Improving agricultural water productivity through integrated termite management

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Led

bv:







Key message

Primary RWM goals must include:

- Restoration, maintenance and optimally distributed biomass reserves (C) among agroecosystem components.
- Allocation of rainwater to enable production and maintenance of agroecosystem structure and function.
- ITM is one of numerous entry points.



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CPWF research

• Confirms termite damage is symptomatic of land degradation in semi-arid rainfed agriculture.



Diga, Ethiopia



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Nakasongola, Uganda



Selected characteristics of termites and land degradation

- Can provide valuable ecosystem services.
- Losses increase in response to over grazing and inappropriate cropping and forestry practices.
- Major loss to land, production lives &livelihoods.
- Affect semiarid grazing, cropping & agroforestry.
- About 20 of Africa's 1000 species problematic.
- Termite control measures costly and ineffective.
- Integrated termite management needed.



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Previous CPWF research

- Indicates that damage to pasture can be reduced by "feeding" rather than killing termites.
- Night corralling proved effective in Uganda.



Before



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After



Current NBDC-RIU research

• Preliminary results suggests applying stover mulch to growing maize also reduces termite damage

Farmer's

trial



Without stover

With stover



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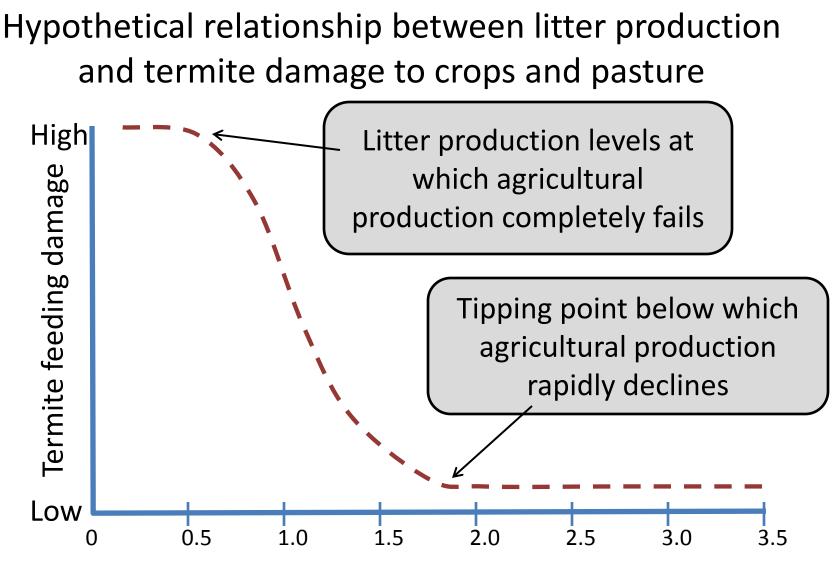
What does this mean for agroecosystem structure and functioning?

- Current agricultural practices cause long-term decline in plant biomass and soil organic matter.
- In "healthy" agro-ecosystems, termites feed on plant litter and populations are controlled by predators and disease.
- Termites shift to feed on live forage, crops and trees when preferred litter declines.



