14.4 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Europe) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Cyprus	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Georgia	2006/07	-	-	1 000	1 519	-	-	-	321	1 043	3 883	-	3 883	10 950
	2007/08	-	-	-	2 327	-	150	-	-	- 23	2 454	130	2 584	6 214
	2008/09	-	-	1 500	2 342	-	-	-	3 199	784	7 825	408	8 234	20 314
	2009/10	-	-	-	165	-	-	-	948	-	1 113	2 037	3 149	21 665
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 223	2 223	..
Gibraltar	2006/07	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Macedonia (FYR of)	2006/07	-	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	65	5 384
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	964	964	4 889
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 181	1 181	6 035
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 250	1 250	9 616
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	743	743	..
Moldova ⁴	2006/07	-	-	10	945	2 506	68	-	165	36	3 730	-	3 730	4 258
	2007/08	-	-	-	1 241	326	111	2	40	70	1 790	153	1 942	10 701
	2008/09	-	-	-	1 824	2 706	114	-	-	176	4 820	433	5 253	9 270
	2009/10	-	3 500	-	1 216	157	122	-	140	297	5 432	415	5 847	10 090
	2010/11	-	2 500	-	2 396	480	57	-	26	365	5 825	169	5 994	..
Russian Federation	2006/07	-	-	-	4 364	168	88	19	1 306	-	5 945	-	5 945	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	301	-	72	-	-	-	373	-	373	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	190	-	-	-	190	-	190	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	7	1 259	242	-	-	-	1 507	535	2 042	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	1 134	135	-	-	-	1 269	-	1 269	..

14.4 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Europe) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Serbia	2006/07	-	-	-	1 105	1 303	254	-	-	-	2 663	93 050	95 713	32 210
	2007/08	-	-	450	1 456	764	134	-	-	-	2 803	687	3 491	26 685
	2008/09	-	-	144	1 638	896	192	-	-	-	2 869	1 018	3 888	41 081
	2009/10	-	-	326	545	648	202	-	-	-	1 721	3 685	5 406	22 438
	2010/11	-	-	291	8	377	277	55	-	-	1 008	1 830	2 837	..
Kosovo	2006/07	-	-	-	3 137	-	42	-	-	-	3 179	-	3 179	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	2 775	345	80	-	-	-	3 200	197	3 397	-
	2008/09	-	-	154	2 891	250	8	-	-	-	3 304	364	3 668	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	2 729	50	243	-	-	-	3 022	4 294	7 316	27 348
	2010/11	-	-	1 000	1 857	6	438	-	-	-	3 301	3 547	6 848	..
Montenegro	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 996
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143	143	4 019
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407	407	2 665
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	292	292	3 887
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	135	..
States of ex Yugoslavia	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	209
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	729
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..
Turkey	2006/07	-	-	740	-	-	-	-	-	-	740	-	740	42 392
	2007/08	-	-	444	-	-	-	-	-	-	444	882	1 326	46 747
	2008/09	-	-	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	2 859	2 964	155 971
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 743	1 743	63 260
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 429	2 429	..
Ukraine	2006/07	-	-	-	5 554	116	15	-	-	-	5 686	-	5 686	15 047
	2007/08	-	-	-	2 739	334	13	-	-	-	3 086	350	3 436	18 086
	2008/09	-	-	-	153	-	126	-	-	-	279	608	887	14 088
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	34	1 633	1 667	20 939
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	9	543	552	..

14.4 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Europe) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid												
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
Balkan Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	696	1 127	215	-	400	-	2 438	-	2 438	-
	2007/08	-	-	-	446	2 000	289	-	-	-	2 735	1 365	4 100	-
	2008/09	-	-	-	371	2 847	178	-	-	-	3 397	7 483	10 880	-
	2009/10	-	-	-	300	1 650	-	-	-	-	1 950	122	2 071	-
	2010/11	-	-	-	20	2 497	-	-	-	-	2 517	91	2 608	..
Europe regional	2006/07	-	-	-	1 412	92	1 293	-	16	-	2 813	830	3 643	21 411
	2007/08	-	-	-	1 520	773	2 236	-	82	-	4 612	724	5 336	27 573
	2008/09	-	-	-	1 764	1 462	269	-	-	-	3 495	-	3 495	27 515
	2009/10	-	-	-	1 156	2 142	179	2	49	-	3 527	1 970	5 497	46 480
	2010/11	-	-	1	-	60	-	13	-	-	74	-	74	..
Total Europe	2006/07	-	-	2 265	25 719	6 246	2 356	130	3 101	1 999	41 815	93 884	135 699	177 553
	2007/08	-	-	1 794	19 330	5 375	3 493	2	663	342	30 998	8 498	39 496	184 495
	2008/09	-	-	2 853	15 855	8 662	1 490	-	3 199	1 821	33 880	19 404	53 284	323 966
	2009/10	-	3 500	1 076	7 522	5 949	1 346	2	1 161	297	20 853	24 321	45 174	286 505
	2010/11	-	2 500	2 239	7 030	4 703	937	68	26	365	17 868	16 335	34 203	..

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.

2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified.

3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.

4. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds.

5. Pension payments have been reclassified from "Other Financial Aid" to "Aid from other UK Official Sources". This is consistent with the classification of spending under Department Expenditure Limits (DEL) agreed with Treasury.

14.5 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Pacific) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General	Sector		Bilateral aid	Bilateral aid	Other	Humanitarian	DFID Debt	Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed	
		Poverty	Poverty	Other	delivered	Delivered	Bilateral	Assistance	Relief	Bilateral	UK Official	Gross Public	Multilateral	
		Reduction	Reduction	Financial Aid ⁵	through a	through an	Aid ²			Programme	Sources ⁵	Expenditure	Shares ³	
		Budget	Budget		Multilateral	NGO								
		Support	Support											
Cook Islands	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
Fiji	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	268	268	1 233	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	315	315	925	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	409	409	2 165	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	373	373	609	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	243	243	..	
Kiribati	2006/07	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	18	23	41	108	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	20	212	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18	72	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22	629	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	36	..	
Marshall Islands	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	174	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	536	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
Micronesia , Federal States	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	204	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	887	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
Nauru	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	..	

14.5 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Pacific) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid				Bilateral aid delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral aid Delivered through an NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources ⁵	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure	UK Imputed Multilateral Shares ³
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁵	Technical Cooperation									
Niue	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
Palau	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	55	20	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	296	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	..	
Papua New Guinea ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	155	-	-	-	155	245	400	1 417
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	322	-	-	-	322	561	883	8 645
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	279	-	-	-	279	302	582	2 550
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	97	-	-	-	97	431	528	3 346
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	814	814	..
Pitcairn Islands	2006/07	-	-	1 455	141	-	241	-	-	-	1 837	-	1 837	-
	2007/08	-	-	1 125	92	-	242	-	-	-	1 460	3	1 462	-
	2008/09	-	-	1 821	219	-	75	-	-	-	2 115	1	2 116	-
	2009/10	-	-	1 745	3	-	42	-	-	-	1 790	-	1 790	-
	2010/11	-	-	2 235	212	-	-	-	-	-	2 447	39	2 486	..
Samoa	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	564
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	648
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111	111	-	111	573
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	115	215	-	215	2 065
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	150	-	150	..
Solomon Islands ⁴	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91	91	455
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134	134	1 467
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137	137	253
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	146	1 316
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	144	..

14.5 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Pacific) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General	Sector		Bilateral aid	Bilateral aid	Other	Humanitarian	DFID Debt		Bilateral	UK Official	Gross Public	Multilateral
		Poverty	Poverty	Other	delivered	Delivered	Bilateral	Assistance	Relief	Programme	Sources ⁵	Expenditure	Shares ³	
		Reduction	Reduction	Financial Aid ⁵	through a	through an	Aid ²							
		Budget	Budget		Multilateral	NGO								
		Support	Support											
Tokelau	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
Tonga	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	330	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	277	277	251	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	214	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	..	
Tuvalu	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	548	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	28	..	
Vanuatu	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	20	206	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	497	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	33	18	51	112	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	40	22	62	1 070	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	42	17	58	..	
Wallis & Fortuna	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 574	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	
South Pacific Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	3	9	-	-	-	12	-	12	-	
	2007/08	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	-	
	2008/09	-	-	-	156	95	-	-	-	251	-	251	-	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	

14.5 Total DFID Expenditure and GPEX by Recipient Country (Pacific) 2006/07-2010/11¹

£ thousand

		Financial Aid									Total DFID	Aid from other	Total Bilateral	UK Imputed
		General	Sector		Bilateral aid	Bilateral aid	Other	Humanitarian	DFID Debt		Bilateral	UK Official	Gross Public	Multilateral
		Poverty	Poverty	Other	delivered	Delivered	Bilateral	Assistance	Relief	Programme	Sources ⁵	Expenditure	Shares ³	
		Reduction	Reduction	Financial Aid ⁵	through a	through an	Aid ²							
		Budget	Budget		Multilateral	NGO								
		Support	Support											
Oceania Regional	2006/07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 712	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3 990	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	475	
	2009/10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 535	
	2010/11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	103	..	
Total Pacific	2006/07	-	-	1 455	144	-	423	-	-	-	2 022	647	2 669	6 784
	2007/08	-	-	1 125	99	-	564	-	-	-	1 788	1 054	2 842	18 993
	2008/09	-	-	1 821	375	-	449	-	144	-	2 790	1 217	4 007	6 666
	2009/10	-	-	1 745	3	-	139	-	100	155	2 142	1 001	3 142	15 882
	2010/11	-	-	2 235	212	-	-	-	-	191	2 638	1 542	4 180	..

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.

2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified

3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.

4. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds.

5. Pension payments have been reclassified from "Other Financial Aid" to "Aid from other UK Official Sources". This is consistent with the classification of spending under Department Expenditure Limits (DEL) agreed with Treasury.

15 DFID Bilateral Aid by Income Group 2006/07 - 2010/11

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
	£ m	£ m	£ m	£ m	£ m
Total Bilateral Aid	2 779	2 958	3 284	3 958	4 248
<i>of which: Country Specific</i>	<i>2 111</i>	<i>2 182</i>	<i>2 572</i>	<i>2 602</i>	<i>2 830</i>
Total Bilateral Aid excluding Humanitarian Assistance	2 395	2 527	2 835	3 524	3 897
<i>of which: Total Country Specific excluding Humanitarian Assistance</i>	<i>1 822</i>	<i>1 887</i>	<i>2 191</i>	<i>2 204</i>	<i>2 529</i>

Country Specific DFID Bilateral Expenditure : All Recipient Countries

	2006/07		2007/08		2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	£ m	%	£ m	%	£ m	%	£ m	%	£ m	%
Total : Country Specific Aid	2 111		2 182		2 572		2 602		2 836	
Low Income Countries	1 524	72	1 639	75	1 973	77	2 052	79	2 310	82
Lower Middle Income Countries	503	24	468	21	495	19	472	18	444	16
Upper Middle Income Countries	76	4	73	3	100	4	70	3	72	3
High Income Countries	6	0	1	0	1	0	6	0	3	0
Least Developed Countries - LDCs	1 092	52	1 226	56	1 416	55	1 510	58	1 673	59

Country Specific DFID Bilateral Expenditure: All Recipient Countries - Excluding Humanitarian Assistance

	2006/07		2007/08		2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	£ m	%	£ m	%	£ m	%	£ m	%	£ m	%
Total : Country Specific Aid	1 822		1 887		2 191		2 204		2 534	
Low Income Countries	1 277	70	1 387	73	1 650	75	1 706	77	2 020	80
Lower Middle Income Countries	470	26	426	23	439	20	421	19	435	17
Upper Middle Income Countries	69	4	73	4	99	5	69	3	72	3
High Income Countries	5	0	1	0	1	0	6	0	2	0
Least Developed Countries - LDCs	892	49	1 007	53	1 144	52	1 230	56	1 473	58

1. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds, see glossary for details. This table covers only bilateral aid which can be attributed to individual countries. The income group and LDC status of individual countries can be seen in Annex 1.

16.1 Total UK Bilateral and DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA by Region 2006-2010

					£ thousands	
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which:- Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{1,2}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{1,2}	
TOTAL NET ODA	2006	4 746 606	1 907 700	41 987 730	13 733 104	
	2007	2 801 072	38 693	36 667 196	14 847 196	
	2008	4 071 638	303 600	48 080 219	17 951 442	
	2009	4 732 057	27 266	53 458 525	24 547 701	
	2010	5 190 836	106 063	..	..
Unspecified Region	2006	733 786	-	7 430 674	946 462	
	2007	870 173	-	7 984 666	1 365 345	
	2008	883 243	6 312	10 624 077	1 447 134	
	2009	1 443 282	7 122	13 398 394	1 794 135	
	2010	1 742 603	222	..	..
Africa	2006	2 968 240	1 794 090	17 137 684	6 495 499	
	2007	1 227 593	28 838	12 293 305	7 087 105	
	2008	1 433 822	9 332	15 096 017	8 905 948	
	2009	1 789 423	12 165	18 025 337	12 267 019	
	2010	1 991 329	96,777	..	..
Americas	2006	19 450	10 940	2 866 984	1 113 975	
	2007	-304 327	4 322	2 414 420	1 053 752	
	2008	61 918	-	3 873 228	1 247 643	
	2009	80 988	47	4 207 855	1 597 978	
	2010	81 528	-	..	..
Asia	2006	902 600	8 040	12 025 572	4 010 618	
	2007	965,451	4,244	12 012 988	4 187 171	
	2008	1 646 957	286 020	15 611 470	4 779 479	
	2009	1 377 730	7 481	14 551 023	6 520 213	
	2010	1 331 069	8 508	..	..
Europe	2006	120 460	94 630	1 943 617	1 100 456	
	2007	39 489	1,289	1 373 780	1 086 818	
	2008	42 200	1 791	2 149 749	1 449 622	
	2009	36 924	297	2 410 622	2 179 548	
	2010	39 805	365	..	..
Pacific	2006	2 070	-	583 199	66 094	
	2007	2 694	-	588 037	67 005	
	2008	3 498	144	725 679	121 616	
	2009	3 712	155	865 294	188 808	
	2010	4 503	191	..	..

1. Data for 2010 is not yet available.

2. DAC Countries and DAC Multilaterals data sourced from the OECD DAC Online Database. DAC annual exchange rates were used to convert from USD.

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Africa: North of Sahara					
Algeria	2006	-	-	112 152	- 1 804
	2007	285	-	145 877	46 527
	2008	1 169	-	135 251	56 055
	2009	2 312	-	128 226	68 661
	2010	1 423	-	..	..
Egypt	2006	10 200	-	294 735	155 874
	2007	65	-	396 167	119 044
	2008	4 840	-	534 627	149 246
	2009	22 814	-	371 303	142 656
	2010	5 818	-	..	..
Libya	2006	-	-	18 193	1 608
	2007	145	-	7 780	1 374
	2008	630	-	28 840	3 360
	2009	1 190	-	20 730	3 860
	2010	1 020	-	..	..
Morocco	2006	-	-	309 244	196 064
	2007	170	-	315 201	163 452
	2008	3 693	-	339 551	204 394
	2009	3 045	-	451 149	195 338
	2010	2 083	-	..	..
Tunisia	2006	8 960	-	155 434	83 569
	2007	60	-	96 732	68 544
	2008	807	-	138 501	49 605
	2009	2 447	-	223 756	83 341
	2010	1 622	-	..	..
North Africa Regional	2006	-	-	28 768	49 504
	2007	-	-	42 290	98 131
	2008	6 105	-	79 102	62 466
	2009	928	-	66 664	62 349
	2010	22	-	..	..
Total North of Sahara	2006	19 160	-	918 525	484 816
	2007	725	-	1 004 047	497 072
	2008	17 245	-	1 255 873	525 126
	2009	32 736	-	1 261 828	556 206
	2010	11 988	-	..	..
Africa: South of Sahara					
Angola ¹	2006	6 860	-	- 24 524	63 366
	2007	5 017	-	51 494	71 847
	2008	5 279	-	115 995	83 259
	2009	2 841	-	84 154	62 983
	2010	10 800	-	..	..
Benin ¹	2006	1 240	1 240	124 216	81 537
	2007	-	-	118 994	116 645
	2008	-	-	168 579	183 519
	2009	17	-	208 488	226 516
	2010	-	-	..	..

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

£ thousands					
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Botswana	2006	30	-	19 715	18 579
	2007	205	-	31 791	22 701
	2008	580	-	377 334	21 566
	2009	590	-	143 014	36 255
	2010	684	-	..	..
Burkina Faso ¹	2006	1 510	1 290	209 720	259 876
	2007	-	-	205 936	261 963
	2008	88	-	262 682	286 603
	2009	126	-	289 927	402 891
	2010	62	-	..	..
Burundi ¹	2006	14 620	-	120 988	113 082
	2007	6 616	-	100 964	136 378
	2008	7 834	-	140 988	139 960
	2009	9 233	-	166 996	184 243
	2010	13 041	-	..	..
Cameroon	2006	92 160	89 870	818 121	104 936
	2007	25 854	23 427	848 041	110 044
	2008	1 609	-	164 937	132 919
	2009	1 444	-	171 375	243 724
	2010	669	-	..	..
Cape Verde	2006	290	290	53 639	20 568
	2007	270	270	57 046	25 195
	2008	444	444	89 930	32 405
	2009	460	456	103 636	22 061
	2010	581	581	..	..
Central African Republic ¹	2006	500	-	35 462	37 114
	2007	2 523	-	58 955	29 372
	2008	3 126	-	71 033	70 602
	2009	1 560	-	63 149	88 156
	2010	1 956	456	..	..
Chad ¹	2006	1 310	-	82 879	71 821
	2007	2 563	-	113 627	65 116
	2008	6 361	-	153 347	77 864
	2009	3 564	-	227 604	131 734
	2010	1 851	-	..	..
Comoros ¹	2006	-	-	10 835	5 516
	2007	-	-	9 789	12 463
	2008	-	-	11 496	8 412
	2009	-	-	17 996	13 828
	2010	79	-	..	..
Congo	2006	350	231	92 041	47 960
	2007	100	-	24 290	34 929
	2008	9	-	211 452	56 558
	2009	-	-	144 762	36 114
	2010	50 988	50 233	..	..

