

# **Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP**

## **Census 2001 Focus on Rural Areas**

Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP is in the West Midlands Region

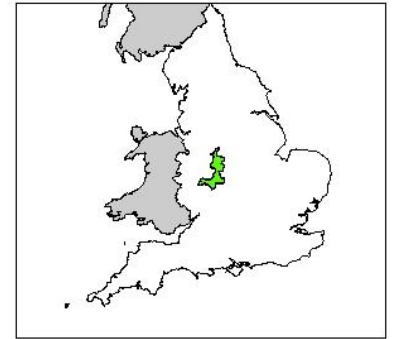
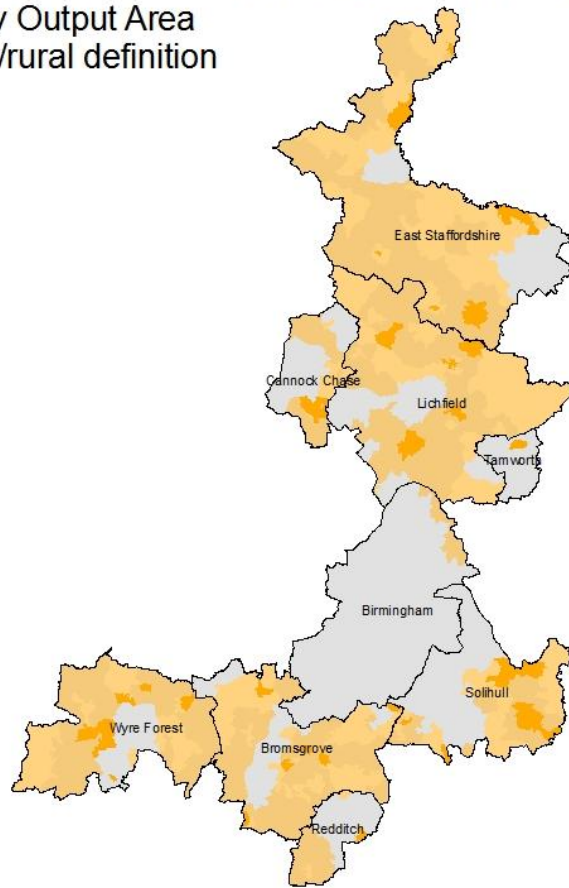
# Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP, showing Local Authority Boundaries, shaded by Output Area according to the urban/rural definition

## Legend

Local Authority Boundary

## Output Areas

- Urban
- Less Sparse Rural town
- Less Sparse Rural village
- Less Sparse Rural dispersed



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## Population

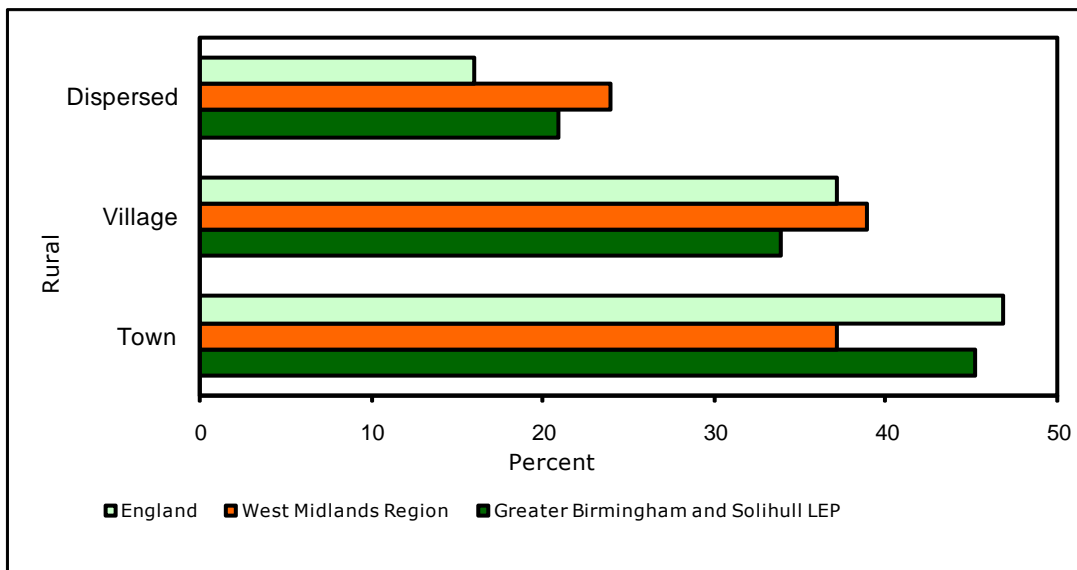
In Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 7.4% of people live in rural areas, compared with 15.7% in the Region.

Within the rural areas all people live in less sparse areas

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP			West Midlands Region		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Urban	811,935	858,589	1,670,524	2,165,396	2,274,096	4,439,492
Rural	66,091	67,273	133,364	409,715	418,101	827,816
Less Sparse	66,091	67,273	133,364	383,437	391,125	774,562
Town	29,878	31,145	61,023	144,810	152,545	297,355
Village	22,408	22,694	45,102	152,407	153,903	306,310
Dispersed	13,805	13,434	27,239	86,220	84,677	170,897
Sparse	-	-	-	26,278	26,976	53,254
Town	-	-	-	7,477	8,038	15,515
Village	-	-	-	6,918	7,297	14,215
Dispersed	-	-	-	11,883	11,641	23,524
Total	878,026	925,862	1,803,888	2,575,111	2,692,197	5,267,308
Percentage rural	7.5	7.3	7.4	15.9	15.5	15.7

Source table from the Census: UV03 Gender

Proportion of the population of the LEP living in rural towns, villages and dispersed areas compared with the Region and England.



Source table from the Census: UV03 Gender

## Age

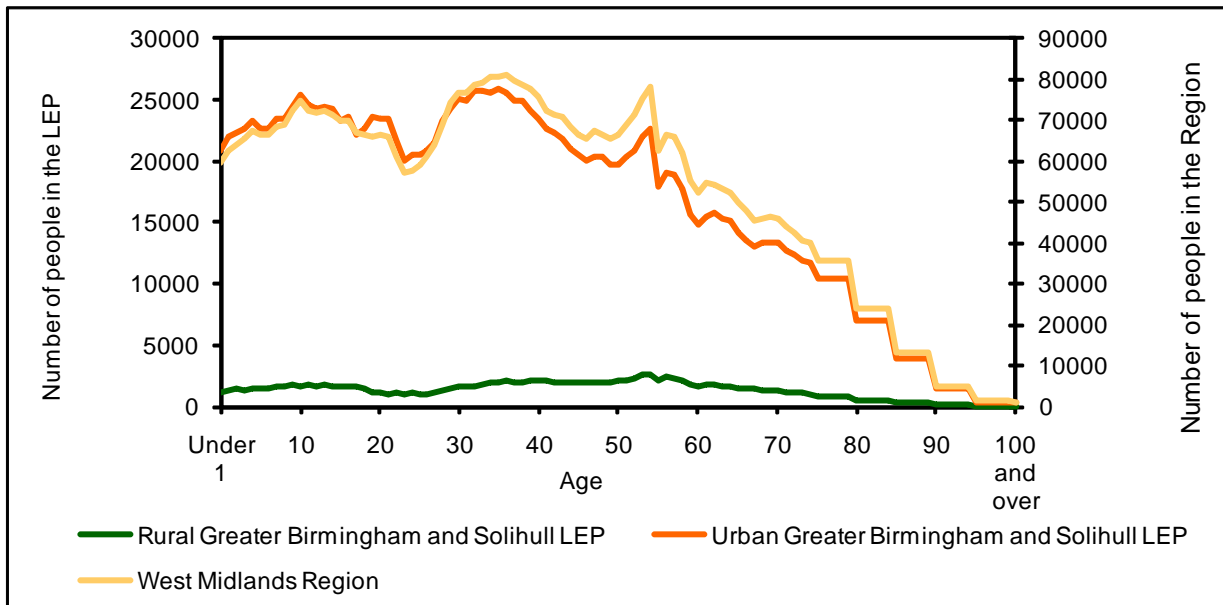
In Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 0.8% of the population live in rural areas and are under 10 years old. 1.7% of the LEP's population live in rural areas and are under 19 years of age. 0.9% are aged 70 or over and live in rural areas.

