

Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP

Census 2001 Focus on Rural Areas

Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP is in the South East Region

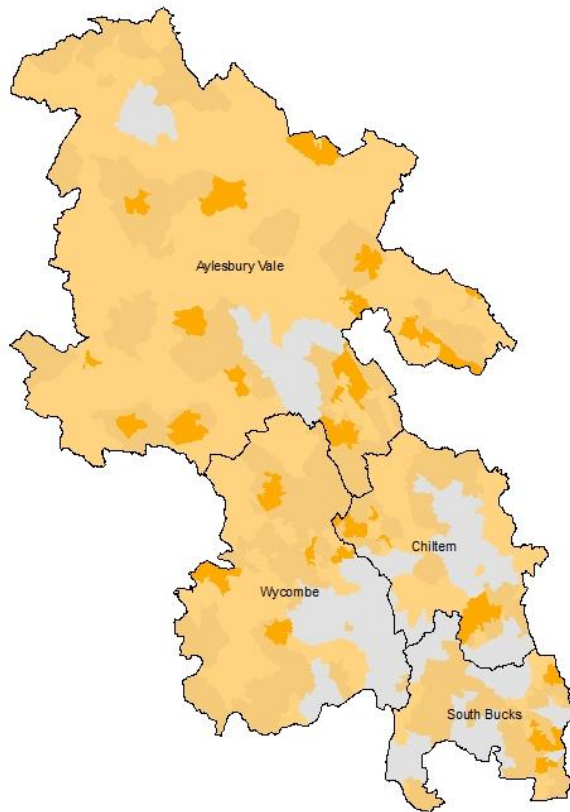
Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP, showing Local Authority Boundaries, shaded by Output Area according to the urban/rural definition

Legend

Local Authority Boundary

Output Areas

- Urban
- Less Sparse Rural town
- Less Sparse Rural village
- Less Sparse Rural dispersed



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Population

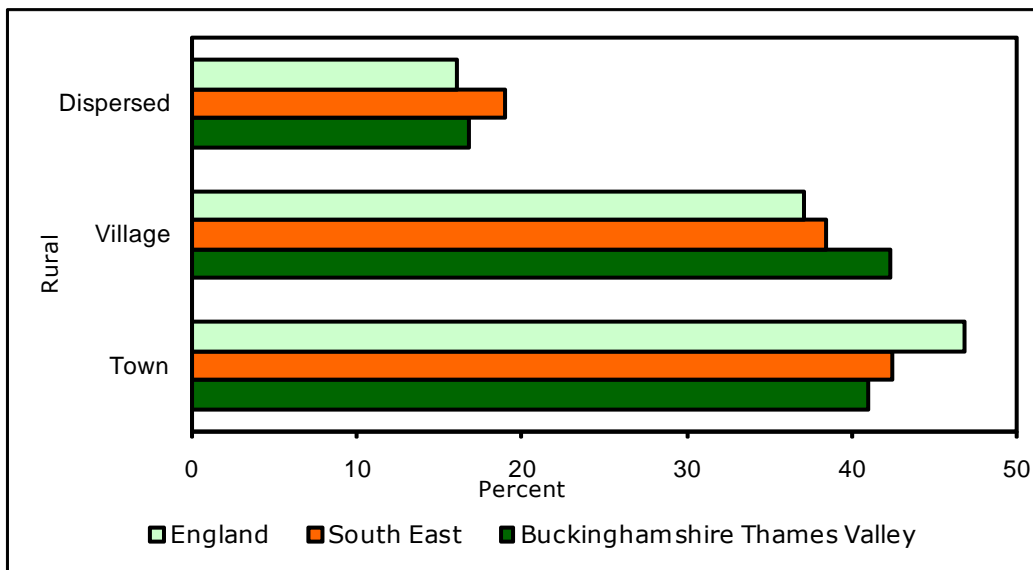
In Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 35% of people live in rural areas, compared with 22.4% in the Region.

Within the rural areas all people live in less sparse areas

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley			South East		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Urban	151,986	159,356	311,342	3,025,510	3,180,658	6,206,168
Rural	82,753	84,931	167,684	879,645	914,832	1,794,477
Less Sparse	82,753	84,931	167,684	878,911	914,059	1,792,970
Town	33,898	36,428	70,326	373,428	398,650	772,078
Village	34,985	35,351	70,336	338,028	346,602	684,630
Dispersed	13,870	13,152	27,022	167,455	168,807	336,262
Sparse	-	-	-	734	773	1,507
Town	-	-	-	137	146	283
Village	-	-	-	597	627	1,224
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	234,739	244,287	479,026	3,905,155	4,095,490	8,000,645
Percentage rural	35.3	34.8	35.0	22.5	22.3	22.4

Source table from the Census: UV03 Gender

Proportion of the population of the LEP living in rural towns, villages and dispersed areas compared with the Region and England.



Source table from the Census: UV03 Gender

Age

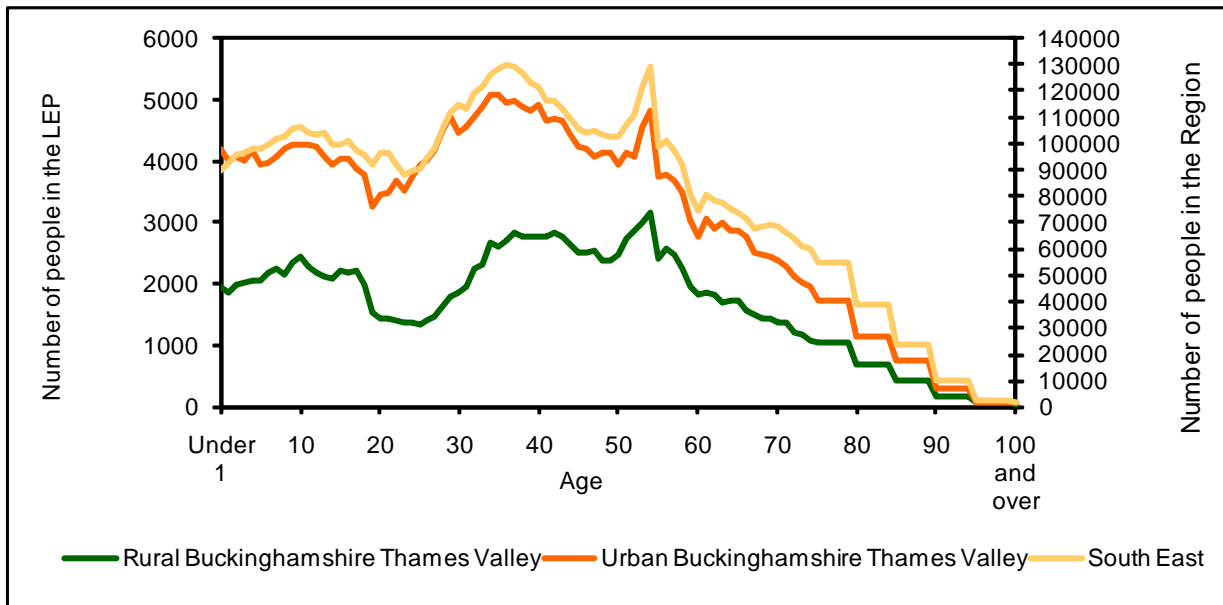
In Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 4.3% of the population live in rural areas and are under 10 years old. 8.8% of the LEP's population live in rural areas and are under 19 years of age. 3.8% are aged 70 or over and live in rural areas.

