

Completed acquisition by Origin UK Operations Limited of assets comprising the business of Bunn Fertiliser Limited

Notice under paragraph 2(1) of Schedule 10 to the Enterprise Act 2002 (the Act) – consultation on proposed undertakings in lieu of reference pursuant to section 73 of the Act

ME/6667/17

Introduction

- 1. On 10 August 2017, Origin UK Operations Limited (**Origin**) acquired assets comprising the business of Bunn Fertiliser Limited (**Bunn**) (the **Merger**).
- 2. On 14 July 2017, the Competition and Markets Authority (CMA) decided under section 33(1) of the Enterprise Act 2002 (the Act) that it is or may be the case that the Merger (which at the time had not yet completed) constitutes a relevant merger situation¹ that may be expected to result in a substantial lessening of competition (SLC) within a market or markets in the United Kingdom (the SLC Decision). The text of the SLC Decision is available on the CMA webpages.²
- 3. On 21 July 2017, Origin offered undertakings in lieu of reference to the CMA for the purposes of section 73(2) of the Act.
- 4. On 28 July 2017, the CMA gave notice to Origin, pursuant to section 73A(2)(b) of the Act, that it considers that there are reasonable grounds for believing that the undertakings offered, or a modified version of them, might be accepted by the CMA under section 73(2) of the Act and that it is considering Origin's offer (the UIL Provisional Acceptance Decision).

¹ Pursuant to section 25(4) of the Act the four-month period mentioned in section 24 of the Act is extended while the CMA is seeking undertakings in lieu of reference.

² See https://www.gov.uk/cma-cases/origin-uk-operations-bunn-fertiliser-merger-inquiry

The undertakings offered

- 5. As set out in the SLC Decision, the CMA found a realistic prospect of an SLC in relation to the supply of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium and complex fertilisers within 150 miles of Origin and Bunn's Montrose depots.
- 6. As set out in the UIL Provisional Acceptance Decision, to address the SLC identified by the CMA Origin has offered undertakings to divest the assets and transfer the staff and customer and supply contracts that comprise the operations of Bunn in Montrose (the **Divestment Business**). The text of the undertakings is available on the CMA webpages (the **Proposed Undertakings**).³
- 7. Origin has also offered to enter into an agreement for the sale and purchase of the Divestment Business with an upfront buyer, before the CMA finally accepts the Proposed Undertakings. Origin has proposed Glasson Grain Ltd (Glasson) as the upfront buyer. This agreement will be conditional on acceptance by the CMA of the Proposed Undertakings, including approval of Glasson as the buyer of the Divestment Business.

CMA assessment

- 8. The CMA currently considers that, subject to responses to the consultation required by Schedule 10 of the Act, the Proposed Undertakings will resolve the SLC identified in the SLC Decision in a clear-cut manner, ie the CMA currently does not have material doubts about the overall effectiveness of the Proposed Undertakings or concerns about their implementation.⁴ This is because the Proposed Undertakings will result in the divestment of the entirety of Bunn's operations in Montrose, thereby removing the overlap between Origin and Bunn in the Montrose area and the increment resulting from the Merger in relation to the supply of fertilisers.
- 9. The CMA currently believes that the sale of the Divestment Business will enable Glasson to begin blending and supplying fertiliser to customers in competition with Origin's pre-existing operations in Montrose and, as such, the Proposed Undertakings will result in replacing the competitive constraint provided by Bunn in Montrose that would otherwise be lost following the Merger.

³ See https://www.gov.uk/cma-cases/origin-uk-operations-bunn-fertiliser-merger-inquiry

⁴ Mergers: Exceptions to the duty to refer and undertakings in lieu of reference guidance (OFT1122), December 2010, Chapter 5 (in particular paragraphs 5.7–5.8 and 5.11). This guidance was adopted by the CMA (see Mergers: Guidance on the CMA's jurisdiction and procedure (CMA2), January 2014, Annex D).