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Congo (Dem Rep) ¹	2006	76 040	299	815 459	378 918
	2007	60 579	268	394 503	283 540
	2008	106 590	-	544 697	429 802
	2009	144 340	6 967	703 740	801 294
	2010	162 379	-	..	..
Cote d'Ivoire ¹	2006	1 010	240	108 604	25 985
	2007	- 18 544	210	56 141	29 252
	2008	185	180	110 656	232 432
	2009	95	150	1 102 802	410 643
	2010	16 808	130	..	..
Djibouti ¹	2006	-	-	48 906	12 917
	2007	-	-	37 992	18 424
	2008	-	-	36 550	24 932
	2009	1 504	-	62 535	34 392
	2010	3	-	..	..
Equatorial Guinea ¹	2006	-	-	10 292	4 059
	2007	-	-	12 882	2 848
	2008	-	-	10 247	7 439
	2009	-	-	16 050	4 174
	2010	-	-	..	..
Eritrea ¹	2006	3 010	-	34 359	34 827
	2007	2 598	-	23 416	54 497
	2008	3 078	-	29 022	46 571
	2009	4 129	-	27 791	55 441
	2010	3 566	-	..	..
Ethiopia ¹	2006	89 450	1 720	557 735	506 025
	2007	145 663	-	622 072	650 814
	2008	140 210	-	1 018 858	803 267
	2009	219 540	-	1 162 962	1 270 061
	2010	263 499	-	..	..
Gabon	2006	-	-	17 329	- 1 815
	2007	-	-	16 800	8 035
	2008	-	-	20 782	13 138
	2009	-	-	33 636	16 011
	2010	106	-	..	..
Gambia ¹	2006	2 230	-	13 650	23 100
	2007	2 513	-	16 595	18 529
	2008	2 081	49	15 393	34 063
	2009	2 388	-	14 014	67 253
	2010	1 284	-	..	..
Ghana ¹	2006	90 840	11 260	323 280	335 718
	2007	76 089	-	354 662	226 419
	2008	83 332	-	401 089	318 145
	2009	98 546	-	525 297	484 023
	2010	107 858	-	..	..

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Guinea ¹	2006	520	20	55 938	34 609
	2007	540	41	62 188	47 871
	2008	642	100	116 034	64 738
	2009	557	100	109 487	30 410
	2010	-	-	..	..
Guinea-Bissau ¹	2006	10	-	21 399	25 871
	2007	25	-	21 807	39 117
	2008	70	-	29 210	43 293
	2009	85	-	32 401	60 108
	2010	47	-	..	..
Kenya ¹	2006	58 580	-	421 456	90 601
	2007	55 617	-	413 092	247 621
	2008	50 507	-	526 845	225 247
	2009	84 005	-	783 605	351 227
	2010	68 136	-	..	..
Lesotho ¹	2006	4 120	-	20 899	17 900
	2007	4 033	-	31 146	33 535
	2008	4 374	878	36 451	43 182
	2009	5 226	923	45 269	30 506
	2010	3 120	920	..	..
Liberia ¹	2006	8 300	-	101 849	39 413
	2007	4 977	-	114 471	235 394
	2008	17 908	7 584	452 783	222 876
	2009	21 383	3 548	218 180	104 538
	2010	16 561	3 457	..	..
Madagascar ¹	2006	2 780	2 650	141 865	267 608
	2007	849	-	193 199	250 650
	2008	1 338	-	151 700	312 027
	2009	830	-	154 653	129 583
	2010	- 191	-	..	..
Malawi ¹	2006	92 890	23 610	216 284	156 717
	2007	66 820	184	200 250	166 035
	2008	81 165	-	238 755	266 622
	2009	71 510	-	278 589	213 462
	2010	95 848	-	..	..
Mali ¹	2006	2 240	2 090	216 512	230 249
	2007	-	-	278 653	228 953
	2008	-	-	293 677	239 126
	2009	17	-	367 872	261 778
	2010	33	-	..	..
Mauritania ¹	2006	530	-	50 955	61 513
	2007	35	38	66 635	105 861
	2008	-	-	76 870	86 431
	2009	497	-	78 213	92 054
	2010	-	-	..	..

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Mauritius	2006	- 60	-	4 630	6 858
	2007	55	-	21 772	13 752
	2008	333	-	8 893	52 777
	2009	13 291	-	40 736	60 076
	2010	3 578	-	..	..
Mayotte	2006	-	-	183 419	54
	2007	-	-	203 308	190
	2008	-	-	262 378	448
	2009	-	-	347 661	775
	2010	-	-	..	..
Mozambique ¹	2006	53 990	1 470	509 948	360 867
	2007	57 805	- 30	536 393	341 010
	2008	109 367	-	741 314	360 277
	2009	35 142	-	824 360	463 434
	2010	67 613	-	..	..
Namibia	2006	810	-	57 448	24 062
	2007	440	-	71 717	36 373
	2008	559	-	82 894	31 941
	2009	440	-	157 829	50 204
	2010	362	-	..	..
Niger ¹	2006	3 320	730	127 840	157 950
	2007	1 219	-	116 340	153 448
	2008	4 062	-	148 732	185 685
	2009	3 969	-	163 462	136 190
	2010	2 061	-	..	..
Nigeria ¹	2006	1 731 130	1 648 920	5 879 593	329 681
	2007	142 889	-	691 980	284 779
	2008	26 094	-	352 175	359 824
	2009	120 929	-	440 144	620 623
	2010	171 335	-	..	..
Rwanda ¹	2006	51 840	360	174 676	145 300
	2007	47 476	-	187 238	173 306
	2008	55 202	-	249 577	265 219
	2009	57 523	-	332 795	263 609
	2010	68 747	-	..	..
Sao Tome & Principe ¹	2006	-	-	9 922	2 532
	2007	-	-	15 516	2 464
	2008	-	-	14 608	11 518
	2009	-	-	12 586	7 061
	2010	-	-	..	..
Senegal ¹	2006	5 490	1 020	277 112	172 568
	2007	5 856	891	226 439	194 718
	2008	537	-	306 422	260 664
	2009	4 175	-	329 293	319 268
	2010	604	-	..	..

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Seychelles	2006	10	-	3 885	3 896
	2007	- 430	-	745	3 943
	2008	39	-	2 780	4 040
	2009	38	-	7 542	7 279
	2010	28	-	..	..
Sierra Leone ¹	2006	35 630	60	97 562	91 009
	2007	44 029	3 510	190 311	82 071
	2008	51 173	76	96 656	106 594
	2009	51 390	-	125 684	153 994
	2010	54 902	-	..	..
Somalia ¹	2006	28 880	-	143 034	67 588
	2007	13 177	-	128 273	61 858
	2008	42 077	-	312 591	102 067
	2009	28 011	-	319 793	97 624
	2010	40 359	-	..	..
South Africa	2006	810	-	304 722	83 461
	2007	- 10 179	-	296 922	106 191
	2008	62 728	-	487 332	133 538
	2009	43 104	-	551 379	135 159
	2010	25 442	-	..	..
St Helena & Dependencies	2006	12 560	-	12 569	2 717
	2007	19 883	-	20 263	1 769
	2008	30 961	-	30 962	5 483
	2009	21 286	-	21 287	973
	2010	34 740	-	..	..
Sudan ¹	2006	117 130	-	824 838	239 205
	2007	103 023	-	832 175	166 665
	2008	110 078	-	1 006 389	253 667
	2009	187 210	-	1 223 422	203 071
	2010	77 104	-	..	..
Swaziland	2006	130	-	6 706	12 542
	2007	1 114	-	6 231	19 428
	2008	1 374	-	9 844	29 177
	2009	-2 424	-	11 863	25 666
	2010	11	-	..	..
Tanzania ¹	2006	118 930	2 000	540 982	459 543
	2007	115 825	-	918 943	490 900
	2008	140 506	-	758 791	530 636
	2009	138 697	-	901 927	977 425
	2010	156 006	-	..	..
Togo ¹	2006	380	30	29 816	13 172
	2007	140	30	32 570	28 938
	2008	4 990	20	97 281	85 221
	2009	6 668	20	231 637	87 170
	2010	- 55	20	..	..

16.2 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Africa) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Uganda ¹	2006	116 510	2 090	509 899	332 881
	2007	83 525	-	501 064	365 491
	2008	36 289	-	555 839	349 052
	2009	75 124	-	648 689	492 186
	2010	116 074	-	..	..
Zambia ¹	2006	47 150	2 600	606 103	180 094
	2007	37 093	-	356 666	147 182
	2008	34 026	-	389 023	227 729
	2009	47 072	-	448 511	362 347
	2010	51 346	-	..	..
Zimbabwe ¹	2006	37 970	-	108 664	42 521
	2007	47 022	-	185 813	53 098
	2008	49 323	-	294 230	44 227
	2009	70 330	-	397 199	74 199
	2010	69 936	183	..	..
South of Sahara regional	2006	18 600	-	728 971	133 997
	2007	21 732	-	669 688	177 134
	2008	26 104	-	1 145 576	364 224
	2009	26 750	-	1 026 196	618 344
	2010	106 188	-	..	..
Total South of Sahara	2006	2 932 630	1 794 090	15 862 205	5 931 064
	2007	1 176 105	28 839	10 747 797	6 438 754
	2008	1 302 630	9 332	13 231 677	8 271 006
	2009	1 603 210	12 165	15 902 190	11 022 138
	2010	1 866 150	96 777	..	..
Africa regional	2006	16 450	-	356 954	79 619
	2007	50 250	-	541 460	151 279
	2008	113 947	-	608 467	109 816
	2009	153 477	-	861 319	688 676
	2010	113 192	-	..	..
TOTAL AFRICA	2006	2 968 240	1 794 090	17 137 684	6 495 499
	2007	1 227 593	28 839	12 293 305	7 087 105
	2008	1 433 822	9 332	15 096 017	8 905 948
	2009	1 789 423	12 165	18 025 337	12 267 019
	2010	1 991 329	96 777	..	..

1. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. See glossary for details.

2. Data for 2010 is not yet available.

3. DAC Countries and DAC Multilaterals data sourced from the OECD DAC Online Database. DAC annual exchange rates were used to convert from USD.

16.3 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Americas) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	<i>of which: Debt Relief</i>	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
North and Central America					
Costa Rica	2006	- 250	-	11 281	5 809
	2007	- 5 981	-	25 035	3 788
	2008	- 81	-	34 201	2 128
	2009	1 640	-	63 194	6 536
	2010	497	-	..	..
Cuba	2006	- 1 590	-	30 898	19 562
	2007	- 2 429	-	28 463	15 771
	2008	132	-	50 793	16 835
	2009	610	-	55 499	18 604
	2010	250	-	..	..
El Salvador	2006	6 130	-	82 026	6 347
	2007	- 48 341	-	36 278	7 630
	2008	18	-	113 751	15 011
	2009	21	-	166 260	10 589
	2010	-31 612	-	..	..
Guatemala	2006	- 2 530	-	243 128	19 926
	2007	- 13 792	-	207 470	19 458
	2008	363	-	259 581	36 517
	2009	463	-	218 545	21 882
	2010	149	-	..	..
Haiti ¹	2006	1 090	-	197 439	118 592
	2007	-	-	217 105	133 440
	2008	-	-	307 799	196 103
	2009	5 101	-	450 797	265 997
	2010	16 944	-	..	..
Honduras	2006	590	980	209 589	114 641
	2007	-	-	146 262	85 234
	2008	18	-	196 634	115 216
	2009	63	-	195 095	97 797
	2010	16 354	-	..	..
Mexico	2006	-	-	113 701	32 620
	2007	1 149	-	39 626	16 675
	2008	3 733	-	58 221	23 788
	2009	7 452	-	101 613	16 319
	2010	6 093	-	..	..
Nicaragua	2006	5 030	150	212 518	188 946
	2007	- 3 428	-	251 349	152 558
	2008	5 891	-	298 640	109 086
	2009	4 518	-	302 744	191 317
	2010	4 695	-	..	..
Panama	2006	- 5 820	-	10 694	6 097
	2007	- 81 091	-	- 68 704	1 169
	2008	20	-	15 067	613
	2009	48	-	37 490	4 347
	2010	26	-	..	..

16.3 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Americas) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	<i>of which: Debt Relief</i>	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
North & Central America Regional	2006	-	-	85 852	32 479
	2007	15 661	-	101 979	63 242
	2008	6 225	-	132 642	85 403
	2009	849	-	121 875	96 478
	2010	304	-	..	..
Total North and Central America	2006	2 650	1 130	1 197 127	545 019
	2007	- 138 252	-	984 864	498 965
	2008	16 319	-	1 467 330	600 702
	2009	20 765	-	1 713 111	729 866
	2010	13 699	-	..	..
Caribbean					
Anguilla	2006	150	-	168	2 233
	2007	115	-	1 309	1 324
	2008	28	-	44	1 807
	2009	136	-	986	- 90
	2010	58	-	..	..
Antigua & Barbuda	2006	-	-	1 168	614
	2007	5	-	1 059	2 623
	2008	11	-	343	4 007
	2009	4	-	1 818	1 985
	2010	3	-	..	..
Barbados	2006	20	-	1 717	- 2 847
	2007	1 249	-	3 613	5 132
	2008	97	-	669	3 261
	2009	290	-	1 844	5 973
	2010	52	-	..	..
Belize	2006	190	960	2 255	3 048
	2007	25	646	4 242	7 171
	2008	52	-	2 454	10 369
	2009	33	-	4 552	12 836
	2010	51	-	..	..
Dominica	2006	100	540	1 011	9 493
	2007	-	541	1 819	7 940
	2008	134	-	298	12 193
	2009	1	-	3 303	19 200
	2010	195	-	..	..
Dominican Republic	2006	- 39 080	-	7 939	21 285
	2007	- 18 664	-	13 247	48 206
	2008	818	-	51 506	34 693
	2009	64	-	33 380	43 303
	2010	36	-	..	..
Grenada	2006	440	-	1 875	12 792
	2007	-	56	2 299	9 814
	2008	13	-	746	17 062
	2009	16	-	2 106	25 717
	2010	1	-	..	..

16.3 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Americas) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	<i>of which: Debt Relief</i>	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Guyana	2006	3 440	330	25 333	69 387
	2007	2 314	-	20 298	43 584
	2008	2 576	-	23 142	68 756
	2009	1 379	47	25 986	85 076
	2010	1 047	-	..	..
Jamaica	2006	7 870	5 680	- 266	20 812
	2007	1 064	2 714	-8 425	23 211
	2008	3 326	-	-2 305	50 174
	2009	5 310	-	4 084	92 067
	2010	2 540	-	..	..
Montserrat	2006	13 510	-	13 547	4 043
	2007	14 981	-	16 225	1 929
	2008	17 827	-	17 836	1 365
	2009	23 858	-	24 712	3 508
	2010	10 736	-	..	..
St Kitts-Nevis	2006	-	-	1 951	1 744
	2007	5	-	1 819	455
	2008	1	-	18 405	8 147
	2009	1	-	1 018	3 118
	2010	1	-	..	..
St. Lucia	2006	-	170	1 326	7 738
	2007	20	-	3 788	4 567
	2008	38	-	- 177	10 982
	2009	8	-	4 270	22 228
	2010	11	-	..	..
St. Vincent & Grenadines	2006	-	260	1 261	1 641
	2007	-	263	23 991	9 219
	2008	10	-	5 499	9 921
	2009	-	-	3 220	17 209
	2010	10	-	..	..
Surinam	2006	-	-	30 246	4 652
	2007	-	-	61 893	13 477
	2008	-	-	40 872	15 216
	2009	-	-	79 583	20 986
	2010	-	-	..	..
Trinidad and Tobago	2006	50	-	2 228	5 282
	2007	65	-	3 503	6 886
	2008	467	-	2 139	2 918
	2009	280	-	2 830	1 562
	2010	157	-	..	..
Turks and Caicos Islands	2006	30	110	43	- 272
	2007	240	107	1 319	6 371
	2008	-	-	-	-
	2009	-	-	-	-
	2010	-	-	..	..

16.3 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Americas) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	<i>of which: Debt Relief</i>	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Caribbean regional	2006	5 150	-	25 197	4 173
	2007	7 381	-	17 465	16 730
	2008	10 108	-	39 308	11 767
	2009	12 144	-	30 672	7 407
	2010	16 133	-	..	..
Total Caribbean	2006	- 8 130	8 050	116 999	165 819
	2007	8 800	4 327	169 463	208 640
	2008	35 503	-	200 779	262 638
	2009	43 523	47	224 364	362 084
	2010	31 031	-	..	..
South America					
Argentine Republic	2006	-	-	44 113	18 927
	2007	480	-	31 876	19 228
	2008	541	-	48 289	23 877
	2009	637	-	50 493	30 435
	2010	350	-	..	..
Bolivia	2006	4 720	1 760	312 020	149 756
	2007	- 52 563	-	180 587	57 011
	2008	566	-	276 654	70 138
	2009	340	-	310 484	154 032
	2010	54	-	..	..
Brazil	2006	860	-	40 728	20 323
	2007	1 524	-	134 929	24 920
	2008	7 461	-	209 446	44 161
	2009	8 366	-	197 975	17 580
	2010	26 376	-	..	..
Chile	2006	470	-	42 814	11 928
	2007	260	-	41 175	10 993
	2008	264	-	48 052	10 872
	2009	380	-	38 226	12 241
	2010	428	-	..	..
Colombia	2006	350	-	498 461	47 238
	2007	750	-	314 246	46 352
	2008	1 836	-	497 214	39 579
	2009	4 963	-	639 259	38 847
	2010	1 709	-	..	..
Ecuador	2006	- 1 070	-	92 786	9 010
	2007	- 665	-	91 855	16 495
	2008	- 303	-	108 318	18 836
	2009	- 103	-	94 257	38 879
	2010	- 22	-	..	..
Paraguay	2006	- 230	-	34 805	- 4 532
	2007	- 115	-	44 278	9 539
	2008	36	-	56 624	17 056
	2009	27	-	77 688	17 010
	2010	7	-	..	..

16.3 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Americas) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Peru	2006	12 030	-	206 133	44 901
	2007	- 125 410	-	114 981	37 338
	2008	- 6 418	-	216 023	38 833
	2009	684	-	216 836	64 929
	2010	820	-	..	..
Uruguay	2006	-	-	5 880	5 396
	2007	55	-	9 959	8 310
	2008	80	-	7 097	10 739
	2009	26	-	20 742	11 274
	2010	43	-	..	..
Venezuela	2006	-	-	17 938	15 949
	2007	60	-	22 362	16 210
	2008	285	-	25 761	6 754
	2009	1 380	-	30 019	12 567
	2010	705	-	..	..
South America Regional	2006	-	-	39 299	18 883
	2007	-	-	64 496	29 632
	2008	-	-	88 399	59 741
	2009	-	-	82 407	46 408
	2010	-	-	..	..
Total South America	2006	17 130	1 760	1 334 976	337 777
	2007	- 175 624	-	1 050 744	276 029
	2008	4 349	-	1 581 877	340 585
	2009	16 700	-	1 758 386	444 203
	2010	30 469	-	..	..
Americas Regional	2006	7 800	-	217 882	65 360
	2007	750	-	209 349	70 118
	2008	5 746	-	623 241	43 719
	2009	-	-	511 994	61 824
	2010	6 330	-	..	..
TOTAL AMERICAS	2006	19 450	10 940	2 866 984	1 113 975
	2007	- 304 237	4 327	2 414 420	1 053 752
	2008	61 918	-	3 873 228	1 247 643
	2009	80 988	47	4 207 855	1 597 978
	2010	81 528	-	..	..

1. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. See glossary for details.

