ARV Super 2, G-BNHC, 4 August 1996

AAIB Bulletin No: 11/96 Ref: EW/G96/08/05 Category: 1.3

Aircraft Type and Registration: ARV Super 2, G-BNHC

No & Type of Engines: 1 Hewland AE75 piston engine

1986 Year of Manufacture:

4 August 1996 at 1200 hrs Date & Time (UTC):

Location: Near Perth, Scotland

Type of Flight: Private

Persons on Board: Crew -1 - Passengers - None

Injuries: Crew - None - Passengers - N/A

Substantial damage to the wings and empennage; minor **Nature of Damage:**

damage to the fuselage

Private Pilot's Licence with Night Rating Commander's Licence:

Commander's Age: 41 years

Commander's Flying Experience: 315 hours (of which 120 were on type)

Last 90 days - 37 hours

Last 28 days - 16 hours

Aircraft Accident Report Form submitted by the pilot plus **Information Source:**

telephone enquiries

On the morning of the accident the aircraft was flown from Aberdeento Perth (Scone) Airfield. About 25 minutes after landing, and without refuelling, the pilot departed for a short local flightto take some photographs. The aircraft took off without incidentin CAVOK weather conditions. A few minutes later, at 1200 ftagl, the engine tachometer indication suddenly dropped from thecruise setting of 5,800 RPM to 3,000 RPM with no significant changein the engine note. The pilot thought that he had lost powerand was losing altitude so he decided to make a precautionarylanding in a field. He was limited in his choice of suitablefields and he decided to land in the best available area whichhe could reach with any surety. Latterly during the approachhe became more convinced that the engine had lost power althoughit was still running. After clearing trees at the near end of the field the aircraft over-ran the available landing area and entered trees at the far end sustaining major damage. The propellerand engine passed between the trees and were undamaged whereasthe wings. which took the brunt of the impact, were severely damaged.

The aircraft was recovered from the field and the engine was tested by a local aircraft engineer. Apparently it started at the firstattempt and ran at high power but possibly not at full power.

The pilot stated that he had not used the carburettor heat duringthe flight either before or after the engine RPM reduction, therebeing no time to do so after the engine lost power. He had, however, applied carburettor heat several times on the flight from Aberdeento Perth. A more detailed investigation by the repair agencyof the powerplant and its systems has not been possible because the aircraft is impounded awaiting the outcome of negotiations between the pilot and his insurers.