

Using Taking Part data to measure Badminton participation David Barrett Sport Industry Research Centre

Sport Industry Research Centre Who we are

- An internationally recognised sport research centre
- One of 3 at SHU
- A team of 17 full-time staff
- Not only observers, but also participants



Sport Industry Research Centre What we do

- Performance Management
 Elite Sport
- Programme Evaluations
- Sport Economics
- GIS (Spatial) Analysis

- Participation
- Major Events
 - Volunteering



Sport Industry Research Centre Our Clients

Sheffield



The Brief:

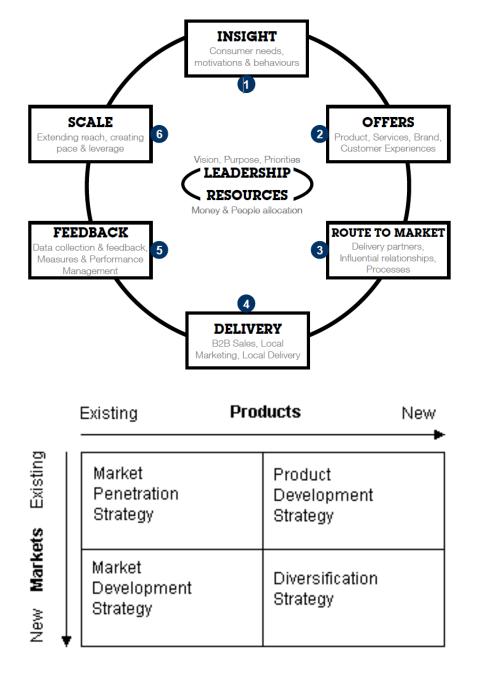
A Comprehensive Analysis of Participation Support NGB Decision Making Review The State of the Badminton Nation

BADMINTON England

- Bring range of data sources together
- Test BE's Participation model
- Sport England Funding Cycle
 - London, Rio and beyond
- •SIRC
 - Road test new methods of analysis

Why examine this? NGBs need to provide evidence of delivery against objectives

- Sport England funding cycle
- Investment of public funds requires evidence
- Supports NGB planning cycle
- Supports evaluation of programme initiatives
 - No Strings Badminton
 - Back to Badminton
 - Community Badminton Networks

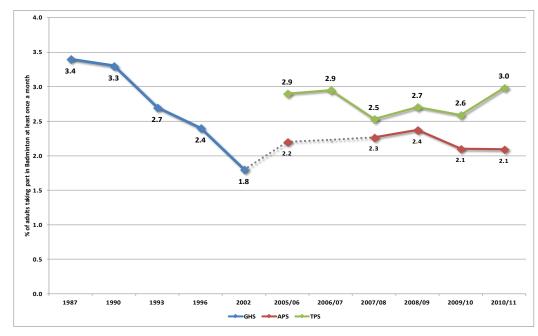


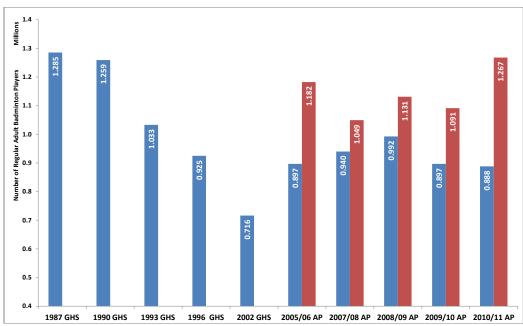
What we did: Mixed Methods Approach Primary Research and Secondary Data Analysis

- •Primary Research
 - Online surveys of participants and stakeholders
 - Telephone interviews with volunteers
- •Secondary Data Analysis
 - Badminton England Data
 - Active People v Taking Part

