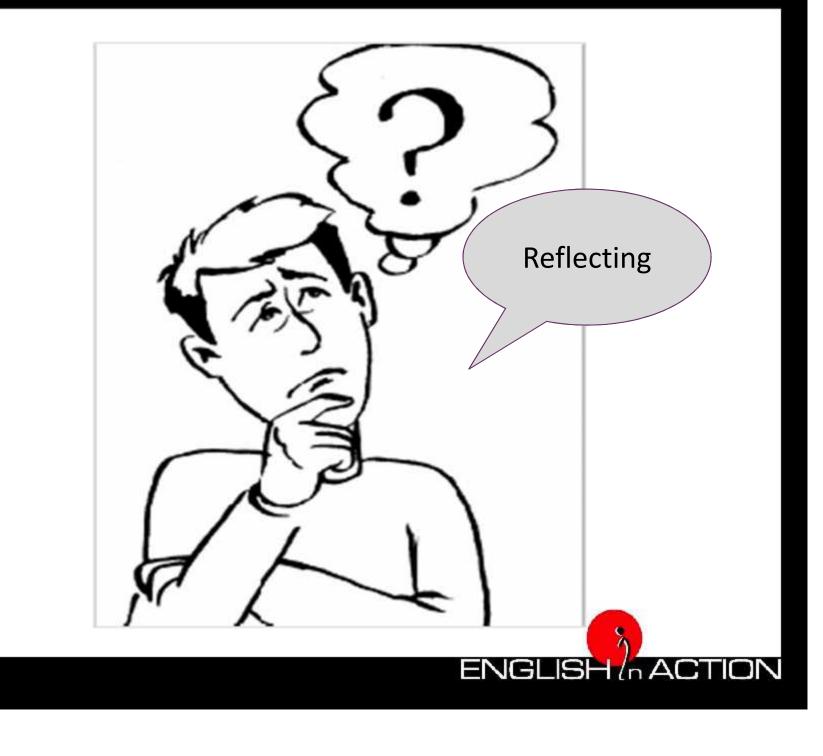
# Influence of Teachers' Reflective Practice on Classroom Teaching and Learning Process

**NELTA Conference 2013** 

Rehnuma Akhter Sudeb Kumar Biswas Dr. Sharmistha Das









#### What does Reflection mean?

Reflection is guided by the need to **solve** or **investigate** a **problem**. The quality of reflection depends on the skills and attitude of the individuals.

#### Dewey, 1933

Reflection is often prompted by the nature of **knowledge** that people want to **adopt** or **generate**.

#### Habermas, 1971

"We reflect on action, thinking back on what we have done in order to discover how our **knowing-in-action** may have contributed to an unexpected outcome."

Schön, 1983



## Rationale

The study was to explore.....

- Perception and practices of utilizing teachers' previous experiences to improve their teaching and learning skills
- Awareness and understanding of reflective practices
- Reflection with peers both in school and with wider group
- Factors that influence and limit the scope for RP



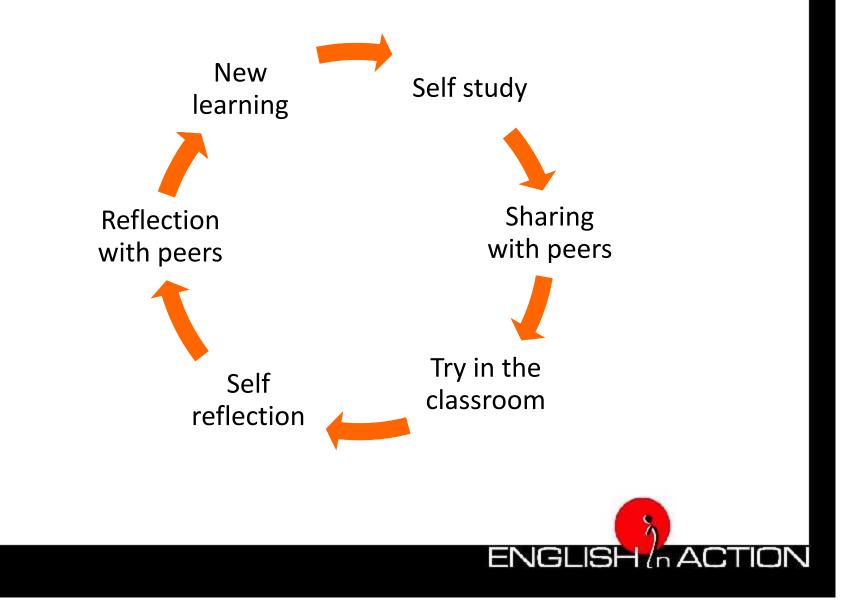
## **English in Action (EIA)**

EIA is a large-scale English language development programme funded by UKAid, targeting to reach 25 million learners.

Aim: Contribute to the economic development of Bangladesh by providing English language as a tool for better access to the world economy.



