



Statistical Release

8 September 2011

LOCAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND RECEIPTS

England: 2010-11 2nd Provisional Outturn

- Capital expenditure by local authorities in England rose to £23.1 billion in 2010-11, a year-on-year increase of 8%, due mainly to the Greater London Authority's expenditure via TfL. If the GLA's expenditure were excluded from the England totals, capital expenditure was virtually unchanged from 2009-10.
- Capital expenditure has risen by nearly 42% in the last four years, 28% in real terms.
- Capital receipts were unchanged in 2010-11, at £1.5 billion.

This release provides 2nd provisional outturn estimates of local authority capital expenditure and receipts in the financial year April 2010 to March 2011. Figures for 2010-11 reflect the service category changes on the Capital Outturn Return (COR) form consistent with Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP).

The information is derived from Capital Outturn Returns (COR) submitted by all 443 local authorities in England that complete the return. Further validation may lead to revision when final outturn figures are published later in the year.

An earlier 1st provisional estimate was published in a Statistical Release in June and based on information from Capital Payments and Receipts Returns (CPR4) submitted by local authorities in England.

This release has been compiled by the Local Government Finance – Data Collection Analysis and Accountancy division of Communities and Local Government.

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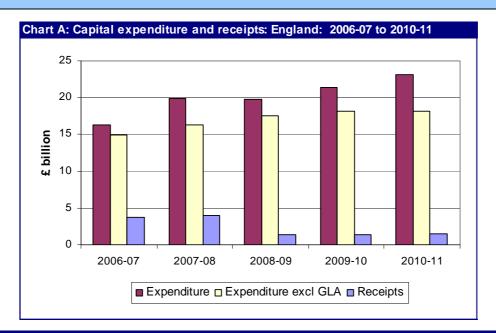
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Capital expenditure and receipts 2006-07 to 2010-11

- 1. **Chart A** and **Table 1** illustrate the change in capital expenditure and receipts from 2006-07 to 2010-11.
 - Capital expenditure by local authorities in England rose to £23.1 billion in 2010-11, a year-on-year increase of 8%, due mainly to the Greater London Authority's expenditure via TfL. If the GLA's expenditure were excluded from the England totals, capital expenditure was virtually unchanged from 2009-10.
 - Capital expenditure has risen by nearly 42% in the last four years, 28% in real terms.
 - Capital receipts were virtually unchanged in 2010-11 at £1.5 billion.



	2006-07	2007-08		2008-09	2009-10	£ million 2010-11 (2P)	
Expenditure:						` ,	
Acquisition of land and existing buildings and works	964	1,184		1,511	1,301	1,043	
New construction and conversion	11,797	12,393		13,390	14,551	14,777	
Vehicles, plant equipment and machinery	1,312	1,321		1,488	1,597	1,520	
Intangible assets	292	262		204	197	205	
Total expenditure on fixed assets	14,366	15,159		16,593	17,645	17,544	
Grants, loans and other financial assistance	1,918	4,788	(b)	3,172	3,574	5,148	(
Acquisition of share and loan capital	23	11		36	143	454	
Total capital expenditure	16,307	19,958	(b)	19,801	21,362	23,146	
of which GLA:	1,392	3,654		2,299	3,156	4,969	
Expenditure by virtue of a section 16(2)(b) direction (a)	163	415		432	464	233	
Notional capital receipts set aside and Large Scale Voluntary Transfer Levy	2	22		0	0	0	
Total expenditure and other transactions	16,472	20,395		20,233	21,826	23,379	
Receipts	3,671	3,992		1,353	1,427	1,498	

⁽a) Expenditure which does not fall within the definition of expenditure for capital purposes, but is treated as capital expenditure by a direction under section 16(2)(b) of the Local Government Act 2003.

⁽b) Includes GLA (TfL) grant payment of £1.7bn in respect of Metronet

⁽c) GLA's grants and loans total £3.8 billion, including GLA's £1 billion contribution to Crossrail.

Capital expenditure by service

- 2. **Chart B** and **Table 2** below illustrate the change in the pattern of expenditure for the major services between 2006-07 and 2010-11.
 - The largest percentage increase in capital expenditure in 2010-11 was in transport (nearly 36%). Capital expenditure on housing and police fell by 10% and nearly 15% respectively.
 - Between 2006-07 and 2010-11 capital expenditure on transport has risen from 21% to 34% of the total, while capital expenditure on housing has fallen from 28% to 18% of the total.