- 10. The CMA also currently believes that the Proposed Undertakings would be capable of ready implementation because the assets comprising the Divestment Business will include Bunn's Montrose blending and warehousing facilities and the transfer of staff and its customer and supplier contracts relating to Bunn's Montrose business.
- 11. However, these views are subject to responses to this consultation, as required by Schedule 10 of the Act.

Suitability of the proposed purchaser

- 12. In approving a purchaser, the CMA's starting position is that it must be confident without undertaking a detailed investigation that the proposed purchaser will restore pre-merger levels of competition. The CMA therefore seeks to ensure that:
 - *(a)* the acquisition by the purchaser remedies, mitigates or prevents the SLC concerned and any adverse effect resulting from it;
 - *(b)* the proposed purchaser is independent of and unconnected to the merging parties;
 - (c) the proposed purchaser has the necessary financial resources, expertise, incentive and intention to maintain and operate the divested business as an effective competitor in the marketplace;
 - *(d)* the proposed purchaser is reasonably expected to obtain all necessary approvals, licences and consents from any regulatory or other authority; and
 - *(e)* the acquisition by the proposed purchaser does not itself create an SLC within any market or markets in the UK.⁵
- 13. Glasson is wholly owned by Wynnstay Group plc, which is active in the supply of raw materials to the agriculture sector. Glasson currently operates three fertiliser blending facilities in the UK, and has supplied fertiliser in the UK for over 25 years. Glasson's turnover in its most recent financial year was approximately £69m across all business activities.
- 14. Glasson supplies fertiliser into southern Scotland from its operations in the northwest of England but has limited sales in eastern/central Scotland. Glasson's purchase of the Divestment Assets would bring Glasson into direct

⁵ OFT1122, paragraphs 5.25–5.30.

competition with Origin in the Montrose area, replacing the competitive constraint provided by Bunn's Montrose business that would otherwise be lost following the Merger. Since Glasson currently has limited operations in the area around Montrose, the CMA does not believe its purchase of the Divestment Assets would itself create an SLC.

- 15. Glasson and Wynnstay told the CMA that they are independent of the Parties, with no common shareholdings, directorships, significant structural links or commercial arrangements.
- 16. Having considered Glasson's funding and reviewed its financial accounts, the CMA believes that Glasson would have the necessary financial resources to finance the purchase of the Divestment Business and to operate it effectively in the future.
- 17. Given that Glasson is an established supplier of fertilisers, and based on information provided by Glasson about its plans to operate the Divestment Business, the CMA considers that Glasson has the necessary expertise, incentives and intention to maintain the Divestment Business as an effective competitor to Origin in the Montrose Area.
- 18. Therefore, subject to responses to this consultation, the CMA currently considers Glasson to be a suitable purchaser of the Divestment Business.

Proposed decision and next steps

- 19. For the reasons set out above, the CMA currently considers that the Proposed Undertakings and the purchase of the Divestment Business by Glasson are, in the circumstances of this case, appropriate to remedy, mitigate or prevent the competition concerns identified in the SLC Decision and form as comprehensive a solution to these concerns as is reasonable and practicable.
- 20. The CMA therefore gives notice that it proposes to accept the Proposed Undertakings in lieu of a reference of the Merger for a phase 2 investigation. The text of the proposed undertaking is available on the CMA web pages.⁶
- 21. Before reaching a decision as to whether to accept the Proposed Undertakings, the CMA invites interested parties to make their views known to it. The CMA will have regard to any representations made in response to this consultation and may make modifications to the Proposed Undertakings as a result. If the CMA considers that any representation necessitates any material

⁶ See https://www.gov.uk/cma-cases/origin-uk-operations-bunn-fertiliser-merger-inquiry

change to the Proposed Undertakings, the CMA will give notice of the proposed modifications and publish a further consultation.⁷

22. Representations should be made in writing to the CMA and be addressed to:

Kate Botting Mergers Group Competition and Markets Authority Victoria House 37 Southampton Row London WC1B 4AD

Email: kate.botting@cma.gsi.gov.uk Telephone: 020 3738 6438

Deadline for comments: 21 September 2017

⁷ Under paragraph 2(4) of Schedule 10 to the Act.