Total population within the LEP, broken down by age.

Age	Total	Totals		Rural breakdown						% Rural
		Urban	Rural	Towns		Villages		Dispersed		
				Less sparse	Sparse	Less sparse	Sparse	Less sparse	Sparse	
Under 10	242,805	228,389	14,416	7,071	-	4,674	-	2,671	-	5.9
10 to 19	254,938	239,146	15,792	7,211	-	5,416	-	3,165	-	6.2
20 to 29	231,474	220,260	11,214	5,350	-	3,362	-	2,502	-	4.8
30 to 39	271,908	253,341	18,567	9,286	-	5,924	-	3,357	-	6.8
40 to 49	232,804	213,056	19,748	8,691	-	6,838	-	4,219	-	8.5
50 to 59	217,503	195,308	22,195	9,428	-	7,924	-	4,843	-	10.2
60 to 69	159,380	144,121	15,259	6,714	-	5,446	-	3,099	-	9.6
70 to 79	124,548	114,272	10,276	4,676	-	3,657	-	1,943	-	8.3
80 to 89	58,911	54,165	4,746	2,162	-	1,552	-	1,032	-	8.1
90 and over	9,968	9,019	949	324	-	296	-	329	-	9.5
	1,804,239	1,671,077	133,162	60,913	-	45,089	-	27,160	-	7.4

Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Age of the population in urban/rural parts of the LEP and totals for the Region.



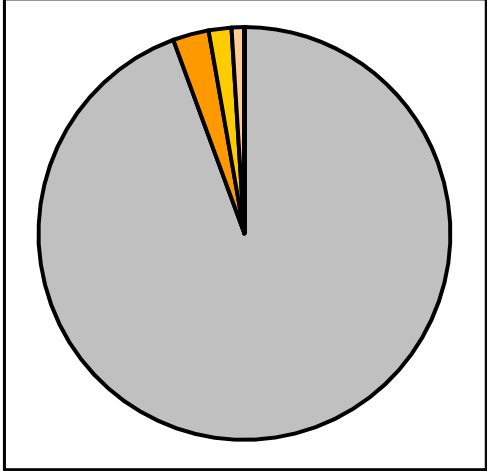
Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Proportion of children under 5 split by the urban rural definition, for the LEP and the Region

LEP

Greater Birmingham and Solihull

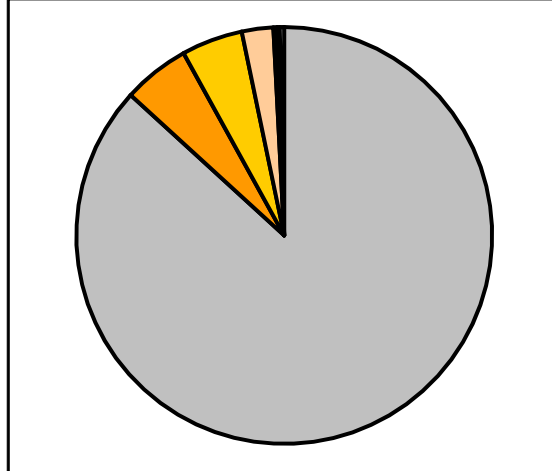
Number of under 5's: 118,100



Region:

West Midlands

Number of under 5's: 319,200



- Urban
- Less Sparse Rural Town
- Less Sparse Rural Village
- Less Sparse Rural Dispersed
- Sparse Rural Town
- Sparse Rural Village
- Sparse Rural Dispersed

Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

## Marital Status

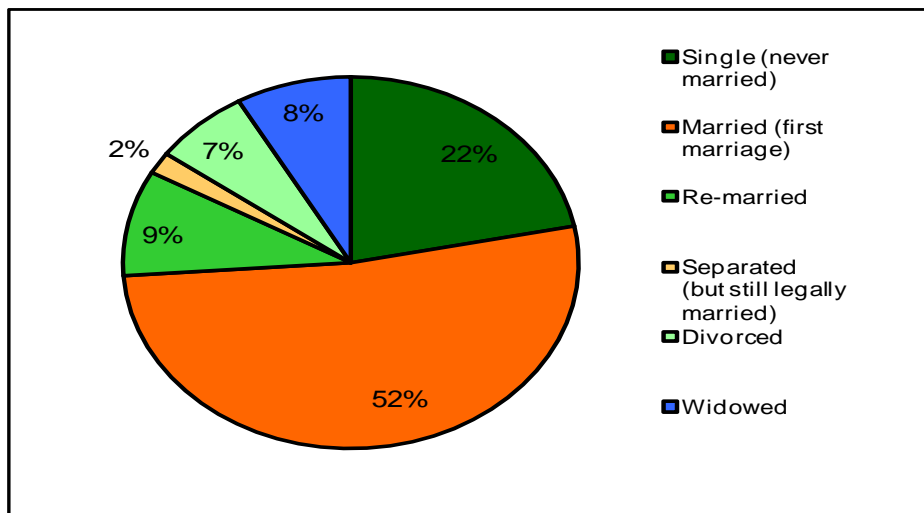
The 'Marital Status' table (UV07) classifies all people (i.e. from babies upwards) according to their marital status. To create the following table *it has been assumed* that all people aged under 16 would be in the "single – never married" category. All people under 16 years of age have been deducted from the original "single – never married" figures on the marital status to estimate figures on the marital status of people aged 16 or over.

### Estimated number of people in the LEP and Region aged 16 or over, by marital status

	Single (never married)	Married (first marriage)	Re-married	Separated (but still legally married)	Divorced	Widowed
<b>Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP</b>						
Urban	411,914	562,795	79,220	34,143	99,524	107,886
Rural	23,770	56,676	10,015	2,065	7,435	8,924
Less Sparse	23,770	56,676	10,015	2,065	7,435	8,924
Town	10,916	25,334	4,314	963	3,672	4,088
Village	7,559	19,787	3,597	668	2,421	2,951
Dispersed	5,295	11,555	2,104	434	1,342	1,885
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	435,684	619,471	89,235	36,208	106,959	116,810
<b>West Midlands Region</b>						
Urban	1,046,602	1,549,838	232,261	83,709	278,764	305,378
Rural	153,568	343,752	61,538	11,802	48,174	55,803
Total	1,200,170	1,893,590	293,799	95,511	326,938	361,181

Source tables from the Census: UV04 Age and UV07 Marital Status

### Estimated proportions of people aged 16 or over in rural parts of the LEP, by marital status.



Source tables from the Census: UV04 Age and UV07 Marital Status

## Household composition

In Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 7.4% of households are in rural areas. 23.1% of rural households are single person households. 6% of rural households are lone parent family households.

