

Figure 5.36 Numbers of *Channa striatus* ( $n$ ) tagged and released at the Bangladesh PIRDP study site, by location and month (all years combined). The largest diameter circle represents 120 fish.

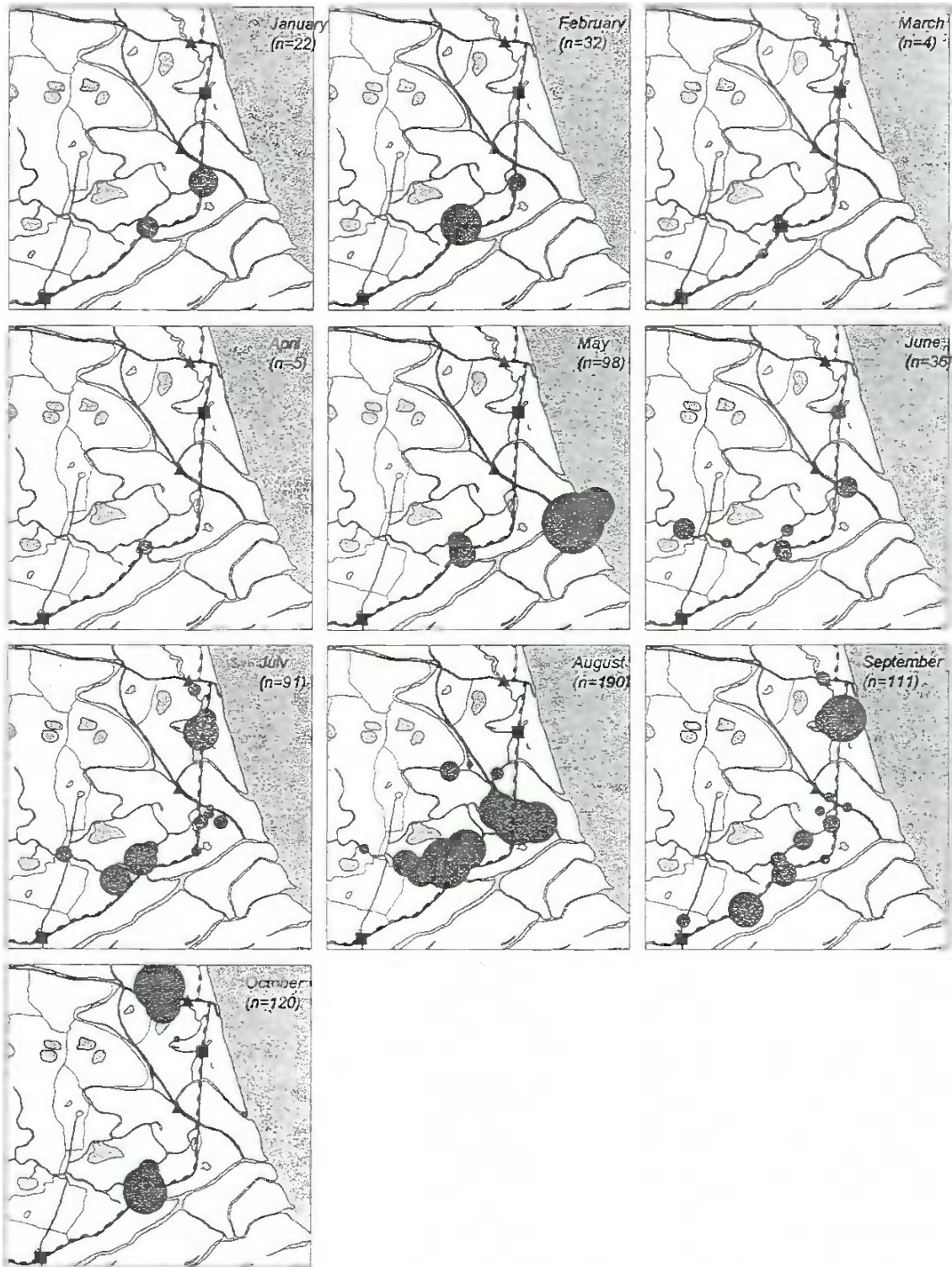


Figure 5.37 Numbers of *Glossogobius giuris* ( $n$ ) tagged and released at the Bangladesh PIRDP study site, by location and month (all years combined). The largest diameter circle represents 49 fish.