Total population within the LEP, broken down by age.

Age	Total	Totals		Rural breakdown						% Rural
		Urban	Rural	Towns		Villages		Dispersed		
				Less sparse	Sparse	Less sparse	Sparse	Less sparse	Sparse	
Under 10	61,914	41,083	20,831	8,876	-	8,985	-	2,970	-	33.6
10 to 19	61,112	39,913	21,199	8,516	-	8,579	-	4,104	-	34.7
20 to 29	53,919	39,361	14,558	6,372	-	5,344	-	2,842	-	27.0
30 to 39	73,302	48,586	24,716	10,753	-	10,421	-	3,542	-	33.7
40 to 49	70,308	44,249	26,059	10,295	-	11,678	-	4,086	-	37.1
50 to 59	65,292	39,394	25,898	9,986	-	11,634	-	4,278	-	39.7
60 to 69	44,267	27,734	16,533	6,829	-	6,950	-	2,754	-	37.3
70 to 79	30,795	19,433	11,362	5,409	-	4,350	-	1,603	-	36.9
80 to 89	14,985	9,513	5,472	2,762	-	2,039	-	671	-	36.5
90 and over	3,146	1,993	1,153	532	-	417	-	204	-	36.6
	479,040	311,259	167,781	70,330	-	70,397	-	27,054	-	35.0

Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Age of the population in urban/rural parts of the LEP and totals for the Region.



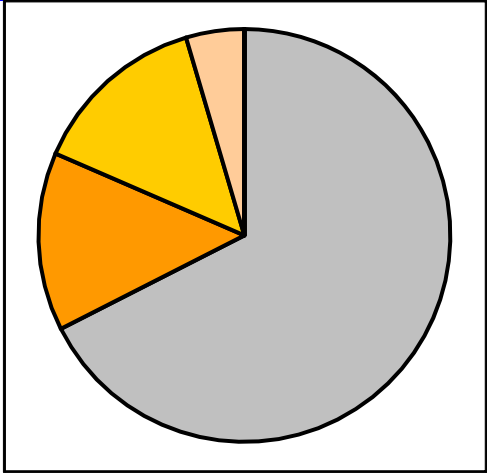
Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Proportion of children under 5 split by the urban rural definition, for the LEP and the Region

[LEP](#)

[Buckinghamshire Thames Valley](#)

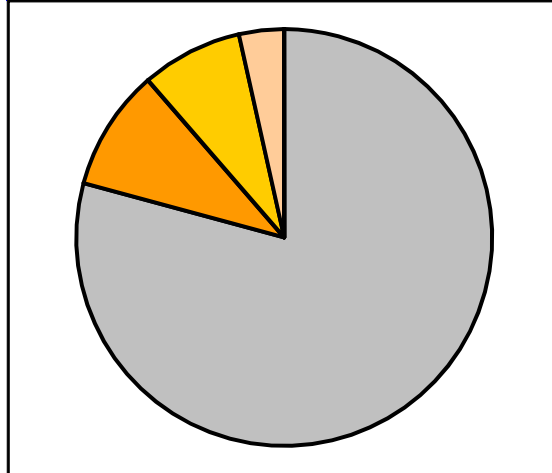
Number of under 5's: 30,400



[Region:](#)

[South East](#)

Number of under 5's: 472,500



- Urban
- Less Sparse Rural Town
- Less Sparse Rural Village
- Less Sparse Rural Dispersed
- Sparse Rural Town
- Sparse Rural Village
- Sparse Rural Dispersed

Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Marital Status

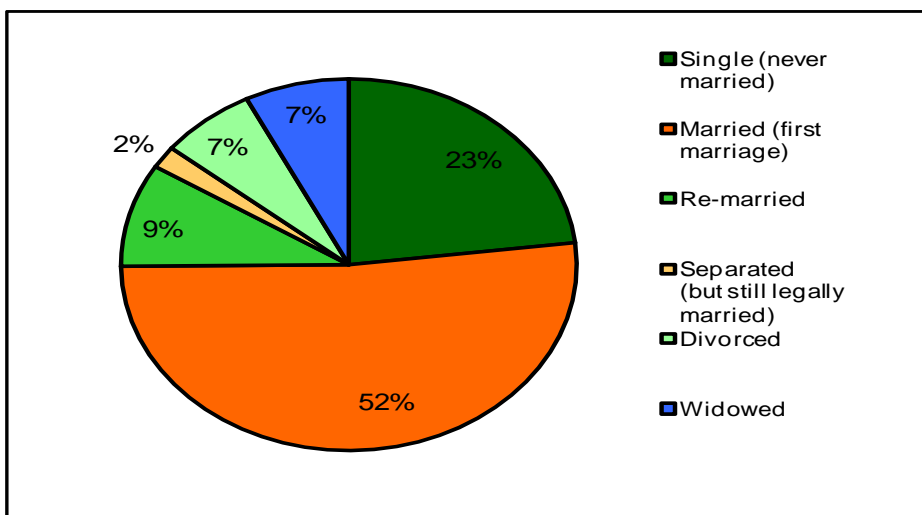
The 'Marital Status' table (UV07) classifies all people (i.e. from babies upwards) according to their marital status. To create the following table *it has been assumed* that all people aged under 16 would be in the "single – never married" category. All people under 16 years of age have been deducted from the original "single – never married" figures on the marital status to estimate figures on the marital status of people aged 16 or over.

Estimated number of people in the LEP and Region aged 16 or over, by marital status

	Single (never married)	Married (first marriage)	Re-married	Separated (but still legally married)	Divorced	Widowed
Buckinghamshire Thames Valley						
Urban	69,062	119,035	17,398	5,221	17,473	17,143
Rural	30,842	69,132	12,018	2,595	9,055	9,898
Less Sparse	30,842	69,132	12,018	2,595	9,055	9,898
Town	12,791	28,289	4,739	1,139	3,931	4,984
Village	11,974	29,874	5,449	1,038	3,806	3,639
Dispersed	6,077	10,969	1,830	418	1,318	1,275
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	99,904	188,167	29,416	7,816	26,528	27,041
South East						
Urban	1,484,269	2,144,729	394,163	117,467	419,736	402,101
Rural	334,414	720,409	138,401	29,317	105,734	115,963
Total	1,818,683	2,865,138	532,564	146,784	525,470	518,064

Source tables from the Census: UV04 Age and UV07 Marital Status

Estimated proportions of people aged 16 or over in rural parts of the LEP, by marital status.



Source tables from the Census: UV04 Age and UV07 Marital Status

Household composition

In Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 34.8% of households are in rural areas. 22.9% of rural households are single person households. 6.1% of rural households are lone parent family households.

