APPENDIX C: East Midlands - Existing adopted Local Plans and saved policies

Introduction

In the East Midlands there are 41 local authorities with adopted Local Plans. Development plan documents which were adopted shortly before the date of publication of the Regional Spatial Strategy in March 2009 will have been prepared in parallel with preparation of the Regional Strategy, and so are likely to have anticipated and may have reflected its policies. For the purposes of preparing this Environmental Report it has been assumed that only development plan documents adopted during 2009 or afterwards are in general conformity. On this basis 13 local authorities have core strategies in place which are in general conformity with both the requirements of the 2004 Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act and the policies set out within the East Midlands Plan. Twenty eight authorities in the region have Local Plans at different stages of development, with adopted plans put in place before the East Midlands Plan was adopted in May 2008 and therefore not necessarily in general conformity with the regional policies

There are 10 mineral and waste authorities. Some are working together to prepare minerals and waste policies under a single plan or core strategy, others are working individually and have separate minerals and waste policies, and one authority includes minerals and waste policies form part of its wider Core Strategy. Of the 12 (in total) plans covering minerals and waste policies, 6 are in general conformity with the policies set out within the East Midlands Plan since they were adopted after March 2009 or shortly beforehand and 6 which were adopted well before March 2009 and therefore not necessarily in general conformity with the regional plan.

These Plans would form part of the Development Plan in the absence of the Revoked Regional Strategy.

Table 1 shows a summary of the housing, gypsy & traveller sites, renewables, and employment policies/targets within the East Midlands Plan and those in local authority plans adopted before the East Midlands Plan was adopted.

Table 2 presents a summary of the Mineral and Waste policies/targets within the East Midlands Plan and those in mineral and waste plans adopted before the East Midlands Plan was adopted.

Table 1

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
1	Amber Valley District Council	Amber Valley Local Plan (2006) Saved policies.		HOUSING PROVISION Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 510 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 10,200	No current Local Plan provision for new housing. No annual breakdown of housing targets
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 1	No current Local Plan provision for G+T pitches
				RENEWABLES Policy 40 requires LPAs to develop policies and proposals to achieve indicative targets for renewable energy set out in Appendix 5. These targets are: 2010 GWh/y = 1400 2010 MWe = 324 2020 GWh/y = 5138 2020 MWe = 3671 2026 GWh/y = 5214 2026 MWe = 3683	No reference to regional renewable targets
				2026 GWh/y = 5214	

 ¹ Including where saved policies from earlier Local Plans remain in place, pending approval of the core strategy
 ² Includes other near complete development plan documents
 ³ Housing Provision - Minimum dwelling provision 2001 to 2021 (less already built to Mar 06) = still to be built

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				EMPLOYMENT LAND	
				No target set for individual local authorities: Local Authorities, the East Midlands Development Agency and sub-regional strategic partnerships should work together in housing market area groupings to undertake and keep up to date employment land reviews to inform the allocation of a range of sites at sustainable locations.	Specific employment sites are covered in Local Plan, no direct link with the number of jobs this will provide.
2	Ashfield	Ashfield		HOUSING PROVISION	
	District Council	Local Plan (2002) Saved policies.	istrict Local Plan ouncil (2002) Saved	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 560 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 =11,200	No specific housing target in saved policies, but potential sites identified. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
			Local Plans will ne arising from future	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 Local Plans will need to take account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 8	No current Local Plan provision for G+T pitches
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Under environmental objectives in Local Plan - To consider the role of renewable energy schemes and to encourage more energy efficient forms of development. Policy EV18 - development of renewable energy
					sources will be permitted where there would be no adverse effect individually or cumulatively on: a) the character or appearance of the area; or, b) areas of natural, cultural, historic or

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					archaeological interest c) the amenities of nearby residents or the operation of other established uses in the vicinity
					No renewable energy targets in the Local Plan.
				EMPLOYMENT LAND	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley above	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available. Plan requires 199.8ha of new land required Dec 2000 to 2011
3	Bassetlaw	Core	Bassetlaw Local	HOUSING PROVISION	
	District Council	Strategy adopted Dec 2011	Strategy Plan (2001) adopted Dec Saved policies.	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 350 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,000	Policies CS1-CS9 of the Core Strategy (covering the plan period 2010 to 2028) identifies and sets targets for 8 settlement areas to meet the RSS housing target, plus an additional amount to reflect the longer plan period. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 Local Plans will need to take account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 25 (plus 18 transit	Policy DM6, Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople states Land to accommodate the District's residual pitch requirement will be allocated in the Site Allocations DPD.
				pitches)	Monitoring indicators - target in CS states an additional 15 permanent sites and 23 additional transit pitches delivered by 2026.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley above	Policy DM10 - The Council will be supportive of proposals that seek to utilise renewable and low carbon energy to minimise CO2 emissions. NO

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					targets for renewable energy
				EMPLOYMENT LAND	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley above	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available. Policies CS1-CS9 identify 8 settlement areas identified in CS and target set for each settlement
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a	No current Local Plan provision for new housing. No
				Annual apportionment from 2006 = 380	annual breakdown of housing targets.
				Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,600	
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	N
4	Blaby District	Blaby Local Plan (1999)	Core Strategy published Jan	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No specific target for permanent and transit gypsy caravan sites.
	Council	Saved	2012	Additional requirement = 13 (plus 5 transit pitches	
		policies.		and 1 plot for showpeople)	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No policy
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Primary employment areas identified on proposal map, will be protected. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
	Bolsover	Bolsover		HOUSING PROVISION	
	District	Local Plan		Annual apportionment from 2006 = 400	No specific housing target in saved policies
5	Council	(2000) Saved policies.		Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 8,000	although plan still allocates sites. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
- 0		P 5 11 51 50 51		GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	Total and the state of the stat
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012	HOU 15 SITES FOR GYPSIES AND
				taking account of the need arising from future	TRAVELLERS - planning permission will be granted

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets	
				growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 1	for new gypsy and traveller caravan sites if there is an identified need. No figures/targets provided.	
				RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No reference to renewable targets	
				EMPLOYMENT	<u> </u>	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	The Local Plan provides for over 115 hectares of employment land, and policies EMP1-3 set out the key sites. No direct link to number of jobs this will provide is available.	
					HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 270 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 2,700	No specific housing target in saved policies, but these policies allocate specific sites for development. No annual breakdown of housing targets.	
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES		
	Boston Borough	Boston Borough Local Plan		Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No current Local Plan provision for Gypsy and Traveller pitches	
	Council	(1999) Saved		Additional requirement = 6		
6		policies		RENEWABLES		
_				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policies ED11 states that planning permission grant for development that will provide a renewable energy source, provided criteria met. No specific renewable energy target	
				EMPLOYMENT		
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policies ED1-5 and ED7-8 refer to sites on the proposals map which might or might not be acceptable for new industrial or commercial	

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					Development, or extensions to existing Buildings, subject to meeting certain criteria. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 340 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 6,800	No specific housing target in saved policies but policies H1 and H2 allocate housing sites and phasing criteria. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
	Broxtowe	ii ocal Dian	Broxtowe Core Strategy	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 2	Policy H13 provides criteria on the suitability of proposed Gypsy and Travellers sites. No figures provided.
7	Borough Council	(2004) Saved	published Jun	RENEWABLES	
	Council	policies.	2012	See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy E25 - Planning permission will be granted for developments which incorporate renewable energy techniques, subject o meeting certain criteria. No specific renewables target set.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available. Polices EM1-3 identify sites and set criteria for development of new and existing sites for employment uses. The Local Plan identifies 44.8 hectares of new land.
8	Charnwood	Charnwood		HOUSING PROVISION	
	Borough Council	Local Plan (2004) Saved		Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 790	No specific housing target but saved Policies H/1 and H/2 sets out sites for new housing allocations.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
		policies		Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 15,800	No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 9 (plus 5 transit pitches	Policy H/9 and H/10 refer to determination of planning applications for gypsy sites and for travelling showpeople sites. No specific target.
				and 4 plots for showpeople)	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy EV/41 Planning permission will be granted for development for renewable energy schemes provided criteria met. No specific renewable energy targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available. Policy E5 identifies 50ha of new sites to meet the overall Local Plan need for employment land.
9	Chesterfield	Replacement	Core Strategy	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Borough Council	Chesterfield Local Plan (June 2006)	Chesterfield published Feb 2012	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 380 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,600	Policy HSN 1 identifies sites to help meet the anticipated housing need of 7,115 dwellings for the period 1991-2016. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	Policy hsn8 contains no specific targets but allows development subject to meeting certain criteria.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
10	Corby Borough Council	North Northampton shire Core Strategy adopted Jun 2008	Corby Local Plan (1997) Saved policies.	Additional requirement = 0 RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) EMPLOYMENT See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) HOUSING PROVISION Annual apportionment from 2006 = 965 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 19,300 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 1 (plus 3 transit pitches)	Policy EVR22 contains no specific reference to renewable energy targets. Policies EMP1-4 identifies sites to meet the former Structure Plan target of 137.5 hectares of land for the period 1991-2016. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available. Policy 7: Delivering Housing of the Core Strategy requires Development Plan Documents to make provision of 16,800 dwellings for the period 2001-2021. No annual breakdown of housing targets. Policy 17: Gypsies and Travellers –Where a need is identified for additional accommodation for gypsies, travellers or travelling show people, planning permission may be granted, or site allocations proposed, when specified criteria are met. No
				RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 14: Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Construction requires development should meet the highest viable standards of resource and energy efficiency and reduction in carbon emissions. For