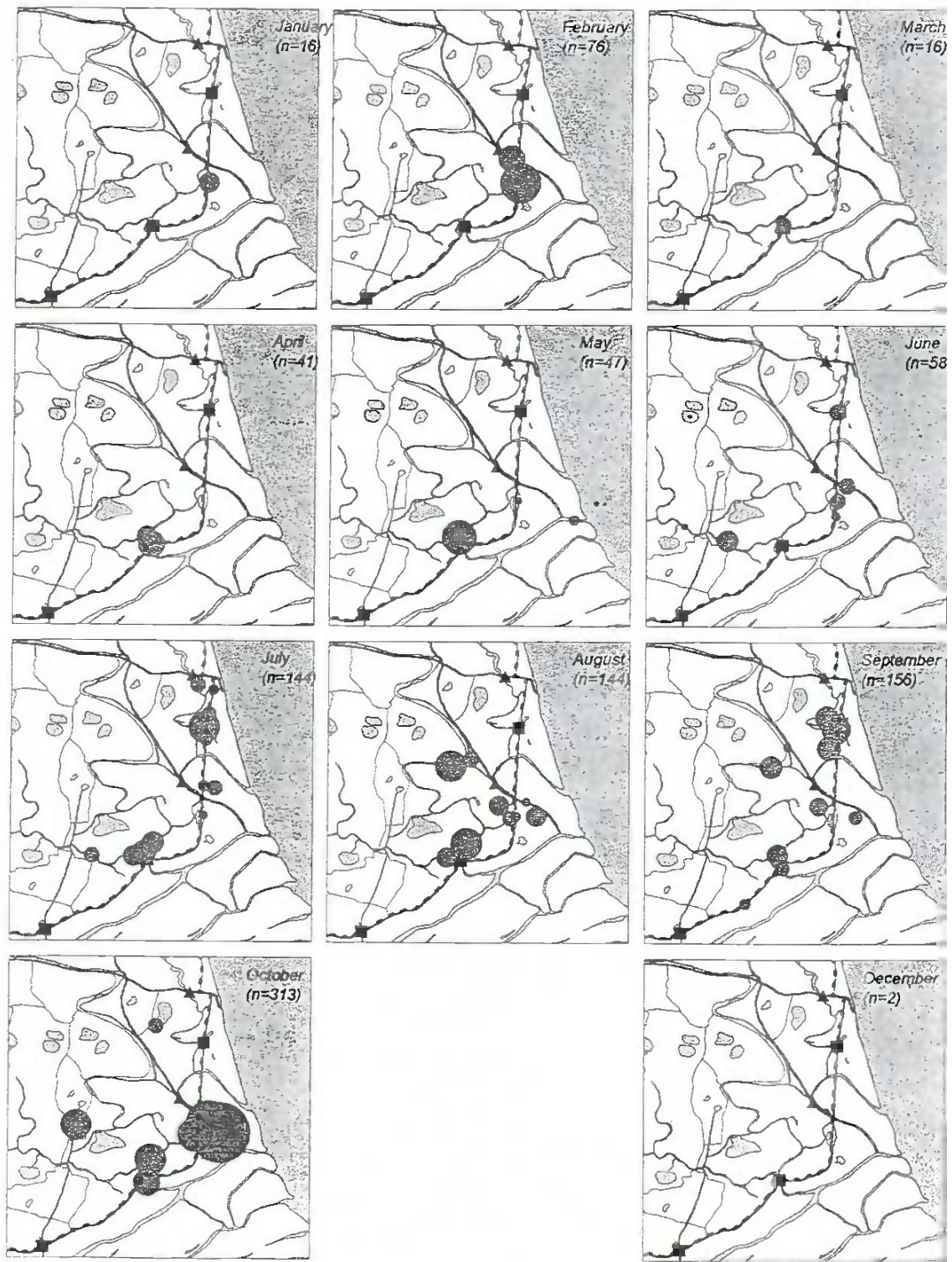


Figure 5.38 Numbers of *Punitus sophore* ( $n$ ) tagged and released at the Bangladesh PIRDP study site, by location and month (all years combined). The largest diameter circle represents 106 fish.