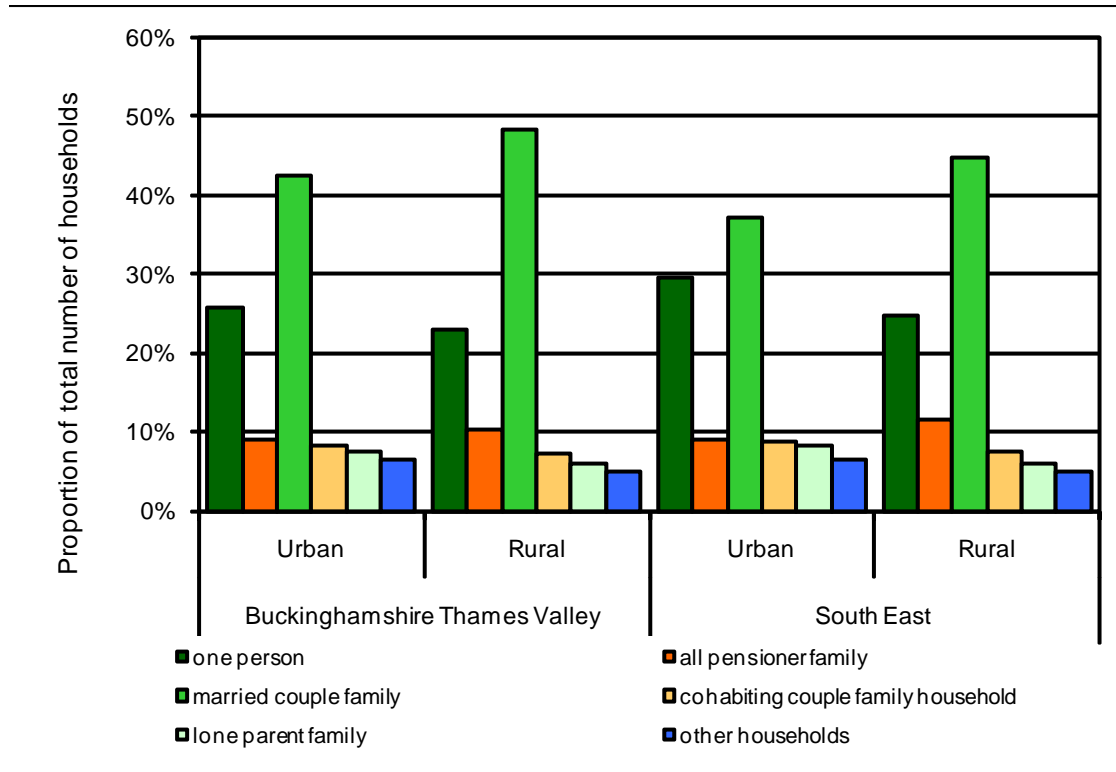
Number of households, by composition of the household

	Urban	Rural						% rural	
	Total	Total	Less sparse			Sparse			
			Town	Village	Dispersed	Town	Village		Dispersed
Total number of households	122,639	65,401	28,600	27,229	9,572	-	-	-	34.8
One person household	31,819	15,003	7,526	5,583	1,894	-	-	-	32.0
pensioner	14,980	8,330	4,517	2,893	920	-	-	-	35.7
other	16,839	6,673	3,009	2,690	974	-	-	-	28.4
All pensioner family	11,052	6,725	2,958	2,746	1,021	-	-	-	37.8
Married couple family	52,127	31,679	12,748	13,976	4,955	-	-	-	37.8
no children	17,159	11,557	4,421	5,207	1,929	-	-	-	40.2
with one dependent child	8,904	5,260	2,225	2,237	798	-	-	-	37.1
with two or more dependent children	17,970	10,308	4,249	4,557	1,502	-	-	-	36.5
all children non-dependent	8,094	4,554	1,853	1,975	726	-	-	-	36.0
Cohabiting couple family	10,395	4,784	2,106	2,039	639	-	-	-	31.5
no children	6,540	3,023	1,298	1,302	423	-	-	-	31.6
with one dependent child	1,717	721	346	281	94	-	-	-	29.6
two or more dependent children	1,708	829	387	353	89	-	-	-	32.7
all children non-dependent	430	211	75	103	33	-	-	-	32.9
Lone parent family	9,188	3,972	1,949	1,526	497	-	-	-	30.2
with one dependent child	2,949	1,219	578	477	164	-	-	-	29.2
with two or more dependant children	2,818	1,047	557	391	99	-	-	-	27.1
all children non-dependent	3,421	1,706	814	658	234	-	-	-	33.3
Other households	8,058	3,238	1,313	1,359	566	-	-	-	28.7
with one dependent child	1,227	513	210	213	90	-	-	-	29.5
with two or more dependent children	1,616	619	244	260	115	-	-	-	27.7
all student	323	15	9	-	6	-	-	-	4.4
all pensioner	373	228	99	105	24	-	-	-	37.9
other	4,519	1,863	751	781	331	-	-	-	29.2

Source table from the Census: UV65 Household Composition (households)

A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Percentage of households by composition of household for the LEP and the Region.



Source table from the Census: UV65 Household Composition (households)

Classification of household deprivation

The classification of household deprivation on the Census is independent of the English Indices of Multiple Deprivation published by the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister. Four dimensions from the Census returns have been identified as giving an indication of household deprivation. Households are considered deprived if one or more of the following definitions applies to that household:

Employment – any member of the household aged 16-74 who is not a full-time student is classified as either unemployed or permanently sick.

Education – no member of the household aged 16 to pensionable age has at least 5 GCSE’s (grade A to C) or equivalent AND no member of the household aged 16 to 18 is in full-time education.

Health and disability – any member of the household has general health ‘not good’ in the year before the census or has a limiting long term illness.

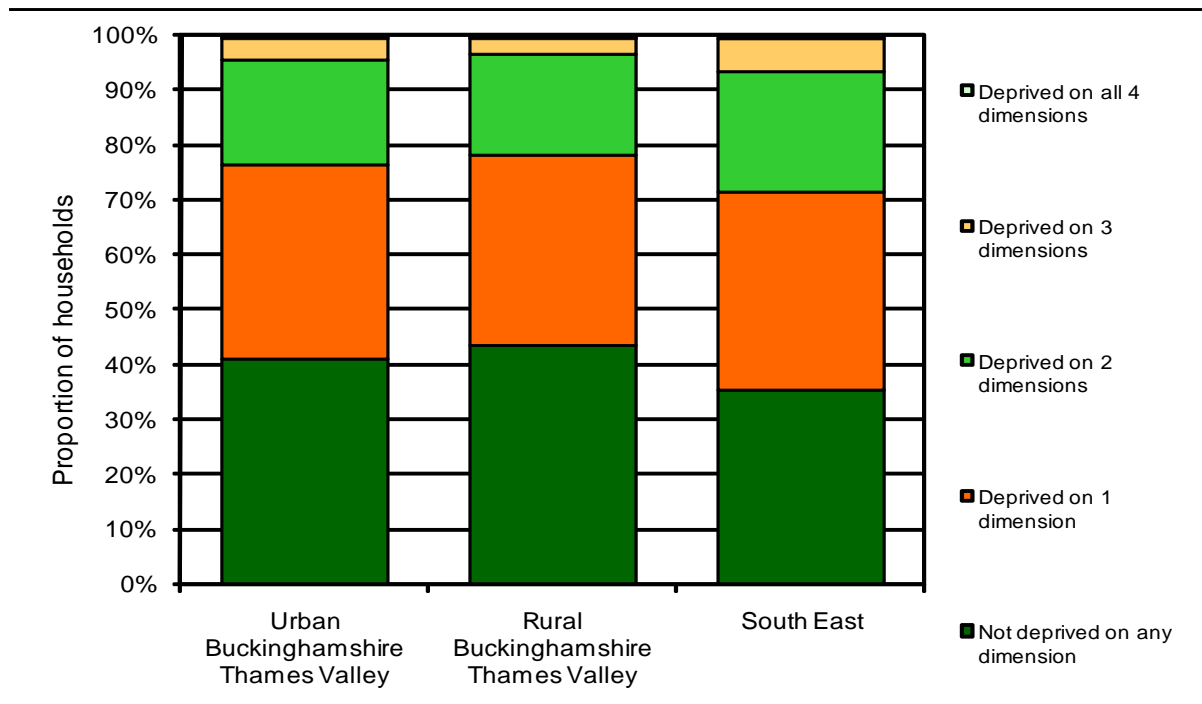
Housing – The household’s accommodation is either overcrowded, or is in a shared dwelling, or does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet, or has no central heating.