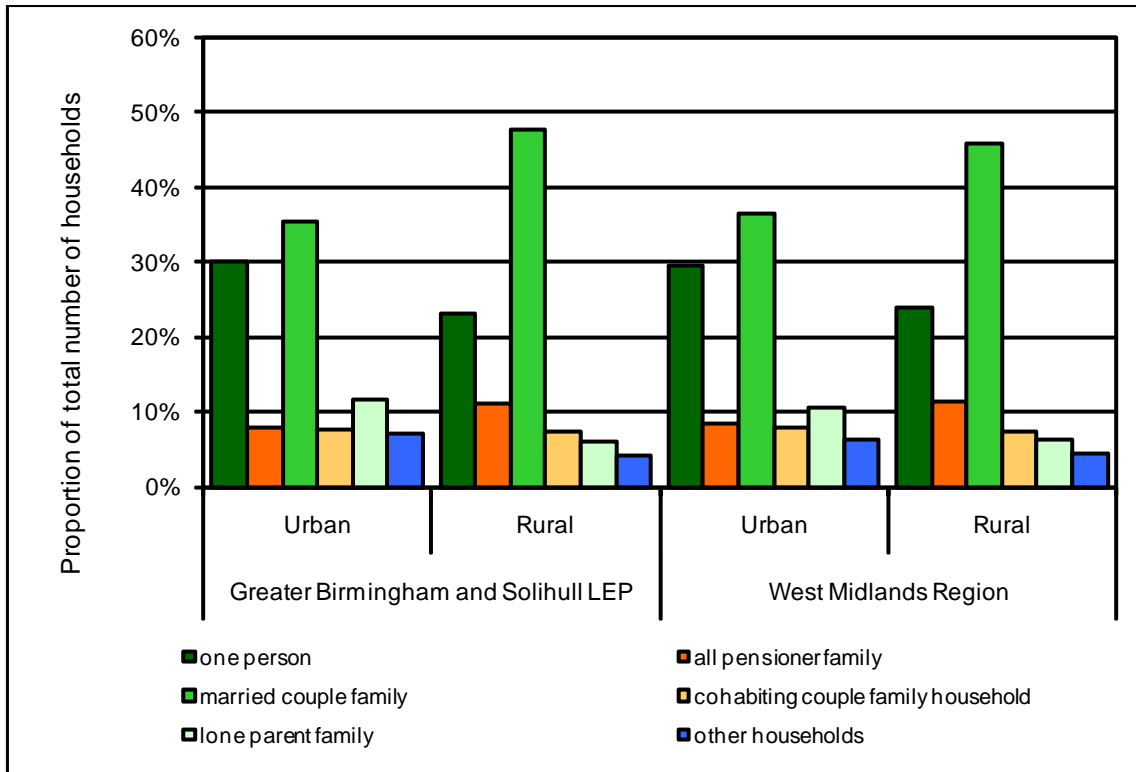
### Number of households, by composition of the household

	Urban Total	Rural							% rural
		Total	Less sparse			Sparse			
			Town	Village	Dispersed	Town	Village	Dispersed	
Total number of households	671,910	53,495	25,309	18,074	10,112	-	-	-	7.4
One person household	202,847	12,376	6,367	3,963	2,046	-	-	-	5.8
pensioner	93,844	6,801	3,519	2,218	1,064	-	-	-	6.8
other	109,003	5,575	2,848	1,745	982	-	-	-	4.9
All pensioner family	53,225	6,045	2,755	2,182	1,108	-	-	-	10.2
Married couple family	237,793	25,529	11,457	8,882	5,190	-	-	-	9.7
no children	76,072	10,145	4,365	3,682	2,098	-	-	-	11.8
with one dependent child	41,728	4,150	1,932	1,415	803	-	-	-	9.0
with two or more dependent children	78,771	7,148	3,354	2,398	1,396	-	-	-	8.3
all children non-dependent	41,222	4,086	1,806	1,387	893	-	-	-	9.0
Cohabiting couple family	51,240	3,986	1,985	1,250	751	-	-	-	7.2
no children	26,907	2,413	1,181	751	481	-	-	-	8.2
with one dependent child	10,402	701	347	233	121	-	-	-	6.3
two or more dependent children	11,865	675	362	209	104	-	-	-	5.4
all children non-dependent	2,066	197	95	57	45	-	-	-	8.7
Lone parent family	78,671	3,235	1,792	989	454	-	-	-	3.9
with one dependent child	28,402	927	548	268	111	-	-	-	3.2
with two or more dependant children	26,384	861	511	250	100	-	-	-	3.2
all children non-dependent	23,885	1,447	733	471	243	-	-	-	5.7
Other households	48,134	2,324	953	808	563	-	-	-	4.6
with one dependent child	8,867	436	172	151	113	-	-	-	4.7
with two or more dependent children	12,323	421	170	156	95	-	-	-	3.3
all student	3,455	9	3	6	-	-	-	-	0.3
all pensioner	2,451	197	70	69	58	-	-	-	7.4
other	21,038	1,261	538	426	297	-	-	-	5.7

Source table from the Census: UV65 Household Composition (households)

A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Percentage of households by composition of household for the LEP and the Region.



Source table from the Census: UV65 Household Composition (households)

**Classification of household deprivation**

The classification of household deprivation on the Census is independent of the English Indices of Multiple Deprivation published by the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister. Four dimensions from the Census returns have been identified as giving an indication of household deprivation. Households are considered deprived if one or more of the following definitions applies to that household:

**Employment** – any member of the household aged 16-74 who is not a full-time student is classified as either unemployed or permanently sick.

**Education** – no member of the household aged 16 to pensionable age has at least 5 GCSE’s (grade A to C) or equivalent AND no member of the household aged 16 to 18 is in full-time education.

**Health and disability** – any member of the household has general health ‘not good’ in the year before the census or has a limiting long term illness.

**Housing** – The household’s accommodation is either overcrowded, or is in a shared dwelling, or does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet, or has no central heating.