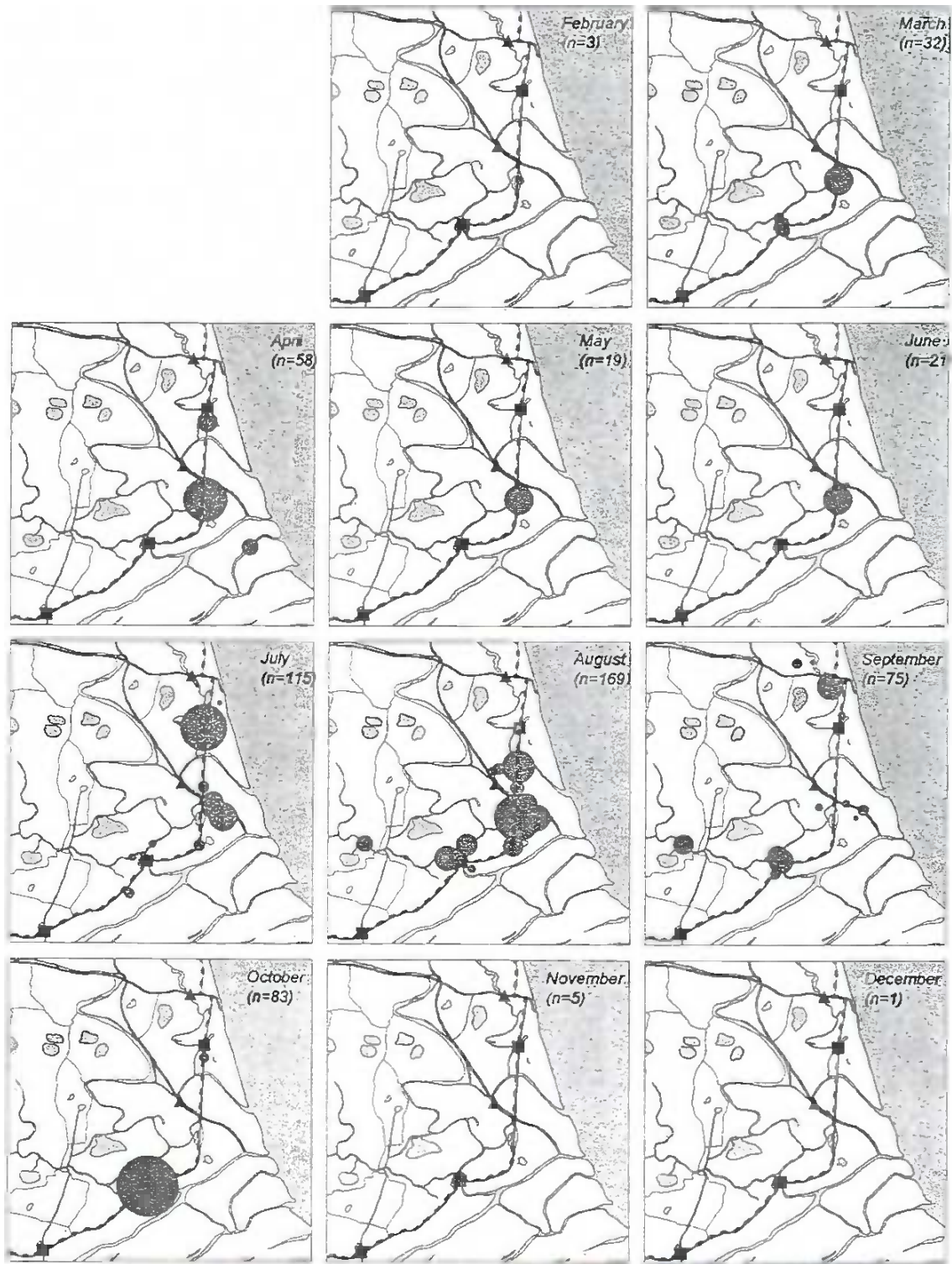


Figure 5.39 Numbers of *Wallago attu* (*n*) tagged and released at the Bangladesh PIRDP study site, by location and month (all years combined). The largest diameter circle represents 71 fish.

