# 1 Trusts with vulnerable beneficiary

Schedule 1 contains provision about trusts which have a vulnerable beneficiary.

### SCHEDULE 1

Section 1

#### TRUSTS WITH VULNERABLE BENEFICIARY

#### Inheritance Tax Act 1984

- 1 IHTA 1984 is amended as follows.
- 2 (1) Section 71A (trusts for bereaved minors) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (3)(c)(ii) substitute
    - "(ii) if any of the income arising from any of the settled property is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the benefit of the bereaved minor."
  - (3) After subsection (3) insert -
    - "(3A) Trusts are not to be treated as failing to secure that the conditions in subsection (3) are met by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any period of 12 months that begins on 6 April, to apply for the benefit of a person other than the bereaved minor an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
      - (3B) In subsection (3A) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
        - (a) £3,000, and
        - (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the period in question.
    - (3C) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument
      - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (3A) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
      - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (3B).
    - (3D) An order under subsection (3C) may
      - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
      - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
    - (3E) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (3C) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
  - (4) Omit subsection (4).
- 3 (1) Section 71D (age 18-to-25 trusts) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (6)(c)(ii) substitute
    - "(ii) if any of the income arising from any of the settled property is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the benefit of B."

- (3) After that subsection insert
  - "(6A) Where the income arising from the settled property is held on trusts of the kind described in section 33 of the Trustee Act 1925 (protective trusts), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (6) have effect as if for "living and under the age of 25," there were substituted "under the age of 25 and the income arising from the settled property is held on trust for B,".
  - (6B) Trusts are not to be treated as failing to secure that the conditions in subsection (6) are met by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any period of 12 months that begins on 6 April, to apply for the benefit of a person other than B an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
  - (6C) In subsection (6B) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
    - (a) £3,000, and
    - (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the period in question.
  - (6D) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument
    - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (6B) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
    - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (6C).
  - (6E) An order under subsection (6D) may
    - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
    - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
  - (6F) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (6D) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
- (4) Omit subsection (7).
- 4 (1) Section 89 (trusts for disabled persons) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (1)(b) substitute
    - "(b) which secure that, if any of the settled property or income arising from it is applied during the disabled person's life for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the benefit of the disabled person."
  - (3) After subsection (2) insert
    - "(2A) The trusts on which settled property is held are not to be treated as falling outside subsection (1) by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any period of 12 months that begins on 6 April, to apply for the benefit of a person other than the disabled person an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
      - (2B) In subsection (2A) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
        - (a) £3,000, and

- (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the period in question.
- (2C) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument
  - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (2A) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
  - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (2B).
- (2D) An order under subsection (2C) may
  - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
  - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
- (2E) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (2C) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
- (4) Omit subsection (3).
- (5) In subsection (4), for the words following "into settlement," substitute "was a disabled person".
- (6) For subsections (5) and (6) substitute
  - "(4A) In this section "disabled person" has the meaning given by Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005."
- 5 (1) Section 89A (self-settlement by person with condition expected to lead to disability) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (1)(b), for the words following "A becoming" substitute "a person falling within any paragraph of the definition of "disabled person" in paragraph 1 of Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005".
  - (3) In subsection (2), after "settled property" insert "or income arising from it".
  - (4) For subsections (5) and (6) substitute -
    - "(5) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), assume
      - (a) that A will meet any conditions as to residence or presence that are required to establish entitlement to the allowance or payment in question,
      - (b) that there will be no provision made by regulations under any of the following provisions
        - (i) sections 67(1) and (2), 72(8) and 113(2) of SSCBA 1992,
        - (ii) sections 67(1) and (2), 72(8) and 113(2) of SSCB(NI)A 1992,
        - (iii) sections 85 and 86 of WRA 2012, and
        - (iv) sections 84 and 85 of WR(NI)A 2013, and
      - (c) that A will not be prevented from receiving the allowance or payment in question by any of the following provisions
        - (i) section 113(1) of SSCBA 1992,
        - (ii) section 113(1) of SSCB(NI)A 1992,
        - (iii) section 87 of WRA 2012, and
        - (iv) section 86 of WR(NI)A 2013."
  - (5) Before subsection (7) insert –

