SAFOD RESEARCH PROGRAMME (SRP)

Forum Mozambican of Associations of Disabled

Compiled by:
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1. **Name of organisation:**

   Forum Mozambican of Associations of Disabled.

2. **Date formed:**

   April 1998

3. **Member organisations affiliated to organisation:**

   - ADEMO: Association Mozambican of disabled
   - AJODEMO: Association Mozambican of disabled youth
   - CTN: Company of theatre Nhuvuko
   - ACAMO: Association Mozambican of blind people
   - ACRIDEME: Association Mozambican of children with disability
   - ADEMIMO: Association Mozambican of military disabled
   - ADESU: Association Mozambican of disabled in high school
   - ASUMO: Association Mozambican of deaf
   - AMDV, AMMD, RAVIM, AMOFAS, CERCIMAPUTO, CINFORTECNICA, ADAME and ALEMO.

4. **History or the organisation**

   (Unanswered)

5. **Office bearers in the organization**

   General assembly, council and supervisory council

6. **Employees: roles and qualifications**

   (Unanswered)

7. **Location of office(s), facilities, equipment, internet etc**

   Offices are in Maputo - Resistance street number 1141, first floor and have one or two computers, one photocopy machine and an e-mail address. There is one vehicle. FAMOD is also renting a place in ADEMO.

8. **Membership**

   The 17 member organisations constitute in all types of disabilities, include all ages, gender and geographical areas.
9. **Benefits/disadvantages to member organizations of being part of the umbrella organization:**
   - One voice
   - Influence government and civic society regarding their attitudes to disabled people
   - Funding from NGO’s for workshops and training

10. **Benefits/disadvantages to members themselves of being part of the umbrella organization**

    No disadvantages mentioned in interviews conducted to this effect.

11. **Excluded/under-represented groups (on the basis for example of disability type, sexual orientation, religious or political views)**

    No excluded groups.

12. **Mission:**

    To congregate and develop the associations, to promote and develop efforts for own sustainability, to promote and to defend the humans rights of disabled persons, their living conditions and professional progress, etc.

13. **Vision:**

    That disabled people are included with all others in policy, laws, plans, programmes and services.

14. **Aims:**

    To socially and economically integrate disabled people within society.

15. **Objectives:**

    To strengthen the interest of the members of associations in issues of disability through courses, seminars and workshops. To change societies thinking with reference to disabled people. To integrate the subjects of disability in project and programs of national development. To coordinate and to share the information with partners that work with people with disabilities.

16. **Projects**

    Multiple programs.
17. Is there a strategic plan? When was it written or updated?


18. Plan of action? When was it written or updated?

Yes. Written in 2009 and for period of one year.

19. How are activities monitored and evaluated? Has efficiency been monitored and if so in what way, and what were the results?

Through the supervisory council and through indicators.

20. Governance and decision-making – how are decisions made, who makes decisions?

This question is difficult to answer because it depends on what the necessary decision must be made on. Most of the time the general Assembly makes decisions, because it is the highest governance structure. Sometimes the council makes opportune decisions.

21. Stakeholder/ partner relationships:

a) Government: Ministry of women and social action.
b) Civil society: partner’s name forgotten
c) DPO: ARTEDIF and ADCM
d) NGOs there are like HANDICAP, POWER and others,
e) Private sector: partner’s name forgotten
f) International Agency
g) SAFOD, FFO, SINTEF and others.

22. Relationship with constituent organizations – successes and challenges; communication

Good.

23. Relationship with SAFOD - successes and challenges; communication

Good.

24. Funding – all funders and funding challenges

HANDICAP
SINTEF
25. **Influence on:**

**HEALTH**
- To propose special prudence of health in people with disability.
- Support in access of reproductive health services to be relevant in women with disability.
- To promote accessibility of information of people with disability in extent of prevention against HIV/AIDS programmes.
- To have workshops concerning HIV/AIDS for people with disability in their issues or needs in health.

**EDUCATION**
- To propose policy and strategy to ensure that children and youth, boys and girls have access to education at all level, and to draw attention especially so to children in rural areas.
- Accessibility of programmes of child development and school admission of children with disability when they reach schooling age.

**EMPLOYEMENT**
- Negotiation with National Institute of Employment and Professional Formation (INEFP) for inclusion of disabled people in their programs.
- Promotion of professional and vocational formation courses in different area.

**INFORMATION**
- FAMOD will exert influence until all information is available in accessible formats to all disabled people

26. **Gender issues in the organization**

None in particular.

27. **Youth and children focus**

None in particular.

28. **Relationship with African Decade on People with People with Disabilities**

Very good.

29. **Relationship with the UN convention**

Good. Signed!

30. **Programmes towards implementation of UN convention**
No.

31. **Did the organization make inputs into the development of the UN convention?**
   If yes, describe.

   No

32. **Has the DPO made a contribution to the government in the country in implementing the convention?**

   Yes, by lobbying.

33. **Other international partnerships and influence internationally**

   SINTEF and SAFOD

34. **Successes and challenges in mainstreaming (E.g. inclusive education; inclusion of disabled people in gender-based violence programmes; sustainable livelihood programmes)**

   Ministry of Education to implement a policy which stipulates that all should have access to education of every kind - that says that education system must guarantee for all people with disability. Disabled people included in workshop on gender-based violence.

35. **Major achievements successes and challenges; communication**

   27 courses with members of organisations under FAMOD on issues that were pointed out by them; conducting a national survey.

36. **Major challenges**

   Weak communication and coordination between FAMOD and government, as well as between FAMOD and other stakeholders.

37. **Future plans**

   To include all the DPO’s in Mozambique under the FAMOD umbrella.