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					developments of over 200 dwellings it includes a target of at least 30% of the demand for energy will be met on site (the actual figure to depend upon technical and economic viability), and renewably and/or from a decentralised renewable or low-carbon energy supply.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above). Level of employment development monitored against an increase in employment of 43,800 jobs in North Northamptonshire.	Policy 11: Distribution of Jobs - The quantity and quality of existing employment sites and allocations will be reviewed against the job creation target of 13,580.
			HOUSING PROVISION		
				Annual apportionment from 2006 = 540 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 10,800	No specific housing target in saved policies.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
<u>11</u>	Daventry District Council	t Local Plan (1997) Saved		Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No reference to gypsy and traveller provision.
	Courien	policies.	2011	Additional requirement = 6 (plus 3 transit pitches)	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No reference to renewable targets
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No specific target in Local Plan. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets		
				HOUSING PROVISION Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 720 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 14,400	Policies H1-H4 and H9 identify sites and expected housing provision to help meet anticipated housing need of 15,500 dwellings between 1991 and 2011. No annual breakdown of housing targets.		
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES			
12	Derby Local Plan Review Council (2006) Saved			Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 16	Policy H15 Sites for Gypsies and Travellers contains no specific targets		
		policies.		RENEWABLES			
						See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy E10 Renewable Energy – development proposals will have regard to the need to reduce the net use of energy. No specific renewable energy targets
				EMPLOYMENT			
					See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policies identify around 338.8 hectares of available land for employment purposes. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available	
13	Derbyshire	Derbyshire		HOUSING PROVISION			
	Dales District Council	Dales Local Plan (2005) Saved	Dales Local Plan (2005)	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 200 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 4,000	No specific housing target in saved policies. No annual breakdown of housing targets.		
		policies.		GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES			
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No specific targets in the Local Plan		

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				Additional requirement = 2 RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) EMPLOYMENT See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy CS5 – Renewable Energy installations and Policy CS6 Wind Turbine generator Development Development will be allowed where it can be demonstrated that the benefits of renewable energy production outweigh any adverse impact. No specific renewable energy targets. Policy EDT1 identifies sites to meet target of 35 hectares. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
				HOUSING PROVISION	
		East Lindsey Local Plan (1995) Saved	ocal Plan	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 600 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 6,000	No specific housing target in saved policies. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
14	East Lindsey District Council			Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012.	No specific targets set in Local Plan.
	Couricii	policies		Additional requirement = 7	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No saved policy on renewable energy.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Employment land allocated on proposals map but not quantifiable. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets	
				HOUSING PROVISION Annual apportionment from 2006 = 445 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 8,900	Policy 7 requires Development Plan Documents will make provision for 9,400 dwellings for the period 2001-2021. No annual breakdown of housing targets.	
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES		
	East	North Northampton shire Core Strategy adopted June	East Northamptonshir	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 4 (plus 2 transit pitches)	Policy 17: Gypsies and Travellers. Travellers – Where a need is identified for additional accommodation for gypsies, travellers or travelling show people, planning permission may be granted, or site allocations proposed, when specified criteria are met. No specific target.	
15	Northampton	2008.	e Local Plan	RENEWABLES		
	shire Council	il The Rural North Oundle & Thrapston Plan (Jul 2011)	North Oundle policies & Thrapston Plan (Jul	North Oundle & Thrapston Plan (Jul	See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 14: Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Construction requires development should meet the highest viable standards of resource and energy efficiency and reduction in carbon emissions. For developments of over 200 dwellings it includes a target of at least 30% of the demand for energy will be met on site (the actual figure to depend upon technical and economic viability), and renewably and/or from a decentralised renewable or low- carbon energy supply.
				EMPLOYMENT		
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above). Level of employment development to be monitored against an increase in employment of 43,800 jobs in North Northamptonshire.	Policy 11: Distribution of Jobs - The quantity and quality of existing employment sites and allocations will be reviewed against the job creation target of 5,220	
16	Erewash	Erewash		HOUSING PROVISION		

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
	Borough Council	Local Plan (2005) Saved policies.		Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 360 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,200	No specific housing target in saved policies but policies identify sites to meet local housing need. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No specific provision for G&T pitches in the Local Plan
				Additional requirement = 0	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No reference to renewable energy targets
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above).	Policies E1 and E4 identify specific sites totalling over 100ha.
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 400 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 8,000	No current housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
17	Gedling Borough	Gedling Local Plan (2005)	2005) Strategy	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No policy for Gypsy and Traveller pitches. No Targets
	Council	Saved	published Jun 2012	Additional requirement = 4	
		policies.	2012	RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy ENV 5 Renewable Energy. General policy in support of renewable energy but no specific renewable energy targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Local Plan allocates 49.5Ha Local Plan for development. No direct link with the number of jobs

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					this will provide is available
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 350 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,000	Overall Housing Provision of 7,700 dwellings for the period 2006 -2028, with figures given for each of 5 areas in the District. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
18	Harborough District Council	Core Strategy adopted Nov 2011	Harborough Local Plan (2001) Saved policies	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 19 (plus 5 transit pitches and 24 plots for show people	To ensure that Gypsy, Traveller and Travelling Showpeople groups have access to suitable accommodation; the following minimum provision will be made between 2006 and 2016 through a combination of the development control process and the Allocations DPD: - 30 Gypsy and Traveller permanent residential pitches; - Capacity for up to 10 transit Gypsy and Traveller caravans; and - 29 Plots for Travelling Showpeople families.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy CS9 - Addressing climate Change states The use of renewable and low carbon energy sources are promoted, along with decentralised energy networks. Stand alone renewable energy generation will be supported within the District. No renewable energy targets are provided.
				EMPLOYMENT LAND	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy CS7 Enabling Employment and Business Development provides detail on protecting employment sites, designating key employment areas, rural employment and strategic distribution sites. No direct link with the number of jobs this will

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					provide is available
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 300 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 6,000	Policy H1 sets out the general principles for housing locations and managing housing need, whilst other policies identify specific locations. The Interim policy statement refines the interpretation of policy H1 in the light of the regional strategy allocations. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
19	Rorough Loc	High Peak Local Plan (2005) Saved	al Plan Interim Housing	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 0	Policy H17 sets criteria for assessing applications, but no target provision set
	Council	policies	(2009)	RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy CF10: Renewable Energy Planning Permission will be granted for renewable energy development, provided that the benefits of the renewable development outweigh any adverse impacts. No specific renewable energy targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Sites allocated for employment land but no direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available
20	Hinckley and	Core	Hinckley &	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Bosworth Borough Council	th Strategy	Bosworth Local	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 450 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 9,000	Overall Housing Provision by between 2006 -2028 is 7700, split into 5 areas and figures given for each area. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
			Centre Area	GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
			Action Plan	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012	Policy 18 - The council will allocate land for 42

Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
	(2011)	(2011)	taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 26 (plus 5 transit pitches and 24 plots for show people	residential pitches (26 up to 2012, 16 from 2012 - 2017), capacity for up to 10 transit caravans that equates to 5 transit pitches (to 2012), and up to 3showpeople family pitches (2 up to 2012, 1 from 2012 - 2017). Beyond 2017 to the end of the plan period there is an assumed on-going increase of 39 compound growth per annum for household formation for gypsies and travellers. For travelling showpeople a growth rate of 1.5% is assumed for the period 2017 - 2026. A Gypsy & Traveller Accommodation Needs Assessment will be undertaken to confirm the need beyond 2017. Of these new pitches 6 should be socially rented, to be provided on one site and managed by an RSL.
			RENEWABLES	
			See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	General policies in support but no specific renewable energy target. However, in terms of monitoring progress against delivering the policy, the local authority will seek to increase the amount of renewable energy generation by installed capacity and type 4% per annum CO2 reduction against base line from Local Authority operations b 2010/11
			EMPLOYMENT	
			See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available: Spatial Objective 1: Strong and Diverse Economy To strengthen and diversify the economy by providing sufficient, sustainably located, good quality land and premises. District split into 4 areas focus for new employment will be Hinckley. Range

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					of employment opportunities is given for each area, occasionally reference made to allocation of certain hectares of land but no overall figures for the district. Monitoring report gives specific employment sites to be developed in the 4 areas.
21	Kettering	Core	Kettering Local	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Borough Council	Strategy adopted Jun 2008	Plan (1995) Saved policies, Kettering Town Centre Area Action Plan (2011)	Annual apportionment from 2006 = 675 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 13,500	Policy 7 requires Development Plan Documents will make provision for 13,410 dwellings for the period 2001-2021. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 2 (plus 3 transit pitches)	Policy 17: Gypsies and Travellers. Travellers – Where a need is identified for additional accommodation for gypsies, travellers or travelling show people, planning permission may be granted, or site allocations proposed, when specified criteria are met. No specific target.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 14: Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Construction requires development should meet the highest viable standards of resource and energy efficiency and reduction in carbon emissions. For developments of over 200 dwellings it includes a target of at least 30% of the demand for energy will be met on site (the actual figure to depend upon technical and economic viability), and renewably and/or from a decentralised renewable or low-

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					carbon energy supply.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 11: Distribution of Jobs - The quantity and quality of existing employment sites and allocations will be reviewed against the job creation target of 16,200
22	Leicester City Council	Core Strategy	Leicester Local Plan (2006)	HOUSING PROVISION	
	adopted Nov 2010		Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 1,280 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 =25,600	Core Strategy Policy 6 indicates that, to meet the RSS targets, housing development should be directed to locations in Core Strategy policy 1 and to the site allocations DPD. No annual breakdown of housing targets.	
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
			Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 24 (plus 10 transit pitches and 3 plots for showpeople)	CS POLICY 9. GYPSY AND TRAVELLER AND SHOWPEOPLE ACCOMMODATION Sites for transit and residential pitches will be identified in the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD2 to meet need as set out in the following table:	
					Date Residential Transit Travelling Showpeople
					2007-2012 24 0 3 2016 27 11
					2021 31 13