- "(6A) For the purposes of subsection (2), ignore any provision that enables the trustees, in any period of 12 months that begins on 6 April, to apply for the benefit of a person other than A an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
- (6B) In subsection (6A) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
  - (a) £3,000, and
  - (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the period in question.
- (6C) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument
  - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (6A) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
  - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (6B).
- (6D) An order under subsection (6C) may
  - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
  - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
- (6E) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (6C) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
- (6) For subsection (8) substitute
  - "(8) In this section
    - "SSCBA 1992" means the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992,
    - "SSCB(NI)A 1992" means the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992,
    - "WRA 2012" means the Welfare Reform Act 2012, and
    - "WR(NI)A 2013" means the Welfare Reform (Northern Ireland) Act 2013."
- 6 (1) Section 89B (meaning of "disabled person's interest") is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (2) substitute
    - "(2) In subsection (1)(c) "disabled person" has the meaning given by Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005."
  - (3) After that subsection insert
    - "(2A) Where the income arising from the settled property is held on trusts of the kind described in section 33 of the Trustee Act 1925 (protective trusts), subsection (1)(d)(v) has effect as if for "A's life" there were substituted "the period during which the income from the property is held on trust for A"."
- 7 (1) The amendments made by paragraphs 2 to 6 have effect in relation to property transferred into settlement on or after 8 April 2013.
  - (2) But if the settlement was created before 8 April 2013 and no alterations have been made to the trusts on or after that date, nothing in paragraphs 2 to 6 is to be read as preventing property transferred into settlement on or after that

date from being property to which section 71A, 71D, 89 or 89A of IHTA 1984 applies.

#### Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992

- 8 TCGA 1992 is amended as follows.
- 9 (1) Section 169D (exceptions to rules on gifts to settlor-interested settlements etc.) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (3) substitute
    - "(3) The first condition is that, immediately after the making of the disposal, the settled property is held on trusts which secure that, during the lifetime of a disabled person—
      - (a) if any of the property is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the disabled person's benefit, and
      - (b) either -
        - (i) the disabled person is entitled to all of the income (if there is any) arising from any of the property, or
        - (ii) if any such income is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the disabled person's benefit."
  - (3) After subsection (4) insert -
    - "(4A) Where the income arising from the settled property is held on trusts of the kind described in section 33 of the Trustee Act 1925 (protective trusts), subsection (3) has effect as if the reference to the lifetime of a disabled person were a reference to the period during which the income is held on trust for the disabled person.
      - (4B) The trusts on which settled property is held are not to be treated as falling outside subsection (3) by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any year of assessment, to apply for the benefit of a person other than the disabled person an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
    - (4C) In subsection (4B) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
      - (a) £3,000, and
      - (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the year of assessment in question.
    - (4D) The Treasury may by order
      - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (4B) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
      - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (4C).
    - (4E) An order under subsection (4D) may
      - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
      - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.

- (4F) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (4D) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
- (4) For subsections (7) to (9) substitute
  - "(7) In this section "disabled person" has the meaning given by Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005".
- (5) Omit subsection (10).
- (6) The amendments made by this paragraph have effect in relation to disposals to the trustees of a settlement on or after 8 April 2013.
- (7) But if the settlement was created before 8 April 2013 and no alterations have been made to the trusts on or after that date, nothing in this paragraph is to be read as preventing section 169D(2) of TCGA 1992 from applying in relation to the disposal.
- 10 (1) Paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 (application of exempt amount and reporting limits in cases involving settled property) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (1)
    - (a) for "mentally disabled person or a person in receipt of attendance allowance or of a disability living allowance by virtue of entitlement to the care component at the highest or middle rate" substitute "disabled person", and
    - (b) for paragraphs (a) and (b) substitute
      - "(a) if any of the property is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the disabled person's benefit, and
      - (b) either
        - (i) the disabled person is entitled to all of the income (if there is any) arising from any of the property, or
        - (ii) if any such income is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the disabled person's benefit,".
  - (3) After that sub-paragraph insert
    - "(1A) The trusts on which settled property is held are not to be treated as falling outside sub-paragraph (1) by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any year of assessment, to apply for the benefit of a person other than the disabled person an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
      - (1B) In sub-paragraph (1A) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
        - (a) £3,000, and
        - (b) 3% of the amount which is the maximum value of the settled property during the year of assessment in question.
    - (1C) The Treasury may by order
      - (a) specify circumstances in which sub-paragraph (1A) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and

