



Principles and Procedures

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Talk Coverage

- Quick Review
 - Principles
 - Roles & Responsibilities
 - Certificates

- CHPQA Procedures



Why CHPQA?

- It is a tool for measuring the Quality of CHP Schemes
- A rigorous system is needed to:
 - ensure that incentives are targeted fairly
 - ensure that it only benefits schemes making significant environmental savings
- CHPQA provides the **methods** and **procedures** needed to assess and certify the quality of the full range of CHP Schemes



Definition of GQCHP

**All laid out in the CHPQA
Standard.**

For Existing Schemes:

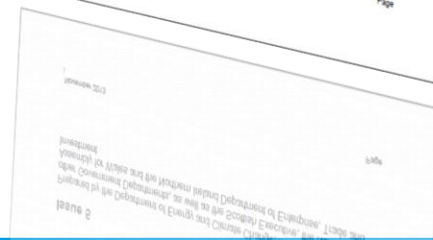
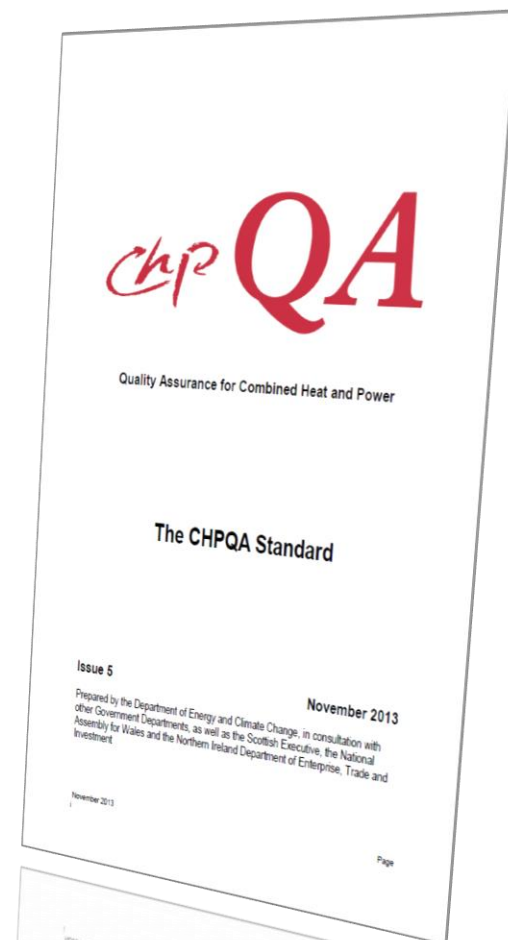
- **Quality Index (QI) ≥ 100 and**
- **Power generation efficiency of $\geq 20\%$**

For Upgraded & New Schemes:

- **Quality Index (QI) ≥ 105 and**
- **Power generation efficiency of $\geq 20\%$.**

See Issue 5 - Published Nov 2013

**See also CHPQA Guidance Note 44 with regard to ROCs and CfD support
(Issue 4-ROCs & Issue 5-CfD)**





CHPQA QI Formulas

The general definition for QI is:

$$QI = (X \times \eta_{\text{power}}) + (Y \times \eta_{\text{heat}})$$

Where:

$$\text{Power Efficiency } (\eta_{\text{power}}) = \text{CHP}_{\text{TPO}} / \text{CHP}_{\text{TFI}}$$

and

$$\text{Heat Efficiency } (\eta_{\text{heat}}) = \text{CHP}_{\text{QHO}} / \text{CHP}_{\text{TFI}}$$

X and Y are parameters which depend on the type of fuel used and size of scheme (MW_e)



CHPQA Standard (Issue 5) QI Formulae For Conventional & Alternative Fuels



| Size Of Scheme (CHP _{TPC}) | QI Definition |
|---|---|
| CONVENTIONAL FOSSIL FUELS SCHEMES | |
| Natural gas (inc. Reciprocating Engines) | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 249 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤10MWe | QI = 195 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >10 to ≤25MWe | QI = 191 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >25 to ≤50MWe | QI = 186 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >50 to ≤100MWe | QI = 179 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >100 to ≤200MWe | QI = 176 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >200 to ≤500MWe | QI = 173 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >500MWe | QI = 172 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| Oil | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 249 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 191 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 176 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| Coal | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 249 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 191 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 176 x η _{power} + 115 x η _{heat} |