2. Data for 2010 is not yet available.

3. DAC Countries and DAC Multilaterals data sourced from the OECD DAC Online Database. DAC annual exchange rates were used to convert from USD.

16.4 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Asia) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Asia: Middle East					
Iran	2006	-	-	38 766	21 155
	2007	245	-	36 068	10 923
	2008	919	-	35 218	10 125
	2009	466	-	42 093	7 317
	2010	-	-	..	..
Iraq	2006	110 310	-	4 643 310	122 950
	2007	30 062	-	4 524 409	41 105
	2008	353 199	280 037	5 395 811	35 185
	2009	31 090	-	1 682 875	69 174
	2010	20 060	-	..	..
Jordan	2006	460	-	198 374	85 276
	2007	225	-	145 767	97 586
	2008	2 485	-	236 871	140 424
	2009	970	-	311 304	149 128
	2010	1 709	-	..	..
Lebanon	2006	3 760	-	211 529	153 668
	2007	3 758	-	234 684	83 805
	2008	575	-	414 044	142 945
	2009	3 460	-	249 057	129 999
	2010	2 565	-	..	..
Oman	2006	-	-	- 7 858	2 375
	2007	85	-	4 827	2 668
	2008	308	-	2 183	- 11
	2009	410	-	5 371	1 133
	2010	602	-	..	..
Saudi Arabia	2006	-	-	6 064	951
	2007	380	-	- 71 937	155
	2008	-	-	-	-
	2009	-	-	-	-
	2010	-	-	..	..
Syria	2006	-	-	- 5 662	34 316
	2007	35	-	4 712	51 669
	2008	1 263	-	30 233	64 052
	2009	670	-	39 187	87 842
	2010	1 260	-	..	..
West Bank & Gaza	2006	19 070	-	410 609	365 686
	2007	11 318	-	416 675	508 390
	2008	56 684	-	746 333	653 076
	2009	60 740	-	1 112 412	649 137
	2010	63 214	-	..	..
Yemen ¹	2006	8 170	-	77 554	78 641
	2007	12 647	-	84 469	36 838
	2008	18 353	-	114 420	58 199
	2009	22 970	-	161 580	78 117
	2010	41 387	-	..	..

16.4 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Asia) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Middle East Regional	2006	4 560	-	100 480	73 549
	2007	60	-	117 809	20 932
	2008	15 308	-	280 821	46 957
	2009	3 843	-	125 230	43 015
	2010	6 513	-	..	..
Total Middle East	2006	146 330	-	5 673 167	938 566
	2007	58 815	-	5 497 485	854 072
	2008	449 095	280 037	7 255 934	1 150 954
	2009	124 619	-	3 729 107	1 214 863
	2010	137 308	-	..	..
Asia: South					
Afghanistan ¹	2006	133 940	-	1 307 812	257 137
	2007	134 274	-	1 496 751	425 599
	2008	178 141	-	2 185 823	388 941
	2009	207 675	-	3 258 151	610 405
	2010	152 053	-	..	..
Bangladesh ¹	2006	75 570	-	260 022	402 241
	2007	122 711	-	336 738	411 453
	2008	139 575	-	454 618	676 538
	2009	160 100	-	459 433	320 273
	2010	147 839	-	..	..
Bhutan ¹	2006	-	-	27 893	27 311
	2007	-	-	21 822	23 006
	2008	-	-	27 115	20 511
	2009	-	-	35 384	44 283
	2010	-	-	..	..
Buma ¹	2006	7 320	-	54 617	22 067
	2007	8 980	-	64 866	32 346
	2008	45 517	-	233 123	55 110
	2009	34 020	-	149 800	73 629
	2010	28 599	-	..	..
India	2006	189 810	-	355 226	395 296
	2007	255 112	-	456 681	237 712
	2008	338 869	-	859 736	307 495
	2009	403 542	-	1 010 133	590 117
	2010	421 092	-	..	..
Maldives ¹	2006	-	-	8 727	10 450
	2007	45	-	9 050	10 149
	2008	58	-	11 424	2 327
	2009	244	-	11 844	10 358
	2010	170	-	..	..
Nepal ¹	2006	40 650	-	182 311	104 153
	2007	44 148	-	192 619	110 344
	2008	54 510	2 535	240 983	143 912
	2009	66 080	3 082	323 179	223 699
	2010	68 110	3 391	..	..

16.4 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Asia) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Pakistan ¹	2006	110 400	-	624 383	503 341
	2007	98 861	-	489 561	615 880
	2008	143 879	-	507 633	297 115
	2009	139 247	-	851 876	787 830
	2010	193 282	-	..	..
Sri Lanka	2006	3 730	3 380	275 944	143 061
	2007	5 747	1 348	165 476	137 657
	2008	965	-	224 407	174 294
	2009	11 618	-	239 396	205 357
	2010	-5 503	-	..	..
South Asia Regional	2006	-	-	46 216	196
	2007	-	-	52 019	255
	2008	-	-	77 019	9 739
	2009	-	-	84 321	7 983
	2010	1 258	-	..	..
South & Central Asia Regional	2006	-	-	63 578	1 608
	2007	-	-	90 521	2 788
	2008	-	-	113 486	-
	2009	-	-	96 126	51 094
	2010	-	-	..	..
Total South Asia	2006	561 420	3 380	3 206 728	1 866 862
	2007	669 878	1 348	3 376 103	2 007 190
	2008	901 513	2 535	4 935 368	2 075 980
	2009	1 022 526	3 082	6 519 643	2 925 029
	2010	1 006 902	3 391	..	..
Asia: Far East					
Cambodia ¹	2006	12 120	-	196 352	81 744
	2007	12 273	-	226 129	99 740
	2008	16 796	-	254 087	154 579
	2009	20 682	-	303 269	153 603
	2010	16 839	-	..	..
China	2006	28 410	-	638 772	12 313
	2007	81 166	-	667 724	42 460
	2008	96 666	-	756 436	17 841
	2009	74 264	-	740 673	- 32 304
	2010	56 152	-	..	..
East Timor ¹	2006	2 290	-	94 687	18 899
	2007	1 999	-	113 712	25 325
	2008	127	-	127 259	26 076
	2009	70	-	117 150	21 466
	2010	-	-	..	..
Indonesia	2006	55 190	-	337 375	353 259
	2007	34 844	-	195 588	253 023
	2008	55 652	-	327 917	350 351
	2009	44 018	-	213 123	458 838
	2010	17 388	-	..	..

16.4 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Asia) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Korea . Dem.Rep ¹	2006	-	-	15 683	12 748
	2007	585	-	35 804	14 062
	2008	149	-	98 502	15 647
	2009	30	-	29 712	13 252
	2010	264	-	..	..
Laos ¹	2006	150	-	109 310	67 197
	2007	834	-	119 743	66 065
	2008	172	-	124 490	81 579
	2009	194	-	166 439	88 348
	2010	37	-	..	..
Malaysia	2006	5 400	-	125 591	4 037
	2007	- 10 074	-	96 132	3 758
	2008	10 458	-	82 701	2 576
	2009	2 677	-	85 089	6 767
	2010	- 486	-	..	..
Mongolia	2006	240	220	71 740	24 958
	2007	585	446	76 559	31 721
	2008	653	299	98 099	31 675
	2009	455	331	132 643	91 485
	2010	538	375	..	..
Philippines	2006	480	-	286 100	19 905
	2007	275	-	269 163	34 644
	2008	734	-	5 118	21 738
	2009	2 812	-	156 439	41 479
	2010	377	-	..	..
Thailand	2006	- 1 250	-	- 157 966	39 397
	2007	100	-	- 196 917	40 771
	2008	1 207	-	- 386 227	42 884
	2009	6 353	-	59 225	9 577
	2010	4 671	-	..	..
Vietnam ¹	2006	44 640	4 440	715 332	285 535
	2007	48 546	2 450	756 066	496 377
	2008	69 575	3 150	911 634	495 484
	2009	60 047	4 068	1 328 959	1 062 591
	2010	53 222	4 742	..	..
Far East Asia Regional	2006	-	-	82 222	10 156
	2007	-	-	96 877	1 704
	2008	-	-	111 933	1 111
	2009	-	-	110 364	45
	2010	-	-	..	..
Total Far East Asia	2006	147 670	4 660	2 515 198	930 149
	2007	171 132	2 896	2 456 580	1 109 649
	2008	252 188	3 449	2 511 950	1 241 541
	2009	211 601	4 399	3 324 635	1 915 145
	2010	149 002	5 117	..	..

16.4 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Asia) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Asia: Central Asian Republics					
Kazakhstan	2006	90	-	53 606	11 938
	2007	330	-	91 445	- 12 078
	2008	2 996	-	128 807	20 665
	2009	4 449	-	110 281	23 406
	2010	220	-	..	..
Kyrgyzstan ¹	2006	6 080	-	67 469	38 902
	2007	6 471	-	59 364	42 030
	2008	7 577	-	78 721	88 272
	2009	5 724	-	89 398	69 494
	2010	4 732	-	..	..
Tajikistan ¹	2006	3 780	-	49 938	77 945
	2007	2 259	-	53 058	53 173
	2008	4 265	-	79 235	74 123
	2009	2 865	-	89 794	165 031
	2010	8 108	-	..	..
Turkmenistan	2006	-	-	2 929	3 081
	2007	120	-	680	4 277
	2008	218	-	- 580	4 068
	2009	218	-	8 598	8 380
	2010	39	-	..	..
Uzbekistan ¹	2006	70	-	52 579	22 730
	2007	25	-	52 733	24 810
	2008	551	-	62 588	33 068
	2009	1 180	-	49 583	57 624
	2010	797	-	..	..
Central Asia Regional	2006	-	-	55 313	26 159
	2007	-	-	107 705	16 510
	2008	-	-	134 052	22 285
	2009	-	-	201 964	23 214
	2010	-	-	..	..
Total Central Asian Republics	2006	10 020	-	281 834	180 757
	2007	9 205	-	364 986	128 723
	2008	15 606	-	482 822	242 481
	2009	14 436	-	549 618	347 148
	2010	13 896	-	..	..
Asia Regional	2006	37 160	-	348 645	94 285
	2007	56 421	-	317 834	87 537
	2008	28 555	-	425 397	68 524
	2009	4 548	-	428 019	118 027
	2010	23 960	-	..	..
TOTAL ASIA	2006	902 600	8 040	12 025 572	4 010 618
	2007	965 451	4 244	12 012 988	4 187 171
	2008	1 646 957	286 020	15 611 470	4 779 479
	2009	1 377 730	7 481	14 551 023	6 520 213
	2010	1 331 069	8 508	..	..

1. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. See glossary for details.

2. Data for 2010 is not yet available.

3. DAC Countries and DAC Multilaterals data sourced from the OECD DAC Online Database. DAC annual exchange rates were used to convert from USD.

16.5 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Europe) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Europe					
Albania	2006	1 960	-	105 311	64 186
	2007	3 380	-	102 493	47 681
	2008	1 533	-	148 052	47 593
	2009	1 400	-	157 214	64 270
	2010	560	-	..	..
Armenia	2006	4 560	1 110	73 451	42 684
	2007	3 733	618	115 336	58 635
	2008	3 647	847	115 448	50 462
	2009	650	-	150 453	185 786
	2010	315	-	..	..
Azerbaijan	2006	-	-	51 916	39 978
	2007	175	-	55 232	36 353
	2008	1 033	-	66 346	40 214
	2009	905	-	79 378	45 902
	2010	559	-	..	..
Belarus	2006	-	-	20 747	14 596
	2007	410	-	24 390	8 180
	2008	601	-	32 228	15 426
	2009	392	-	39 148	10 762
	2010	238	-	..	..
Bosnia & Herzegovina	2006	3 190	-	180 996	71 012
	2007	4 752	-	148 006	68 809
	2008	5 161	-	177 732	66 810
	2009	6 150	-	176 964	65 403
	2010	6 268	-	..	..
Croatia	2006	170	-	37 076	72 989
	2007	525	-	27 508	53 038
	2008	779	-	27 193	103 283
	2009	1 200	-	19 667	85 627
	2010	679	-	..	..
Georgia	2006	2 650	470	114 369	72 044
	2007	4 362	563	122 107	61 633
	2008	7 090	772	319 737	156 210
	2009	4 638	-	279 076	276 227
	2010	2 223	-	..	..
Macedonia (FYR of)	2006	340	-	71 202	37 212
	2007	964	-	66 985	28 093
	2008	1 181	-	77 920	27 342
	2009	1 250	-	85 358	33 393
	2010	743	-	..	..
Moldova	2006	1 860	-	45 374	72 044
	2007	3 398	108	46 527	79 372
	2008	3 370	173	63 102	88 963
	2009	2 059	297	61 549	88 392
	2010	9 365	365	..	..

16.5 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Europe) 2006-2010

£ thousands

		UK Net Bilateral ODA	of which: Debt Relief	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Montenegro	2006	-	-	32 783	18 117
	2007	145	-	22 621	22 042
	2008	407	-	33 527	17 648
	2009	292	-	29 981	15 173
	2010	135	-	..	..
Serbia (including Kosovo until 2008)	2006	98 080	93 050	635 501	217 414
	2007	7 730	-	238 062	175 385
	2008	6 660	-	299 154	213 309
	2009	4 945	-	174 435	208 526
	2010	3 498	-	..	..
Kosovo ⁴	2009	7 538	-	274 460	212 444
	2010	6 142	-	..	..
States of ex Yugoslavia	2006	-	-	68 072	-
	2007	-	-	12 787	1 809
	2008	-	-	14 392	12 773
	2009	-	-	5 871	3 239
	2010	-	-	..	..
Turkey	2006	- 770	-	79 929	215 790
	2007	705	-	120 243	278 458
	2008	2 515	-	364 600	248 074
	2009	1 427	-	357 321	511 981
	2010	2 429	-	..	..
Ukraine	2006	6 520	-	152 924	92 606
	2007	3 873	-	122 412	71 082
	2008	1 773	-	158 232	160 355
	2009	1 518	-	254 121	148 539
	2010	543	-	..	..
Europe regional	2006	1 900	-	273 966	69 783
	2007	5 337	-	149 071	96 247
	2008	6 449	-	252 086	201 161
	2009	2 560	-	265 625	223 884
	2010	6 106	-	..	..
TOTAL EUROPE	2006	120 460	94 630	1 943 617	1 100 456
	2007	39 489	1 289	1 373 780	1 086 818
	2008	42 200	1 791	2 149 749	1 449 622
	2009	36 924	297	2 410 622	2 179 548
	2010	39 805	365	..	..

1. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. See glossary for details.

2. Data for 2010 is not yet available.

3. DAC Countries and DAC Multilaterals data sourced from the OECD DAC Online Database. DAC annual exchange rates were used to convert from USD.

4. Kosovo was added to the OECD DAC's list of ODA eligible countries from 2009.

16.6 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Pacific) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA ²	<i>of which: Debt Relief</i>	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Pacific					
Cook Islands	2006	-	-	16 829	706
	2007	-	-	4 497	155
	2008	-	-	2 426	680
	2009	-	-	3 681	1 191
	2010	-	-	..	..
Fiji	2006	270	-	21 828	8 401
	2007	320	-	16 530	8 825
	2008	414	-	18 963	6 019
	2009	373	-	31 824	13 649
	2010	343	-	..	..
Kiribati ¹	2006	50	-	10 683	3 912
	2007	35	-	11 343	2 129
	2008	19	-	11 126	3 797
	2009	22	-	14 385	3 015
	2010	36	-	..	..
Marshall Islands	2006	-	-	29 903	5
	2007	-	-	25 720	275
	2008	-	-	27 922	1 188
	2009	-	-	37 964	- 423
	2010	-	-	..	..
Micronesia	2006	-	-	57 584	1 375
	2007	-	-	55 292	2 114
	2008	-	-	47 842	4 051
	2009	-	-	76 350	1 108
	2010	-	-	..	..
Nauru	2006	-	-	9 379	76
	2007	-	-	12 557	205
	2008	-	-	16 045	868
	2009	-	-	14 417	986
	2010	8	-	..	..
Niue	2006	-	-	4 652	217
	2007	-	-	7 006	375
	2008	-	-	9 064	906
	2009	-	-	4 417	1 351
	2010	-	-	..	..
Palau	2006	-	-	20 220	60
	2007	-	-	10 888	190
	2008	55	-	22 451	1 067
	2009	-	-	21 748	877
	2010	12	-	..	..
Papua New Guinea ¹	2006	- 230	-	134 665	14 574
	2007	480	-	143 979	18 299
	2008	591	-	145 377	23 224
	2009	625	-	206 240	58 598
	2010	669	-	..	..

16.6 Total UK Bilateral, DAC Bilateral and Multilateral Net ODA (Pacific) 2006-2010

		£ thousands			
		UK Net Bilateral ODA ²	<i>of which: Debt Relief</i>	Total DAC Countries ODA ^{2,3}	Total DAC Multilateral Agencies ODA ^{2,3}
Samoa ¹	2006	-	-	20 839	4 738
	2007	-	-	14 656	4 068
	2008	111	111	14 575	7 539
	2009	115	115	29 795	19 763
	2010	150	150	..	..
Solomon Islands ¹	2006	90	-	97 258	13 868
	2007	135	-	118 449	6 011
	2008	137	-	121 091	3 161
	2009	146	-	129 480	2 599
	2010	144	-	..	..
Tokelau	2006	-	-	5 825	114
	2007	-	-	6 271	170
	2008	-	-	11 844	-
	2009	-	-	6 184	102
	2010	-	-	..	..
Tonga	2006	-	-	10 140	1 538
	2007	-	-	13 272	2 114
	2008	277	-	12 955	956
	2009	6	-	22 151	3 137
	2010	99	-	..	..
Tuvalu ¹	2006	-	-	6 901	1 435
	2007	-	-	4 507	1 359
	2008	-	-	8 147	442
	2009	-	-	9 456	1 741
	2010	28	-	..	..
Vanuatu ¹	2006	20	-	22 513	3 999
	2007	20	-	26 064	2 259
	2008	51	33	49 268	1 713
	2009	62	40	62 797	3 342
	2010	58	42	..	..
Wallis & Futuna	2006	-	-	55 405	228
	2007	-	-	58 465	55
	2008	-	-	71 740	403
	2009	-	-	75 217	115
	2010	-	-	..	..
Oceania Regional	2006	1 870	-	58 573	10 846
	2007	1 704	-	58 540	18 404
	2008	1 843	-	134 842	65 600
	2009	2 363	-	119 186	77 656
	2010	2 956	-	..	..
TOTAL PACIFIC	2006	2 070	-	583 199	66 094
	2007	2 694	-	588 037	67 005
	2008	3 498	144	725 679	121 616
	2009	3 712	155	865 294	188 808
	2010	4 503	191	..	..

1. Low Income Country. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. See glossary for details.

2. Data for 2010 is not yet available.

3. DAC Countries and DAC Multilaterals data sourced from the OECD DAC Online Database. DAC annual exchange rates were used to convert from USD.