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	General policy support but no specific renewable energy targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No specific target provision in the Core Strategy, although policy CS10 identifies sites and general criteria to be applied. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 990 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 19,800 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	No extant housing target but saved policy 56A identifies sites. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
	Lincoln City	Lincoln City Local Plan		Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 8	Policy 61B sets criteria but sets not explicit target or makes specific provision for new sites Local Plan beyond those already provided.
23	Council	(1998) Saved		RENEWABLES	
		policies.		See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 71: Renewable Energy provides support for renewable energy but no specific renewable energy targets set.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) Policy 11: Distribution of Jobs - The quantity and quality of existing employment sites and allocations will be reviewed against the job creation target of 5,220.	Policies 66 and 67 identify land to meet anticipated land requirement for new jobs of 46-66Ha between 1995 and 2011. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
24	Mansfield	Mansfield		HOUSING PROVISION	
	District	Local Plan		Policy 13a	

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
	Council	(1998) Saved policies.		Annual apportionment from 2006 = 530 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 10,600	No specific target in Local Plan and no annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No specific provision or specific target in Local Plan. Local Plan
				Additional requirement = 5	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy U1: Permission will be granted for developments utilising renewable energy provided they meet criteria. No specific renewable energy targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No saved policy setting out specific employment land targets in the Local Plan. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
25	Melton	Melton Local	0,	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Borough Council	Plan (1999) Saved policies.		Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 170 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 3,400	No extant policy target. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No specific target or provision in the Local Plan. Permission will be granted subject to criteria being met.
				Additional requirement = 6 (plus 5 transit pitches)	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) EMPLOYMENT	No renewable energy policy or target.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No employment land target in the Local Plan. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
				HOUSING PROVISION	
				Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 740 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 14,800	Authority divided into 5 areas and each area has a policy that sets out housing numbers. Seeks to deliver the RSS targets for the period 2006-2026
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
26	Newark and Sherwood	Core Strategy		Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 84	Core Policy 4 - Gypsies & Travellers and Travelling Showpeople - The Council will identify and, where necessary, allocate 84 pitches to meet identified need through the Allocations & Development Management DPD, will keep under review the levels of need beyond 2012 as required in the Regional Plan.
	District	adopted Mar 2011	Plan (1999)	RENEWABLES	
	Council 2	2011	Saved policies.	See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Core Policy 10 Climate Change Encourage the provision of renewable and low-carbon energy generation within new development. No specific figures for renewable energy.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Authority divided into 5 areas and each area has a policy that sets out employment issues. The overall total employment land provided for is 211-220 hectares. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
27	North East	North East		HOUSING PROVISION	
	Derbyshire	Derbyshire		Policy 13a	No extant target in place but saved policies identify

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
	District Council	Local Plan (Nov 2005)		Annual apportionment from 2006 = 380 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,600	sites. No annual breakdown of targets.
		Saved		GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
		policies.		Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 19	Policy H11: Sites for Gypsies and Travellers – Permission will be granted where there is identified need and criteria are met. No targets or specific provision in the Local Plan.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Saved Policy CSU7: Permission for renewable energy installations will be allowed subject to criteria being met. No specific renewable energy target.
				EMPLOYMENT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Saved Policy E1 requires provision for 125 Hectares of land for general industrial, business use & distribution development in 1991 – 2011 period at annual completion rate of 6.25 hectares. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.	
28	North	North		HOUSING PROVISION	
	Kesteven District Council	Kesteven Local Plan (Sept 2007) Saved policies.	Local Plan (Sept 2007) Saved	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 560 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 11,200	Policy H1 Local Plan provides for the development of 8000 dwellings in the period 2001-2021, distributed in the following way:- Lincoln Policy Area – 5300 dwellings Sleaford – 1700 dwellings Rest of District – 1000 dwellings
					No annual breakdown of targets
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	Policy H9 – Gypsy Sites. No specific target. Permission will be granted subject to criteria being met.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				Additional requirement = 7 RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) EMPLOYMENT See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy C17: Renewable Energy – Permission will be allowed subject to criteria being met. No renewable energy targets. A total of 144.68 ha (Sites Residual Capacity Area) has been designated specifically for employment development in the Local Plan for the period 2001-2021. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available:
29	e Local Plan	Leicestershir e Local Plan (2003) Saved	Core Strategy published May 2012	HOUSING PROVISION Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 510 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 10,200 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 32 (Plus 10 transit pitches and 8 plots for showpeople) RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No saved policy in the Local Plan. General policy support for gypsy and traveller sites, but no specific provision or target in the Local Plan. General policy support but no specific renewable
				EMPLOYMENT See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	energy targets. Policies in place identifying specific sites for development to help meet employment needs. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available:

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
30	Northampton Borough Council	Borough Local Plan	Core Strategy published Feb 2011	HOUSING PROVISION *Housing provision is given as a total figure for West Northamptonshire (Daventry, Northampton, South Northamptonshire) Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 62,125 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	Saved policies identify sites to meet anticipated housing need. No annual breakdown of targets. No specific provision or target in Local Plan.
				Additional requirement = 26 (Plus 5 transit pitches) RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) EMPLOYMENT See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No renewable targets Policy B1 sets a target of 357.5 hectares for the period 1993-2006. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
31	Nottingham City Council	Nottingham Local Plan (2005) Saved policies.	Nottingham Core Strategy published Jun 2012	HOUSING PROVISION Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 1,000 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 20,000 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 10 RENEWABLES	Policies identify sites and set criteria to meet housing capacity of 16,000 dwellings for the period 1991-2011. - Gypsy and traveller sites will be allowed subject to criteria being met. No specific provision or target in the Local Plan.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	General policy support but no specific renewable energy targets set.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Plan policies identify sites to meet employment need of 160 Hectares of employment Land between 1991 and 2011. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
				HOUSING PROVISION	
	Oadby and Wigston Borough	Core Strategy adopted Sept 2010		Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 90 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 1,800	States that LA will locate land for the development of a minimum of 1,800 new dwellings (90 dwellings per annum) between 2006 and 2026 and details where development likely to happen. No annual breakdown of housing targets.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
32			Oadby & Wigston Local Plan (1999) Saved policies.	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No reference in document – monitoring report indicates allocation of at least 1 residential site.
	Council			Additional requirement = 1	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policies to encourage renewable energy but no renewable energy target set.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	General policy support and identified sites but no specific target set. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
33	Peak	Core	Peak District	HOUSING PROVISION	

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
	National Park	Strategy adopted Oct 2011	National Park Local Plan (2001) Saved policies.	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 0 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 0	Provision will not be made for housing solely to meet open market demand. Housing land will not be allocated in the development plan.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 0	Gypsy, traveller or travelling showpeople's caravan or mobile home sites may be permitted only where there are exceptional circumstances of proven need for a small site that can be met without compromising national park purposes. No specific target or provision in the Local Plan.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Generally supportive policy but no renewable energy targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				. See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No specific target and no direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
34	Rushcliffe	Rushcliffe	Non Statutory	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Borough Council	Local Plan (1996) Saved policies.	Replacement Local Plan (adopted Dec	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 750 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 15,000	Saved Local Plan Policy H1 identifies sites for housing. No extant target and no annual breakdown of targets.
			2006)	GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
			Core Strategy published Mar 2012	Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No provision or allocation of Gypsy and traveller sites.
				Additional requirement = 9	
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No saved plan policy on renewable energy.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available: Saved Local Plan Policy E1 identifies employment land to meet requirement of 75 Hectares up to 2001.
•				HOUSING PROVISION	
	Rutland Council	Core Strategy adopted Jul 2011	Rutland Local Plan (2001) Saved policies.	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 150 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 3,000	Policy CS9 – Provision and distribution of new housing. Provision will be made for 3,000 new dwellings over the period 2006-2026 The target is for about 25% of dwellings to be built on previously developed land.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
35				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 2 (plus 5 transit pitches and 3 plots for showpeople)	Policy CS12 – Gypsies and travellers Sites for gypsies and travellers and show people will be identified through the Site Allocations and Policies DPD and/or the planning application process. The future need for sites for gypsies and travellers and show people beyond 2012 will be assessed in a review of the Leicestershire and Rutland Gypsy and Traveller Needs Assessment to be carried out in 2012.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy support for renewable energy but no specific renewable energy target.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				No target set for individual local authorities. See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy support for employment and economic development, including provision for industrial and office development. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
36	South Derbyshire District Council	South Derbyshire Local Plan (1998) Saved policies.		HOUSING PROVISION Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 600 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 12,000 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 19 RENEWABLES See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above) EMPLOYMENT See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Saved plan policies identify sites for development but no extant target. No annual breakdown of targets. Policy support but no specific targets in the Local Plan No reference to renewable targets Policies allocate sites to provide 380 Hectares for Industrial and Business use for the plan period. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
37	South Holland District Council	South Holland Local Plan (2006) Saved policies.		HOUSING PROVISION Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 540 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 7,400 GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 15 (Plus 10 transit pitches) RENEWABLES	Policy calls for provision of 3170 dwellings for period 2004-2021 to meet overall requirement of 7600 new dwellings between 2001 and 2021. No annual breakdown of targets. General policy support but no specific target in the Local Plan.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy support but no reference to renewable targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Areas for employment use development identified but no target for allocation of employment uses No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available.
38	South	Core	South Kesteven	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Kesteven District Council	Strategy adopted Jul 2010	Local Plan (1995)	Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 680 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 13,600	H1 RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT New housing development in South Kesteven during the period 2006 – 2026 should be planned and phased to deliver the minimum level of housing development required by the Regional Plan. (Table quotes RSS figure and gives breakdown of completions to 2008, residual to be found and annual build rate in remaining plan period), To achieve the proper distribution of development across the District during the plan period development targets have been set for each town, the Local Service Centres and the rural areas
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012 Additional requirement = 21	H4 GYPSIES AND TRAVELLERS /H5 TRAVELLING SHOWPEOPLE Where evidence from the most up to date Gypsy and Traveller (H4) Accommodation Assessment identifies the need for additional accommodation and where proposals for sites for travelling showpeople (H5) is justified by a demonstration of need planning permission may be granted or sites allocated to meet this need when specific criteria is met.