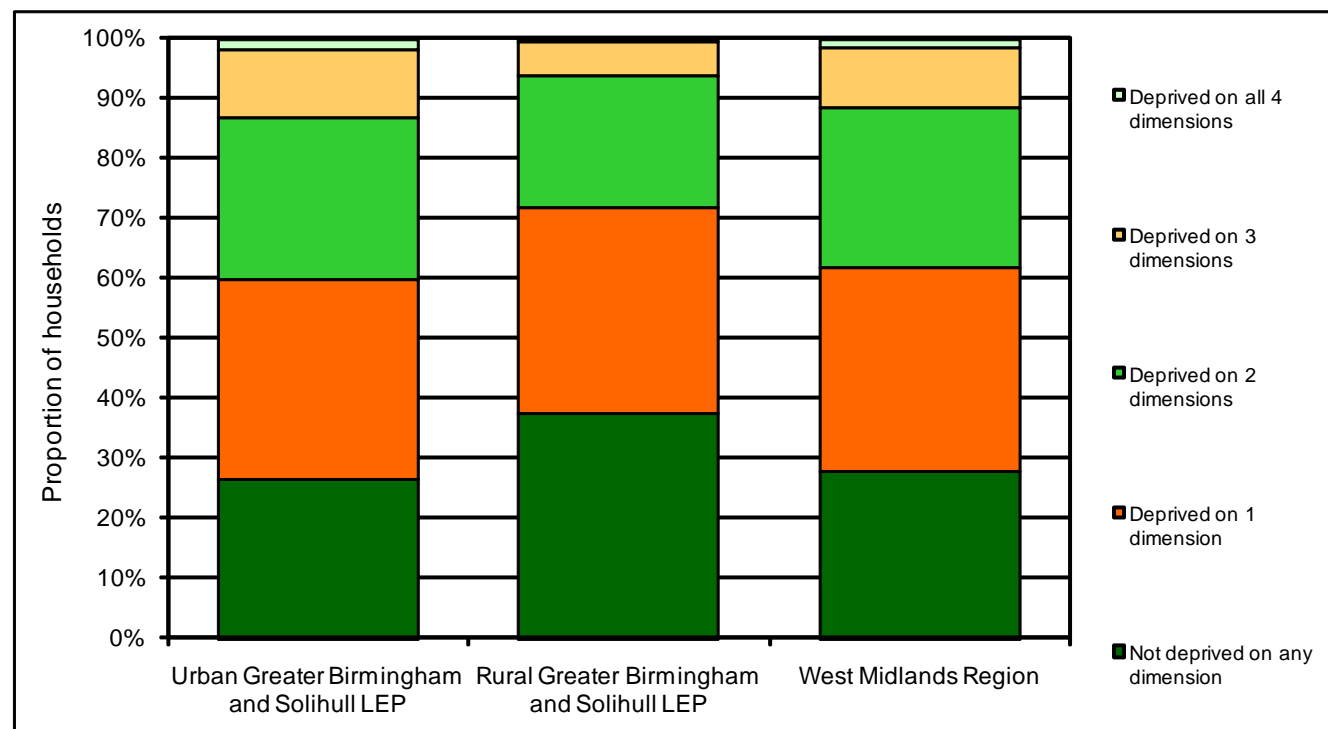


### Classification of household deprivation (number of households)

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region	
	Not deprived on any dimension	Deprived on 1 dimension	Deprived on 2 dimensions	Deprived on 3 dimensions	Deprived on all 4 dimensions	Not deprived on any dimension	Deprived on 1 or more dimensions
<b>Urban</b>	<b>178,836</b>	<b>222,409</b>	<b>181,317</b>	<b>76,516</b>	<b>12,913</b>	<b>485,054</b>	<b>1,333,560</b>
<b>Rural</b>	<b>20,065</b>	<b>18,373</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>3,006</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>116,277</b>	<b>218,629</b>
Less Sparse	<b>20,065</b>	<b>18,373</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>3,006</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>109,776</b>	<b>202,379</b>
Town	9,248	8,509	5,795	1,551	142	41,368	83,070
Village	6,781	6,293	3,873	981	88	43,926	77,863
Dispersed	4,036	3,571	1,971	474	67	24,482	41,446
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	<b>6,501</b>	<b>16,250</b>
Town	-	-	-	-	-	1,680	5,260
Village	-	-	-	-	-	1,724	4,419
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	3,097	6,571

Source table from the Census: UV67 Classification of household deprivation

### Comparison of household deprivation in urban and rural parts of the LEP



Source table from the Census: UV67 Classification of household deprivation

## Health and provision of unpaid care

There were two measure of 'health' on the Census. In one measure respondents were asked to rate their general level of health over the last twelve months as 'good', 'fairly good' or 'not good'. The other measure was to ask respondents whether they (in their opinion) had a limiting long-term illness (LLTI). LLTI covers any long-term illness, health problem or disability that limits daily activities or the work a person can do.

### Perception of health over the 12 months preceding the Census (number of people)

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP				West Midlands Region			
	Good	Fairly good	Not good	% not good	Good	Fairly good	Not good	% not good
Urban	1,121,614	383,792	165,119	9.9	2,957,090	1,035,442	446,963	10.1
Rural	95,109	28,028	10,227	7.7	583,275	178,975	65,571	7.9

Source table from the Census: UV20 General health

### Occurrence of limiting long-term illnesses (LLTI) (number of people)

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP			West Midlands Region			England
	No LLTI	LLTI	% with LLTI	No LLTI	LLTI	% with LLTI	% with LLTI
Urban	1,358,910	311,614	18.7	3,586,680	852,812	19.2	18.2
Rural	111,345	22,019	16.5	687,170	140,646	17.0	17.0

Source table from the Census: UV22 Long-term limiting illness

### Number of people providing unpaid care

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP			% providing some unpaid care	
	1 to 19 hours per week	20 to 49 hours per week	50 or more hours per week	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP	West Midlands Region
Urban	111,129	20,899	38,595	10.2	10.5
Rural	11,585	1,402	2,481	11.6	11.2
Towns	4,951	669	1,196	11.2	10.7
Villages	4,095	455	881	12.0	11.5
Dispersed	2,539	278	404	11.8	11.6

Source table from the Census: UV21 Provision of unpaid care

## Qualifications

In Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 34% of the people aged 16 to 74 have no academic, vocational or professional qualifications, compared with 34% in the Region as a whole. 6% of the people with no such qualifications are in rural parts of the LEP.

### Number of people aged 16 to 74 by qualification level

	Number of people aged 16-74 within the LEP that responded to the questions on qualification levels. (please see the footnotes)						Percentage with no qualifications	
	None	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other	LEP	Region
Urban	408,954	195,561	212,742	93,416	189,500	80,347	34.6	35.3
Rural	25,886	15,212	20,180	6,963	22,793	7,540	26.3	26.9
Less Sparse	25,886	15,212	20,180	6,963	22,793	7,540	26.3	26.8
Town	12,215	7,138	9,014	3,119	9,884	3,343	27.3	28.7
Village	8,521	5,106	6,903	2,315	7,926	2,666	25.5	25.5
Dispersed	5,150	2,968	4,263	1,529	4,983	1,531	25.2	25.9
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.7
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.1
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.5
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>434,840</b>	<b>210,773</b>	<b>232,922</b>	<b>100,379</b>	<b>212,293</b>	<b>87,887</b>	<b>34.0</b>	<b>34.0</b>
<b>Percentage rural</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>8.6</b>		