#### **Reflection in EIA Teacher Training Model**



## Methodology

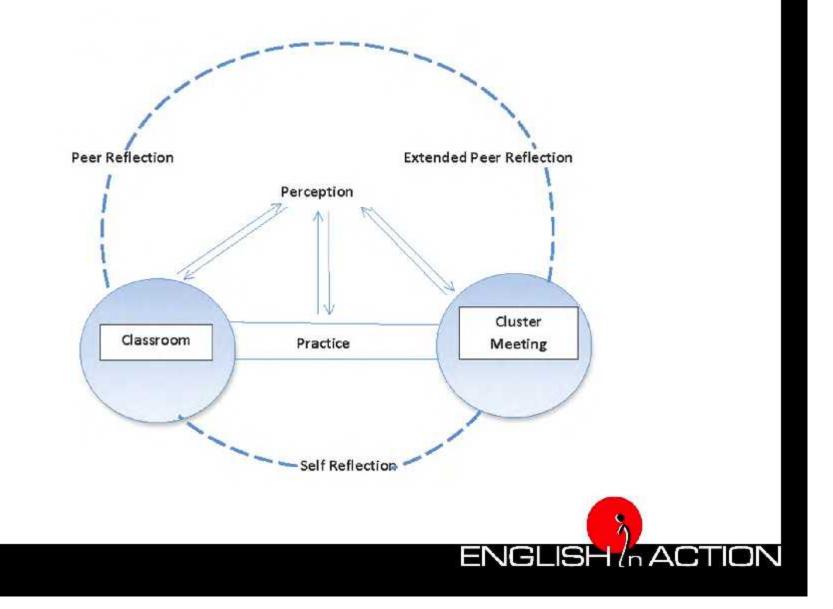
#### **Research Question:**

How does teachers' reflective practice influence the teaching and learning processes in the classroom?

- Six exploratory case studies (4 primary and 2 secondary)
- Qualitative method
- Data collection techniques:
  - Classroom Observation
  - Cluster Meeting Observation
  - Student Focus Group Discussion
  - Teacher Interview (in-depth)



# **Conceptual Framework**



## Findings

### Case-1:

- Teacher A perceives Reflective Practice (RP) as a technique to measure her own performance.
- While preparing her lesson, she considers students' learning needs based on her own experience.
- Her self reflection and sharing with peers contributed to developing a clear understanding of the contents she teaches.

"I study any lesson prior to teaching it, which helps to have a clear understanding of what I am going to teach."



## Findings (cont....)

### Case 2

- Teacher B perceives RP as an opportunity to improve his teaching skills but reflects on practice less frequently.
- Instant change in classroom activities is not so acceptable to him and he shows rigidity towards reflective practice.
- He thinks reflection with peers might welcome danger where disagreement might occur. He played a passive role in the cluster meeting.



## Findings (cont....)

### Case 6:

- Teacher F defines Reflective Practice as taking notes on any lesson and think about it to make it better.
- He is in favour of having flexibility in the prescribed lesson plans to apply his own creativity, where necessary.
- He is more interested to share bad experiences of classroom practices with his peers in order to improve his skills.



### **Cross-Case Analysis**

#### **Reflection: Perception and Practice:**

- Self defined Perception of RP and less systematic practice
- Big gap between Perception and Practice (4/6)
- Comfortable at Self Reflection and passive in peer sharing (3/6)

#### Advantage and disadvantage of reflection with peers:

Advantages	Disadvantages
Great opportunity to learn from peer teachers	Jealous colleagues Undermine
Suggestions from experienced colleagues	Misunderstanding among colleagues



## **Cross-Case Analysis**

#### • On-going assessment and teachers' performance:

• Perceive as a way to improve performance (5/6)

*"If I don't check my students' understanding, how can I understand how far they have understood my lesson? It is also to assess my own performance and if anything goes wrong, I can find a solution." - Teacher F* 

#### Reflection-in-action:

- Mixed response re bringing changes during any lesson (5/6)
  *"I think most of the time bringing changes during my lesson gives better result." Teacher E*
- Reflecting students' learning needs while planning:
  - Perceive as important but cannot practice all the time (all)

#### **Influencing Factors & EIA Initiatives**

#### **Influencing Factors:**

- Training on systematic reflection
- Lack of time and workload
- Awareness and understanding of reflective practice
- Supportive attitude from colleagues

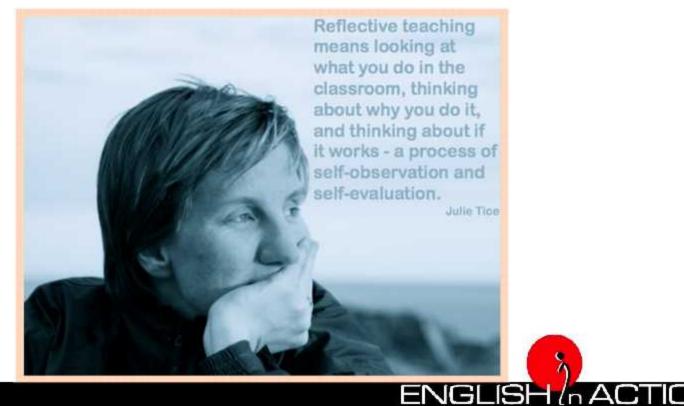
#### **EIA Initiatives:**

- Reflection embedded in EIA Teacher Training
- Working with peer teacher/s & self learning materials
- Special focus on Reflection in Initial Teacher Training
- Working with school partner & Head Teachers' role



### Way forward.....

- Further study with a larger sample group
- Address various levels of understanding about reflective practice in cluster meetings
- How can we generate motivation for reflective practice?



Thank You!

# for more information visit:

# http://www.eiabd.com/