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
					Monitoring Report – minimum 11 permanent pitches by 2011
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	EN3 RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION The District Council will grant planning permission for proposals to generate energy from renewable sources. The proposal should make provision for: the mitigation of the real emissions/impacts arising from the installation of the renewable energy generation the removal of the facilities and reinstatement of the site, should the facilities cease to be operational.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	200ha identified in CS . Specific sites will be allocated for employment land use in the Site Specific Allocations and Policies DPD and Grantham Area Action Plan. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available:
39	South	South	Core Strategy	HOUSING PROVISION	
	Northampton shire Council	Northampton shire Local Plan (1997) Saved		Annual apportionment from 2006 = 330 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 6,600	Policies in place to identify sites. No overall target or annual breakdown of housing targets.
		policies.		GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	
		·		Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No saved policy on Gypsies and Travellers
				Additional requirement = 10 (plus 2 transit pitches)	

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No reference to renewable targets.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No targets in saved policies, but some sites identified. No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available:
40	Wellingborou	Core	Wellingborough	HOUSING PROVISION	
	gh Borough Council	Strategy adopted Jun 2008	Local Plan (1999) Saved policies, Wellingborough Town Centre Area Action Plan (2009)	Annual apportionment from 2006 = 662 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 13,250	Policy 7: Delivering Housing Development Plan Documents will make provision for the rates of housing development set out in Table 3. The supply of housing will be monitored and appropriate action taken to ensure that a deliverable five-year supply of sites for North Northamptonshire as a whole is maintained, including strategies to secure the development of suitable brownfield sites in accordance with policy 9. Local policies will ensure that the release of housing land is managed so that the supply is not exhausted early in the plan period. Average annual housing provisions 2001- 2006 = 304 2006- 2011 = 532 2011-2016 = 883 2016- 2021 = 841
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES	Total = 12800
				Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012	Policy 17: Gypsies and Travellers. Travellers –
				taking account of the need arising from future	Where a need is identified for additional
				growth beyond 2012	accommodation for gypsies, travellers or travelling

	Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
				Additional requirement = 14 (plus 2 transit pitches)	show people, planning permission may be granted, or site allocations proposed, when specified criteria are met. No specific target.
				RENEWABLES	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 14: Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Construction requires development should meet the highest viable standards of resource and energy efficiency and reduction in carbon emissions. For developments of over 200 dwellings it includes a target of at least 30% of the demand for energy will be met on site (the actual figure to depend upon technical and economic viability), and renewably and/or from a decentralised renewable or low- carbon energy supply.
				EMPLOYMENT	
				See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	Policy 11: Distribution of Jobs - The quantity and quality of existing employment sites and allocations will be reviewed against the job creation target of 12,400
41	West Lindsey	West Lindsey		HOUSING PROVISION	
	District Council	Local Plan (2006) Saved policies.		Policy 13a Annual apportionment from 2006 = 480 Total Housing Provision 2006-2026 = 9,600	Policies identify sites and criteria to meet 5,250 dwellings for the period 2001 – 2016.
				GYPSY & TRAVELLER PITCHES Minimal additional pitch requirements 2007-2012 taking account of the need arising from future growth beyond 2012	No specific target in the Local Plan.

Planning Authority	Current status ¹	Other relevant policies ²	East Midlands Plan Provision/Targets ³	Local authority adopted Plan Provision/Targets
			Additional requirement = 22	
			RENEWABLES	
			See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No saved policy on renewable energy.
			EMPLOYMENT	
			See policy requirement for Amber Valley (above)	No direct link with the number of jobs this will provide is available. No specific employment land target.

Table 2

East Midlands Plan / Adopted Local Plans (as at May 2012) Minerals and Waste Figures

The following lists the development plan documents (including mineral and waste development plan documents) and saved Local Plan policies, which would form the relevant development plan for the areas in question in the East Midlands of England, if the regional strategy and saved structure plan policies were revoked.

Planning Authority	Current status (composition) of the local development framework (including where saved policies from earlier Local Plans remain in place, pending approval of the core strategy)	East Midlands Regional Plan: Minerals and Waste Figures (adopted March 2009)	Local authority adopted Plan Minerals and Waste Figures	Other relevant (saved) policies and other near complete development plan documents (including relevant information)
Derby and Derbyshire	Local Plan (2005) Waste saved Local Plan policies Local Plan (2000, alterations 2002) Minerals saved Local Plan policies	Waste Policy 37 takes account of the objectives of the region's waste Strategy, including: - Work towards zero growth in waste at the regional level by 2016; - reduce the amount of waste sent to landfill in accordance with the EU Landfill Directive - exceed Government targets for recycling and composting [East Midlands Regional Plan. Paragraph	Waste Appendix B sets out forecast arisings of Derby and Derbyshire waste for the period 2000/1 to 2014/15. It assumes that Government targets in Waste Strategy 2000, as well as the obligation of the EU Landfill directive will be met. However, it does not forecast waste management capacity requirements for the plan period, except that it does anticipate a need for additional landfill capacity.	

3.3.571

East Midlands produced around 20.6 million tonnes in 2003. Of this, 48% was Construction and Demolition Waste, 28% Industrial Waste, 12% Municipal Solid Waste, 11% Commercial Waste, and 1% Hazardous Waste.

It is projected that by 2020 East Midlands will produce 22.2 million tonnes of controlled waste a year.

[East Midlands Regional Plan. Paragraph 3.3.58 & 3.3.59. Pgs 81&82]

All Waste Collection Authorities and Waste Disposal Authorities should achieve a minimum target for the recycling and composting of MSW of 30% by 2010 and 50% by 2015.

[East Midlands Regional Plan. Policy 38 Pg 86]

Policy 38 confirms that waste planning authorities should plan on the basis of waste management forecast and capacity for the period from 2009-2025. The apportionments, set out in Annex D to the Plan, are as follows

Recycling/Composting

MSW

Derby City and Derbyshire 180 (09/10), 326 (14/15), 326 (19/20), 326

[Derby and Derbyshire Waste Local Plan. Pgs 95-99]

Minerals

Policy MP20 makes provision for 36 million tonnes of sand and gravel, in the period 1992-2006, in line with national and regional guidelines. Land should be allocated to provide for 12 million tonnes of sand and gravel production, in addition to permitted reserves.

The 2001-2016 national and regional guidelines, as advised by the Aggregate Working Party, sets out an apportionment of 137 million tonnes over the 15 year period to 2006. However, given the size of permitted reserves, Policy MP23 makes no additional provision new site for crushed rock except in limited circumstances.

(24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 184 (09/10), 333 (14/15), 333 (19/20), 333 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 118 (09/10), 213 (14/15), 213 (19/20), 213 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 122 (09/10), 222 (14/15), 222 (19/20), 222 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 213 (09/10), 386 (14/15), 386 (19/20), 386 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 816 (09/10), 1,480 (14/15), 1,480 (19/20), 1,480 (24/25)	
% waste management method applied (of MSW waste stream) 30% (09/10), 50% (14/15), 50% (19/20), 50% (24/25)	
C&I Derby City and Derbyshire 628 (09/10), 624 (14/15), 608 (19/20), 592 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 628 (09/10), 624(14/15), 608 (19/20), 592 (24/25)	

Lincolnshire 393 (09/10), 390 (14/15), 380 (19/20), 370 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 419 (09/10), 416 (14/15), 405 (19/20), 394 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 550 (09/10), 546 (14/15), 532 (19/20), 518 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 2,617 (09/10), 2,601 (14/15), 2,534 (19/20), 2,466 (24/25)	
% waste management method applied (of C&I waste stream) 42% (09/10), 42% (14/15), 42% (19/20), 42% (24/25)	
C&D Derby City and Derbyshire 1,227 (09/10), 1,290 (14/15), 1,290 (19/20), 1,290 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 1,227 (09/10), 1,290 (14/15), 1,290 (19/20), 1,290 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 800 (09/10), 841 (14/15), 841 (19/20), 841 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 800 (09/10), 841 (14/15), 841 (19/20), 841	

(24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 1,280 (09/10), 1,346 (14/15), 1,346 (19/20), 1,346 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 5,335 (09/10), 5,607 (14/15), 5,607 (19/20), 5,607 (24/25)	
% waste management method applied (of C&D waste stream) 49% (09/10), 49% (14/15), 49% (19/20), 49% (24/25)	
Regional total recycling/composting (MSW, C&I and C&D)	
8,769 (09/10), 9,688 (14/15), 9,621 (19/20), 9553 (20/25)	
Landfill Diversion (MSW)	
Derby City and Derbyshire 122 (09/10), 145 (14/15), 187 (19/20), 187 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 131 (09/10), 152 (14/15), 195 (19/20), 195 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 81 (09/10), 95 (14/15), 123 (19/20), 123 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire	