Source table from the Census: UV24 Qualifications

#### Footnotes

**None:** No academic, vocational or professional qualifications

**Level 1:** 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ

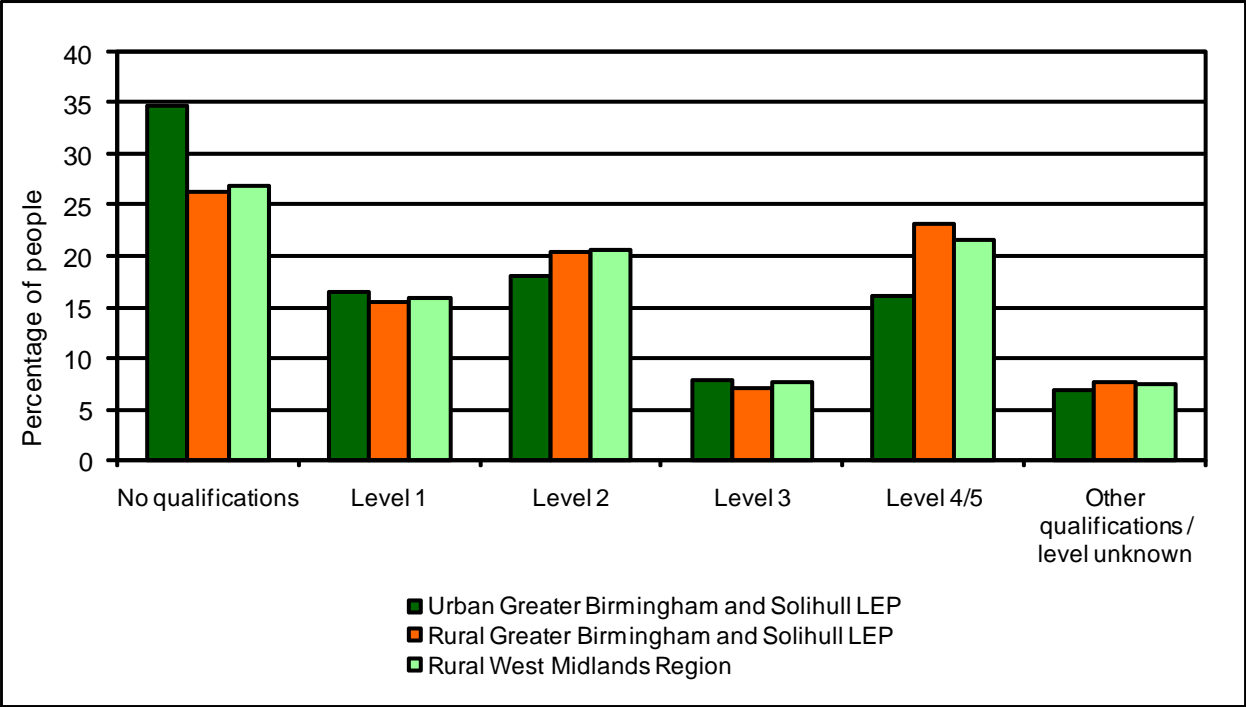
**Level 2:** 5+ 'O' levels, 5+ CSEs (grade 1), 5+ GCSEs (grade A to C), School Certificate, 1+ 'A' levels/AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ

**Level 3:** 2+ 'A' levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ

**Level 4/5:** First degree, Higher degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor

**Other:** Other qualifications or level unknown e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR, BTEC/Edexcel, other professional qualifications.

Percentage of people aged 16 to 74 with each level of qualification in the LEP and the rural part of the Region.



Source table from the Census: UV24 Qualifications

## National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification (NS-SeC)

In this table all people aged 16 to 74 are classified according to their type of occupation using the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification. Further details of this classification system are available from the National Statistics web site at:

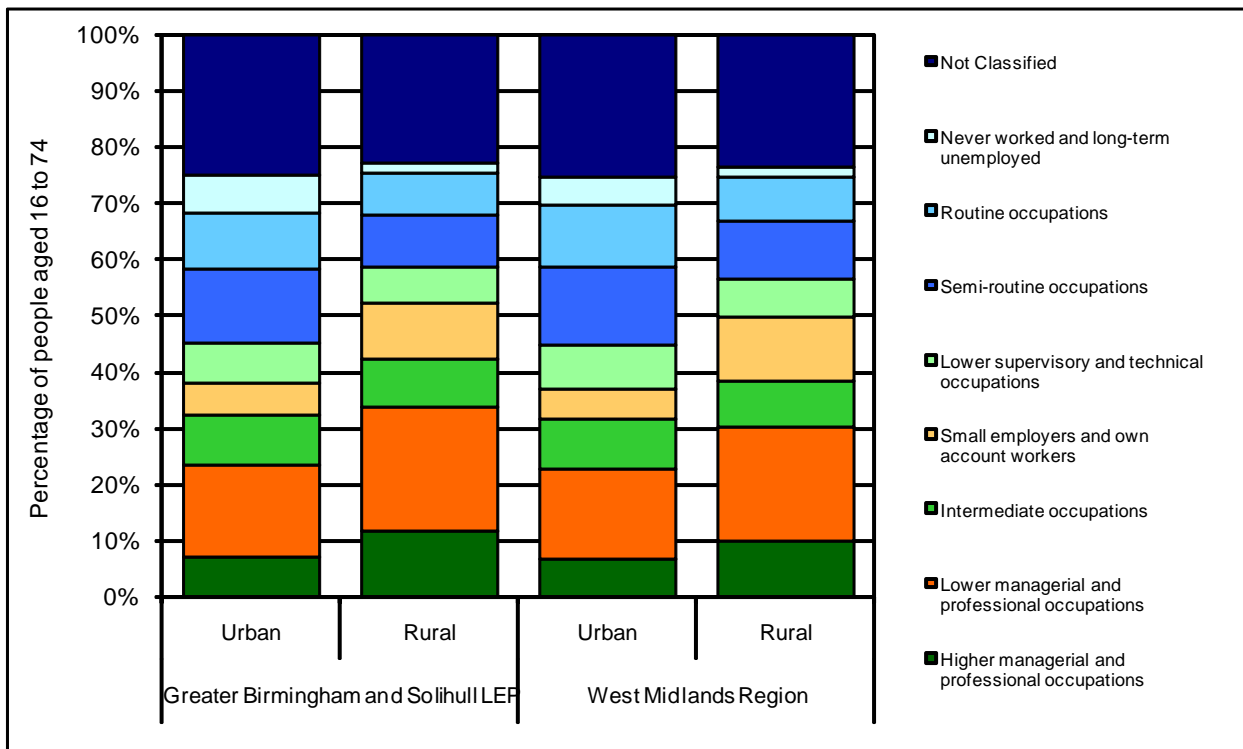
[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/ns\\_sec/default.asp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/ns_sec/default.asp)

### Number of people in the LEP aged 16 to 74 by NS-SeC classification

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region	
	Urban Total	Rural			Urban	Rural	
		Total	Towns	Villages			Dispersed
Higher managerial and professional occupations	82,876	20,860	11,791	4,968	4,101	207,982	61,115
Lower managerial and professional occupations	193,205	39,086	21,798	9,669	7,619	511,238	121,823
Intermediate occupations	106,342	14,917	8,218	3,962	2,737	280,647	49,224
Small employers and own account workers	64,050	17,573	10,314	3,490	3,769	174,333	71,108
Lower supervisory and technical occupations	86,760	11,201	6,124	3,105	1,972	250,547	40,626
Semi-routine occupations	154,818	16,582	9,014	4,725	2,843	435,853	62,479
Routine occupations	117,961	13,142	7,177	3,859	2,106	354,034	47,453
Never worked and long-term unemployed	76,710	3,097	1,813	767	517	157,173	11,413
Not Classified	297,830	40,507	22,426	10,248	7,833	801,993	142,700

Source table from the Census: UV31 National Statistics Socio-economic classification

### Percentage of people in the LEP aged 16 to 74 by NS-SeC classification



Source table from the Census: UV31 National Statistics Socio-economic classification

## Economic activity and average number of hours worked

In rural Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 30.9% of people aged 16 to 74 are economically inactive. 50.2% of those people are retired, 10% are students and 18.7% are looking after the home or family.

In comparison 35.5% of people aged 16 to 74 are economically inactive in urban Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP and 31.3% are economically inactive in rural parts of the Region.