Classification of household deprivation (number of households)

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East	
	Not deprived on any dimension	Deprived on 1 dimension	Deprived on 2 dimensions	Deprived on 3 dimensions	Deprived on all 4 dimensions	Not deprived on any dimension	Deprived on 1 or more dimensions
Urban	50,438	43,299	23,271	5,191	411	894,858	1,671,844
Rural	28,457	22,807	11,933	2,112	163	277,521	443,090
Less Sparse	28,457	22,807	11,933	2,112	163	277,406	442,550
Town	11,507	10,195	5,817	1,047	91	116,111	204,884
Village	12,464	9,323	4,579	805	51	107,661	165,481
Dispersed	4,486	3,289	1,537	260	21	53,634	72,185
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	115	540
Town	-	-	-	-	-	18	109
Village	-	-	-	-	-	97	431
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source table from the Census: UV67 Classification of household deprivation

Comparison of household deprivation in urban and rural parts of the LEP



Source table from the Census: UV67 Classification of household deprivation

Health and provision of unpaid care

There were two measure of 'health' on the Census. In one measure respondents were asked to rate their general level of health over the last twelve months as 'good', 'fairly good' or 'not good'. The other measure was to ask respondents whether they (in their opinion) had a limiting long-term illness (LLTI). LLTI covers any long-term illness, health problem or disability that limits daily activities or the work a person can do.

Perception of health over the 12 months preceding the Census (number of people)

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley				South East			
	Good	Fairly good	Not good	% not good	Good	Fairly good	Not good	% not good
Urban	231,260	61,419	18,661	6.0	4,403,973	1,347,133	455,062	7.3
Rural	127,356	31,191	9,139	5.5	1,316,463	363,635	114,377	6.4

Source table from the Census: UV20 General health

Occurrence of limiting long-term illnesses (LLTI) (number of people)

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley			South East			England
	No LLTI	LLTI	% with LLTI	No LLTI	LLTI	% with LLTI	% with LLTI
Urban	270,926	40,416	13.0	5,233,076	973,093	15.7	18.2
Rural	146,772	20,912	12.5	1,530,170	264,307	14.7	17.0

Source table from the Census: UV22 Long-term limiting illness

Number of people providing unpaid care

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley			% providing some unpaid care	
	1 to 19 hours per week	20 to 49 hours per week	50 or more hours per week	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley	South East
Urban	20,924	2,367	4,130	8.8	9.0
Rural	12,991	1,210	2,165	9.8	10.1
Towns	5,160	551	1,026	9.6	9.8
Villages	5,615	477	854	9.9	10.3
Dispersed	2,216	182	285	9.9	10.2

Source table from the Census: UV21 Provision of unpaid care

Qualifications

In Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 21.2% of the people aged 16 to 74 have no academic, vocational or professional qualifications, compared with 23.9% in the Region as a whole. 32.8% of the people with no such qualifications are in rural parts of the LEP.

Number of people aged 16 to 74 by qualification level

	Number of people aged 16-74 within the authority that responded to the questions on qualification levels. (please see the footnotes)						Percentage with no qualifications	
	None	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other	LEP	Region
Urban	49,482	36,676	48,232	20,376	56,857	13,518	22.0	24.4
Rural	24,134	18,609	27,068	11,404	33,072	7,506	19.8	22.4
Less Sparse	24,134	18,609	27,068	11,404	33,072	7,506	19.8	22.4
Town	10,961	8,315	10,892	4,204	12,428	3,207	21.9	24.1
Village	9,825	7,612	11,265	4,845	14,742	3,176	19.1	22.0
Dispersed	3,348	2,682	4,911	2,355	5,902	1,123	16.5	19.3
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	73,616	55,285	75,300	31,780	89,929	21,024	21.2	23.9
Percentage rural	32.8	33.7	35.9	35.9	36.8	35.7		

Source table from the Census: UV24 Qualifications

Footnotes

None: No academic, vocational or professional qualifications

Level 1: 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ

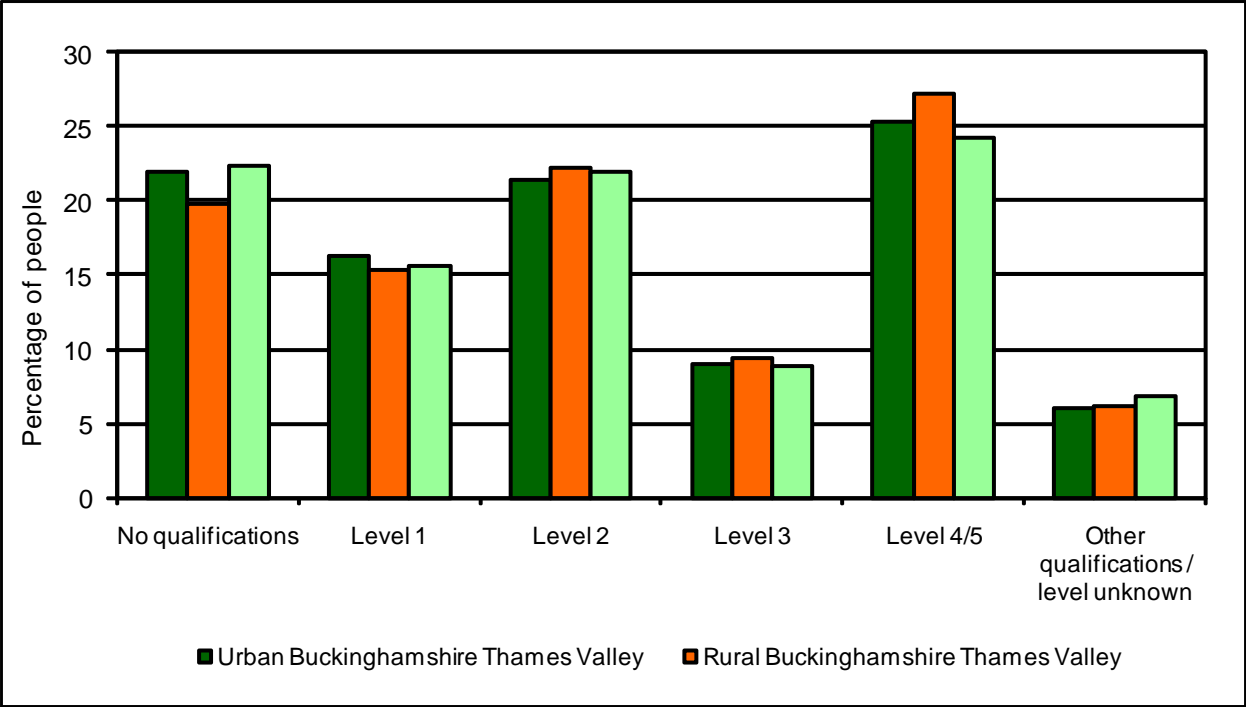
Level 2: 5+ 'O' levels, 5+ CSEs (grade 1), 5+ GCSEs (grade A to C), School Certificate, 1+ 'A' levels/AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ

