

## **Personal Pensions Statistics**

The data used to create figures for Table 1: Personal Pensions Contributions by Source, Table 2: The number of members and value of contributions by type and Table 6: The estimated cost of Pension Tax Relief for 2018 to 2019 and due to be published on 30 June 2021 is currently being investigated. This has resulted in the 2018 to 2019 publication not being released. The figures for 2018 to 2019 will now be released in September 2021 alongside those for 2019 to 2020. HMRC apologise for this delay.

The errors in the data might affect Table 1, Table 2 and Table 6 for 2017 to 2018. HMRC recommend a cautious use of these figures while they are under investigation.

## **Personal Pensions**

## September 2019 National Statistics





£28.2 billion was contributed to personal pensions in 2017-18. The total value of contributions to pensions have continued to rise, increasing from just under £27.4 billion in 2016-17.





The number of individuals contributing to a personal pension has increased to 10.4 million in 2017-18, up from 9.4 million in 2016-17. Demonstrating a sustained year on year increase from since the introduction of Automatic enrolment in 2012-13.



**CONTRIBUTIONS** 



The annual average contributions per individual has decreased to £2,700 in 2017-18. This is £200 less than the £2,900 average in 2016-17. Annual average contributions per individual grew between 2006-07 and 2011-12 (peaking at £3,690 per individual), before falling to £2,840 per individual in 2014-15.

# HM Revenue & Customs

#### About this release

This publication includes information on the value of contributions to personal pensions and the estimated cost of pension tax and NICs relief — covering all private pensions, both occupational and personal.

Click here for background and methodology

# £2,700 6.99

#### Sources of Pension Tax Relief 40000 ■ Investment income 35000 ■ Self employed 30000 contributions Amount of Tax Releif 25000 ■ Employer personal scheme contributions 20000 ■ Employee personal 15000 scheme contributions ■ Employer occupational 10000 scheme contributions 5000 ■ Employee occupational scheme contributions Λ 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 Tax Year





Gross pension tax relief in 2017-18 is projected to be £37.8 billion, up from £37.1 billion in 2016-17. Estimates of pension tax relief cover all pensions, not just personal pensions, and includes the cost of tax relief on contributions and tax relief on investment growth of assets held by pensions.



PENSIONS



Tax on private pensions in payment has increased to £18.3 billion in 2017-18 from £17.8 billion in 2016-17. The estimated net cost of pension tax relief has increased to £19.5 billion, from £19.3 billion in 2016-17.

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#### Feedback

HMRC are committed to providing impartial quality statistics that meet our customers' needs. Feedback from users can be emailed directly to the statisticians mentioned above.





There have been substantial revisions to the Annual allowance and Lifetime allowance figures due to an educational exercise conducted in 2019 which has led to a marked increase in the number and value of reported and paid annual allowance and lifetime allowance charges.

In 2017-18 26,550 tax payers reported pension contributions exceeding their annual allowance through self-assessment. 2016-17 is the first year affected by the tapered annual allowance, the total value of contributions reported as exceeding the annual allowance was £812 million in 2017-18 increasing from £578 million in 2016.-17 and £143 million in 2015-16.

In 2017-18 4,550 counts of Lifetime Allowance excess charges were paid by schemes through accounting for tax return. The total value of Life time allowance charges paid by schemes in 2017-18 was £185 million, a 28.5% increase from £144 million in 2016-17.



This is a National statistics publication, with exception of Table7 and Table8 which have not currently been awarded National Statistics accreditation. As such, they are listed as official statistics.