17 Net 2009 ODA from Bilateral DAC Donors and Multilateral Agencies by Income Group of Recipient ¹

	% of Total allocable by Income Group ^{1,2,4}				£millions		
	Low Income	Lower Middle Income	Upper Middle Income	% of total allocable to LDCs ³	Total allocable by Income Group	Unallocable	Total
Bilateral Donors							
Australia	60.2	37.0	2.8	34.1	1 104	376	1 480
Austria	38.9	44.8	16.3	28.8	218	107	325
Belgium	75.9	19.9	4.2	64.8	606	408	1 015
Canada	76.3	18.8	4.9	60.4	1 225	786	2 011
Denmark	81.4	16.2	2.4	59.9	850	370	1 220
Finland	73.2	21.9	4.8	59.2	290	217	507
France	47.5	33.6	18.9	20.3	3 468	1 026	4 494
Germany	45.4	41.8	12.8	34.3	3 063	1 481	4 543
Greece	17.4	74.0	8.6	14.6	127	63	190
Ireland	89.1	7.2	3.7	79.8	331	113	444
Italy	65.6	26.2	8.3	53.3	451	109	560
Japan	77.1	14.0	8.9	42.6	2 847	1 101	3 948
Korea	49.4	42.5	8.1	33.5	308	64	372
Luxembourg	57.5	38.5	4.0	48.5	144	27	170
Netherlands	70.7	20.5	8.7	56.6	1 238	1 834	3 072
New Zealand	68.8	24.7	6.5	54.1	98	47	145
Norway	70.2	21.2	8.6	61.1	945	1 084	2 028
Portugal	56.2	38.9	4.9	56.1	156	22	177
Spain	37.8	51.6	10.7	31.5	2 017	847	2 864
Sweden	65.8	29.6	4.6	54.9	942	984	1 926
Switzerland	62.8	33.4	3.8	51.0	591	530	1 121
United Kingdom	72.2	22.9	4.9	53.3	3 081	1 651	4 732
United States	56.4	36.7	7.0	43.5	11 830	4 287	16 116
Total Bilateral	59.8	31.8	8.5	43.4	35 928	17 530	53 459

17 Net 2009 ODA from Bilateral DAC Donors and Multilateral Agencies by Income Group of Recipient ¹

	% of Total allocable by Income Group ^{1,2,4}				£millions		
	Low Income	Lower Middle Income	Upper Middle Income	% of total allocable to LDCs ³	Total allocable by Income Group	Unallocable	Total
Multilateral Donors							
African Development Bank	92.1	7.9	-	89.1	107	-	107
African Development Fund	98.3	1.7	n/a	84.9	1 098	555	1 653
Arab Agencies	59.2	36.1	4.7	48.2	421	26	447
Asian Development Fund	72.8	27.1	-	30.7	1 210	34	1 244
Caribbean Development Bank	22.1	n/a	77.9	22.3	41	3	43
EC	45.9	34.8	19.3	38.6	6 516	1 821	8 336
GAVI	92.2	7.8	0	62.7	235	84	319
GEF	26.6	50.4	23.0	16.3	362	93	455
GFATM	64.4	31.8	3.7	42.5	1 477	19	1 496
IAEA	37.9	37.1	25.1	25.2	25	17	42
IDA	87.4	12.4	0.2	51.2	5 712	25	5 737
IDB Special Fund	38.2	61.8	n/a	41.3	215	28	243
IFAD	77.3	22.7	n/a	56.9	147	-	147
IMF (SAF, ESAF, PRGF)	93.8	4.4	1.8	74.4	1 168	-	1 168
Montreal Protocol	0.6	90.2	9.1	-	19	0	19
Nordic Development Fund	77.7	22.3	n/a	63.1	41	-	41
UNAIDS	58.6	28.1	13.3	43.0	30	125	156
UNDP	76.0	19.1	4.9	60.2	339	65	404
UNECE	-	-	-	-	-	8	8
UNFPA	65.6	28.4	6.0	50.7	171	51	222
UNHCR	54.1	25.4	20.5	44.6	95	98	193
UNICEF	81.0	15.9	3.1	64.1	464	231	695
UNRWA	-	84.1	15.9	-	494	-	494
UNTA	45.4	35.2	19.3	32.5	63	350	413
WFP	88.3	11.6	0.1	71.3	178	8	186
WHO	-	-	-	-	-	280	280
TOTAL MULTILATERAL	67.4	24.7	7.9	47.3	20 627	3 921	24 548
TOTAL ALL DONORS	62.5	29.2	8.2	44.8	56 555	21 451	78 006
<i>of which</i>							
EC + EU Members	54.2	33.0	12.7	40.8	23 497	11 077	34 574

1. Income Groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. See glossary for details. The income group and LDC status of individual countries can be seen in Annex 1. These are based on 2008 GNI figures.

2. Percentages are not appropriate when flows for middle or high income countries are negative and so n/a is shown.

Where this is the case percentages have been rescaled to 100%.

3. LDCs = Least Developed Country. See glossary for definition.

4. Higher Income Group Data is no longer collected by DAC

5. 2010 data is not yet available for DAC countries, apart from the UK

18 DFID and GPEX Multilateral Expenditure 2006/07-2010/11

£ thousand

	2006/07		2007/08		2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments
European Commission ¹										
European Development Fund	237 957	-	280 041	-	360 176	-	397 452	-	435 534	-
European Commission National Experts ²	1 243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
European Investment Bank ³	700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EC Attribution	721 605	161 710	711 367	208 911	793 717	254 008	788 851	237 786	833 029	163 286
Total European Commission	961 505	161 710	991 408	208 911	1 153 892	254 008	1 186 303	237 786	1 268 563	163 286
World Bank Group										
International Development Association	493 333	-	493 333	-	524,806	-	520 065	-	879 463	-
World Bank Group TC	-	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other World Bank	-	-	-	-	48 846	-	39 720	-	47 250	-
Total World Bank Group	493 333	-	493 387	-	573 652	-	559 785	-	926 713	-
Regional Development Banks										
African Development Bank	843	-	4 150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
African Development Fund	146 627	-	59 564	-	139,000	-	139 000	-	149 426	-
Asian Development Fund	57 068	-	28 534	-	28 534	-	27 461	-	33 616	-
Asian Development Bank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 594	-
Caribbean Development Fund	5 873	-	5 873	-	5 873	-	14 712	-	8 839	-
Inter-American Development Bank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	-
Multilateral Development Bank TC	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Regional Development Banks	210 491	-	98 121	-	173 407	-	181 174	-	203 475	-
Commonwealth										
Commonwealth Foundation	273	545	253	591	260	608	19 235	617	270	631
Commonwealth Fund for Technical Cooperation	7 329	-	11 004	-	8 475	-	8 751	-	10 260	-
Commonwealth Youth Programme	726	-	1 299	-	1 812	-	845	-	850	-
Pacific Community	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Commonwealth	1 222	-	1 320	83	1 182	103	1 100	109	1 100	110
Total Commonwealth	9 549	545	13 876	674	11 730	711	29 930	726	12 480	740

18 DFID and GPEX Multilateral Expenditure 2006/07-2010/11

£ thousand

	2006/07		2007/08		2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments	DFID Programme	Other Govt Departments
UN Agencies										
Central Emergency Relief Fund (CERF) ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81 000	-
Food & Agricultural Organisation (FAO)	13 700	-	13 800	-	16 000	-	10 003	-	32 064	-
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	-	2 657	-	3 672	-	6 704	-	6 831	-	-
International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)	886	-	14 255	-	29 411	-	0	-	8 318	-
International Labour Organisation (ILO)	3 106	1 443	6 750	1 407	6 250	1 999	4 050	9 291	-	9 725
Office for Co-ordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA)	7 145	-	7 170	-	7 568	-	7 000	-	-	-
UN Agency for Palestinian Refugees (UNRWA)	15 007	-	15 600	-	19 000	9	24 930	-	27 000	-
UN AIDS	10 000	-	19 000	-	10 000	-	11 030	-	10 000	-
UN Childrens Fund (UNICEF)	22 012	30	26 000	-	16 000	151	21 000	-	23 600	-
UN Development Programme (UNDP)	50 669	9 360	65 718	2 707	55 000	1 038	57 820	-	55 000	-
UN Drugs Control Programme (UNDOC)	-	3 651	-	2 609	-	2 018	-	-	-	-
UN Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO)	549	-	14 379	621	13 145	29	10 013	-	14 934	-
UN High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR)	20 040	-	20 000	1 632	19 000	133	19 000	-	39 000	-
UN Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO)	4 351	-	5 595	-	6 579	-	4 894	-	-	-
UN Population Fund (UNFPA)	20 000	-	20 000	-	20 000	-	22 060	-	20 000	-
UN Regular Budget	-	7 107	-	8 293	-	10 465	-	11 664	-	11 199
World Food Programme ⁵ (WFP)	2 500	-	5 000	-	2 500	-	-	-	-	-
World Health Organisation (WHO)	14 675	10 734	5 678	9 621	12 500	11 324	14 640	12 327	14 000	14 723
World Meteorological Organisation (WMO)	-	120	-	112	-	103	-	-	-	-
Other UN Agencies	11 806	13 472	10 909	16 414	18 950	22 277	9 875	22 190	30 421	26 333
Total UN Agencies	196 445	48 574	249 854	47 086	251 903	56 252	216 315	62 304	355 337	61 980
Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research	3 855	223	4 535	-	2 600	-	25 046	-	30 500	-
IMF Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility	-	-	3 961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Global Environmental Facility	35 063	137	35 000	139	35 000	7 102	35 000	5 414	87 500	-
Global Fund to Fight Aids, TB and Malaria	100 000	-	100 000	-	50 000	-	163 400	-	296 600	-
International Finance Facility for Immunisation (IFFIm) ⁶	-	-	-	-	16 849	-	25 065	-	32 902	-
Other Multilaterals	580	-	42	-	8 325	4 935	14 320	6 200	7 603	14 259
TOTAL MULTILATERAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2 010 821	211 189	1 990 184	256 811	2 277 358	323 007	2 436 338	312 428	3 221 673	240 265

1. Prior to 2007/08 aid to Romania and Bulgaria who joined the EC in 2007 was attributed to DFID however from 2007/08 these sums are attributed to the Treasury.
2. Formerly EC Technical Co-operation, but renamed as used entirely for funding of national experts working for EC.
3. In 2008/09 £13,698 of the EDF was managed by the EIB under the Investment Facility.
4. In 2010 CERF was added to the DAC's List of Multilateral Organisations. Which means that effective from reporting on 2010 flows it was reclassified from bilateral aid to multilateral aid. This change has not been applied retrospectively.
5. This is the regular programme of food aid. It does not include emergency food aid which is classified as bilateral humanitarian expenditure.
6. In 2007 IFFIm was added to the DAC's list of multilateral organisations. Which means that effective from reporting on 2008 flows it was reclassified from bilateral to multilateral aid. This change has not been applied retrospectively.

19 DFID Expenditure through UK CSOs 2010/11

£thousands

	Partnership Programme Agreement	Humanitarian Assistance	Country and Other DFID Programmes	Total
Access to Medicine Foundation	-	-	150	150
Action Against Hunger UK	-	3 646	-	3 646
Action Aid	3 860	409	657	4 927
Action on Disability and Development	690	-	-	690
Africa Educational Trust	-	-	299	299
Aga Khan Foundation (UK)	595	-	-	595
BBC World Service Trust	-	1 705	946	2 651
BOND	-	-	652	652
British Red Cross	-	4 150	827	4 977
CAB International	-	-	976	976
CAFOD	4 540	2 187	-	6 727
CARE International UK	4 050	5 104	6 304	15 458
Centre for the Study of Violence and Reconciliation	-	-	313	313
Charities Aid Foundation	-	984	-	984
Christian Aid	5 200	-	6 227	11 427
Comic Relief	7 942	-	-	7 942
Commonwealth Business Council (CBC)	-	-	10	10
Commonwealth Broadcasting Association	-	-	450	450
Commonwealth Forestry Association	-	-	50	50
Concem Universal	-	-	486	486
Concem Worldwide	-	4 250	430	4 680
Conciliation Resources (IWPR)	-	-	251	251
Development Education Association	-	-	830	830
Ethical Trading Initiative	325	-	-	325
Fairtrade Labelling Organizations International	3 750	-	-	3 750
Forum for the Future	-	-	12	12
Goal	-	1 597	-	1 597
Handicap International UK	-	246	45	292
HALO Trust	-	75	4 521	4 595
Health Poverty Action	-	-	741	741
Helpage International	1 870	-	48	1 918
INASP	-	-	545	545
Institute Of Development Studies University	-	-	3 944	3 944
International Alert	-	-	790	790
International Development Association of Scotland	-	-	324	324
International Harm Reduction Association	-	-	464	464
International HIV/Aids Alliance	3 700	-	-31	3 669
International Institute for Environment and Development	-	-	740	740
International Medical Corps (UK)	-	1 985	-	1 985
International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF)	11 150	-	-	11 150
International Rescue Committee UK (IRC)	-	1 194	13 356	14 550
Islamic Relief	820	346	-	1 166
London School Of Hygiene And Tropical Medicine	-	-	3 492	3 492
Madhesh Community Mediation Project	-	-	-	-
Malaria Consortium	-	-	7 522	7 522
Marie Stopes International	-	-	1 063	1 063
Medecins Sans Frontieres	-	600	-	600
Mercy Corps	-	1 273	1 489	2 761
MERLIN	-	639	17 385	18 024
Mines Advisory Group	-	-	3 832	3 832

19 DFID Expenditure through UK CSOs 2010/11

£thousands

	Partnership Programme Agreement	Humanitarian Assistance	Country and Other DFID Programmes	Total
Overseas Development Institute	1 170	72	5 529	6 771
One World Action	1 090	-	502	1 592
OXFAM	9 570	11 051	5 029	25 650
Panos London	1 960	-	394	2 354
PEACE DIRECT	-	-	500	500
People In Aid	-	-	280	280
Plan International UK	2 470	1 246	1 052	4 768
Practical Action	1 090	-	387	1 477
PROGRESSIO	3 560	-	-	3 560
Red R	-	150	615	765
Refugee Studies Centre	-	-	500	500
Royal Society For The Protection Of Birds	-	-	107	107
Saferworld	-	-	1 948	1 948
Save The Children	6 540	19 812	7 489	33 841
School of Oriental and African Studies	-	-	517	517
Shelter Centre	-	-	342	342
Skillshare International	2 070	-	297	2 367
Stakeholder Democracy Network	-	-	726	726
Students Partnership Worldwide	-	-	834	834
Tearfund	-	2 819	828	3 647
The Foundation for Innovative Diagnostics (FIND)	-	-	500	500
The Global Forum on MSM and HIV	-	-	252	252
The Rainforest Foundation UK	-	-	790	790
The Tides Foundation	-	-	400	400
The Tropical Health and Education Trust	-	-	297	297
Transparency International	1 090	100	768	1 958
Trocaire	-	-	411	411
Tropical Health Education Trust	-	-	1 500	1 500
Trades Union Congress (TUC)	1 200	-	2	1 202
UK Consortium on Aids and International Development	-	-	202	202
VSO	28 550	-	2 660	31 210
Wateraid	1 020	-	703	1 723
World Vision United Kingdom	2 690	560	-	3 250
World Federation of Science Journalists	-	-	651	651
WWF UK	3 490	-	-	3 490
Civil Society Challenge Fund	-	-	13 388	13 388
Governance and Transparency Fund ²	-	-	16 426	16 426
Total Other	-	66	-	66
TOTAL	116 052	66 266	146 969	329 287

1. DFID supports CSOs through centrally managed funds like the Civil Society Challenge Fund, Programme Partnership Agreements and the Governance Transparency Fund.

2. The Governance and Transparency Fund supports CSOs in the UK and in developing countries. Only the funding to UK CSOs are shown in this table. The total value of the GTF in 2010/11 was £31 million.

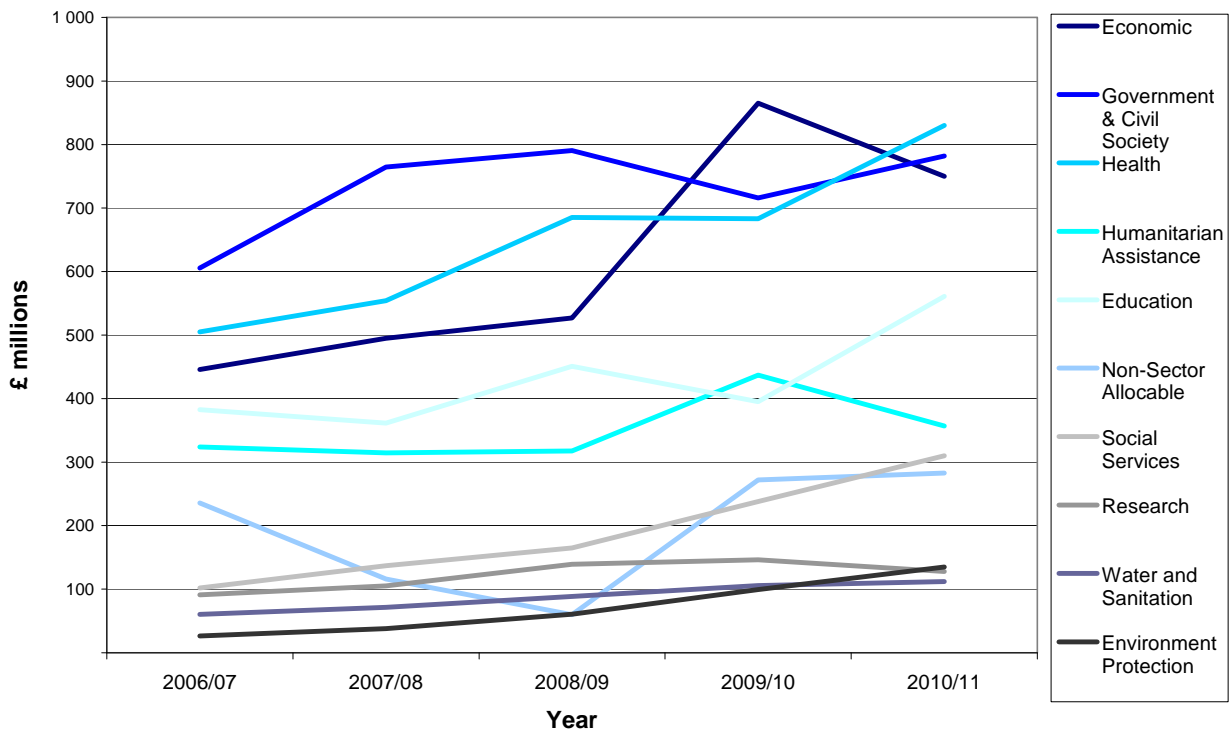
SECTION 5: WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF UK EXPENDITURE ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT?