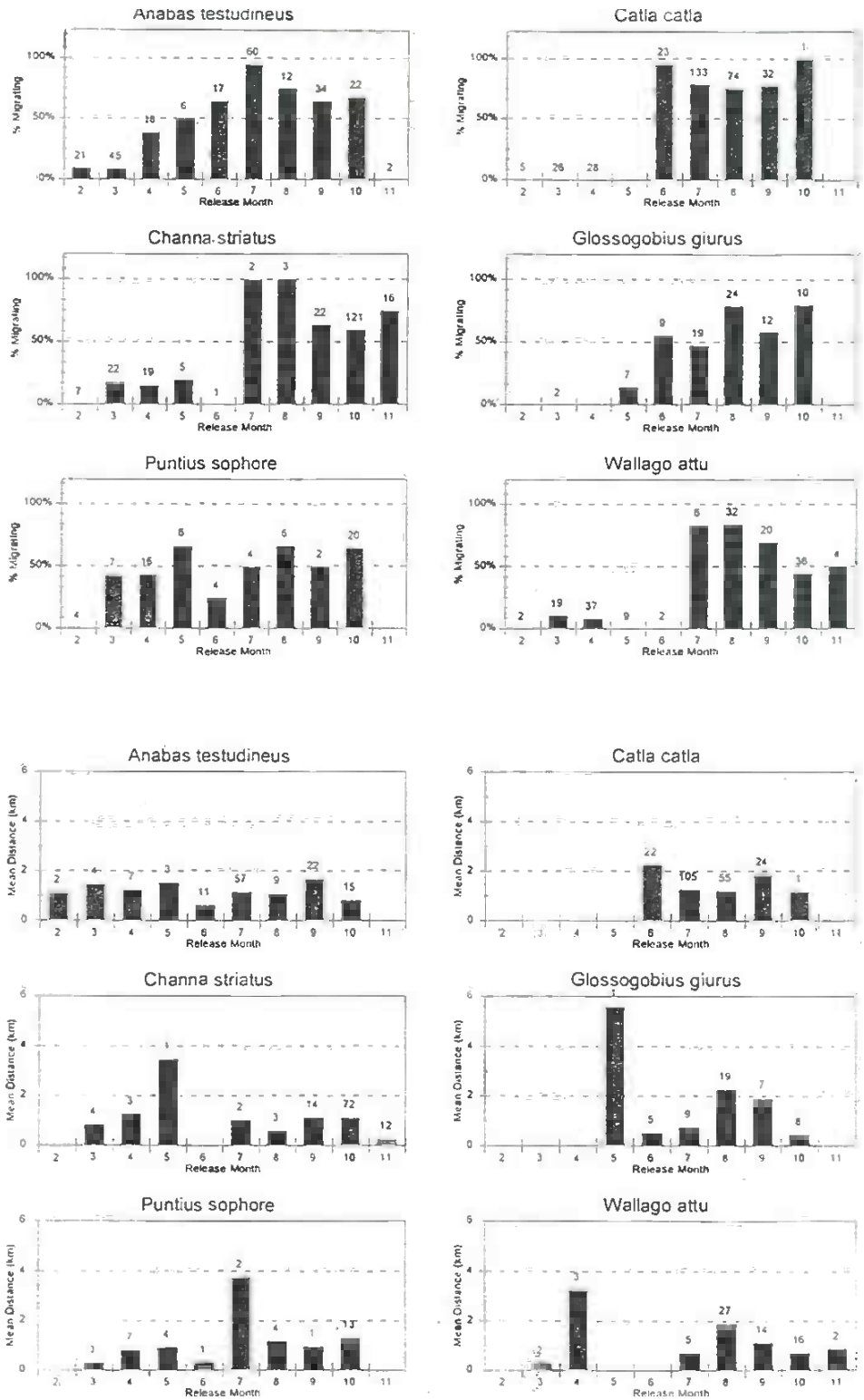


Figure 5.40 Monthly percentages of those tagged fish recaptured within one calendar month of release which had migrated from their release locations (upper series), and the mean distances migrated (km) of the fish which had moved (lower series) at the Bangladesh PIRDP study site. Numbers over bars indicate the sample sizes.

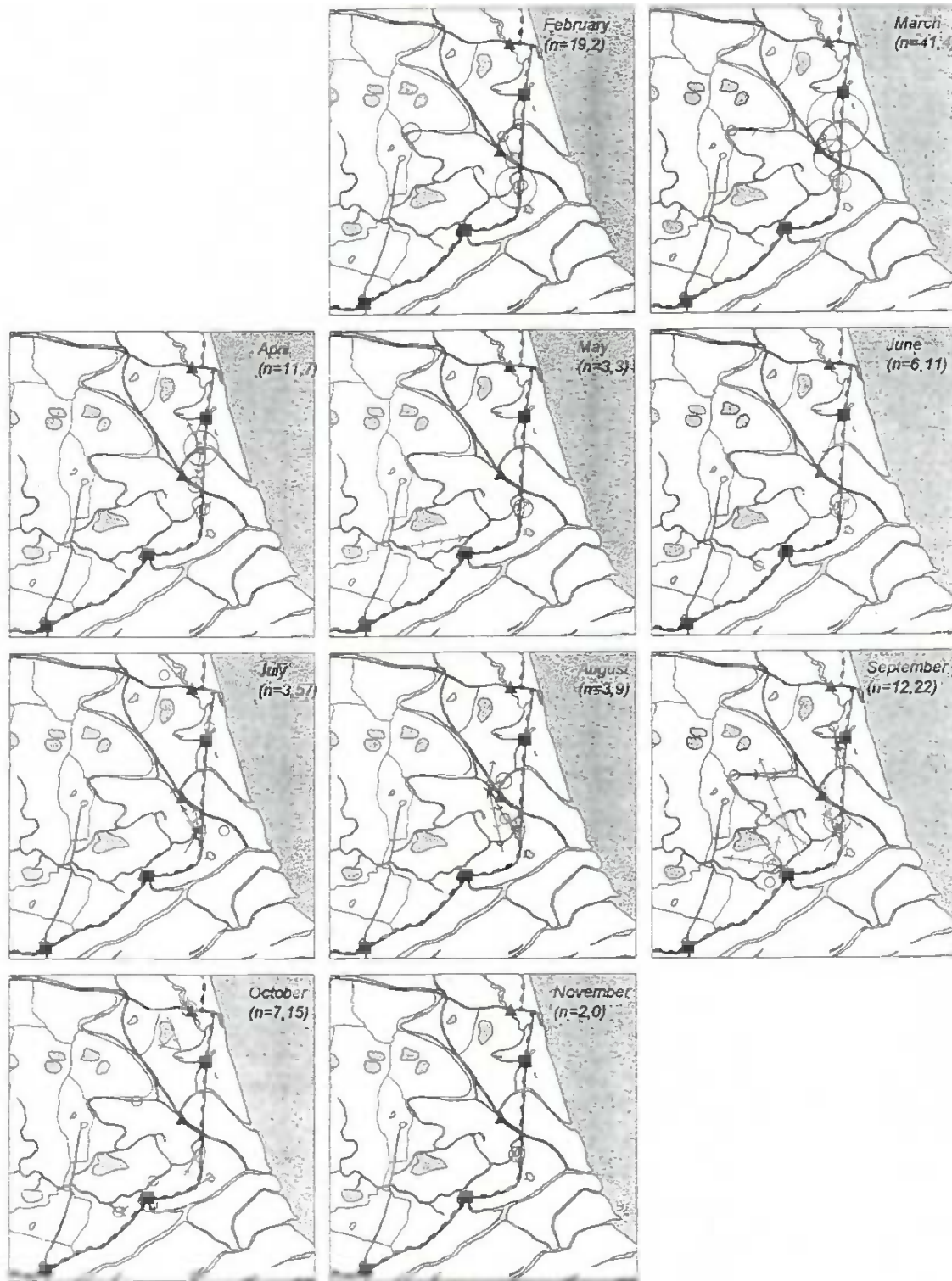


Figure 5.41 Monthly numbers of tagged *Anabas testudineus* recaptured at the Bangladesh PIRDP study within the same or the next calendar month, at the same location (first  $n$ , and circles, with the largest diameter circle representing 22 fish), or at a new location (second  $n$ , and lines, with arrows indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating migrations across the embankment).