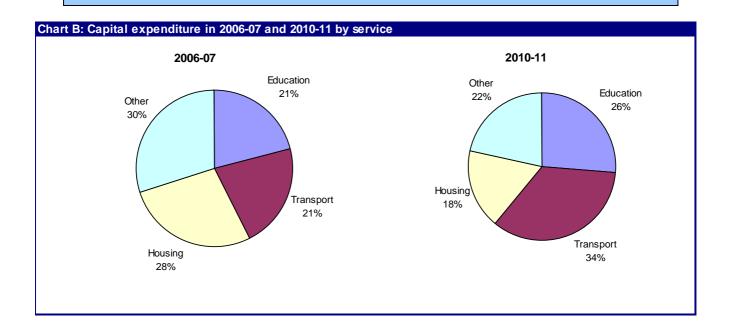


Table 2: Local authority ca 2010-11	Table 2: Local authority capital expenditure by service: England: 2006-07 to 2010-11								
	2006-07	2007-08		2008-09		2009-10		£ million 2010-11 (2P)	
Education	3,442	3,711		4,542		5,392		6,106	
Highways & transport	3,480	5,916	(a)	4,735		5,851		7,943	(d)
Housing	4,507	5,008		4,901		4,514		4,063	
Other	4,879	5,324		5,622		5,605		5,034	
Of which:									
Social Services	364	411		300		288		312	
Recreation & sport	415	446		496		598	(b)	524	(b)
Police	527	549		794	(c)	704		602	
Other	3,573	3,918		4,033		4,015		3,596	
Total expenditure	16,307	19,958		19,801		21,362		23,146	

⁽a) Includes GLA (TfL) grant payment of £1.7bn in respect of Metronet

⁽b) Owing to form changes reflecting Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP) revisions, from 2009-10 Sport & Recreation (now Recreation & Sport) is now part of Culture & Related Services category. The 2010-11 expenditure total is as reported in Annex A (ii) and excludes any acquisitions of share and loan capital, usually negligible.

⁽c) Includes a one-off acquisition of land and existing buildings by Metropolitan police in 2008-09

⁽d) Bulk of transport expenditure due to GLA - £4.5 billion. Excluding GLA, transport total would have been £3.4 billion.

3. **Tables 3 (a and b)** provide a service breakdown of estimated provisional expenditure and receipts for 2010-11.

Table 3a: Local authority capital provisional outturn	expenditure on fi	xed assets by ed	conomic category	and service: Er	ngland 2010-11: 2nd		
					£ million		
	Acquisition of land & existing buildings	New construction, conversion & renovation	Vehicles, plant machinery & equipment	Intangible assets	Total expenditure on fixed & intangible assets		
Education	84	5,227	382	24	5,717		
Highways & transport	51	3,611	142	15	3,819		
Social services	27	188	47	7	269		
Housing	279	3,056	34	18	3,386		
Culture & related services	19	979	93	2	1,093		
Environmental services	41	288	158	5	491		
Planning & development services Police	186 74	429 214	9 283	3 32	627 602		
Fire & rescue	5	105	80	4	194		
Central services	124	569	266	91	1,050		
Trading services	153	112	27	3	295		
TOTAL	1,043	14,777	1,520	205	17,544		

	Total expenditure on fixed & intangible assets	Grants	Loans & other financial assistance	Acquisition of share & loan capital	£ million Total capita expenditur
Education	5,717	371	18	1	6,106
Highways & transport	3,819	1,442	2,231	451 ^(a)	7,943
Social services	269	43	0	0	312
Housing	3,386	621	54	2	4,063
Culture & related services	1,093	45	8	0	1,147
Environmental services	491	37	3	0	531
Planning & development services	627	167	39	0	833
Police	602	0	0	0	602
Fire & rescue	194	0	0	0	195
Central services	1,050	37	22	1	1,110
Trading services	295	10	0	0	304
TOTAL	17,544	2,773	2,375	454	23,146

4. **Table 4** gives a summary of capital receipts by economic category and service.