- (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subparagraph (1B).
- (1D) An order under sub-paragraph (1C) may
  - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
  - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
- (1E) A statutory instrument containing an order under sub-paragraph (1C) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
- (4) In sub-paragraph (2), for the words from the beginning to "that sub-paragraph" substitute "The reference in sub-paragraph (1)".
- (5) In sub-paragraph (6), for the definitions of "mentally disabled person", "attendance allowance" and "disability living allowance" substitute
  - ""disabled person" has the meaning given by Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005; and".
- (6) The amendments made by this paragraph have effect in relation to years of assessment beginning on or after 6 April 2013.
- (7) But if the settlement was created before 8 April 2013 and no alterations have been made to the trusts on or after that date, nothing in this paragraph is to be read as preventing sections 3(1) to (5C) and 3A of TCGA 1992 from applying in relation to the settlement as provided by paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 1 to that Act.

Finance Act 2005

- 11 FA 2005 is amended as follows.
- 12 (1) Section 34 (disabled persons) is amended as follows.
  - (2) In subsection (2), for paragraph (b) substitute –

"(b) either –

- (i) that the disabled person is entitled to all the income (if there is any) arising from any of the property, or
- (ii) if any such income is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the benefit of the disabled person."
- (3) After that subsection insert
  - "(2A) The trusts on which property is held are not to be treated as failing to secure that the conditions in subsection (2) are met by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any tax year, to apply for the benefit of a person other than the disabled person an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
  - (2B) In subsection (2A) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
    - (a) £3,000, and
    - (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the tax year in question.

- (2C) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument
  - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (2A) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
  - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (2B).
- (2D) An order under subsection (2C) may
  - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
  - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
- (2E) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (2C) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
- (4) Omit subsection (3).
- 13 (1) Section 35 (relevant minors) is amended as follows.
  - (2) For subsection (3)(c)(ii) substitute -
    - "(ii) if any such income is applied for the benefit of a beneficiary, it is applied for the benefit of the relevant minor."
  - (3) After that subsection insert
    - "(3A) Trusts to which subsection (2) applies are not to be treated as failing to secure that the conditions in subsection (3) are met by reason only of provision that enables the trustees, in any tax year, to apply for the benefit of a person other than the relevant minor an amount (whether consisting of income or capital, or both) not exceeding the specified amount.
    - (3B) In subsection (3A) "the specified amount" means whichever is the lower of the following amounts
      - (a) £3,000, and
      - (b) 3% of the amount that is the maximum value of the settled property during the period in question.
    - (3C) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument
      - (a) specify circumstances in which subsection (3A) is, or is not, to apply in relation to a trust, and
      - (b) amend the definition of "the specified amount" in subsection (3B).
    - (3D) An order under subsection (3C) may
      - (a) make different provision for different cases, and
      - (b) contain transitional and saving provision.
    - (3E) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (3C) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons."
  - (4) Omit subsection (4).
- 14 For section 38 substitute –

### "38 Meaning of "disabled person"

In this Chapter "disabled person" has the meaning given by Schedule 1A."

- 15 (1) The amendments made by paragraphs 12 to 14 have effect for the tax year 2013-14 and subsequent tax years.
  - (2) But if the settlement was created before 8 April 2013 and no alterations have been made to the trusts on or after that date, nothing in paragraphs 12 to 14 is to be read as preventing a claim being made for special tax treatment under Chapter 4 of Part 2 of FA 2005.
- 16 After Schedule 1 insert –

#### "SCHEDULE 1A

Section 38

#### MEANING OF "DISABLED PERSON"

"Disabled person"

- 1 "Disabled person" means
  - (a) a person who by reason of mental disorder within the meaning of the Mental Health Act 1983 is incapable of administering his or her property or managing his or her affairs,
  - (b) a person in receipt of attendance allowance,
  - (c) a person in receipt of a disability living allowance by virtue of entitlement to the care component at the highest or middle rate,
  - (d) a person in receipt of personal independence payment by virtue of entitlement to the daily living component,
  - (e) a person in receipt of constant attendance allowance[, or
  - (f) a person in receipt of armed forces independence payment].