Level 3: 2+ 'A' levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ

Level 4/5: First degree, Higher degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor

Other: Other qualifications or level unknown e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR, BTEC/Edexcel, other professional qualifications.

Percentage of people aged 16 to 74 with each level of qualification in the LEP and the rural part of the Region.



Source table from the Census: UV24 Qualifications

National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification (NS-SeC)

In this table all people aged 16 to 74 are classified according to their type of occupation using the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification. Further details of this classification system are available from the National Statistics web site at:

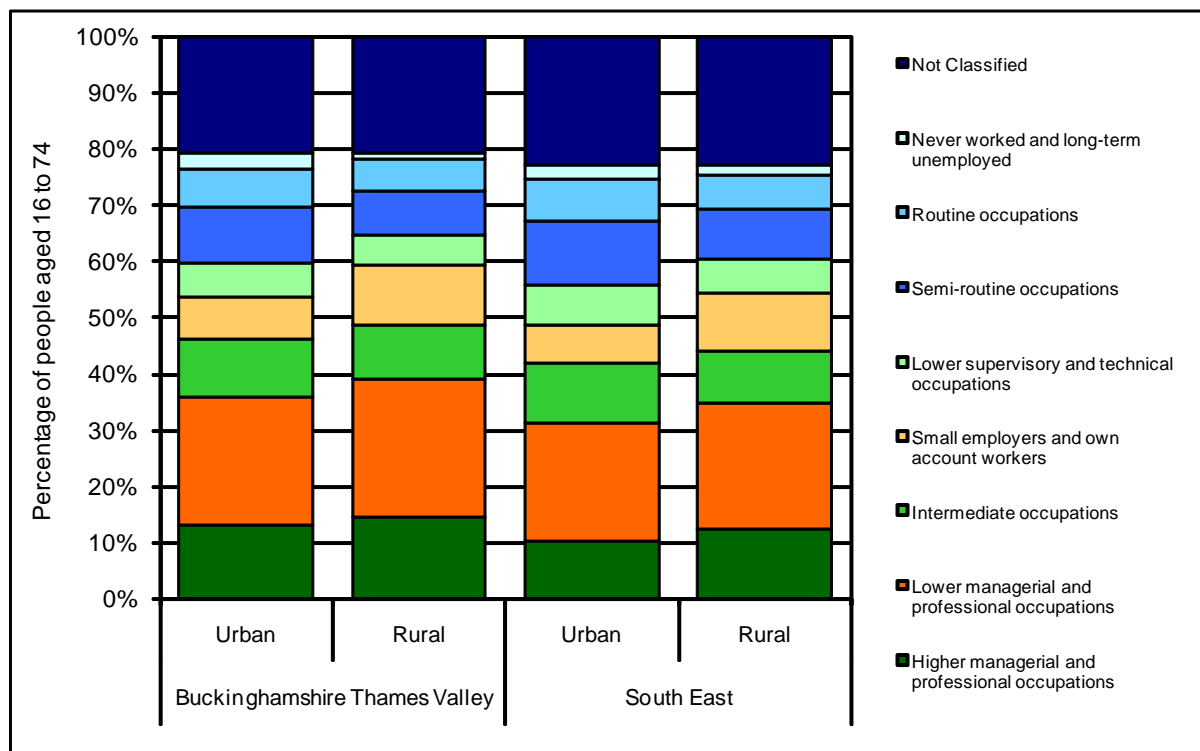
http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/ns_sec/default.asp

Number of people in the LEP aged 16 to 74 by NS-SeC classification

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East	
	Urban	Rural			Dispersed	Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages			
Higher managerial and professional occupations	29,165	32,615	17,921	6,568	8,126	461,351	161,117
Lower managerial and professional occupations	51,666	54,260	29,475	12,105	12,680	932,373	288,729
Intermediate occupations	23,115	21,753	12,009	5,159	4,585	476,167	117,990
Small employers and own account workers	16,961	23,275	12,775	4,372	6,128	311,829	135,783
Lower supervisory and technical occupations	13,645	12,044	6,504	2,967	2,573	315,985	77,885
Semi-routine occupations	22,350	17,745	9,480	4,534	3,731	496,792	115,350
Routine occupations	15,048	12,132	6,443	3,146	2,543	343,728	80,000
Never worked and long-term unemployed	6,176	2,721	1,485	629	607	103,870	21,453
Not Classified	47,025	46,344	25,465	10,521	10,358	1,028,126	296,344

Source table from the Census: UV31 National Statistics Socio-economic classification

Percentage of people in the LEP aged 16 to 74 by NS-SeC classification



Source table from the Census: UV31 National Statistics Socio-economic classification

Economic activity and average number of hours worked

In rural Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 28% of people aged 16 to 74 are economically inactive. 47.2% of those people are retired, 12.2% are students and 25.5% are looking after the home or family.

In comparison 28.3% of people aged 16 to 74 are economically inactive in urban Buckinghamshire Thames Valley and 30.6% are economically inactive in rural parts of the Region.