## **HM Revenue and Customs**

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## Personal Pension Statistics: 2017-18

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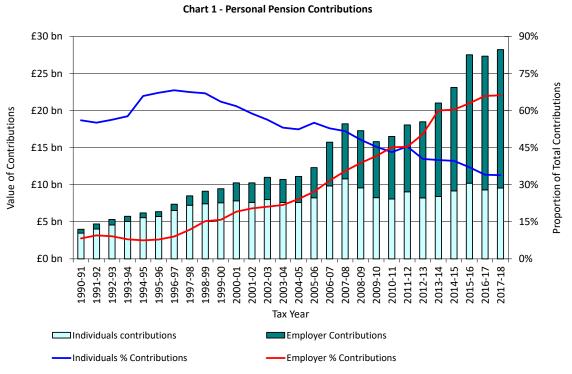
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In order to improve the quality of our statistics, HMRC plan to move publication of all these tables to an annual basis each September to align with data availability. Due to changes in the data available to HMRC we are no longer able to produce: Table3 (Formerly PEN3)- Estimated number of individuals making or receiving contributions and average contribution by status, Table4 (Formerly PEN4)— Estimated number of individuals making or receiving contributions by gender and age and Table5 (Formerly PEN5)- Estimate number of individuals making or receiving contributions by country and region.

## 2 Commentary and Analysis

This section provides commentary and analysis on the key features of the statistics contained in the release.

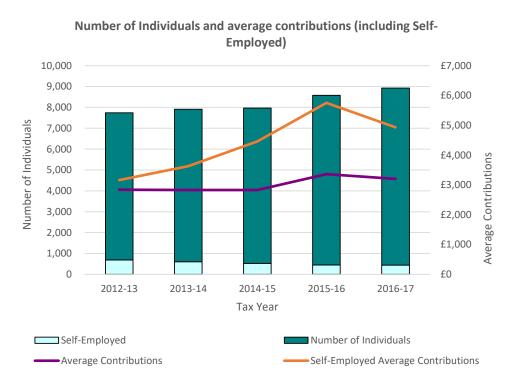
## 2.1 Personal Pensions Contributions by Source (see Table 1)



£28.2 billion was contributed to personal pensions in 2017-18 (Chart 1), which is 3.1% larger than contributions in 2016-17. Contributions are now £7.3bn higher than the peak before the financial crisis in 2007-08.

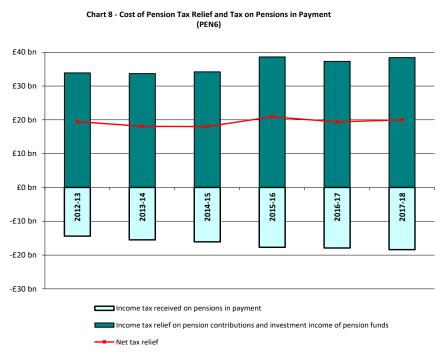
The proportion of payments contributed by employers has been rising since 1990-91 from around 9% in the early 1990's to 66% in 2017-18. Recent rises in contributions (especially employer contributions) are likely to have been partly as a result of automatic enrolment into workplace pensions. The proportion attributable to individuals has decreased from over 50% in the mid 2000's to around 34% in 2017-18.

## 2.2 Number contributing and average contributions to Personal Pensions (see <u>Table2</u>)



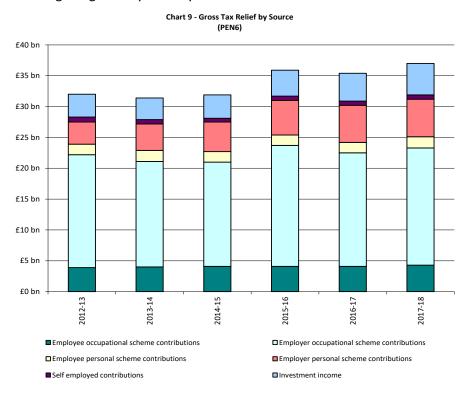
The number of individuals contributing to a personal pension has increased to 10.4 million in 2017-18. This is the highest level since these statistics began; higher than the 9.4 million seen in 2016-17. The sustained increase is likely to reflect the effects of automatic enrolment.