					£ million
	Sales of fixed assets	Sales of intangible assets	Repayments of grants, loans & financial assistance	Disposals of investments inc. share & loan capital	Total capita receipts
Education	112	0	2	0	114
Highways & transport	40	0	1	1	43
Social services	44	0	0	0	44
Housing	485	8	20	0	513
Culture & related services	51	0	1	0	52
Environmental services	37	0	0	0	38
Planning & development services	281	0	2	1	284
Police	66	0	1	0	67
Fire & rescue	6	0	1	0	7
Central services	251	0	7	17	275
Trading services	60	0	0	0	60
TOTAL	1,434	8	36	20	1,498

- 5. **Table 5** provides a breakdown of the financing of expenditure from 2006-07 to 2010-11.
 - The financing of capital expenditure through central government grants increased from £7.5 billion in 2009-10 to £8.1 billion in 2010-11 partly due to Transport for London (TfL) now having a separate investment (capital) grant which must be spent on capital projects (e.g. the tube upgrade) as set out in TfL's CSR funding settlement. Between 2008-09 and 2010-11 the financing of capital expenditure through central government grants increased by nearly 41%, 34% in real terms.
 - The ten local authorities that have reported the highest amounts of self-financed borrowing in 2010-11 together account for nearly 55% of the England total. Local authority self-financed borrowing in 2010-11 has increased by nearly 27% from 2009-10, due primarily to the GLA's transport expenditure. Self-financed borrowing almost doubled (increased by nearly 99%) between 2007-08 and 2010-11.
 - Capital expenditure financed by borrowing/credit has increased by nearly 6% from £7.9 billion in 2009-10 to £8.4 billion in 2010-11, due primarily to borrowing for GLA's Transport expenditure. Revenue financing of capital expenditure has increased from £3.5 billion to £4.0 billion due to changes in the grants received by TfL from DfT as well as other factors such as the acquisition of Tube lines/Crossrail as well as the phasing of the TfL investment programme.
 - Between 2006-07 and 2010-11 the use of revenue resources to finance capital expenditure increased from £2.8 billion to £4.0 billion, an increase of 44%, 30% in real terms.

Table 5: Financing of local auth	ority capita	al expendit	ure: E	ingland: 20	006-07 t	o 2010-1	
							£ million
	2006-07	2007-08		2008-09	20	009-10	2010-11
			(=)				
Central government grants EU structural funds grants	4,083 185	7,007 157	(a)	5,733 156		7,494 43	8,063 38
, and the second			(b)		(c)		
Grants and contributions from private developers and from leaseholders etc	502	1,122	(~)	1,176	(0)	502	634
Grants and contributions from NDPBs ^(d)	492	635		540		602	753
National lottery grants	166	105		106		119	104
Use of capital receipts	2,628	2,665		2,040		1,603	1,409
Revenue financing of capital expenditure of which:	2,763	2,591		3,241		3,532	3,984
Housing Revenue Account (CERA)	240	208		228		247	235
Major Repairs Reserve	1,337	1,180		1,224		1,377	1,069
General Fund (CERA)	1,185	1,204		1,789		1,908	2,680
Capital expenditure financed by borrowing/credit of which:	5,655	6,112		7,241		7,931	8,393
SCE(R) Single Capital Pot	2,734	2,296		2,257		2,181	1,581
SCE(R) Separate Programme Element	630	630		760		748	484
Other borrowing & credit arrangements not supported by central government ^(e)	2,291	3,186		4,224		5,002	6,329
Total	16,472	20,395		20,233	:	21,826	23,379

⁽a) Includes grant of £1.7billion from DfT to the GLA for the purpose of discharging Metronet liabilities. (b) Includes RSL financing of £500 million for the transfer of Liverpool's housing stock.

⁽c) Includes RSL financing of £483 million for the transfer of Salford's housing stock.

⁽d) Non-Departmental Public Bodies, organisations that are not government departments but which have a role in the processes of

national government, such as Sport England, English Heritage and the Natural England.

(e) The Prudential System, which came into effect on 1 April 2004, allows local authorities to raise finance for capital expenditure - without Government consent - where they can afford to service the debt without extra Government support.

6. Annex A provides full detail on capital expenditure and receipts as collected on the COR form. This table does not include acquisitions and disposals of share and loan capital, since these are not collected at this level of detail.