1. This section considers what sectors UK aid supports within developing countries. DFID uses input sector codes to track its expenditure to sectors. An explanation on input sector codes is provided in Section 2. It is important that readers be aware that demonstrating the exact areas on which aid is being spent is not a simple and exact exercise and a certain amount of judgement is involved. Increasingly projects are multi-dimensional and address interrelated policy areas. In addition more innovative types of aid instruments are being introduced. Together these make attributing expenditure to specific topics difficult.

The DFID Programme

2. Figure 11 shows the split of DFID's bilateral programme between sectors for 2006/07 to 2010/11. In 2010/11, 20 per cent of DFID's bilateral programme was classified under the 'Health' sector (£830m). This was followed by the 'Government & Civil Society' (18% or £782m) and the 'Economic' (18% or £750m) sectors. 'Education' received the next largest amount with 13 per cent (£561m), followed by 'Humanitarian Assistance' with 8 per cent (£357m).

Figure 11 DFID Bilateral Programme by Sector, 2006/07 – 2010/11



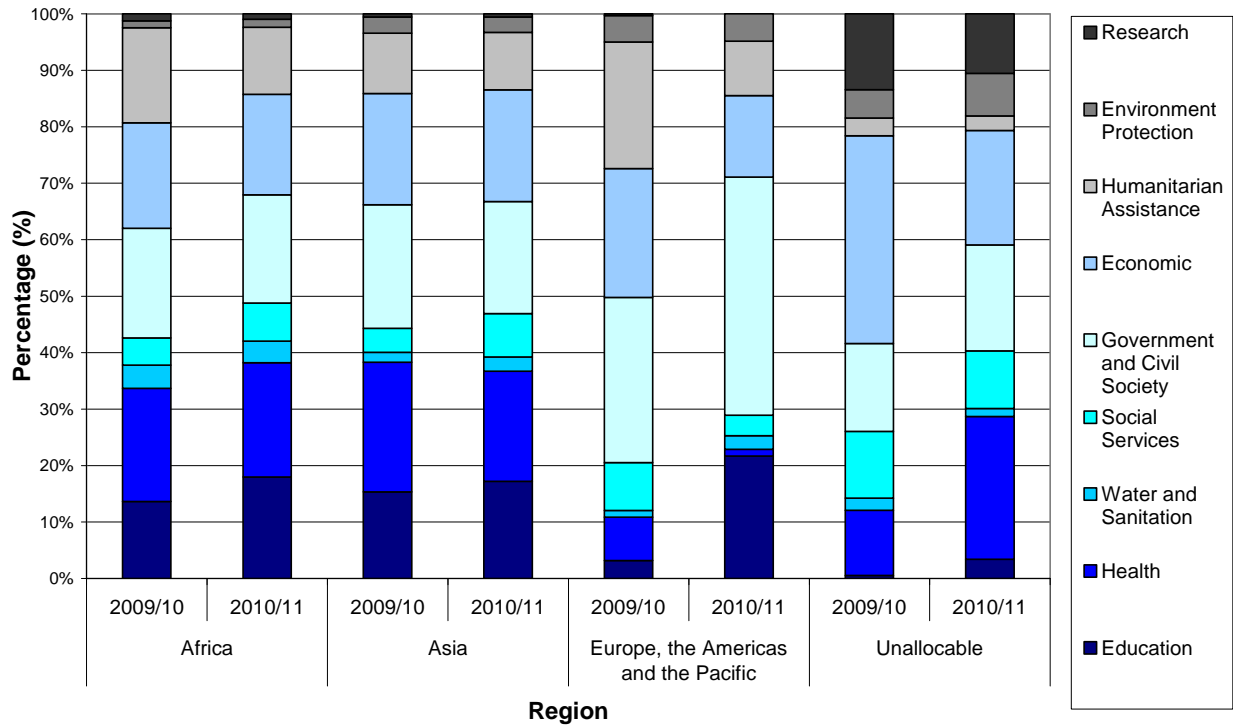
3. The sector seeing the greatest increase in support in 2010/11 was 'Education', which increased by £166m (or 42%). There was also a large increase in the amount of DFID bilateral assistance to 'Health', which increased by £147m (or 21%).

4. Figure 12 shows how the DFID bilateral programme is broken down by sector and region. From this figure we can see that compared to the rest of the world, a higher percentage of funding was allocated to the basic services sectors in Africa and Asia (i.e. Health, Education, Water & Sanitation and Social services).

5. In 2010/11, 'Health' was the largest sector in Africa (£363m), accounting for 19% of DFID bilateral assistance in Africa. The largest sector in Asia was 'Government and Civil Society', accounting for £214m or 20% of the Asia total. In Europe, the Americas and Pacific, 'Government & Civil Society' was the largest sector, accounting for £35m (or 42%) of the DFID bilateral assistance in that region.

6. In Africa, support to basic services increased by a total of £181m (or 26 per cent) between 2009/010 and 2010/11: 'Education' increased by £100m; 'Social Services by £42m, 'Health' by £36m and 'Water & Sanitation by £2m.

Figure 12 DFID Bilateral Programme by Region and Sector, 2009/10 to 2010/11



20 Total DFID and GPEX Expenditure by Broad Sector 2006/07-2010/11¹

		Financial Aid											
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁶	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral Aid Delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral Aid Delivered through a NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	Total DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme	Aid from other UK Official Sources	Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure
Education ⁴	2006/07	83 991	40 198	115 133	35 629	93 448	14 127	249	-	-	382 775	-	382 775
	2007/08	100 823	79 935	100 728	33 429	28 834	17 787	67	-	-	361 603	25 064	386 667
	2008/09	104 337	49 116	132 580	29 429	112 326	22 141	-	1 044	-	450 973	20 062	471 035
	2009/10	101 717	84 905	113 065	34 837	27 311	31 748	88	1 378	-	395 049	63 269	458 318
	2010/11	96 197	111 308	112 451	52 079	155 210	29 944	2 973	744	-	560 907	78 935	639 842
Health ⁴	2006/07	45 133	55 135	93 576	106 887	130 574	66 848	6 830	-	-	504 983	-	504 983
	2007/08	55 047	113 723	94 495	94 296	129 847	57 973	8 903	-	-	554 284	2 354	556 638
	2008/09	56 811	133 438	119 895	117 937	135 235	98 171	1 450	21 993	-	684 931	1 980	686 912
	2009/10	56 057	116 246	125 470	91 548	196 214	80 043	6 068	11 643	-	683 289	27 453	710 742
	2010/11	53 845	120 866	104 057	87 015	332 522	116 868	14 333	603	-	830 109	29 207	859 316
Social Services	2006/07	12 878	18 000	9 922	11 722	25 915	9 989	530	12 996	-	101 952	-	101 952
	2007/08	16 403	25 400	11 617	9 540	28 087	15 584	-	30 209	-	136 842	712	137 553
	2008/09	17 959	41 500	21 984	11 232	21 493	23 022	-	27 631	-	164 822	848	165 670
	2009/10	18 696	6 700	43 079	14 870	129 925	20 898	83	3 842	-	238 093	98	238 191
	2010/11	17 264	5 200	84 125	17 892	156 682	28 742	394	98	-	310 396	258	310 655
Water Supply and Sanitation	2006/07	8 950	10 901	6 593	14 869	8 671	10 103	270	-	-	60 356	-	60 356
	2007/08	10 610	1 100	13 036	12 879	21 001	12 385	618	-	-	71 629	-	71 629
	2008/09	13 325	12 300	12 898	13 954	16 357	11 998	410	7 226	-	88 467	82	88 549
	2009/10	13 254	7 210	5 264	8 999	58 856	8 753	2 424	1 152	-	105 912	6	105 918
	2010/11	9 834	10 850	11 910	8 851	60 699	5 900	4 017	-	-	112 061	8 066	120 127
Government and Civil Society ⁴	2006/07	59 764	17 854	94 431	130 837	99 710	152 681	6 404	43 994	-	605 676	11 077	616 752
	2007/08	77 395	22 566	136 878	125 538	174 427	166 078	1 964	59 887	-	764 733	106 981	871 713
	2008/09	84 106	10 929	109 655	142 396	190 796	201 575	7 274	44 026	-	790 756	203 153	993 879
	2009/10	81 656	14 399	104 807	119 771	259 555	119 847	9 047	6 153	624	715 860	175 740	891 600
	2010/11	84 356	11 670	112 677	126 372	273 057	139 791	33 360	274	116	781 674	168 161	949 835
Economic	2006/07	86 046	6 476	100 089	125 157	82 875	43 420	1 658	-	-	445 721	6 436	452 156
	2007/08	104 899	23 341	84 947	104 110	151 544	25 352	751	-	-	494 945	9 096	504 041
	2008/09	113 908	7 837	106 116	116 877	123 511	51 369	2 968	4 340	-	526 925	439 939	966 864
	2009/10	109 501	21 366	109 818	92 511	454 650	67 409	8 658	705	446	865 063	367 285	1 232 349
	2010/11	97 125	23 267	98 959	108 186	341 999	67 602	12 005	319	83	749 546	379 290	1 128 836
Environment Protection	2006/07	791	-	5 461	9 779	5 417	4 870	30	-	-	26 347	-	26 347
	2007/08	1 275	2 565	6 530	9 141	15 882	2 319	27	-	-	37 738	1 560	39 298
	2008/09	2 302	800	11 347	8 672	26 192	3 858	2 803	4 561	-	60 536	53 999	114 534
	2009/10	2 270	125	10 192	5 725	60 095	13 914	3 751	3 272	-	99 344	112 314	211 658
	2010/11	1 846	44	19 646	10 044	87 527	10 309	4 467	1 345	-	135 226	268 457	403 684

20 Total DFID and GPEX Expenditure by Broad Sector 2006/07-2010/11¹

		Financial Aid										Aid from other UK Official Sources		Total Bilateral Gross Public Expenditure
		General Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Sector Poverty Reduction Budget Support	Other Financial Aid ⁶	Technical Cooperation	Bilateral Aid Delivered through a Multilateral	Bilateral Aid Delivered through a NGO	Other Bilateral Aid ²	Humanitarian Assistance	Total DFID Debt Relief	Total DFID Bilateral Programme			
Research	2006/07	-	-	2 541	71 466	14 889	1 923	2	369	-	91 189	-	91 189	
	2007/08	-	-	4 523	82 296	15 980	1 813	-	653	-	105 264	1 484	106 748	
	2008/09	-	-	1 737	69 010	27 572	37 929	2 125	849	-	139 222	768	139 991	
	2009/10	-	-	2 417	35 741	42 720	60 568	4 506	374	-	146 325	1 002	147 327	
	2010/11	-	-	2 227	40 152	31 893	49 334	4 447	49	-	128 103	187	128 290	
Humanitarian Assistance	2006/07	-	17 500	-	-	-	-	-	306 281	-	323 781	51 290	375 071	
	2007/08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314 749	-	314 749	250	314 999	
	2008/09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	317 395	-	317 395	628	318 023	
	2009/10	-	-	4 350	786	8 131	18 326	-	405 658	-	437 250	699	437 949	
	2010/11	-	-	3 920	4 609	6 642	1 668	-	340 150	-	356 989	957	357 946	
Total Allocable	2006/07	297 553	166 064	427 744	506 346	461 500	303 959	15 973	363 641	-	2 542 780	68 803	2 611 583	
	2007/08	366 453	268 631	452 756	471 229	565 600	299 291	12 330	405 497	-	2 841 786	147 500	2 989 286	
	2008/09	392 748	255 920	516 213	509 508	653 482	450 062	17 030	429 065	-	3 224 028	721 459	3 945 456	
	2009/10	383 150	250 951	518 462	404 788	1 237 457	421 505	34 625	434 177	1 069	3 686 185	747 866	4 434 051	
	2010/11	360 467	283 204	549 973	455 200	1 446 231	450 159	75 996	343 583	199	3 965 012	933 519	4 898 531	
Non-Sector Allocable	2006/07	-	-	22 820	16 376	20 943	6 648	1 970	19 872	147 106	235 736	2 276 765	2 512 500	
	2007/08	-	-	3 901	3 058	11 209	1 224	69	25 275	71 386	116 124	411 980	528 103	
	2008/09	-	-	218	4 728	2 965	12 535	-	20 098	19 425	59 969	328 495	388 464	
	2009/10	-	-	355	15 123	27 258	177 929	43	378	50 992	272 078	59 606	331 684	
	2010/11	-	-	755	12 739	19 558	176 593	13	7 087	66 261	283 006	130 321	413 328	
Total	2006/07	297 553	166 064	450 565	522 722	482 442	310 607	17 943	383 513	147 106	2 778 516	2 345 566	5 124 083	
	2007/08	366 453	268 631	456 657	474 287	576 809	300 515	12 399	430 773	71 386	2 957 909	559 480	3 517 389	
	2008/09	392 748	255 920	516 431	514 235	656 448	462 597	17 030	449 163	19 425	3 283 996	1 049 954	4 333 950	
	2009/10	383 150	250 951	518 817	419 911	1 264 716	599 434	34 668	434 556	52 061	3 958 263	807 472	4 765 735	
	2010/11	360 467	283 204	550 728	467 939	1 465 789	626 752	76 009	350 669	66 460	4 248 018	1 063 841	5 311 859	

1. Descriptions of aid types given in Section 2.

2. Other Bilateral Aid covers bilateral aid not elsewhere classified.

3. Details on DFID Imputed Multilateral Shares are in Section 2; 2010/11 data are not yet available.

4. Effective from 2009/10 Programme Partnership Agreements were recoded from the Government & Civil Society sector to Non-Sector Allocable. This change has not been applied retrospectively.

21 DFID Bilateral Expenditure by Broad Sector and Region 2006/07-2010/11

£thousands

		Total Bilateral Programme	of which ¹				
			Africa	Asia	Europe	Americas	Pacific
Education	2006/07	382 775	193 653	147 034	408	12 131	240
	2007/08	361 603	209 252	124 334	185	2 842	193
	2008/09	450 973	248 395	175 860	1 825	1 693	197
	2009/10	395 049	222 232	164 700	787	1 967	12
	2010/11	560 907	322 400	186 131	487	17 642	-
Health	2006/07	504 983	222 763	194 319	3 192	4 722	125
	2007/08	554 284	269 465	204 865	3 439	4 751	139
	2008/09	684 931	351 164	251 975	1 876	3 909	206
	2009/10	683 289	327 066	246 526	1 601	5 043	23
	2010/11	830 109	363 074	210 379	- 618	2 103	-
Social Services	2006/07	101 952	56 978	34 702	3 660	2 323	219
	2007/08	136 842	80 443	46 467	3 022	2 211	245
	2008/09	164 822	108 045	44 950	2 679	5 210	189
	2009/10	238 093	78 791	46 266	4 732	2 580	21
	2010/11	310 396	121 013	82 960	1 844	1 522	-
Water Supply and Sanitation	2006/07	60 356	32 098	16 676	-	2	-
	2007/08	71 629	40 442	19 371	-	926	-
	2008/09	88 467	52 473	27 165	-	1 383	-
	2009/10	105 912	66 599	18 821	-	1 034	-
	2010/11	112 061	69 252	27 421	1 246	480	-
Government and Civil Society	2006/07	605 676	228 354	202 786	22 244	18 981	536
	2007/08	764 733	294 482	280 028	16 222	19 957	1 043
	2008/09	790 756	321 443	236 969	15 399	13 342	1 818
	2009/10	715 860	317 040	234 769	10 685	12 855	1 827
	2010/11	781 674	343 994	214 491	11 652	21 357	2 335
Economic	2006/07	445 721	165 659	188 933	7 807	8 392	500
	2007/08	494 945	255 496	170 304	7 071	5 281	141
	2008/09	526 925	232 756	194 240	5 946	10 024	234
	2009/10	865 063	303 912	211 896	875	18 930	4
	2010/11	749 546	319 112	213 782	3 022	9 236	112
Environment Protection	2006/07	26 347	4 813	11 710	83	2 690	-
	2007/08	37 738	8 039	19 398	656	2 010	28
	2008/09	60 536	15 155	19 539	1 047	3 449	-
	2009/10	99 344	19 961	30 784	816	3 239	-
	2010/11	135 226	26 214	29 599	-	3 838	-
Research	2006/07	91 189	4 461	5 723	158	1 306	-
	2007/08	105 264	7 819	6 076	62	796	-
	2008/09	139 222	12 045	6 414	88	537	-
	2009/10	146 325	19 571	6 272	61	195	-
	2010/11	128 103	16 843	5 770	- 170	8	-
Humanitarian Assistance	2006/07	323 781	187 708	63 937	1 306	1 015	-
	2007/08	314 749	162 791	38 858	-	6 210	-
	2008/09	317 395	177 566	106 271	3 199	8 485	-
	2009/10	437 250	274 529	114 980	991	18 344	100
	2010/11	356 989	212 567	109 950	26	8 305	-
Total Allocable	2006/07	2 542 780	1 096 486	865 820	38 858	51 563	1 619
	2007/08	2 841 786	1 328 230	909 700	30 657	44 984	1 788
	2008/09	3 224 028	1 519 040	1 063 384	32 059	48 032	2 645
	2009/10	3 686 185	1 629 701	1 075 015	20 548	64 187	1 987
	2010/11	3 965 012	1 794 468	1 080 483	17 489	64 490	2 447

21 DFID Bilateral Expenditure by Broad Sector and Region 2006/07-2010/11

£thousands

		Total Bilateral Programme	of which ¹				
			Africa	Asia	Europe	Americas	Pacific
Non-Sector Allocable	2006/07	235 736	115 345	33 901	2 957	20 080	402
	2007/08	116 124	17 449	20 877	342	5 252	-
	2008/09	59 969	13 812	24 376	1 821	5	144
	2009/10	272 078	10 996	14 129	305	503	155
	2010/11	283 006	72 694	12 960	379	2 343	191
Total	2006/07	2 778 516	1 211 831	899 721	41 815	71 644	2 022
	2007/08	2 957 909	1 345 679	930 577	30 998	50 236	1 788
	2008/09	3 283 996	1 532 852	1 087 760	33 880	48 036	2 790
	2009/10	3 958 263	1 647 482	1 089 144	20 853	64 690	2 142
	2010/11	4 248 018	1 867 162	1 093 443	17 868	66 833	2 638

1. Regional data will not sum to the total as some sector information is not allocable by region

Annex 1 - Recipient Country Information

	Population (millions) ¹	Commonwealth ²	Income Group ³	LDC ⁴	ODA Eligible Countries ⁵	HIPC ⁶	Gross National Income (US\$ billions) ⁷	Gross National Income per capita (US\$) ⁸
Afghanistan	29	.	L	✓	✓	✓	11	365
Albania	3	.	LM	.	✓	.	12	3 837
Algeria	34	.	LM	.	✓	.	144	4 194
Angola ³	18	.	L	✓	✓	.	60	3 343
Anguilla	..	OT	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
Antigua & Barbuda	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	13 199
Argentine Republic	40	.	UM	.	✓	.	287	7 186
Amenia	3	.	LM	.	✓	.	10	3 354
Azerbaijan	9	.	LM	.	✓	.	33	3 826
Bahamas	0	I	H	.	.	.	..	..
Bahrain	1	.	H	.	.	.	20	25 416
Bangladesh	160	I	L	✓	✓	.	83	521
Barbados	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
Belarus ³	10	.	UM	.	✓	.	52	5 364
Belize	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	3 740
Benin	9	.	L	✓	✓	✓	6	698
Bermuda	0	OT	H	.	.	.	..	..
Bhutan	1	.	L	✓	✓	.	1	1 903
Bolivia	10	.	LM	.	✓	✓	14	1 455
Bosnia & Herzegovina	4	.	LM	.	✓	.	17	4 521
Botswana	2	I	UM	.	✓	.	13	6 639
Brazil ³	192	.	UM	.	✓	.	1401	7 300
British Virgin Islands	0	OT	H	.	.	.	..	..
Brunei	0	I	H	.	.	.	10	26 930
Bulgaria ³	8	.	H	.	.	.	42	5 487
Burkina Faso	15	.	L	✓	✓	✓	7	478
Burma	50	.	L	✓	✓	.	..	..
Burundi	8	.	L	✓	✓	✓	1	135
Cambodia	15	.	L	✓	✓	.	9	635
Cameroon ³	19	I	LM	.	✓	✓	22	1 145
Cape Verde	0	.	LM	.	✓	.	1	2 805
Cayman Islands	0	OT	H	.	.	.	..	..
Central African Republic	4	.	L	✓	✓	✓	2	415
Chad	11	.	L	✓	✓	✓	6	538
Chile	17	.	UM	.	✓	.	157	9 370
China	1325	.	LM	.	✓	.	3888	2 935
Colombia	45	.	LM	.	✓	.	208	4 620
Comoros	1	.	L	✓	✓	✓	0	751
Congo (Dem Rep)	64	.	L	✓	✓	✓	10	152
Congo ³	4	.	LM	.	✓	✓	6	1 795
Cook Islands ³	0	O	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
Costa Rica	5	.	UM	.	✓	.	27	6 059
Cote d'Ivoire	21	.	L	.	✓	✓	20	984
Croatia	4	.	UM	.	✓	.	60	13 575
Cuba ³	11	.	UM	.	✓	.	..	..