| SPECIAL CASES | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|---------|-------------------|
| FUEL CELL SCHEMES | QI = 180 x η _{power} + 120 x η _{heat} | | | |
| ALTERNATIVE FUEL SCHEMES | | | | |
| Category A (e.g. AD gas, sewage gas, landfill gas) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 238 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 225 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 193 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category B (e.g. synthesis gas) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 275 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 251 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 193 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category C (e.g. Fatty Acid Methyl Ester, Pyrolysis oil etc.) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 245 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 191 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 176 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category D (e.g. Tallow, Used Cooking Oil) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 245 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 226 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 176 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category E (e.g. Municipal waste, sewage sludge, paper sludge etc.) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 370 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤10MWe | QI = 370 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >10 to ≤25MWe | QI = 370 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 220 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category F (e.g. Logs, Energy crops, Agricultural residues etc.) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 348 x | η _{power} | + 130 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤10MWe | QI = 348 x | η _{power} | + 130 x | η _{heat} |
| >10 to ≤25MWe | QI = 348 x | η _{power} | + 130 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 220 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category G (e.g. Contaminated waste wood) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 352 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤10MWe | QI = 338 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >10 to ≤25MWe | QI = 338 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 220 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category H (e.g. Wood pellets, straw, clean waste wood etc.) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 329 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤10MWe | QI = 293 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >10 to ≤25MWe | QI = 286 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 220 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category I (e.g. by-product gases produced in industrial processes) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 294 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 221 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 193 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category J (e.g. waste gases such as carbon monoxide, or waste heat such as the exhaust gas from high temperature processes, or as a product of exothermic chemical reactions) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 329 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 299 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 193 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| Category K (e.g. liquid waste-non renewable) | | | | |
| ≤1MWe | QI = 275 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >1 to ≤25MWe | QI = 260 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |
| >25MWe | QI = 176 x | η _{power} | + 120 x | η _{heat} |

Issue 5 of the standard formulae applied from 1st January 2014 and was used for the 2015 certification of all schemes