						£ thousan
	Acquisition of land & existing buildings	New construction conversion & renovation	Vehicles	Plant machinery & equipment	Intangible assets	Tota expenditur on fixed intangibl
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	asset (6 (1+2+3+4+
Pre-primary & Primary Education	16,435	2,058,097	780	119,246	4,908	2,199,46
Secondary Education	57,873	2,668,930	945	199,155	15,261	2,942,16
Special Education	924	237,369	953	13,051	912	253,20
Non-school funding	8,617	262,558	2,543	45,630	2,936	322,28
Education	83,849	5,226,954	5,221	377,082	24,017	5,717,12
Roads, Street Lights & Safety	34,941	2,717,984	10,682	22,772	5,117	2,791,49
Parking of Vehicles	3,632	39,982	974	6,547	472	51,60
Public Passenger Transport-Bus	2,455	118,628	12,307	12,415	1,816	147,62
Public Passenger Transport-Rail & Other	1,726	654,154	31,799	42,703	7,453	737,83
Airports	1,720	2,467	31,799	42,703	7,455 0	2,46
Local Authority Ports and Piers	0	2,467 18,513	18	835	0	2,46 19,36
Tolled Road bridges, tunnels, ferries, public transport companies	8,670	59,515	346	348	0	68,87
Highways & transport	51,424	3,611,243	56,126	85,620	14,858	3,819,27
Social services	26,795	3,611,243 187,938	3,008	85,6∠0 44,041	7,076	3,819,21 268,8
	26,795 279,326	3,055,611	3,008 1,264	44,041 32,526	7,076 17,705	
Housing Culture and heritage						3,386,43
Culture and heritage	7,714	232,362	26 950	13,084	297	253,48
Recreation and sport	4,478	448,748	859	49,171	1,012	504,26
Open spaces	4,235	168,048	6,956	9,365	246	188,8
Tourism	8	7,883	45	229	0	8,16
Library Services	2,611	121,821	1,188	12,506	544	138,67
Total Culture and related services	19,046	978,862	9,074	84,355	2,099	1,093,43
Cemeteries, cremation and mortuary	1,061	35,943	74	7,099	106	44,28
Coast protection	201	26,121	91	1,425	0	27,8
Community safety	1	8,897	737	2,984	2,831	15,4
Community safety (CCTV)	0	1,665	709	7,712	47	10,1
Flood defence and land drainage	25	20,170	15	54	71	20,3
Agriculture and fisheries	0	0	0	69	0	19,9
Regulatory services (environmental health)	0	19,916	1,105	2,644	335	24,0
Regulatory services (trading standards)	0	1,415	390	337	4	2,1
Street cleaning (not chargeable to	0	1,843	9,008	814	273	11,9
highways)	-	1,0	0,002	C. .		• • • •
Waste collection	619	6,163	53,274	28,099	416	88,5
Waste disposal	28,836	107,978	2,316	28,099 8,019	572	იი,ა 147,7
Trade waste	20,030	1,643	732	627	0	3,0
Recycling	3,172	,		20,930	83	67,38
		36,711 1 01 <i>4</i>	6,490			
Waste minimisation	0	1,914 4 487	48	424	0 55	2,38
Climate change costs	0 40 934	4,487	0 75 049	1,388	55 4 70 2	5,93
Total environmental and regulatory	40,821	287,794	75,048	82,625	4,793	491,08
services	105.075	100 440	224	2.040	2 444	207.0
Planning and development services	185,875	429,143	394	8,248	3,411	627,07
Police	73,669	213,533	88,489	194,084	31,940	601,7
Fire and rescue services	4,997	104,523	53,486	26,644	4,424	194,0
Central services	124,332	568,856	39,271	226,419	90,980	1,049,8
Industrial and commercial trading	145,853	62,983	66	881	3,100	212,8
Other trading	6,689	49,113	21,386	4,480	265	81,9
Total Trading	152,542	112,096	21,452	5,361	3,365	294,8
Total all services	1,042,676	14,776,553	352,833	1,167,005	204,668	17,543,7