70 (09/10), 90 (14/15), 121 (19/20), 121 (24/25)		
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 128 (09/10), 162 (14/15), 214 (19/20), 214 (24/25)		
Regional sub total 532 (09/10), 644 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 840 (24/25)		
% waste management method applied (of MSW waste stream) 19.55% (09/10), 21.76% (14/15), 28.39% (19/20), 28.39% (24/25)		
Regional total landfill diversion (MSW)		
532 (09/10), 644 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 840 (20/25)		
Re-Use (C&D)		
Derby City and Derbyshire 950 (09/10), 999 (14/15), 999 (19/20), 999 (24/25)		
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 950 (09/10), 999 (14/15), 999 (19/20), 999 (24/25)		
Lincolnshire 620 (09/10), 651 (14/15), 651 (19/20), 651 (24/25)		
	Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 128 (09/10), 162 (14/15), 214 (19/20), 214 (24/25) Regional sub total 532 (09/10), 644 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 840 (24/25) % waste management method applied (of MSW waste stream) 19.55% (09/10), 21.76% (14/15), 28.39% (19/20), 28.39% (24/25) Regional total landfill diversion (MSW) 532 (09/10), 644 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 840 (20/25) Re-Use (C&D) Derby City and Derbyshire 950 (09/10), 999 (14/15), 999 (19/20), 999 (24/25) Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 950 (09/10), 999 (14/15), 999 (19/20), 999 (24/25) Lincolnshire 620 (09/10), 651 (14/15), 651 (19/20), 651	(24/25) Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 128 (09/10), 162 (14/15), 214 (19/20), 214 (24/25) Regional sub total 532 (09/10), 644 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 840 (24/25) % waste management method applied (of MSW waste stream) 19.55% (09/10), 21.76% (14/15), 28.39% (19/20), 28.39% (24/25) Regional total landfill diversion (MSW) 532 (09/10), 644 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 840 (20/25) Re-Use (C&D) Derby City and Derbyshire 950 (09/10), 999 (14/15), 999 (19/20), 999 (24/25) Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 950 (09/10), 999 (14/15), 999 (19/20), 999 (24/25) Lincolnshire 620 (09/10), 651 (14/15), 651 (19/20), 651

	Northamptonshire 620 (09/10), 651 (14/15), 651 (19/20), 651 (24/25)	
	Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 992 (09/10), 1,042 (14/15), 1,042 (19/20), 1,042 (24/25)	
	Regional sub total 4,132 (09/10), 4,343 (14/15), 4,343 (19/20), 4,343 (24/25)	
	% waste management method applied (of C&D waste stream) 38.25% (09/10), 38.25% (14/15), 38.25% (19/20), 38.25% (24/25)	
	Regional total re-use (C&D)	
	4,132 (09/10), 4,343 (14/15), 4,343 (19/20), 4,343 (20/25)	
	<u>Disposal</u>	
	MSW Derby City and Derbyshire 297 (09/10), 181 (14/15), 138 (19/20), 138 (24/25)	
	Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 298 (09/10), 181 (14/15), 139 (19/20), 139 (24/25)	
	Lincolnshire 193 (09/10), 118 (14/15), 90 (19/20), 90 (24/25)	

Northamptonshire 216 (09/10), 132 (14/15), 101 (19/20), 101 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 369 (09/10), 224 (14/15), 172 (19/20), 172 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 1,373 (09/10), 836 (14/15), 640 (19/20), 640 (24/25)	
% waste management method applied (of MSW waste stream) 50.45% (09/10), 28.24% (14/15), 21.62% (19/20), 21.62% (24/25)	
C&I Derby City and Derbyshire 868 (09/10), 862 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 818 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 868 (09/10), 862 (14/15), 840 (19/20), 818 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 542 (09/10), 539 (14/15), 525 (19/20), 511 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 578 (09/10), 575 (14/15), 560 (19/20), 545 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 759 (09/10), 754 (14/15), 735 (19/20),	

716 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 3,615 (09/10), 3,591 (14/15), 3,499 (19/20), 3,408 (24/25)	
% waste management method applied (of C&I waste stream) 58% (09/10), 58% (14/15), 58% (19/20), 58% (24/25)	
C&D Derby City and Derbyshire 307 (09/10), 323 (14/15), 323 (19/20), 323 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 307 (09/10), 323 (14/15), 323 (19/20), 323 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 200 (09/10), 211 (14/15), 211 (19/20), 211 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 200 (09/10), 211 (14/15), 211 (19/20), 211 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 320 (09/10), 337 (14/15), 337 (19/20), 337 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 1,335 (09/10), 1,403 (14/15), 1,403 (19/20), 1,403 (24/25)	

% waste management method applied (of C&D waste stream) 12.36% (09/10), 12.36% (14/15), 12.36% (19/20), 12.36% (24/25) Regional total disposal (MSW, C&I and C&D) 6,323 (09/10), 5,831 (14/15), 5,542 (19/20), 5,451 (20/25) **Total (all treatment routes)** MSW Derby City and Derbyshire 598 (09/10), 651 (14/15), 651 (19/20), 651 (24/25) Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 613 (09/10), 667 (14/15), 667 (19/20), 667 (24/25)Lincolnshire 392 (09/10), 426 (14/15), 426 (19/20), 426 (24/25)Northamptonshire 408 (09/10), 444 (14/15), 444 (19/20), 444 (24/25)Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 710 (09/10), 772 (14/15), 772 (19/20), 772 (24/25)

Regional sub total 2,721 (09/10), 2,960 (14/15), 2,960 (19/20), 2,960 (24/25)	
C&I Derby City and Derbyshire 1,496 (09/10), 1,486 (14/15), 1,448 (19/20), 1,410 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 1,496 (09/10), 1,486 (14/15), 1,448 (19/20), 1,410 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 935 (09/10), 929 (14/15), 905 (19/20), 881 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 997 (09/10), 991 (14/15), 965 (19/20), 939 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 1,309 (09/10), 1,300 (14/15), 1,267 (19/20), 1,234 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 6,232 (09/10), 6,192 (14/15), 6,032 (19/20), 5,874 (24/25)	
C&D Derby City and Derbyshire 2,485 (09/10), 2,611 (14/15), 2,611 (19/20), 2,611 (24/25)	
Leicester City and Rutland and Leicester 2,485 (09/10), 2,611 (14/15), 2,611	

(19/20), 2,611 (24/25)	
Lincolnshire 1,620 (09/10), 1,703 (14/15), 1,703 (19/20), 1,703 (24/25)	
Northamptonshire 1,620 (09/10), 1,703 (14/15), 1,703 (19/20), 1,703 (24/25)	
Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire 2,593 (09/10), 2,725 (14/15), 2,725 (19/20), 2,725 (24/25)	
Regional sub total 10,802 (09/10), 11,353 (14/15), 11,353 (19/20), 11,353 (24/25)	
Regional overall total (MSW, C&I and C&D)	
21,757 (09/10), 22,409 (14/15), 22,156 (19/20), 20,187 (20/25)	
[East Midlands Regional Plan. Paragraph 3.3.60 & Appendix 4. Pgs 82&172-178]	
Estimated MSW capacity shortfall by waste planning authority (000s tonnes)	
Derbyshire, Derby City – 241 (Recycling/composting), 187 (landfill diversion), 0 (reuse), -295 (disposal), 133 (total)	

Leicestershire, Leicester, Rutland - 235 (Recycling/composting), 85 (landfill diversion), 0 (reuse), -259 (disposal), 61 (total) Lincolnshire - 31 (Recycling/composting), 123 (landfill diversion), 0 (reuse), -182 (disposal), -28 (total) Northamptonshire - 120 (Recycling/composting), 121 (landfill diversion), 0 (reuse), -173 (disposal), 68 (total) Nottinghamshire, Nottingham City - 258 (Recycling/composting), 64 (landfill diversion), 0 (reuse), -162 (disposal), 160 (total) Total - 885 (Recycling/composting), 580 (landfill diversion), 0 (reuse), -1070 (disposal), 395 (total) Waste planning authorities should seek to protect existing recycling and recovery sites, increasing capacity where possible. [East Midlands Regional Plan. Figure 5 & Paragraph 3.3.65. Pg 84] **Minerals** The East Midlands is a major producer and exporter of aggregates, with important implications for employment, landscapes and transport infrastructure. About 21% of the sand and gravel and 44% of the

		Total - 523.0		
		Total Derbyshire – 182.4 Peak District NPA – 66.9 Leicestershire – 282.5 Lincolnshire – 76.2 Northamptonshire – 21.8 Nottinghamshire – 58.2 Total – 688.0 [East Midlands Regional Plan. Paragraph 3.3.50 and Figure 1. Pgs 78&79]		
Leicestershire and Leicester	Waste Core Strategy (adopted Oct 2009) Minerals Core Strategy (adopted Oct 2009)		Waste Municipal waste targets for Leicester City will be consistent with waste Strategy 2007 targets. However, to achieve conformity with Leicestershire's Municipal Waste Strategy, which sets targets above the national targets, the following higher targets will be used for municipal waste in Leicestershire County only:	

to recycle or compost at least 40% of municipal waste by 2007 (achieved);	
to recycle or compost at least 50% of municipal waste by 2010;	
to recycle or compost at least 58% of municipal waste by 2017.	
To follow the dates published in the RSS this equates to 50% by 2009/10, 53% by 2014/15 and 58% by 2019/20.	
[Waste Core Strategy. Paragraph 2.17 & 2.18. Pg 7]	
Policy WCS1 states that the strategy for waste management capacity is to provide sufficient waste management capacity to manage the equivalent of the waste arising in the framework area and as a minimum achieve the targets for recycling, composting, reuse and landfill diversion set in the RSS and the Leicestershire Municipal Waste Strategy.	
Indicative waste management capacity requirements for Leicestershire, Leicester and Rutland, which underpins this policy, are: (thousand tonnes)	
2009/2010	

