Crown Estate Office

Introduction

1. This Estimate provides for the salaries of The Crown Estate Commissioners, the expense of their office and associated non-cash items. Up to the reign of King George III the reigning sovereign received the rents and profits of The Crown Estate. Since 1760 the surplus rents and profits (after deducting management expenses) have at the beginning of each reign been surrendered by the Sovereign to Parliament as part of the arrangements for the provision of the Civil List. The arrangement continues under the Sovereign Grant which has replaced the Civil List. The Estate itself remains part of the hereditary possessions of the Sovereign in the right of the Crown.

2. The Crown Estate is not Government property, but neither is it part of the private estate of the reigning monarch. The Estate is managed by a Board of Commissioners under the powers vested in them by The Crown Estate Act 1961, which provide for their salaries and the expenses of the office to be paid out of monies voted by Parliament. By agreement with HM Treasury the maximum number of posts so provided for is 41. The other administrative costs of managing the Estate are paid out of the Estate revenues as part of the management expenses. The surplus revenues are paid to the Consolidated Fund at the end of each year and score as a miscellaneous receipt. For 2011-12 £240.2 million was paid to the Consolidated Fund. For reference, full accounts are produced in June each year under section 2(5) of The Crown Estate Act 1961 (9 and 10 Eliz 2 Ch 55).

Part I

Voted Non-Voted Total **Departmental Expenditure Limit** Resource Capital **Annually Managed Expenditure** Resource 2,365,000 2,365,000 Capital **Total Net Budget** 2,365,000 Resource 2,365,000 Capital Non-Budget Expenditure Net cash requirement 2,357,000

Amounts required in the year ending 31 March 2014 for expenditure by Crown Estate Office on:

Annually Managed Expenditure:

Expenditure arising from:

The administration costs of the Crown Estate Commissioners and associated non-cash items.

Crown Estate Office will account for this Estimate.

	Voted Total	Allocated in Vote on Account	Balance to complete or surrender
Departmental Expenditure Limit Resource Capital		-	-
Annually Managed Expenditure Resource Capital	2,365,000	1,064,000	1,301,000
Non-Budget Expenditure	-	-	-
Net cash requirement	2,357,000	1,061,000	1,296,000

Part II: Subhead detail

£'000

2013-14 Plans								2012-13 Provisions		
			ources			Capital			Resources Capi	
Gross	Administration Income	Net	Gross	Programme Income	Net	Gross	Income	Net	Net	Net
1	2	3	Gross 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Yoted expended of which: Administ		y Manag - -	ged Expend 2,365 2,365	iture (AM - -	E) 2,365	-	-		- 2,365 - 2,365	
Total Sp	ending in A	ME -	2,365	-	2,365	-	-		- 2,365	
	· Estimate -	-	2,365	-	2,365	-	_		- 2,365	
of which:										

Part II: Resource to cash reconciliation

£'000

	2013-14 Plans	2012-13 Provisions	2011-12 Outturn
Net Resource Requirement	2,365	2,365	2,365
Net Capital Requirement	-	-	-
Accruals to cash adjustments	-8	-8	-8
Of which:			
Adjustments to remove non-cash items:			
Depreciation	-	-	-
New provisions and adjustments to previous provisions	-	-	-
Departmental Unallocated Provision	-	-	-
Supported capital expenditure (revenue)	-	-	-
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	-
Other non-cash items	-8	-8	-8
Adjustment for NDPBs:			
Remove voted resource and capital	-	-	-
Add cash grant-in-aid	-	-	-
Adjustments to reflect movements in working balances:			
Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in stock	-	-	-
Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in debtors	-	-	-
Increase (-) / Decrease (+) in creditors	-	-	-
Use of provisions	-	-	-
Removal of non-voted budget items	-	_	-
Of which:			
Consolidated Fund Standing Services	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-
Net Cash Requirement	2,357	2,357	2,357

Part III: Note A - Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure & Reconciliation Table

£'000

			£ 000
	2013-14 Plans	2012-13 Provisions	2011-12 Outturn
Gross Administration Costs Less:	-	-	-
Administration DEL Income Net Administration Costs	-	-	-
Gross Programme Costs Less:	2,365	2,365	2,365
Programme DEL Income Programme AME Income Non-budget income	-	- -	-
Net Programme Costs	2,365	2,365	2,365
Total Net Operating Costs	2,365	2,365	2,365
Of which: Resource DEL Capital DEL	-	- -	-
Resource AME Capital AME Non-budget	2,365	2,365	2,365
Adjustments to include: Departmental Unallocated Provision (resource) Consolidated Fund Extra Receipts in the budget but not in the SoCNE	-	-	-
Adjustments to remove: Capital in the SoCNE	_	-	_
Grants to devolved administrations Non-Budget Consolidated Fund Extra Receipts in the SoCNE	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-
Total Resource Budget Of which: Resource DEL	2,365	2,365	2,365
Resource AME	2,365	2,365	2,365
Adjustments to include: Grants to devolved administrations Prior period adjustments	-	-	-
Adjustments to remove: Consolidated Fund Extra Receipts in the resource budget	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-
Total Resource (Estimate)	2,365	2,365	2,365

Part III: Note B - Analysis of Departmental Income

No departmental income is expected in 2013-14 or 2012-13. No departmental income was received in 2011-12

Part III: Note C - Analysis of Consolidated Fund Extra Receipts

No CFER income or receipts are expected in 2013-14, 2012-13 or 2011-12.

Part III: Note D - Explanation of Accounting Officer responsibilities

The Accounting Officer prepares resource accounts for each financial year.

The following individuals are responsible for the expenditure within this Estimate:

Accounting Officer:

Alison Nimmo, Second Commissioner & Chief Executive

Alison Nimmo, Second Commissioner & Chief Executive has personal responsibility for the proper presentation of the department's resource accounts and their transmission to the Comptroller & Auditor General, and is also responsible for the use of public money and stewardship of assets.

In discharging these responsibilities, particular regard is given to:

- observing any accounting and disclosure requirements (including any Accounts Direction) and applying suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- making judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- stating whether applicable accounting standards, as set out in the Financial Reporting Manual (FReM), or an organisation's version of it, have been followed, and explain any material departures in the accounts; and
- preparing the accounts on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of an Accounting Officer, including responsibility for regularity and propriety of the public finances for which an Accounting Officer is answerable, for keeping proper records and safeguarding assets, are also set out in Chapter 3 of Managing Public Money.