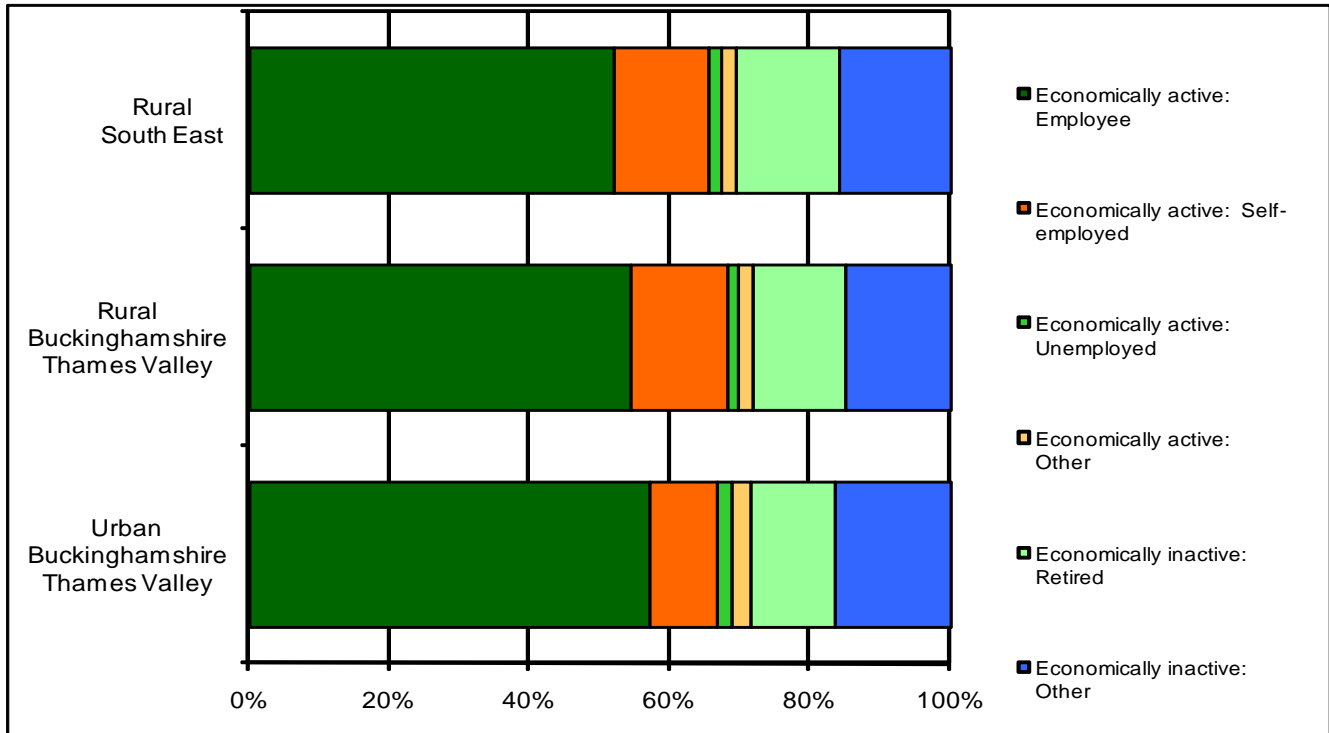
Number of people aged 16 to 74 by economic activity

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East	
	Urban	Rural				Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages	Dispersed		
Economically active	161,402	87,752	36,017	37,287	14,448	3,138,371	899,331
Employee	128,622	66,338	28,496	27,419	10,423	2,520,096	675,484
Part-time	26,325	14,338	6,161	6,117	2,060	545,708	157,638
Full-time	102,297	52,000	22,335	21,302	8,363	1,974,388	517,846
Self-employed with employees	6,825	5,771	1,733	2,822	1,216	119,414	60,992
Part-time	1,083	884	289	400	195	17,437	9,504
Full-time	5,742	4,887	1,444	2,422	1,021	101,977	51,488
Self-employed without employees	15,045	11,051	3,917	5,205	1,929	259,523	112,498
Part-time	4,796	3,619	1,270	1,688	661	74,434	37,294
Full-time	10,249	7,432	2,647	3,517	1,268	185,089	75,204
Unemployed	4,884	2,010	823	857	330	110,115	23,253
Full-time Students	6,026	2,582	1,048	984	550	129,223	27,104
Economically inactive	63,692	34,044	14,036	14,154	5,854	1,332,898	395,949
Retired	27,195	16,061	7,058	6,560	2,443	579,666	193,269
Student	8,586	4,158	1,387	1,601	1,170	195,738	44,813
Looking after home/family	15,944	8,680	3,373	3,852	1,455	285,622	91,906
Permanently sick/disabled	6,092	2,388	1,237	863	288	162,934	36,059
Other	5,875	2,757	981	1,278	498	108,938	29,902
% economically active	71.7	72.0	72.0	72.5	71.2	70.2	69.4
% economically inactive	28.3	28.0	28.0	27.5	28.8	29.8	30.6

Source table from the Census: UV28 Economic activity

For the Census part-time working is defined as working 30 hours a week or less. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Percentage of people aged 16 to 74 by economic activity



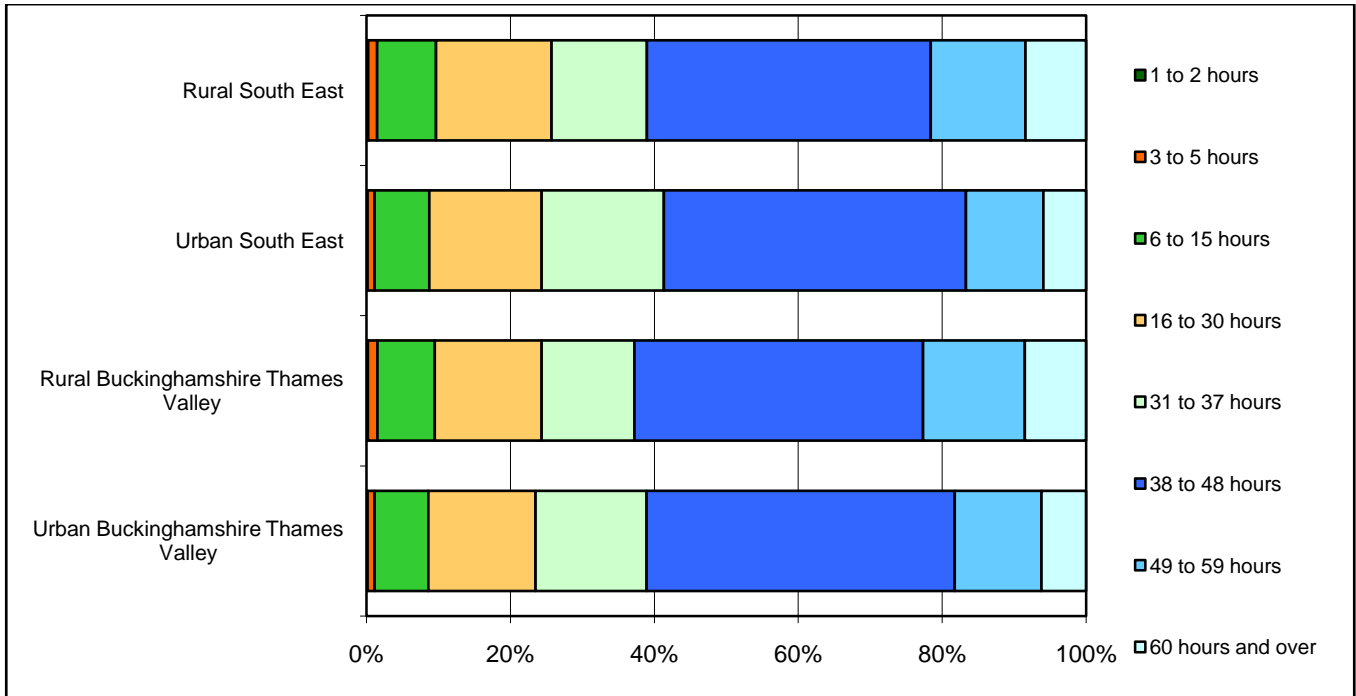
Source table from the Census: UV28 Economic activity