Annex 1 - Recipient Country Information

	Population (millions) ¹	Commonwealth ²	Income Group ³	LDC ⁴	ODA Eligible Countries ⁵	HIPC ⁶	Gross National Income (US\$ billions) ⁷	Gross National Income per capita (US\$) ⁸
Cyprus	1	I	H	.	.	.	21	24 775
Czech Republic ³	10	.	H	.	.	.	174	16 654
Djibouti ³	1	.	L	✓	✓	.	1	1 126
Dominica	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	0	4 748
Dominican Republic	10	.	LM	.	✓	.	43	4 331
East Timor	1	.	L	✓	✓	.	3	2 464
Ecuador	13	.	LM	.	✓	.	50	3 694
Egypt	82	.	LM	.	✓	.	147	1 800
El Salvador	6	.	LM	.	✓	.	21	3 461
Equatorial Guinea ³	1	.	L	✓	✓	.	10	14 980
Eritrea	5	.	L	✓	✓	✓	1	303
Estonia ³	1	.	H	.	.	.	20	14 572
Ethiopia	81	.	L	✓	✓	✓	22	278
Falkland Islands	..	OT	H	.	.	.	..	..
Fiji ³	1	I	UM	.	✓	.	3	4 007
French Polynesia	0	.	H	.	.	.	..	..
Gabon	1	.	UM	.	✓	.	11	7 324
Gambia	2	I	L	✓	✓	✓	1	398
Georgia	4	.	LM	.	✓	.	11	2 503
Ghana	23	I	L	.	✓	✓	15	629
Gibraltar	..	OT	H	.	.	.	..	..
Grenada	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	5 878
Guatemala	14	.	LM	.	✓	.	37	2 676
Guinea	10	.	L	✓	✓	✓	3	354
Guinea-Bissau	2	.	L	✓	✓	✓	0	245
Guyana	1	I	LM	.	✓	✓	1	1 451
Haiti	10	.	L	✓	✓	✓	..	..
Honduras	7	.	LM	.	✓	✓	13	1 739
Hong Kong	7	.	H	.	.	.	219	31 422
Hungary ³	10	.	H	.	.	.	129	12 809
India ³	1140	I	LM	.	✓	.	1187	1 041
Indonesia	227	.	LM	.	✓	.	427	1 877
Iran	72	.	LM	.	✓	.	..	..
Iraq	31	.	LM	.	✓	.	..	..
Israel	7	.	H	.	.	.	181	24 716
Jamaica ³	3	I	UM	.	✓	.	13	4 801
Japan ⁹	128	.	H	.	.	.	4853	38 000
Jordan	6	.	LM	.	✓	.	20	3 467
Kazakhstan ³	16	.	UM	.	✓	.	97	6 165
Kenya	39	I	L	.	✓	.	28	733
Kiribati ³	0	I	L	✓	✓	.	0	2 041
Korea, Dem Rep (North)	49	.	L	.	✓	.	1046	21 526
Kosovo	..	.	LM	.	✓	.	..	..
Kuwait	3	.	H	.	.	.	..	..
Kyrgyzstan	5	.	L	.	✓	✓	4	781

Annex 1 - Recipient Country Information

	Population (millions) ¹	Commonwealth ²	Income Group ³	LDC ⁴	ODA Eligible Countries ⁵	HIPC ⁶	Gross National Income (US\$ billions) ⁷	Gross National Income per capita (US\$) ⁸
Laos	6	.	L	✓	✓	.	5	758
Latvia ³	2	.	H	.	.	.	27	11 859
Lebanon	4	.	UM	.	✓	.	28	6 779
Lesotho	2	l	L	✓	✓	.	2	1 063
Liberia	4	.	L	✓	✓	✓	1	170
Libya	6	.	UM	.	✓	.	78	12 379
Lithuania ³	3	.	H	.	.	.	40	11 872
Macedonia (FYR of)	2	.	LM	.	✓	.	8	4 131
Madagascar	19	.	L	✓	✓	✓	8	415
Malawi	15	l	L	✓	✓	✓	4	281
Malaysia	27	l	UM	.	✓	.	196	7 254
Maldives ³	0	l	L	✓	✓	.	1	3 639
Mali	13	.	L	✓	✓	✓	7	579
Malta	0	l	H	.	.	.	7	16 568
Marshall Islands ³	0	.	LM	.	✓	.	0	3 273
Mauritania	3	.	L	✓	✓	✓	3	820
Mauritius	1	l	UM	.	✓	.	8	6 697
Mayotte	0	.	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
Mexico	106	.	UM	.	✓	.	1062	9 990
Micronesia, Fed States ³	0	.	LM	.	✓	.	0	2 461
Moldova ³	4	.	LM	.	✓	.	5	1 470
Mongolia ³	3	.	LM	.	✓	.	4	1 670
Montenegro ³	1	.	UM	.	✓	.	4	6 661
Montserrat	..	OT	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
Morocco	32	.	LM	.	✓	.	81	2 556
Mozambique	22	l	L	✓	✓	✓	8	375
Namibia	2	l	LM	.	✓	.	9	4 212
Nauru	..	.	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
Nepal	29	.	L	✓	✓	.	12	400
Netherlands Antilles	0	.	H	.	.	.	..	..
New Caledonia	0	.	R	.	.	.	..	..
Nicaragua ³	6	.	LM	.	✓	✓	6	1 081
Niue	..	.	LM	.	✓	.	..	..
Niger	15	.	L	✓	✓	✓	5	328
Nigeria	151	l	L	.	✓	.	177	1 173
Oman	3	.	UM	.	✓	.	39	14 026
Pakistan	166	l	L	.	✓	.	157	947
Palau	0	.	UM	.	✓	.	0	8 633
Panama	3	.	UM	.	✓	.	23	6 692
Papua New Guinea ³	7	l	L	.	✓	.	7	1 036
Paraguay	6	.	LM	.	✓	.	13	2 107
Peru	29	.	LM	.	✓	.	115	3 990
Philippines	90	.	LM	.	✓	.	170	1 886
Pitcairn ³	0	OT	R	.	✓	.	..	..
Poland ³	38	.	H	.	.	.	447	11 727

Annex 1 - Recipient Country Information

	Population (millions) ¹	Commonwealth ²	Income Group ³	LDC ⁴	ODA Eligible Countries ⁵	HIPC ⁶	Gross National Income (US\$ billions) ⁷	Gross National Income per capita (US\$) ⁸
Qatar	1	.	H	.	.	.	..	..
Romania ³	22	.	H	.	.	.	178	8 280
Russian Federation ³	142	.	H	.	.	.	1371	9 660
Rwanda	10	.	L	✓	✓	✓	4	443
Samoa (Western) ³	0	I	L	✓	✓	.	1	2 819
Sao Tome & Principe	0	.	L	✓	✓	✓	0	1 025
Saudi Arabia	25	.	H	.	.	.	440	17 872
Senegal	12	.	L	✓	✓	✓	12	977
Serbia ³	7	.	UM	.	✓	.	41	5 593
Seychelles	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	10 218
Sierra Leone	6	I	L	✓	✓	✓	2	322
Singapore	5	I	H	.	.	.	168	34 762
Slovak Republic ³	5	.	H	.	.	.	90	16 589
Slovenia	2	.	H	.	.	.	49	24 228
Solomon Islands ³	1	I	L	✓	✓	.	1	1 014
Somalia	9	.	L	✓	✓	✓	..	..
South Africa	49	I	UM	.	✓	.	283	5 817
Sri Lanka	20	I	LM	.	✓	.	36	1 777
St Helena	0	OT	UM	.	✓	.	..	..
St Kitts & Nevis	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	10 875
St Lucia	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	5 413
St Vincent & Grenadines	0	I	UM	.	✓	.	1	5 046
Sudan	41	.	L	✓	✓	✓	46	1 105
Suriname ³	1	.	UM	.	✓	.	2	4 765
Swaziland	1	I	LM	.	✓	.	3	2 604
Syria	21	.	LM	.	✓	.	44	2 159
Tajikistan	7	.	L	.	✓	.	4	596
Tanzania	42	I	L	✓	✓	✓	18	432
Thailand	67	.	LM	.	✓	.	247	3 668
Togo	6	.	L	✓	✓	✓	3	409
Tokelau ³	..	.	LM	.	✓	.	..	..
Tonga ³	0	I	LM	.	✓	.	0	2 692
Trinidad & Tobago	1	I	UM	.	✓	.	22	16 586
Tunisia	10	.	LM	.	✓	.	36	3 482
Turkey	74	.	UM	.	✓	.	667	9 018
Turkmenistan	5	.	LM	.	✓	.	14	2 845
Turks & Caicos Islands ³	0	OT	H	.	.	.	..	..
Tuvalu ³	..	I	L	✓	✓	.	..	..
Uganda	32	I	L	✓	✓	✓	13	421
Ukraine	46	.	LM	.	✓	.	149	3 213
United Arab Emirates	4	.	H	.	.	.	..	..
Uruguay	3	.	UM	.	✓	.	28	8 259
Uzbekistan	27	.	L	.	✓	.	25	906
Vanuatu ³	0	I	L	✓	✓	.	..	..
Venezuela	28	.	UM	.	✓	.	258	9 231

Annex 1 - Recipient Country Information

	Population (millions) ¹	Commonwealth ²	Income Group ³	LDC ⁴	ODA Eligible Countries ⁵	HIPC ⁶	Gross National Income (US\$ billions) ⁷	Gross National Income per capita (US\$) ⁸
Vietnam	86	.	L	.	✓	.	77	891
Wallis and Futuna	..	.	LM	.	✓	.	..	..
West Bank & Gaza	4	.	LM	.	✓	.	4	1 131
Yemen	23	.	L	✓	✓	.	22	956
Zambia	13	I	L	✓	✓	✓	12	950
Zimbabwe	12	.	L	.	✓	.	4	358

1. Data is based on 2008 World Bank Population Data.

2. Commonwealth countries are divided into 3 types: Independent Commonwealth (I), Overseas territory (OT) and Other (O).

3. There are 4 Income Groups: L = Low, LM = Lower Middle, UM = Upper Middle, H = High, R = Regional is used where an income group cannot be allocated. Income groups are classified using 2007 GNI per capita thresholds. Those countries footnoted have changed income group based on the new 2007 GNI per capita ratios. For more information, please see glossary.

4. LDC = Least Developed Country. For more information, please see glossary.

5. Only countries included in the DAC List are eligible to receive Official Development Assistance.

See 'What counts as aid' in Section 1 for more details.

6. HIPC = Heavily Indebted Poor Countries. See glossary for details.

7. Data are in US \$ converted using the World Bank Atlas method and are for 2008. For a full definition of GNI, please see glossary.

8. Gross National Income divided by mid-year population.

9. Japan received humanitarian assistance in 2010/11.

Annex 2 - GLOSSARY

(Items which are underlined have separate entries elsewhere in the Glossary)

Administrative costs

DFID administrative costs cover the total cost of delivering all DFID's programmes. They include UK based and local staff, consultants, travel, rents and communications. They also cover expenditure in respect of residual rent liability on the Chatham Maritime site arising from the terms agreed for the privatization of DFID's former Next Steps agency, the Natural Resources Institute. Other administrative costs cover the overseas costs of staff in agreed diplomatic posts concerned with full time administration of aid delivery. Under DAC definitions all these items are wholly ODA eligible.

DFID administrative costs presented in *SID* are not directly comparable to those presented in DFID's Resource Accounts due to some differences in methodology and definitions. The major difference is in the treatment of Programme Funded Administrative costs. In *SID*, Programme Funded Admin is defined as administration costs, which is in line with DAC definitions. Whereas Programme Funded Admin is classified as programme expenditure in the Resource Accounts.

GPEX and ODA also include administrative costs of other government departments or agencies which only cover ODA eligible administration costs. The FCO's admin costs are currently the focus of ongoing methodological work to establish a more precise estimate, including those associated with diplomatic staff.

Aid

SID presents three concepts of aid to developing countries: the DFID programme of aid; Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX); and Official Development Assistance (ODA). The DAC maintain a list of Recipients of Official Development Assistance (ODA). There are also some countries to which the UK gives aid that is not classified as ODA. Further discussion is found in Section 2.

Attribution of EC budgetary spending

The UK is attributed a share of the EC's External Assistance Budget based on total UK contributions to the EC. Each budget line within the External Assistance Budget is attributed to either DFID or Other UK Government Departments based on the aim of the budget line (development, conflict prevention, improving international relations). To calculate DFID's

attribution, 14.7 per cent¹ (the UK's share of EC expenditure in 2010) of each budget line attributed to DFID is totalled. The attribution for Other UK Government Departments uses the same method.

Not all of the EC External Assistance Budget scores as ODA. It is not straightforward to provide a precise figure for the share of individual UK Government Department's attribution which should score as ODA. As such UK ODA figures include a single figure for the UK share of EC ODA.

Most of the UK's share of EC expenditure for developing countries is attributed to the DFID programme and is shown under multilateral contributions (Table 18).

Bank lending

This refers to net lending to countries on the DAC List of ODA Recipients by banks in OECD countries. Loans from Central Monetary Authorities are excluded. In *Statistics on International Development*, figures obtained from the Bank of England, are shown in Table 6.

Bilateral aid

Bilateral aid covers all aid provided by donor countries when the recipient country, sector or project is known. Core contributions to development organisations not on the DAC list of Multilateral Organisations is also classed as bilateral aid (for example the Education Fast Track Initiative). Core contributions to organizations on the DAC list of Multilateral Organisations in support of their development programme is classed as multilateral aid.

Bilateral Aid Delivered Through a Multilateral Organisation

This aid type covers funding that is channelled through a multilateral organisation and DFID has control over the country, sector or theme that the funds will be spent on. For example, this includes contributions to multi donor trust funds and special appeals managed by multilateral agencies such as the Environmental Transformation Fund (£250m in 2010/11) and UNITAID (£98m in 2010/11).

Bilateral Aid Delivered Through an NGO

This aid type includes DFID bilateral programme that is channelled through UK or international Not for Profit Organisations, such as NGOs or Civil Society Organisations. It contains both funding for specific projects and core funding i.e. when DFID has no control over the sector or recipient country.

¹ This proportion is provisional and was correct at the time of writing. The final proportion is unlikely to vary widely from the provisional figure.

British Council

The British Council is the UK's international organisation for educational opportunities and cultural relations. The FCO supports the British Council through grant-in-aid funding. This funding goes to support a range of initiatives including building the capacity and quality of English language teaching; supporting education systems; and using cultural exchange to improve economic welfare. UK ODA statistics include the proportion of this work which is clearly focussed on delivering economic welfare and development in ODA eligible countries². The British Council's aid activities in developing countries are reported by the FCO and are shown in Table 2.

CDC Group PLC (formerly Commonwealth Development Corporation)

CDC was transformed from a statutory corporation into a public limited company in December 1999, paving the way for it to become a Public/Private Partnership. From 1999 to 2004 it traded as CDC Capital Partners. From July 2004, most of the operational staff, including all overseas offices, transferred to a new company called Actis Capital LLP, which was de-merged from CDC. Actis has a majority of private sector partners and manages some of CDC's investments under contract. CDC Group PLC itself remains wholly Government-owned and is now the UK government's instrument for investing in the private sector in developing economies (it does so through fund management companies). The conditions under which the CDC operates means that its investments must have a clear development objective. It provides equities to companies in ODA eligible countries, and these disbursements and repayments are included as UK flows. The net amount (i.e. equity purchase less equity sales) of CDC investments in ODA-eligible countries is reported as ODA.

Chevening Scholarships

Chevening Scholarships fund international students who want to study in the UK. Largely funded by the FCO, the Scholarship scheme also receives significant contributions from universities and other organisations in the UK, and from a wide range of overseas sponsors including governmental and private sector bodies, with which the FCO have partnership agreements. The programme is managed by the British Council, on behalf of the FCO, both in the UK and overseas. Funding from this scheme to students from ODA eligible countries are included in UK ODA and GPEX statistics.

Civil Society Organisations (CSOs)

Non-governmental organisations, trade unions, and church faith and community groups have a long and impressive record of involvement in international development. These civil society

² DFID, FCO and the British Council are working together to identify further ways in which grant-in-aid funding can be used to deliver ODA.

organisations and networks can play a vital role in empowering poor people overseas and in building global alliances in support of eliminating world poverty.

Colonial Pensions

These are pension payments made to ex-members of the UK Overseas Civil Service who were employed directly by developing country governments. These payments are administered by DFID but they do not are not sourced from DFID Departmental Expenditure Limit (DEL).

Concessional

A loan, the terms of which are more favourable to the borrower than those currently attached to commercial market terms is described as concessional (or a soft loan) and the degree of concessionality is expressed as its grant element.