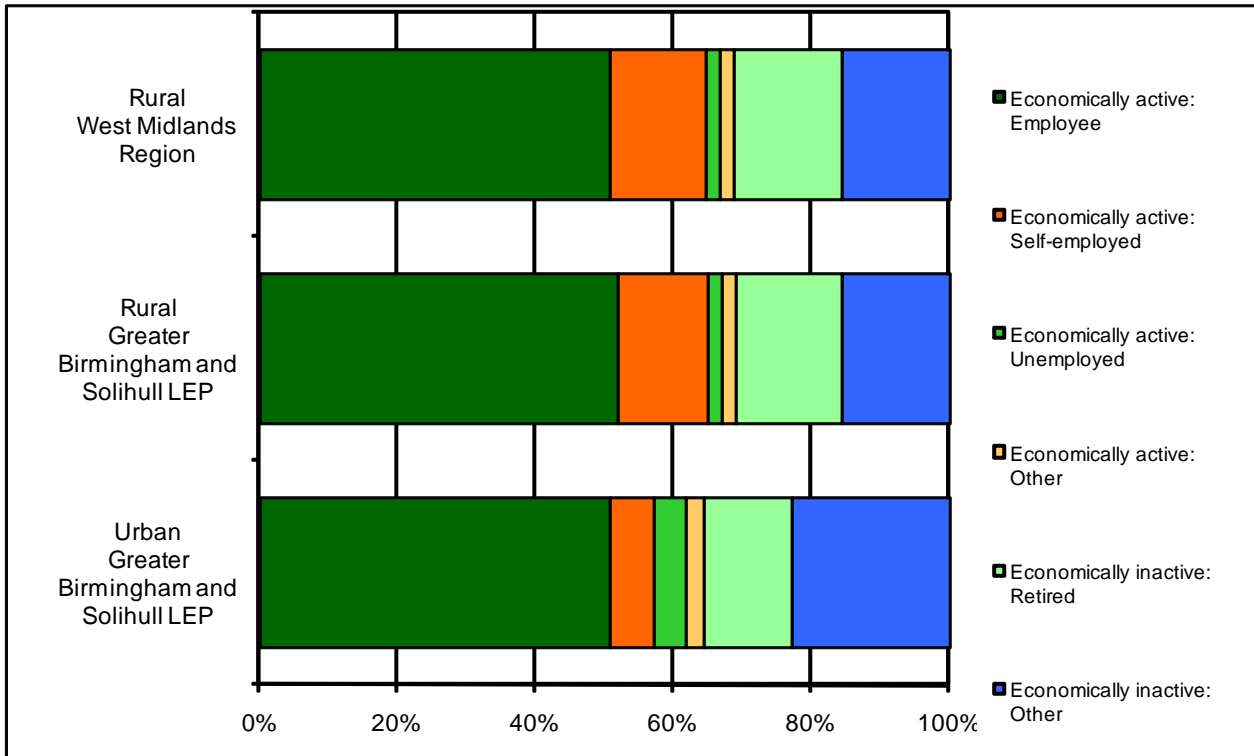
### Number of people aged 16 to 74 by economic activity

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region	
	Urban	Rural				Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages	Dispersed		
Economically active	761,494	68,124	31,228	22,960	13,936	2,074,360	417,784
Employee	601,352	51,289	24,909	17,026	9,354	1,667,107	308,529
Part-time	134,055	12,500	5,982	4,137	2,381	375,589	76,199
Full-time	467,297	38,789	18,927	12,889	6,973	1,291,518	232,330
Self-employed with employees	27,507	5,669	1,701	2,134	1,834	72,407	33,474
Part-time	3,754	829	250	319	260	9,993	4,885
Full-time	23,753	4,840	1,451	1,815	1,574	62,414	28,589
Self-employed without employees	45,986	7,313	2,690	2,593	2,030	122,975	50,991
Part-time	12,183	2,206	808	777	621	32,150	14,756
Full-time	33,803	5,107	1,882	1,816	1,409	90,825	36,235
Unemployed	54,638	2,009	1,006	619	384	130,102	12,698
Full-time Students	32,011	1,844	922	588	334	81,769	12,092
Economically inactive	419,076	30,475	13,503	10,493	6,479	1,098,936	189,936
Retired	151,099	15,299	7,031	5,422	2,846	430,116	95,297
Student	65,756	3,059	1,264	1,137	658	152,939	20,621
Looking after home/family	84,916	5,699	2,589	1,897	1,213	211,043	36,046
Permanently sick/disabled	69,584	3,530	1,690	1,181	659	192,071	23,441
Other	47,721	2,888	929	856	1,103	112,767	14,531
% economically active	64.5	69.1	69.8	68.6	68.3	65.4	68.7
% economically inactive	35.5	30.9	30.2	31.4	31.7	34.6	31.3

Source table from the Census: UV28 Economic activity

For the Census part-time working is defined as working 30 hours a week or less. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Percentage of people aged 16 to 74 by economic activity



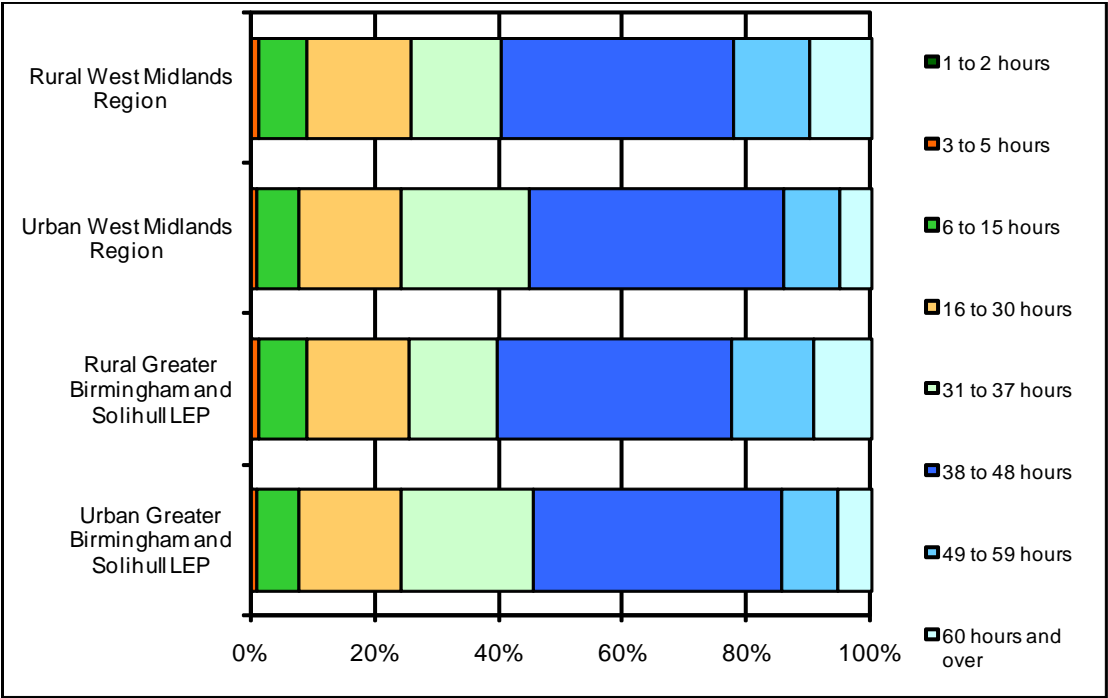
Source table from the Census: UV28 Economic activity

Number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment by number of hours worked per week