MSW (22% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 184 Landfill diversion - 131 Re-use - 0 Disposal - 298 Total – 613
C&I (24% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 628 Landfill diversion - 0 Re-use - 0 Disposal - 868 Total – 1,505
C&D (23% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 1,227 Landfill diversion - 0 Re-use - 950 Disposal - 307 Total – 2,485
2014/2015
MSW (22% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 333 Landfill diversion - 152 Re-use - 0 Disposal - 181 Total – 667
C&I (24% of regional total)

Recycling/Composting – 624 Landfill diversion - 0
Re-use - 0
Disposal - 862
Total – 1,495
C&D (23% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 1,290
Landfill diversion - 0
Re-use - 999
Disposal - 323
Total – 2,611
2019/2020
MSW (22% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 333
Landfill diversion - 195
Re-use - 0
Disposal - 139
Total – 667
C&I (24% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 608
Landfill diversion - 0
Re-use - 0
Disposal - 840
Total – 1,457
C&D (23% of regional total)
Recycling/Composting – 1,290
Landfill diversion - 0
Re-use - 999

Disposal - 323 Total - 2,611	
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 2-1. Pg 8]	
Indicative scale and number of facilities required for recycling of municipal and commercial & industrial waste	
2009/10 Gross requirement (tonnes) 690,133	
Capacity (tonnes) 600,729	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -89,904	
Number of additional facilities needed 2 of 50,000	
2014/15 Gross requirement (tonnes) 700,667	
Capacity (tonnes) 700,729	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) +62	
Number of additional facilities needed	

0
2019/20
Gross requirement (tonnes)
727,836
Canacity (tannas)
Capacity (tonnes) 700,729
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes)
-107
Number of additional facilities needed
0
SIMO ata Cana Cinatana Tahia 4.4 Ba
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.1. Pg 19]
131
Indicative scale and number of
facilities required for the composting
of municipal waste
2009/10
Gross requirement (tonnes)
119,042
Capacity (tonnes)
97,427
Object to 11/2 and 11/2
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -21,615
-21,013
Number of additional facilities needed
1 of 25,000

2014/15
Gross requirement (tonnes)
137,285
Canacity (tannas)
Capacity (tonnes) 122,427
122,721
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes)
-14,858
Number of additional facilities needed
1 of 25,000
2019/20
Gross requirement (tonnes)
118,043
Capacity (tonnes)
147,427
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes)
+29,384
Number of additional facilities needed
0
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.2. Pg
19]
Indicative scale and number of
facilities required for the recovery of
municipal waste
2009/10
Gross requirement (tonnes)

299,153	
Capacity (tonnes) 293,328	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -5,825	
Number of additional facilities needed 0	
2014/15 Gross requirement (tonnes) 461,234	
Capacity (tonnes) 364,921	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -102,138	
Number of additional facilities needed 2 of 50,000	
2019/20 Gross requirement (tonnes) 502,104	
Capacity (tonnes) 488,048	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -14,056	
Number of additional facilities needed	

0
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.3. Pg 20]
Indicative scale and number of facilities required for the landfilling of non-inert (municipal and C&I) waste
2009/10 Gross requirement (tonnes) 1,087,000
Capacity (tonnes) 700,000
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -387,000
Number of additional facilities needed 2 of 200,000
2014/15 Gross requirement (tonnes) 1,000,000
Capacity (tonnes) 860,000
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -140,000
Number of additional facilities needed 1 of 200,000

	2019/20 Gross requirement (tonnes) 938,000	
	Capacity (tonnes) 1,060,000	
	Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) +122,000	
	Number of additional facilities needed 0	
	[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.4. Pg 21]	
	Indicative scale and number of facilities required for the recovery of municipal waste	
	2009/10 Gross requirement (tonnes) 299,153	
	Capacity (tonnes) 293,328	
	Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -5,825	
	Number of additional facilities needed 0	

2014/15 Gross requirement (tonnes) 461,234	
Capacity (tonnes) 364,921	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -102,138	
Number of additional facilities needed 2 of 50,000	
2019/20 Gross requirement (tonnes) 502,104	
Capacity (tonnes) 488,048	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -14,056	
Number of additional facilities needed 0	
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.3. Pg 20]	
Indicative scale and number of facilities required for the recycling of construction and demolition waste	
2009/10	

Gross requirement (tonnes) 1,165,650
Capacity (tonnes) 592,800
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -572,850
Number of additional facilities needed 12 of 50,000
2014/15 Gross requirement (tonnes) 1,225,500
Capacity (tonnes) 592,800
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -572,850
Number of additional facilities needed 12 of 50,000
2019/20 Gross requirement (tonnes) 1,225,500
Capacity (tonnes) 1,242,800
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) +17,300

Number of additional facilities needed 0	
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.5. Pg 21]	
Indicative scale and number of facilities required for the landfilling of inert (construction and demolition) waste	
2009/10 Gross requirement (tonnes) 934,467	
Capacity (tonnes) 558,989	
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -375,478	
Number of additional facilities needed 2 of 150,000	
2014/15 Gross requirement (tennos)	
Gross requirement (tonnes) 995,267 Capacity (tonnes)	
655,000	

Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -340,267
Number of additional facilities needed 2 of 150,000
2019/20 Gross requirement (tonnes) 995,267
Capacity (tonnes) 865,000
Shortfall/surplus (tonnes) -130,267
Number of additional facilities needed 1 of 150,000
[Waste Core Strategy. Table 4.6. Pg 22]
<u>Minerals</u>
Minerals Core Strategy Policy MCS2 states that The strategy for aggregate minerals is to:
Make land available to meet the subregional apportionment of 26.25 million tonnes of sand and gravel over the 21 year period 2001-2021 and 337.75 million tonnes of crushed rock
over the 21 year period 2001-2021

		Maintain landbanks for sand and gravel and crushed rock in line with national and regional policy, with the geographical area for considering landbank provision being the whole of the County area.
Rutland	Core strategy Development Plan Document (July 2011) Minerals Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document (Oct 2010)	Policy CS25 indicates that waste development within the county will focus on the provision of preliminary and supporting facilities. Rutland is not considered an appropriate location for large scale advanced treatment facilities. The indicative waste management capacity requirements up to 2026 include: a) recycling capacity of 12,000 to 22,000 tonnes per annum (tpa), plus an additional 500 tpa for civic amenity facilities, b) biological processing capacity of 6,000 to 12,000 tpa, c) inert recycling of 7,000 tpa, and d) advanced treatment of 16,000 to 19,000 tpa.

The estimated inert disposal capacity requirement up to 2026 is 13,000 to 36,000 (tpa).
The estimated non-inert disposal capacity requirement up to 2026 includes 12,000-34,000 tpa for non-inert waste, as well as an additional 4,000 to 5,000 tpa of residual waste materials.
Regional self-sufficiency will be promoted through sustainable patterns of waste movements in relation to urban areas in neighbouring counties, particularly for advanced treatment, non-inert disposal, and hazardous waste management.
Waste production in Rutland 2010 to 2016 (000s tonnes)
2005/06 MSW – 21 C&I (low to high range) – 27-61 CD&E (low to high range) – 52-86 Hazardous – 1.3 Total (low to high range) – 101-169
2010/11 MSW – 20 C&I (low to high range) – 30-60 CD&E (low to high range) – 55-90 Hazardous – 1.7 Total (low to high range) – 106-172

2015/16 MSW – 21 C&I (low to high range) – 31-59 CD&E (low to high range) – 58-94 Hazardous – 1.7 Total (low to high range) – 112-176
2020/21 MSW – 21 C&I (low to high range) – 31-57 CD&E (low to high range) – 58-94 Hazardous – 1.7 Total (low to high range) – 112-174
2025/26 MSW – 21 C&I (low to high range) – 31-55 CD&E (low to high range) – 58-94 Hazardous – 1.7 Total (low to high range) – 112-172
[Core Strategy Development Plan Document. Table 3. Pg 81] Indicative waste management and disposal capacity requirements 2010
to 2026 – low to high range (000s tonnes) 2005/06 Processing of recyclables – 8-19 Biological processing – 6-13 Advanced treatment – 6-7 Inert recycling – 27-42

Inert fill – 12-33 Disposal – 29-61 Residual waste material for disposal – 2-3 Total disposal - 31-63 2010/11 Processing of recyclables – 12-25 Biological processing – 9-17 Advanced treatment – 6-8 Inert recycling – 32-50 Inert fill – 12-35 Disposal – 20-42 Residual waste material for disposal – 2-3 Total disposal - 22-45 2015/16 Processing of recyclables – 13-25 Biological processing – 9-17 Advanced treatment – 16-19 Inert recycling – 34-52 Inert fill – 13-36 Disposal – 12-34 Residual waste material for disposal – 4-5 Total disposal - 4-5 Total disposal - 16-39 2020/21 Processing of recyclables – 13-24
for disposal – 4-5 Total disposal - 16-39 2020/21
Inert fill – 13-36 Disposal – 12-34 Residual waste material for disposal – 4-5