Number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment by number of hours worked per week

	Part-time				Full-time				Percent	
	1 to 2 hours	3 to 5 hours	6 to 15 hours	16 to 30 hours	31 to 37 hours	38 to 48 hours	49 to 59 hours	60 hours and over	Part-time	Full-time
Buckinghamshire Thames Valley										
Urban	280	1,559	11,581	23,219	24,046	66,740	18,796	9,623	23.5	76.5
Rural	205	1,131	6,799	12,701	11,035	34,279	12,109	7,263	24.4	75.6
Less Sparse	205	1,131	6,799	12,701	11,035	34,279	12,109	7,263	24.4	75.6
Town	66	430	2,776	5,243	5,115	14,575	4,499	2,380	24.3	75.7
Village	88	504	2,893	5,496	4,438	14,154	5,467	3,334	24.7	75.3
Dispersed	51	197	1,130	1,962	1,482	5,550	2,143	1,549	23.7	76.3
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	485	2,690	18,380	35,920	35,081	101,019	30,905	16,886	23.8	76.2
Percentage rural	42.3	42.0	37.0	35.4	31.5	33.9	39.2	43.0		
South East										
Urban	5,598	29,763	228,995	470,238	511,859	1,266,030	323,512	179,271	24.4	75.6
Rural	2,382	10,839	71,496	140,432	115,526	344,523	115,176	73,417	25.8	74.2
Total	7,980	40,602	300,491	610,670	627,385	1,610,553	438,688	252,688	24.7	75.3

Source table from the Census: UV41 Hours worked

Percentage of people in rural and urban parts of the LEP aged 16 to 74 in employment by number of hours worked.



Source table from the Census: UV41 Hours worked

Employment by industry type

The three most common industries employing people aged 16 to 74 in rural Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP are: "Real estate, renting and business activities", "Wholesale and retail trade; repairs" and "Manufacturing"

Number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment by industry type

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East	
	Urban	Rural				Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages	Dispersed		
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	1,451	2,306	535	1,286	485	27,285	28,865
Fishing	18	3	-	3	-	541	311
Mining and quarrying	237	130	63	49	18	5,342	1,848
Manufacturing	23,437	10,923	4,708	4,679	1,536	371,703	99,934
Electricity, gas and water supply	611	274	126	97	51	22,488	5,557
Construction	9,252	5,685	2,381	2,516	788	211,619	65,707
Wholesale and retail trade; repairs	26,925	13,088	5,841	5,432	1,815	504,852	130,940
Hotels and restaurants	5,603	3,032	1,242	1,261	529	129,515	37,695
Transport, storage and communications	10,752	5,239	2,242	2,234	763	256,859	59,531
Financial Intermediation	6,623	3,408	1,448	1,493	467	157,096	41,068
Real estate, renting and business activities	29,849	16,277	6,387	7,189	2,701	460,568	145,557
Public administration and defence, social security	6,497	5,331	1,818	1,824	1,689	181,049	49,562
Education	11,064	6,645	2,819	2,889	937	232,185	72,975
Health and social work	14,421	7,684	3,328	3,218	1,138	298,491	83,761
Other community, social & personal service activities	8,756	5,161	2,041	2,046	1,074	150,932	47,183
Private households with employed persons	329	215	63	84	68	3,724	2,646
Extra-territorial organisations and bodies	81	48	15	27	6	871	337

Source table from the Census: UV34 Industry

Accommodation and tenure

In rural Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 91.7% of households live in houses or bungalows, 7.1% live in flats, apartments (and other similar properties) and 1.2% live in other types of accommodation such as shared dwellings, caravans, mobile or temporary structures.

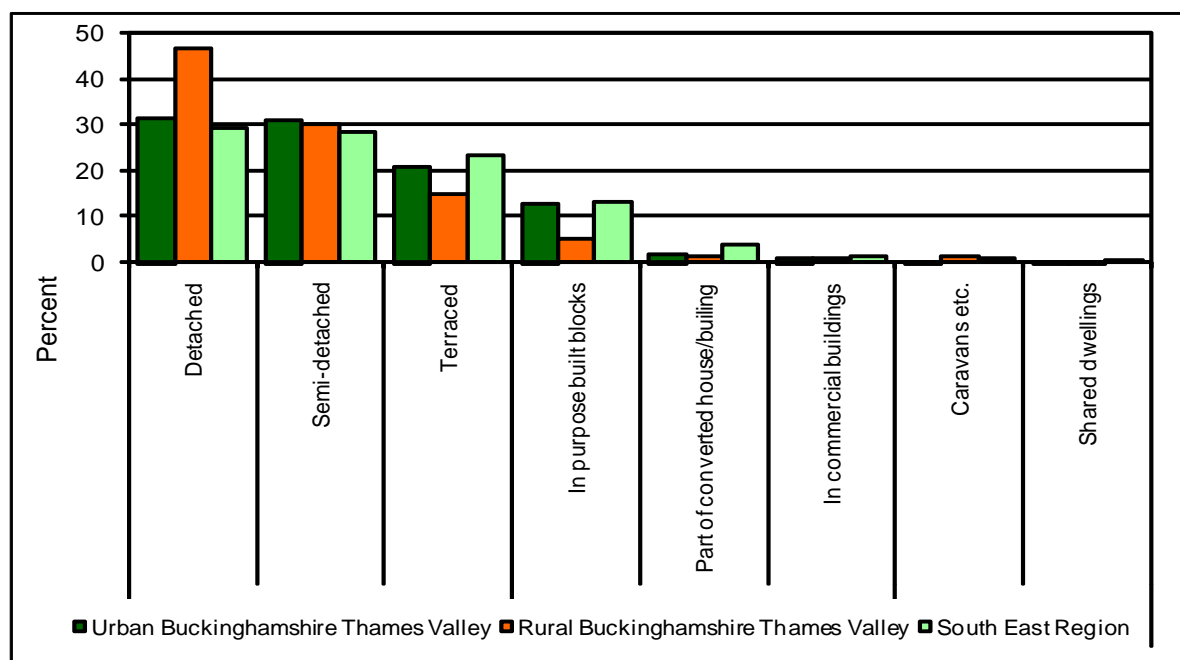
In urban Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 83.5% of households live in houses or bungalows, 16% live in flats, apartments (and other similar properties) and 0.5% live in other types of accommodation such as shared dwellings, caravans, mobile or temporary structures.

Number of households in the LEP and Region by accommodation type

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East	
	Urban	Rural			Dispersed	Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages			
In an unshared dwelling	125,420	67,761	29,515	28,074	10,172	2,636,761	751,637
House or bungalow	104,988	62,137	26,220	26,638	9,279	2,076,368	674,182
Detached	39,458	31,635	10,721	15,025	5,889	653,823	342,291
Semi-detached	39,211	20,345	9,733	8,173	2,439	746,350	221,521
Terraced (including end-terrace)	26,319	10,157	5,766	3,440	951	676,195	110,370
Flat; maisonette or apartment	20,126	4,837	3,246	1,083	508	550,501	63,736
In a purpose-built block of flats	16,337	3,445	2,641	634	170	400,404	42,406
Part of a converted or shared house	2,480	792	259	286	247	117,658	13,930
In a commercial building	1,309	600	346	163	91	32,439	7,400
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	306	787	49	353	385	9,892	13,719
In a shared dwelling	297	36	13	15	8	12,185	928

Source table from the Census: UV56 Accommodation Type (Households)

Percentage of households in the LEP and the Region by type of accommodation.