	Part-time				Full-time				Percent	
	1 to 2 hours	3 to 5 hours	6 to 15 hours	16 to 30 hours	31 to 37 hours	38 to 48 hours	49 to 59 hours	60 hours and over	Part-time	Full-time
<b>Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP</b>										
Urban	1,097	6,149	47,992	115,700	148,692	281,491	63,963	35,868	24.4	75.6
Rural	144	762	5,069	10,937	9,451	24,948	8,751	5,887	25.6	74.4
Less Sparse	144	762	5,069	10,937	9,451	24,948	8,751	5,887	25.6	74.4
Town	54	338	2,312	5,024	4,625	12,047	3,670	2,069	25.6	74.4
Village	57	248	1,694	3,670	3,125	8,231	3,145	2,101	25.5	74.5
Dispersed	33	176	1,063	2,243	1,701	4,670	1,936	1,717	26.0	74.0
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,241	6,911	53,061	126,637	158,143	306,439	72,714	41,755	24.5	75.5
Percentage rural	11.6	11.0	9.6	8.6	6.0	8.1	12.0	14.1		
<b>West Midlands Region</b>										
Urban	2,792	16,572	134,099	318,967	394,960	795,478	171,845	95,765	24.5	75.5
Rural	870	4,643	31,583	67,658	58,446	152,577	49,375	38,739	25.9	74.1
Total	3,662	21,215	165,682	386,625	453,406	948,055	221,220	134,504	24.7	75.3

Source table from the Census: UV41 Hours worked

Percentage of people in rural and urban parts of the LEP aged 16 to 74 in employment by number of hours worked.



Source table from the Census: UV41 Hours worked



## Employment by industry type

The three most common industries employing people aged 16 to 74 in rural Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP are: "Manufacturing", "Wholesale and retail trade; repairs" and "Real estate, renting and business activities"

### Number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment by industry type

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region	
	Urban	Rural				Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages	Dispersed		
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	3,649	2,179	426	822	931	12,259	22,797
Fishing	21	6	3	3	-	72	60
Mining and quarrying	595	111	48	38	25	2,242	1,005
Manufacturing	137,155	12,108	6,063	3,899	2,146	417,478	68,071
Electricity, gas and water supply	7,598	572	280	189	103	17,267	2,765
Construction	45,155	4,594	1,975	1,628	991	124,877	28,579
Wholesale and retail trade; repairs	117,691	10,052	4,722	3,330	2,000	341,251	64,999
Hotels and restaurants	34,008	2,878	1,352	938	588	88,220	19,281
Transport, storage and communications	46,386	3,452	1,624	1,185	643	125,941	21,048
Financial Intermediation	28,857	2,413	1,161	815	437	67,819	11,792
Real estate, renting and business activities	84,568	9,024	3,975	3,023	2,026	207,945	49,441
Public administration and defence, social security	30,471	3,016	1,330	1,150	536	90,080	22,123
Education	57,642	5,883	2,718	2,092	1,073	148,832	33,409
Health and social work	77,143	6,603	3,084	2,139	1,380	206,119	40,598
Other community, social & personal service activities	29,810	2,946	1,308	995	643	79,516	17,306
Private households with employed persons	300	60	24	27	9	741	523
Extra-territorial organisations and bodies	51	9	-	6	3	159	54

Source table from the Census: UV34 Industry

## Accommodation and tenure

In rural Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 92.1% of households live in houses or bungalows, 5.9% live in flats, apartments (and other similar properties) and 2% live in other types of accommodation such as shared dwellings, caravans, mobile or temporary structures.

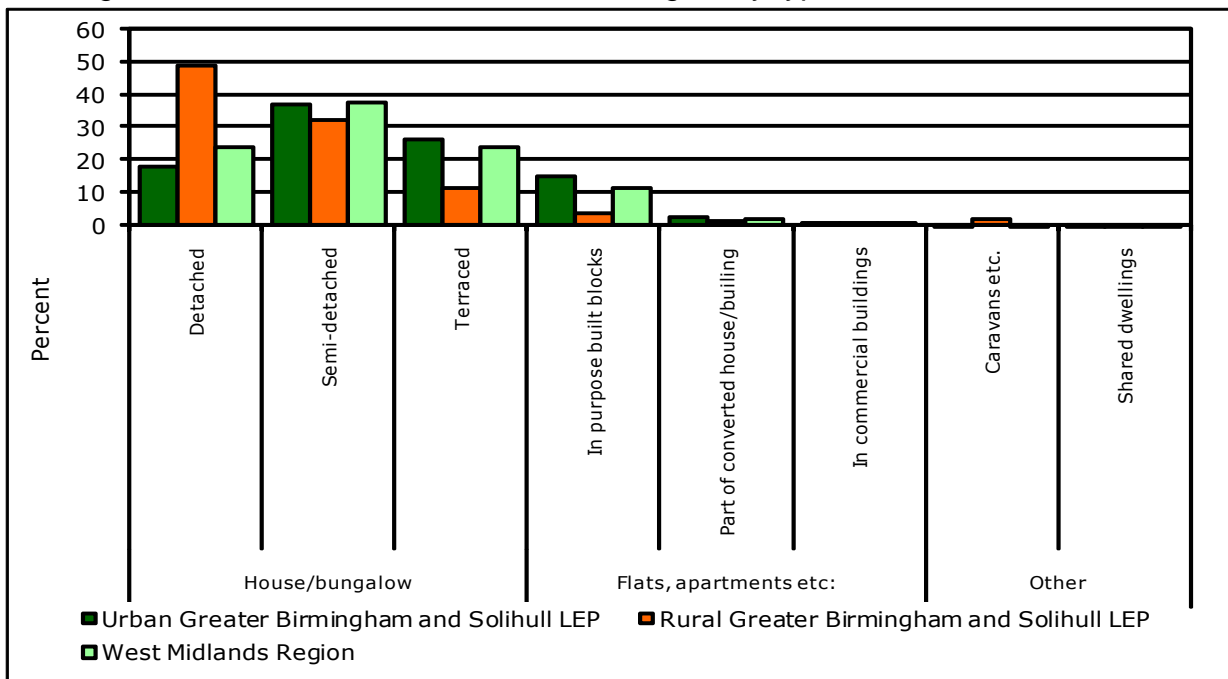
In urban Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 81.3% of households live in houses or bungalows, 18.3% live in flats, apartments (and other similar properties) and 0.4% live in other types of accommodation such as shared dwellings, caravans, mobile or temporary structures.

### Number of households in the LEP and Region by accommodation type

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region	
	Urban Total	Rural			Dispersed	Urban	Rural
		Total	Towns	Villages			
<b>In an unshared dwelling</b>	<b>691,176</b>	<b>55,437</b>	<b>26,188</b>	<b>18,629</b>	<b>10,620</b>	<b>1,874,595</b>	<b>348,589</b>
House or bungalow	563,407	51,068	23,864	17,306	9,898	1,578,246	323,534
Detached	126,066	26,979	10,241	10,014	6,724	359,521	171,628
Semi-detached	254,321	17,808	9,630	5,812	2,366	731,907	107,041
Terraced (including end-terrace)	183,020	6,281	3,993	1,480	808	486,818	44,865
Flat; maisonette or apartment	126,959	3,270	2,072	672	526	293,490	19,954
In a purpose-built block of flats	103,536	2,111	1,500	356	255	239,660	12,194
Part of a converted or shared house	16,725	665	292	182	191	35,638	4,519
In a commercial building	6,698	494	280	134	80	18,192	3,241
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	810	1,099	252	651	196	2,859	5,101
<b>In a shared dwelling</b>	<b>2,053</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,272</b>	<b>226</b>

Source table from the Census: UV56 Accommodation Type (Households)

### Percentage of households in the LEP and the Region by type of accommodation.



Source table from the Census: UV56 Accommodation Type (Households)

In rural Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 82.2% of households live in owned accommodation, 9.1% live in social rented accommodation and 6.5% live in private rented accommodation.