Total disposal - 16-39
2025/26 Processing of recyclables – 13-23 Biological processing – 9-16 Advanced treatment – 16-19 Inert recycling – 34-52 Inert fill – 13-36 Disposal – 12-34 Residual waste material for disposal – 4-5 Total disposal – 16-39
Current capacity Processing of recyclables – 1.9 Biological processing – 3.5 Advanced treatment – Nil Inert recycling – 30 Inert fill – 7 Disposal – Nil Residual waste material for disposal – Nil Total disposal - Nil
Capacity gap 2025 Processing of recyclables – 12-22 Biological processing – 6-12 Advanced treatment – 16-19 Inert recycling – 7 Inert fill – 13-36 Disposal – 12-34 Residual waste material for disposal – 4-5 Total disposal – 16-39
[Core Strategy Development Plan Document. Table 4. Pg 82]

Minerals Policy MCS2 underpinned by the need to provide 4.864mt of crushed rock to be provided over the period 2001-2016 based on the approved regional apportionment, an annual requirement of some 304,000 tonnes. The sub-regional apportionment only covers the period from 2001 to 2016. The 2001-2016 apportionment has therefore been rolled forward to 2026 by assuming the requirements after 2016 continue at the same average	
rate. If the DPD period were assumed to be 21 years inclusive (2006-2026), this would result in a total requirement for Rutland of 6.4mt. The current aggregate landbank for Rutland is approximately 30 years (permitted reserve of approximately 9mt as at the end of 2007 divided by an annual requirement of 0.304mt). The existing permitted reserve represents an excess of some 2.6mt above the total requirement for the period to 2026. [Rutland Minerals Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document. Paragraphs 4.1.6 to 4.1.14. Pgs 20821]	Policy MCS2 underpinned by the need to provide 4.864mt of crushed rock to be provided over the period 2001-2016 based on the approved regional apportionment, an annual requirement of some 304,000 tonnes. The sub-regional apportionment only covers the period from 2001 to 2016. The 2001-2016 apportionment has therefore been rolled forward to 2026 by assuming the requirements after 2016 continue at the same average rate. If the DPD period were assumed to be 21 years inclusive (2006-2026), this would result in a total requirement for Rutland of 6.4mt. The current aggregate landbank for Rutland is approximately 30 years (permitted reserve of approximately 9mt as at the end of 2007 divided by an annual requirement of 0.304mt). The existing permitted reserve represents an excess of some 2.6mt above the total requirement for the period to 2026. [Rutland Minerals Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document. Paragraphs 4.1.6 to 4.1.14. Pgs

Appendix C - SEA of Revocation of East Midlands Regional Strategy

Lincolnshire	Lincolnshire Waste Local Plan (adopted May 2006) Minerals Local Plan (adopted 1991)	Waste Waste objectives consistent with those in Waste Strategy 2000. Each Council has also been set individual targets to reflect local circumstances. In Lincolnshire the	
	saved Local Plan policies	recycling target is 20% in 2003/4 and 30% in 2005/6. Projected Lincolnshire Waste Arising Levels (tonnes) 2015	
		MSW	
		Tonnage – 426,000 Percentage – 13%	
		C&I Tonnage – 1,071,000 Percentage – 34%	
		C&D Tonnage – 1,703,000 Percentage – 53%	
		[Lincolnshire Waste Local Plan. Table 6. Pg 29]	
		Future predicted Lincolnshire MSW growth (in tonnes)	

2004/05 - 362,662 2005/06 - 367,669 2009/10 - 413,815 2012/13 - 452,186 2014/15 - 479,725 2019/20 - 556,133 Figures from 2009/10 onwards are
estimated assuming 3% per annum growth from 2005/06 base. [Lincolnshire Waste Local Plan. Table]
7. Pg 30]
The role of the district councils as collection authorities is very important in achieving recycling targets. Kerbside recycling initiatives have resulted in 11% of MSW being recycled in 2003/04.
Kerbside Recycling Collection in Lincolnshire (2003-2004)
Approx tonnage collected Boston Borough Council – 3,634 East Lindsey DC – 2,000 Lincoln City – 2,000 North Kesteven DC – 7,096 South Holland DC – 3,226 South Kesteven DC – 2,238 West Lindsey DC – 573
Households served by kerbside recycling (%)

Boston Borough Council – 77.1 East Lindsey DC – 84.3 Lincoln City – 99.3 North Kesteven DC – 100 South Holland DC – 86 South Kesteven DC – 35 West Lindsey DC – 50.6 Whilst the objective of the plan is to meet the targets for reduction and recycling of municipal waste set out in the Regional Spatial Strategy and Regional Waste Strategy, the continued increase in the growth rate of municipal waste makes achieving the recycling, recovery and landfill diversion rates set by Central Government a challenging prospect. [Lincolnshire Waste Local Plan. Paragraphs 4.6&4.7. Pgs 31&32]
Minerals Provision for aggregates production in Lincolnshire will be based on the County contributing 10.94% towards the East Midlands forecast demand 1986-2005 (adjusted to 1986-2000) made up of: - for sand and gravel of 7.38%; and - for crushed rock of 3.56% Lincolnshire: Level of Provision for

		Aggregates 1986-2000 (million tonnes) Total output (1986-2000) Sand and gravel – 43.622 Crushed Rock – 21.042 Annual average output (1986-1995) Sand and gravel – 2.760 Crushed Rock – 1.331 Annual average output (1996-2000) Sand and gravel – 3.204 Crushed Rock – 1.564 [Minerals Local Plan. Paragraphs 3.19and table 4. Pgs 20&21]	
Northamptonshire	Minerals and Waste Development Framework Core Strategy (May 2010) (site specific elements adopted March 2011)	Waste The Joint Municipal Waste Management Strategy sets the following targets for recycling and composting of household waste which exceed national targets: 44% by	

2009/10, 48% by 2012/13, 52% by 2015/16, and 56% by 2019/20.
[Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Paragraph 3.21. Pg 8]
Summary of MSW arisings (tonnes per annum)
2005/06 Total MSW arisings – 369,000 Recycling – 67,000 Biological processing – 58,000 Advanced treatment – 0
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 244,000
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 5,000
2010/11 Total MSW arisings – 383,000 Recycling – 97,000 Biological processing – 84,000 Advanced treatment – 10,000
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 191,000
Landfill disposal: residual waste

arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 9,000
2015/16 Total MSW arisings – 414,000 Recycling – 111,000 Biological processing – 96,000 Advanced treatment – 207,000
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 0
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 49,000
2020/21 Total MSW arisings – 443,000 Recycling – 119,000 Biological processing – 102,000 Advanced treatment – 221,000
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 0
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 53,000
2025/26 Total MSW arisings – 472,000 Recycling – 127,000 Biological processing – 109,000 Advanced treatment – 236,000

Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 0 Landfill disposal: residual waste	
arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 56,000	
Indicative capacity requirement 2015/16 (tonnes) Recycling – 44,000 Biological processing – 38,000 Advanced treatment – 207,000 Disposal to landfill – 49,000	
Indicative capacity requirement 2025/26 (tonnes) Recycling – 59,000 Biological processing – 51,000	
Advanced treatment – 236,000 Disposal to landfill – 56,000 [Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Table	
CS2(a). Pg 20]	
Summary of C&I arisings (tonnes per annum) 2005/06	
Total C&I arisings – 1,016,000 Recycling – 219,000 Biological processing – 219,000 Advanced treatment – 122,000	

Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 455,000	
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 42,000	
2010/11 Total C&I arisings – 1,113,000 Recycling – 295,000 Biological processing – 295,000 Advanced treatment – 166,000	
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 357,000	
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 57,000	
2015/16 Total C&I arisings – 1,196,000 Recycling – 327,000 Biological processing – 327,000 Advanced treatment – 185,000	
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 357,000	
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 63,000	
2020/21	

Total C&I arisings – 1,277,000 Recycling – 359,000 Biological processing – 359,000 Advanced treatment – 203,000
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 357,000
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 69,000
2025/26 Total C&I arisings – 1,356,000 Recycling – 389,000 Biological processing – 389,000 Advanced treatment – 220,000
Landfill disposal: post preliminary treatment (no advanced treatment) – 357,000
Landfill disposal: residual waste arisings (post-advanced treatment) – 75,000
Indicative capacity requirement 2015/16 (tonnes) Recycling – 108,000 Biological processing – 108,000 Advanced treatment – 63,000 Disposal to landfill – 420,000
Indicative capacity requirement 2025/26 (tonnes) Recycling – 170,000

	Biological processing – 170,000	
	Advanced treatment – 98,000	
	Disposal to landfill – 432,000	
	[Minerals and waste development	
	framework core strategy. Table CS2(b). Pg 20]	
	Summary of C&D arisings (tonnes per annum)	
	2005/06 Total C&D arisings – 1,482,000	
	Inert Recycling – 732,000	
	Inert fill – 568,000 Disposal to landfill – 182,000	
	2010/11	
	Total C&D arisings – 1,653,000	
	Inert Recycling – 848,000 Inert fill – 633,000	
	Disposal to landfill – 172,000	
	2015/16	
	Total C&D arisings – 1,809,000 Inert Recycling – 928,000	
	Inert fill – 693,000	
	Disposal to landfill – 188,000	
	2020/21 Total C&D arisings – 1,969,000	
	Inert Recycling – 1,010,000	
	Inert fill – 754,000 Disposal to landfill – 205,000	
	200,000	

2025/26 Total C&D arisings – 2,123,000 Inert Recycling – 1,089,000 Inert fill – 813,000 Disposal to landfill – 221,000
Indicative capacity requirement 2015/16 (tonnes) Inert Recycling – 196,000 Inert fill – 693,000 Disposal to landfill – 188,000
Indicative capacity requirement 2025/26 (tonnes) Inert Recycling – 357,000 Inert fill – 813,000 Disposal to landfill – 221,000
[Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Table CS2(c). Pg 21]
Summary of waste arisings requiring treatment (tonnes per annum)
2005/06 Total arisings (MSW, C&I, C&D) – 2,867,000
Recycling (MSW, C&I) – 287,000 Biological Processing (MSW, C&I) – 278,000