QI Definitions for Existing and New Schemes

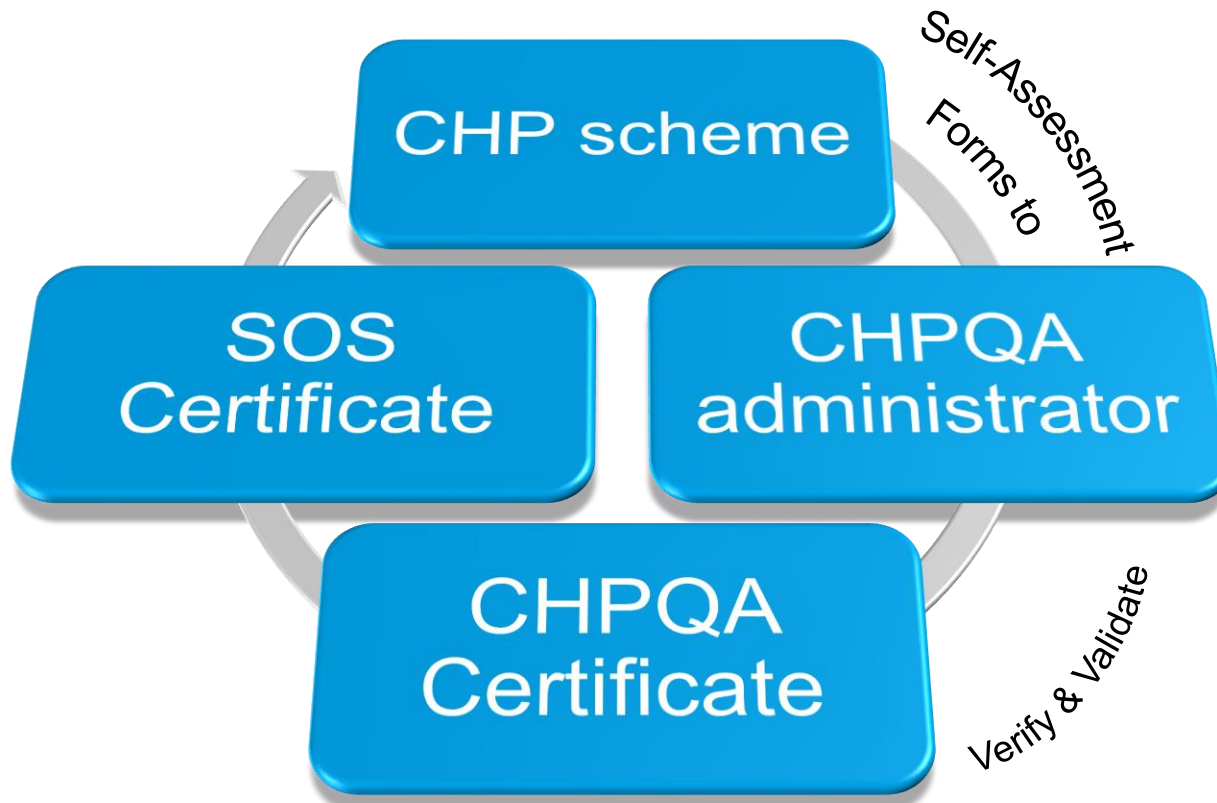
➤ In summary

- All Schemes wishing to obtain a 'Regular' CHPQA Certificate must use QI formulae in Table 1 of the current CHPQA Standard for 2016 submission.
 - Based on 2015 performance data
 - See CHPQA Standard Issue 5

Note: For appropriate QI formulae when seeking CHPQA 'GN44' certification for the purposes of ROCs and CfDs, see Guidance Note 44 (Issue 4-ROCs & Issue 5-CfD)



Self Assessment & Certification





Roles and Responsibilities

- CHPQA Administrator/Managed by Ricardo Energy & Environment
- DECC
- Other Government Departments (HMRC, VOA)
- Ofgem - for issuing ROCs, RHI
- Low Carbon Contracts Company – CfD contracts.



CHPQA Submission

- **A range of forms have been developed :**
 - F1 (contact details);
 - F2 (scheme description);
 - F4 (scheme actual performance in previous calendar year) and
 - F3 (scheme predicted performance for new and upgraded schemes).
- **Simplified procedure and forms for small single reciprocating engine based schemes (<2MW_e).**
 - Only have to provide three figures per year.



CHPQA Forms

CHPQA Forms to be submitted:

- **F1**...only if RP or company name has changed
- **F2 and F2(S)**..only if Scheme boundaries or monitoring arrangement have changed
- **F4 & F4(S)** annual submission using actual performance data
- **F3 & F3(S)** annual submission using design data. If no change Submit the same form... Once a new or upgraded Scheme has at least 1 month of data in CHP mode, Form F4 or F4(S) must be submitted in the first January of Initial Operation.



Short Forms for $<2\text{MW}_e$ CHP Schemes

- **Schemes eligible to use short forms:**
 - Reciprocating Engine Prime Mover
 - Less than 2MW_e Total Power Capacity
 - Only a single conventional fuel
 - Only include a single prime mover,
 - No heat only boilers
- **F2(S) > 2 pages**
- **F3(S) > 4 pages**
- **F4(S) > 4 pages**



Simplified Arrangements for Schemes with TPC < 500kW_e

Simple small CHP schemes can use the CHPQA Unit List to determine:

- Gas input (based on power efficiency) and
- Heat output (based on heat-to-power ratio)

Only CHP units meeting the following criteria:

- CHP Scheme with TPC < 500kW_e,
- Only include a single prime mover,
- Using Natural Gas fired engines
- No facility to dumping heat,

Make sure that the **engine spec** used from Unit List matches the details on your F2

This list is always under review, so make sure you are using the latest

| Unit ID | Unit Name | Max Thermal Power (kW) | Max Thermal Efficiency (%) | Max Overall Efficiency (%) |
|---------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 151 | | 45% | 75% | |
| 121 | | 42% | 74% | |
| 153 | | 47% | 77% | |
| 142 | | 47% | 76% | |
| 110 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 122 | | 47% | 76% | |
| 113 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 123 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 124 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 125 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 126 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 127 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 128 | | 48% | 76% | |
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| 197 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 198 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 199 | | 48% | 76% | |
| 200 | | 48% | 76% | |



CHPQA Submission

- Electronic submission is now used for ~97% of all submissions.
- Paper forms in PDF are available to download from the website.



Certification Timetable

- CHPQA Certificates cover a **calendar year** and expire at the end of December
- SoS (CHP Exemption) certificates are **open-ended...**
- ...provided that a valid CHPQA certificate is obtained **no later than end of June every year**
- *To obtain an SoS certificate need to make sure you select the correct option*



Where do you go from here?

- All CHPQA Certificates issued in 2015 will expire on 31st of December 2015
- **New applications should be submitted to the CHPQA Administrator between 1st January and 31st March 2016**
- **Based on 2015 actual data:**
 - Fuel used
 - Electricity generated
 - Heat utilised (actual)
- **If all is in order new certificate (based on 2015 data) will be issued before the end of June 2016**