Conflict Pool

The Conflict Pool is the principal mechanism by which the Government allocates joint resources in support of its commitments to prevent and tackle conflict, as set out in the Building Stability Overseas Strategy. It focuses on discretionary conflict prevention, stabilisation, and peacekeeping activities. Its resources for 2011/12 to 2014/15 were set by the 2010 Spending Review through a joint conflict settlement. This settlement is additional to departmental budgets, and is managed jointly by the Department for International Development (DFID), Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO), and Ministry of Defence (MoD). It brings together diplomatic, defence and development capabilities into an integrated, cross-government response to instability and conflict overseas.

The Conflict Pool combines ODA and non-ODA resources. The figures quoted in Table 2 for the Conflict Pool represent the ODA amounts actually disbursed through FCO/ MoD systems. All Conflict Pool funds disbursed by DFID are ODA eligible and are included in the DFID Bilateral Programme.

Country Specific

In this publication “Country Specific Bilateral expenditure” refers to spend which can be allocated to a specific recipient country. This excludes regional expenditure and projects that are not allocable geographically. Table 15 provides a breakdown for country specific expenditure.

This definition includes funding from all spending divisions with DFID, regardless of whether or not the division is a country programme or an international/policy programme.

Country Programme and International/ Policy Programmes

DFID's programme is allocated to budget lines for either: a) dedicated country/ regional aid programmes or b) international/ policy programmes. Country programmes are divisions within DFID which work in specific countries e.g. to East & Central Africa Division or Asia Division. International/ policy programmes are divisions which work on a policy area or with international organisations e.g. Policy & Research Division, or International Relations Division. More details on DFID budget allocations by programme is published in DFID's Resource Accounts which is available on the DFID website.

Country Programme aid is different to country specific aid, which is based on the recipient country of the funding and not DFID division.

DAC List of Recipients of Official Development Assistance (ODA)

The DAC List of ODA Recipients is designed for statistical purposes. It helps to measure and classify aid and other resource flows originating in DAC countries. It is not designed as a guide to eligibility for aid or other preferential treatment. In particular, geographical aid allocations are national policy decisions and responsibilities.

Countries are divided into income groups based on Gross National Income (GNI) per capita as reported by the World Bank, with the Least Developed Countries (LDCs), as defined by the United Nations, separately identified. Countries that have exceeded the high-income threshold for three consecutive years at the time of the review are removed from the List. The DAC List is reviewed every three years.

Debt relief

See Annex 3: Debt Relief

Developing countries (Annex 1)

Developing countries are those countries and territories in the DAC List of Recipients of Official Development Assistance (ODA).

Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

The Development Assistance Committee of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) is a forum for consultation among 23 donor countries, together with the European Commission, on how to increase the level and effectiveness of aid flows to all aid recipient countries. The member countries are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark,

Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK and USA.

The DAC sets the definitions and criteria for aid statistics internationally. Statistical Directives exist to encourage comparability of reporting of resource flows by DAC members. An updated version of these was approved in 2000. The countries receiving aid are set out in the DAC List of Recipients of Official Development Assistance (ODA).

DFID programme

This term covers all DFID expenditure on development assistance. The DFID programme comprises:

- Bilateral aid to developing countries, where DFID has control of the recipient country or sector and includes activities funded from the conflict pools jointly managed by DFID, MOD and the FCO.
- Multilateral aid, including core funding to multilateral organisations such as UN agencies, the World Bank and the UK share of EC development programmes.
- Administration costs.

Direct investment

This is investment that adds to, or acquires, a lasting interest in an enterprise operating in an aid recipient country, the investor's purpose being to have an effective voice in the management of the enterprise. It is measured as the change in the net worth of branches, subsidiaries, or associate companies to the investing company. Direct Investment is shown in Table 6.

Environmental Transformation Fund (ETF)

The aim of the joint DFID/ DECC fund, known as the international Environmental Transformation Fund, is to support development and poverty reduction through better environmental management, and help developing countries respond to the realities of climate change.

Export Credit Guarantee Department (ECGD)

ECGD is an agency of the Department of Trade and Industry and provides insurance for exporters against the main risks in selling overseas, and guarantees to banks providing export finance. It also negotiates debt relief arrangements on commercial debt.

Payments by the ECGD to commercial banks, enabling them to maintain internationally agreed interest rates for export credits for trade with aid recipient countries, are known as International

Stabilisation Grants. These are included in Other Official Flows (OOF) but are excluded from GPEX as they are not developmental. ECGD debt relief is included in GPEX.

Export credits

Export credits finance the supply of goods and services to aid recipient countries. Only credits with an initial or extended maturity of over one year are included in total flows of resources. Private export credits are those made available by the private, bank and non-bank, sector. Guaranteed export credits are those parts of private export credits guaranteed by ECGD.

Financial aid

In *Statistics on International Development* the term Financial Aid covers Poverty Reduction Budget Support (PRBS) and other financial aid provided to partner country governments (i.e. projects and programmes including sector wide approaches not classified as PRBS).

The term 'financial aid' is sometimes used in a wider sense to mean a grant which is the subject of a formal arrangement with the recipient government or institution. This would cover all bilateral aid other than technical co-operation and administrative costs. In *Statistics on International Development*, bilateral financial aid expenditure is sub-divided into PRBS (General and Sector), Other Financial Aid, Other Bilateral Aid, Humanitarian Assistance and Debt Relief.

General Budget Support

See **Poverty Reduction Budget Support**

Gift Aid

Gift Aid refers to tax that is reclaimed by UK charities from the HMRC on donations made by UK taxpayers. Previously, this was estimated by DFID through an annual Voluntary Agencies Survey. Following a review of the cost of this survey versus the impact of the results (Gift Aid reported in 2009/10 was less than 1% of total ODA), it was decided to estimate this figure through a different method. This method applied the proportion of Gift Aid paid to charities active in development in 2009/10 to the total amount of Gift Aid paid to charities by HMRC in 2010/11. This provides a conservative estimate due to non-response to the 2009 Voluntary Agencies Survey. Options for estimating Gift Aid in future years are currently under consideration.

The estimate of Gift Aid for UK Civil Society Organisations is included in ODA and GPEX (shown in Table 2).

Governance and Transparency Fund (GTF)

The Governance and Transparency fund is a one-off fund which has been designed to help citizens hold their governments to account through strengthening the wide range of groups that can empower and support them. Table 19 shows how much DFID has funded through the GTF in 2010/11.

Grants by private organisations

This comprises all expenditure by UK voluntary agencies on development assistance and relief to recipient countries, to multilateral agencies or to private international organisations for the benefit of recipient countries net of any support from official sources.

Gross National Income (GNI) - formerly Gross National Product (GNP)

GNI comprises the total value of goods and services produced within a country (i.e. its Gross Domestic Product or GDP), together with income received from other countries (notably interest and dividends), less similar payments made to other countries.

Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX)

GPEX is expenditure by all official UK sources (i.e. government departments and public bodies such as CDC), on aid to developing countries on the DAC list of ODA eligible countries and multilateral organisations and some other countries, which meets the criteria for developmental Official Flows agreed by the DAC.

Guaranteed export credits

See **Export credits**.

High income countries (HIC)

See Income groups and Annex 1.

Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC)

See Annex 3 – Debt Relief.

HIPC Trust Fund

See Annex 3 – Debt Relief.

Humanitarian assistance

Humanitarian assistance generally involves support to humanitarian organisations and the provision of material aid (including food, shelter and medical care), personnel, and advice in order to:

- save lives, alleviate suffering and maintain human dignity during and in the aftermath of man-made crises and natural disasters;
- reduce the incidence of refugees and internally displaced people;
- hasten recovery and protect and rebuild livelihoods and communities;
- reduce risks and vulnerability to future crises, including strengthening preparedness measures.

DFID provides funding to certain UN agencies (mainly WFP, UNICEF, OCHA, UNHCR and WHO) for their humanitarian assistance programmes in individual countries. These amounts are recorded as bilateral disaster relief as DFID has influence over the use and destination of the funds. DFID also gives core funding to these organisations where we do not specify the recipient of the funding; this is classified as multilateral aid.

DFID also channels assistance through Civil Society Organisations, such as the Red Cross, as a means of providing humanitarian assistance to individual countries. These contributions are recorded as bilateral aid as the destination country is known.

Income groups

The categorisation of recipient countries by income groups is based on Gross National Income (GNI) per capita figures as reported by the World Bank. The income groups used in Table 15 and 17 of this publication are based on the 2007 GNI per capita data and according to the thresholds set out below:

- **low income group**: countries with a GNI per capita in 2007 of \$935 or less;
- **lower middle income group**: countries with a GNI per capita in 2007 of \$936 or above but not exceeding \$3,705;
- **upper middle income group**: countries with a GNI per capita in 2007 of \$3,706 or above but not exceeding \$11,455;
- **high income group**: countries with a GNI per capita in 2007 of \$11,456 or above.

These thresholds will be updated by the DAC for reporting of 2011 ODA.

Input Sector Codes

See **Sector**

Least developed country (LDC)

In the mid 1960s, 24 developing countries were identified as having particularly severe long term constraints on development. They were assessed on three criteria: per capita GDP, manufacturing base and literacy. Inclusion on the list of LDCs as defined by the United Nations is now assessed on two main criteria: economic diversity and quality of life. The total number of LDCs since 31 March 2004 is 49 and they are identified in Annex 1.

Low income countries (LIC)

See **Income groups** and Annex 1.

Lower middle income countries (LMIC)

See **Income groups** and Annex 1.

Multilateral aid

This is aid delivered in the form of core contributions to organisations on the DAC List of Multilateral Organisations. A core contribution is when DFID does not specify the recipient or sector of the contribution and funds are transferred into the general budget of a multilateral and are not separately identifiable from other donor's contributions. DFID aid delivered through a multilateral organisation where the recipient country, sector or project is known is classed as bilateral aid.

Some international bodies conduct activities that benefit both developing and developed countries. The DAC have agreed proportions that account for the activities of these organisations that focus on developing countries. When ODA is reported these agreed proportions are applied to core contributions. For example, when reporting core contributions to UNESCO only 60% is reportable as ODA. In this publication these proportions have only been applied to ODA figures, the tables on GPEX and the DFID programme show the whole contribution to multilateral organisations.

Multilateral Debt Relief (MDRI)

See **Annex 3 – Debt Relief**.

Official and Private Flows

The flow of resources to aid recipient countries is a term used in DAC reporting and corresponds broadly to the following transactions with recipient countries and multilateral institutions (for the benefit of recipient countries).

- Grants and long term capital transactions effected by governments or the official sector of DAC countries;
- Private flows which are long term (over one year) capital transactions by UK residents (as defined for balance of payment purposes) with aid recipient countries, or through multilateral agencies for the benefit of such countries. They include all forms of investment, including bank lending and export credits where the original maturity exceeds one year. Private flows are reported to DAC separately for direct investment, export credits and bank lending. Figures can be seen in Table 6.
- Grants by private voluntary agencies (often referred to as "private grants").

It excludes:

- **military equipment or services:** grants, official loans, or credits (guaranteed or not) for the supply or financing of military equipment or services. However from 1993 onwards forgiveness of debt generated by military lending is recorded as OOF.
- **transfers to private individuals:** transfer payments to private individuals are not included unless they are part of technical co-operation or relief programmes.
- **transfers by private individuals:** private payments are excluded except for grants by private voluntary organisations for development assistance and welfare purposes (see third bullet above).

Official Development Assistance (ODA)

Official development assistance is defined as those flows to developing countries and multilateral institutions provided by official agencies or by their executive agencies, each transaction of which meets the following tests:

- it is administered with the promotion of the economic development and welfare of developing countries as its main objective; and
- it is concessional in character and conveys a grant element of at least 25 per cent.

Official development assistance is shown both gross and net of loan repayments. From 2005 only aid to countries on the DAC List of Recipients of Official Development Assistance is eligible to be recorded as ODA.

The UN target for aid (0.7 per cent), endorsed in 1970 by the UN General Assembly, is expressed in terms of net ODA (i.e. after deduction of loan capital (i.e. principal) repayments) as a percentage of Gross National Income.

Other Bilateral Aid

This aid type covers bilateral aid that is not elsewhere classified, i.e. it is not defined as PRBS, Technical Assistance, or Debt Relief and it is not delivered by a multilateral organization or an NGO. It includes:

- Funding to other donors for shared development purposes.
- Small Grants Scheme (an amalgamation of the former British Partnership Scheme and the Heads of Mission Gift Scheme). The Small Grants Scheme allows Heads of UK Diplomatic Missions to finance projects in line with DFID objectives costing up to £100,000 a year, with an annual ceiling which is normally £200,000. (This is administered by the FCO from 1 April 2005.)
- Funding of land and geological surveys in developing countries.
- Provision of books, equipment and other supplies in addition to those supplied through the Small Grants Scheme.

Other Official Flows (OOF)

Other Official Flows are defined as flows to developing countries by the official sector which do not satisfy both criteria necessary for ODA (i.e. can be either non-concessional and convey a grant element of less than 25 per cent or non-developmental purposes or both).

Partnership Programme Agreements (PPAs)

These are strategic level agreements between DFID and UK civil society organisations with which it has significant working relationships and shared objectives. The PPA sets out at a strategic level how the two partners will work together to meet the Millennium Development Goals. Table 19 shows how much DFID has funded through PPAs in 2010/11 and is broken down by organisation.

Poverty Reduction Budget Support

Poverty Reduction Budget Support (PRBS) can take the form of a general contribution to the overall budget (general budget support) or support with a more restricted focus (sector budget support). PRBS is aid which is:

- Provided in support of a government policy and expenditure programme whose long-term objective is poverty reduction;
- Spent using national (or sub-national) financial management, procurement and accountability systems, although provided the recipient government's Public Financial Management Administration (PFMA) systems remain the principle means by which fiduciary risk is managed, additional safeguards may be agreed to where necessary;
- Normally transferred to the central exchequer account, but may be transferred to a sector specific bank account or sub-national level bank account over which government has full financial authority³;

And, in the case of sector budget support

- Earmarked for expenditure either in a particular sector, sub sector, programme, or set of expenditure lines, but where the use of DFID funds cannot be tracked to the level of goods and services.

Private Flows

See **Official and Private Flows**

Promissory notes

Promissory notes are a method of funding multilateral organisations where DFID 'deposits' funds with the Bank of England. Multilateral organisations then 'encash' these funds as they need them. They include capital subscriptions to the World Bank, the Regional Development Banks, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria, GEF and the Montreal Protocol.

When reporting internationally, DFID reports the deposits of its promissory notes. However, previous to the 2007/08 edition of SID, DFID reported its promissory notes encashments. Within this publication, promissory note deposits are reported, consistent with DFID's international reporting.

³ The sub-national authority must have a significant level of policy and budgetary authority. This would exclude many local government bodies, but include states and provinces within large federal countries with significant power.

Regional Development Banks

International Development Banks, which serve particular regions, for example the African Development Bank or the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Resource accounting

Resource Accounts are an accrual-based approach to Government accounting that adopts a commercial style of preparation in line with generally accepted accounting practice. Accruals accounting is a method of recording expenditure as it is incurred, not when it is paid out, and income as it is earned, not when it is received. Resource Accounting requires departments to report on and manage all assets and liabilities and takes account of non-cash charges not previously recognized under cash accounting such as depreciation and capital charges. Resource accounts also provide information on how resources have been used to meet objectives.

Under Resource Accounting, expenditure is recorded at the time goods and services are consumed rather than when payments are brought to book.

Statistics on International Development continues to be produced on a cash basis in line with international reporting practices and so the data contained in *Statistics on International Development* is not directly comparable with the data published in DFID's Resource Accounts.

The following table provides a reconciliation from a cash to resource basis:

	£m
Total DFID Expenditure (SID cash basis)	7,689
EC Attribution outturn used in SID	- 833
Gibraltar pensions	7
Other non-aid expenditure	- 7
Other adjustments	2
Total DFID Expenditure (Resource basis)¹	6,858

1. Excluding EC attribution.

Sector

The areas of the recipient countries' economic or social structure that aid is intended to support. DFID categorises its aid into broad sectors: Education; Health; Social Services; Water Supply and Sanitation; Government & Civil Society; Economic; Environment Protection; Research; Humanitarian Assistance; and Non-Sector Allocable.

DFID introduced a new set of sector codes in 2007/08, more closely aligned with the codes used internationally by the OECD DAC. Earlier projects have been mapped to new classifications although there may be some discontinuity in more detailed sectors but the effect on the broad sectors presented in this publication will be small. This means the sector analysis presented in Tables 5 and 6 are based on a new set of broad sectors and will differ compared to data published before 2007/08.

Sector Budget Support

See **Poverty Reduction Budget Support**

Technical Co-operation (TC)

Technical Co-operation is the provision of know-how in the form of personnel, training, research and associated costs. It covers primarily:

- Consultancies: the provision of assistance to recipient countries in the form of contracted specialists.
- Knowledge and Research: includes grants for agreed programmes of research and development at UK institutions (sometimes in collaboration with non-UK institutions) which will be of benefit to assisted countries.

It also includes:

- Training and Scholarships: the provision of assistance in the form of training for persons from aid recipient countries. The training may be provided in the UK, in the home country of the student, or in a third country. Training provided under the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan, the Shared Scholarship Scheme and Training through Country Programmes is managed directly by, or on behalf of, DFID.

Increasingly training is also being provided by means of short in-country courses as part of, or in association with, country projects. This is not fully captured at present in the statistics on training. The costs of these activities are included within projects and programmes.

UNITAID

UNITAID is an International Drug Purchase Facility hosted by the World Health Organisation (WHO). The aim of UNITAID is to contribute to scaling up access to treatment for HIV/AIDS, malaria and tuberculosis, primarily for people in low-income countries, by leveraging price reductions for quality diagnostics and medicines and accelerating the pace at which these are made available⁴.

⁴ UNITAID website: <http://www.unitaid.eu>

Upper middle income countries (UMIC)

See **Income groups** and Annex 1.

Voted funds

Voted funds are those funds approved by Parliament for public expenditure. Details are contained in the supply estimates.

Introduction

1. Debt is a major development issue. There is widespread support for lifting the burden of debt from the poorest countries. **Debt relief frees developing countries from their debt service payments. They can then use these savings to contribute to poverty reduction.**
2. The UK provides 100 per cent irrevocable debt relief for Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) on debts owed to DFID, the CDC Group PLC and Export Credit Guarantee Department (ECGD)¹. We make contributions to the international costs of HIPC and Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative (MDRI). Our contribution to the cost of HIPC debt relief is part of our overall replenishment funding of the World Bank and the African Development Fund (ADF). We also make full additional annual contributions to the World Bank and African Development Bank (AfDB) to compensate them for the costs of debt relief under the MDRI, as well as a contribution to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in 2005/06. Our contributions to the World Bank and AfDB have been reported from 2006/07, when the MDRI was launched.