Advanced treatment (MSW, C&I) – 122,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 732,000
2010/11 Total arisings (MSW, C&I, C&D) – 3,149,000
Recycling (MSW, C&I) – 392,000
Biological Processing (MSW, C&I) – 379,000
Advanced treatment (MSW, C&I) – 177,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 848,000
2015/16 Total arisings (MSW, C&I, C&D) – 3,418,000
Recycling (MSW, C&I) – 439,000
Biological Processing (MSW, C&I) – 423,000
Advanced treatment (MSW, C&I) – 392,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 928,000
2020/21

Total arisings (MSW, C&I, C&D) – 3,689,000
Recycling (MSW, C&I) – 478,000
Biological Processing (MSW, C&I) – 461,000
Advanced treatment (MSW, C&I) – 424,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 1,010,000
2025/26 Total arisings (MSW, C&I, C&D) – 3,951,000
Recycling (MSW, C&I) - 516,000
Biological Processing (MSW, C&I) – 498,000
Advanced treatment (MSW, C&I) – 456,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 1,089,000
Indicative capacity requirement 2015/16 (tonnes) Recycling (MSW, C&I) – 152,000
Biological processing (MSW, C&I) – 145,000
Advanced Treatment (MSW, C&I) –

270,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 196,000
Indicative capacity requirement 2025/26 (tonnes) Recycling (MSW, C&I) – 229,000
Biological processing (MSW, C&I) – 221,000
Advanced Treatment (MSW, C&I) – 334,000
Inert recycling (C&D) – 357,000
[Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Table CS2(d). Pg 21]
Summary of landfill capacity requirements (residual waste arisings tonnes per annum)
2005/06 MSW - 249,000 C&I - 497,000 C&D - 182,000 Total - 927,000
2010/11 MSW - 201,000 C&I - 413,000 C&D - 172,000

Total – 786,000	
2015/16 MSW - 49,000 C&I - 420,000 C&D - 188,000 Total - 657,000	
2020/21 MSW - 53,000 C&I - 426,000 C&D - 205,000 Total - 684,000	
2025/26 MSW – 56,000 C&I – 432,000 C&D – 221,000 Total – 709,000	
Estimated residual disposal capacity 2015/16 (tonnes) MSW - 49,000 C&I - 420,000 C&D - 188,000 Total - 657,000	
Estimated residual disposal capacity 2025/26 (tonnes) MSW – 56,000 C&I – 432,000 C&D – 221,000	
Total – 709,000 [Minerals and waste development	

framework core strategy. Table CS2(e). Pg 22]
Policy CS1: Northamptonshire's waste management capacity Provide facilities to meet the following indicative waste management capacities during the plan period:
Recycling (MSW and C&I) capacity of 439,000 and 516,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively,
Biological processing (MSW and C&I) capacity of 423,000 and 498,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively,
Waste management or advanced treatment (MSW and C&I) capacity of 392,000 and 456,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively,
Inert recycling (C&D) capacity of 928,000 and 1,089,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively,
Hazardous waste management of 72,000 and 82,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively.
This provision will come from a mix of

extensions to existing sites, intensification or re-development of existing sites and new sites.
[Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Policy CS1. Pg 30]
Policy CS3: Strategy for waste disposal Provision should be made to meet the following indicative waste disposal capacities during the plan period:
Non-inert disposal (MSW, C&I and C&D) capacity of 657,000 and 709,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively,
Inert fill disposal capacity of 693,000 and 813,000 tonnes per annum for 2016 and 2026 respectively.
Provision of capacity for general non- inert waste disposal should only be made if the need for this can be justified and it is only for residual wastes.
[Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Policy CS3. Pg 30]

<u>Minerals</u>
Sand and gravel in Northamptonshire to be maintained at average level of 0.97 million tonnes a year.
Crushed rock (limestone) in Northamptonshire to be maintained at average level of 0.39 million tonnes a year.
[Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Paragraph 7.2. Pg 31]
Policy CS5: Providing for an adequate supply of aggregates Provision will be made over the plan period 2006 to 2026 for the extraction of:
19.36 million tonnes of sand and gravel (equivalent to an annual average of 0.97 million tonnes) provided from glacial and pre-glacial deposits, and the river valleys of the Nene (west of Wellingborough) and the Great Ouse.
7.9 million tonnes of crushed rock (limestone) (equivalent to an annual average of 0.39 million tonnes) provided from deposits outside unworked river valleys or from sites with old permissions upgraded to

		modern conditions. The maintenance of a landbank of at least seven years for sand & gravel, and at least ten years for crushed rock will be sought. This provision will come from both extensions to existing sites and new sites. [Minerals and waste development framework core strategy. Policy CS5. Pg 35]	
Nottinghamshire and Nottingham	Waste Local Plan (2002) saved Local Plan policies Nottinghamshire Minerals Local Plan (2005) saved Local Plan policies	Waste No percentage figures for recycling, landfill diversion etc Nottinghamshire – Annual Waste Arisings 1996 Household – 500,000 tonnes C&I – 850,000 tonnes C&D – 750,000 [Waste Local Plan. Figure 1.1. Chapter 1] Summary of shortfall in disposal space over plan period (1995-2004) in 000 tonnes.	Waste Core Strategy published for consultation February 2012. Minerals Minerals Core Strategy scheduled for public consultation summer 2013.

Worst case Household/Commercial/Industrial Greater Nottingham – 220 Mansfield/Ashfield – 188 Construction/demolition Greater Nottingham – 95 Best Case Household/Commercial/Industrial Greater Nottingham – 128 Mansfield/Ashfield – 167 Construction/demolition Greater Nottingham – 85 [Waste Local Plan. Figure 10.4. Chapter 10] Minerals Minerals figures all lower than RS which contains more recent apportionments Nottinghamshire's share of Regional sand and gravel production (based on approach approved by East Midlands Forum Feb 2004) East Midlands (000 tonnes) 1997 - 11,315 1998 - 9,995		
Minerals Minerals figures all lower than RS which contains more recent apportionments Nottinghamshire's share of Regional sand and gravel production (based on approach approved by East Midlands Forum Feb 2004) East Midlands (000 tonnes) 1997 - 11,315 1998 - 9,995	Household/Commercial/Industrial Greater Nottingham – 220 Mansfield/Ashfield – 186 Construction/demolition Greater Nottingham – 95 Best Case Household/Commercial/Industrial Greater Nottingham – 128 Mansfield/Ashfield – 167 Construction/demolition Greater Nottingham – 85	
Minerals Minerals figures all lower than RS which contains more recent apportionments Nottinghamshire's share of Regional sand and gravel production (based on approach approved by East Midlands Forum Feb 2004) East Midlands (000 tonnes) 1997 - 11,315 1998 - 9,995		
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apportionments Nottinghamshire's share of Regional sand and gravel production (based on approach approved by East Midlands Forum Feb 2004) East Midlands (000 tonnes) 1997 - 11,315 1998 - 9,995		
sand and gravel production (based on approach approach approved by East Midlands Forum Feb 2004) East Midlands (000 tonnes) 1997 - 11,315 1998 - 9,995	apportionments	
1997 - 11,315 1998 - 9,995	sand and gravel production (based on approach approved by East Midlands	
1998 - 9,995		
1000 10 200		

2000 - 9,939
2001 – 10,149
Average 1997-2001
10,353
Forecast provision 2001-2016
10,313
Notice the small by (000 to make) and t
Nottinghamshire (000 tonnes) and
Regional share % 1997 – 2,560 (22.65%)
1997 – 2,300 (22.03%)
1999 – 2,767 (26.68%)
2000 – 2,778 (20.36%)
2001 – 2,861 (28.39%)
255. 2,551 (25.5570)
Average 1997-2001
2,675 (25.84%)
Forecast Provision
2.65Mt rounded (25.84%)
Maintain a 7 year landbank in
accordance with MPG6. This amounts
to 18.6 million tonnes based on
Nottinghamshire's assumed future
requirement.
[Minerals Local Plan. Table 6.1. Pg
79]
10]
Limestone production in
Nottinghamshire has been very small
scale. Expect to provide 263,000
tonnes per annum until 2017.

Appendix C - SEA of Revocation of East Midlands Regional Strategy

		[Minerals Local Plan. Paragraph 6.1. Pg 79 and paragraph 8.18 Pg 127]	
Peak District NPA	Core Strategy Development Plan Document (adopted October 2011)	Regional policy sets out an aggregates apportionment for the Peak District National Park of 66.9m for the period 2001 to 2016. Followin publication of new national and regional figures, the East Midlands Regional Aggregates Working Party (RAWP) have subsequently recommended that the National Park figure should be 65.0mt for the period 2005 to 2020 (16 years) The National Park Authority will seek a further reduction in the apportionment figure suggested for the National Park at the relevant future review stages in the RAWP process or its successor processes. Current permitted reserves of limestone for aggregate purposes amounted to 111mt as at 31 December 2008, sufficient for about 27 years' supply. Permitted reserves of sandstone for aggregate purposes amounted to 2.68mt (combined with Derbyshire) at 31 December 2008, sufficient for 20 years based on the current apportionment figure.	g d

Appendix C - SEA of Revocation of East Midlands Regional Strategy

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		[Core Strategy Development Plan Document. Paragraph 14.22 to 14.24. Pg 116]	