## **Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs**

Consultation on streamlining/updating Provisions of the Animal By-Products (Identification) Regulations 1995

## Appendix A: Key provisions of the Animal By-Products Identification Regulations 1995 (ABPI)

Key provisions (summarised) of ABPI Regulations 1995:	Is the ABPI provision covered in other legislation?	Government View:
1. Staining of ABPs in cold stores, cutting plants, game handling establishments and slaughterhouses (regulation 6)	No	RETAIN
This requires occupiers of the above to stain (as defined) ABPI defined "ABPs" without undue delay, or as soon as reasonably possible if they have been stored in a suitable receptacle (lockable and marked) used only for meat unfit for human consumption. ABPs are exempt from staining if they are immediately moved to an approved rendering or incineration plant via a sealed and leak –proof pipe.	However, Annex VIII, Chap II, points 1(b) and 4 of Commission Regulation 142/2011 provides a legal basis for transfer of provision Animal By-Products (Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2011 (ABPEE) (or retaining in the ABPI). Notably, point 4 allows Member States to establish systems or lay down rules for the marking of ABPs originating and remaining in their territory provided this does not conflict with the GTH marking requirements in Chap V of Annex VIII.	Provision not currently required by any other EU or national legislation although Commission Regulation 142/2011 gives legal basis to include in national legislation. Risk that fraudulent diversion of ABPs to food/feed chains (with increased threat to public/animal health) would increase if provision revoked.
2. Sterilisation /staining of ABPs in ABP premises (regulation 7) This requires occupiers of collection centres (receiving fallen stock for feeding to hounds, zoos etc) to stain (as defined) any ABPI defined "ABPs" immediately after skinning or eviscerating the carcase or (if brought in already eviscerated) after cutting it up. The provision states that the ABPs are exempt from staining if they are immediately removed to an approved rendering or incineration plant via a sealed and leak –proof pipe.	Yes  Under EU Regulation 142/2011, Annex VI, Ch. II, Section 1, Paragraph 4 (a), (b) and (c). However, this does not require a particular black dye – there may be other (cheaper) ones available that have a similar effect and for which provision could be made.	REVOKE  This provision is now adequately covered by EU Regulation 142/2011 (Annex VI, Chap II, Section 1 paragraph 4 (a) – (c))
3. Meaning of "Animal By-Product" (regulation 3)  This narrows down the definition of ABPs essentially to certain Category 2 material and Category 3 "unfit meat" under Regulation 1069/2009. Specifically, it includes any part/whole	Yes  Regulation 1069/2009 (Arts 3(1) and 8-10) defines ABPs in their broadest sense as being parts of an animal that are not intended for human consumption and then splits	Would no longer be needed if transferred to ABPEE. Instead
carcase not intended for human consumption which has (a) been spoiled so risks human/animal health (b) contains residues which risk human/animal health or (c) which derives from an animal which has: died; been killed at knackers yard; been killed other than in a slaughter house; is stillborn/unborn; been killed for	them into 3 risk categories.  (NB: at present whole carcases (other than whole poultry carcases which are either dead on arrival or rejected during ante/post mortem inspection at the	of defining what is an ABP, specify which Category 2/3 ABPs in Articles 9 and 10 of Regulation <b>1069/2009</b> should be stained – drafting issue for

disease control; shown disease signs during ante/ post mortem; not had post mortem as per Hygiene regulations.	slaughterhouse) are exempt from the staining/sterilisation requirements of the ABPI – see regulation 4.)	any new SI
The definition also includes certain products under paragraph 1,		
Schedule 8 of the TSE Regulations 2010. It specifically		
excludes: animal excreta; catering waste; meat cooked at knackers yards to feed animals not intended for human		
consumption (e.g. hounds) (Regulation 5 gives further		
exemptions.)		
4. Segregation of ABPs (in regulation 9 (1) and (2))	Yes	
	Hygiene requirements are set out in Regulation EC No.	REVOKE
This bans the storage of any ABPI defined "ABP" in the same	853/2004 (Article 4 and Annex III - see Chap II of	
room as any product intended for human consumption. However	Sections 1 and 2 regarding separate lockable facilities	These provisions are covered
this does not apply if the ABPs are stored in a suitable receptacle (lockable and marked) that is only used for meat unfit for human	for the storage of detained meat and meat declared unfit	adequately by EU Regulations <b>852/2004</b> (Annex II, Chapters VI
consumption.	for human consumption). Regulation <b>852/2004</b> (Annex II, Chapters VI and IX) also applies.	and IX); <b>853/2004</b> (Article 4 and
Consumption.	ii, Onapters vi and ix) also applies.	also Annex III: Section 1, Chap
	(N.B. Cold stores operated by genuine retail outlets and	II paragraph 5 and Section 2,
	those involved only with transport/storage for retail are	Chap II, paragraph 5); and
	excluded from Regulation 853/2004. These are called	<b>142/2011</b> (Annex IX, Chap II).
	distribution centres and are subject to <b>852/2004</b> only.)	
	Separation from food for human consumption is covered	
	by Regulations <b>1069/2009</b> (Art 26) and <b>142/2011</b> (Annex	
	IX, Chap II) covers storage as per Art 24(1)(h) of	
	1069/2009. Notably Section 2, point 2 of Chap II	
	requires separate storage of ABPs <i>from other goods</i> and in such a way as to prevent spread of disease.	
5. Storage and labelling of ABPs (regulation 9(3)(a)–(e))	Yes	REVOKE
0. 5.5.235 a.i.a iabolinig 0. 7.5. 5 (1.5galation 5(6)(a) (0))	Regulation <b>142/2011</b> , Annex VIII, Chap II, point 2 covers	
This bans the storage of ABPI defined "ABPs" in any part of any	identification/ storage of ABPs.	This provision is already
cold store, cutting plant, game-handling establishment or		covered by EU Regulations
slaughter house unless it is placed in a suitably identified	Annex II, Chapter VI of Regulation 852/2004 also	852/2004 (Annex II, Chap VI)
receptacle. It also sets out the information that must be included	applies. Regulation <b>853/2004</b> only covers marking/	and <b>142/2011</b> (Annex VIII, Chap
on labels used to identify receptacles used for the storage of	labelling of food products for placing on the market (i.e.	II, point 2)
ABPs in those premises.	for human consumption) not ABPs	