Debt Terminology

3. A country's debt can be described in terms of 'principal' and 'interest'. The principal is the amount of the original loan still outstanding. A country's debt stock is the outstanding principal, plus any interest accrued (as well as any penalties incurred for failure to make debt service payments).
4. Debt relief can take various forms, including:
 - **Debt cancellation** (sometimes called stock relief) – partial or 100 per cent reduction of amounts outstanding (principal and/or interest);
 - **Debt rescheduling** where payments (interest and/or principal) are delayed or rearranged;

¹ See Glossary for a description of CDC and ECGD.

- **Flow relief** – partial or 100 per cent debt service payments.
5. **Decisions** to award a particular type of debt relief, for example, under the HIPC Initiative, are usually made by international consensus. All creditors participating in the HIPC Initiative are then expected to deliver agreed (or better) terms. Bilateral deals can also take place between creditors and debtor governments. The Paris Club is the main forum for agreeing treatment of bilateral (government to government) debt.

The Paris Club

6. The Paris Club is an informal group of government creditors who work together to find co-ordinated and sustainable solutions to payment difficulties experienced by debtor nations. The UK is a permanent member of the Paris Club.
7. To the end of 2010, the Paris Club, or ad hoc groups of Paris Club creditors, has reached just over 421 agreements (with 9 in 2010 and 7 in 2009) concerning 88 debtor countries. Debt treatments in the Paris Club can take various forms. Details of the options and terms available are given in the Glossary.

The Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) Initiative

8. The HIPC Initiative was launched by the World Bank and the IMF in 1996 to reduce the debts of the poorest and most indebted countries to sustainable levels. The majority of bilateral (government) and multilateral creditors (such as the World Bank, IMF and Regional Development Banks) have agreed to participate.
9. The HIPC Initiative was strengthened in 1999 and re-launched as the enhanced HIPC Initiative (e-HIPC). This provided more relief for more countries more quickly and it put poverty reduction at the heart of debt relief. To be eligible, countries must demonstrate their commitment to sound economic management (and the implementation of an IMF programme) and poverty reduction (through the implementation of a national Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper, PRSP). A PRSP analyses poverty in the country and sets out what the government will do to reduce it. The strategy also contains expenditure frameworks which indicate how resources, including savings from debt relief, will be allocated.

10. Debt relief under HIPC is delivered in two stages. Initially countries work towards '**Decision Point**' by developing a PRSP, and establishing a track record of sound economic management, generally under an IMF Poverty Reduction and Growth Trust (PRGT) funded programme. When these standards have been met, interim debt relief is delivered, meaning that debt service payments are considerably reduced. Countries then work towards '**Completion Point**' and irrevocable debt stock cancellation by implementing their PRSP for at least a year. They must also continue their sound economic management under an IMF programme, as well as implementing any other reforms ("triggers") they agreed to undertake at Decision Point. 'Decision Point' and 'Completion Point' status is decided by the Executive Boards of the IMF and World Bank and subsequently by the Board of the relevant Regional Development Bank. The Paris Club group then follows this lead.
11. Overall, debt relief worth over \$72 billion has been agreed under HIPC for 36 countries so far. This has reduced their debts, on average, by around two-thirds, and freed up roughly \$1 billion a year for spending on poverty reduction.
12. The table on the following page shows the progress of eligible countries through the HIPC Initiative. Thirty-two countries have now completed the HIPC Initiative and received irrevocable debt relief. Four other countries are receiving interim relief. A further four countries are eligible for HIPC but have yet to progress through the Initiative. For the remaining countries slow progress through HIPC is often the result of governance problems or conflict. A further two eligible countries, Sri Lanka and Lao PDR, have decided not to participate in HIPC.

Implementation status of Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) Initiative

	Decision Point Date	Completion Point Date
Countries at Completion Point		
Afghanistan	July 2007	Jan 2010
Benin	July 2000	Mar 2003
Bolivia	Feb 2000	Jun 2001
Burkina Faso	July 2000	April 2002
Burundi	Aug 2005	Jan 2009
Cameroon	Oct 2000	Apr 2006
Central African Republic	Sept 2007	June 2009
Congo (Dem Rep)	July 2003	June 2010
Ethiopia	Nov 2001	April 2004
Gambia	Dec 2000	Dec 2007
Ghana	Feb 2002	July 2004
Guinea-Bissau	Dec 2000	Dec 2010
Guyana	Nov 2000	Dec 2003
Haiti	Nov 2006	June 2009
Honduras	July 2000	April 2005
Liberia	Mar 2008	June 2010
Madagascar	Dec 2000	Oct 2004
Malawi	Dec 2000	Aug 2006
Mali	Sept 2000	Mar 2003
Mauritania	Feb 2000	June 2002
Mozambique	Apr 2000	Sept 2001
Nicaragua	Dec 2000	Jan 2004
Niger	Dec 2000	April 2004
Rwanda	Dec 2000	April 2005
Sao Tome and Principe	Dec 2000	May 2007
Senegal	June 2000	April 2004
Sierra Leone	Mar 2002	Dec 2006
Tanzania	April 2000	Nov 2001
Togo	Nov 2008	Dec 2010
Uganda	Feb 2000	May 2000
Zambia	Dec 2000	April 2005
Countries at Decision Point (interim relief)		
Chad	May 2001	
Comoros	Jun 2010	
Cote D'Ivoire	April 2009	
Guinea	Dec 2000	
Pre-Decision Point Countries		
Eritrea		
Kyrgyz Republic		
Somalia		
Sudan		
In addition, two eligible countries have opted not to participate in HIPC at this stage:		
Lao PDR and Sri Lanka		

DFID Aid Debts

13. DFID has cancelled all of its aid debts for low income countries by **Retrospective Terms Adjustment (RTA)**, providing over £1.3 billion of debt relief since 1978.
14. Debt relief is cancelled by the benefiting country during the year the terms are agreed. However, for RTA, *Statistics on International Development* reflects the money available to the country each year that would otherwise have been spent on debt servicing by reporting annual sums of debt relief. This is, effectively, converting loans to grants.
15. The outstanding amount still to be reported under RTA reduced to a minimal level by 2006/07. As such, the outstanding sum that would normally be reported each year in SID was combined into a single lump sum that was reported in SID 2007. As such 2006/07 was the final year for which SID reported RTA debt relief¹.
16. In September 1997, the UK also launched the **Commonwealth Debt Initiative (CDI)** to provide relief on the remaining aid debts of lower-middle income Commonwealth countries. In order to benefit, countries were required to demonstrate their commitment to poverty reduction and the Millennium Development Goals, sound economic management, accountable and transparent governance and efforts to reduce corruption. To date, 12 countries (predominantly in the Caribbean) have benefited from debt relief under CDI. Under CDI, assessment either recommended the debt was written off in perpetuity or written off annually subject to assessment each time

Multilateral Debt Relief

17. Despite the successes of HIPC, debt owed by the poorest countries to multilateral institutions such as the World Bank, African Development Bank and IMF remained a significant burden to them. The UK therefore used its Presidencies of the G8 and EU in 2005 to promote 100 per cent debt relief by multilateral institutions to match the 100 per cent relief already being given by many bilateral creditors.
18. In 2005, the G8 agreed a proposal for a **Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative (MDRI)** that would cancel 100 per cent of the remaining debts of HIPCs to the concessional lending

¹ Due to a change of policy at the DAC all remaining RTA debt relief was reported to the DAC in a lump sum in 1999.

arms of the World Bank (IDA), IMF and African Development Bank (AfDB). Following agreement by the Boards of Governors of the World Bank, IMF and AfDF, the MDRI was implemented in 2006. Overall MDRI is worth over \$50 billion to 40 countries, resulting in 100 per cent debt cancellation when countries reach HIPC 'Completion Point'. So far, MDRI has delivered over US\$51 billion worth of debt cancellation.

19. Donors agreed to fully compensate the Banks for the debt service that HIPC countries would otherwise have paid. These additional funds will be allocated to all poor countries using the institutions' performance-based allocation systems. After 'Completion Point' is achieved, no further conditions are attached to MDRI and post-Completion Point HIPCs receive this automatically as soon as they qualify for HIPC debt cancellation.
20. Under the MDRI, the International Development Association (IDA), the concessional funding arm of the World Bank has cancelled the debt of 30 countries (most of which are African), and the African Development Fund (AfDF) of the African Development Bank has cancelled the debt of 26 countries.
21. The UK has committed to paying its share of the costs of the MDRI at the World Bank and African Development Bank by additional contributions to IDA and AfDF from 2006/07 onwards. Under this commitment the UK has already contributed £144 million to IDA and £27 million to the AfDF in debt cancellation. The costs of MDRI debt relief at the IMF were largely met from internal resources. The G8 however, agreed to provide additional resources to the IMF to ensure that it was able to continue to lend on concessional terms. In March 2006, the UK made a payment of £14 million to the IMF as part of this.
22. In addition to participation in the MDRI, the UK has its own initiative to pay its share (10 per cent) of qualifying non-HIPC poor countries' debt service to IDA and AfDB until 2015 under the UK Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative (UK MDRI). In 2008 the UK changed the eligibility criteria for the initiative, in order to provide a clearer focus on good public financial management as a basis for countries being able to demonstrate the debt relief will be used for poverty reduction. This change meant more of the poorest countries now benefit from this debt relief. Under the revised criteria, four new countries qualified to receive UK MDRI support (Bhutan, Lesotho, Samoa and Vanuatu) in addition to the eight countries that had already qualified (Armenia, Cape Verde, Georgia, Moldova, Mongolia, Nepal, Sri Lanka and Vietnam) for such assistance.

23. DFID debt relief given under RTA, CDI, HIPC and MDRI in recent years is included in Tables 3, 4, 13, and 14 under 'DFID Debt Relief'.

UK Aid Debts

24. UK debt relief under the **Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) Initiative** covers debt relief on bilateral export credit and CDC loans to governments.

25. The **Export Credit Guarantee Department (ECGD)**, like its counterparts in other developed countries, assists UK exporters to win business overseas by providing guarantees and insurance for contracts. Developing countries can acquire debt, however, if they default on paying for these goods and services.

26. If countries face difficulties with meeting their debt repayments, assistance may be provided in the form of rescheduling and, for poorer countries, partial cancellation. Such arrangements are generally agreed in the Paris Club and are conditional on the debtor country following sound economic policies, agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF). Bilateral export credit debt is UK official debt, and so is eligible for debt relief under HIPC and other internationally agreed debt relief deals.

27. The UK exceeds its commitment under HIPC by providing **100 per cent cancellation** of bilateral debts for qualifying countries. 100 per cent debt service relief is provided from Decision Point and 100 per cent cancellation at completion point. ECGD meets the costs of the relief agreed at the Paris Club and DFID pays for whatever additional relief is needed to bring the total to 100 per cent. DFID payments to ECGD under this HIPC 100 per cent relief policy are recorded as '**Bilateral HIPC**'. 'Bilateral HIPC' payments also include reimbursements to countries under the 'Hold in Trust' Policy¹.

28. Table 5 contains details of debt relief given by ECGD. The total ECGD debt relief for 2010/11 was approximately £54 million². ECGD and CDC debt relief are combined in Table 2 under Debt Relief³.

29. CDC (as described in the Glossary) had a portfolio of loans to governments. These are now 'DFID Public Sector Loans' managed by Actis but referred to as 'CDC Loans'.

¹ From December 2000, the UK has held in trust any debt service payments received from pre-Decision Point HIPC countries. This money is then reimbursed for spending on poverty reduction when the country reaches Decision Point.

² The debt formally written off was for Iraq £275,377,243.98 and US\$ 8,431,264.73 (effective date 16/12/08)

³ ECGD/ CDC debt relief is reported as UK ODA in the relevant year on a net basis (i.e. with deductions for any repayments made).

From 2008 these loans have been managed and administered directly by DFID. This is UK official debt and so is eligible for debt relief under HIPC and other internationally agreed debt deals.

ANNEX 4 – DATA SOURCES

1. The majority of UK Official Development Assistance (ODA) is delivered through DFID's budget. The 2002 International Development Act makes reducing poverty the core purpose of UK aid. As such, the vast majority of DFID aid expenditure is included in ODA; only a small amount of expenditure on non-ODA eligible countries and multilateral institutions is excluded. Figures for the **DFID programme** are produced from a combination of data held on DFID's internal accounting and management information system (ARIES) and the UK attributions of EC budgetary spending.
2. DFID's Overseas Pensions Department is also responsible for the payment of **colonial pensions** made to ex-members of the UK Overseas Civil Service who were employed directly by developing countries. A small element of this is permitted to be classed as ODA and GPEX. From this year this element is reported as non-DFID expenditure; this change is consistent with DFID's Departmental Expenditure Limit (DEL).

ODA managed jointly by DFID and other UK Government Departments

3. The **Conflict Pool** is governed and jointly managed by DFID, the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO) and the Ministry of Defence (MoD) to bring together the UK government's development, diplomatic and defence interest and expertise to ensure a coherent response to conflict prevention. Some of the Conflict Pool's expenditure is ODA eligible. In these statistics all Conflict Pool funds disbursed through DFID are included in ODA and appear as part of DFID expenditure. The remaining ODA figures comprise the aggregate of FCO and MOD funding. **Data on the ODA eligible Conflict Pool funds disbursed by the FCO and MOD are collected by DFID in liaison with programme officers in the relevant departments.**
4. The Environment Transformation Fund was established in 2008 to support development and poverty reduction through better environmental management and help developing countries respond to the realities of climate change. The fund is managed jointly by DFID and the **Department for Energy and Climate Change (DECC)** who contribute equal amounts to the fund all of which are assessed as ODA-eligible.

Other ODA delivered by UK Government Departments

5. The **FCO** contributes to UK ODA in a number of ways:

- The FCO Strategic Programme Fund supports a range of the UK government's international goals. Where the programme funds projects which meet the required OECD definition these projects are included in UK ODA statistics.
- The FCO supports the **British Council** through grant-in-aid funding. This funding goes to support a range of initiatives including building the capacity and quality of English language teaching; supporting education systems; and using cultural exchange to improve economic welfare. UK ODA statistics include the proportion of this work which is clearly focussed on delivering economic welfare and development in ODA eligible countries¹.
- The British Council also manages, on behalf of the FCO, the **Chevening Scholarships** programme, which provides funding for postgraduate students or researchers from developing countries to study in UK universities. Funding from this scheme to students from ODA eligible countries are included in UK ODA statistics.
- The FCO makes annual contributions to UN and Commonwealth organisations. A proportion of these contributions are allowed to score as ODA in line with Annex 2 of the DAC Statistical Reporting Directives.
- In line with OECD rules a proportion of FCO administrative costs are allowed to score as ODA. Currently these costs are estimated as being equivalent to 5% of the value of the programme elements listed above. This area is a focus of ongoing methodological work by DFID and FCO. We plan to establish a more precise estimate of the ODA-eligible element of FCO administrative costs including those associated with diplomatic staff for inclusion in future editions of these statistics.
- In addition to contributing directly to the Conflict Pool (see above) the FCO is also responsible for the UK contribution to the UN Department for Peacekeeping Operations (UNDPKO). In line with DAC rules 6% of donor funding to UNDPKO is allowed to score as ODA. FCO also funds other bilateral peacekeeping missions including the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) and the European Security and Defence Policy (ESDP) civilian missions; a proportion of which is reported as bilateral ODA.

¹ DFID, FCO and the British Council are working together to identify further ways in which grant-in-aid funding can be used to deliver ODA.

- 6 In addition to contributing to the Environmental Transformation Fund **DECC** also makes annual contributions to the International Atomic Energy Agency and UN Framework Convention on Climate Change. A proportion of this support is deemed ODA eligible.
7. The **Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs** (DEFRA) is responsible for the Darwin Initiative a programme which aims to assist the progression of environmental goals in developing countries. Eligible expenditure is included in UK ODA statistics. DEFRA also makes an annual contribution to the Montreal Protocol which is allowed to score as ODA under DAC rules.
- 8 The **Scottish Government** runs its own bilateral aid programme which aims to directly support the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and economic growth in a number of developing countries. The **Welsh Assembly's** 'Wales for Africa' programme also aims to help deliver the MDGs and provides small grants to organisation based in Wales.
9. The **Department for Culture Media and Sport** works closely with DFID to deliver a range of initiatives to help address wider social issues encompassed by the MDGs; including contributing towards addressing gender inequality and acting as an effective medium for conveying educational messages relating to health. Relevant funding is reported in these statistics.
- 10 The estimates of the costs incurred by the **UK Border Agency (UKBA)** of supporting refugees from developing countries during their first 12 months in the UK are included in the ODA statistics. This brings the reporting of UK ODA fully in line with OECD definition and improves the overall comparability of the international data. DFID and the UKBA are also contributing to ongoing methodological work in the OECD to clarify guidance on refugee costs to further improve the consistency of donor estimates. UK ODA statistics also include funding from the **Home Office** to the International Organisation for Migration.
- 11 A number of other government departments also make direct contributions to the UN system. A proportion of each payments is reported as ODA in line with DAC rules. The **Department of Business, Innovation and Skills** (BIS) provides support to the World Trade Organisation, the Universal Postal Union, the International Telecommunications Union and the World Intellectual Property Office; the **Department for Work and Pensions** makes an annual contribution to the International Labour Organisation and;

the **Department for Health** makes an annual assessed contribution to the World Health Organisation.

Other sources of UK ODA

- 12 **DC Group PLC** is wholly government owned and the conditions under which it operates means that its investments must have a clear development objective. The net amount (i.e. equity purchase less equity sales) of CDC investments in ODA-eligible countries is reported as ODA and the gross amount (i.e. equity purchase only) is reported in GPEX.
- 13 **Export Credit Guarantee Department (ECGD)** is an agency of BIS and provides insurance for exporters against the main risks in selling overseas. It also negotiates debt relief arrangements of commercial debt. The relevant amounts of any debt relief are included in UK ODA statistics in line with OECD DAC definitions.
- 14 The majority of the External Assistance Budget of the **European Commission** is deemed to be ODA eligible. The vast majority of the relevant UK contribution to this budget is attributed to DFID and reported as part of DFID's own ODA statistics. The estimate of the remaining UK share of overall EC ODA is reported separately in these statistics.
- 15 The **Gift Aid** scheme allows UK charities to reclaim tax from HM Revenue and Customs on donations made by UK taxpayers. The proportion of additional support provided to UK NGOs via this scheme to deliver developmental objectives is estimated by DFID as explained in the glossary. The resulting estimate is included in UK ODA statistics.
- 16 In addition to the above sources, ODA reporting requires data on export credits (both official and private), provided by **ECGD**; on direct investments, provided by the **Office for National Statistics**; and on bilateral securities and other claims, provided by the **Bank of England**.

Other Data Sources

- 17 Data for the international comparisons contained in Tables 7, 8, 16 and 17 are from the DAC website <http://www.oecd.org/dac/stats>.

- 18 The statistics on recipient countries given in Annex 1 are taken from the World Bank and DAC websites.
- 19 GNI figures used in the calculation of ODA and total flows as a percentage of GNI are sourced from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) quarterly national accounts.