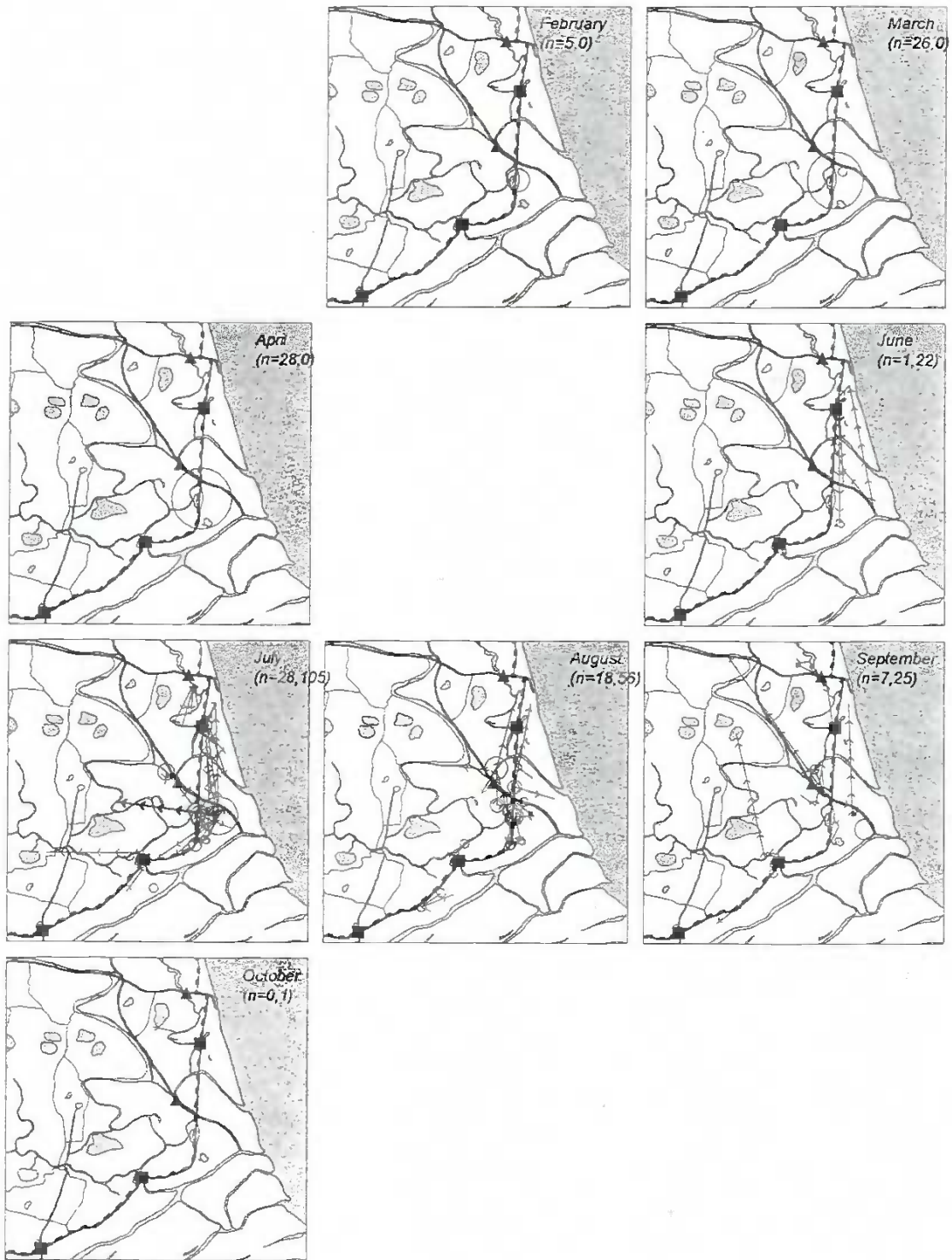


Figure 5.42 Monthly numbers of tagged *Catla catla* recaptured at the Bangladesh PIRDP study within the same or the next calendar month, at the same location (first  $n$ , and circles, with the largest diameter circle representing 28 fish), or at a new location (second  $n$ , and lines, with arrows indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating migrations across the embankment).