What we found Participation is holding steady

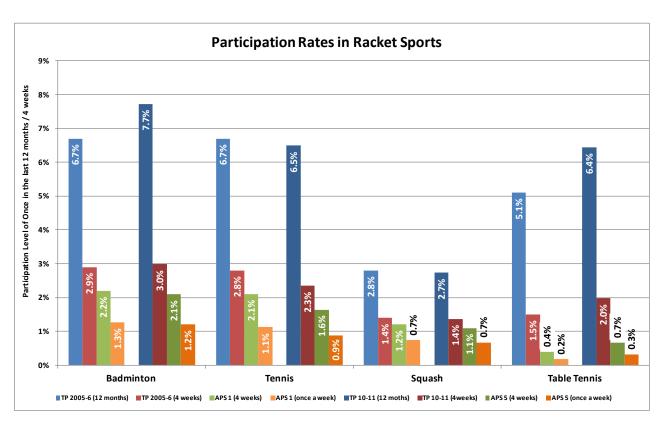
- Participation fell up to 2002
- Since 1st APS, participation stable
- Just under 0.9 million regular players
- TPS suggests there
 are more
- Difference of 400,000 players
- Important issue for NGBs - FUNDING





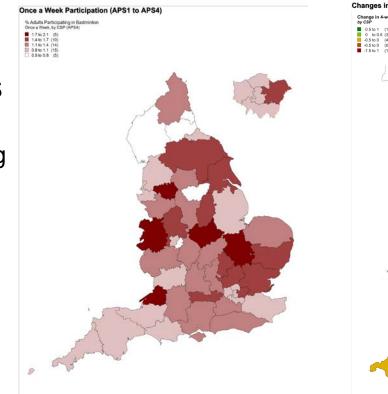
Comparison with other Racket Sports By any measure, Badminton participation is steady

- Badminton growing according to TPS
- Contrasts with APS findings
- Similar TPS result for Table Tennis
- Minimal change in Squash
- Tennis down across the board
- APS says Tennis shrinkage significant

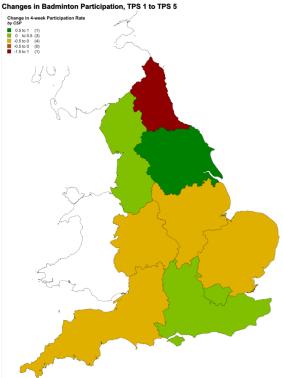


Further Comparison between APS and TP Variations by CSP not possible with TP data

- Sample size restricts spatial analysis
- APS better suited to GIS mapping
- •Importance of measuring change to NGBs:
- Spatial variations in participation
- Casual / irregular participation
- Young people's participation



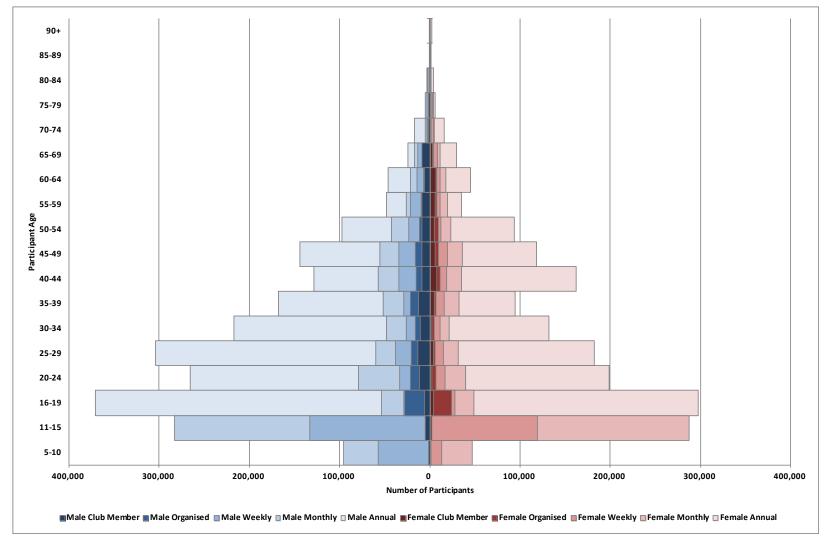
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BADMINTON England's Model: The Badminton Population Testing a Hypothesis with Real Data

- Based on population pyramid
- •Developed from analysis of BE membership
 - General membership
 - Elite level players?
- •Gaps identified in casual and youth markets
 - Taking Part Data ideally suited



BADMINTON England's Model: The Badminton Population Testing a Hypothesis with Real Data

- •Data supports BADMINTON England hypothesis
- Process demonstrates value of TPS data
 - Time series data
 - Comparison with other (survey) datasets
- •NGB has developed model further
- •Potential application to other sports...



Thank you for your attention. Questions?

Picture courtesy of www.teamgb.com