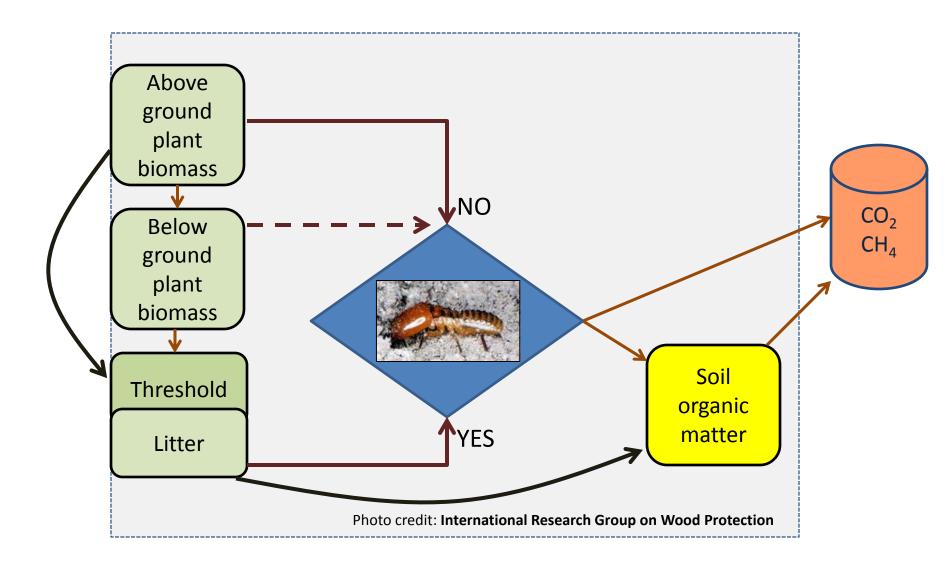
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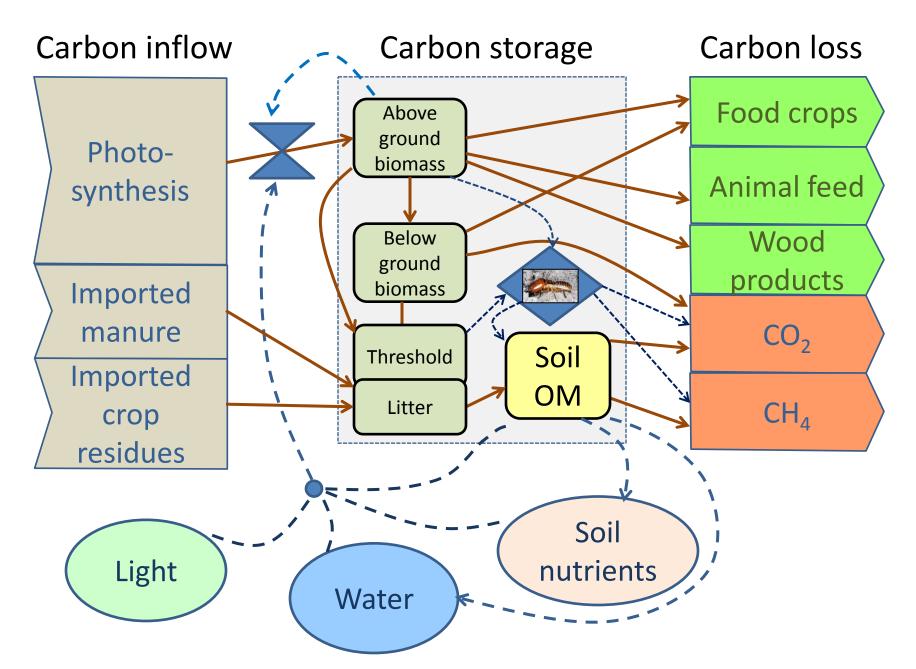


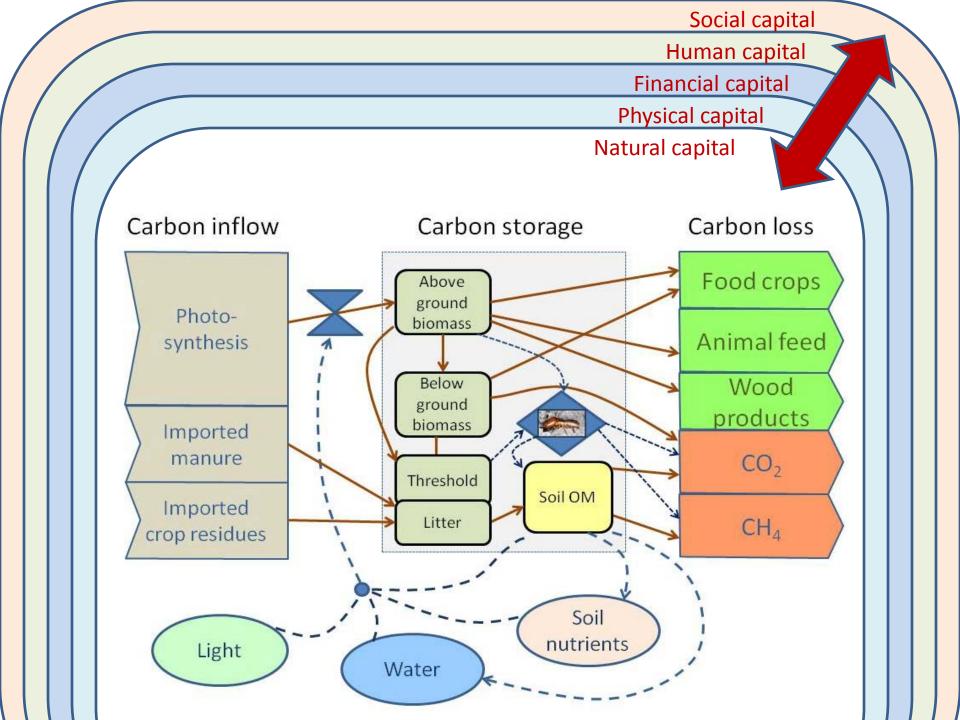
Total litter production (t/ha/year)

Role of Macrotermes feeding on carbon flow



Simplified extended Carbon flow model





Implications

- R&D goal needs to restore biomass reserves and maintain ecosystem services.
- RWM strategies must allocate water for biomass reserves.
- Increased vegetative cover essential.
- Integrate ITM with other RWM strategies.
- Research needed to refine ITM approach.





Thank you





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