Source table from the Census: UV56 Accommodation Type (Households)

In rural Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 77.7% of households live in owned accommodation, 11.3% live in social rented accommodation and 8.4% live in private rented accommodation.

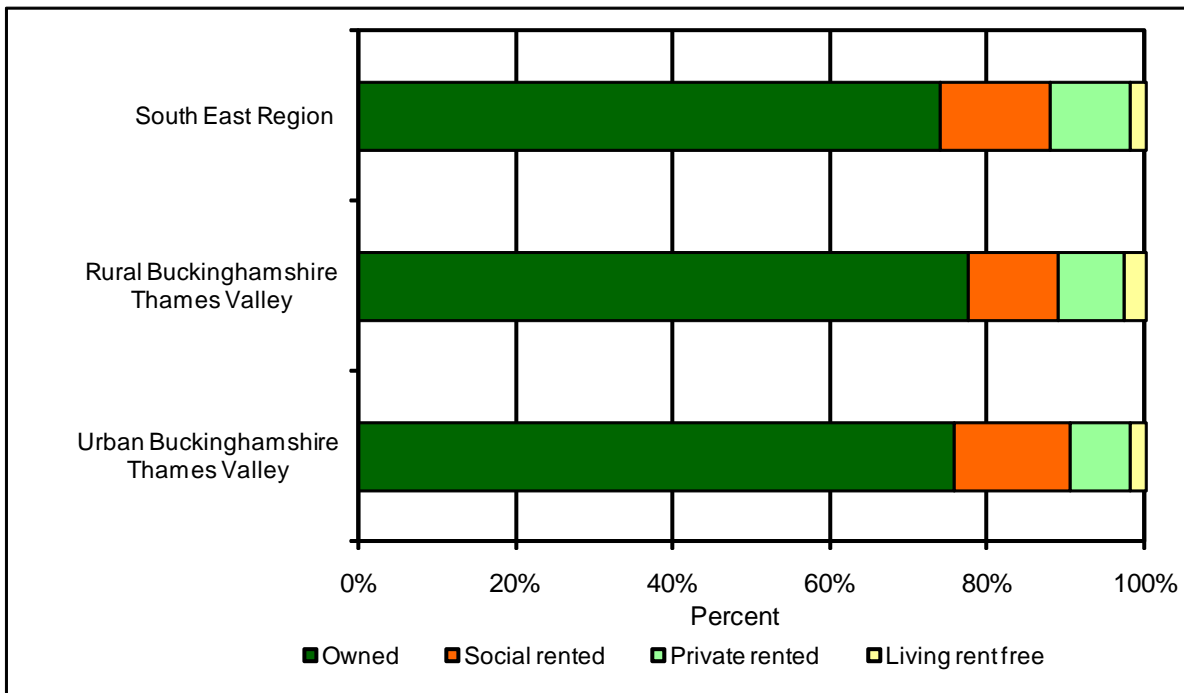
In urban Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP 76% of households live in owned accommodation, 14.7% live in social rented accommodation and 7.5% live in private rented accommodation.

Number of households in the LEP and Region by tenure

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East	
	Urban Total	Rural			Dispersed	Urban	Rural
		Total	Towns	Villages			
Owned	93,202	50,983	21,719	21,833	7,431	1,875,258	556,134
Owns outright	36,816	22,605	9,155	9,624	3,826	764,086	264,079
Owns with a mortgage or loan	55,432	27,965	12,347	12,056	3,562	1,089,453	288,072
Shared ownership	954	413	217	153	43	21,719	3,983
Social rented	18,061	7,405	4,428	2,480	497	381,845	77,446
Rented from Council (Local Authority)	10,606	4,728	2,637	1,790	301	208,516	33,304
Other social rented	7,455	2,677	1,791	690	196	173,329	44,142
Private rented	9,260	5,486	1,926	2,308	1,252	268,379	65,706
Private landlord or letting agency	8,053	3,911	1,419	1,699	793	236,252	51,769
Employer of a household member	326	730	233	252	245	8,716	6,109
Relative or friend of a household member	618	347	114	170	63	15,226	3,966
Other	263	498	160	187	151	8,185	3,862
Living rent free	2,178	1,708	583	696	429	41,448	21,260

Source table from the Census: UV63 Tenure (Households)

Percentage of households by tenure



Source table from the Census: UV63 Tenure (Households)

Car ownership

9.9% of households in rural Buckinghamshire Thames Valley LEP do not have a car or van available for private use. In urban parts of the LEP it is 15%.

Number of households by car/van availability to the household and the total number of cars*

	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley					South East		LEP	Region
	No car or van	1 car or van	2 cars or vans	3 cars or vans	4 or more cars or vans	No car or van	1 or more cars or vans	Total number of cars or vans	
Urban	18,392	48,904	42,688	9,526	3,061	555,758	2,011,160	176,115	3,135,430
Rural	6,498	22,356	26,952	6,926	2,729	82,969	637,585	109,239	1,135,906
Less Sparse	6,498	22,356	26,952	6,926	2,729	82,893	637,002	109,239	1,135,016
Town	3,899	10,973	10,652	2,372	783	48,392	272,635	42,856	453,915
Village	2,075	8,486	12,067	3,231	1,346	26,301	246,822	48,275	451,260
Dispersed	524	2,897	4,233	1,323	600	8,200	117,545	18,108	229,841
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	76	583	-	890
Town	-	-	-	-	-	12	117	-	167
Village	-	-	-	-	-	64	466	-	723
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	24,890	71,260	69,640	16,452	5,790	638,727	2,648,745	285,354	4,271,336
Percentage rural	26.1	31.4	38.7	42.1	47.1	13.0	24.1	38.3	26.6

Source table from the Census: UV62 Cars or Vans

*(includes any company car or van if it is available for private use)

Further information:

All the information in this document has been calculated from the 2001 Census Univariate Tables for Census Output Areas published by the Office of National Statistics (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk>). Further information about the Census is available at:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/census2001/default.asp>

There are slight differences (e.g. in total population) between tables because of imputation for non-response and disclosure issues when using Output Area data. Overall the 2001 Census achieved a 98% response rate. For further information on the quality of data at Local LEP level please see:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/census2001/la.asp>

Each Output Area in England and Wales has been classified using the harmonised urban / rural definition published by the ONS on 2nd August 2004 in Bulletin 2004/14 (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/bulletins/bulletin2004_14.asp). The Output Area urban/rural data was then aggregated to provide the urban / rural totals for the Local LEP, Regions and England. More information about the urban / rural definition is available at:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/nrudp.asp>

Defra's website also has further information about rural affairs:
<http://www.defra.gov.uk/rural/default.htm>

Produced by:

Defra, Rural Statistics Unit

Email: rural.statistics@defra.gsi.gov.uk

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