## **BN2T Islander, G-WOTG**

AAIB Bulletin No: 9/97 Ref: EW/G97/06/23Category: 1.2

Aircraft Type and Registration: BN2T Islander, G-WOTG

No & Type of Engines: 2 Allison 250-B17C turboprop engines

Year of Manufacture: 1982

**Date & Time (UTC):** 12 June 1997 at 1045 hrs

**Location:** RAF Weston-on-the-Green, Bicester, Oxfordshire

Type of Flight Royal Air Force Sport Parachute Association

**Persons on Board:** Crew - 1 - Passengers - None

**Injuries:** Crew - None - Passengers - N/A

**Nature of Damage:** Minor damage to the sliding door

**Commander's Licence:** Airline Transport Pilot Licence

Commander's Age: 52 years

**Commander's Flying Experience:** 7,062 hours (of which 231 were on type)

Last 90 days - 69 hours

Last 28 days - 47 hours

**Information Source:** Aircraft Accident Report Form submitted by the pilot and

AAIB telephone enquiries

This aircraft was being used for the dropping of sport parachutists and was fitted with a sliding door on the left side of the cabin, in accordance with the manufacturers approved modification. On the fourth flight of the day the last two students were dropped, followed by the jumpmaster, at a height of 3000 feet leaving the pilot the sole occupant of the aircraft. The sliding door is retained in the forward position by a spring latch which may be released by the operation of an internal red painted handle accessible to the pilot, behind and to the left of his seat. Upon his release of the door it reportedly slid back under the influence of the slipstream as intended but, on reaching full travel, over-travelled the 'stop block' located at the lower rear corner of the dooraperture. The corner of the door then over-rode the fairing tube attached to the aircraft's skin, thereby inducing some distortion in the door, which allowed it to detach from the aircraft. The door fell to earth close to the centre of the drop zone, sustaining minimal damage, and the aircraft then landed safely.

The aircraft was subsequently flown to a maintenance organisationat a nearby airfield, where the door was repaired and re-fittedto the aircraft. It was apparent that a small degree of wear, effectively

a chamfer, was present on the outer edge of the stopblock. After this symmetrical block was refitted to the aircraftbut turned through 180° to present a fresh 'stop' face, andthe door runner blocks had been re-shimmed to reduce verticalplay, the aircraft was returned to service. A supplement to theaircraft's Flight Manual included information on operation withthe sliding door modification. This stated that the door maybe moved from open to the closed position at speeds up to 90 ktIAS, and that the aircraft may be flown to a maximum speed of 130 kt with the door open.