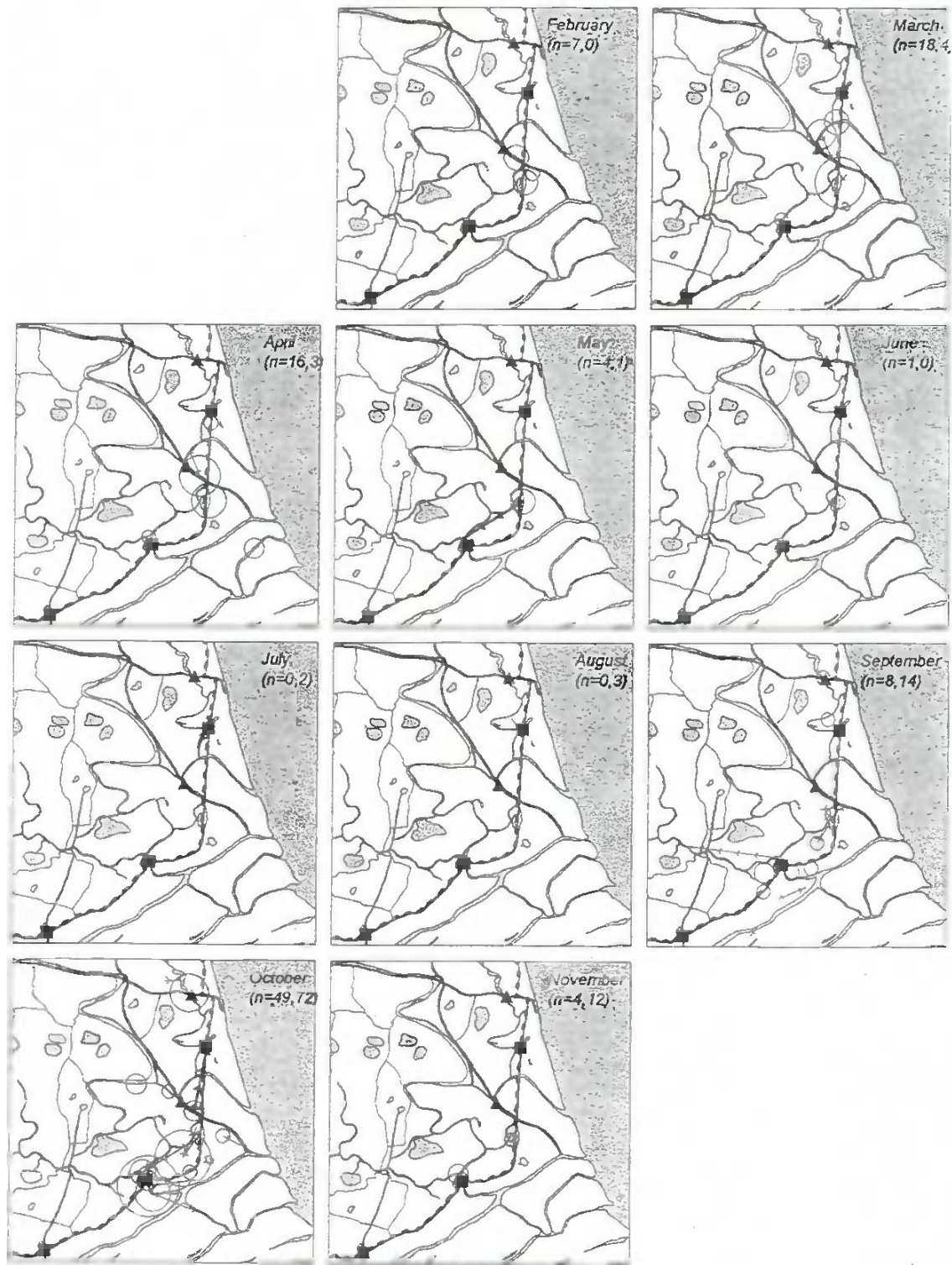


Figure 5.43 Monthly numbers of tagged *Channa striatus* recaptured at the Bangladesh PIRDP study within the same or the next calendar month, at the same location (first  $n$ , and circles, with the largest diameter circle representing 14 fish), or at a new location (second  $n$ , and lines, with arrows indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating migrations across the embankment).