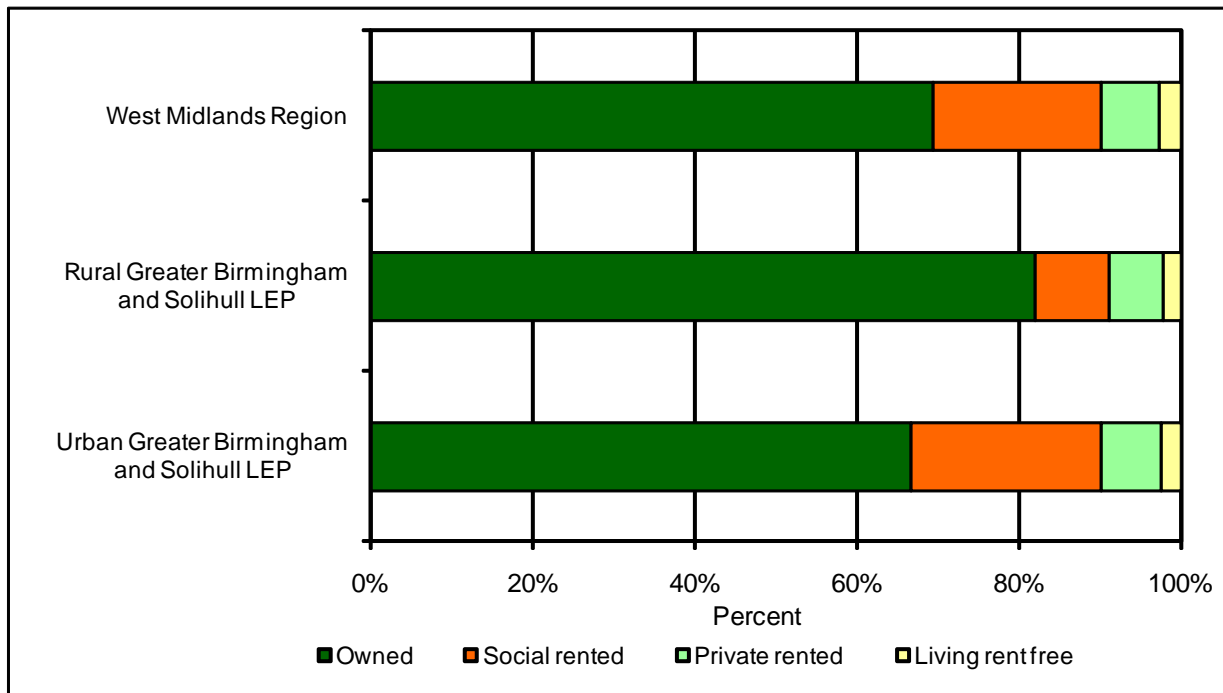
In urban Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP 66.8% of households live in owned accommodation, 23.5% live in social rented accommodation and 7.2% live in private rented accommodation.

Number of households in the LEP and Region by tenure

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region	
	Urban	Rural			Total	Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages			
<b>Owned</b>	<b>449,167</b>	<b>43,954</b>	<b>20,384</b>	<b>15,051</b>	<b>8,519</b>	<b>1,238,000</b>	<b>260,119</b>
Owns outright	187,518	20,935	8,996	7,448	4,491	523,695	127,710
Owns with a mortgage or loan	256,945	22,828	11,302	7,519	4,007	701,645	130,539
Shared ownership	4,704	191	86	84	21	12,660	1,870
<b>Social rented</b>	<b>158,068</b>	<b>4,890</b>	<b>3,084</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>407,125</b>	<b>36,595</b>
Rented from Council (Local Authority)	111,414	2,597	1,770	655	172	291,317	15,854
Other social rented	46,654	2,293	1,314	763	216	115,808	20,741
<b>Private rented</b>	<b>48,619</b>	<b>3,499</b>	<b>1,358</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>127,659</b>	<b>29,428</b>
Private landlord or letting agency	42,969	2,865	1,177	914	774	112,431	24,660
Employer of a household member	796	191	30	110	51	2,432	1,569
Relative or friend of a household member	3,046	262	97	87	78	8,657	1,958
Other	1,808	181	54	85	42	4,139	1,241
<b>Living rent free</b>	<b>16,365</b>	<b>1,124</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>46,044</b>	<b>8,787</b>

Source table from the Census: UV63 Tenure (Households)

Percentage of households by tenure



Source table from the Census: UV63 Tenure (Households)

## Car ownership

11.4% of households in rural Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP do not have a car or van available for private use. In urban parts of the LEP it is 31.3%.

### Number of households by car/van availability to the household and the total number of cars\*

	Greater Birmingham and Solihull LEP					West Midlands Region		LEP	Region
	No car or van	1 car or van	2 cars or vans	3 cars or vans	4 or more cars or vans	No car or van	1 or more cars or vans	Total number of cars or vans	
Urban	210,474	283,407	144,478	26,141	7,453	536,289	1,282,381	683,366	1,889,949
Rural	6,064	19,790	20,577	5,037	1,908	40,163	294,636	84,571	516,204
Less Sparse	6,064	19,790	20,577	5,037	1,908	37,070	275,007	84,571	483,659
Town	3,796	10,218	8,919	1,776	557	20,659	103,861	35,801	168,522
Village	1,604	6,465	7,323	1,879	722	11,909	109,743	29,902	196,912
Dispersed	664	3,107	4,335	1,382	629	4,502	61,403	18,868	118,225
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	3,093	19,629	-	32,545
Town	-	-	-	-	-	1,767	5,178	-	7,405
Village	-	-	-	-	-	703	5,427	-	9,034
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	623	9,024	-	16,106
<b>Total</b>	<b>216,538</b>	<b>303,197</b>	<b>165,055</b>	<b>31,178</b>	<b>9,361</b>	<b>576,452</b>	<b>1,577,017</b>	<b>767,937</b>	<b>2,406,153</b>
<b>Percentage rural</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>21.5</b>

Source table from the Census: UV62 Cars or Vans

\*(includes any company car or van if it is available for private use)

**Further information:**

All the information in this document has been calculated from the 2001 Census Univariate Tables for Census Output Areas published by the Office of National Statistics (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk>). Further information about the Census is available at:  
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/census2001/default.asp>

There are slight differences (e.g. in total population) between tables because of imputation for non-response and disclosure issues when using Output Area data. Overall the 2001 Census achieved a 98% response rate. For further information on the quality of data at Local LEP level please see:  
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/census2001/la.asp>

Each Output Area in England and Wales has been classified using the harmonised urban / rural definition published by the ONS on 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2004 in Bulletin 2004/14 ([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/bulletins/bulletin2004\\_14.asp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/bulletins/bulletin2004_14.asp)). The Output Area urban/rural data was then aggregated to provide the urban / rural totals for the Local LEP, Regions and England. More information about the urban / rural definition is available at:  
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/nrudp.asp>

Defra's website also has further information about rural affairs:  
<http://www.defra.gov.uk/rural/default.htm>

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