#### 2.3 Cost of tax relief of registered pension schemes (see Table6)



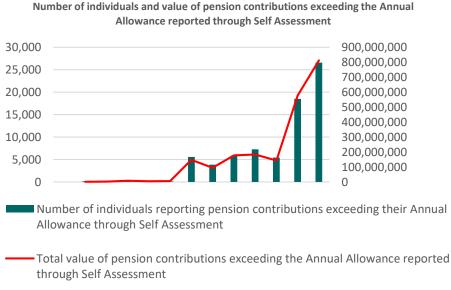
The cost of pension tax relief is estimated in isolation and does not impact receipts estimates or income tax forecasts, which are already net of any pension tax relief provided. Gross pension tax relief in 2017-18 is projected to be £37.8 billion, up from £37.1 billion in 2016-17. The general rise is expected to be partly the result of the introduction of automatic enrolment, which has increased the number of individuals saving and thus the total amount saved into workplace pensions in recent years. Reductions in the annual and lifetime pensions tax allowances since 2010 are forecast to have restricted tax relief available to high earners and driven behavioural reductions in contributions made by high earners. These changes are understood to have stabilised tax relief over the period. Automatic enrolment is expected to have had a small upward pressure on the cost of tax relief.

Tax received by the government on pensions in payment in 2017-18 was £18.3 billion; the highest level since these statistics began, and reflecting the general year-on-year increase seen since 2012-13.



The sources of gross pension tax relief are illustrated in Chart 9. Income tax relief in respect of employer contributions to occupational schemes increased in 2017-18, remaining the largest element of tax relief at around 65 per cent of total relief. Contributions to personal pensions by employers and employees account for about 20 per cent of the total relief and contributions by the self-employed a further 2 per cent. The remainder of the cost of relief is relief on investment income.

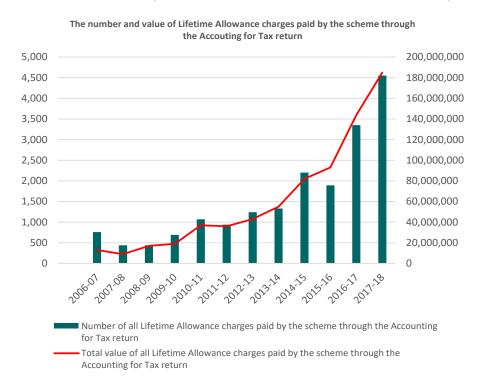
#### 2.4 Annual Allowance and Lifetime Allowance charges (see Table7 and Table8)



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HMRC recently undertook an education exercise with pension providers on Annual Allowance and Lifetime Allowance charges they pay through the Accounting for Tax Return. Following this exercise, there have been a considerable number of new or amended returns which have been made, which las led to upward revisions across all years for AA and LTA charges paid by the scheme. This does not impact statistics on individuals reporting pension savings in excess of the Annual Allowance via their Self-Assessment return.

In 2017-18, £812 million of pension contributions reported through Self Assessment exceeded the Annual Allowance. This is significantly higher than the £578 million reported in 2016-17, when the annual allowance taper was first introduced.



The total value of all Lifetime Allowance charges paid by the scheme through the Accounting for Tax return in 2017-18 was £185 million, rising from £144 million in 2016-17 and £93 million in 2015-16. This has consistently increased year on year over the last decade.

## 3 User Engagement

HMRC is committed to providing impartial quality statistics that meet our users' needs. We encourage our users to engage with us so that we can improve our statistics and identify gaps in the statistics that we produce. Please see HMRC Statistics "Continuous User Engagement Strategy": <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/hmrc-statistics-continuous">https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/hmrc-statistics-continuous</a> -user-engagement-strategy.

From September 2019 onwards, all tables will be released on annual basis to bring the publication and methodology under a single statistics release. The publication will therefore be published annually in September each year, starting in September 2019.

Former tables PEN 3, PEN4 and PEN5 are no longer available for 2017-18 and onwards because of changes to the data we receive. Previous tables will still be available at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/personal-pensions-statistics">https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/personal-pensions-statistics</a> but we will not be updating for 2017-18 onwards. These tables can still be produced on individual contribution basis excluding all employer contributions. Please let us know if this would be useful for us to produce in future releases of this publication. If you have any comments on these tables or any enquiries on the statistics please contact:

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