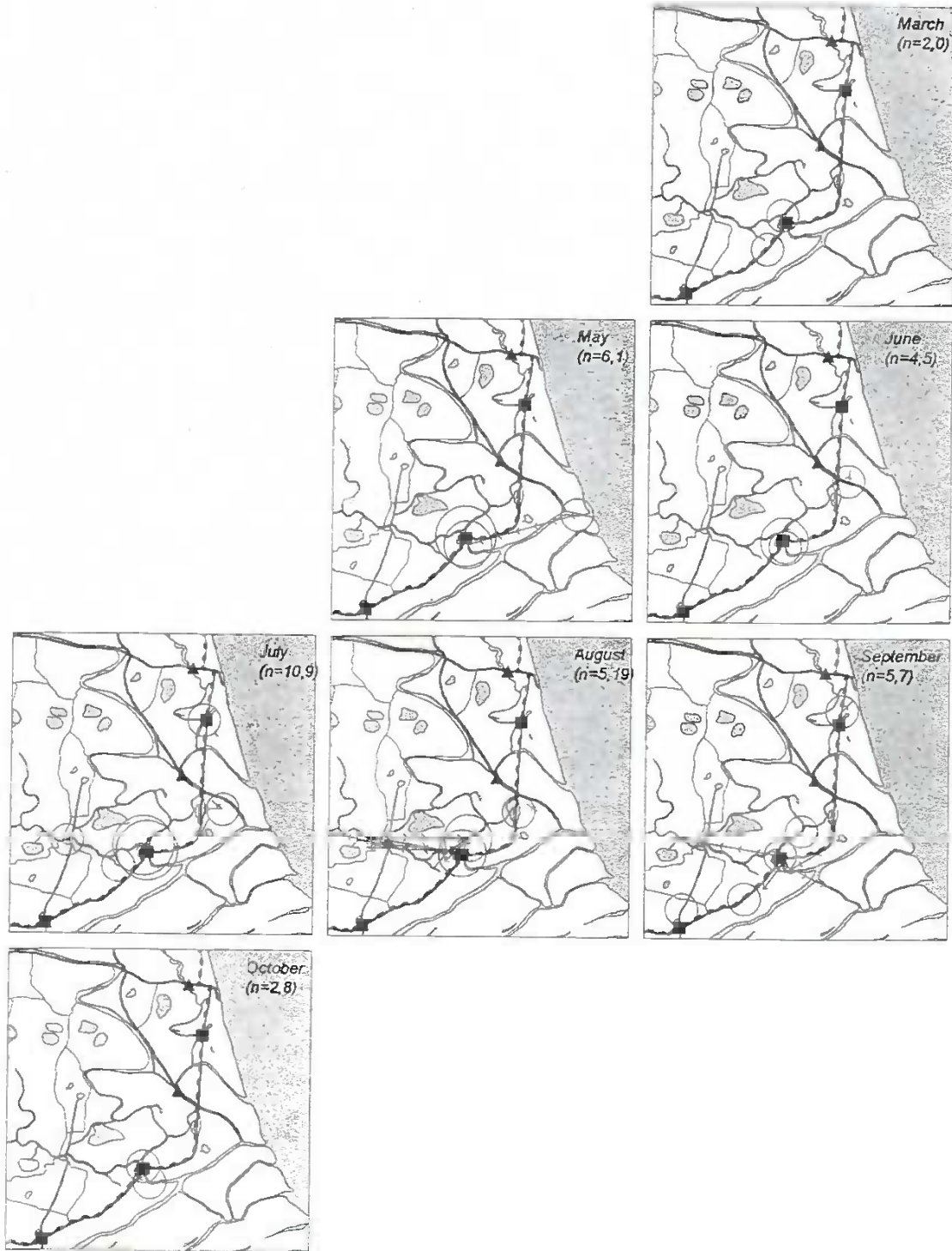


Figure 5.44 Monthly numbers of tagged *Glossogobius giurus* recaptured at the Bangladesh PIRDP study within the same or the next calendar month, at the same location (first  $n$ , and circles, with the largest diameter circle representing 3 fish), or at a new location (second  $n$ , and lines, with arrows indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating migrations across the embankment).

