## BIS <br> Department for Business Innovation \& Skills

## The Government Student and Graduate Finance Proposals

## The Maintenance Package

The graph shows what support will be available to students depending on their household income. The vertical axis shows what the total maintenance support in the form of a maintenance loan and a maintenance grant will be available for a student on a given household income (horizontal axis).

For example a student with a household income of $£ 0$, will be entitled to both a maintenance grant and loan. The grant will be $£ 3,250$ and the loan will be $£ 3,875-£ 7,125$ altogether. This is true for students with household incomes up to $£ 25,000$.

Then as household income increases the total amount of support decreases, this is true until household incomes of $£ 62,125$; students with household incomes over this will all be entitled to the same amount - a $£ 3,575$ maintenance loan only.


The table below shows maintenance grants and loan entitlements by Household income. The maintenance loans rates are applicable to students who study away from home and outside of London. Students living at home will be eligible for lower rates of maintenance loans; students studying away from home and in London will be eligible for higher rates of maintenance loans.

| Household Income (£) | Proposed Package of Support (10/11 Prices) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maintenance Grant (£) | Maintenance Loan (£) | Total (£) |
| under 25,000 | 3,250 | 3,875 | 7,125 |
| 25,000 | 3,250 | 3,875 | 7,125 |
| 27,500 | 2,795 | 4,102 | 6,898 |
| 30,000 | 2,341 | 4,330 | 6,670 |
| 32,500 | 1,886 | 4,557 | 6,443 |
| 35,000 | 1,432 | 4,784 | 6,216 |
| 37,500 | 977 | 5,011 | 5,989 |
| 40,000 | 523 | 5,239 | 5,761 |
| 42,500 | 68 | 5,466 | 5,534 |
| 45,000 | 0 | 5,288 | 5,288 |
| 47,500 | 0 | 5,038 | 5,038 |
| 50,000 | 0 | 4,788 | 4,788 |
| 52,500 | 0 | 4,538 | 4,538 |
| 55,000 | 0 | 4,288 | 4,288 |
| 57,500 | 0 | 4,038 | 4,038 |
| 60,000 | 0 | 3,788 | 3,788 |
| 62,500 | 0 | 3,575 | 3,575 |
| 65,000 | 0 | 3,575 | 3,575 |
| 67,500 | 0 | 3,575 | 3,575 |
| Over 67,500 | 0 | 3,575 | 3,575 |

## Repayments by Lifetime Earnings Decile

The chart below shows the estimated Present Value (PV) of repayments by graduates under the new system, the system proposed in the Browne Report and the current system, by lifetime earnings decile. To calculate the PV, future repayments are discounted by a real rate of $2.2 \%$ back to the year of issue.

Average annual earnings of graduates in each decile over 35 years from graduation are also shown. Under the new, more progressive, system the lowest $20 \%$ of earners will repay less than under the current system, while the top $30 \%$ of earners will repay slightly more than the original amount. This extends the progressivity of the Browne proposal, so that the highest earners make a net contribution to the system.


## Example students and Graduates

The amount of maintenance loan available will vary by household income. This table shows what might be a typical debt for students on 3 year courses, living away from home outside London, from low, medium and high income households. It assumes a fee loan of $£ 7,200$ per year for each student.

The table also shows the estimated Present Value of repayments for each student depending on whether they area low, medium or high lifetime earner after graduation.

|  |  | Repayments by Graduate Lifetime |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Earnings Decile |  |  |