Attendance allowance

- 2 A person is to be treated as a disabled person under paragraph 1(b) if he or she satisfies HMRC that if he or she were to meet the prescribed conditions as to residence and presence under section 64(1) of SSCBA 1992 or section 64(1) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 he or she would be entitled to receive attendance allowance.
- 3 A person who is (or is treated as) a disabled person under paragraph 1(b) is not to cease to be (or to be treated as) such a disabled person by reason only of
  - (a) provision made by regulations under section 67(1) or (2) of SSCBA 1992 or section 67(1) or (2) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 (nonsatisfaction of conditions for attendance allowance where person is undergoing treatment for renal failure in hospital or is provided with certain accommodation), or
  - (b) section 113(1) of SSCBA 1992 or section 113(1) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 or provision made by regulations under section 113(2) of SSCBA 1992 or section 113(2) of

SSCB(NI)A 1992 (general provisions as to disqualification and suspension).

Disability living allowance

- 4 A person is to be treated as a disabled person under paragraph 1(c) if he or she satisfies HMRC that if he or she were to meet the prescribed conditions as to residence and presence under section 71(6) of SSCBA 1992 or section 71(6) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 he or she would be entitled to receive a disability living allowance by virtue of entitlement to the care component at the highest or middle rate.
- 5 A person who is (or is treated as) a disabled person under paragraph 1(c) is not to cease to be (or to be treated as) such a disabled person by reason only of
  - (a) provision made by regulations under section 72(8) of SSCBA 1992 or section 72(8) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 (no payment of disability allowance for persons for whom certain accommodation is provided), or
  - (b) section 113(1) of SSCBA 1992 or section 113(1) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 or provision made by regulations under section 113(2) of SSCBA 1992 or section 113(2) of SSCB(NI)A 1992 (general provisions as to disqualification and suspension).

Personal independence payment

- 6 A person is to be treated as a disabled person under paragraph 1(d) if he or she satisfies HMRC that if he or she were to meet the prescribed conditions as to residence and presence under section 77(3) of WRA 2012 or section 76(3) of WR(NI)A 2013 he or she would be entitled to receive personal independence payment entitlement by virtue of entitlement to the daily living component.
- 7 A person who is (or is treated as) a disabled person under paragraph 1(d) is not to cease to be (or to be treated as) such a disabled person by reason only of
  - (a) provision made by regulations under section 85 of WRA 2012 or section 84 of WR(NI)A 2013 (exclusion of certain care home residents),
  - (b) provision made by regulations under section 86 of WRA 2012 or section 85 of WR(NI)A 2013 (exclusion of certain hospital in-patients), or
  - (c) section 87 of WRA 2012 or section 86 of WR(NI)A 2013 (exclusion of prisoners and detainees).

### Interpretation

8

In this Schedule –

["armed forces independence payment" means armed forces independence payment under a scheme established under section 1 of the Armed Forces (Pensions and Compensation) Act 2004,]

- "attendance allowance" means an allowance under section section 64 of the SSCBA 1992 or section 64 of the SSCB(NI)A 1992,
- "constant attendance allowance" means an allowance under article 8 of the Naval, Military and Air Forces etc. (Disablement and Death) Service Pensions Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/606),
- "disability living allowance" means a disability living allowance under section 71 of the SSCBA 1992 or section 71 of the SSCB(NI)A 1992,
- "HMRC" means Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs,
- "personal independence payment" means a personal independence payment under section 77 of WRA 2012 or section 76 of WR(NI)A 2013,
- "SSCBA 1992" means the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992,
- "SSCB(NI)A 1992" means the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992,
- "WRA 2012" means the Welfare Reform Act 2012, and
- "WR(NI)A 2013" means the Welfare Reform (Northern Ireland) Act 2013."