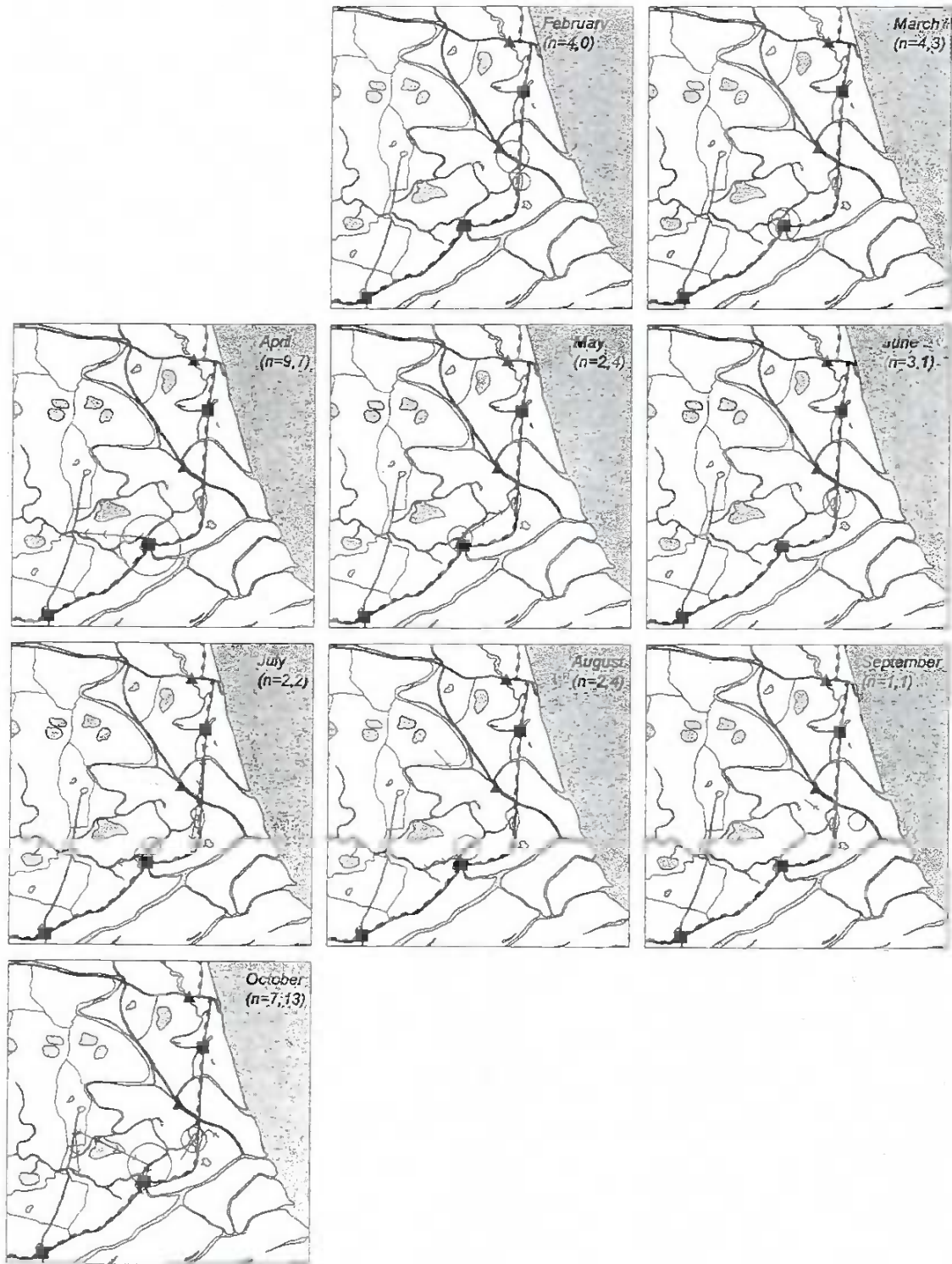


Figure 5.45 Monthly numbers of tagged *Puntius sophore* recaptured at the Bangladesh PIRDP study within the same or the next calendar month, at the same location (first  $n$ , and circles, with the largest diameter circle representing 9 fish), or at a new location (second  $n$ , and lines, with arrows indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating migrations across the embankment).

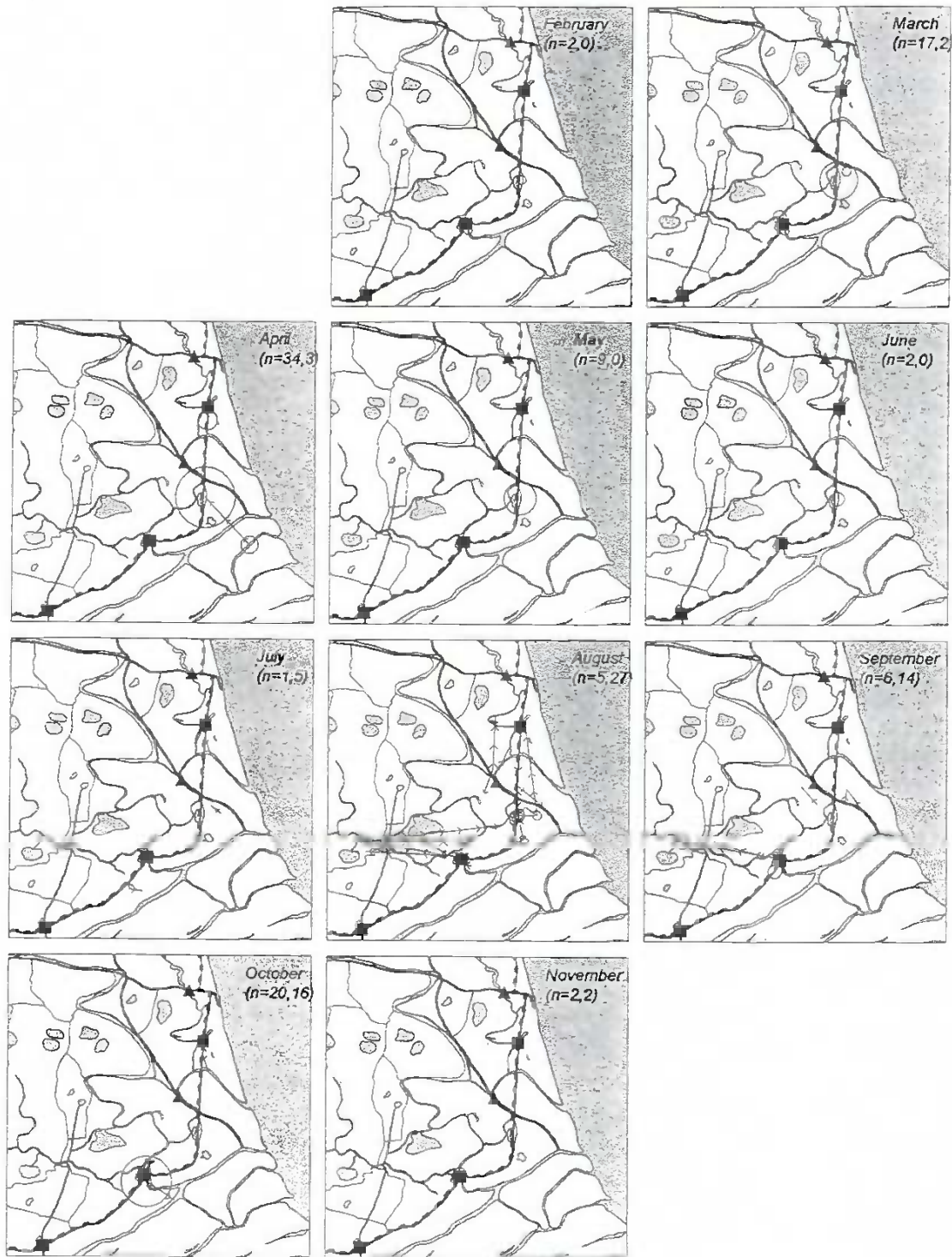


Figure 5.46 Monthly numbers of tagged *Wallago attu* recaptured at the Bangladesh PIRDP study within the same or the next calendar month, at the same location (first  $n$ , and circles, with the largest diameter circle representing 27 fish), or at a new location (second  $n$ , and lines, with arrows indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating the direction of movement, and bold lines indicating migrations across the embankment).