				£ thousand
	Total expenditure on fixed & intangible assets	Expenditure on grants	Expenditure on loans & other financial assistance	Total Expenditure ^(a)
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	(1+2+3+4+5)			(6+7+8)
Pre-primary & Primary Education	2,199,466	154,798	433	2,354,697
Secondary Education	2,942,164	167,749	17,503	3,127,416
Special Education	253,209	4,454	0	257,663
Non-school funding	322,284	43,731	135	366,150
Education	5,717,123	370,732	18,071	6,105,926
Roads, Street Lights & Safety	2,791,496	10,389	427	2,802,312
Parking of Vehicles	51,607	1,265	36	52,908
Public Passenger Transport-Bus	147,621	12,670	11,381	174,670
Public Passenger Transport-Rail & Other	737,835	1,385,458	2,230,761	4,354,054
Airports	2,467	40	0	2,507
Local Authority Ports and Piers	19,366	0	0	19,366
Tolled Road bridges,tunnels,ferries,	68,879	0	0	68,879
public transport companies				,-
Highways & transport	3,819,271	1,441,695	2,231,264	7,492,230
Social services	268,858	43,017	446	312,321
Housing	3,386,432	620,586	53,860	4,060,878
Culture and heritage	253,483	10,857	7,552	271,892
Recreation and sport	504,268	19,205	422	523,895
Open spaces	188,850	14,957	126	203,933
Tourism	8,165	45	0	8,210
Library Services	138,670	331	0	139,001
Total Culture and related services	1,093,436	45,395	8,100	1,146,931
Cemeteries, cremation and mortuary	44,283	251	0,100	44,534
Coast protection	27,838	158	0	27,996
Community safety	15,450	3,549	0	18,999
Community safety (CCTV)	10,133	122	0	10,255
Flood defence and land drainage	20,335	1,337	0	21,672
Agriculture and fisheries	19,962	0	57	20,019
Regulatory services (environmental health)	24,000	3,179	1,779	28,958
Regulatory services (environmental neatin) Regulatory services (trading standards)	24,000	3,179	1,779	•
Street cleaning (not chargeable to highways)	·			2,160 12,175
Waste collection	11,938	237	0 252	12,175
	88,571	2,118		90,941
Waste disposal	147,721	14,298	0	162,019
Trade waste	3,002	0	0	3,002
Recycling	67,386	0	459	67,845
Waste minimisation	2,386	0	0	2,386
Climate change costs	5,930	11,926	6	17,862
Total environmental services	491,081	37,189	2,553	530,823
Planning and development services	627,071	167,150	38,599	832,820
Police	601,715	0	0	601,715
Fire and rescue services	194,074	443	0	194,517
Central services	1,049,858	36,928	22,272	1,109,058
Industrial and commercial trading	212,883	8,973	0	221,856
Other trading	81,933	619	0	82,552
Total Trading	294,816	9,592	0	304,408
Total all services	17,543,735	2,772,727	2,375,165	22,691,627

(a) Figures in this column do not include acquisitions of share and loan capital

				£ thousa
	Sales & disposal of tangible fixed assets	Sales of intangible assets	Repayments of grants loans & financial assistance	Total receipts
	(10)	(11)	(12)	(10+11+1
Pre-primary & Primary Education	35,422	0	51	35,4
Secondary Education	57,797	0	2,034	59,8
Special Education	6,849	0	0	6,8
Non-school funding	11,759	0	47	11,8
Education	111,827	0	2,132	113,9
Roads, Street Lights & Safety	20,463	0	4	20,4
Parking of Vehicles	12,273	0	15	12,2
Public Passenger Transport-Bus	307	0	0	3
Public Passenger Transport-Rail & Other	7,011	0	417	7,4
Airports	9	396	0	4
Local Authority Ports and Piers	0	0	445	4
Folled Road bridges,tunnels,ferries, public transport companies	3	0	0	
Highways & transport	40,066	396	881	41,3
Social services	44,168	0	101	44,2
lousing	485,220	7,701	20,465	513,
Culture and heritage	3,718	0	470	4,
Recreation and sport	28,351	0	776	29,
Open spaces	14,557	0	159	14,7
Tourism	1,261	0	0	1,2
Library Services	3,108	0	45	3,
Total Culture and related services	50,995	0	1,450	52,4
Cemeteries, cremation and mortuary	1,531	0	0	1,5
Coast protection	0	0	0	-,-
Community safety	513	0	77	
Community safety (CCTV)	3	0	0	·
Flood defence and land drainage	3	0	94	
Agriculture and fisheries services	19,546	0	0	19,5
Regulatory services (environmental health)	410	0	12	2
Regulatory services (trading standards)	1	0	0	
Street cleaning not chargeable to highways	26	0	0	
Waste collection	940	0	36	9
Waste disposal	2,072	0	0	2,0
Frade waste	12,217	0	12	12,2
Recycling	61	0	0	,
Waste minimisation	0	0	0	
Climate change costs	0	0	0	
Fotal environmental and regulatory services	37,323	0	231	37,5
Planning and development services	281,183	0	1,610	282,7
Police	65,641	0	871	66,5
Fire and rescue services	6,169	0	946	7,1
Central services	251,099	23	7,039	258,1
ndustrial and commercial trading	55,942	0	39	55,9
Other trading	4,291	0	49	4,3
Total Trading	60,233	0	88	60,3
	1,433,924	8,120	35,814	1,477,8

(a) Figures in this column do not include disposals of share and loan capital

Terminology used in this release

A set of terms relating to local government finance is given in the glossary at *Annex G* to *Local Government Financial Statistics England No. 21 2010*. This is accessible at www.communities.gov.uk/corporate/researchand statistics/
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Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP) – A number of substantial changes have been made to the service breakdown and the statistical release has been updated to bring it into line with the Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP).