# **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

# **VULNERABLE BENEFICIARY TRUSTS**

# SUMMARY

1. This Schedule ensures, for the purposes of defining a vulnerable beneficiary trust, that a disabled person includes individuals in receipt of Personal Independence Payment by virtue of entitlement to the daily living component; and harmonises rules that limit how the capital and income of these trusts may be applied.

# **DETAILS OF THE SCHEDULE**

- 2. <u>Paragraph 1</u> provides for the amendment of the Inheritance Act (IHTA) 1984.
- 3. <u>Paragraph 2</u> amends <u>section 71A of IHTA 1984</u>.
- 4. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> amends section 71A(3)(c)(ii) to provide that any of the trust income that is applied is applied for the benefit of the bereaved minor.
- 5. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> adds <u>new sections 71A(3A) to (3E) to IHTA 1984</u>, which provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the bereaved minor does not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a bereaved minor. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.
- 6. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 7. <u>Paragraph 3</u> amends <u>section 71D of IHTA 1984</u>.
- 8. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> amends subsection 71D(6)(c)(ii) to provide that any of the trust income that is applied is applied for the benefit of the person aged between 18 and 25.
- 9. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> adds <u>new subsections 71D(6A) to (6F) to IHTA</u> <u>1984</u>, which make provision in relation to protective trusts; and provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the person aged between 18 and 25 does not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a person aged between 18 and 25. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.

- 10. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 11. Paragraph 4 amends section 89 of IHTA 1984.
- 12. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> amends section 89(1)(b) to provide that any of the trust capital or income that is applied is applied for the benefit of the disabled person.
- 13. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> adds <u>new sections 89(2A) to (2E)</u>, which provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the disabled person do not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a disabled person. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.
- 14. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 15. <u>Subparagraphs (5) and (6)</u> amend the definition of a disabled person and define it as having the meaning given by <u>new Schedule 1A to the</u> <u>Finance Act 2005</u> (introduced at paragraph 16 to this Schedule).
- 16. <u>Paragraph 5</u> amends <u>section 89A of IHTA 1984</u>.
- 17. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> applies the new definition of disabled person at new Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005.
- 18. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> amends section 89A(2) to provide that any of the trust income that is applied is applied for the benefit of the disabled person.
- 19. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> amends sections 89A(5) and (6) to include the assumption that the beneficiary is entitled to receive personal independence payment when resident outside the UK or in a care home, hospital or prison.
- 20. Subparagraph (5) adds <u>new sections 89A(6A) to (6E)</u>, which provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the person with a condition expected to lead to a disability do not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a person with a condition expected to lead to a disability. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.
- 21. <u>Subparagraph (6)</u> amends subsection (8) to include definitions for "WRA 2012" (the Welfare Reform Act 2012) and "WR(NI)A 2013" (the Welfare Reform (Northern Ireland) Act 2013).

- 22. Paragraph 6 amends section 89B of IHTA 1984.
- 23. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> applies the new definition of disabled person at new Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005.
- 24. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> makes provision in relation to protective trusts.
- 25. <u>Paragraph 7</u> provides for the commencement of paragraphs 2 to 6.
- 26. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> holds that where additions are made to a trust created before 8 April 2013 that met the conditions necessary for it to be a qualifying trust with a vulnerable beneficiary, and no alteration to the trust deed has been made on or after 8 April 2013, the additions are treated as if the above amendments have not been made.
- 27. <u>Paragraph 8</u> provides for the amendment of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act (TCGA) 1992.
- 28. <u>Paragraph 9</u> amends section 169D of TCGA 1992.
- 29. <u>Subsection 2</u> amends subsection 169D(3) to provide that any of the trust capital that is applied is applied for the benefit of the disabled person; and that any of the trust income is similarly applied or that the disabled person is entitled to all of the income.
- 30. Subparagraph (3) adds <u>new sections 169D(4A) to (4F)</u>, which make provision in relation to protective trusts; and provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of  $\pm 3,000$  or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the disabled person do not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a disabled person. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.
- 31. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> applies the new definition of disabled person at new Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005.
- 32. <u>Subparagraph (5)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 33. <u>Subparagraph (6)</u> provides for the commencement of paragraph 9.
- 34. <u>Subparagraph (7)</u> grandfathers for existing trusts the current limitations on how income and capital can be applied.
- 35. <u>Paragraph 10</u> amends <u>paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 to TCGA 1992</u>.
- 36. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> provides that any of the trust capital that is applied is applied for the benefit of the disabled person; and that any of the trust income is similarly applied or that the disabled person is entitled to all of the income.