Capital expenditure – expenditure on the acquisition of fixed assets or expenditure, which adds to and does not merely maintain the value of existing fixed assets.

Capital receipts – income from the sale of capital assets. Such income may only be used to repay loan debt or to finance new capital expenditure.

Capitalised current expenditure – expenditure which would normally score as current expenditure but which a local authority has been allowed to capitalise, with the permission of the Secretary of State (e.g. redundancy payments).

Credit arrangements – forms of credit, which does not involve the borrowing of money by a local authority. For example leases of land (including buildings) or other property and contracts which provide for external credit (in the sense that there is more than a full financial year gap between the giving of value to the authority and the payment for that value).

Minimum revenue provision – the minimum amount which must be charged to a revenue account each year and set aside as provision for repaying external loans and meeting other credit liabilities.

Prudential system – this is the informal name for the system introduced on 1 April 2004 by Part 1 of the Local Government Act 2003. It allows local authorities to borrow without Government consent, provided that they can afford to service the debt from their own resources.

The Prudential Code – a professional code of practice prepared by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA), for the prudential system introduced on 1 April 2004. Local authorities are required by legislation to have regard to the code.

Supported Capital Expenditure – the term for most forms of central government support for local authority capital expenditure from 1 April 2004. Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) – SCE(R) – is the amount of expenditure towards which revenue support grant will be paid to a local authority on the cost of its borrowing. The revenue grant support is provided to help authorities with the costs of financing loans.

Data quality

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer demands.

Adjustments have been made to avoid double counting the GLA grants to other London authorities.

The information for 2010-11 in this release is derived from Capital Outturn Returns (COR) submitted to Communities and Local Government by all 443 local authorities in England that complete the return. Further validation may lead to revision when final outturn figures are published later in the year.

Figures are subjected to rigorous pre-defined validation tests both within the forms themselves, while the forms are being completed by the authority and also in Communities and Local Government itself as the data are received and stored.

Finally, the release document, once prepared, is also subject to intensive peer review before being cleared as fit for the purposes of publication.

Uses made of the data

The data in this Statistical Release are important for a number of different purposes. They are used to provide ministers in CLG, HM Treasury and the Office for National Statistics (ONS) with the most up to date information available on local authority capital spending and how they are financed. The ONS use the information for National Accounts and public sector finances for which the service breakdown is used. In particular, the data are often provided to HM Treasury to inform the Chancellor's Pre-Budget Report or for government spending reviews. Information from this release such as capital receipts and self-financed borrowing are used by policy colleagues.

In addition, the returns are important sources for answering Parliamentary Questions and other requests for information by Ministers, local authorities and their associations and the general public. Local authorities also use the information for comparisons between authorities and value for money profiling.

Background Notes

- 1. For press enquiries about this Statistical Release please contact the Local Government press desk on 0303 444 4044 or email press.office@communities.gsi.gov.uk. For other enquiries please telephone John Wallis on 0303 444 2121 or email capital.receipts@communities.gsi.gov.uk.
- 2. This Statistical Release can be found at the following web address: www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/
- 3. Timings of future Releases are regularly placed on the Department's website, www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/usefulinformation/ and on the ONS National Statistics website, www.statistics.gov.uk/releasecalendar/currentreleases.asp
- 4. Further information is also available on the department's website www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localgovernmentfinance/.
- 5. For a fuller picture of recent trends in local government finance readers are directed to *Local Government Financial Statistics England No. 21 2010* which is available in hard copy from product@communities.gsi.gov.uk (Tel. 0300 123 1124) and electronically in PDF format via the Department's web site:

www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localgovernmentfinance/

- 6. Final outturn data of capital expenditure and receipts in 2010-11 will be published in a National Statistics Release later this year.
- 7. The statistics in this Release are for England only. Statistics for Wales and Scotland can be found at wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/theme/loc-gov/?lang=en and www.scotland.gov.uk/topics/statistics/browse/local-government-finance respectively.

Symbols and conventions

... = not available

0 = zero or negligible

– = not relevant

| = discontinuity

2P = 2nd Provisional

Rounding

Where figures have been rounded, there may be a slight discrepancy between the total and the sum of constituent items.

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