- 37. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> adds <u>new paragraphs 1(1A) to (1D)</u>, which provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the disabled person do not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a disabled person. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.
- 38. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 39. <u>Subparagraph (5)</u> applies the new definition of disabled person at new Schedule 1A to the Finance Act 2005.
- 40. <u>Subparagraph (6)</u> provides for the commencement of paragraph 10.
- 41. <u>Subparagraph (7)</u> grandfathers for existing trusts the current limitations on how income and capital can be applied.
- 42. <u>Paragraph 11</u> provides for the amendment of the Finance Act (FA) 2005.
- 43. Paragraph 12 amends section 34 of FA 2005.
- 44. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> provides that any of the trust income that is applied is applied for the benefit of the disabled person or that the disabled person is entitled to all of the income.
- 45. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> adds <u>new sections 34(2A) to (2E)</u>, which provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the disabled person do not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a disabled person. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.
- 46. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 47. Paragraph 13 amends section 35 of FA 2005.
- 48. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> amends section 35(3)(c)(ii) to provide that any of the trust income that is applied is applied for the benefit of the bereaved minor.
- 49. <u>Subparagraph (3)</u> adds <u>new sections 35(3A) to (3E)</u>, which provides that provision that enables trustees to apply in a tax year up to the lower of £3,000 or 3% of the maximum value of the trust capital in that period for the benefit of persons other than the bereaved minor do not disqualify a trust from being a qualifying trust for the benefit of a

bereaved minor. The amounts and circumstances may be amended by Treasury order.

- 50. <u>Subparagraph (4)</u> omits provisions that disregard the existence of a statutory power of advancement.
- 51. <u>Paragraph 14</u> applies the new definition of disabled person at <u>new</u> <u>Schedule 1A</u> to the Finance Act 2005.
- 52. <u>Paragraph 15</u> provides for the commencement of paragraphs 12 to 14.
- 53. <u>Subparagraph (2)</u> grandfathers for existing trusts the current limitations on how income and capital can be applied.
- 54. <u>Paragraph 16 inserts new Schedule 1A to FA2005</u>.
- 55. <u>Paragraph 1 of new Schedule 1A</u> provides a list of the various meanings of "disabled person".
- 56. <u>Paragraphs 2 to 7</u> treat a person as a disabled person if he or she would be entitled to receive a relevant payment or allowance were it not for them being resident outside the UK or in a care home, hospital or prison.
- 57. <u>Paragraph 8</u> defines various terms used in the Schedule.

### BACKGROUND

- 58. Special tax rules exist for trusts for the benefit of a vulnerable beneficiary. In essence, the rules:
  - reduce, following an election and annual claim, the trustees' tax liability on income and chargeable gains to an amount that, broadly, would be chargeable on the beneficiary if the gains had accrued and/or the income had arisen directly to that person;
  - extend the annual exempt amount of chargeable gains that applies to trusts to match that available to individuals;
  - ignore the normal charges to inheritance tax for trusts; instead, the property is treated as part of the beneficiary's estate on their death.
- 59. The Welfare Reform Act 2012 introduces the Personal Independence Payment, which will replace Disability Living Allowance (DLA) for working age people (16 to 64). The existing definition of a vulnerable beneficiary for tax purposes relies in part on whether the person is in receipt of DLA, so a new definition is required.

- 60. Current limitations on how the income and capital of a qualifying vulnerable beneficiary trust can be applied differ between taxes. In some cases, up to 50% of the capital can be applied for the benefit of a person other than the vulnerable person without the loss of the favourable tax position.
- 61. HMRC consulted on the changes brought into effect by this Schedule between 17th August and 8th November 2012.
- 62. If you have any questions about this change, or comments on the legislation, please contact Alan McGuinness on 020 7147 2766 (email: alan.mcguinness@hmrc.gsi.gov.uk)